NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00298 Version 1.0

doi: 10.25923/fw6p-jw64



Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1

| Table 1 Legend | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 4 | Level 5 | | |
| Ad Hoc | Minimal | Intermediate | Advanced | Optimal | |
| Little or no management | Limited Management | Defined Management, partially implemented | Well-defined Management, fully implemented | Full Management, audited, measured, controlled | |

| Table 1. Scores for the Nine DSMM Key Components at a Glance | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Preservability - 4.5 Accessibility - 4.5 Usability - 4 | | | | | |
| Production Sustainability - 4 | Data Quality Control/Monitoring - 2.5 | | | | |
| Data Quality Assessment - 3 | Data Integrity - 3.5 | | | | |

NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information January 2020



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service Cover Image: Data Stewardship Rating Diagram for NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1

Shades of green are used to represent level 1 through level 5 ratings; denoting Ad Hoc, Minimal, Intermediate, Advanced, and Optimal stages for each of the nine key components, respectively. The dark green level indicates all the practices are completely satisfied. The lighter green levels indicate only some of the practices are satisfied. The lightest green level indicates none of the practices are satisfied.

The stewardship maturity of NCEI data product, NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1, is assessed based on a reference stewardship maturity framework. The current maturity ratings of NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1 are at Level 1 or higher for all nine key components with zero Level 1, one Level 2, three Level 3, five Level 4, and zero Level 5 key components.

NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00298 Version 1.0

The National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (NESDIS) manages the Nation's civil Earth-observing satellite systems, as well as global national data bases for meteorology, oceanography, geophysics, and solar-terrestrial sciences. From these sources, it develops and disseminates environmental data and information products critical to the protection of life and property, national defense, and the national economy, energy development and distribution, global food supplies, and the development of natural resources.

Publication in the NOAA Technical Memorandum series does not preclude later publication in scientific journals in expanded or modified form. The NESDIS series of NOAA Technical Reports is a continuation of the former NESS and EDIS series of NOAA Technical Reports and the NESC and EDS series of Environmental Science Services Administration (ESSA) Technical Reports.

Copies of earlier reports may be available by contacting NESDIS Chief of Staff, NOAA/ NESDIS, 1335 East-West Highway, SSMC1, Silver Spring, MD 20910, (301) 713-3578.

ASSESSMENT REVISION HISTORY

| Revision | Description | Date |
|----------|-----------------|------------|
| V01r00 | Initial Release | 12/27/2021 |

NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00298

Version 1.0

doi: 10.25923/fw6p-jw64

Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1

Lori Hager, Paul Lemieux III NOAA's National Centers of Environmental Information (NCEI) 151 Patton Avenue, Asheville, NC 28801, (828) 271-4800

Recommended Citation

Lori Hager, Paul Lemieux III. (2021), Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1, NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00298 Version 1.0, 21pp., doi: 10.25923/fw6p-jw64

Table of Contents

| List of Tables | 7 |
|---|----|
| Preface | 8 |
| 1. Introduction | 9 |
| 2. Results | 10 |
| 3. Acknowledgment | 15 |
| 4. References | 16 |
| Appendix I The Scientific Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix (DSMM) | 18 |

List of Tables

| Table 1. Scores for the Nine DSMM Key Components at a Glance | 1 |
|--|----|
| Table 2. Dataset and Data Stewardship Maturity Assessment Metadata | 11 |
| Table 3. Stewardship Maturity Levels and Detailed Justifications for Each of Nine DSMM | |
| Key Components for the Dataset | 12 |

Preface

In response to the President's Open Government Initiative and related policies, NOAA has committed to providing improved public access to all of its environmental information, to enable research and commercial innovation through ease of data discovery and use [Casey, 2016].

