



Technical Report No. 36

DROGUES, DRAGS, AND SEA ANCHORS

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Multidisciplinary Research in the Great Lakes

Drogues, Drags, and Sea Anchors

by

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INTRODUCTION

This brief report graphically summarizes and categorizes the numerous drogue, drag, and sea anchor designs employed from 1500 to the present. The emphasis here is on the drogue proper and not on the surface buoy from which the drogue is suspended.

Figure 1 and Figure 1A depict or describe some 110 drogue designs. These designs have been divided into five categories. The first category includes all those drogues that are essentially planar where the plane surface is oriented parallel to the flow relative to the drogue. The drogues that fall in the second category are also planar, but in these cases the plane surface is oriented perpendicular to the flow relative to the drogue. Category three encompasses the cruciform drogues, those that project a cross-like shadow on a horizontal surface. The fourth category contains all the cylindrical and spherical drogues and all others which likewise project as circles or disks on a horizontal plane. The fifth and last category includes all those drogue designs that present a concave surface to the flow relative to the drogue. In this category are parachutes, plankton nets, and umbrellas.

The earliest drogue designs appear at the top of Figures 1 and 1A, and the most recent are depicted at the bottom.

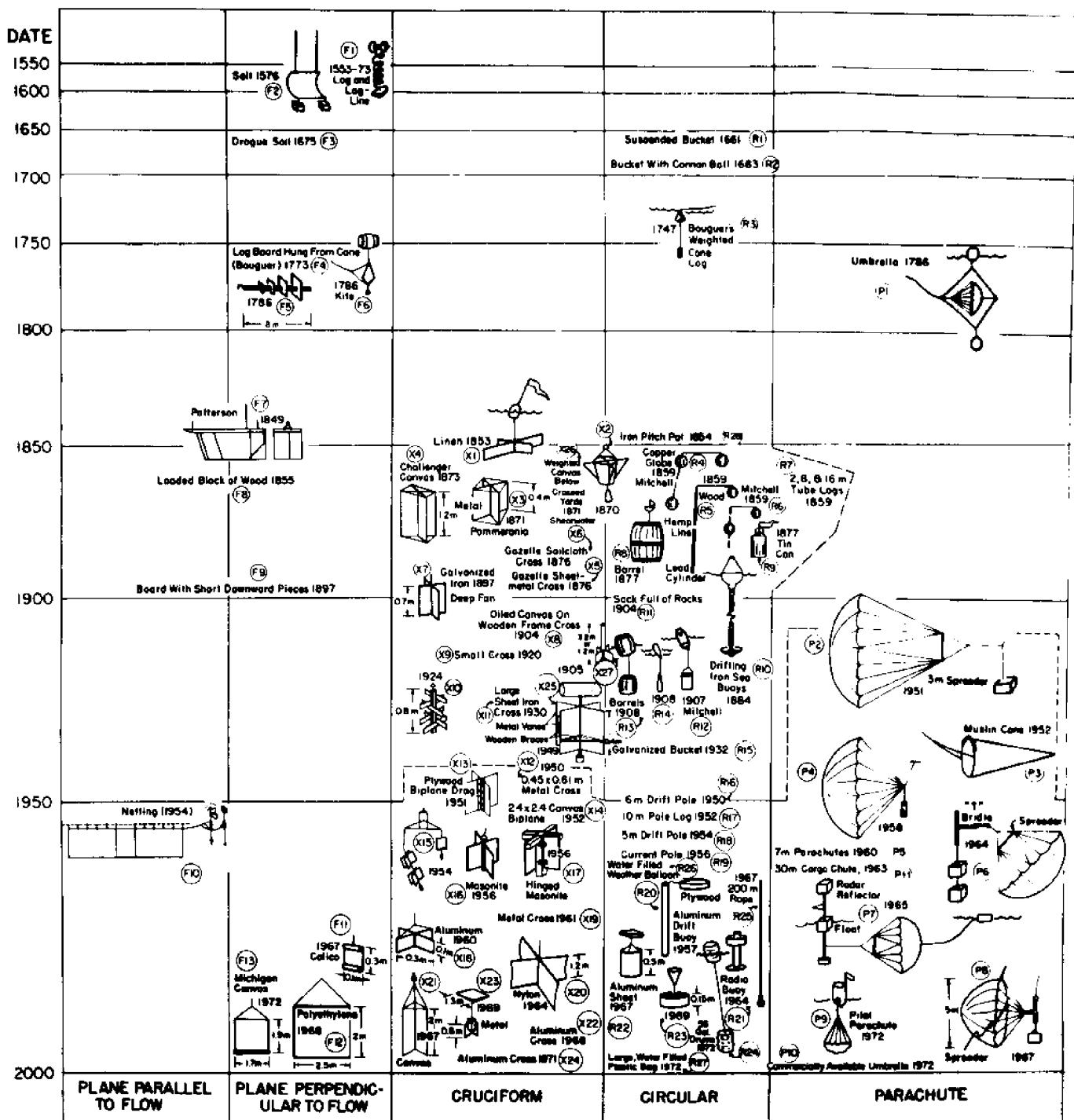
Each design depicted or described on these figures is accompanied by an alpha-numeric symbol. (The F prefix stands for

