NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00303 Version 1.0



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Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database

Table 1 Legend						
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
Ad Hoc	Minimal	Intermediate	Advanced	Optimal		
Little or no management	Limited Management	Defined Management, partially implemented	Well-defined Management, fully implemented	Full Management, audited, measured, controlled		

Table 1. Scores for the Nine DSMM Key Components at a Glance						
Preservability - 5 Accessibility - 1.66 Usability - 2.5						
Production Sustainability - 3.66 Data Quality Assurance - 2 Data Quality Control/Monitor						
Data Quality Assessment - 1	Data Quality Assessment - 1 Transparency/Traceability - 2.5 Data Integrity - 1					

NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information January 2020



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service Cover Image: Data Stewardship Rating Diagram for NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database

Shades of green are used to represent level 1 through level 5 ratings; denoting Ad Hoc, Minimal, Intermediate, Advanced, and Optimal stages for each of the nine key components, respectively. The dark green level indicates all the practices are completely satisfied. The lighter green levels indicate only some of the practices are satisfied. The lightest green level indicates none of the practices are satisfied.

The stewardship maturity of NCEI data product, NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database, is assessed based on a reference stewardship maturity framework. The current maturity ratings of NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database are at Level 1 or higher for all nine key components with three Level 1, four Level 2, one Level 3, zero Level 4, and one Level 5 key components.

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The National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (NESDIS) manages the Nation's civil Earth-observing satellite systems, as well as global national data bases for meteorology, oceanography, geophysics, and solar-terrestrial sciences. From these sources, it develops and disseminates environmental data and information products critical to the protection of life and property, national defense, and the national economy, energy development and distribution, global food supplies, and the development of natural resources.

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Copies of earlier reports may be available by contacting NESDIS Chief of Staff, NOAA/ NESDIS, 1335 East-West Highway, SSMC1, Silver Spring, MD 20910, (301) 713-3578.

ASSESSMENT REVISION HISTORY

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Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database

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Preface

In response to the President's Open Government Initiative and related policies, NOAA has committed to providing improved public access to all of its environmental information, to enable research and commercial innovation through ease of data discovery and use [*Casey*, 2016].

OneStop supports NOAA's efforts by leveraging existing access technologies and infusing specific innovations to provide improved discover, access, and visualization services for NOAA's data. Also, OneStop is viewed by a NESDIS as a pathfinder effort with an initial focus on selected high-priority datasets from NESDIS and other program data meeting OneStop standards, but eventually scalable across NOAA's data. Lastly, OneStop is implementing the USGEO Common Framework for Earth Observation Data and leveraging/supporting the NOAA Big Data Project (BDP) and Big Earth Data Initiative (BEDI) [*Casey*, 2016].

As with any process of improvement planning, agencies need to find out where they are in terms of their compliance to the federal regulations and what they need to do if any areas of non-compliance are identified. To this end, a unified framework would be beneficial for assessing the current stage of stewardship practices applied to individual datasets and for providing a road map that will guide future investments towards enhanced stewardship of environmental datasets. The value and quality of a dataset depends in part on the stewardship practices applied after its development and production. Therefore, a unified framework providing a holistic view of the quality of stewardship practices applied to individual datasets is beneficial to data stewards and users [*Casey*, 2016].

The Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix (DSMM), jointly developed by domain (data management, technology, and science) subject matter experts from NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and Cooperative Institute for Climate and Satellites – North Carolina (CICS-NC), provides such a consistent framework [*Peng et al.*, 2016]. The DSMM, leveraging institutional knowledge and community practices and standards, defines a graduated maturity scale for each of nine key components of scientific data stewardship to enable a consistent assessment of the measureable stewardship practices applied to a given data set or product.

The NOAA Data Stewardship Maturity Technical Series captures stewardship maturity assessment results for individual datasets, provides consistent representation and citable documents of those assessments, ensures transparency, and allows better data quality information integration and content-based search and discovery of NOAA data.

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Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe the results of stewardship maturity assessment for NOAA Climate Data Record for Mean Layer Temperature (Upper Troposphere & Lower Stratosphere from UCAR, Version 2, utilizing the Scientific Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix or DSMM [Peng, et al, 2016]. DSMM defines levels of stewardship maturity stages for Preservability, Accessibility, Usability, Production Sustainability, Data Quality Assurance, Data Quality Control/Monitoring, Data Quality Assessment, Transparency/Traceability, and Data Integrity key components. Each of these components is ranked from 'Ad hoc' to 'Optimal' (see Appendix I). This report is based on evaluation performed by NOAA OneStop metadata specialists working with Subject Matter Experts and utilizing the DSMM template [Peng, 2016].