OneStop supports NOAA's efforts by leveraging existing access technologies and infusing specific innovations to provide improved discover, access, and visualization services for NOAA's data. Also, OneStop is viewed by a NESDIS as a pathfinder effort with an initial focus on selected high-priority datasets from NESDIS and other program data meeting OneStop standards, but eventually scalable across NOAA's data. Lastly, OneStop is implementing the USGEO Common Framework for Earth Observation Data and leveraging/supporting the NOAA Big Data Project (BDP) and Big Earth Data Initiative (BEDI) [Casey, 2016].

As with any process of improvement planning, agencies need to find out where they are in terms of their compliance to the federal regulations and what they need to do if any areas of non-compliance are identified. To this end, a unified framework would be beneficial for assessing the current stage of stewardship practices applied to individual datasets and for providing a road map that will guide future investments towards enhanced stewardship of environmental datasets. The value and quality of a dataset depends in part on the stewardship practices applied after its development and production. Therefore, a unified framework providing a holistic view of the quality of stewardship practices applied to individual datasets is beneficial to data stewards and users [Casey, 2016].

The Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix (DSMM), jointly developed by domain (data management, technology, and science) subject matter experts from NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and Cooperative Institute for Climate and Satellites – North Carolina (CICS-NC), provides such a consistent framework [*Peng et al.*, 2016]. The DSMM, leveraging institutional knowledge and community practices and standards, defines a graduated maturity scale for each of nine key components of scientific data stewardship to enable a consistent assessment of the measureable stewardship practices applied to a given data set or product.

The NOAA Data Stewardship Maturity Technical Series captures stewardship maturity assessment results for individual datasets, provides consistent representation and citable documents of those assessments, ensures transparency, and allows better data quality information integration and content-based search and discovery of NOAA data.

NOAA Technical Information Series NESDIS DSMR-00298 Version 1.0

Data Stewardship Maturity Report for NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe the results of stewardship maturity assessment for NOAA Climate Data Record for Mean Layer Temperature (Upper Troposphere & Lower Stratosphere from UCAR, Version 2, utilizing the Scientific Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix or DSMM [Peng, et al, 2016]. DSMM defines levels of stewardship maturity stages for Preservability, Accessibility, Usability, Production Sustainability, Data Quality Assurance, Data Quality Control/Monitoring, Data Quality Assessment, Transparency/Traceability, and Data Integrity key components. Each of these components is ranked from 'Ad hoc' to 'Optimal' (see Appendix I). This report is based on evaluation performed by NOAA OneStop metadata specialists working with Subject Matter Experts and utilizing the DSMM template [Peng, 2016].

1.2 Scope

Assessing stewardship maturity - the current state of how datasets are documented, preserved, stewarded, and made accessible publicly, is a critical step towards meeting U.S. federal regulations, organizational requirements, and user needs [Peng et al., 2016]. The goal of this document is to provide consistent and transparent stewardship maturity information to data users and decision-makers.

1.3 Dataset Abstract

The NOAA Hydrological Properties for Applications Thematic Climate Data Record (TCDR) consist of Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit-A (AMSU-A), Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit-B (AMSU-B) and Microwave Humidity Sounder (MHS) data to help with the long term monitoring of the global water cycle. The data cover a time period from 1998 to 2010, at roughly a 48 km (AMSU-A) and a 16 km resolution (AMSU-B/MHS) resolution over the entire globe with 30 (AMSU-A) and 90 (AMSU-B/MHS) observations per scan. Visual inspections and verification of the various corrections were applied to the data to improve data accuracy. AMSU-A TCDR variables consist of Total Precipitable Water (TPW), Cloud Liquid Water (CLW), Sea-Ice concentration (SIC), Land surface temperature (LST), Land surface emissivity (23, 31, 50 GHz) (LSE). AMSU-B/MHS TCDR variables consist of Ice water path (IWP), rain rate (RR), snow cover (SC) and snow water equivalent (SWE). The data are ideal for helping with things like validating climate model simulations; identifying climate extremes; validating other observations and more.

1.4 Document Maintenance

This document is generated and maintained by NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information. More on policy is available at https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/.

