SH 222 .A4 F67 1975

FOREIGN FISHING ACTIVITIES ERING SEA AND GULF OF ALASKA 1975

The same of the sa

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE
LAW ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
JUNEAU, ALASKA

FOREIGN FISHING ACTIVITIES BERING SEA AND GULF OF ALASKA 1975

LIBRARY

MAY 2 0 2005

National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration U.S. Dept. of Commerce

National Marine Fisheries Service Law Enforcement Branch Juneau, Alaska November 1978

SH 222 , A4 F67

I. CONTENTS

		Page
II.	LIST OF FIGURES	iii
III.	LIST OF TABLES	iv
IV.	LIST OF APPENDIXES	vi
٧.	INTRODUCTION	vii
VI.	FOREIGN FISHING ACTIVITIES	1
VII.	FISHERY PATROL ACTIVITIES	9
VIII.	NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES AGREEMENTS	12
IX.	FOREIGN NATIONS - U.S. GEAR CONFLICTS	21
Х.	SOVIET FISHING OPERATIONS	22
	Groundfish Trawl Fishery	25
	Gulf of Alaska	25 26 27
	Flounder Fishery Herring Fishery Shrimp Fishery Crab Fishery Whaling	28 29 30 31 33
XI.	JAPANESE FISHING OPERATIONS	34
	Groundfish Trawl Fishery	36
	<pre>Independent Trawler Operation</pre>	
	Longline Fishery Herring Fishery Salmon Fishery Snail Fishery Crab Fishery Whaling	39 40 42 43

CONTENTS cont'd

		Page
XII.	SOUTH KOREAN FISHING OPERATIONS	47
	Groundfish Trawl Fishery	47 50
XIII.	TAIWANESE FISHING OPERATIONS	51
	Groundfish Fishery	51 51 53
XIV.	POLISH FISHING OPERATIONS	. 54
XV.	TABLES	56
XVI.	APPENDIX	57
XVII.	REFERENCES	58

II. FIGURES

Figure Number	<u>Title</u>
1	Alaskan Fishing Areas for all Nations Landing Groundfish - 1975
2	Alaskan Fishing Areas for all Nations Landing Salmon, Herring, Flounder and Crab - 1975
3	Alaskan Fishing Areas for all Nations Landing Sablefish - 1975
4A	Total Number of Foreign Fishing Vessels off Alaska, 1974 - 1975
4B	Number of Foreign Fishing Vessels off Alaska by Nation - 1975
4C	Number of Foreign Fishing Vessels off Alaska by Nation - 1974
5A	U.S USSR Fisheries Agreement Concerning the U.S. Contiguous Fishery Zone off Alaska - July 1975
5B	Soviet Eastern Bering Sea Non-trawling Areas 1975-1976
6A	U.S Poland Fisheries Agreement - May 1975
6B	U.S Poland Fisheries Agreement - December 1975
7A	U.S Japan Fisheries Agreements concerning the U.S. Contiguous Fishery Zone off Alaska - December 1974
7B	Japanese Domestic Regulations, Non-trawling Areas - 1975-1976
8	U.S. Republic of Korea (South Korea) Fisheries Agreement, November 1972
9	History of Conventions, Laws, and Agreements Enforced in Alaskan Waters
10	Soviet Fishing Areas off Alaska, 1975
11	Eastern Bering Sea Crab Quotas for 1975 and 1976 Established by U.S Japan Agreement December 1974 and by U.S USSR Crab Agreement - July 1975

Figure Number	<u>Title</u>
12	Japanese Fishing Areas off Alaska, 1975
13	Japanese Crab Fishing Areas, 1975
14	South Korean Fishing Areas off Alaska, 1975
15	Taiwanese Fishing Areas off Alaska, 1975
16	Polish Fishing Areas off Alaska, 1975

III. TABLES

Table Number	<u>Title</u>
1	Foreign Fishing Vessels off Alaska Region by General Type and Total Catch, 1972-1975
2	Total Number of Foreign Vessels by Month Comparing 1974 to 1975
3	Foreign Effort (Vessel Days) Comparison by Vessel Type, Nation and Area, 1974-1975
4	Joint Coast Guard - NMFS Alaska Fisheries Patrols, 1960-1975
5	Summary of U.S. Coast Guard Surface Patrols - 1975
6	Summary of U.S. Coast Guard Aerial Patrols - 1975
7	International Fisheries Agreements and United States Laws Enforced by U.S. Fisheries Patrols - 1975
8	Boardings of Foreign Fishing Vessels, 1975
9	Violations of U.S. Territorial Waters, 1975
10	Violations of U.S. Contiguous Fishery Zone, 1975
11	Violations of International Fisheries Agreements, 1975
12	Estimated Composition and Distribution of Soviet Fishing Fleets by Month, 1975
13	Soviet Catch Data for the Alaska Region Comparing 1974 to 1975
14	Estimated Composition and Distribution of Japan Fishing Fleets by Month, 1975
15	Japanese Eastern Bering Sea Crab Fisheries Statistics, 1964-1975

IV. APPENDIX

Appendix Number	<u>Title</u>
1	General Chart of Areas Referred to in Text
2	General Description of Fish Products Made Aboard Foreign Vessels Fishing Alaska Region
3	List of Soviet Vessels in Alaskan Region, 1975
4	List of Japanese Vessels in Alaskan Region, 1975
5	List of South Korean Vessels in Alaskan Region, 1975
6	List of Taiwanese Vessels in Alaskan Region, 1975
7	List of Polish Vessels in Alaskan Region, 1975

V. INTRODUCTION

The annual Foreign Fishing Activities for the Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska - 1975 is a comprehensive review of foreign fishing activities, surveillance of those activities by the National Marine Fisheries Service (Department of Commerce) and United States Coast Guard (Department of Transportation), and general summary of enforcement activities and governing laws for the Alaska region. This report was prepared by:

National Marine Fisheries Service

Law Enforcement Branch
P.O. Box 1668

Juneau, Alaska 99802

All information is presented from surveillance data, enforcement proceedings, and reports generated by both foreign and domestic sources.

Description of the general Alaskan region and target species landed are presented in Appendix 1 and 2.

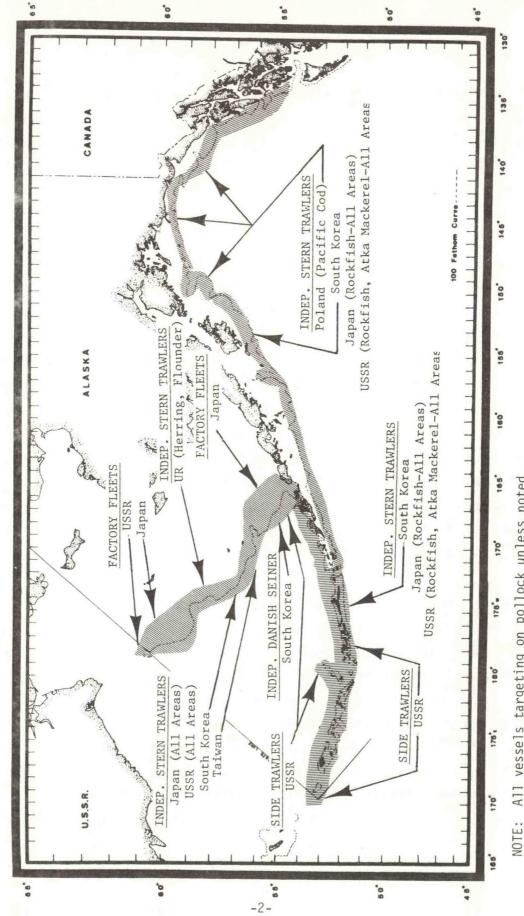
VI. FOREIGN FISHING ACTIVITIES

1975 foreign fishing activities in the Alaska region once again produced a massive effort landing a variety of groundfish, salmon and crab species (Figs. 1, 2 & 3). As in years past, the major effort was directed to the Bering Sea and the walleye pollock. Despite the continued strong showing, the entire foreign fleet was down from the previous year in 1974 (Table 1).

Several nations fished Alaskan waters throughout the year. These included Japan, the Soviet Union, South Korea, Taiwan and Poland. Japan and the Soviet Union were again the dominant fishing power, landing 97 percent of the total foreign catch, while South Korea landed approximately 1-1/2 percent and the remaining two nations taking the final 1-1/2 percent. The total foreign fleet numbered 976 vessels, down from 1,259 vessels in 1974. The maximum number of foreign vessels in the Alaska region occurred in the June-July period when 627 vessels were fishing (Figs. 4A, 4B & 4C and Table 2). The 22 percent decrease in the total number of foreign vessels was responsible for the 11 percent decrease in maximum number of vessels during the peak fishing period. A total of 59,367 vessel days were used by the foreign fishermen for an average of 109 fishing days for each fishing vessel in the Alaska region.

Fishing was conducted by several types of vessels (Table 3). Independent stern trawlers were used by all nations to land their major portion of the total catch. Ninty per cent of the total foreign effort was made by stern trawlers, with 47 percent of that total done by stern trawlers less than 1500 gross tons. Japanese trawlers accounted for 64 percent of the stern trawler effort. Factoryship fleets made up 3 percent of the total foreign catch; again the Japanese accounting for about two-thirds of the total effort. Longliners and herring gillnet vessels contributed 7 percent. The distribution of effort in the Alaska region by all nations was 73 percent in the Bering Sea, 8 percent in the Aleutians, and 19 percent in the Gulf of Alaska.

Figure 1. Alaskan Fishing Areas for all Nations Landing Groundfish - 1975



E: All vessels targeting on pollock unless noted where pollock also landed but not as a primary target species.

Figure 2.

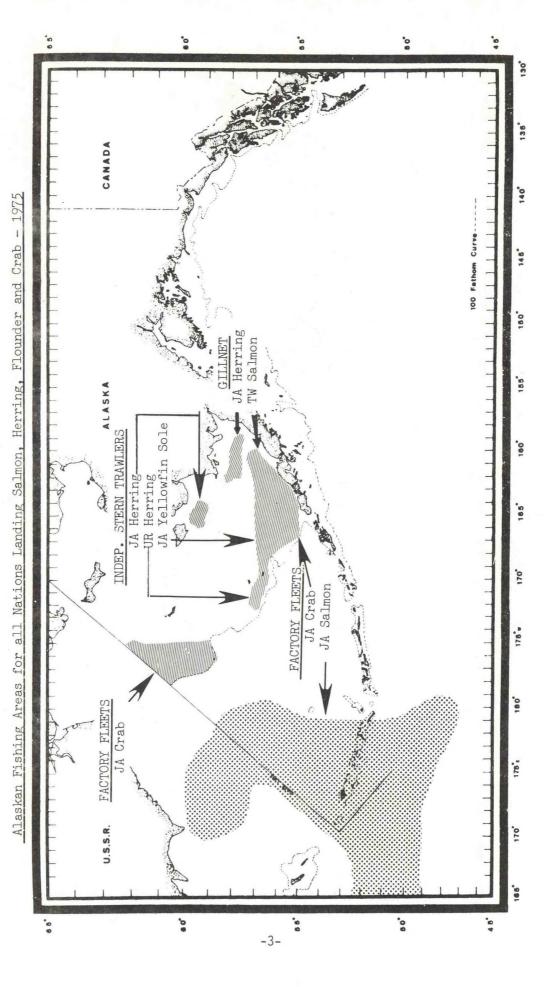
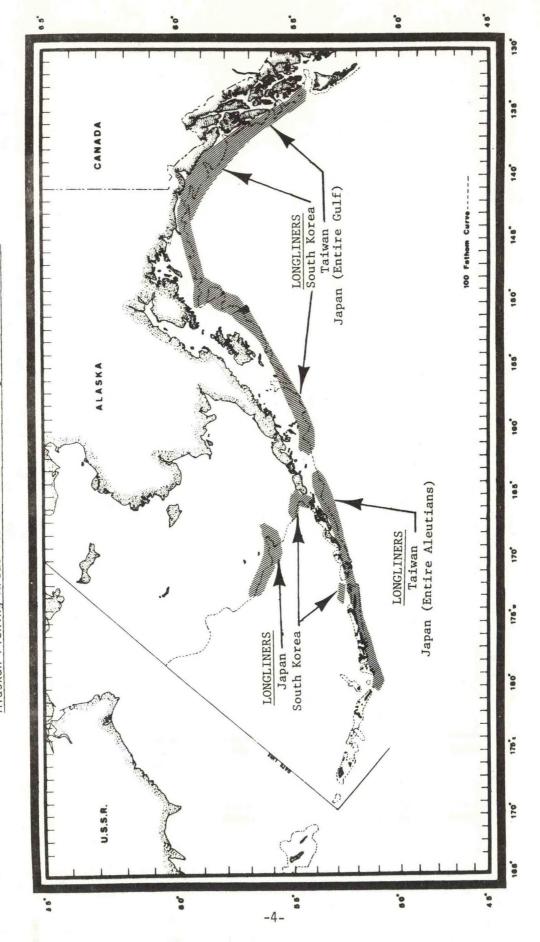
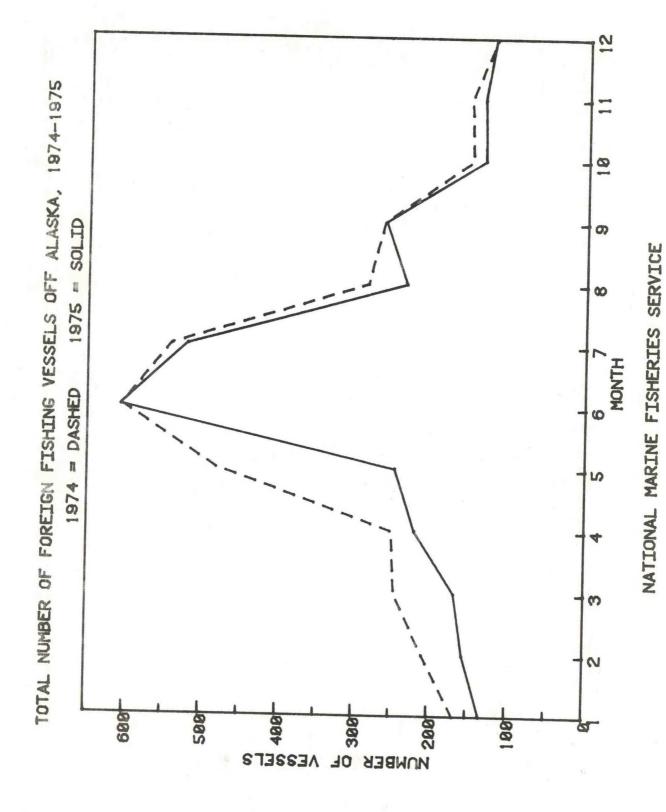
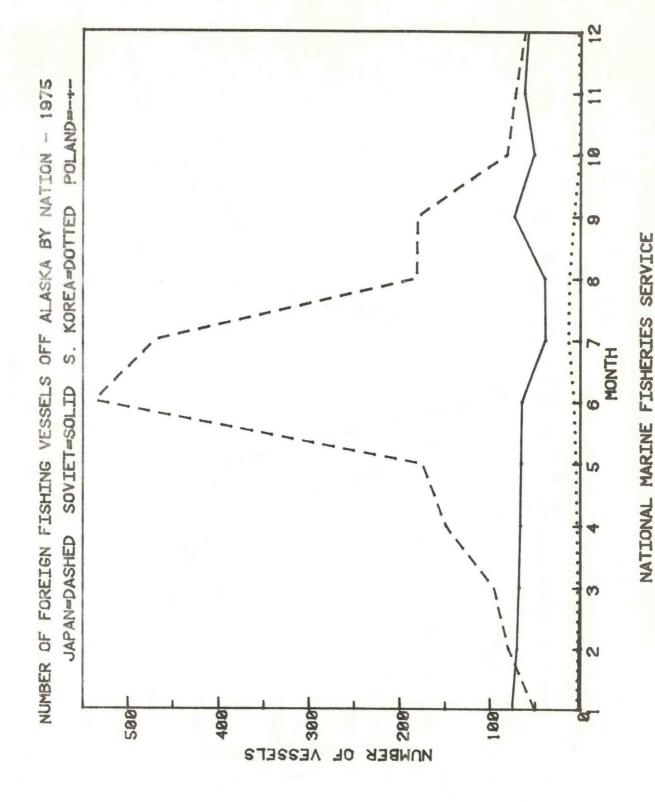


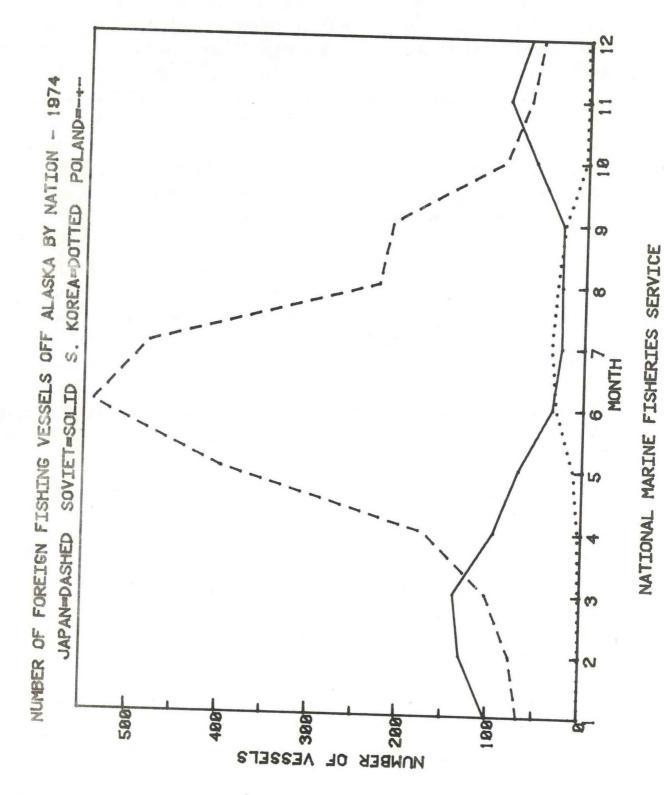
Figure 3. Alaskan Fishing Areas for all Nations Landing Sablefish - 1975







-6-



The foreign fleet changed moderately in 1975 compared to 1974. Japan maintained a versatile effort, landing a variety of species in all areas. Due to reduced king crab quotas, no Japanese king crab landings were made in the eastern Bering Sea in 1975. The Soviets eliminated the annual flounder factory fleet off of Kodiak, as well as the entire shrimp fishery. At the same time the Soviets cut the Bering Sea trawl fleet nearly in half, while dramatically expanding operations in the Aleutians. South Korean eliminated its Bering Sea factory fleet while slicing in half the total South Korean effort and total catch from 1974 levels. Poland expanded to three trawlers, up from the initial entry by one trawler into the Alaskan region in December 1974. (Poland was restricted to fishing only the Gulf of Alaska.) Taiwan was the last foreign participant in 1975, starting an Alaskan fishery for the first time with one longliner and one trawler.

Foreign fisheries statistics show a 15 percent reduction in total catch landed by all nations. Approximately 1.94 million metric tons of fish were caught. Ninty-five per cent of the total landings were groundfish, with 73 percent of those taken by the Japanese. Specific fisheries for blackcod and herring added 2 percent and miscellaneous species of salmon and crab completed the remaining 1 percent. In 1975, groundfish landings were the same percentage of the total catch as 1974, but in 1974 the Japanese portion was 9 percent more at 82 percent of the total foreign catch. Target species by nation were:

	Soviet	Japan	Taiwan	South Korea	Poland
Herring	Х	x			
Rockfish	Х	X	Х	х	х
Pollock	Х	х	Х	X	
Flounder		x			
Atka Mackerel	×				
Pacific Cod					Х
Sablefish		X	X	X	
Tanner Crab		×			
Salmon		X	Х		

NOTE: This does not include incidental catch of other species; detailed information on all nations and individual fisheries are presented in the following sections.

