YAP ISLANDS COASTAL RESOURCE ATLAS



US Army Corps of Engineers Pacific Ocean Division

YAP ISLANDS COASTAL RESOURCE ATLAS

Prepared For:

US Army Corps of Engineers Pacific Ocean Division Contract No. DACW83-87M-0670

By

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Sea Grant College Program University of Hawaii at Manoa

July 1988

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To accompany the Yap Islands Coastal Resource Inventory, prepared by the US Army Corps of Engineers, Pacific Ocean Division, 1988.

Introduction

The Yap Coastal Resource Atlas was prepared by the University of Hawaii Sea Grant Extension Service under the auspices of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Coastal Resource Inventory Program. It is the companion volume to the Yap Coastal Resource Inventory, a report on the same topic, being prepared by Sea Grant.

The Corps Coastal Resource Inventory Program has been under the direction of Dr. James E. Maragos of the Corps since its initiation in 1978. Compilation of the Yap Atlas was coordinated by Peter J. Rappa and Anne M. Orcutt of the Sea Grant Extension Service. Dr. Maragos supervised the Atlas' preparation, editing, and final publication. Ross Cordy provided information on coastal archeological sites, and Mr. Sam Falanruw, Director of Resources and Development, Yap State, coordinated the review of the Atlas for Yap State.

The Atlas was designed and produced by Jane J. Eckelman of Manoa Mapworks, with technical assistance from Mike Baker, Mary Anne Breithaupt and Delia McCabe. The relief shading was drawn by Thomas H. Patterson of Washington, D.C. Negatives of maps provided by the U.S. Geological Survey through the Corps of Engineers were used as base maps. Funding for the Atlas was provided by the Corps under the authority of Section 22 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1974 (PL92-251) as amended (Planning Assistance to States), and by the Sea Grant Extension Service project, A/AS-1 under Institutional Grant No. NA 85AA-D-SG082 from the NOAA Office of Sea Grant.

Field Methods

The Atlas data were obtained primarily from field surveys and interviews with local marine resource users and other residents and officials of Yap. During a threeweek field survey period (April, 1987), 52 stations were visited around the Yap islands complex, including 18 offshore and 34 reef flat and lagoon stations, to characterize the major marine ecosystems surrounding Yap. Data collection utilized a combination of snorkeling and SCUBA methods to examine mangrove, seagrass, coral reef, embayment, beach, lagoon hole, reef pass, and ocean areas.

The survey was qualitative in nature. Each team member, using clip boards, waterproof paper, and species checklists, was assigned the responsibility for recording and sketching specific organism groups or features. Information on the relative abundance of algae, corals, other invertebrates, fishes, and reef features were also recorded. In general, only larger, more conspicuous species were recorded while other small, cryptic, or nocturnal species were only incidentally, observed. Photographs and specimens were also collected for the purposes of species confirmation, identification, and obtaining more information. A reference collection of coral species observed in Yap was assembled and labeled by Dr. James E. Maragos and has been deposited with the Yap MRMD office. Team members and their areas of concentration during the field work are: Mike Gawel, fishes and invertebrates; Anne M. Orcutt, fishes and reef physiography; Mike Molina, fishes; Barry Smith, invertebrates; Dr. James Maragos, corals and reef physiography; Roy Tsuda, algae; Valerie Paul, algae; and Steve Nelson, algae.

Preliminary scoping and arrangements for the Yap atlas and inventory project were accomplished in September 1986. Interviews were conducted for one week in October, 1986, and also in October, 1987 with knowledgable marine resource users and other key Yap State Government agencies having coastal oriented programs or expertise. The Yap State Marine Resources and Management Division (MRMD) and its staff served as the primary liaison and contact for data collection and information dissemination. The MRMD office provided interpreters and arranged a series of meetings with knowledgable marine resource users in each of Yap's ten municipalities, to gather detailed information on the use of reef resources. At each meeting participants were presented with explanations, both in Yapese and English, on the purpose of the inventory project and meeting. Additionally, they were shown a copy of the Pohnpei Resource Atlas (Manoa Mapworks, 1985) as an example of how their contributions would be used. Participants were asked to indicate on maps the areas where various types of resources are harvested in their regions. A list of resources, compiled by Paul Paatmug, MRMD, was used as the basis of the resources

listed in the Atlas. Participants were also asked to describe resource problems, and whether the abundance of each resource category was increasing, declining or remaining the same. In addition, participants were asked as to describe the type(s) of gear used in harvesting fishing resources. All participants who signed attendance sheets are listed in the acknowledgments at the end of the atlas text. Other agencies involved in the interview sessions (October, 1987) besides MRMD include: the Yap State Department of Resources and Development, Historic Preservation Office, Tourism Office, Department of Public Works, Environmental Protection Authority, Department of Planning and Budget, Yap Fishing Authority, and WAAB Transportation.