2. Results

The data stewardship maturity assessment information is summarized in Table 1. Each component is displayed along with its corresponding score in a color-coded table.

| Table 2. Dataset and Da | Table 2. Dataset and Data Stewardship Maturity Assessment Metadata | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Dataset Title | NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) of AMSU-A/B and MHS Hydrological Properties, Version 1 | | | |
| Dataset Information URL | https://doi.org/10.7289/V5V69GM6 | | | |
| Data Provider POC (Name; Email; Affiliation) | NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI), ncei.orders@noaa.gov | | | |
| Dataset POC (Name; Email; Affiliation) | NOAA Climate Data Record Program Office, hydro_bundle_contacts@noaa.gov | | | |
| SMM Version (Document ID and Version Number) | NCDC-CICS-SMM_0001_Rev.1 12/09/2014 | | | |
| SMM POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation) | Ge Peng, ge.peng@uah.edu, University of Alabama- Huntsville | | | |
| SMM Template Version (Document ID and Version Numbers) | NCDC-CICS-SMM_0001_Rev.1 v4.0 06/23/2015 | | | |
| SMM Template POC | Ge Peng, ge.peng@uah.edu, University of Alabama- Huntsville | | | |
| SMM Assessment Version (v <nn>r<mm>, e.g., v01r00)</mm></nn> | V01r03 | | | |
| SMM Assessment Date (MM/DD/YYYY) | 12/15/2016 | | | |
| SMM Assessment POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation) | Paul Lemieux III, paul.lemieux@noaa.gov, Earth Resources Technology, Inc. | | | |
| Stewardship Maturity Ratings (each key component) (kc1/kc2/kc3/kc4/kc5/kc6/kc7/kc8/kc9) | 4.5 / 4.5 / 4 / 4 / 4 / 2.5 / 3 / 3.5 / 3.5 | | | |
| SMM Original Assessment Date (MM/DD/YYYY) | 12/15/2016 | | | |
| SMM Original Assessment POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation) | Paul Lemieux III, paul.lemieux@noaa.gov, Earth Resources Technology, Inc. | | | |
| SMM Last Modified Date (MM/DD/YYYY) | 10/08/2021 | | | |
| SMM Last Modification POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation) | Lori Hager, Iori.hager@noaa.gov, CASE Consultants International | | | |
| SMM Modified Date (MM/DD/YYYY) | 03/14/2018 | | | |
| SMM Modification POC (Name; E-mail; Affiliation) | Paul Lemieux III, paul.lemieux@noaa.gov, Earth Resources Technology, Inc. | | | |

| Table 3. Stewardship | Maturity Levels and Detailed Justifications for Each of Nine DSMM Key Components for the Dataset. |
|-----------------------|---|
| DSMM Key Component | Stewardship Maturity Rating, Justification, and Comments |
| Preservability | Level 4.5 Archived at NOAA NCEI-NC Following NOAA Climate Data Record (CDR) Research-2-Operation (R2O) transition process with the Initial Operation Capability (IOC) Following OAIS RM. Conforms to ISO 19115-2 metadata standard. Conforming to CDR Program (CDRP) guidelines on coding and NCEI Archive Branch (AB) guidance on file and variable naming conventions per Submission Agreement (SA) Plans to transition ISO metadata to newer 19115-1 standard Comments: No known external audits of the archive performed at this time |
| Accessibility | Level 4.5 Collection level metadata is searchable online: https://data.noaa.gov/onestop/#/ Granules are searchable and orderable via AIRS: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/has/HAS. DsSelect Reports available internally for the FTP/HTTP & AIRS servers Additional access server available from UMD: http://cics.umd.edu/AMSU-CDR/data. html New technology for OneStop search and discovery planned (i.e. ElasticSearch, Hyrax Servers, etc.) This dataset is part of the CDR data group that will be OneStop ready Comments: Dissemination reports are available internally, but not publicly |
| Usability | Level 4 NetCDF-4 data format (CF and ACDD compliant) is a community standard-based format with compliant metadata Data Flow Diagram [Ferraro and NOAA CDR Program, 2016] is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties C-ATBD [Ferraro, Yang, Moradi, and Beauchamp, 2016] is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties Aggregating and subsetting is available via AIRS ordering system Error budget tables are available in C-ATBD [Ferraro, Yang, Moradi, and Beauchamp, 2016] available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties Comments: No known external rankings |