1.2 Scope

Assessing stewardship maturity - the current state of how datasets are documented, preserved, stewarded, and made accessible publicly, is a critical step towards meeting U.S. federal regulations, organizational requirements, and user needs [Peng et al., 2016]. The goal of this document is to provide consistent and transparent stewardship maturity information to data users and decision-makers.

1.3 Dataset Abstract

Photographs and other visual media provide valuable pre- and post-event data for natural hazards. Research, mitigation, and forecasting rely on visual data for post-analysis, inundation mapping and historic records. Instrumental data only reveal a portion of the whole story; photographs explicitly illustrate the physical and societal impacts from an event. This resource provides high-resolution geologic and damage photographs from natural hazards events, including earthquakes, tsunamis, slides, volcanic eruptions and geologic movement (faults, creep, subsidence and flows). The earliest images date back to 1886. Each event also links to NCEI's Global Historical hazards databases, which provide details for these events.

1.4 Document Maintenance

This document is generated and maintained by NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information. More on policy is available at https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/.

2. Results

The data stewardship maturity assessment information is summarized in Table 1. Each component is displayed along with its corresponding score in a color-coded table.

Table 2. Dataset and Data Stewardship Maturity Assessment Metadata				
Dataset Title	NCEI/WDS Natural Hazards Image Database			
Dataset Information URL	https://doi.org/10.7289/V5154F01			
Data Provider POC (Name; Email; Affiliation)	National Centers for Environmental Information, NESDIS, NOAA, U.S. Department of Commerce301-713-3277 NCEI. Info@noaa.gov			
Dataset POC (Name; Email; Affiliation)	Hazards Data Manager; haz.info@noaa.gov; NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information			
SMM Version (Document ID and Version Number)	NCDC-CICS-SMM_0001_Rev.1 12/09/2014			
SMM POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation)	Ge Peng, ge.peng@uah.edu, University of Alabama- Huntsville			
SMM Template Version (Document ID and Version Numbers)	NCDC-CICS-SMM_0001_Rev.1 v4.0 06/23/2015			
SMM Template POC	Ge Peng, ge.peng@uah.edu, University of Alabama- Huntsville			
SMM Assessment Version (v <nn>r<mm>, e.g., v01r00)</mm></nn>	V01r00			
SMM Assessment Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	02/01/2022			
SMM Assessment POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation)	Frederick Gunther; frederick.gunther@noaa.gov; Riverside Technology			
Stewardship Maturity Ratings (each key component) (kc1/kc2/kc3/kc4/kc5/kc6/kc7/kc8/kc9)	5/1.66/2.5/3.66/2/2/1/2.5/1			
SMM Original Assessment Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	02/01/2022			
SMM Original Assessment POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation)	Frederick Gunther; frederick.gunther@noaa.gov; Riverside Technology			
SMM Last Modified Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	02/01/2022			
SMM Last Modification POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation)	Frederick Gunther; frederick.gunther@noaa.gov; Riverside Technology			
SMM Modified Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	02/01/2022			
SMM Modification POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation)	Frederick Gunther; frederick.gunther@noaa.gov; Riverside Technology			

DSMM Key Component	Stewardship Maturity Rating, Justification, and Comments
Preservability	 Level 5 Conforms to NCEI archive guidelines which are OAIS RM and NARA compliant. Conforms to ISO 19115-2 metadata standards. Plans in place to upgrade to newer ISO 19115-1 metadata standard. Products managed per the submission agreement (SA). Archive procedures and processes are managed and Trustworthy Digital Repositories (TDR) audit in place. Annual reviews per the SA. Future archiving standard changes planned Comments:
Accessibility	 Level 1.66 Collection level searchable online: https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/metadata/landing page/bin/iso?id=gov.noaa.ngdc:Hazard_Images_Database Granule level is searchable online https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazardimages/#/ Additional search options available from collection level site Comments: Enhanced data server performance Dissemination report metrics defined and implemented internally through requests and inquiries to haz.info@noaa.gov Granule/file level searchable
Usability	Level 2.5 NCEI data sets use community standard-based interoperable format and metadata Metadata landing page and data, products and services for natural hazards can be found here https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/metadata/geoportal/rest/metadata/item/gov.noaa.ngdc: Hazard_Images_Database/html https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazard/ Dataset is also accessible from NCEI Site https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/metadata/landing-page/bin/iso?id=gov.noaa.ngdc: Hazard_Images_Database Limited supporting documentation available here https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazard/ and here https://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazard/ Comments:
Production Sustainability	Level 3.66 • The dataset is currently supported and up to date • The project is maintained by NCEI and funded by NWS • Project is long term and has institutional commitment through NCEI