flat, the X prefix represents cruciform, the R prefix stands for round, and the P prefix stands for parachute.) The key section relates each design, designated by its alpha-numeric symbol, to one or more of the references cited in the bibliography. In the key, only the author's last name and date of publication are given.

The bibliography lists works describing drogues and current measurements made with drogues. While the 137 references listed here include many which do not appear in the key, all distinct drogue designs encountered in these numerous references have been incorporated in Figures 1 and 1A and in the key.

In addition, several of the original figures depicting interesting and/or important early drogue designs are reproduced in this report as Figures 2 through 5.

A condensed version of Figure 1, and a discussion of certain trends in drogue design, apparent from this figure, will appear in a note in *Limnology and Oceanography* (Monahan and Monahan, 1973).



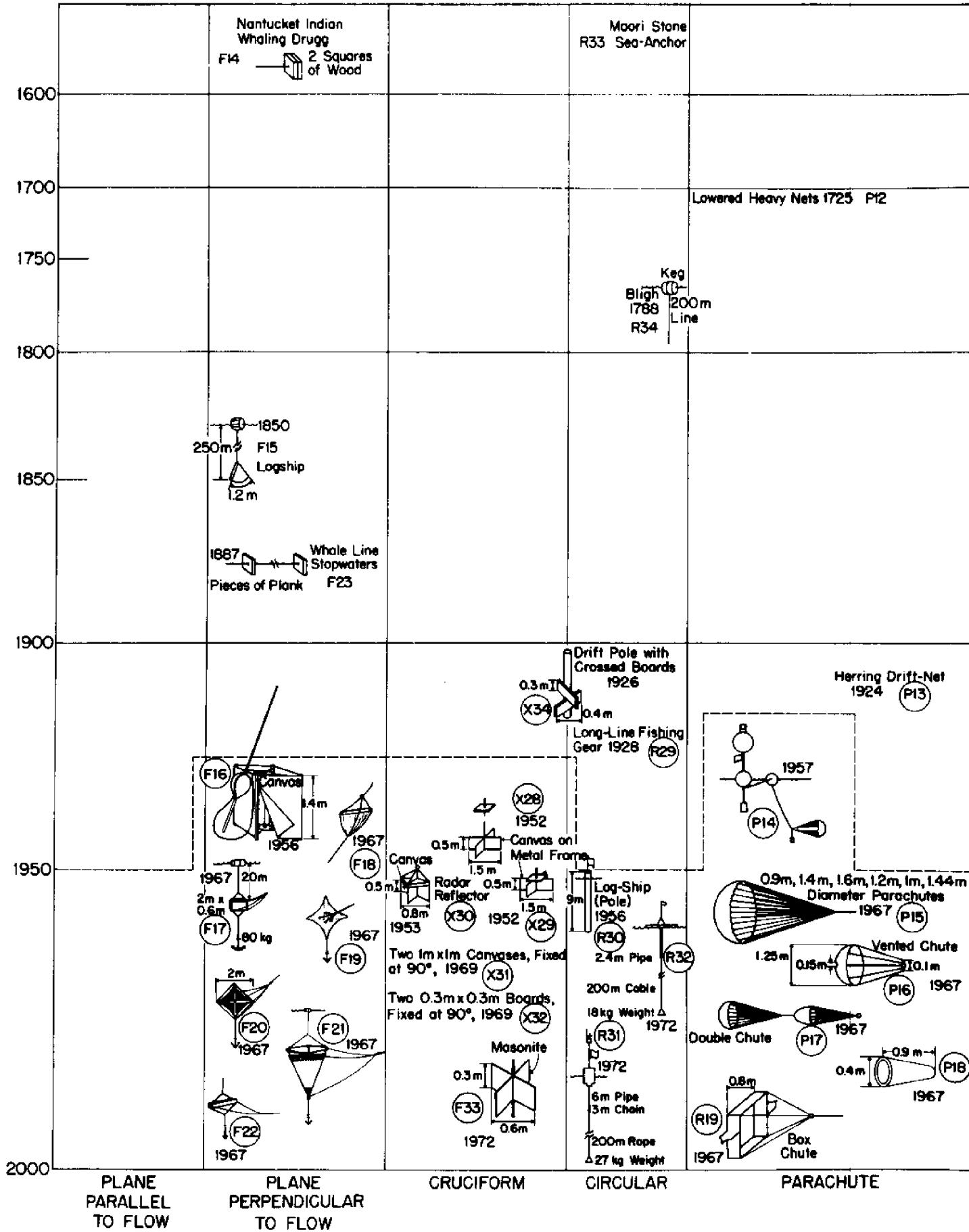


Figure 1A. Additional drogue designs encountered since Figure 1 prepared in summer of 1972.

KEY

F

1. Waters 1956
2. Gilbert 1598
3. Deacon 1968
4. Taylor 1968
5. Franklin 1785
6. Franklin 1785
7. Bache 1849
8. Maury 1858, Lee 1854
9. Dawson 1897
10. Cromwell et al. 1954
11. Welsh 1967
12. Terhune 1968
13. Monahan et al. 1973
14. Melville 1851
15. Findlay 1853
16. Evans 1957
17. Nomura et al. 1967
18. Nomura et al. 1967
19. Nomura et al. 1967
20. Nomura et al. 1967
21. Nomura et al. 1967
22. Nomura et al. 1967
23. Bullen 1898
8. Thoulet 1904
9. Granqvist 1921
10. Carruthers 1932
11. Witting 1930
12. Doe 1952
13. Pritchard and Burt 1951
14. Reid 1958
15. Stommel 1954