| Table 3. Stewardshi | p Maturity Levels and Detailed Justifications for Each of Nine DSMM Key Components for the Dataset. |
|--|--|
| DSMM Key Component | Stewardship Maturity Rating, Justification, and Comments |
| Production Sustainability | Level 4 • Under NOAA CDR Operation & Maintenance (O&M) • Updated annually • Funding is allocated yearly • Product improvement process in place • CDR program under management by NCEI Comments: No comments |
| Data Quality Assurance | Level 4 Agile development procedure in place with defined/fixed set of analysis metrics Master reference data are included in the source code package which is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties Quality flags available at the file level which qualifies as limited data quality assurance metadata Comments: No known external reviews |
| Data Quality Control/ Monitoring | Level 2.5 DQC is done after each data processing Sampling and analysis are regular over widely distributed times/locations by multiple investigators but are not automatic. Procedures documented in the C-ATBD [Ferraro, Yang, Moradi, and Beauchamp, 2016] available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties Comments: |
| | No data quality information in the metadata record No evidence of community metrics defined or implemented |
| Data Quality Assessment | C-ATBD [Ferraro, Yang, Moradi, and Beauchamp, 2016] is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties Research product assessed in literature [Yang, Meng, Ferraro, et al, 2013] available online here: https://doi.org/10.1109/TGRS.2012.2211884/ Several operational assessments in literature available Assessment carried out in the NCEI CDR R2O process CDR Initial Operational Capability (IOC) stage Product Maturity Matrix assessment [Ferraro and NOAA CDR Program, 2016] is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/fundamental/amsu-bmhs-brightness-temperature |
| | Comments: No data quality assessment information in the metadata record No known external ranking |

| Table 3. Stewardship | Maturity Levels and Detailed Justifications for Each of Nine DSMM Key Components for the Dataset. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| DSMM Key Component | Stewardship Maturity Rating, Justification, and Comments |
| Transparency / Traceability | Level 3.5 CDR Program literature [Bates, Privette, Kearns, Glance, & Zhao, 2015] is available online: https://doi.org/10.1175/BAMS-D-15-00015.1/ C-ATBD [Ferraro, Meng, and Yang, 2016] is available online here: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/fundamental/amsu-bmhs-brightness-temperature DOI Assigned: https://doi.org/10.7289/V5V69GM6 NCEI OID Assigned: DSI 3702_01 Dataset Configuration Management is EIA-649-B standard compliant and diagramed in this presentation document [Hutchins, 2015] available online here: http://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/sds/cdr/conferences/2015%20PI%20Annual%20Meeting%20-%20Presentations/Day_1/(A-2)%20Operations%20and%20Maintenance%20(O_M)%20 of%20NOAA%20IOC%20CDRs%20-%20(Hutchins).pdf Comments: No comments No OAD available System information in the C-ATBD {Ferraro, Meng, and Yang, 2016} |
| Data Integrity | Level 3.5 Checksums generated at ingest which verifies ingest integrity. Using standard-based technology for generating checksum at ingest. Checksum verified when customer orders data. Comments: No comments |

3. Acknowledgment

This work is supported by the NOAA OneStop Project.

We thank the dataset POCs for their valuable input, as well as the collaborative efforts of the OneStop teams, especially the Metadata team. We would also like to show appreciation to Ge Peng for her contributions.