Table 3. Stewardship	Maturity Levels and Detailed Justifications for Each of Nine DSMM Key Components for the Dataset.
DSMM Key Component	Stewardship Maturity Rating, Justification, and Comments
Data Quality Assurance	Level 2 • Data quality assurance (DQA) procedure ad hoc. not defined or documented Comments: Limited data quality assurance within ISO metadata. Data Quality tag exists within XML
Data Quality Control/ Monitoring	 Level 2 Limited product-specific metrics defined & implemented (lat/long, photographer credit, date/time, captions) Comments: Limited data quality assurance within ISO metadata. Data Quality tag exists within XML
Data Quality Assessment	Level 1 • No algorithm document or product assessment found Comments:
Transparency / Traceability	Level 2.5 • Product information available in literature: • [April, 2019]. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00024-019-02191-7 • [December, 2019] https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2019AGUF MNH43F0992A • Dataset DOI assigned: https://doi.org/10.7289/V5154F01 Comments:
Data Integrity	 Level 4 Data archive integrity verifiable - Checksum technology is available, each NCEI/WDS_NHID package is accompanied by a manifest in XML format containing hash digests generated using various algorithms, including MD5, SHA-1, SHA-384, etc. That includes checksums (.md5) for every file package. https://www.nodc.noaa. gov/archive/arc0025/0061664/0061664.1.1.xml Data authenticity is verifiable (since data can be downloaded via HTTPS and HTTPS uses certificates to prove site authenticity) NCEI-MD does not provide digital signatures for data dissemination
	Comments:

3. Acknowledgment

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We thank the dataset POCs for their valuable input, as well as the collaborative efforts of the OneStop teams, especially the Metadata team. We would also like to show appreciation to Ge Peng for her contributions.

The draft of this data stewardship maturity report is systematically generated by a tool created by Kieran Hodnett and populated with the stewardship maturity assessment done by the author(s) of this report. The tool was developed based on a Word template created collaboratively by Robert Partee II, Raisa Ionin, Paul Lemieux III, Ge Peng, Don Collins, and Sonny Zinn with helpful input from the NOAA Central Library and the NCEI Communication Team.

4. References

Casey, K. (2016), The NOAA OneStop data discover and access framework project, Version:June 3, 2016. https://cdn.ioos.noaa.gov/media/2017/12/OneStop-IOOS-DMAC-03-June-2016.pdf

Peng, G. (2015) The scientific data stewardship maturity assessment model template, Version: NCDC-CICS-SMM-0001-Rev.1 v4.0 6/23/2015. doi:10.6084/m9.figshare.1211954.

Peng, G., J.L. Privette, E.J. Kearns, N.A. Ritchey, and S. Ansari (2015), A unified framework for measuring stewardship practices applied to digital environmental datasets, *Data Science Journal*, 13, 231-253, doi: 10.2481/dsj.14-049.

Peng, G., J. Lawrimore, V. Toner, C. Lief, R. Baldwin, N. Ritchey, D. Brinegar, and S. A. Delgreco (2016) assessing stewardship naturity of the global historical climatology network-monthly (GHCN-M) dataset: use case study and lessons learned, D-Lib Magazine, 22, doi:10.1045/november2016-peng.

Arcos, N.P., Dunbar, P.K., Stroker, K.J. et al. The Impact of Post-tsunami Surveys on the NCEI/WDS Global Historical Tsunami Database. Pure Appl. Geophys. 176, 2809–2829 (2019)

Past, present, and future: Interface for the NCEI/WDS Global Historical Tsunami Database

Appendix I: The Scientific Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix (DSMM)

Table A1: This matrix (Version: NCDC-CICS-SMM-0001-Rev.1. 12/09/2014) describes the criterion used to evaluate data stewardship maturity for each of the nine DSMM key components [*Peng et al.*, 2015].