Literature Review

Data for the Atlas were also obtained from published reports of scientific investigations, as applicable. Additionally, the location of previous field work stations were mapped separately by report (e.g. G-1, or W-1). This information supplements the field data collected by the marine survey team and also provides the Atlas user with a quick reference on the source of additional site-specific information. Major contributions to the Atlas are from the "Yap lagoon marine biological survey," by Tsuda, R.H. (Ed.), 1978. Other information was also obtained from the following reports: Falanruw, M.C. et al., 1987, on Yap Proper vegetation; and the Defense Mapping Agency, 1985, for navigational aids. University of Guam studies by Tsuda, R., et al., 1978; Cowan, R.A., Clayshulte, R.N., 1980; Cowan, P.A., 1980; and Cowan, P.A., 1982, provided information on water quality. Reports by Strong, R.D., et al., 1982, and Amesbury, S.S., et al., 1977 list the locations of previous field work stations completed on Yap. The list of references at the end of the text includes complete citations.

Mapping Methods

The atlas' facing page layout shows two different views of Yap's physical and cultural environment. A series of principal thematic maps appears on the right, and a series of reference maps appears on the left page.

The thematic map data were collected in the field using draft copies of U.S. Geological Survey 1:10,000 topographic maps. The data were then recompiled, simplified, and plotted onto reduced draft copies of the U.S. Geological Survey 1:10,000 topographic maps at a scale of approximately 1:13,300. The final product is a series of 2-color maps depicting locations of various types of coastal resources, types of offshore substrates, and locations of the YCRI and other field stations. In addition, all major (existing and potential) development sites have been identified. These include fill and dredge sites, mangrove planting and harvest areas, possible resort locations, channel and harbor modifications, and planned road improvements.

Because the topographic maps concentrate primarily on land features, basemap information for many parts of the reef was collected from other sources and on-site inspections. A change in the color of the basemap linework, from black to blue, indicates the edge of the USGS map.

The reference map pages consist of nine regional maps of the Yap Islands at a scale of approximately 1:40,000. These maps show the location of each thematic map and the YCRI section boundaries used to geographically organize the narrative report (Yap Islands Coastal Resource Inventory, 1988). They are based on a published U.S. Geological Survey 1:25,000 topographic map, except that a shaded relief drawing has been substituted for the contour network to enhance visualization of Yap's rugged high island landscape.

Cross reference between the facing pages, with their contrasting symbolization and scales, provides a framework for evaluating the relationships between resource use and the islands' physical environment.

This atlas should not be used for navigational purposes or as a guide to fishing areas. Its primary purpose is as a planning tool for coastal resource management.

COVER PHOTOGRAPH: Windward ocean reef flat, Yap Islands Proper



YAP **ISLANDS**

Index to **Narrative Sections**

3



4

Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters sd si — Šilt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface rcp
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline White sand beach of sb _
- predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- ٠ Navigational Marker
- 32 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species <-->
- Reef Terrace

Potential Development Site







1 kilometer

5







4

Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
•	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
antites	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
•	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
0	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
0	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
8	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
0	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
- 3	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Goovchaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

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SHORELINE

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VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 32
- Observed Range of Species
- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987 G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980 W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980 W3 WERI Station, 1982
 - 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978
 - 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
 - 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977





1 kilometer

1 mile







8

4

Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
6	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
	Mullet — Quloch, Galaed
*	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
8	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
-	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
-	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
6	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
0	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeg, Oachwog, Oanger, Malmed
	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

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SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
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- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- 1 Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker ٠
- Shipwreck 3
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace** ___
- Potential Development Site







9





10

14

Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

Sediment

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VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed 1 Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 2
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations

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- W3 WERI Station, 1982
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- 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978



1 mile



Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
0	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
-	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
9	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
-	Goatfish - Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
-	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
6	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
0	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
0	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
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VEGETATION COVER

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- Mangrove Forest Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols



- Shipwreck ta
- **Observed Range of Species**
- **Reef Terrace**
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Field Stations





Map 5



13



14

Coastal Resources

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OFFSHORE

Sediment

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51 – 51

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SHORELINE

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VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- 🛥 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
- -- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations





Map 6 0 0 m 7 2 co 6 rcp

1/2 1 mile



16

Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

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VEGETATION COVER

ag	_	Algae	bed
-0		ingue	veu

- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Ja Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
- —— Reef Terrace
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Field Stations







18

Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
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SHORELINE

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- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest A REAL
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 32
- **Observed Range of Species**
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations



Map 8 WACHQELAE ×35 AWVAAY CHOOOL (Village) Mogooleal ×43. (HÁIII) Ferchig)D. Malang Falow rc AALOO andodi 60 (Him) 6 20 C Tafon (Coral Head) Langarow Qan (Hole) Maabuuq rc 02 sclsi Ruunguch

1 mile 1 kilometer

2



Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

Sediment

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VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols



- Shipwreck 30
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations



1 kilometer

.25

.50

1 mile





Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

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SHORELINE

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VEGETATION COVER

ag	-	Algae bed
15		Mangrove Forest

Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 3
- **Observed Range of Species** < >
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site



Field Stations



Map 10

mile





24

Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

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VEGETATION COVER

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Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
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Field Stations





Map 11

1 mile



Coastal Resources



OFFSHORE

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SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
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- and shoreline **sb** — White sand beach of
- predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Ja Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
- —— Reef Terrace

Potential Development Site



Field Stations

53 YCRI Station, 1987
W1 WRRC—14-10 Station, 1980
W2 WRRC—16-1 Station, 1980
W3 WERI Station, 1982

 61
 UOG-45 Station, 1978

 62
 UOG-46 Station, 1978

- 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- G4 UOG-35 Station, 1977



Map 12

3

¹ mile 1 kilometer



Coastal Resources



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VEGETATION COVER

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Other Symbols

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- Potential Development Site







1 kilometer







Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
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1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
0	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
\bigcirc	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
B	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
0	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
9	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters
 si Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- rcp Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface
 rcs Mostly consolidated limestone
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
- co Areas of greater than 50% live coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
 sb — White sand beach of
- predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- Mangrove Forest
 - Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- 8 Navigational Marker
- 🚣 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
 Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

Map 14

1 kilometer

1 mile

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters
 si — Silt
- si 5

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- rcp Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
 co Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- sb White sand beach of predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

ag — Algae bed

Mangrove Forest Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- 🔺 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
- -- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987
- W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980
- W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980
- W3 WERI Station, 1982
- 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978
- 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978

Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
•	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
0	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
3	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
	Goatfish – Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
6	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
0	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
9	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Oanger, Malmeo
3	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters
 si — Silt

51 - 5

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- rcp Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface
 rcs Mostly consolidated limestone
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
 co Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- sb White sand beach of predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

ag	-	Algae	bec
щ.		rugae	Dec

Mangrove Forest Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- 🚁 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
 Reef Terrace

Potential Development Site

Field Stations

1 kilometer

mile

Coastal Resources

•	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
•	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
3	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
-	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
0	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
8	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
•	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters
- si Šilt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- rcp Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
- **co** Areas of greater than 50% live coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- **bc** Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- sb White sand beach of predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Ja Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species
- -- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987
 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980
 W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980
 W3 WERI Station, 1982
- 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978
- 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978

Map 17

1 kilometer

1 mile

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si – Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp _ smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some rs limestone outcrops or boulders **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

ag	-	Algae bed	
		Mangrove Fores	

Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- 3 Shipwreck
- **Observed Range of Species**
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

Map 18

Coastal Resources

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
6	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
~	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
3	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
199	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
0	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
3	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
0	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
0	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
8	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si - Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface
- Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment rcs bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders co – Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- the second Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 1
- **Observed Range of Species**
- Reef Terrace
- 11 Potential Development Site