The draft of this data stewardship maturity report is systematically generated by a tool created by Kieran Hodnett and populated with the stewardship maturity assessment done by the author(s) of this report. The tool was developed based on a Word template created collaboratively by Robert Partee II, Raisa Ionin, Paul Lemieux III, Ge Peng, Don Collins, and Sonny Zinn with helpful input from the NOAA Central Library and the NCEI Communication Team.

4. References

Casey, K. (2016), The NOAA OneStop data discover and access framework project, Version:June 3, 2016. https://cdn.ioos.noaa.gov/media/2017/12/OneStop-IOOS-DMAC-03-June-2016.pdf

Peng, G. (2015) The scientific data stewardship maturity assessment model template, Version: NCDC-CICS-SMM-0001-Rev.1 v4.0 6/23/2015. doi:10.6084/m9.figshare.1211954.

Peng, G., J.L. Privette, E.J. Kearns, N.A. Ritchey, and S. Ansari (2015), A unified framework for measuring stewardship practices applied to digital environmental datasets, *Data Science Journal*, 13, 231-253, doi: 10.2481/dsj.14-049.

Peng, G., J. Lawrimore, V. Toner, C. Lief, R. Baldwin, N. Ritchey, D. Brinegar, and S. A. Delgreco (2016) assessing stewardship naturity of the global historical climatology networkmonthly (GHCN-M) dataset: use case study and lessons learned, D-Lib Magazine, 22, doi:10.1045/november2016-peng.

Ferraro, R., and NOAA CDR Program, (2016), Hydrological properties TCDR data flow diagram, _Rep. CDRP-DIA-0805_, NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information, Asheville, NC., retrieved online: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/c dr/atmospheric/hydrological-properties (Accessed 15 December 2016).

Ferraro, F., Yang, W., Moradi, I., Beauchamp, J., (2016), Climate Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (C-ATBD) the development of Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit-A (AMSU-A) and Microwave Humidity Sounder (MHS) Thematic Climate Data Records (TCDR) for hydrological products C-ATBD: hydrological properties, _Rep. CDRP-ATBD-0804_, NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information, Asheville, NC., retrieved online: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/atm ospheric/hydrological-properties (Accessed 15 December 2016).

Yang, Meng, Ferraro, Moradi, and Devaraj, (2013), Cross scan asymmetry of AMSU-A window channels: characterization, correction and verification, _IEEE Transactions in Geoscience and Remote Sensing_, 51(3), 1514—1530, doi:10.1109/TGRS.2012.2211884.

Ferraro, R., and NOAA CDR Program, (2016), AMSU-B / MHS brightness temperature Climate Data Record (CDR) maturity matrix, _Rep. CDRP-MM-0803 Rev 1_, NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information, Asheville, NC., retrieved online: https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdr/fundamental/amsu-bmhs-brightness-temp erature (accessed 15 December 2016).

Hutchins, C. (2015), Operations and Maintenance (O&M) of NOAA IOC CDRs, http://www1.ncdc.noaa.gov/pub/data/sds/cdr/conferences/2015%20PI%20Annual%20Meet ing%20-%20Presentations/Day_1/(A-2)%20Operations%20and%20Maintenance%20(O_M)%20of%20NOAA%20IOC%20CDRs%20-%20(Hutchins).pdf (accessed 15 December 2016).

Appendix I: The Scientific Data Stewardship Maturity Matrix (DSMM)

Table A1: This matrix (Version: NCDC-CICS-SMM-0001-Rev.1. 12/09/2014) describes the criterion used to evaluate data stewardship maturity for each of the nine DSMM key components [*Peng et al.*, 2015].