VII. FISHERY PATROL ACTIVITIES

United States fishery patrols in the North Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea off Alaska in 1975 were conducted jointly by the National Marine Fisheries Service Marine Enforcement Branch and the United States Coast Guard (Table 4). There were 14 enforcement agents deployed aboard U.S. Coast Guard platforms throughout 1975, with those vessels covering 142,747 miles by ship and 356,916 miles by aircraft; a decrease of 28,109 miles from 1974 by aircraft and an increase of 28,430 miles by ship (Tables 5 & 6). Seven hundred forty-two ship days were used compared to 593 ship days in 1974. There were 5,450 sightings of foreign fishing vessels - a decrease of 761 over 1974. As in previous years, patrols performed dual missions: (1) maintained surveillance of foreign fisheries contiguous to Alaska; and (2) enforced 13 separate international fisheries agreements and associated U.S. laws (Table 7).

Aerial patrols were conducted by H-3 helicopters from the Coast Guard Air Stations at Annette Island and Kodiak, and by C-130 (Lockheed Hercules) turbo prop aircraft from the Coast Guard Air Station on Kodiak Island. Surface patrols were conducted by Coast Guard Cutters MONROE, CAMPBELL, MELLON, BOUTWELL, MIDGETT, JARVIS, RUSH, VENTUROUS, RESOLUTE, STORIS, CONFIDENCE, PLAINTREE, SEDGE and SWEETBRIER. Shipborne helicopters increased their role aboard 378-foot Coast Guard cutters. They made 95 flights for a total of 175.4 flight hours. The first H-52 helicopter was delivered to the Coast Guard Cutter MONROE in mid-December.

One hundred sixty-nine boardings were made on 99 different foreign vessels (Table 8). Of the reported boarding types, 64 were enforcement boardings and 105 were courtesy boardings, broken down as follows:

Foreign Vessel Boardings

N	A	T	I	0	N
_	_	_	_	_	_

BOARDING TYPE

	Enforcement	Courtesy	TOTALS
Soviet Union	10	32	42
Japan	49	46	95
South Korea	5	10	15
Taiwan	0	11	11
Poland	0	3	3
Canada	0	3	3
TOTAL BOARDINGS:	64	105	169

Ten violations of the U.S. law and international fisheries agreements were prosecuted in 1975. Enforcement actions in three cases required seizure of the violating vessels. Settlements for all ten actions rendered penalties including fines in excess of 1.75 million dollars, forfeitures of catch, and in one case, forfeiture of an entire vessel.

Two Japanese vessels were found in violation of U.S. territorial waters (Table 9). Of these, one longliner was spotted fishing 1.7 miles off Great Sitkin Island in the central Aleutians, and one stern trawler sighted 2.5 miles off Khvostof Island in the western Aleutians. Both vessels were seized. Settlement of civil charges included forfeiture of vessel and catch by the longliner plus \$8,000 fine, and \$450,000 fine against the stern trawler.

Three violations of the U.S. contiguous fishery zone were prosecuted, resulting in one seizure and fines reaching 1.25 million dollars (Table 10). A South Korean stern trawler was identified 7.9 miles off of Seal Rock in the western Gulf of Alaska. Fines totaling \$415,000 were levied. A Taiwanese longliner was sighted 8.6 miles off Cape Edgecumbe in southeast Alaska and later civil prosecution levied a \$230,000 penalty for the violation. The third violation of the contiguous fishery zone was by a Japanese stern trawler 8.5 miles off Amlia Island in the central Aleutians. This vessel was seized and paid fines of \$600,000.

Five violations of international fisheries agreements were investigated in 1975 (Table 11). One of the violations was charged against a Soviet medium stern trawler sighted trawling in a fixed gear area off Kodiak Island. The vessel was notified of the violation against the U.S.-Soviet bilateral fishery agreement and case documentation was forwarded to Washington, D.C. for possible protest to the USSR.

During 1975 the United States continued participation in 10 separate international fisheries agreements and added one with late in the year revisions for the government of Poland (Table 7). Agreements by the Soviet Union for crab and groundfish fisheries in the contiguous fishery zone (CFZ) were renegotiated with incorporation of the former Kodiak area agreement into the new CFZ agreements (Figs. 5A & 5B). The Canadian CFZ agreement was extended another year. A new agreement was reached with the government of Poland in May and upon renegotiation in December, was extended until January 1977 (Figs. 6A & 6B). In that agreement, Poland was limited to fishing solely in the Gulf of Alaska. Japan had renegotiated two-year agreements for fish and crab fisheries in December 1974 (Fig. 7A). Japan additionally imposed domestic regulations on groundfish trawling in the Bering Sea (Fig. 7B). An extensive review of changes in the new Japanese agreements were presented in the 1974 annual report prepared by the National Marine Fisheries Service Enforcement Branch, Juneau, Alaska. The South Korean fisheries agreement of 1972 remained in effect (Fig. 8). Multi-national conventions continuing throughout 1975 included the Fur Seal Convention (1911). Halibut Convention (1924), Whaling Convention (1937), and the International North Pacific Fisheries Convention (1953). A complete list of laws and conventions enforced during 1975 is presented in Figure 9 and Table 7.

Figure 5A.

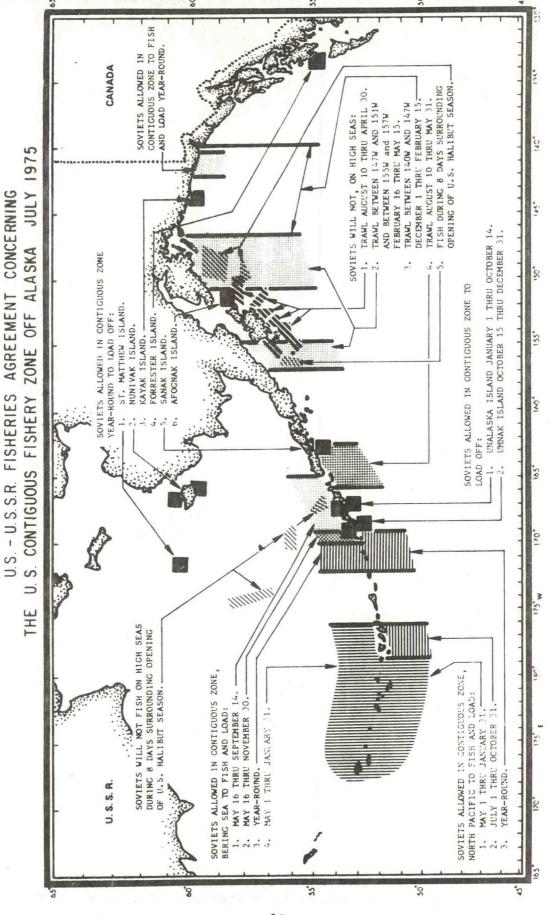
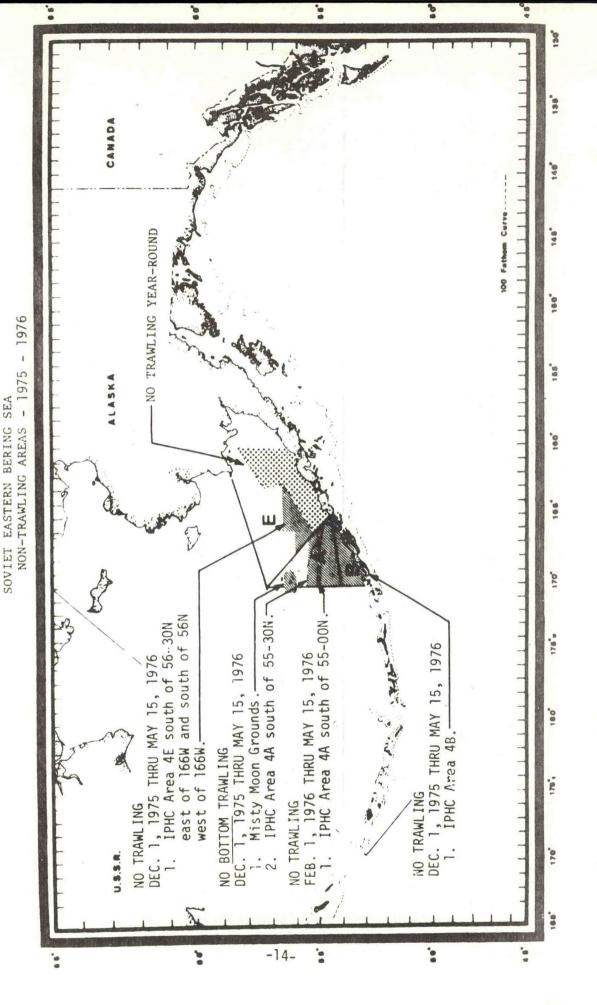
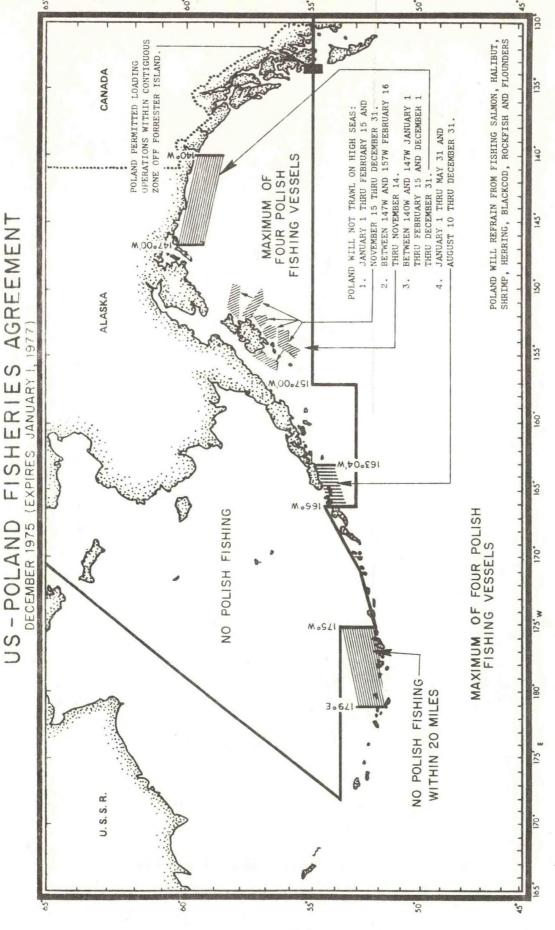


Figure 5B.



POLAND REPAITTED LOADING OPERATIONS WITHEN SONTIGIOUS POLAND WILL REFRAIN FROM FISHING ZONE OFF FORRESTER : SLAND. SALMON HALIBUT OR SHRIMP CANADA MAXIMUM OF FOUR POLISH OPENING OF T.S. HALIBUT SEASON.
BETWEEN 140°W and 14°°W DECEMBER 1
THRE DECEMBER 1. FISHING VESSELS PAYS STRROUNDING -MAY 1975 ALASKA U.S.-POLAND FISHERIES AGREEMENT M. 60. 291 NO POLISH FISHING M.991 MAXIMUM OF ELEVEN POLISH FISHING VESSELS 3.621 NO POLISH FISHING WITHIN 20 MILES U. S. S. R.

Figure 6A.



THE U.S. CONTIGUOUS FISHERY ZONF OFF ALASKA -- DECEMBER 1974 11.S. - JAPAN FISHERIES AGREEMENTS CONCERNING

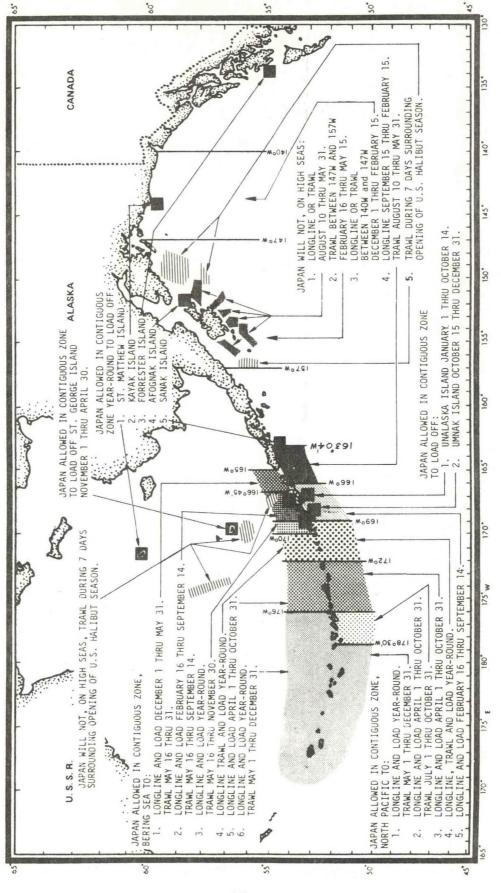
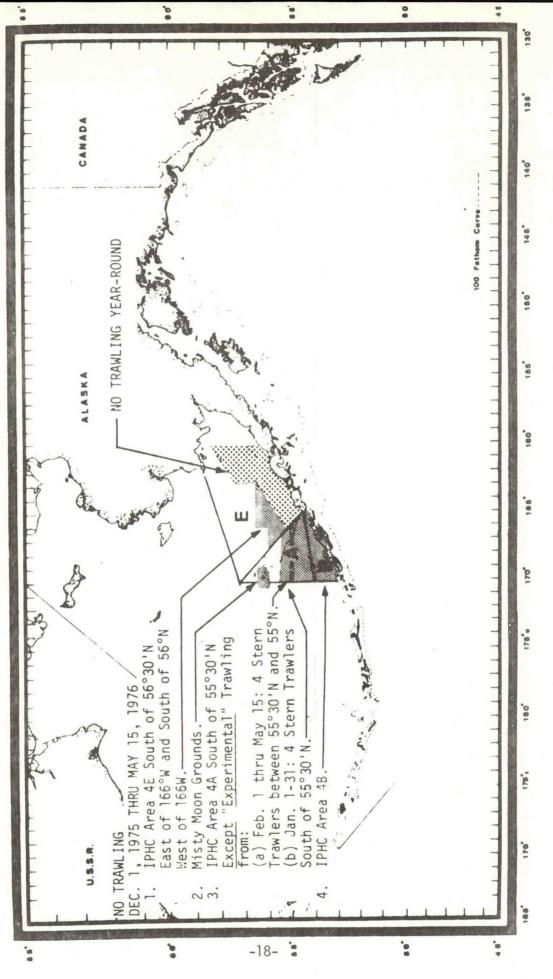


Figure 7B.

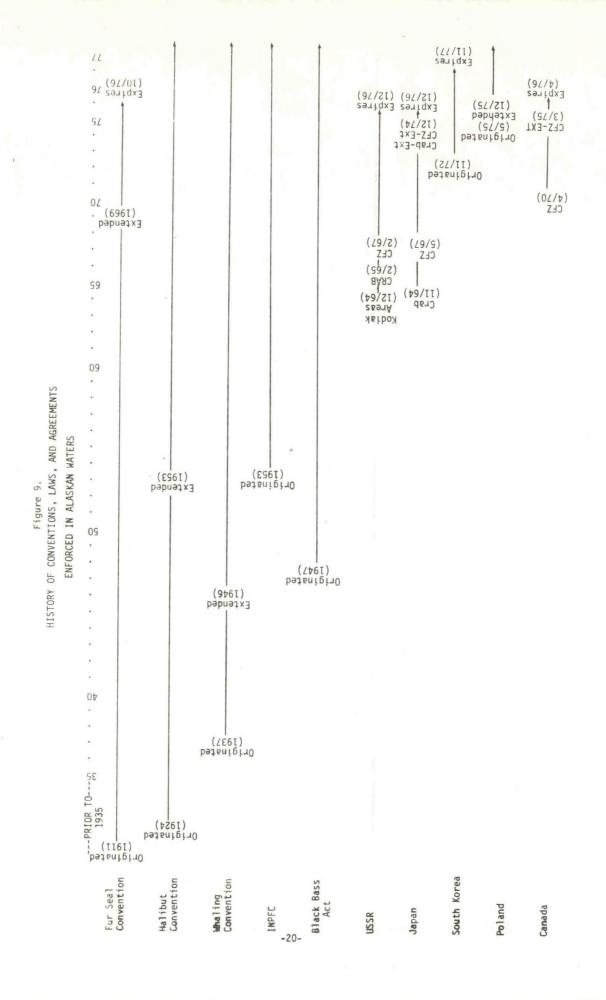
JAPANESE DOMESTIC REGULATIONS NON-TRAWLING AREAS - (1975 - 1976)



CANADA 135 KOREA PERMITTED LOADING WITHIN U.S. CONTIGUOUS FISHERY ZONE OFF:
1. ST. MATTHEW ISLAND
2. ST. GEORGE ISLAND
3. UNALASKA ISLAND 140 145 150 ALASKA 155° NOVEMBER 1972 160 165 170 WOSTI KOREA WILL REFRAIN FROM FISHING SALMON OR HALIBUT EAST OF 175°W IN THE BERING SEA AND NORTHEASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN U. S. S. R. 55° -19-

Figure 8.

U. S. -REPUBLIC OF KOREA (SOUTH KOREA) FISHERIES AGREEMENT



IX. FOREIGN NATIONS -U.S. GEAR CONFLICTS

Several gear conflict settlement actions were initiated during 1975. These included two new gear losses reported within the Gulf of Alaska and several cases from prior years. Of the two new conflicts reported during 1975, one was by the fishing vessel BERGEN, who reportedly lost five skates of longline gear and related equipment on July 13, 1975. The loss was estimated at \$1,099.38 and was pressed against two Soviet vessels which were in the area at the time. The U.S.-Soviet Claims Board reviewed the case and settled in favor of the claimant for a total value of \$970.00. The second conflict was reported by fishing vessel NORTHERN, who lost longline gear amounting to 17 skates with related equipment. Total claim loss against the Japanese fishing vessel SHINSEI MARU NO. 7 was \$2,500. At year's end, no final action had transpired on this case.

Old cases presented to the U.S.-Soviet Claims Board included four cases from 1970 and four cases from 1971, all involving U.S. crab vessels. All cases were referred back to the claimants for further clarification before the case could be settled. At year's end, these cases were still pending.

X. SOVIET FISHING OPERATIONS

The Soviet Union conducted its 1975 fisheries off Alaska (Fig. 10) similar to previous years with two major changes. As in the past,

Soviet groundfish trawling operated generally near the 100-fathom curve throughout the Bering Sea, Aleutians and Gulf of Alaska. The annual herring fishery augmented the groundfish operations, and as since 1971, there was no Soviet crab fishery in the eastern Bering Sea.

The Soviets altered their fishery by eliminating a fleet of side trawlers supported by a factory ship which had fished for flounder and pollock off of Kodiak Island. Former catches by this fishery included a significant number of halibut. A second elimination extracted the shrimp side trawlers from operation in the Gulf of Alaska; the first such action since the onset of the shrimp fishery in 1964.

Alaskan waters supported between 50 and 75 vessels per month during all but July and August (Table 12). A total of 261 Soviet ships composed of 26 factoryships, 107 stern trawlers (82 percent BMRTS), 104 side trawlers, 5 research and patrol vessels and 19 support ships were present in Alaskan waters. This was a reduction of 187 vessels from 1974. Identity by class of the individual ships engaged in the fishery off Alaska in 1975 is listed in Appendix 3.

The Soviet catch off Alaska for 1975 is estimated at 468,000 metric tons, although data supplied by the Soviets indicate a total catch of approximately 455,000 metric tons (Table 13). Of the reported Soviet catch, 56 percent was pollock, 12 percent flatfish, 12 percent Atka mackerel and cod fish, 10 percent rockfish, 6 percent miscellaneous species, and 4 percent herring.