16. Gaul and Stewart 1960
17. Gaul and Stewart 1960
18. Shulman and Bryson 1961
19. Anderson et al. 1962
20. Farlow 1965
21. Hamblin and Rodgers 1967
22. Ragotzkie et al. 1969
23. Gunwaldsen et al. 1970
24. Miller et al. 1972
25. Putnam et al. 1949
26. Montgomery & Stroup 1962
27. Chevallier 1917
28. Romanovsky 1952
29. Romanovsky 1952
30. Broc 1953
31. Chang 1969
32. Chang 1969

X

1. Scoresby 1853
2. Carpenter & Jeffreys 1871
3. Karsten 1873
4. Tizard et al. 1885
5. Rottok 1888
6. Rottok 1888
7. Dawson 1897
33. Soule & Oguri 1972
34. Ogura 1926

R

1. Deacon 1968
2. Smith 1684
3. Waters 1956

P

- 4. Mitchell 1859
- 5. Mitchell 1859
- 6. Mitchell 1859
- 7. Mitchell 1859
- 8. Marindin 1877
- 9. Marindin 1877
- 10. Johnson 1884
- 11. Thoulet 1904
- 12. Richard 1907
- 13. Thoulet 1908
- 14. Thoulet 1908
- 15. Carruthers 1932
- 16. Doe 1952
- 17. Sharpey-Schafer 1952
- 18. Mackay 1954
Herlinveaux 1954
- 19. Pickard 1956
- 20. Bumpus et al. 1957
- 21. Favorite et al. 1965
- 22. Scott and Landsberg 1969
- 23. Gannon and Brubaker 1969
- 24. American Geophysical
Union 1972
- 25. Stalcup 1972
- 26. Parker 1973
- 27. Green 1972
- 28. Lee 1854
- 29. Ulda 1934
- 30. Gilmour 1960
- 31. Parker 1972
- 32. Parker 1972
- 33. Best 1918
- 34. Bligh 1792
- 1. Franklin 1785
- 2. Volkmann et al. 1956
- 3. Cromwell et al. 1954
- 4. Jennings and Schwarzlose 1960
- 5. Wooster and Gilmartin 1961
- 6. Gerard and Salkind 1965
- 7. Gerard 1965
- 8. Hamblin and Rodgers 1967
- 9. Miller et al. 1972
- 10. Palmer 1972
- 11. Parker 1973
- 12. Carruthers 1963
- 13. Uda 1934
- 14. Kawamoto 1958
- 15. Nomura et al. 1967
- 16. Nomura et al. 1967
- 17. Nomura et al. 1967
- 18. Nomura et al. 1967
- 19. Nomura et al. 1967

