Ecosphere: Freshwater Ecology

Riverine fish density, predator-prey interactions, and their relationships with artificial light at night T. Reid Nelson, Cyril J. Michel, Meagan P. Gary, Brendan M. Lehman, Nicholas J. Demetras, Peter N. Dudley, Jeremy J. Hammen, Michael J. Horn

Appendix S1: Supplemental Methods

To produce water velocity and depth profiles across the Sacramento River at the Sundial Bridge, we developed a 2D hydraulic model using 0.5 m resolution sonar derived bathymetry from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Bradley and Greimann 2020). This bathymetry domain extended from Keswick Dam (~7 km upriver of Sundial Bridge) to 0.5 km upstream from the confluence of Cow Creek (~24 km downriver of Sundial Bridge). We used the flow model HEC-RAS 5.0.7 (Hydrologic Engineering Center 2016) to create a 2D flow model of this section of the Sacramento River. The hydraulic model used a 20 m resolution grid; however, in computation, HEC-RAS 2D uses both this grid size as well as the resolution of the underlying raster (0.5 m, high resolution subgrid model (Casulli 2009)). The simulations used a computational interval of 5 seconds, and were run for sufficient times for the flows to stabilize (with higher flows requiring less time). We used values from a previously calibrated 1D HEC- RAS model of the Sacramento River as our initial Manning's N values. We then ran calibration simulations by adjusting the Manning's N values until the wetted area of the river matched satellite imagery taken at known flows (90 and 340 m3/s). For this work we looked specifically at 215 m³/s, given that this was both the median and mean (± 1.7 SE) daily flow below Keswick Dam (Department of Water Resources 2021) for the project duration.

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