The shift in vessel emphasis was not apparent in the catch data from the Bering Sea, Aleutian and Gulf of Alaska areas. In these three areas the catch was distributed 76 percent, 6 percent, and 17 percent respectively by weight of total landings. Although the distribution remained as in

138 CANADA 140 ALL GULF Rockfish Pollock Atka Mackerel 100 Fathom Curve --160 ALASKA SIDE TRAWLERS - Flounder Herring Pollock 180 INDEP. STERN TRAWLERS FACTORY FLEETS
Pollock Atka Mackerel Rockfish 170 176 w SIDE TRAWLERS Follock FRockfish 180 STERN TRAWLERS Arrowtooth Flounder Sablefish 178 . Rockfish Pollock U.S.S.R. 170 INDEP. 00 . 8 . 8 80° -23-

FIGURE 10 -- SOVIET FISHING AREAS OFF ALASKA, 1975

1974, there was a 15 percent reduction in total catch by the Soviets in the Alaska region. This decrease was largely reflected in the pollock and herring landings. Despite these decreases, there were increases to the cod and Atka mackerel landings of 28 percent or greater. In 1975 the annual flounder factory fleet was eliminated. Halibut landings were made as incidental catch to the groundfish trawl fishery, comprising less than one half of one percent of all fish landed. Of the species fished only herring did not reach 100 percent of the allowable quota under the 1975 U.S.-USSR fisheries agreement. In total, the Alaskan catch represented 65 percent of the 701,383 metric tons landed by the Soviets on the Pacific Coast of the United States in 1975, compared to 87 percent of the total catch in 1974.

GROUNDFISH TRAWL FISHERY

Soviet groundfish operations remain distributed throughout the Alaska region generally as in the past two years. Several groundfish species were fished mostly near the Continental Shelf edge in the Gulf of Alaska, along the Aleutian Island chain, and in the Bering Sea. The 1975 total catch of 454,908 metric tons was distributed 76 percent 6 percent, and 17 percent respectively in the three areas, and took a total effort of 18,844 vessel days or 51 1/2 years worth of days. Total groundfish landings were down 15 percent from 1974. A 30 percent reduction to the pollock landing accounted for most of the decrease, while increases to flatfish, Pacific cod and Atka mackerel landings reduced the effects of the lower pollock catches. There was only a 12 percent decrease in the number of vessel days in 1975 from 1974 (Table 3).

Gulf of Alaska

Soviet groundfish trawling in the Gulf of Alaska was conducted by stern trawlers concentrated mainly along the Continental Shelf edge. A major portion of the fishing effort was on Albatross and Portlock Banks near Kodiak Island. During March, May and August a few vessels fished near Chirikof, Sanak and Shumagin Islands in the western Gulf of Alaska. During July, a few ships operated near Kayak and Middleton Islands in the central Gulf of Alaska. The effort was fairly constant with 5 to 10 trawlers, except during February and September when the number of vessels increased to 20. Those increases reflected the passage of vessels to and from the Hake Fishery off the Pacific Northwest coast. Principle species taken in the Gulf of Alaska were rockfish, pollock and Atka mackerel. Almost 4,000 vessels days were used to land a total Gulf of Alaska catch of 78,981 metric tons, an amount very similar to 1974 total landings for the area. Fifteen percent of the total Soviet-Alaskan catch was landed by 21 percent of the total vessel days expended in the Alaskan region within the Gulf of Alaska.

Bering Sea

The Bering Sea experienced a 43 percent reduction in large Soviet stern trawlers but continued to take approximately 80 percent of the total Soviet-Alaskan catch. The total Bering Sea-Soviet fleet effort was reduced by 28 percent from 1974 (Table 3).

Soviet trawling for groundfish in the Bering Sea was again conducted primarily in two areas: (1) in the eastern Bering Sea north of the Fox Islands in the eastern Aleutians; and (2) in the central Bering Sea northwest of the Pribilof Islands. The principle species taken were arrowtooth flounder, sablefish, rockfish and pollock in the eastern Bering Sea, and pollock in the central Bering Sea. The central Bering Sea fishery was continuous throughout the year and was conducted by side trawlers and stern trawlers. The fishery in the eastern Bering Sea was also continuous but was conducted principally by side trawlers. The number of vessels present simultaneously in the groundfish fishery ranged from 10 to 75. The peak months were March, April, May, June and September, averaging 60 vessels. February, July and August averaged 30 vessels, while only 10 vessels fished in January.

While the Soviet-Bering Sea fleet continued to land over three-quarters of the Soviet-Alaskan catch, the total effort spent was down from 1974. The largest decrease effort was by large stern trawlers reduced by 45 percent from 5,187 vessel days to 2,933 vessel days. Small trawlers were reduced 21 percent and factoryships by 14 percent.

Soviet-Bering Sea landings were reduced only slightly from 1974. Incidental halibut landings increased slightly, but remained less than one-half of 1 percent of the total Bering Sea catch. Flatfish and Pacific cod catches increased by 20 percent or more. Atka mackerel landings were made in quantity for the first time totaling 462 metric tons. These species made up 21 percent of the Bering Sea landings. The major target species, pollock, was reduced by 32 percent to 209,957 metric tons. The total Bering Sea production of 347,318 metric tons accounted for 76 percent of the total Alaskan catch, and 50 percent of the entire Pacific catch made by the Soviet Union.

Aleutian Chain

Unlike 1974, the Soviet trawling along the Aleutian chain showed a significant increase. Large increased catches of Atka mackerel and rockfish reflected the change. Soviet trawling along the Aleutian Islands was conducted mainly by stern trawlers in three principle areas. The areas south of the Fox Islands were fished by three trawlers from late March through late April, and by one vessel in May. The Sequam-Amukta Islands area in the central Aleutians had a small fishery by four vessels in late August and mid-September. A new fishery was initiated along Petrel Bank in the western Aleutians by about 20 vessels in August and it increased steadily to 38 vessels by the end of September.

An increase to 2,226 vessel days in 1975 from 21 in 1974 resulted in increased catch landings. Pollock landings were down over 11,000 metric tons to 9,874 metric tons, but Atka mackerel and rockfish catches boomed.

Atka mackerel catches were up from 1,377 metric tons to 6,377 metric tons, an increase of 460 percent. Rockfish landings were up an incredible 1400 percent to 11,877 metric tons. These totals forged an increase from 3 percent to 42 percent of the respective total landings in 1974 and 1975 by the Soviet-Alaskan fleet in the Aleutian area compared to total landings in the area. The total Aleutian catch was up over 3,200 metric tons to 28,609 metric tons, or 6 percent of the total Soviet-Alaskan catch. The massive increase in vessel days spent in the Aleutians netted the Soviets 50 percent of the total foreign catch landed in the Aleutian area.

Flounder Fishery

The winter flounder fishery began in early 1975 and continued throughout the year. The major change in the fishery was the elimination of the annual factory fleet effort off of Kodiak Island. This eliminated 98 vessel days from the effort exerted on flatfish. Ninety-five percent of the total flatfish catch came from the Bering Sea and overall accounted for most of the 22 percent increase in total flatfish landings by the Soviets in the Alaska region.

With the elimination of the annual factory fleet off of Kodiak, flatfish landings were made by trawlers targeting on other species such as pollock. These trawlers operated basically along the 200-meter depth contour in all waters in the Alaska region. The fishing season for flatfish thus aligns with that of the Soviet groundfish trawl fishery off Alaska.

Despite the loss of the factory ship fleet, total flatfish landings increased 22 percent over 1974. Flatfish landings increased by 30 percent in the Bering Sea, up to 49,800 metric tons, while increasing slightly in the Gulf of Alaska. Catches in the Aleutians were off slightly. Parallel to flatfish landings, the Bering Sea halibut landings increased by 14 metric tons to 137 metric tons. Gulf of Alaska halibut landings dropped off by 10 metric tons to 50 metric tons, and the Aleutian halibut catch dropped from 4 metric tons to 3 metric tons for all of 1975. Total incidental halibut landings by the Soviets in the Alaska region amounted to less than one half of 1 percent of the total Soviet catch. The total flatfish catch for the Soviets during 1975 in the Alaska region was 52,443 metric tons; up 11,213 metric tons from 1974.

Herring Fishery

The Soviets continued their annual winter herring fishery north and west of the Pribilof Islands in the central Bering Sea. The 1975 herring fishery began in early December 1974 and extended to mid-February, 1975, about two months shorter than in 1974. The fleet increased to 45 vessels by mid-December, but utilized only 50 vessels maximum during the brief season, compared to 78 during 1974. The number of ships present simultaneously varied from 42 to 50.

It is estimated that the 1975 herring expedition caught approximately 30,000 metric tons as compared to 50,000 metric tons in 1974. This catch was landed primarily in the central Bering Sea near the Continental Shelf edge. Some trawlers fishing westward in the central Bering Sea along the Continental Shelf edge caught other species in addition to herring, primarily Alaska pollock. During the second week of February, the herring expedition ended and the fleet shifted to the groundfish fishery.

Shrimp Fishery

The Soviets did not conduct a shrimp fishery in the Alaskan area during 1975. The last Soviet shrimp fishery expedition occurred from January to March in 1974, and took approximately 2,000 metric tons of shrimp. This was the first time since 1964 that the Soviets did not have a shrimp fishery in the Alaska region.

Crab Fishery

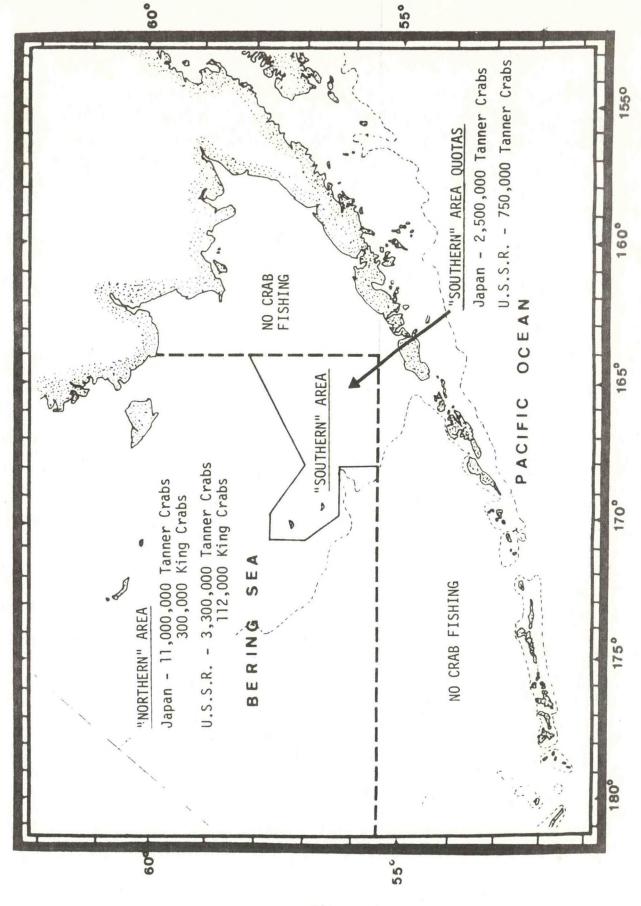
Again in 1975 the Soviet Union failed to initiate a crab fishery in Alaskan waters. There has been no Soviet crab fishery in the Alaskan area since 1971. Established crab quotas for the Soviets are shown in Figure 11.

Figure 11.

EASTERN BERING SEA CRAB QUOTAS FOR 1975 AND 1976

ESTABLISHED BY U.S.-JAPAN CRAB AGREEMENT DECEMBER 1974

AND BY U.S.-U.S.S.R. CRAB AGREEMENT JULY 1975



Whaling

No Soviet whaling activities occurred in Alaskan waters during 1975, but as in years previous, Soviet whaling was executed in North Pacific waters. The Soviets were allocated 53 percent of the 12,300 whale kill level. In 1975 allocations for the Soviet Union and the combined total catch for all of 1975 for the Soviet Union and Japan are as follows:

INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION WHALE ALLOCATION CATCH FOR JAPAN AND THE SOVIET UNION FOR THE NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN

	USSR A	llocations	Total Allocations for Japan and USSR
	1975	1974	1975
FIN	166	304	300
SEI	655	983	2,000
MALE SPERM	3,435	3,435	6,000
FEMALE SPERM	2,290	2,290	4,000
TOTALS:	6,546	7,012	12,300

Japan continued to dominate the foreign fishing effort in the Alaskan waters netting 73 percent of 1975 total foreign catch. A total of 688 Japanese vessels operated in the Bering Sea, Aleutians and Gulf of Alaska (Fig. 12); a decrease of 79 vessels or 11 percent from the 1974 level. Japanese fleet fished for several major species utilizing a variety of vessel types and sizes. Major effort was exerted during the second and third quarters of the year, when the fleet varied from 149 to 536 vessels. The lowest vessel counts from 50 to 60 occurred in January and December. Over 70 percent of the vessel effort was in the Bering Sea. Composition of the Japanese fleet by area by month is presented in Table 14. Fleet composition was approximately identical to 1974, despite the 11 percent decrease in total number of vessels (Table 14 and Appendix 4). The 1975 fleet composition was 20 factoryships, 596 fishing vessels, 65 support vessels, 4 patrol vessels, and 3 research vessels. Independent stern trawlers exerted the largest effort with 88 percent of the total Japanese vessel days (Table 3). Over half of the fishing days were by trawlers less than 1500 gross tons. Other types of vessels listed under fishing vessels included longliners, pot vessels and gillnetters. Factoryships generated 3 percent of the vessel days. Support vessels, patrol vessels and research vessels were all reduced in number, but maintained levels of activity in the same ratio to all other vessels as in 1974, completing 470 trips to the Bering Sea during 1975.

The Japanese fleet landed a variety of groundfish, salmon and crab species. Pollock continued to be the major catch landed, comprising 96% of the total catch by Japan in Alaskan waters. Other groundfish included a variety of rockfish, flatfish and miscellaneous species. Sablefish were landed in the Aleutians at a substantial increase over 1974 in what previously was a Gulf of Alaska dominated fisheries. There was a directed fishery for herring in the eastern Bering Sea, which proved very poor. Fisheries for salmon and crab by factoryship fleets were governed by specific quotas and relatively successful in filling those quotas. Final statistics indicated a total catch of 1.46 million metric tons landed in the Alaska region, a decrease of 256,706 metric tons, or 15 percent, from 1974.

NOTE: Does not show crab vessels

GROUNDFISH TRAWL FISHERY

Japan's groundfish trawl fishery continued to dominate total Japanese and total foreign landings in the Alaska region. Both independent stern trawlers and factoryship fleets were utilized. Factoryship fleets remained in the central and eastern Bering Sea, while independent stern trawlers worked the entire Alaska region. Independent stern trawlers made up 90 percent of the fleet, and factory fleets comprised 3 percent of the total fleet, together taking 96 percent of the total Japanese catch.

Independent Trawler Operation

Gulf of Alaska trawling for groundfish was continuous throughout the year and conducted by independent stern trawlers. The trawlers fished along the Continental Shelf edge from off the southeastern coast to south of the Shumagin Islands in the western Gulf of Alaska. The effort was fairly constant with 8 to 11 trawlers, except during September when the number of vessels decreased to 6. Principle species taken in the Gulf of Alaska were rockfish, sablefish and pollock.

Trawling along the Aleutian Island chain was conducted by independent stern trawlers continuously from late in March. The effort was concentrated principally in the central Aleutians in the area of Sequam-Amukta Pass and in the western Aleutians off the Rat and Near Island groups. Five to 6 vessels fished in the central Aleutian area from April to September, 2 to 4 vessels fished in the western Aleutians during May, and in late June and July the number of trawlers in the western Aleutian area increased to 15, stablilizing to an average of 10 for the remainder of the period. The major portion of the catch along the Aleutian Island chain continued to be rockfish.

Independent stern trawlers fished year round along the Continental Shelf edge for groundfish in the Bering Sea. During the winter and spring months the effort was confined to the area west and northwest of the Pribilof Islands due to Japanese domestic regulations. This was a departure from previous years when the principle winter effort was between Unimak Pass and the Pribilof Islands. In mid-May, when the domestic regulations per-

mitted, the trawlers then fished along the entire Continental Shelf edge from Unimak to far northwest of the Pribilof Islands. The effort was fairly constant with the average number of trawlers being 30 from May through September. The peak month was April with 35; February and March with 32; and 15 in January, the lowest. As in previous years, the trawlers principle catch was pollock.

Factoryship Fleets

The 1975 factoryship fleet consisted of six groundfish processing vessels which operated along the Continental Shelf edge in the Bering Sea. This was a reduction of one fleet from previous years. This large fishery began in late January by one factoryship fleet which was joined by two additional fleets in April. The remaining 2 fleets joined the annual expedition in June, bringing the total effort to 5 motherships and 101 trawlers. All five fleets remained in the Bering Sea through October. As with the independent stern trawlers, fishing for pollock in the Bering Sea, the Japanese domestic regulations altered the normal fishing patterns from previous years. Usually the fleets fish southwest of the Pribilof Islands in the winter and spring months, and then move northward, as the pollock migrate onto the Continental shelf. During 1975, all five fleets operated northwest and west of the Pribilof Islands until August, when they shifted to the area between Unimak Pass and the Pribilof Islands. During September, three of those fleets again returned to far northwest of the Pribilof Islands.

The annual winter fishery for flounder began in October 1975 by a factoryship fleet and seven accompaning trawlers on the Continental Shelf north of Unimak Island in the eastern Bering Sea. The fishery was continued by a single factoryship fleet, until early January 1976, when it was joined by a second factoryship.

LONGLINE FISHERY

The 1975 Japanese longline fishery for sablefish off Alaska was again primarily in the Gulf of Alaska, however a substantial increase in effort was conducted in 1975 along the Aleutian Islands chain. As in past years, only sporadic effort was conducted in the Bering Sea. Longline fishing in the Gulf of Alaska was continuous throughout 1975. The average number of vessels present per month varied from seven to eight throughout the year, except for a high of twelve in the month of September. The vessels fished along the Continental Shelf edge from off the southeastern Alaskan coast through the western Gulf of Alaska and in the Bering Sea to south of the Pribilof Islands.

Longlining for sablefish along the Aleutian Island chain was conducted at an increase level in 1975 over 1974. With the exception of January, vessels fished along the Continental Shelf edge throughout the period. Fishing effort was primarily in the central and eastern Aleutian area, with limited effort off the western Aleutians. An average of two vessels fished during February, March, May, and August; one vessel during June and July; three vessels during September; and a high of four vessels in April.

A minor longline fishery for sablefish was conducted along the Continental Shelf edge in the Bering Sea. One vessel fished west and northwest of the Pribilof Islands during January and August, and two vessels fished southeast of the Pribilof Islands during February, August and October.

It is estimated that the Japanese longline catch totaled approximately 23,000 metric tons in 1975 and was composed mainly of sablefish, with secondary species of rockfish and flounder.

HERRING FISHERY

The 1975 Japanese herring fishery off Alaska was limited to a gillnet fishery during the spring months along the western coast of Alaska. The normal winter trawl fishery in the central Bering Sea was not conducted during the winter of 1974-1975. The spring gillnet fishery was initiated in mid-May by six gillnet vessels in the Togiak area on the northwestern approaches to Bristol Bay. Severe ice conditions in the Bering Sea prevented the vessels from fishing northward beyond Nunivak Island, and the fishery was abdandoned during the first week in June. The 1975 gillnet expedition caught between 500 to 1,000 metric tons of herring.

SALMON FISHERY

Japan conducted the annual High Seas Salmon Fishery as in 1974, employing 10 factorships and 332 gillnet vessels (Appendix 4). The season began on May 21 and ended on July 25, for a season five days longer than in 1974. During those 66 days, the fleet fished within both the North Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea west of 175-00 west longitude.