Figure 2. A reproduction of a figure that accompanied an early annual report of the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey (Mitchell, 1859) showing several devices used in a current study of New York Harbor.

U.S. COAST SURVEY
 A.D.BACHE Supdt.
 IMPROVED FORM OF
 SUB CURRENT APPARATUS

Devised for use of the Coast Survey

by

H. MITCHELL Asst.

1859

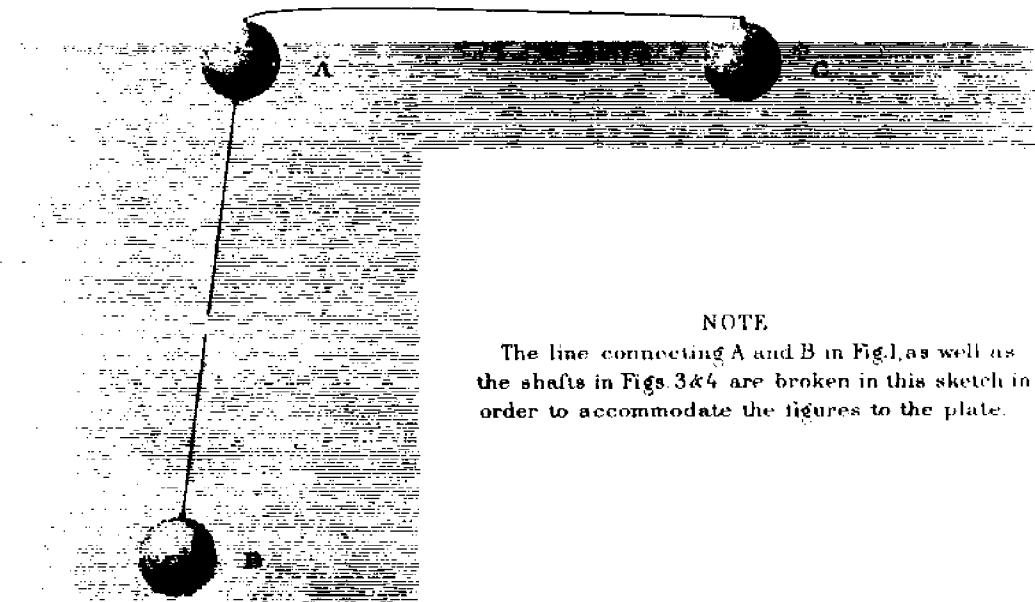
Fig. 2

NOTE

This Fig. represents, on an enlarged scale, the globe A of Fig. 1 opened so as to show the reel upon which the log-line is wound.



Fig. 1



NOTE

The line connecting A and B in Fig. 1, as well as the shafts in Figs. 3 & 4 are broken in this sketch in order to accommodate the figures to the plate.