| DSMM Component | Level 1 Ad hoc Little or no management | Level 2 Minimal Limited management | Level 3 Intermediate Defined management, partially implemented | Level 4 Advanced Well-defined management, fully implemented | Level 5 Optimal Full management, audited, measured, controlled |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| Preservability (The state of being preservable) | Any storage location Data only | Non- designated repository Redundancy Limited archiving metadata | Designated archive Redundancy Community-standard archiving metadata Conforming to limited archiving standards | Level 3 + Conforming to community archiving standards | Level 4 + Archiving process performance controlled, measured, and audited Future archiving standard changes planned |
| Accessibility (The state of being searchable and accessible publicly) | Not publically available person-to- person | Publically available direct file download (e.g., via anonymous FTP server) Collection or dataset level searchable online | Level 2 + Non-standard data service Limited data server performance Granule/file level searchable Limited search metrics | Level 3 + Community- standard data service Enhanced data server performance Conforming to community search metrics Dissemination report metrics defined and implemented internally | Level 4 + Dissemination reports available online Future technology and standard changes planned |

| Usability (The state of being easy to use) | Extensive product-specific knowledge required No documentation online | Non-standard data format Limited documentation (e.g., user's guide online) | Community standard-based interoperable format & metadata Documentation (e.g. source code, product algorithm document, processing or/and data flow | Level 3 + Basic capability (e.g., subsetting, aggregating) & data characterization overall/global, e.g., climatology, error estimates) available online | Level 4 + Enhanced online capability (e.g., visualization, multiple data formats) Community metrics of data characterization (regional/cell) online |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Production Sustainability (The state of data production being sustainable and extendable) | Ad Hoc or Not applicable To obligation or deliverable requirement | Short-term Individual PI's commitment (grant obligations) | Medium-term Institutional commitment (contractual deliverables with specs and schedule defined) | Long-term Institutional commitment Product improvement process in place | External ranking Level 4 + National or international commitment Changes for echnology planned |
| Data Quality Assurance (The state of data quality being assured) | Data quality assurance (DQA) procedure unknown or none | Ad Hoc and random QA procedure not defined and documented | DQA procedure defined and documented and partially implemented | DQA procedure well documented, fully implemented and available online with master reference data Limited data quality assurance metadata | Level 4 + DQA procedure monitored and reported Conforming to community quality metadata & standards External review |

| Data Quality Control/ Monitoring The state of data quality being controlled and monitored | None or Sampling unknown or spotty Analysis unknown or random in time | Sampling and analysis are regular in time and space Limited product-specific metrics defined & implemented | Level 2 + Sampling and analysis are frequent and systematic but not automatic Community metrics defined and partially implemented Procedure documented and available online | Level 3 + Anomaly detection procedure well-documente d and fully implemented using community metrics, automatic, tracked and reported Limited quality monitoring metadata | Level 4 + Cross-validation of temporal & spatial characteristics Physical consistency check Conforming to community quality metadata & standards |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Data Quality Assessment (The state of data quality being assessed) | Algorithm/ method/model Theoretical basis assessed (methods and results online) | Level 1 + Research product assessed (methods and results online) | Level 2 + Operational product assessed (methods and results online) | Level 3 + Quality metadata assessed Limited quality assessment metadata | Level 4 + Assessment performed on a recurring basis Conforming to community quality metadata & standards External ranking |
| Transparency/ Traceability (The state of being transparent, trackable, and traceable) | Limited product information available Person-to-person | Product information available in literature | Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) & source code online Dataset configuration managed (CM) Unique Object Identifier (OID) assigned (dataset, documentation, source code) Data citation tracked (e.g., utilizing Digital Object Identifier | Level 3 + Operational Algorithm Description (OAD) online, OID assigned, and under CM | Level 4 + System information online Complete data provenance online |

| Data Integrity (The state of data integrity being verifiable) Unknown or no data ingest integrity check | Data ingest integrity verifiable (e.g, checksum technology) | (DOI) system) Level 2 + Data archive integrity verifiable | Level 3 + Data access integrity verifiable Conforming to community data integrity technology standard | Level 4 + Data authenticity verifiable (e.g., data signature technology) Performance of data integrity check monitored and reported |
|---|---|--|---|---|
|---|---|--|---|---|