The 1975 Japanese high seas salmon fishery was governed by two treaties. They were: (1) International North Pacific Fisheries Convention (INPFC) between Japan, Canada and the United States, which prohibits Japanese salmon fishing east of longitude 175°W; and (2) the Northwest Pacific Fisheries Convention between Japan and the USSR, which governs Japanese fishing in the North Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea west of 175° west longitude. The latter treaty places a quota on the Japanese salmon catch, which is renegotiated each year. The 1975 quota for the factoryships was 34,108 metric tons. This was an increase of 406 metric tons from the previous year. Additional domestic measures were taken by the government of Japan to help protect the Bristol Bay sockeye runs, which included both time and area closures west of 175° west longitude.

The 10 mothership fleets operated north and south of the western Aleutian Islands, reaching full strength only in June. During the last half of May, six of the fleets operated in the area south of the western Aleutians. During June, all 10 fleets were in the Alaskan area and the fleet started shifting north of the Aleutian Island chain during mid-month. At the end of June, four fleets were operating in the Bering Sea and the remaining six south of the Aleutians. During the first half of July, there was a reduction to eight, six of which fished in the Bering Sea and two fished south of the chain. For the remaining part of the season, only six fleets operated in the Alaskan area, of which one remained south of the Aleutians. For the total season, over half of the total effort was exerted south of the Aleutian chain.

Japan's 1975 salmon catch from the North Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea totaled 49.5 million fish, of which less than half, or 20.4 million fish were landed

in Alaskan waters. The remainder were landed by Japan's land-based driftnet fishery, which did not enter Alaskan or near Alaskan waters. The total numbers of fish in the Alaskan catch made solely by the 10 mothership fleets included 11 percent sockeye, 53 percent pink, 34 percent chum, 1 percent coho, and 1 percent chinook salmon. As in past years, sockeye salmon destined for Bristol Bay were in the catch. Of the total sockeye catch, 639,000 mature and 257,000 immature sockeye destined for Bristol Bay were taken by the salmon fleets. Compared to 1974, the 1975 total mothership fleet catch was slightly less than 1 percent smaller, although the total quota for the season was 406 tons higher.

SNAIL FISHERY

There was no snail fishery conducted in Alaskan waters during 1975.

This was a reduction of one factoryship and up to five independent pot vessels from 1974 and reduces the annual snail harvests from a reported catch of over 13,000 metric tons in 1974 to zero tons in 1975.

Japan again conducted its annual crab fishery in the eastern Bering Sea; this year employing two factoryship fleets and a number of independent crab pot vessels (Fig. 13 and Appendix 4). The two factoryships were accompanied by a total of twelve pot fishing vessels, six with each fleet, for a total of eighteen less than were utilized in 1974. Thirty-two independent crab pot vessels were also licensed by Japan to take crab, but only five were sighted in the Bering Sea.

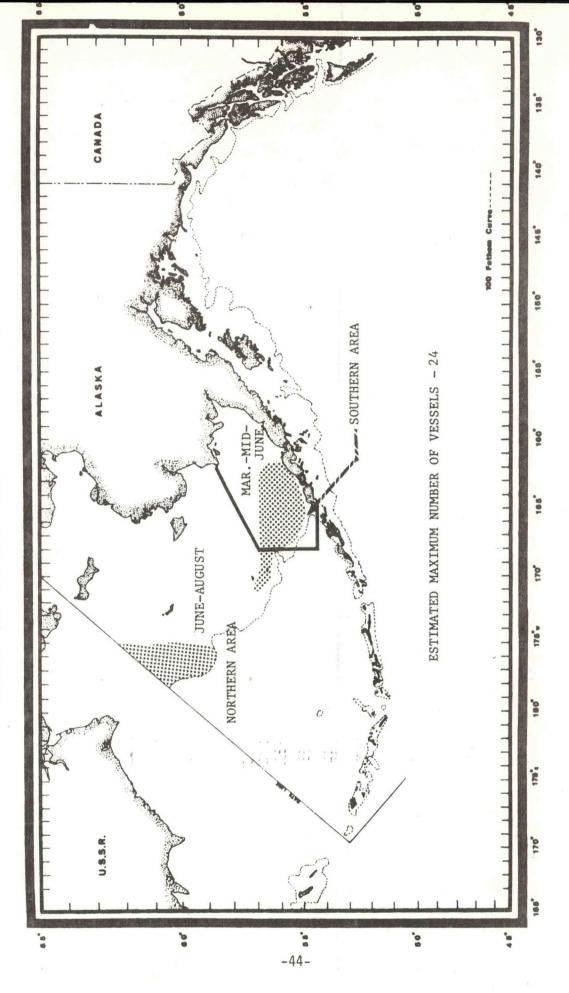
The 1975 factoryship crab fishery on the Continental Shelf in the eastern Bering Sea was the first season of fishing under the reduced quotas established by the U.S.- Japan fisheries agreement for 1975 and 1976. The agreement divides the Bering Sea into two areas (Fig. 13): (1) the southern area north of the Alaska Peninsula in the eastern Bering Sea; and (2) the northern area which is generally northwest of the line running from Cape Newenham almost to the Pribilof Islands. A provision of the agreement was that crab could only be taken by pots and that U.S. and Japanese observers would be aboard the factory motherships. The annual Japanese quota was set at 2,500,000 Tanner crab in the southern area, and the northern area was allocated 11 million Tanner crab and 300,000 king crabs. The northern area Tanner crab quota was divided eight million crab for mothership fleets, and the remaining three million crab for independent crab pot vessels.

A total of 192 vessel days were utilized by the Japanese crab mothership fleet. Sixty-two percent of those days were in the northern area where the largest catch per pot and 75 percent of the total catch was landed. The mothership effort data for 1975 was as follows:

MOTHERSHIP EFFORT

	Vesse1		Average No.		No. of	Crabs	Entire Fishing	Time
Area	Days	<u>%</u>	Pots Hauled	<u>%</u>	Landed (X1000)	<u>%</u>	Tons/Pot	Crabs/Pot (X1000)
Southern Northern	72 120	38% 62%	166 386	30% 70%	2,309 7,126	25% 75%	15.06 14.51	13.9 18.4
TOTALS:	192		552		9,435		14.70	17.1

FIGURE 13, -- JAPANESE CRAB FISHING AREAS, 1975



The expedition arrived in the southern area and commenced fishing operations on March 11 and one fleet shifted operations to the northern area on April 14, closely followed by the second fleet on April 18, having taken the quota in the southern area. Both fleets, however, harvested the allowable quota in the northern area by June 15 and returned to Japan.

The following tabulation reflects the catch and quota of each species in numbers of crab for the southern and northern area:

MOTHERSHIP QUOTAS AND CATCH

	Southern are	<u>a</u>	Northern Ar	ea
	Quota	Catch	Quota	Catch
King Crab	-0-	-0-	300,000	-0-
Tanner Crab	2,500,000	2,309,000	11,000,000	7,126,000

The 9.43 million crabs landed produced an estimated catch of 8,100 metric tons, of which 4,700 tons produced frozen crab legs for delivery to Japan (Table 15).

For several years the Japanese have been placing increased emphasis on freezing rather than canning their catches. In 1975, both factoryships processed their entire crab catch by freezing.

Again in 1975, the Japanese conducted a Tanner crab fishery by independent crab pot vessels in the western Bering Sea off Cape Navarin. A portion of the northern area quota, or three million Tanner crab, were allocated to these independent crab vessels. The fishery extended southeast of the International Date Line into the area commonly referred as the Central Bering Sea Triangle. Thirty-two vessels were licensed by the Japanese fisheries agency to engage in a fishery, however, only five vessels were observed operating between 175° west longitude and the International Date Line. Their total catches are unknown.

The Japanese North Pacific whaling fleet remained outside Alaskan waters in 1975. Within the North Pacific Ocean, the factoryships KYOKUYO MARU NO. 3, NISSHIN MARU NO. 3 and the TONAN MARU NO. 2 landed 46.8 percent of the total allocation for 1975, which for Japan included 134 fin whales, 1,345 sei whales, 2,565 male sperm whales and 1,710 female sperm whales. This was a 12 percent decrease in a number of whales landed from 1974. Allocations for Japan and the total allocation for Japan and the Soviet Union were as follows for 1975 and 1974:

INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION WHALE ALLOCATION CATCH FOR JAPAN AND THE SOVIET UNION FOR THE NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN

	Japanese	Allocations	Total Allocations for Japan and USSR
	1975	1974	1975
FIN	134	246	300
SEI	1,345	2,017	2000
MALE SPERM	2,565	2,565	6,000
FEMALE SPERM	1,710	1,710	4,000
TOTALS:	5,754	6,538	12,300

XII. SOUTH KOREAN FISHING OPERATIONS

South Korean fishing off Alaska in 1975 was at a reduced effort from 1974 (Fig. 14 & Table 2). A total of 13 independently operated stern trawlers and 9 longliners operated off Alaska in 1975 (Appendix 5). This was a decrease of 15 vessels from the previous year. The estimated total catch for South Korea in 1975 totaled 18,000 metric tons, nearly half the estimated catch of 35,000 to 40,000 metric tons for 1974. The total South Korean effort amounted to 2 percent of the total foreign effort in the Alaska region.

South Korean effort paralleled the 1975 South Korean total catch, in that both were cut in half or more from 1974 levels (Table 3). The largest decreased effort was in the Bering Sea where 95 percent of the 1974 effort level was eliminated. Massive reductions to the trawler fleet and total elimination of the factory fleet were the cause. Effort in the Aleutian area experienced large increases as the trawler fleet expanded. Large trawler effort also expanded in the Gulf of Alaska, allowing for an 8 percent increase in the South Korean fishing effort in the Gulf of Alaska. Overall, only large trawlers increased vessel day effort in 1975 from the previous year, increasing 11 percent. The total South Korean-Alaskan effort was down 71 percent from 1974 levels.

Groundfish Trawl Fishery

Forty-nine percent of the total South Korean fishery landed groundfish. Vessels utilized included stern trawlers and one independent Danish seiner. It is estimated that the South Koreans caught 15,000 to 17,000 metric tons of groundfish in 1975.

South Korean trawling in the Gulf of Alaska was confined to a brief period at mid year. In late July, five stern trawlers operated along the Continental Shelf edge from the Shumagin Islands eastward to Albatross Bank. One of the trawlers departed in mid-August and the remaining trawlers departed a week later.

CANADA LONGLINERS 100 Fethem Curve ---ESTIMATED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VESSELS: GROUNDFISH TRAWL (TRL) - 13 ALASKA DANISH SEINER THE PERSON NAMED IN Pollock LONGLINERS LONGLINE 170 178° STERN TRAWLERS Pollock 178. INDEP. U.S.S.R. . 9 4 · 10 . . .00 00 -48-

48

FIGURE 14 -- SOUTH KOREAN FISHING AREAS OF ALASKA, 1975

0 5

00

Trawling along the Aleutian Island chain began in mid-May by a single stern trawler fishing south of eastern Aleutians until mid-June. In late July, three stern trawlers resumed fishing in that same area with one vessel leaving soon to fish in the Gulf of Alaska. The two remaining trawlers were joined in late August by two additional trawlers bringing the total to four. The effort continued at four stern trawlers until mid-September when it declined to three which operated throughout the month and then departed the area. Also in late July, one stern trawler fished briefly south of the central Aleutians in the Andreanof Islands area.

It is estimated that a South Korean trawl catch in the Gulf of Alaska and along the Aleutian Islands totaled approximately 10,500 metric tons, primarily rockfish, sablefish and pollock.

South Korean trawling for groundfish in the Bering Sea was initially by an independent stern trawler which operated northwest of the Pribilof Islands along the Continental Shelf edge from late 1974 until early January 1975. A large Danish seine trawler operated north of the Fox Islands in the eastern Aleutians during February and the first half of March. During June another stern trawler operated off the Pribilof Islands. The Danish Seine vessel returned in mid-July and fished west of the Pribilof Islands until early August when the vessel returned to the area north of the Fox Islands. The seiner continued to operate in that area until late September. During 1975 the South Koreans did not employ a factory ship fleet for groundfish in the eastern Bering Sea as they had done in 1974.

The three vessels which operated in the Bering Sea during 1975 presumably were targeting on pollock and it is estimated that their catch totaled about 6,000 metric tons.

Longline Fishery

South Korean longline fishing for sablefish in the Gulf of Alaska counted for 51 percent of that nation's 1975 fishing effort. This effort was sporadic and involved at least nine different longline vessels. Most of the effort was in the eastern Gulf of Alaska, largely off southeast Alaska and involved: January - one to three longliners; February through April - one to two longliners; May - four longliners; June through November - one to two longliners; and December - one to three longliners.

In the central Gulf, mainly on Portlock and Albatross Banks, there was: one longline vessel in September; three longliners in June; and one to two longliners in July and August. Longlining in the western Gulf was limited to one ship in November and two in April.

Longlining for sablefish along the Aleutian Islands was confined to two brief periods. One vessel fished south of Fox Islands in the eastern Aleutians from mid-September through the end of October; and one vessel fished in the Sequam-Amukta Islands area of the central Aleutians during the month of April.

It is estimated that the South Korean longline catch in the Gulf of Alaska and along the Aleutian Islands totaled between 1,500 and 2,000 metric tons, primarily sablefish.

XIII. TAIWANESE FISHING OPERATIONS

Taiwan, or the Republic of China, entered the Alaskan area for the first time in 1975, with an independent stern trawler which trawled for groundfish and gillnetted for salmon in the central and eastern Bering Sea, and a single longline vessel for blackcod (Fig. 15). These vessels accounted for less than one-half of 1 percent of the total foreign effort and catch in the Alaska Region (Table 3).

Groundfish Fishery

A Taiwanese stern trawler initiated a groundfish fishery in the eastern Bering Sea during December 1974. During the next six months the vessel made three separate voyages to the Bering Sea fishing grounds; late December to mid-February, March to early April, and late April to May. The vessel fished primarily west and southwest of the Pribilof Islands along the Continental Shelf edge. It is believed that the stern trawler was targeting on pollock, but took a variety of groundfish species as well. It is estimated that the Taiwanese groundfish catch in the Bering Sea totaled approximately 2,250 metric tons.

Salmon Fishery

The Taiwanese stern trawler which had previously fished for groundfish later returned to the eastern Bering Sea after having been temporarily modified to fish salmon gill-net. The vessel arrived north of the Alaska Peninsula in the approaches to Bristol Bay on July 2 and began fishing for salmon using over ten miles of monofilament gill-net. The vessel continued fishing salmon in that area until departing July 31 for return to its homeport of Keelung via Japan.

It is estimated the Taiwanese salmon catch in the eastern Bering Sea totaled 150 metric tons, roughly 50 percent sockeye salmon and 50 percent chum salmon.

6 5 .00 000 4 8 130 136 CANADA 140 100 Fathern Curve ---148 LONGLINER Sablefish 180 ESTIMATED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VESSELS -165 ALASKA 160 GILLNET 170 INDEP. STERN TRAWLERS 176° m Pollock 180 176 U.S.S.R. 170 00 000 4 8. . 8 8 -52-

FIGURE 15, -- TAINANESE FISHING AREAS OFF ALASKA, 1975

Longline Fishery

Taiwan began a longline fishery for sablefish in the Gulf of Alaska in 1975 utilizing a single vessel. Converted from tuna fishing, the vessel fished in the western Gulf of Alaska for a few days and then moved to the Southeastern Gulf in early September. The vessel was seized on September 9 for violating the United States contiguous fishery zone. On October 20, the master was fined \$5,000. Settlement of \$222,000 was reached in civil suit against the vessel. After payment of the fine, the vessel continued fishing in the southeastern Gulf of Alaska through the end of 1975.

XIV. POLISH FISHING OPERATIONS

Poland entered the fisheries off Alaska in late December 1974 (Fig. 16) with a single independent stern trawler pursuing groundfish in the Gulf of Alaska. It fished mainly in the eastern Gulf of Alaska between Kayak Island and Yakutat. The stern trawler was joined by another in mid-January 1975 when they both shifted to Albatross Bank south of Kodiak Island. The first stern trawler was replaced by a third stern trawler in late January. The second and third stern trawlers remained in the Albatross Bank area until late February 1975 when the fishery ended. Polish trawlers targeted on Pacific cod, but landed a variety of groundfish species. Pacific cod composed 30 percent of all landings, and with pollock (24 percent), and Atka mackerel (23 percent) made up over three-quarters of the Polish catches in the Gulf of Alaska. Rockfish and miscellaneous species made up the remainder of the total Polish catch of 2,663 metric tons, accounting for less than 1 percent of the total foreign catch (Table 3).

Polish vessels were of two class sizes: medium trawlers of 1500 to 2500 gross tons; and large trawlers from 2501 to 3500 gross tons. Polish vessels trawled for a total of 4,568 hours, with 89 percent of those from medium trawlers. During that time medium stern trawlers landed 48 percent of the total catch.

48. CANADA LARGE STERN TRAWLERS 140 Pacific Cod Pollock Atka Mackerel 100 Fathem Curve-146 FIGURE 16, -- POLISH FISHING AREAS OFF ALASKA, 1975 180 ESTIMATED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VESSELS -155 160 170 176° w 178 U.S.S.R. 00 00 -55-

XV. TABLES

Z		
REGION	CH	
SKA	CATCH	
IN ALASKA	FOTAL	
SIN	AND TOTAL	1975
VESSELS	TYPE AI	1972-1975
FISHING	GENERAL	
	ВУ	

Table 1.

% CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR		- 15% - 5% - 1.5%	- 16% - 9%	- 56% +504% - 41%	1	11
TOTAL 1/ CATCH (m.t.)		1,458,108 1,714,814 1,808,412 1,835,000	$455,000 \frac{3}{2}$ 534,000 457,000 500,000	17,000 39,000 7,737 13,150	2,250	4,000 NO REPORT
MAX. & MIN. VESSELS PRESENT		536/51 541/51 575/51 445/56	75/38 139/25 117/22 180/20	12/1 24/2 9/0 5/0	2/0	2/0
% CHANGE		- 11% + 7% - 21%	- 42% - 24% 24%	- 51% +100% +366%	1	+300%
TOTAL		633 767 714 907	261 448 414 544	22 22 6	000	00013
	RESEARCH	8524	3 4 11 16	1111	. 1.	11
	PATROL	4889	4 3 6 2	1111	1	,1.1
EL TYPE	FISHING	596 659 629 784	211 328 304 388	20 41 21 6	2	1 3
VESSEL	FACTORY	20 20 23 <u>2/</u> 22 <u>2/</u>	26 24 0 24	0 1 5 0	0	00
	SUPPORT	65 75 51 91	19 86 96 112	0000	0	00
		JAPAN 1975 1974 1973	USSR 1975 1974 1973	ROK 1975 1974 1973	TAIWAN 1975 1974 1973	POLAND 1975 1974 1973 1972

Does Not Include Crab Landings and For Japanese Includes Whales

Includes Whale Factory Ships

Soviet Catch Believed to Include Catches from NW Bering Sea

Table 2.
TOTAL NUMBER OF FOREIGN VESSELS
BY MONTH COMPARING
1974 to 1975

% CHANGE		- 22%	- 26%	- 32%	- 12%	- 49%	< + 1%	%4 -	- 18%	- 1%	- 11%	- 12%	+ 1%
NT I ONS	1975	133	156	168	220	246	209	520	233	261	134	136	123
TOTAL ALL NATIONS	1974	167	208	245	249	481	909	541	283	262	150	153	121
QN	1975	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
POLAND	1974	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
AN	1975	1	1	П	П	П	0	1	1	1	1	1	Н
TAIWAN	1974	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EA	1975	4	3	3	4	2	7	13	12	7	1	\vdash	М
SOUTH	1974	0	\vdash	2	4	10	30	36	31	24	8	2	4
AN	1975	51	80	96	149	175	536	468	181	180	81	72	61
JAPAN	1974	99	77	104	173	400	541	480	226	212	06	64	51
<u>دا</u>	1975		70			9				73	51	62	28
USSR	1974	101	131	139	96	70	34	25	26	56	22	87	99

JUNE

JAN

FEB

MAR

APR

MAY

JULY

OCT

NOV

DEC

SEPT

AUG

FOREIGN EFFORT (VESSEL DAYS) COMPARISON BY VESSEL TYPE, NATION, AND AREA 1974 - 1975

	TOTAL	FOREIGN	EFFORT	1	UR					JA			- 1		ROK	
		VESSEL DA	YS	v	ESSEL DA	YS	Z UR EFFO FOREIGN	RT TO TOTA		SSEL DAYS		Z JA EFFO FOREIGN	RT TO TOTAL EFFORT	VE	SSEL DA	YS
	1974	1975	Change	1974	1975	Change	1974	1975	1974	1975	% Change	1974	1975	1974	1975	Chang
BERING SEA				1												- Citotia
Large Trawl	14,511	13,398	- 8%	5,187	2,933	- 43%	36%	22%	9,030	10,325	+ 14%	62%	77%	294	42	- 86%
Small Travl	35,476	27.869	- 21%	11,578	9,107	- 21%	33%	33%	21,315	18,662	- 12%	60%	67%	2,583	91	- 96%
Factory	2,268	1,701	- 25%	728	623	- 142	32%	37%	1,337	1,078	- 19%	59%	63%	203	-0-	-100%
Other	448	336	- 25%	-0-	-0-				448	329	- 27%	100%	982	-0-	7	+100%
Total	52,703	43,304	- 18%	17,493	12,663	- 28%	33%	30%	32,130	30,394	+ 5%	61%	70%	3,080	140	- 95%
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS																
Large Trawl	1,939	4,242	+120%	-0-	2,100	NEW		50%	1.925	2,100	+ 9%	99%	50%	14	42	+200%
Small Trawl	21	126	+500%	21	126	+500%	100%	100%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-	
Pactory	-0-	-0-		-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-	
Other	91	294	+223%	-0-	-0-				91	273	+200%	100%	93%	-0-	21	+100%
Total	2,051	4,662	+127%	21	2,226	+10,500%	1%	48%	2,016	2,373	+ 18%	98%	51%	14	63	+350%
GULF OF ALASKA																
Large Trawl	4,760	7,791	+ 64%	1,316	3,878	+195%	28%	50%	3,318	3,409	+ 3%	70%	44%	119	392	+229%
Small Trawl	2,527	77	- 97%	2,520	77	- 97%	100%	100%	7	-0-	-100%	4 1%		-0-	-0-	
Factory	98	-0-	-100%	98	-0-	-100%	100%		-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-	
Other	4,053	3,542	- 13%	-0-	-0-				3,297	2,926	- 11%	81%	83%	756	553	- 27%
Total	11,438	11,410	4- 1%	3,934	3,955	4+ 1%	34%	35%	6,622	6,335	- 4%	58%	56%	875	945	+ 8%
TOTALS - ALL AREAS COMBINED				-												
Large Trawlers	21,210	25,431	+ 20%	6,503	8,911	+ 37%	31%	35%	14,273	15,834	+ 11%	67%	62%	427	476	+ 11%
Small Trawlers	38,024	28,072	- 26%	14,119	9,310	- 34%	37%	33%	21,322	18,662	- 12%	56%	66%	2,583	91	- 96%
Factory	2,366	1,701	- 28%	826	623	- 25%	35%	37%	1,337	1,078	- 19%	57%	63%	203	-0-	-100%
Other	4,592	4,172	- 9%	-0-	-0-				3,836	3,528	- 8%	84%	85%	756	581	- 23%
Total	66,192	59,376	- 10%	21,448	18,844	- 12%	33%	32%	40,768	39,102	- 4%	62%	66%	3,969	1,148	- 71%

LARGE TRAVLERS - \$\(\)1,500 Gross Tons

SMALL TRAVLERS - \$\(\)1,500 Gross Tons

FACTORY - Non Travling Processors

OTHER - Fishing Vessels Other Than Travlers and Processors

TABLE 3a

FOREIGN EFFORT (YESSEL DAYS) COMPARISON BY VESSEL TYPE, NATION, AND AREA 1974 - 1975

	TOTAL F	OREIGN EF	FORT				TW			1		PO			
	VE	SSEL DAYS		% ROK EFFOR		,	VESSEL DA	YS	7 TW EFFORT FOREIGN		v	ESSEL DA	rs	Z PO EFFORT :	
	1974	1975	% Change	1974	1975	1974	1975	% Change	1974	1975	1974	1975	% Change		1975
BEDING SEA															
Large Trawl	14,511	13,398	- 8%	2%	< 1%	-0-	98	+100%		< 1%	-0-	-0-			
Small Trawl	35,476	27,869	- 21%	7%	4 1%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Factory	2,268	1,701	- 25%	9%		-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Other	448	336	- 25%		2%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Total	52,703	43,304	- 18%	6%	< 1%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS															
Large Trawl	1,939	4,242	+120%	< 1%	< 12	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Small Trawl	21	126	+500%			-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Factory	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Other	91	294	+223%		7%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Total	2,051	4,662	+127%	< 1%	1%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
GULF OF ALASKA															
Large Trawl	4,760	7.791	+ 64%	3%	5%	-0-	14	+100%		< 17	7	98	+1.300	4 1%	< 1
Small Trawl	2,527	77	- 97%			-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-	71,300		
Factory	98	-0-	-100%			-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Other	4,053	3,542	- 132	19%	16%	-0-	63	+100%		2%	-0-	-0-			
Total	11,438	11,410	- 1%	8%	8%	-0-	-0-				7	98	+1,300	< 1%	< 13
TOTALS - ALL AREAS															
Large Trawlers	21,210	25,431	+ 20%	27	2%	-0-	112	+100%		< 12	7	98	+1,300	< 1%	< 12
Small Trawlers	38,024	28.072	- 26%	7%	< 1%	-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-	+1,300	1	
Factory	2,366	1,701	- 28%	9%		-0-	-0-				-0-	-0-			
Other	4,592	4,172	- 9%	16%	14%	-0-	63	+100%		2%	-0-	-0-			
Total	66,192	59,376	- 10%	5%	2%	-0-	175	+100%		< 1%	7	98	+1,300		< 15

LARGE TRAVLERS - 21,500 Gross Tons
SMALL TRAVLERS - (1,500 Gross Tons
FACTORY - Non Travling Processors
OTHER - Fishing Vessels Other Than Travlers and Processors

Table 4
JOINT COAST GUARD-NMFS
ALASKA FISHERIES PATROLS
1960 - 1975

PATROLS

Vessels

Calendar Year	Agreements & Laws Enforced	No. of Agents	No. of Ships	Surface Days	Surface Miles	Aerial Hours	Aerial Miles	Total Miles	Sightings of Foreign Vessels	Apprehended for Violations
1960	4	4	П	40	7,918	157	22,000	29,918	1	1
1961	4	4	1	75	15,144	143	20,000	35,144	1	1
1962	4	4	4	223	45,399	144	20,175	65,574	1	1
1963	4	9	9	220	45,274	899	$193,274\overline{1}/$	238,548	1,087	1
1964	7	7	2	245	48,915	1,040	145,116	194,031	3,105	1
1965	00	7	9	296	54,015	1,428	200,000	254,015	5,785	1
9961	6	7	9	306	59,108	1,345	190,300	249,408	3,638	1
1967	11	80	9	327	81,729	1,373	$207,000^{2}$	288,729	3,859	5
1968	11	7	10	416	82,264	1,107	$156,000\frac{2}{}$	238,264	4,158	1
1969	11	7	13	332	67,227	841	147,000	214,227	2,764	5
1970	12	80	11	380	69,011	1,135	190,000	259,011	4,300	7
1971	12	10	13	488	89,421	1,375	236,239	325,660	5,125	4
1972	13	10	16	493	96,681	1,815	261,731	358,412	5,865	8
1973	13	6	15	529	113,945	1,974	335,186	449,131	5,473	9
1974	13	15	6	593	114,317	2,472	406,377	520,694	6,211	7
1975	13	14	14	742	142,747	2,162	356,916	499,663	5,450	5

^{94,274} miles in 668 hours by Annette and Kodiak Air Stations. 99,000 miles by rotational C-130's from other Coast Guard Districts.

Patrols by Annette and Kodiak Air Stations augmented by rotational C-130's from other Coast Guard Districts. 2/

Table 5. - SUMMARY OF U.S. COAST GUARD SURFACE PATROLS - 1975

	U.S. PATROLS VESSELS	S	NUMBE	R OF SIGHT	INGS OF	NUMBER OF SIGHTINGS OF FOREIGN VESSELS	SELS		
Name	Days Patrolled	Miles Patrolled	Japanese	Soviet	South	Canadian	Taiwan	Total Sightings	S
CONFIDENCE	113	23,022	314	85	8	2	-	410	
STORIS	711	19,499	197	158	m	1	-	359	
BOUTWELL	88	16,127	226	170	17	2	1	415	
JARVIS	38	8,570	19	40	1	1	1	101	
MELLON	73	15,251	191	110	4	4	1	309	
MIDGETT	91	16,072	213	70	2	3	1	288	
MUNRO	65	14,084	62	132	-	1	-	196	
RUSH	17	5,647	16	18	6	-	1	113	
RESOLUTE	43	9,156	161	=	-	=		184	1
VENTUROUS	39	690°9	36	22	е п	:	-	62	
CAMPBELL	57	9,250	37	51	m	1	1	16	
TOTALS	742	142,747	1,589	867	45	23	4	2,528	

Table 6. - SUMMARY OF U.S. COAST GUARD AERIAL FISHERIES PATROLS, 1975

TOTAL		2,472	450	2,922
	Taiwan	∞	2	10
GHTED	Canada	57	33	06
NUMBER OF FOREIGN SHIPS SIGHTED	South	47	75	122
FORE	Soviet	941	_	942
	Japan	1,419	339	1,758
MILES PATROLLED		313,886	43,030	356,916
HOURS		1,615	547	2,162
NUMBER OF PATROLS		228	200	428
		Kodiak Air Station	Annette Air Station	TOTALS

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES AGREEMENTS AND UNITED STATES LAWS ENFORCED BY U.S. FISHERIES PATROLS - 1975

	Originated	Extended	Expires
Fur Sea Convention (Act - 16 USC 1151-1187	1911	1969	Oct. 1976
Halibut Convention (Act - 16 USC 772-772j)	1924	1953	2 yrs. notice
Whaling Convention (Act - 16 USC 916-916 1)	1937	1946	within any year
Black Bass Act (16 USC 851-856)	1947		
INPFC (Act - 16 USC 1021-1032)	1953		l yr. notice
Japanese Crab Agreement	Nov. 1964	Dec. 1974	Dec. 1976
Soviet Kodiak Area Agreemen	t Dec. 1964	Incorporated into July 1975 CFZ Agreement	
Soviet Crab Agreement	Feb. 1965	July 1975	Dec. 1976
Contiguous Fisheries Zone: P.L. 89-658 (16 USC 1091-1094)	Oct. 1966		
Japanese CFZ Agreement	May 1967	Dec. 1974	Dec. 1976
Soviet CFZ Agreement	Feb. 1967	July 1975	Dec. 1976
Canadian CFZ Agreement	April 1970	May 1975	April 1976
South Korean Fisheries Agreement	Nov. 1972		Nov. 1977
Polish Fisheries Agreement	May 1975	Dec. 1975	Jan. 1977

Table. 8

BOARDINGS OF FOREIGN FISHING VESSELS, 1975

JAPANESE

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks	
Japanese Longliner Ryuho Maru No. 17	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	1/18		
Japanese Stern Trawler Takachiho Maru	Gulf of Alaska 55-56N 135-22W	1/24		
Japanese Longliner Tenyo Maru No. 37	Gulf of Alaska 56-08N 135-25W	1/24		
Japanese Stern Trawler Akebono Maru No. 52	Gulf of Alaska 55-57N 135-24W	1/25		
Japanese Stern Trawler Akebono Maru No. 31	Gulf of Alaska 56-06N 135-28W	1/29		
Japanese Longliner Matsuei Maru No. 88	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	2/1		
Japanese Patrol Ship Konan Maru No. 16	Bering Sea 56-03N 169-54W	2/9		
Japanese Refrigerated Transport Yoho Maru	Bering Sea 56-05N 168-20W	2/10		
Japanese Stern Trawler Akebono Maru No. 51	Gulf of Alaska 59-53N 144-44W	2/24		
Japanese Patrol Ship Konan Maru No. 16	Aleutian Islands 53-54N 166-38W	3/1		
Japanese Cargo Ship Dairyo Maru	Bering Sea 56-22N 169-40W	3/14		
Japanese Factory Ship Soyo Maru	Bering Sea 60-02N 178-54W	3/15		
Japanese Stern Trawler Ryuyo Maru No. 2	Bering Sea 58-29N 177-10W	3/16		
Japanese Longliner Koyo Maru No. 55	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	3/16		

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks
Japanese Stern Trawler Tsuda Maru	Bering Sea 56-50N 173-02W	3/17	
Japanese Factory Ship Koyo Maru	Bering Sea 55-33N 164-18W	3/19	
Japanese Longliner Eikyu Maru No. 33	Aleutian Islands	4/4	Vessel seized for violation
Japanese Longliner Eikyu Maru No. 33	Gulf of Alaska Kodiak	4/10	
Japanese Longliner Tomi Maru No. 88	Gulf of Alaska 56-56N 151-39W	4/12	
Japanese Stern Trawler Tomi Maru No. 85	Gulf of Alaska 59-35N 142-33W	4/15	
Japanese Longliner Fukuyoshi Maru No. 85	Gulf of Alaska 56-49N 135-19W	4/17	
Japanese Longliner Ryusho Maru No. 18	Gulf of Alaska 55-40N 135-18W	4/17	
Japanese Stern Trawler Aso Maru	Gulf of Alaska 55-53N 135-21W	4/17	
Japanese Factory Ship Koyo Maru	Bering Sea 56-30N 170-18W	4/21	
Japanese Longliner Shintoku Maru No. 25	Gulf of Alaska 55-54N 153-58W	4/22	
Japanese Longliner Sumiyoshi Maru No. 53	Gulf of Alaska 55-54N 153-50W	4/22	
Japanese Stern Trawler Takachiho Maru	Gulf of Alaska 55-05N 134-10W	4/29	
Japanese Factory Ship Mineshima Maru	Bering Sea 56-34N 168-09W	5/3	

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks
Japanese Factory Ship Shikishima Maru	Bering Sea 56-13N 167-35W	5/5	
Japanese Herring Gill- netter Ebisu Maru No. 88	Bering Sea 58-18N 162-15W	5/20	
Japanese Herring Gill- netter Ryuho Maru No. 17	Bering Sea 59-40N 167-09W	5/28	
Japanese Herring Gill- netter Anyo Maru No. 21	Bering Sea 59-31N 166-40W	5/28	
Japanese Herring Gill- netter <u>Eikyu Maru No. 81</u>	Bering Sea 59-33N 167-06W	5/29	
Japanese Herring Gill- netter <u>Tenyu Maru No. 37</u>	Bering Sea 59-33N 166-39W	5/29	
Japanese Stern Trawler Jikyu Maru No. 18	Aleutian Islands 52-53N 170-30W	5/30	
Japanese Stern Trawler Shotoku Maru No. 36	Aleutian Islands 52-52N 170-46W	5/30	
Japanese Longliner Fukuyoshi Maru No. 85	Gulf of Alaska 56-37N 135-58W	6/3	
Japanese Stern Trawler Jikyu Maru No. 17	Aleutian Islands 51-37N 177-38E	6/6	Vessel seized for violation
Japanese Stern Trawler Fukuyoshi Maru No. 38	Gulf of Alaska 59-34N 143-12W	6/7	
Japanese Longliner Shinko Maru No. 3	Gulf of Alaska 54-02N 162-40W	6/13	
Japanese Stern Trawler Yoshi Maru No. 55	Aleutian Islands 52-27N 173-07W	6/14	
Japanese Stern Trawler Isihikari Maru	Gulf of Alaska 59-36N 143-40W	6/22	

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks	
Japanese Stern Trawler Aso Maru	Gulf of Alaska 59-34N 143-34W	6/22		
Japanese Stern Trawler Koyo Maru No. 21	Gulf of Alaska 59-33N 143-36W	6/22		
Japanese Stern Trawler Tomi Maru No. 85	Gulf of Alaska 59-29N 143-11W	6/22		
Japanese Factory Ship Nojima Maru	Aleutian Islands 51-11N 176-31W	6/22		
Japanese Patrol Ship Konan Maru No. 20	Aleutian Islands 51-21N 175-24W	6/24		
Japanese Longliner Tenyo Maru No. 25	Gulf of Alaska 56-37N 135-54W	6/24		
Japanese Longliner Kiyo Maru No. 55	Gulf of Alaska 56-03N 135-30W	6/24		
Japanese Longliner Anyo Maru No. 21	Gulf of Alaska 55-49N 135-19W	6/24		
Japanese Factory Ship Miyajima Maru	Aleutian Islands 50-36N 178-55W	6/25		
Japanese Longliner Matsuei Maru No. 88	Gulf of Alaska 56-45N 135-58W	6/26		
Japanese Stern Trawler Fukuyoshi Maru No. 38	Gulf of Alaska 59-36N 143-18W	6/28		
Japanese Stern Trawler Akebono Maru No. 51	Gulf of Alaska 59-30N 142-33W	6/28		
Japanese Patrol Ship Konan Maru No. 16	Bering Sea 57-54N 173-40W	6/29		
Japanese Factory Ship Nisshin Maru No. 2	Bering Sea 58-45N 173-45W	6/30		

Location	Date	Remarks
Bering Sea 58-57N 176-25W	7/1	
Aleutian Islands 53-28N 177-00W	7/10	
Gulf of Alaska Seward	7/14	
Bering Sea 60-26N 178-26W	7/17	
Gulf of Alaska 57-49N 149-33W	7/18	
Bering Sea 57-57N 173-19W	7/18	
Gulf of Alaska 55-22N 155-52W	7/19	
Bering Sea 57-40N 173-17W	7/19	
Bering Sea 57-16N 163-24W	7/23	
Gulf of Alaska 55-12N 156-41W	7/25	
Bering Sea 54-48N 165-29W	7/28	
Bering Sea 56-45N 173-04W	7/30	
Bering Sea 58-30N 175-24W	7/30	
Gulf of Alaska 56-05N 135-28W	8/4	
	Bering Sea 58-57N 176-25W Aleutian Islands 53-28N 177-00W Gulf of Alaska Seward Bering Sea 60-26N 178-26W Gulf of Alaska 57-49N 149-33W Bering Sea 57-57N 173-19W Gulf of Alaska 55-22N 155-52W Bering Sea 57-40N 173-17W Bering Sea 57-16N 163-24W Gulf of Alaska 55-12N 156-41W Bering Sea 54-48N 165-29W Bering Sea 54-48N 165-29W Bering Sea 54-48N 173-04W Bering Sea 56-45N 173-04W Bering Sea 56-45N 173-04W	Bering Sea 7/1 58-57N 176-25W Aleutian Islands 7/10 53-28N 177-00W Gulf of Alaska 7/14 Bering Sea 7/17 60-26N 178-26W Gulf of Alaska 7/18 57-49N 149-33W Bering Sea 7/18 57-57N 173-19W Gulf of Alaska 7/19 55-22N 155-52W Bering Sea 7/19 57-40N 173-17W Bering Sea 7/23 57-16N 163-24W Gulf of Alaska 7/25 55-12N 156-41W Bering Sea 7/28 54-48N 165-29W Bering Sea 7/30 56-45N 173-04W Bering Sea 7/30 58-30N 175-24W Gulf of Alaska 8/4