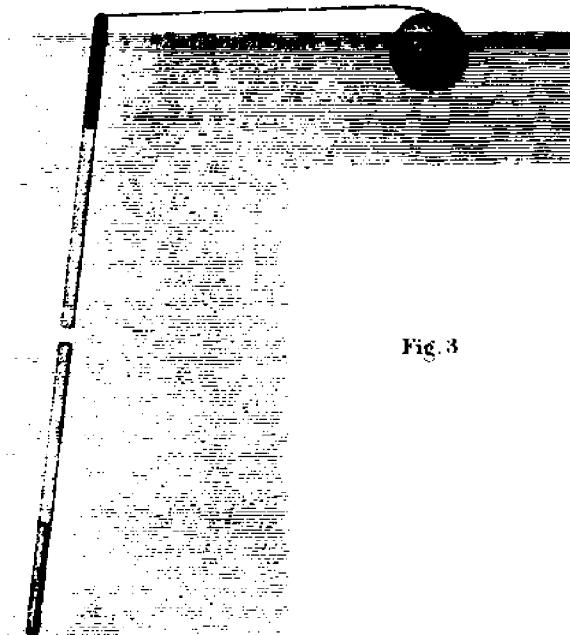


Fig. 3

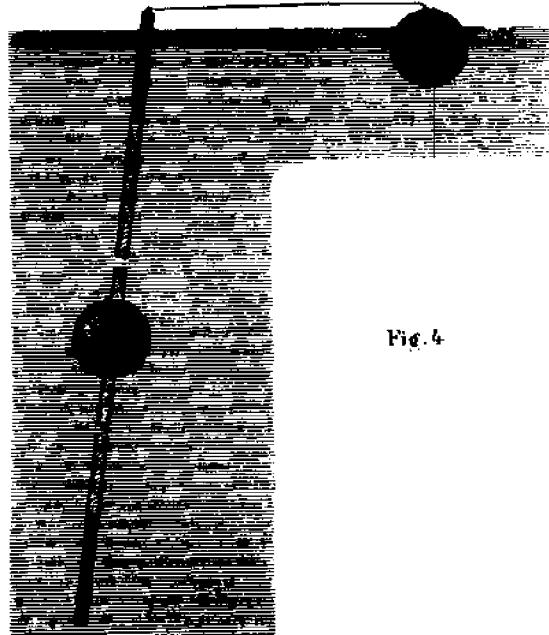


Fig. 4

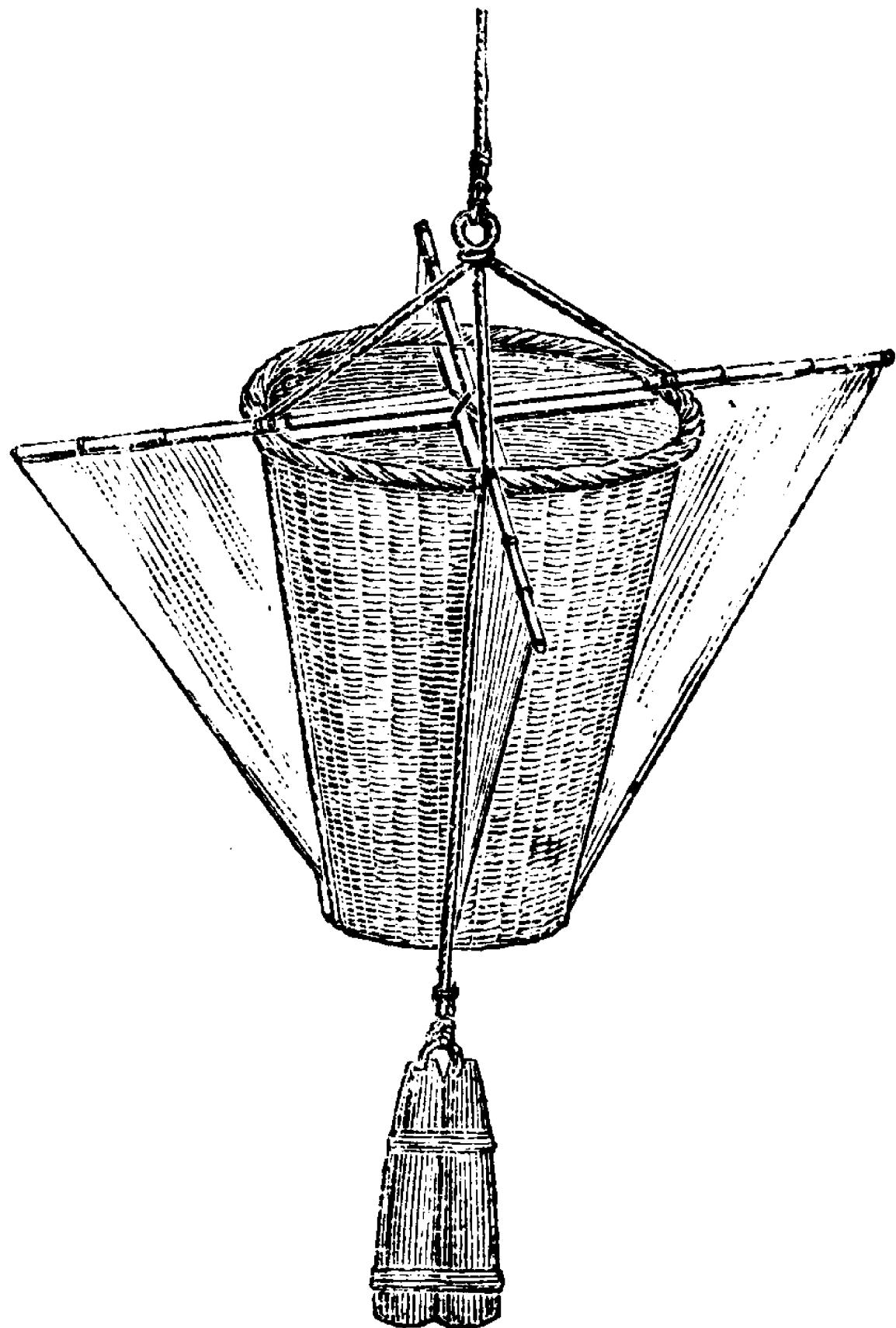


Figure 3. A reproduction of a figure that originally appeared in the Proceedings of the Royal Society (Carpenter and Jeffreys, 1871) showing a drogue used aboard H.M. Surveying Ship PORCUPINE.