Field Stations

Map 19

Coastal Resources

0	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
6	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
-	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
~	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
0	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
S	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
9	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
6	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
0	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
8	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
3	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Goovchaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si — Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface
- Mostly consolidated limestone rcs with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders co - Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- Concrete/cement masonry seawall bc and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- Algae bed ag
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

Navigational Marker

- Shipwreck 2
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters
 si Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface rcp
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
- **co** Areas of greater than 50% live coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- Algae bed ag No. Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 2
- Observed Range of Species
- Reef Terrace
- 11 Potential Development Site

3

1 mile

1 kilometer

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si — Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some rs limestone outcrops or boulders co — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- Concrete/cement masonry seawall bc and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed New York Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 3
- Observed Range of Species < >
- **Reef Terrace**
- //Potential Development Site

Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980
- W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980

W3 WERI Station, 1982

- 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978
- 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978

.25 .50 Map 22

mile

6

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters Silt

si —

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface Mostly consolidated limestone
- rcs with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- Complex reef bottom type consistrs ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 1
- **Observed Range of Species**
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

mil

Coastal Resources

•	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
•	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
-	Mullet – Quloch, Galaed
-	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
3	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
	Goatfish - Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
B	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
6	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
0	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
8	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeg, Oachwog, Oanger, Malmer
	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- Sand bottom in water depths less sc than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters Silt
- si —

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations Consolidated limestone, lacking
- rcl sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp —
- smooth, pavement-like surface Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment rcs bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 1
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

Map 24

1/2		1 mile
	1 kilometer	

52

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd _ greater than 10 meters si — Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface rcp _
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some co — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline **bc** Concrete/cement masonry seawall
- and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker ٠
- 31 Shipwreck
- Observed Range of Species < >
- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

53 YCRI Station, 1987 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980 W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980

W3 WERI Station, 1982

G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978 **G2** UOG-46 Station, 1978 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

1 kilometer

1 mile

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si - Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- Consolidated limestone, lacking rcl _ sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface rcp
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
- Areas of greater than 50% live со coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- Concrete/cement masonry seawall bc _ and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

ag	-	Algae bed
1		Mangrove Forest
		Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- 1 Shipwreck
- **Observed Range of Species** ----
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980 W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980 W3 WERI Station, 1982
- [61] UOG-45 Station, 1978 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
- 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

0	1/4	
<u> </u>	25	1
		50

Map 26

1/2	1 mile
1 kilomete	

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- Sand bottom in water depths less sc than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters
- si Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment rcp —
- rcs bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some co – Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck to
- Observed Range of Species
- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

Map 27

5

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- Sand bottom in water depths less sc than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si — Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface rcp —
- Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment rcs bottom
- Complex reef bottom type consistrs ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 1
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

60

Coastal Resources

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters si — Silt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- Consolidated limestone, lacking rcl sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some rs **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- White sand beach of sb _ predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed 1 Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker ٠
- Shipwreck Ja.
- **Observed Range of Species**
- Reef Terrace
- Potential Development Site

Field Stations

- 53 YCRI Station, 1987 G1 UOG-45 Station, 1978 W1 WRRC-14-10 Station, 1980 W2 WRRC-16-1 Station, 1980 W3 WERI Station, 1982
 - 62 UOG-46 Station, 1978 63 UOG-78-4 Station, 1982
 - 64 UOG-35 Station, 1977

Map 29

1/2		1 mile
	1 kilometer	

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- sc Sand bottom in water depths less than 10 meters
- Sand bottom in water depths sd greater than 10 meters Silt
- si —

Reef Complex

- mathematical methods in the second sec with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- Consolidated limestone with a rcp smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consist-ing mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders
 co — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- bb Man-made boulder shoreline
- Concrete/cement masonry seawall bc —
- and shoreline White sand beach of sb —
- predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- 10 Mangrove Forest
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

Navigational Marker

- Shipwreck 30
- Observed Range of Species
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