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks	
Japanese Longliner Kiyo Maru No. 55	Gulf of Alaska 56-44N 136-00W	8/6		
Japanese Factory Ship Shikishima Maru	Bering Sea 59-23N 175-00W	8/8		
Japanese Stern Trawler Tenyo Maru No. 2	Bering Sea 54-50N 165-24W	8/12		
Japanese Factory Ship Nisshin Maru	Bering Sea 55-48N 165-51W	8/14		
Japanese Stern Trawler Tenyo Maru No. 35	Bering Sea 55-53N 168-19W	8/15		
Japanese Longliner Mito Maru No. 82	Aleutian Islands 53-28N 165-46W	8/19		
Japanese Stern Trawler Tenyo Maru	Bering Sea 54-47N 165-59W	8/20		
Japanese Stern Trawler Choyo Maru No. 81	Aleutian Islands Adak	8/28		
Japanese Longliner Fukuyoshi Maru No. 75	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	9/2		
Japanese Danish Seiner Akatsuki Maru	Bering Sea 54-37N 165-30W	9/12		
Japanese Longliner Hatsue Maru No. 55	Gulf of Alaska 59-12N 147-00W	9/13		
Japanese Stern Trawler Fukuyoshi Maru No. 38	Gulf of Alaska 57-48N 137-01W	9/15		
Japanese Longliner Shintoku Maru No. 25	Gulf of Alaska Seward	10/2		
Japanese Factory Ship Nisshin Maru No. 2	Bering Sea 54-54N 167-08W	10/9		

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks
Japanese Factory Ship Kashima Maru	Bering Sea 56-29N 166-30W	10/13	
Japanese Longliner Keikyu Maru No. 82	Aleutian Islands 52-00N 172-00W	10/16	
Japanese Longliner Eikyu Maru No. 82	Aleutian Islands 52-00N 171-50W	10/16	
Japanese Factory Ship Soyo Maru	Gulf of Alaska 54-44N 165-51W	10/18	
Japanese Longliner Sumiyoshi Maru No. 53	Gulf of Alaska 57-35N 150-13W	10/28	
Japanese Longliner Ryusho Maru No. 18	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	11/2	
Japanese Stern Trawler Eikyu Maru No. 35	Bering Sea 55-09N 172-19W	11/4	Law Enforcement Seizur
Japanese Stern Trawler Tomi Maru No. 85	Gulf of Alaska 53-37N 140-40W	11/14	
Japanese Stern Trawler Koyo Maru No. 2	Gulf of Alaska 55-26N 134-55W	11/17	
Japanese Stern Trawler Tenyo Maru No. 3	Aleutian Islands 53-20N 168-32W	11/22	
Japanese Stern Trawler Zuiyo Maru No. 3	Bering Sea 58-35N 175-01W	12/8	
SOUTH KOREAN			
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 91	Gulf of Alaska Sitka	1/16	
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 91	Gulf of Alaska 56-07N 135-31W	1/29	

SOUTH KOREAN (cont'd)

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 31	Gulf of Alaska 55-14N 134-28W	2/10	1
South Korean Longliner Odae Yang No. 212	Gulf of Alaska 55-18N 134-50W	3/16	
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 31	Gulf of Alaska 55-38N 156-07W	4/15	
South Korean Longliner Sam Hae No. 11	Gulf of Alaska 54-29N 159-16W	4/16	
South Korean Longliner Sam Hae No. 11	Gulf of Alaska 57-23N 136-24W	4/28	
South Korean Stern Trawler Shin An Ho	Aleutian Islands 54-21N 166-13W	5/1	
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 31	Gulf of Alaska 57-20N 151-06W	7/18	
South Korean Stern Trawler Hwa Rang	Aleutian Islands 53-15N 166-54W	7/27	
South Korean Longliner Sam Hae No. 11	Gulf of Alaska 57-13N 136-21W	8/4	
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 709	Gulf of Alaska 57-22N 136-23W	8/7	
South Korean Stern Trawler Kum Kang San	Gulf of Alaska 53-57N 162-03W	8/8	CFZ Seizure
South Korean Stern Trawler Seol Ag San	Aleutian Islands 53-39N 165-07W	8/19	
South Korean Longliner Dong Won No. 31	Gulf of Alaska 57-52N 137-04W	9/17	

SOVIET

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks	
Soviet BMRT Ozyorniye Klyuchi	Gulf of Alaska 54-34N 163-02W	5/12		
Soviet SRTM Schastye	Bering Sea 55-20N 168-05W	5/14		
Soviet SRTM Uala	Aleutian Islands 54-23N 166-50W	5/15		
Soviet BMRT Mys Orekhova	Gulf of Alaska 54-40N 158-03W	5/17		
Soviet SSSR Pyatidesyatiletiye	Bering Sea 58-32N 174-16W	5/24		
Soviet SRTM Armaturschik	Aleutian Islands 54-23N 167-28W	5/30		
Soviet SRTM Optomist	Aleutian Islands 54-33N 165-50W	7/12		
Soviet SRTM Dzhigit	Aleutian Islands 54-12N 166-23W	8/5		
Soviet SRTM Svobodiyy	Aleutian Islands 54-25N 166-01W	8/11		
Soviet SRTM Armaturschik	Aleutian Islands 54-29N 165-58W	8/11		
Soviet BMRT Ansimovka	Gulf of Alaska 54-20N 160-20W	8/15		
Soviet BMRT Askold	Gulf of Alaska 54-19N 160-47W	8/25		
Soviet BMRT Seroglazka	Aleutian Islands 52-34N 179-39W	9/5		
Soviet BMRT Kalitva	Aleutian Islands 54-54N 167-01W	9/13		

SOVIET (cont'd)

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks	
Soviet RRT Lokator	Aleutian Islands 52-05N 171-54W	10/16		
Soviet BMRT Kalitva	Bering Sea 55-00N 167-38W	11/11		
Soviet BMRT Okhotskoye More	Gulf of Alaska 59-58N 144-37W	11/20		
Soviet BMRT Kushka	Gulf of Alaska 59-58N 144-37W	11/20		
Soviet SRTK Moreplavatel	Aleutian Islands 52-21N 173-21W	11/21		
Soviet BMRT Belkino	Gulf of Alaska 56-45N 152-18W	11/25		
Soviet BMRT Ivan-Chernopyatko	Gulf of Alaska 56-52N 152-18W	11/26		
Soviet BMRT Ivan-Chernopyatko	Gulf of Alaska 56-50N 151-35W	12/12		
TAIWANESE				
Taiwanese Stern Trawler Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 55-15N 168-63W	5/1		
Taiwanese Stern Trawler Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-24N 162-42W	7/16		
Taiwanese Stern Trawler Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-06N 163-10W	7/17		
Taiwanese Stern Trawler Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-42N 162-24W	7/18		
Taiwanese Gill-netter Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-24N 162-28W	7/19		

TAIWANESE (cont'd)

Ship	Location	Date	Remarks
Taiwanese Gill-netter Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-44N 162-19W	7/20	
Taiwanese Gill-netter Tai Chang No. 1	Bering Sea 56-35N 161-32W	7/24	
Taiwanese Longliner Tong Hong No. 3	Gulf of Alaska 56-59.3N 136-03W	9/9	CFZ Violation Seizure
Taiwanese Longliner Tong Hong No. 3	Sitka	9/11	CFZ Violation Seizure
Taiwanese Longliner Tong Hong No. 3	Sitka	9/18	
Taiwanese Longliner Tong Hong No. 3	Gulf of Alaska 55-45N 135-03W	11/16	
POLISH			
Polish Stern Trawler Crater	Gulf of Alaska 56-48N 152-23W	1/17	
Polish Stern Trawler Denebola	Gulf of Alaska 56-59N 152-38W	1/22	
Polish Stern Trawler Denebola	Gulf of Alaska 56-38N 152-22W	2/1	
CANADIAN			
Canadian Longliner Caress II	Gulf of Alaska 59-32N 142-34W	6/7	
Canadian Halibut Vessel War Nipper	Port Alexander	6/18	
Canadian Troller Heydad	Gulf of Alaska 59-34N 140-15W	6/27	

Table 9.

VIOLATIONS OF U.S. TERRITORIAL WATERS, 1975

Date	Nationality	Vessel	Locations	Remarks
April 3	Japanese	Longliner Eikyu Maru No. 33	1.7 miles off Great Sitkin Island, central Aleutians, 52-06.2N 176-13W	Coast Guard aircraft with NMFS Agent found vessel and longline gear in position shown. Vessel seized. Master fined \$8,000. Vessel and catch forfeited to U. S. Government in settlement of civil charges.
June 5	Japanese	Stern trawler Jikyu Maru No. 17	2.5 miles off Khvostof Island, western Aleutians, 51-58N 178-13E	Coast Guard aircraft with NMFS Agent sighted subject vessel fishing in position shown. Vessel ignored instructions to stop and fled from Territorial waters. Vessel was seized approximately 20 hours after violation had occurred, while "hot pursuit" was maintained by two Coast Guard aircraft. Master fined \$10,000 and settlement of \$440,000 was reached in civil suit against the vessel.

Table 10.

VIOLATIONS OF THE U.S. CONTIGUOUS FISHERY ZONE, 1975

Date	Nationality	Vessel	Location	Remarks
Aug. 7	South Korean	Stern trawler Kum Kang San	7.9 miles off Seal Rock, western Gulf of Alaska 54-10N 162-35.1W	Coast Guard aircraft with NMFS Agents sighted subject vessel fishing in position shown. Master fined \$8,000. Settlement of \$407,000 reached in civil suit against the vessel.
Sept. 9	Taiwanese	Longliner Tong Hong No. 3	8.6 miles off Cape Edgecumbe. South- east Alaska 56-59N 136-03W	Coast Guard aircraft sighted subject vessel fishing in position shown. Master fined \$8,000. Settlement of \$220,000 was reached in civil suit against the vessel.
Nov. 3	Japanese	Stern trawler Eikyu Maru No. 35	8.5 miles off Amlia Island, central Aleutians 52-18N 173-31W	Coast Guard aircraft with NMFS Agent sighted subject vessel fishing in position shown. Vessel seized. Master fined \$25,000 and settlement of \$575,000 reached in civil suit against the vessel.

Table 11.

VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES AGREEMENTS, 1975

Vessel					
	Nationality	Type	Violation	Date	Remarks
Longliner <u>Ellie</u> <u>Jean</u>	United States	IPHC	Possession of halibut without IPHC license.	June 18	NMFS State of Alaska Agents detected violation while on fisheries patrol. Civil settlement of \$100.00 paid to U. S. Government.
Longliner <u>Eureka</u>	United States	IPHC	Possession of halibut without IPHC license.	Aug. 20	NMFS Agent detected violation while vessel was being inspected at Seward, Alaska. Catch forfeited to U. S. Government.
Longliner <u>Escape</u>	United States	IPHC	Possession of undersized halibut:	Sept. 2	NMFS Agent detected violation while vessel was unloading catch at Kodiak, Alaska. Settlement of \$200.00 was paid to U.S. Government.
Longliner Sea Scout	United States	IPHC	Possession of undersized halibut and fishing without IPHC license.	Sept. 2	NMFS Agent detected violation while vessel was unloading catch at Kodiak, Alaska. Settlement of \$250.00 was paid to the U. S. Government.
RTM <u>Meteorit</u>	Soviet	U.SU.S.S.R. Pacific Bilat- eral Fishery Agreement	Trawling in fixed gear area off Kodiak Island, 56-51N 152-21W	Oct. 29	Coast Guard aircraft with NMFS Agent observed vessel trawling in position shown. Vessel was notified of Agreement violation. Case docu- mentation referred to Washington, D.C. for possible protest to the

Table 12.

ESTIMATED COMPOSITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF SOVIET FISHING FLEETS BY MONTH, 1975

Pactory Stern Stern Other Other Ships Trawlers Trawlers Trawlers Step Trawlers Other Trawlers Ships Trawlers Trawlers Ships Trawlers Trawlers Ships Trawlers Trawlers Other Trawlers Othe	HUNOM		CULF	GULF OF ALASKA				由	HERING SEA				ALEU	ALEUTIAN ISLANDS			
0 11 0 3 14 4 11 27 5 47 — — 0 4 1 2 7 3 12 25 6 46 — — 0 4 1 2 7 3 12 27 4 46 — —	l	Factory	Stern	Other	Ships	TOTAL	Factory	Stern	Other	Support	TOTAL	Factory	Stern	Other	Support	TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL
0 16 1 3 20 2 13 25 6 46	JAN.	0	11	0	3	14	7	11	27	5	7.7			9		,	
0 4 1 2 7 3 12 27 4 46 1 5 11 2 7 3 5 33 7 48 5 11 2 13 3 7 48 5 7 1 8 2 9 36 4 51 2 5 1 5 12 1 19 2 5 5 10 1 16 6 5 5 10 1 16 6 13 5 1 1 1 1 6 6 13 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 20 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	FEB.	0	16	1	3	20	2	13	25	4	7.7			7.	4	14	75
0 5 2 7 3 5 33 7 48 5 11 2 13 3 7 34 6 50 5 7 1 8 2 9 36 4 51 2 6 3 9 1 5 12 1 19 2 5 5 10 1 16 6 13 5 10 1 16 6 13 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 20 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	MAR.	0	7	1	2	7	ı ۳	12	27	0 4	97	í +	1 4	1 4	1 0	7	70
	APR.	0	5	ł	2	7	3	2	33		0 00	4	٦ ٧	- 1	7	15	89
7 1 8 2 9 36 4 51 2 6 3 9 1 5 12 1 19 2 20 2 7 5 10 1 16 6 13 3 23 1 4 11 1 17 30 13 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 20 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	MAY	1	11	-	2	13	9	7	34	- 4	0 10		0 6	2	1	11	99
- 6 - 3 9 1 5 12 1 19 - 2 - 20 - 2 7 - 5 10 1 16 - 6 - 13 - 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 - 20 - 15 - 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 - 5	JUNE	1	7	1	1	00	2	6	36	7	2 5		4	1	1 0	7	65
- 5 - 2 7 - 5 10 1 16 - 6 - 20 - 3 23 1 4 11 1 17 - 6 - 13 - 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 - 20 - 15 - 3 18 1 6 18 2 27 - 11 - 15 - 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 - 5	JULY	1	9	1	3	6	1	2	12	1	16			5 4	7 6	5	79
20 3 23 1 4 11 1 17 30 13 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 20 15 3 18 1 6 18 2 27 11 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	AUG.	1	5	1	2	7	1	5	10	-	16	1	1 4	0 0	7 -	10	38
13 1 14 1 6 5 1 13 20 15 3 18 1 6 18 2 27 11 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	SEPT.	1	20	1	3	23	1	4	11		17		30	n	٦ ،	16	39
15 3 18 1 6 18 2 27 11 15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34 5	OCT.	1	13	1	1	14	1	9	2	-	13		30	!	η,	33	73
15 2 17 2 4 25 3 34	NON.	1	15	1	3	18	1	9	18	2	27	1	11	<	3 C	57	51
	DEC.	1	15	1	2	17	2	4	25	3	34	1	2	7 7	7	17	58

Morth of Dixon Entrance
 Kast of International Date Line
 Mast of 170° East Longitude

Table 13.

SOVIET CATCH DATA FOR THE ALASKA REGION COMPARING 1974 - 1975

Halibut 123 ALEU GOA IOT BSA ALEU GOA IOT IOTal Soviet IOTal I		% of Change	1974-1975	no change	22% incr.	28% incr.	30% decr.	no change	1	10% decr.	30% incr.	1	11% incr.	15% decr.	1	
1974 1974 1974 1975		of Soviet	1975	< 1%	12%	%9	26%	10%	1	4%	%9	%0	2%	}	1	
1974 1974 101 1975 1	_	Tota	1974	~ 1%	8%	3%	%19	%6	< 1%	4%	4%	~ 1%	4%	 1	!	
BSA ALEU GOA TOT BSA ALEU 1974 187 3 38,670 39 2,334 41,043 49,800 37 37 38,670 39 2,334 41,043 49,800 37 31,877 14 38 129 209,957 9,874 31,877 14 38 129 NO DATA BROKEN DOWN 19,800 18,504 6,377 19 10,706 1,706 1,706 1,706 17,500 25,375 17,649 22,145 17,500 25,375 26,915 17,500 25,375 26,915 17,500 25,375 26,915			<u>101</u>	190	52,253	25,711	257,672	49,007	1	18,504	26,838	0	24,733	454,908	1	
1974 101 161		1975	G0A	20	2,416	1,484	37,841	10,215	DOWN	0	19,999	0	926,9	78,981	17%	
BSA ALEU GOA TOT 123 4 60 187 38,670 39 2,334 41,043 4 16,547 45 2,136 18,728 2 309,613 21,346 31,000 361,959 20 31,877 824 17,194 49,895 2 19,800 \(\rho \) \(\rho \rho \) \(\rho \rho \rho \rho \rho \rho \rho \rho	: Tons)		ALEU	33	37	184	9,874	11,877	BROKEN	0	6,377	0	257	28,609	%9	
BSA ALEU GOA I 123 4 60 38,670 39 2,334 41 16,547 45 2,136 18 309,613 21,346 31,000 361 31,877 824 17,194 49 p 19,800 p p 19 p 1,377 17,531 18 p p 1,726 7,649 22 12,770 1,726 7,649 534 80% 5% 15%	(Metric		BSA	137	49,800	24,043	209,957	26,915	NO DATA	18,504	462	60.	17,500	347,318	%92	
BSA ALEU 123 4 38,670 39 16,547 45 309,613 21,346 31,877 824 19,800 0 1,377 0 1,726 12,770 1,726 12,770 1,726 80% 5%	-		101	187	41,043		361	49	129	19,800	18,908	1,706	22,145		1	
BSA ALEU 123 4 38,670 39 16,547 45 309,613 21,346 31,877 824 h 77 14 19,800 0 1,377 0 1,726 429,477 25,375 80% 5%		1974	G0A	09	2,334	2,136	31,000		38	0	17,531	1,706	7,649		15%	
ے			ALEU	4	39	45	21,346	824	14	60.	1,377	0	1,726		2%	
Halibut Flatfish Cod Pollock Rockfish Herring Atka Shrimp Others			BSA	123	38,670	16,547	309,613	31,877	77	19,800	62	0	12,770	429,477	80%	
				Halibut	Flatfish	poo	Pollock	Rockfish	Sablefish	Herring	Atka	Shrimp	Others	TOTALS		

Table 14.

ESTIMATED COMPOSITION AND DISTRIBUTION OF JAPAN FISHING FLEETS BY MONTH, 1975

		GULF OF ALASKA	LINE				BERING SEA	N. A.					ALEUTIAN	ALEUTIAN ISLANDS				
20 2	Stern	Longline	Support	TOTAL	Factory	Stern	Other Trawlers	Selmon	Support	TOTAL	Factory	Stern	Longline	Whale	Salmon Gillnetters	Support	TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL
	11	80	1	20	2	15	10	1	3	30	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	51
	10	7	2	19	2	32	17	-	1	58	1	1	2	1	1	1	3	80
	80	7	1	16	4	32	27	1	00	71	1	7	2	1	{	1	6	96
	11	80	1	20	2	35	69	1	11	120	1	2	7	1	1	1	6	149
	11	80	1	20	9	29	66	1	10	144	1	80	2	1	}	1	11	175
	80	7	2	17	11	30	113	132	12	298	9	8	1	1	200	9	221	536
	80	7	2	17	11	30	106	198	19	364	2	16	1	!	19	1	87	468
	80	80	1	17	2	30	102	1	6	146	}	15	2	1	1	1	18	181
	9	12	1	18	2	31	101	1	9	143	1	15	3	1	1	1	19	180
	7	9	1	14	3	28	24	-	9	61	1	7	2	1		1	9	81
	9	9	1	13	2	25	16	1	10	53	!	4	1	1	}	2	9	72
	00	9	1	14	2	25	6	1	2	41	1	4	2	1	1	1	9	61

Morth of Dixon Entrance
 Zast of International Date Line
 East of 170° East Longitude
 Includes pot and tangle net wessels and longliners

Table 15.