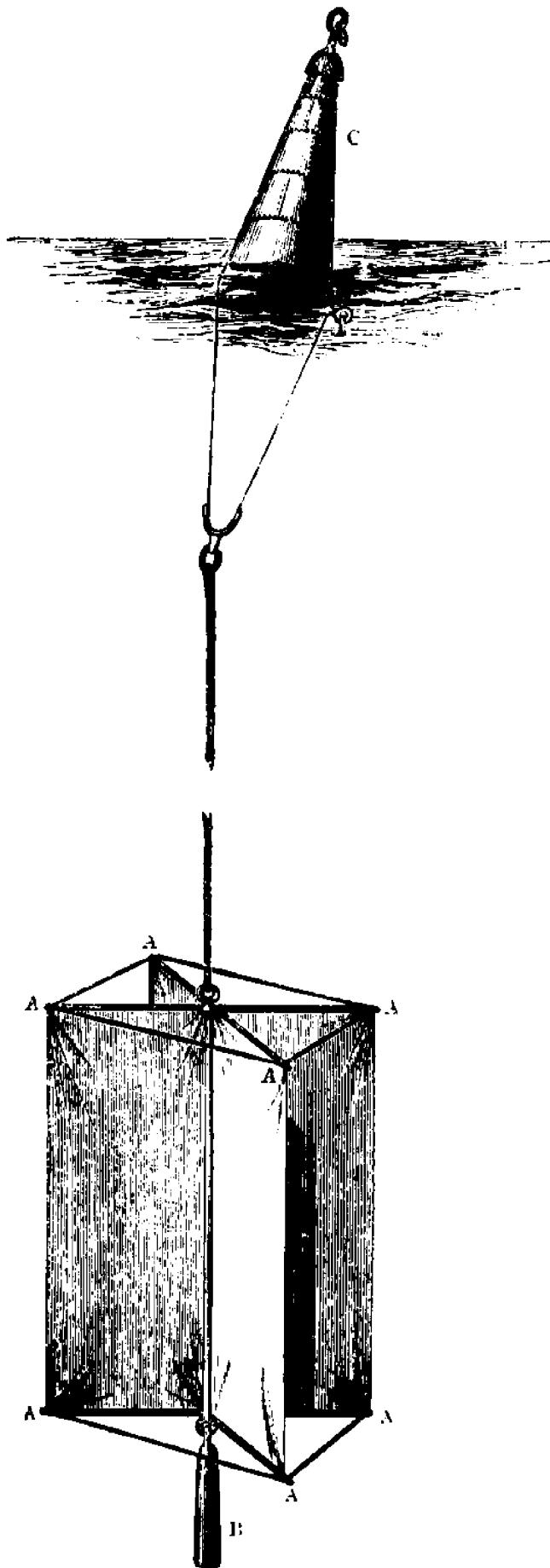


Figure 4. The current cross used during the famous voyage of H.M.S. CHALLENGER. Reproduced from the original figure that accompanied the narrative of the voyage (Tizard, Moseley, Buchanan, and Murray, 1885).