5

	Grouper — SmaaK'uw, K'uw
-	Parrotfish — Qelbad, Qalaabal, Malngoed, Quchwaq, Gamaygul
•	Surgeonfish — Quum, Maath, Machagwog, Bilaew
ল্বাইন	Mullet — Quloch, Galaed
*	Squirrelfish, Soldierfish — Yooch
3	Rabbitfish — Dayit, Garmiy, Buywod, Darruy, Limreq
6	Goatfish — Manguch, Mbing, Soong
	Rainbow Runner, Fusilier — Thilbuw, Foofow
	Jack — Ngool, M'uul, Qelqel
1	Bream — Qutun, Wachaqmal
	Emperor — Wul', Qoeyeq, Gadgad
0	Angelfish — Qeer, Buloch
0	Wrasse — Numean
Ð	Stickfish, Needlefish — Buuy
0	Triggerfish — Wuuq, Moelngith, Nguuf
	Milkfish — Guuguw, Tangir
1	Rudderfish — Guumiy
8	Eel — Looth
8	Baitfish — Saadiin, Faakeayaan', Liyeq, Qachwog, Qanger, Malmeq
3	Barracuda — Maal'
	Snapper — Gadaw, Gooychaaf

OFFSHORE

Sediment

- Sand bottom in water depths less sc than 10 meters
- sd Sand bottom in water depths greater than 10 meters si - Šilt

Reef Complex

- rc Mixed bottom types consisting of reef rock (limestone) associated with shallow reef formations
- rcl Consolidated limestone, lacking sediment
- rcp Consolidated limestone with a smooth, pavement-like surface
- rcs Mostly consolidated limestone with some (25-50%) sediment bottom
- rs Complex reef bottom type consisting mostly of sand, but with some limestone outcrops or boulders **co** — Areas of greater than 50% live
- coral cover

SHORELINE

- **bb** Man-made boulder shoreline
- bc Concrete/cement masonry seawall and shoreline
- **sb** White sand beach of predominately calcareous material

VEGETATION COVER

- ag Algae bed
- Mangrove Forest 1
- Seagrass Bed

Other Symbols

- Navigational Marker
- Shipwreck 30
- **Observed Range of Species**
- **Reef Terrace**
- Potential Development Site

Acknowledgments

We gratefully acknowledge the help of the following people without whose cooperation the Atlas would not have been produced; Dr. Roger Uwate, Chief, Marine Resources Management Division (MRMD), and his staff for providing essential logistical, diving, boat driver, and other field support; Mr. Paul Paatmag of MRMD for arranging the interview sessions and acting as translator, guide, driver and "allaround-handy-person;" Ms. Charmaigne Price and Mr. Burl Sheldon, Peace Corps Volunteers, for their help in choosing and mapping field survey stations; Mr. Mike Gawel, Chief of Marine Resource for the Federated States of Micronesia, Mr. Mike Molina, Fisheries Specialist, FSM Marine Resources Department, Mr. Barry Smith, University of Guam Sea Grant Extension Service, for taking time for their busy schedules to participate in the dive surveys and provide notes on many of the fishes and invertebrates found; Dr. Roy Tsuda, Dr. Valerie Paul, and Dr. Steven Nelson, University of Guam Marine Laboratory for identifying marine algae at our survey stations during their survey work in Yap; Mrs. Margie Falanruw for helping us to understand the culture and people of Yap; and Daniel Dannged, Leo Siyou, and Falay, boatmen extraordinaire, for their hard work.

We would especially like to thank the Fishermen of Yap Proper who agreed to participate in the fisheries interview process. They include: Louis Sopluw, Waayan, and Libyan of Rumung; Falagurang, G. Rabee, Marimed, and Minginfal of Dalipeebinaew; Funugchel, Yuwun, Thaley, Liyey, Fas, Keufal, Tanag, Waayan, Falag, and Falan of Gilmaan; Anow, Magar, Sawayog, Folbuw, Nruw, Faimau, Forong, Datmag, Yinrow, Gubung, Ruot, Gasag, Fanathin, Kanang, and Alex of Kanifaay; Yilon, Kaded, and Jesus Betmag of Ruul; Gililang, Falamar, Funugmar, Beengin, and Paatmag of Fanif and Weeloey; Moofal, Tamngig, Tamagchoy, Reunechugract, Falmeyog, and Gilmoon of Tamil; Louis Patmag and Manefel of Gagil; and Kenrick, Yow and Tomaq of Maap.

We would especially like to acknowledge Dr. James Maragos, U.S. Corps of Engineers, for all of his help in making this project a success — from making the initial contacts with Yap State Authorities through taking part in the field work.

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