JAPANESE EASTERN BERING SEA CRAB FISHERIES STATISTICS, 1964-75

Tanner Crab Catch (Number)	220,000 1,030,000 1,490,000 8,600,000 17,600,000 18,190,000 15,738,800 15,593,090 13,942,990 13,986,000 9,435,000
King Crab Catch (Number)	5,895,380 4,215,860 4,206,260 3,764,200 3,853,300 2,072,920 2,080,390 885,620 874,210 228,450 476,000 2/
Pot/Net Boats	12 10 10 10 16 30 30 30 17/
Picker Boats	17 19 19 10 10 4 4
Factory Ships	00000000000
Year	1964 1965 1966 1967 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973

Fishery limited to pot gear only under terms of U.S.-Japan bilateral agreement of December 20, 1972. There was no king crab fishery in 1975.

2/

XVI. APPENDIX

CANADA DIXON ENTRANC EASTERN OF ALASKA CENTRAL ALASKA GULF GULF NORTHERN EASTERN EASTERN ALEUTIANS > ST, MATTHEW 170°W CENTRAL 173ºW-CENTRAL ALEUTIANS-54°30'N U. S. S. R.

GENERAL CHART OF AREAS REFERRED TO IN TEXT

APPENDIX 2: GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF FISH PRODUCTS MADE ABOARD FOREIGN VESSELS FISHING ALASKA REGION

SPECIES PRODUCTS

NATION	GEAR	SNAIL	POLLOCK	FLOUNDER	HERRING	SALMON	TANNER	SHRIMP	BLACK	PACIFIC	ROCKFISH	ATKA MACKEREL	WHALE
Japan	Trawl		Surimi Fish meal headed, gutted & frozen		Frozen whole Meal Frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen Frozen roe	Meat canned Legs frozen whole	Meat frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen	Hended, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen	Fish meal	
			frozen	frozen whole									
			fish oil	headed, gutted & frozen									
	Longline	41		Same	Same				Same	Ѕаше	Same		
	Pot	Meat frozen											
	Gillnet					Frozen							
	Harpoon		3										Steaks 011
Soviet Union	Trawl		Headed, gutted & frozen Dorsal	Headed, gutted & frozen Frozen	Frozen whole Fish meal			Meat frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen Fish meal	Headed, gutted & frozen Fish meal	Headed, gutted & frozen Fish meal	Frozen whole Fish meal	
			Canned	Fish									

APPENDIX 2: GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF FISH PRODUCTS MADE ABOARD FOREIGN VESSELS FISHING ALASKA REGION

SPECIES PRODUCTS

NATION	GEAR	SNAIL	POLLOCK	FLOUNDER	HERRING	SALMON	TANNER	SHRIMP	BLACK	PACIFIC COD	ROCKFISH	ATKA	WHALE
Soviet Union (continued)	n Trawl		Fish										
			Fish Oil							0			
			Frozen										
South Korea	Trawl		Headed, gutted & frozen						Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen		
			Frozen										
	Longline		1						Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen		
Taiwan	Trawl		Headed, gutted & frozen	Frozen						Headed, gutted &	Headed,		
	Gillnet					Headed, gutted & frozen				frozen	frozen		
						Frozen							
	Longline		Į.						Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen	Headed, gutted & frozen		

APPENDIX 2: GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF FISH PRODUCTS MADE ABOARD FOREIGN VESSELS FISHING ALASKA REGION

SPECIES PRODUCTS

WHALE	
ATKA	
ROCKFISH	Headed, gutted & frozen
PACIFIC	Headed, gutted & frozen
BLACK	
SHRIMP	
TANNER	
SALMON	
HERRING	
FLOUNDER	
PULLOCK	Headed, gutted & frozen
SNAIL	
GEAR	Trawl
NATION	Poland

LIST OF

SOVIET FISHING AND SUPPORT VESSELS

OPERATING OFF ALASKA IN 1975

NUMBER HULL NO. FACTORY SHIPS Fish Factory Ships Professor Baranov Class - GRT-13,571 - 14,340, Length-538', Beam-70' PP 0008 Sovetskoye Primurye Tomsk PP 0005 Spassk Class - GRT-18,000, Length-572', Beam-79' PP 0870 Severodonetsk PT 3124 Okhotskoyemore Severodvinsk Class - GRT-10,036, Length-510', Beam-66' Sovetskaya Sibir BASE SHIPS PZH 2860 Pyatidesyatiletiye PROCESSING REFRIGERATED SHIPS Aktyubinsk Class - GRT-5,217, Length-424', Beam-55' PI 3464 Tselinograd Bratsk Class - GRT-2288, Length-270', Beam-43' PV 0126 Kvadrant Priboy Class - GRT-9660, Length-497', Beam-67' Altaiskie Gory PT 3088 PT 3085 Kamchatskie Gory PT 3116 Ostrov Karaginskiy PT 3114 Ostrov Lisyanskogo

PROCESSING REFRIGERATED SHIPS (cont'd)

	NUMBER	HULL NO.
Ostrov Schmidta Ostrov Shokalskogo Ostrov Ushakova Sakhalinskie Gory	TR 3086	PT 3112 PT 3109 PT 3111 PT 3086
Sevastopol Class - GRT-5,527, Length-387	', Beam-55'	
Refizherator No. 13		PR 3733
Sibir Class - GRT-6,133, Length-429', Be	am-55'	
Khudozhnik S. Gerasimov Khudozhnik Vrvbel Sibir		PP 3022 PT 3025 PT 3001
<u>Tavriya Class</u> - GRT-3,230 - 3,556, Lengt	h-326', Beam-46'	
Ishim	RR 0042	PR 0041
Yana Class - GRT-3,782, Length-365', Bea	m-48'	
Indirgirka Lokator		TI 0145 PA 0826
Miscellaneous Class		
Karskoye More Rehitsa Sajanskie Gory	TR 3117	PT 3117 PT 0805 PT 3087
CARGO SHIPS		
Donbass Class		
Primorsk		PKH 0004
Miscellaneous Class		
Kansk Rubezhnoye Sasha-Kotov		PI 4254

NUMBER

HULL NO.

Mikhalail Uritskiy Class - GRT-4,720-4,871, Length-401', Beam-53'

Turkmeniya

TANKERS

Frunze Juganski Narymneft Okhotskoe More			PI TN	3509 0173 0434 3124
Sakhalinneft Slavgorod				
Solnechnyy Yugansk			PI	0173

TUGS

Doker	SI	0132
Ispolnitelnyi	PCH	0246
Kosmonaut Komorov		
Reshitelnyy	PCH	0263

STERN TRAWLERS

BMRT Pushkin Class - GTR-2,581, Length-273', Beam-46	1
Mys Krylova	SB 0332
BMRT Dalmor Class - GTR-2,851, Length-274', Beam-46'	
Posevdon	PB 4205

BMRT Mayakovskiy Class - GRT-3,170, Length-278', Beam-46'

Akademic Berg		PB 4877
Aleksandr Maksutov	BMRT 0475	TB 0975
Aleksei Makhalin	BMRT 0456	TB 0956
Anismovka	Diliki 0100	PB 0858
Askold	BMRT 0367	PB 0867
	BMRT 0336	PB 0836
Barabinsk		
Belkino	BMRT	PB 0857
Boris Gorinskii	BMRT 0450	TB 0950
Danko	BMRT 0461	PB 0961
Fyodor Kraynev	BMRT 0449	SB 0949
Galifan Batarshin	BMRT 0454	PB 0954
Ikhtiolog	BMRT 0279	TB 1279
Itelmen		TB 0899
Ivan Chernopyatko	BMRT 0445	PB 0945
Ivan Panov	BMRT 0423	SB 0923
Ivan Sereda	BMRT 0479	TB 0979
Kalar	BMRT	TB 0268
Kalitva	Drikt	TB 0269
	BMRT 0485	TB 0985
Kamchatskaya Pravda	DINKI 0400	TB 0285
Kamyshin	DUDT 0207	
Kazakhstan	BMRT 0387	PB 0887
Kazalinsk		TB 0290
Kazatin	BMRT 0291	TB 0291
Khayryuzovo	BMRT 0266	TB 0266
Khingan	BMRT 0354	TB 0853
Kommunist	BMRT 0476	PB 0976
Kommunist Ukrainy	BMRT 0492	PB 1992
Korenga	BMRT 0914	SB 0321
Krechet		
Kuba	BMRT 0385	TB 0885
Kushka	BMRT 0292	TB 0292
Leninets	BMRT 0494	TB 1994
	BMRT 0483	SB 0983
Lesogorsk		
Lotos	BMRT 0496	PB 0996
Luchegorsk	BMRT 0254	TB 0254
Mark Reshetnikov	BMRT 0455	PB 0955
Matematik	BMRT 0260	TB 0260
Medik	BMRT 0261	KHB 0261
Meteorid	BMRT 0272	PB 0152
Meteorolog	BMRT 0262	KHB 0262
Mgachi	BMRT 0370	SB 0870
Mys Bobrova	BMRT	KHB 0331
Mys Baranova	BMRT 0530	PB 0350
Mys Ermak	BMRT	KHB 0272
Mys Orekhova	BMRT	TB 0357
Mys Voronina	BMRT 0373	0373
ny s voi on ma	Di 11.1 0070	00,0

STERN TRAWLERS (cont'd)	NUMBER	HULL NO.
BMRT Mayakovskiy Class (cont'd)		
Mys Yudina	BMRT	SB 0358
Mys Prokof Eva	BMRT 0375	SB 0375
Nadeshdinsk	DMDT 0271	PB 0995 TB 0871
Nikolai Ostrovski Novvy Mir	BMRT 0371 BMRT	PB 1360
Opala	BMRT 0339	TB 0866
Ozyornii Kluchi	BMRT 0278	PB 0278
Pakhacha	BMRT 0481	TB 0981
Pasionariya	BMRT 0460	SB 0960
Pechenga	BMRT 0363	PB 0863
Petr Ovchinnikov	BMRT 0448	TB 0948
Pogranichnik Strelnikov	BMRT	PB 0287
Poyma	BMRT 0986	PB 0986
Pyotr Ovchinnikov	DMDT 0460	TB 0948
Revolyutsioner Sakhalin	BMRT 0468 BMRT 0383	PB 0968 SB 0883
Samara	BMRT 0289	SB 0289
Samarga	BMRT 0357	PB 0856
Seroglazka	BMRT 0435	TB 1935
Sibiryak	BMRT 0458	PB 0958
Sovgavan	BMRT 0484	PB 0984
Soyuz 4 *Chetrye*	BMRT 0283	TB 0283
Suifun	BMRT 0358	PB 0857
Svetlaya	BMRT 0480	SB 0980
Tadzhikistan	BMRT 0391	PB 0891
Taman	BMRT 0397 BMRT 0487	SB 0897 PB 0987
Terney Tiraspol	BMRT	TB 0271
Trudovye Rezervy	BMRT 0440	TB 0940
Turkul	BMRT	SB 0319
Tymlat	BMRT	KHB 0267
Tymovsk	BMRT 0498	SB 0998
Uzbekistan	BMRT 0380	TB 0880
Valentin Kotelnikov	BMRT 0442	SB 0942
Vasiliy Vinevitin	BMRT 0446	SB 0946
Yubilei Oktyabrya	BMRT 0464	PB 0964
Yunost	BMRT 0462	TB 0962
50 Let V1ksm	BMRT 0497	PB 0997

STERN TRAWLERS (Cont'd)	NUMBER	HULL NO.
RTM Atlantik Class - GRT-2,657, Lengt	h-270', Beam-45'	
Agatovyy Akmolinsk Amga Aviator Izumrudnyy Kamyshin Kazalinsk Krechet	RTM 7118	PV 0238 PV 0180 PV 0170 PV 7118 PV 7240 TB 0285 TB 0290
Kvadrant Meteorit Nadezhdinsk Publisist Zagorskiy Zakharova Zarchye Zubaryevo Zubovo	RTM 7152	PV 0126 PV 0152 PB 0995 PV 0219 SSH 0815 SSH 0813 SSH 0889 SSH 0817 SSH 0887
RTM Tropikl Class - GRT-2,435, Length	-262', Beam-43'	
Zhemchuzhnyy <u>Skryplev Class</u> - GRT-4,699, Length-33	7', Beam-53'	PV 7239
Lokator		PA 0826
RT Pioneer Class - GRT-684, Length-19	0', Beam-32'	
Adler Ogon Pelamida Schastye	RT 0218 RT 0204	PG 4059 PG 4242 PG 4285
SRTR - Okean - GRT-265-335, Length-12	5', Beam-24'	
Chudova Kanopus Kril Narval	SRTR 9163	SI 0144 PI 0307 PI 4012 PL 0604
Ochakov Olguya Pushchino Radovitsy Roshchino Rubezhnoye Seryshevo	SRTR 9021 SRTR 0989	SI 0345 SI 0341 PI 4223 PT 0801 KHI 1347 PT 0081 PI 4203

SIDE TRAWLERS

SRTM Mayak Class - GRT-700, Length-178', Beam-31'

Amurskiy Partizan	SRTM	PI 0049
Apparatchik	SRTM	PI 2099
Argali	SRTM 8450	TI 0145
Arlyuk	SRTM	PI 4850
Armaturshchik	SRTM 8456	PI 2076
Arsk	SRTM	PI 4224
Artyk	SRTM 0849	
Avtogenshchik	SRTM	PI 2098
Blagoveshchensk	SRTM 0656	PI 1052
Bratstvo	SRTM 1300	PI 0002
Brigadir	SRTM	PI 2100
Bylina	SRTM 8485	PI 2090
Chelikhgra Chelikhgra	SRTM 8436	PI 0036
Chelkar	SRTM	TI 0164
Cherakassy	SRTM	SI 0141
Cherdyn	SRTM 1054	PI 1054
Cheremkhovo	SRTM	TI 0163
Chigrin	SRTM	TI 0162
Chu1ym	SRTM	SI 0124
Daliya	SRTM	
Delfin	SRTM 0822	
Dmitry Levin	SRTM 8608	SI 0109
Doblest	SRTM 1302	PI 0006
Dubno	SRTM	PI 1057
Dubrava *Poisk*	SRTM 8486	TI 0148
Dzhigit	SRTM	PI 1048
Gayvoron	SRTM	TI 1625
Gornovoy	SRTM	PI 0005
Karat	SRTM 8437	SI 0128
Kashira	SRTM	PI 1056
Khabarovsk	SRTM	PI 0048
Kosmodrom	SRTM 8468	
Leninskoye	SRTM	SI 0136

SIDE TRAWLERS (cont'd)	NUMBER	HULL NO.
SRTM Mayak Class (cont'd)		
Lunniy Machinist	SRTM 8469 SRTM 1318 SRTM	PI 1049 SI 0112
Mayak Motorist	SRTM 1289 SRTM 8422	PI 0017
Nakhodka Olenyok Olga Opolot Mira Ossorka Pavel Butov Pogranichnik Biloushnikov Pogranichnik Denisenko Pogranichnik Gladyshev Pogranichnik Golovin Pogranichnik Kovalev Pogranichnik Mankovskii Pogranichnik Vetrich	SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM 8413 SRTM 8407 SRTM 8404 SRTM 8404 SRTM 8403 SRTM 8403 SRTM 8412 SRTM	PI 2096 PI 0019 SI 0114 PI 2095 SI 0115 PI 0955 PI 2059 PI 2057 PI 2054 PI 2061 PI 2053 SI 0116 PI 1235
Raksha Ranhevo Ravenstvo Raychikhinsk	SRTM SRTM 1279 SRTM	PI 0023 PI 0208
Razdan Razino Razinosk Sargassa Schastye Svoboda Svobodnyy	SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM 1277 SRTM SRTM	PI 1232 KHI 1341 KHI 1047 PI 2336 PTI 1051 PI 0026 PI 1050
Tamango Tikhirka Tsunami Uala Uelen Vasyugan Verabelik	SRTM 8476 SRTM 1292 SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM	PI 4031 SI 0123 PI 0085 TI 1156 PI 0050 SI 0102 SI 0103
Verkhoyansk Yakutsk Yaroslavskiy Komsomolets Yubileyniy Zarevo	SRTM SRTM SRTM SRTM 1288 SRTM 8466	PI 1053 PI 0051 PI 2091 TI 0151 TI 0147

SIDE	TRAWLERS (cont'd)	NUMBER	HULL NO.
	SRTM Mayak Class (cont'd)		
		SRTM 8434 SRTM 8442 SRTM 8455 SRTM 8482 SRTM 8419 SRTM 8415 SRTM 8430 SRTM 8431 SRTM 8426 SRTM 8423 SRTM 8428 SRTM 8428 SRTM 8484 SRTM 8433 SRTM 8448	PI 0035 PI 0807 PI 4043 PI 0046 PI 2063 PI 0960 PI 2071 PI 0072 PI 0067 PI 0066 PI 2069 PI 2073 PI 0039
			PI 4049 TI 0147 SI 1144 PI 0030 PI 0034 PI 0062 PI 0078 PI 0084 PI 0323 PI 0953 PI 1047 PI 1242 PI 2067 PI 4040
	SRTM Zeleznyi Potok Class - GRT-700, Length-	178', Beam-31'	
	Optomist Ruzhino Zheleznyi Potok	SRTM 1297 SRTM SRTM 1295	PI 0020 PI 0059 PI 0008

NUMBER

HULL NO.