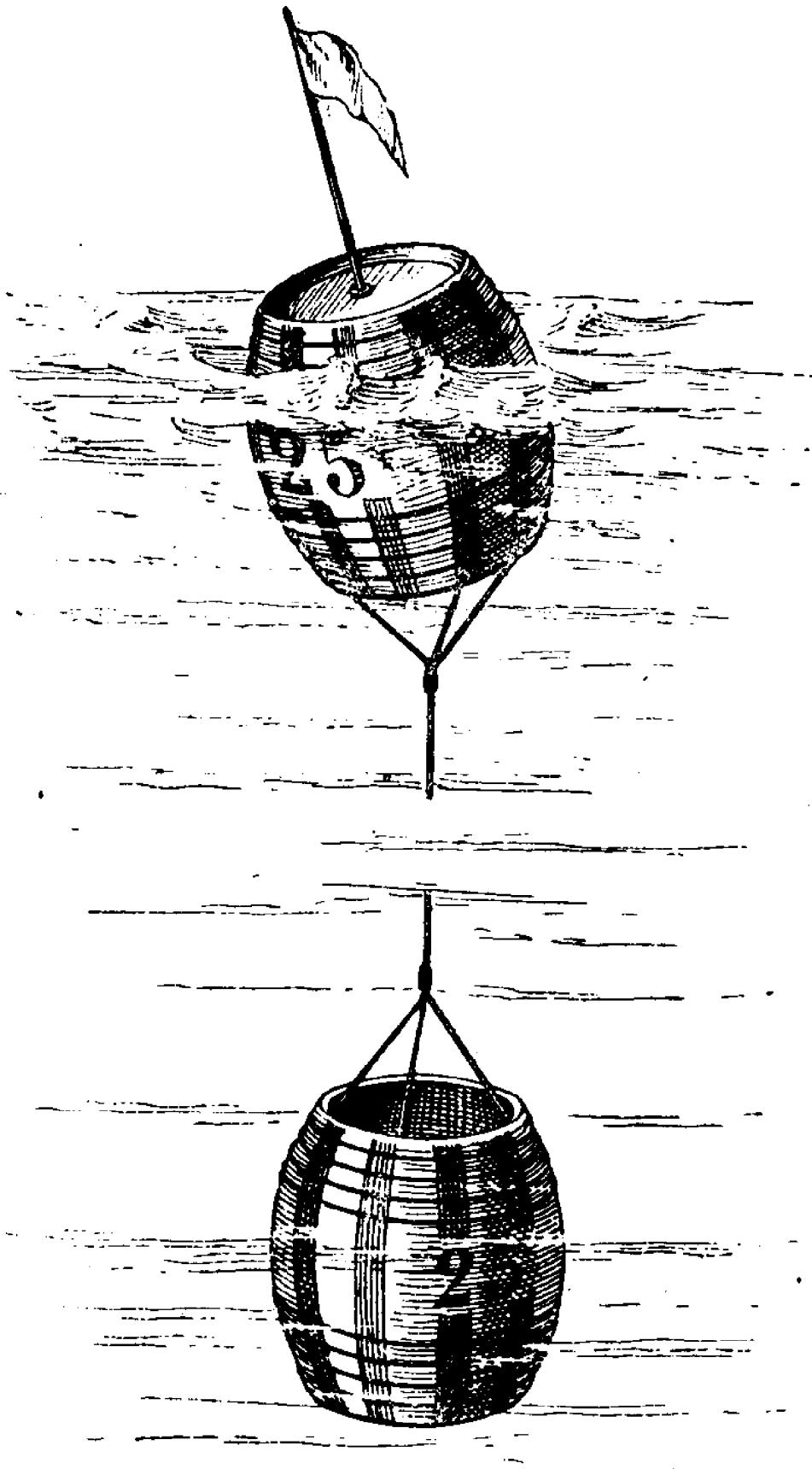


Figure 5. An early drogue design incorporating two barrels. This figure is a reproduction of one that appears in Thoulet (1908). The U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey also used barrels in some of their early drogue designs, e.g. item R8 on Figure 1.

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