DSMM Component	Level 1 Ad hoc Little or no management	Level 2 <i>Minimal</i> Limited management	Level 3 <i>Intermediate</i> Defined management, partially implemented	Level 4 Advanced Well-defined management, fully implemented	Level 5 <i>Optimal</i> Full management, audited, measured, controlled
Preservability (The state of being preservable)	Any storage location Data only	Non- designated repository Redundancy Limited archiving metadata	Designated archive Redundancy Community- standard archiving metadata Conforming to limited archiving standards	Level 3 + Conforming to community archiving standards	Level 4 + Archiving process performance controlled, measured, and audited Future archiving standard changes planned
<i>Accessibility</i> (The state of being searchable and accessible publicly)	Not publically available person-to- person	Publically available direct file download (e.g., via anonymous FTP server) Collection or dataset level searchable online	Level 2 + Non-standard data service Limited data server performance Granule/file level searchable Limited search metrics	Level 3 + Community- standard data service Enhanced data server performance Conforming to community search metrics Dissemination report metrics defined and implemented internally	Level 4 + Dissemination reports available online Future technology and standard changes planned

Usability (The state of being easy to use)	Extensive product-specific knowledge required No documentation online	Non-standard data format Limited documentation (e.g., user's guide online)	Community standard-based interoperable format & metadata Documentation (e.g. source code, product algorithm document, processing or/and data flow diagram) online	Level 3 + Basic capability (e.g., subsetting, aggregating) & data characterization overall/global, e.g., climatology, error estimates) available online	Level 4 + Enhanced online capability (e.g., visualization, multiple data formats) Community metrics of data characterization (regional/cell) online External ranking
Production Sustainability (The state of data production being sustainable and extendable)	Ad Hoc or Not applicable To obligation or deliverable requirement	Short-term Individual PI's commitment (grant obligations)	Medium-term Institutional commitment (contractual deliverables with specs and schedule defined)	Long-term Institutional commitment Product improvement process in place	Level 4 + National or international commitment Changes for echnology planned
Data Quality Assurance (The state of data quality being assured)	Data quality assurance (DQA) procedure unknown or none	Ad Hoc and random QA procedure not defined and documented	DQA procedure defined and documented and partially implemented	DQA procedure well documented, fully implemented and available online with master reference data Limited data quality assurance metadata	Level 4 + DQA procedure monitored and reported Conforming to community quality metadata & standards External review

Data Quality Control/ Monitoring The state of data quality being controlled and monitored	None or Sampling unknown or spotty Analysis unknown or random in time	Sampling and analysis are regular in time and space Limited product-specific metrics defined & implemented	Level 2 + Sampling and analysis are frequent and systematic but not automatic Community metrics defined and partially implemented Procedure documented and available online	Level 3 + Anomaly detection procedure well-documente d and fully implemented using community metrics, automatic, tracked and reported Limited quality monitoring metadata	Level 4 + Cross-validation of temporal & spatial characteristics Physical consistency check Conforming to community quality metadata & standards
Data Quality Assessment (The state of data quality being assessed)	Algorithm/ method/model Theoretical basis assessed (methods and results online)	Level 1 + Research product assessed (methods and results online)	Level 2 + Operational product assessed (methods and results online)	Level 3 + Quality metadata assessed Limited quality assessment metadata	Level 4 + Assessment performed on a recurring basis Conforming to community quality metadata & standards External ranking
Transparency/ Traceability (The state of being transparent, trackable, and traceable)	Limited product information available Person-to- person	Product information available in literature	Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) & source code online Dataset configuration managed (CM) Unique Object Identifier (OID) assigned (dataset, documentation, source code) Data citation tracked (e.g., utilizing Digital Object Identifier	Level 3 + Operational Algorithm Description (OAD) online, OID assigned, and under CM	Level 4 + System information online Complete data provenance online

Data Integrity (The state of data integrity being verifiable)	Unknown or no data ingest integrity check	Data ingest integrity verifiable (e.g, checksum technology)	(DOI) system) Level 2 + Data archive integrity verifiable	Level 3 + Data access integrity verifiable	Level 4 + Data authenticity verifiable (e.g., data signature
				Conforming to community data integrity technology standard	technology) Performance of data integrity check monitored and reported