

1 **Supplementary Material**

2 **1. Fe(II) oxidation half lives**

3 Fe(II) oxidation process is shown to be pseudo-first-order with respect to Fe(II)
4 concentration as shown in Eq. (1) (King, 1998; Millero et al., 1987) and the Fe(II) half-
5 life depends on pH and dissolved oxygen concentrations [O₂].

$$6 \quad -\frac{d[\text{Fe(II)}]}{dt} = k_1 [\text{Fe(II)}] \quad (1)$$

7 where $k_1 = k [\text{OH}^-]^2 [\text{O}_2]$, $\log k = 21.56 - 1546/T - 3.29 I^{1/2} + 1.52 I$, $I = 0.0199 S$, and
8 $[\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-\text{pK}_w + \text{pH}}$, where T is the temperature in Kelvin, I is the ionic strength, and S is
9 the salinity. The half-life of Fe(II) is: $t_{1/2} = \ln 2 / k_1$. [O₂] is ~ 140 μmol/l
10 (<https://www.nodc.noaa.gov/OC5/woa13/>). The samples from Mata Ua and West Mata
11 have pH (SWS, seawater scale) values between 7.62 and 7.76 and between 7.72 and
12 7.74. pK_w is calculated using the program of Lewis and Wallace (1998). Thus, the
13 calculated Fe(II) half-life for Mata Ua and West Mata plumes was computed to be 3.2
14 ± 0.7 h and 2.7 ± 0.2 h (average ± SD). For Mata Ua samples, a delay of ~ 4 h between
15 sampling and filtration corresponds to about 1.3 t_{1/2}. V13 station was about 5 km away
16 from the summit of West Mata. Previously, Speer and Thurnherr (2012) found the
17 western flow rate of 10 cm s⁻¹ in Lau Basin near the study area from 1700 to 1800 m.
18 It should be noted the current rate and direction are variable and is greatly influenced
19 by the hydrothermal venting and the local topography. The mean current rates of 20 ~
20 40 cm/s have been observed from 1700 to 2100 m on the Endeavour segment of Juan
21 de Fuca Ridge in the northeast Pacific Ocean (Thomas et al., 1989). We assume a mean
22 current rate of 10 cm s⁻¹ for West Mata samples, then the time for plume dispersal is
23 about 13.8 h. By adding ~ 4 h of sampling and filtration, the delay time of these samples
24 corresponds to roughly 6.6 t_{1/2}.

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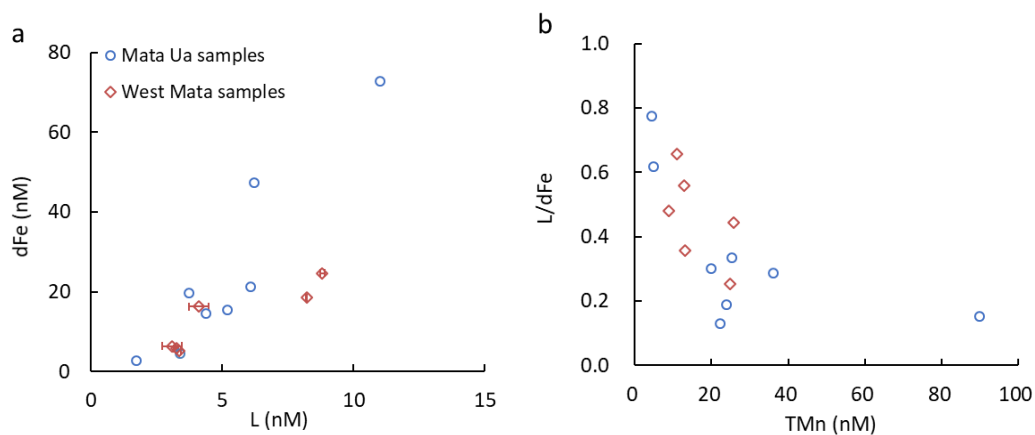
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48 Fig. S1. The correlations between dFe and [L] (a), dFe and [L]/dFe (b) for Mata Ua and West Mata

49 samples

50 **Table S1**

51 Fe and H₂S concentrations and Fe isotope compositions in hydrothermal vent fluids.

Vent site	Lat	Long	Depth (m)	Temperature (°C)	pH	$\delta^{56}\text{vFe}$ (‰)	2SD	Fe (mM)	H ₂ S (mM)	Fe/ H ₂ S
Mata Ua (V9)	-15.0168	-173.78764	2356	330	3.76	-0.54	0.05	1.00	3-9	0.1-0.3
West Mata (V13)	-15.09441	-173.74909	1294	22	3.78	0.13	0.04	0.73	0.1	7.28

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