Research Ships

Adler Okean

Patrol Ships

Entuziast Flotinspektsiya 1 Flotinspektsiya 5

<u>Miscellaneous</u>

Publitsist (ST, FISH FAC, REF-2154)

PU 0219

UNKNOWN

TCH 0073 0PT 3087

LIST OF

JAPANESE FISHING AND SUPPORT VESSELS OPERATING OFF ALASKA IN 1975

		REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
FACTORY S	HIPS		
Fish	1		
	Chiyo Maru Gyokuei Maru Hoyo Maru Jinyo Maru Kashima Maru Kizan Maru Kyokusei Maru Meisei Maru Meiyo Maru Mineshima Maru Miyajima Maru Nisshin Maru No. 2 Nojima Maru Ohtsu Maru Shikishima Maru Soyo Maru Yoho Maru	TK1-232 TK1-333 TK1-331 TK1-293 TK1-182 TK1-432 TK1-802 TK1-370 TK1-381 TK1-716 TK1-716 TK1-716 TK1-137 TK1-208 TK1-302 TK1-302 TK1-334 TK1-648 TK1-518 TK1-518 TK1-589	Salmon Groundfish Groundfish Salmon Groundfish Salmon Salmon Salmon Groundfish Salmon Groundfish Salmon Groundfish Salmon Groundfish Salmon Groundfish Salmon Groundfish
Crab			
	Keiko Maru Koyo Maru	HK1-157 TK1-163	
TRAWLERS			
	Akashi Maru No. 18 Akashi Maru No. 51 Akashi Maru No. 58 Akashi Maru No. 59 Akashi Maru No. 63 Akashi Maru No. 65 Akashi Maru No. 66	YG1-239 YG1-241 YG1-259 YG1-260 YG1-266 YG1-267 YG1-273	

TRAWLERS (cont'd)

Akashi Maru No. 67	YG1-275
Akashi Maru No. 68	YG1-280
	YG1-281
Akashi Maru No. 71	YG1-289
Akashi Maru No. 72	YG1-290
Akashi Maru No. 73	YG1-299
Akashi Maru No. 75	YG1-300
Akatsuki Maru	HK2-11541
Akiho Maru	NS1-430
Aoba Maru	NS1-492
Choei Maru No. 38	AM1-172
Daikichi Maru No. 32	MG1-0528
Ebisu Maru No. 11	HK1-560
Ebisu Maru No. 21	HK1-383
Eiyo Maru	F01-283
Fukuyo Maru	
	F01-279
Fuyo Maru	NS1-547
Hakurei Maru	NS1-534
Heikyu Maru No. 25	HK1-453
Hokkai Maru	NS1-435
	HK1-612
	NS1-537
Hokuto Maru	NS1-538
Hoyo Maru	NS1-546
Junyo Maru	F01-257
Kaiko Maru No. 8	AM1-163
Kaiun Maru No. 52	HK1-389
Kaiun Maru No. 78	HK1-575
Kakuyo Maru No. 3	NS1-437
Kakuyo Maru No. 7	NS1-543
Kakuyo Maru No. 8	NS1-544
Katori Maru	NS1-485
Katuki Maru	NS1-486
Koei Maru No. 15	MG1-0440
Koyo Maru	F01-278
Kureha Maru	F01-294
Mitsu Maru No. 35 Mitsu Maru No. 50	AM1-121
Mizuho Maru	AM1-158
	NS1-429
Myoei Maru No. 8	HK2-11976
Myojin Maru No. 15	MG2-2562
Otoha Maru	F01-293
Oyo Maru	NS1-309
Rakuyo Maru	F01-261
Ryuyo Maru	NS1-297
Sankichi Maru No. 5	HK2-11470
Seiho Maru No. 15	HK1-558

REGISTR	Y
NUMBER	

REMARKS

TRAWLERS (cont'd)

Shoken Maru No. 8	HK2-11902
Shosei Maru No. 15	HK1-452
Shotoku Maru No. 35	HK1-0450
Shunyo Maru	F01-260
Shuyo Maru	F01-284
Soho Maru No. 63	AM1-0012
Soho Maru No. 68	AM1-150
Tenyo Maru No. 35	
Tenyu Maru No. 11	HK2-11731
Tenyu Maru No. 18	HK1-454
Tokuyo Maru No. 31	FS2-2185
Tomi Maru No. 23	TY2-0925
Toyoshima Maru	F01-297
Tsushima Maru	NS1-420
Wakaba Maru	NS1-493
Washima Maru	F01-296
Wayo Maru	F01-256
Yashima Maru	NS1-419
Yoshi Maru No. 35	FS2-2186
Zenpo Maru No. 25	FS2-2246
Lenpo Hara Ho. Lo	1 32 - 22 40

STERN TRAWLERS

Akebono Maru No.	11	HK1-196
Akebono Maru No.	12	YG1-297
Akebono Maru No.	15	YG1-298
Akebono Maru No.	16	TK1-635
Akebono Maru No.	17	HK1-206
Akebono Maru No.	18	HK1-207
Akebono Maru No.	21	TK1-644
Akebono Maru No.	22	TK1-688
Akebono Maru No.	27	TK1-907
Akebono Maru No.	28	TK1-916
Akebono Maru No.	31	TK1-908
Akebono Maru No.	32	TK1-917
Akebono Maru No.	51	TK1-399
Akebono Maru No.	52	TK1-429
Akebono Maru No.	72	TK1-496
Anyo Maru No. 20		TK1-809
Aso Maru		F01-0081
Chidori Maru No.	78	MG1-0796
Chikubu Maru		TK1-796

STERN TRAWLERS

Chuyo Maru No. 21 Daian Maru No. 118 Daiei Maru No. 8 Daishin Maru No. 12 Daishin Maru No. 22 Daishin Maru No. 23 Ebisu Maru No. 88 Eikyu Maru No. 11 Eikyu Maru No. 12 Eikyu Maru No. 12 Eikyu Maru No. 35 Eikyu Maru No. 81 Eikyu Maru No. 86 Fuji Maru No. 1 Fukucho Maru No. 18 Fukui Maru No. 10 Fukushin Maru No. 10 Fukushin Maru No. 15 Gyoun Maru No. 15 Haruna Maru Hoken Maru No. 15 Haruna Maru Hoken Maru No. 37 Hoken Maru No. 38 Hokkou Maru No. 37 Hoken Maru No. 37 Hoken Maru No. 37 Hoken Maru No. 38 Ishikari Maru Jikyu Maru No. 18 Jinkyu Maru No. 18 Jinkyu Maru No. 18 Jinkyu Maru No. 3 Ishikari Maru Jikyu Maru No. 17 Junyo Kaiko Maru No. 2 Kaiko Maru No. 3 Kaiyo Maru No. 3 Kaiyo Maru No. 1 Kakudai Maru No. 15 Kazu Maru No. 15 Kazu Maru No. 25	HK1-455 HK1-257 IK1-53 TK1-466 TK1-500 TK1-555 HK1-308 HK1-513 HK1-495 HK1-547 MG1-751 HK1-281 HK1-476 IG1-238 MG1-500 FS1-235 FK1-110 FS1-233 MG1-778 FS1-177 HK1-501 F01-220 HK1-301 HK1-440 HK1-566 HK1-241 F01-151 HK1-566 HK1-241 F01-155 HK1-573 F01-0257 HK1-165 HK1-223 HK1-493 FS1-226 HK1-557 F01-0303 AT1-15 MG1-526 TK1-828
Kakudai Maru No. 25	AT1-15
Kashima Maru No. 15	MG1-526
Kohoku Maru No. 16	HK1-576
Kohoku Maru No. 17	HK1-592

		REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
STERN	TRAWLERS		
	Kongo Maru Koshin Maru No. 11 Kotobuki Maru No. 25 Kotohisa Maru No. 15 Koyo Maru No. 2 Koyo Maru No. 3 Koyo Maru No. 21 Kumano Maru No. 15 Kyosho Maru No. 31 Kyowa Maru No. 11 Kyowa Maru No. 15 Kyuei Maru No. 1	F01-221 MG1-668 MG1-741 HK1-562 TK1-629 TK1-640 FS1-15 MG1-627 FS1-206 FS1-10 AM1-203	
	Manryo Maru No. 32 Minato Maru No. 85	HK1-519	
	Mitsu Maru No. 30 Mutsu Maru No. 52 Myoei Maru No. 38 Narita Maru No. 35 Niitaka Maru	AM1-191 HK1-184 AM1-192 AM1-220 F01-168	
	Nitto Maru No. 71 Ohtori Maru Orient Maru No. 2 Rikuzen Maru Ryuho Maru No. 15 Ryuho Maru No. 31 Ryusho Maru No. (HK1-173 TK1-759 MG1-463 TK1-755 MG1-495 MG1-713 MG1-592	
	Ryuyo Maru Ryuyo Maru No. 3 Ryuyo Maru No. 2 Ryuyu Maru No. 5 Sachi Maru No. 22 Seiju Maru No. 20	TK1-546 TK1-837 MG1-353 MG1-462 AM1-216	
	Seiju Maru No. 28 Shinei Maru No. 21 Shinnichi Maru No. 31 Shinsei Maru No. 7 Shofuku Maru No. 61	AM1-231 FS1-227 TK1-673 TK1-866 MG1-566	
	Shoichi Maru No. 52 Shoshin Maru No. 18 Shoshin Maru No. 21 Shoshin Maru No. 80 Shotoku Maru No. 35 Shunyo Maru No. 18 Shizuoka Maru Soho Maru No. 83	MG1-723 AM1-226 AM1-217 AM1-132 HK1-544 HK1-258 TK1-814 AM1-127	Herring Gillnet

REGISTRY
NUMBER

REMARKS

STERN TRAWLERS

Syoei Maru No. 2	TK1-743
Taisei Maru No. 3	AM1-168
Taisei Maru No. 3 Taisei Maru No. 16	AM1-211
Taisei Maru No. 51	HK1-183
Taisei Maru No. 56	
Takachiho Maru	F01-90
Teisho Maru No. 18	FS1-228
Tenyo Maru	YG1-370
Tenyo Maru No. 2	YG1-376
Tenyo Maru No. 3	YG1-377
Tenyo Maru No. 5	YG1-390
Tomi Maru No. 52	HK1-572
Tomi Maru No. 53	HK1-585
Tomi Maru No. 81	HK1-350
Tomi Maru No. 82	HK1-432
Tomi Maru No. 85	HK1-485
Tora Maru No. 18	HK1-213
Tsuda Maru	TK1-852
Yahata Maru No. 31	AM1-131
Yahata Maru No. 56	HK1-546
Yamasan Maru No. 81	HK1-486
Yamasan Maru No. 85	HK1-488
Yamato Maru	F01-280
Yawata Maru No. 35	AM1-232
Yoshi Maru No. 55	
Yuryo Maru No. 8	AM1-147
Zenpo Maru No. 21	HK1-179
Zuiho Maru No. 8	TK1-609
Zuiyo Maru	TK1-503
Zuiyo Maru No. 2	TK1-568
Zuiyo Maru No. 3	TK1-685
	AM1-12
	AM1-208
	AM1-210
	AM1-227
	AT1-151
	FS1-72
	HK1-110
	HK1-267
	HK1-317
	YG1-724
	YG1-733

		REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
FLEET CRAB PO	T FISHING VESSELS		
	Benton Maru No. 8 Fukuyo Maru No. 8 Hokuyo Maru No. 36 Kaiun Maru No. 25 Keiyo Maru No. 7 Keiyo Maru No. 28 Kikaku Maru No. 12 Kyokko Maru No. 21 Mutsu Maru No. 11 Nitto Maru No. 71 Otobe Maru Tenryu Maru Tomi Maru No. 18	HK2-13627 HK2-11974 HK2-10700 HK2-11794 HK2-11077 HK2-3751 FS2-1944 AM2-3002 CB2-2985 HK1-173 HK2-11375 F01-1 AM2-3000	
INDEPENDENT C	RAB VESSELS		
	Azuma Maru No. 31 Hakko Maru No. 27 Mito Maru No. 52	KN1-408 MG1-277 HK1-218	
SNAIL POT VES	SELS		
	Daikichi Maru No. 25 Mito Maru No. 38	MG1-458 HK1-153	
LONGLINERS			
	Anyo Maru No. 21 Choyo Maru No. 81	TK1-891 HK1-503	herring gillnet
	Ebisu Maru No. 88 Eikyu Maru No. 26	HK1-308 HK1-603	herring gillnet
	Eikyu Maru No. 33 Eikyu Maru No. 58 Eikyu Maru No. 82 Fukuyoshi Maru No. 75	HK1-287 HK1-181 HK1-311 HK1-254	
	Fukuyoshi Maru No. 85 Hatsue Maru No. 38 Hatsue Maru No. 55 Kiyo Maru NO. 55	HK1-343 HK1-313 HK1-456 HK1-539	herring gillnet
	Matsuei Maru No. 72 Matsuei Maru No. 88 Mito Maru No. 82	HK1-278 HK1-548 HK1-298	herring gillnet herring gillnet

	REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
LONGLINERS (cont'd)		
Ryuho Maru No. 17 Ryusho Maru No. 7 Ryusho Maru No. 15 Ryusho Maru No. 18	MG1-547 TK1-758 TK1-922 TK1-925	herring gillnet
Shinko Maru No. 3 Shintoku Maru No. 25 Sumiyoshi Maru No. 53 Taisan Maru No. 1	HK1-318 HK1-461 TK1-564 TK1-825	herring gillnet herring gillnet
Tenyo Maru No. 25 Tenyu Maru No. 37 Tomi Maru No. 88	MG1-502 MG1-473 HK1-465 HK1-378	herring gillnet herring gillnet herring gillnet herring gillnet

SALMON GILL-NETTERS

Chiyo Maru Fleet	TK1-232
Chidori Maru No. 53 Chokyu Maru No. 58 Daikichi Maru No. 33 Hachiryu Maru No. 28 Hakuo Maru No. 15 Hakuryu Maru No. 52 Hokuyu Maru No. 23 Kaiyo Maru No. 30 Kashima Maru No. 18 Kinei Maru No. 88 Kinjo Maru No. 58 Koei Maru No. 36 Kotobuki Maru No. 32 Kyoei Maru No. 18 Kyoei Maru No. 18 Kyokko Maru No. 23 Kyosho Maru No. 3 Kyotoku Maru No. 3 Kyotoku Maru No. 62 Myojin Maru No. 11 Nitto Maru No. 11 Nitto Maru No. 12 Shinei Maru No. 51 Shinsei Maru No. 51 Shinsei Maru No. 3 Shofuku Maru No. 28	YM2-625 MG2-3241 HK2-13576 AM2-3768 MG2-3062 IT2-2928 HK2-13585 MG2-2980

TK1-293

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Chiyo Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Shoichi Maru No. 3	MG2-3012
	HK2-11965
Taihei Maru No. 3	MG2-3095
Taisei Maru No. 3	HK2-13887
Tenyu Maru No. 15	HK2-11807
Tomi Maru No. 5	HK2-13687
Yamasan Maru No. 88	HK2-13735
Yamasen Maru No. 51	IG2-2043
Yuei Maru No. 28	FS2-28

Jinyo Maru Fleet

Choei Maru No. 11 HK2-13696 Daikichi Maru No. 18 HK2-11981 Eifuku Maru No. 11 MG2-3150 Habomai Maru No. 15 HK2-11618 Habomai Maru No. 8 HK2-13813 Heian Maru No. 21 HK2-11371 Hoken Maru No. 28 HK2-13704 Ishikari Maru No. 12 HK2-13684 Isshin Maru No. 31 HK2-13884 Kinei Maru No. 53 HK2-13895 Kinpo Maru No. 58 HK2-13951 Kinsho Maru No. 15 HK2-13577 Kintomi Maru No. 35 HK2-13875 Koei Maru No. 2 HK2-11540 Kohoku Maru No. 51 HK2-13653 Komai Maru No. 8 IG2-1763 Koshin Maru No. 38 HK2-13813 Koyo Maru No. 35 HK2-13578 Mito Maru No. 25 HK2-13797 Nichiren Maru HK2-11256 Niikappu Maru HK2-13550 Noboribetsu Maru No. 2 HK2-13470 Obayashi Maru No. 8 HK2-13547 Obayashi Maru No. 10 HK2-13940 Sachi Maru No. 18 HK2-13657 Shunyo Maru No. 36 HK2-13657 Tokai Maru No. 65 HK2-13823 Tokichi Maru No. 38 HK2-13894

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Jinyo Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Tomi Maru No. 35	HK2-13518
Toyo Maru No. 10	HK2-13502
Toyo Maru No. 15	HK2-13788
Tsuneo Maru No. 53	HK2 - 13931
Zenryu Maru No. 35	HK2-11918
Zuiho Maru No. 10	HK2-13501

Kizan

Maru Fleet TK1-432 Chidori Maru No. 57 MG2-289 Choko Maru No. 25 MG2-294 Choun Maru No. 11 MG2-308 Daikichi Maru No. 27 MG2-324 Daikichi Maru No. 28 MG2-326 Daitoku Maru No. 38 MG2-337	15 13 17 10 16 13 18 17 17
Choko Maru No. 25 Choun Maru No. 11 Daikichi Maru No. 27 Daikichi Maru No. 28 MG2-294 MG2-308 MG2-308 MG2-324 MG2-324	3 7 0 6 3 8 8 7 7
Ebisu Maru No. 58 Eikyu Maru No. 38 Fukuyoshi Maru No. 31 MG2-336 Gyoei Maru No. 18 Hakko Maru No. 28 Hosho Maru No. 21 Kashima Maru No. 22 Koei Maru No. 51 Konpira Maru No. 18 Kosho Maru No. 8 Kotobuki Maru No. 18 Kotobuki Maru No. 35 Koyo Maru No. 11 Meisho Maru No. 31 Mutsu Maru No. 18 Myojin Maru No. 3 Myojin Maru No. 3 Myojin Maru No. 2 Mg2-30 M	32 98 53 41 51 53 63 97 60 77
Sachi Maru No. 21 MG2-330 Seisho Maru No. 27 MG2-290	81
Taikei Maru No. 25 MG2-26 Tairyu Maru No. 2 MG2-30 Tairyu Maru No. 8 MG2-32	58
Tenyu Maru No. 18 MG2-32 Yae Maru No. 8 MG2-31	91 37
Yae Maru No. 10 MG2-31 Yakushi Maru No. 11 AM2-38 Yakushi Maru No. 50 MG2-32	90

	REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)		
Kyokusei Maru Fleet	TK1-802	
Chokyu Maru No. 38 Choyo Maru No. 85 Daichu Maru No. 35 Eifuku Maru No. 51 Hojo Maru No. 8 Hosho Maru No. 28 Kaiun Maru No. 38 Kashima Maru No. 18 Keikyu Maru No. 62 Kinsei Maru No. 23 Kinsei Maru No. 23 Kinsei Maru No. 28 Koshin Maru No. 28 Koshin Maru No. 28 Koun Maru No. 35 Koyo Maru No. 28 Kumano Maru No. 18 Kumano Maru No. 36 Kumano Maru No. 18 Kyosei Maru No. 18 Kyosei Maru No. 55 Ryushin Maru No. 5 Sachi Maru No. 5 Sachi Maru No. 5 Seisho Maru No. 5 Seisho Maru No. 5 Seitoku Maru No. 5 Seitoku Maru No. 5 Taiko Maru No. 5 Taiko Maru No. 108 Takoshima Maru No. 62 Tokichi Maru No. 21 Yawata Maru No. 21	FS2-2201 HK2-13885 HK2-13504 FS2-1331 HK2-13512 MG2-2900 FS2-2212 MG2-2933 HK2-11988 HK2-13601 HK2-13736 HK2-13543 FS2-2038 FS2-2096 CB2-3168 CB2-3168 CB2-3168 CB2-6138 CB2-12980 YM2-715 HK2-12000 MG2-3223 HK2-13700 FS2-2286 FS2-6 FS2-8 HK2-11770 HK2-13874 FS2-2213 IK2-3033 IK2-2888 IK2-3111 HK2-13749 HK2-13749 HK2-13915	
Meisei Maru Fleet	TK1-370	
Chiyoki Maru No. 105 Daikichi Maru No. 12 Ebisu Maru No. 5 Ebisu Maru No. 21 Fukujin Maru No. 7 Fukujin Maru No. 11	HK2-13890 HK2-11879 HK2-13955 IT2-2669 HK2-13888 HK2-13666	

TK1-381

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Meisei Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Hokusen Maru No. 8 Hokushin Maru No. 38 Inari Maru No. 8 Jintoku Maru No. 11 Kinei Maru No. 56 Kinsei Maru No. 35 Kinsei Maru No. 38	HK2-13526 HK2-13508 IT2-2595 HK2-13880 IT2-2724 IT2-2707
Kinsei Maru No. 38 Kofuku Maru No. 58 Konpira Maru No. 35 Konsei Maru No. 21 Kuromori Maru No. 25 Mangyo Maru No. 18 Nitto Maru No. 8 Oohiko Maru No. 18 Oto Maru No. 18 Sachio Maru No. 25 Sanzen Maru No. 25 Sanzen Maru No. 21 Shinnichi Maru No. 32 Shoei Maru No. 51	HK2-99768
Konpira Maru No. 35	IT2-2933
Konsei Maru No. 21	NG2-1213
Kuromori Maru No. 25	IT2-2753
Mangyo Maru No. 18	HK2-13953
Nitto Maru No. 8	HK2-13819
Oohiko Maru No. 18	HK2-11883
Oto Maru No. 18	HK2-13509
Sachio Maru No. 25	HK2-13522
Sanzen Maru No. 8	HK2-13503
Seifuku Maru No. 21	IT2-2714
Shinnichi Maru No. 32	YM2-673
Shoei Maru No. 51	HK2-13500
Shorin Maru	HK2-13838
Takaya Maru No. 28	IT2-3015
Taki Maru No. 26	IT2-2671
Tenyu Maru No. 28	172-2970
Tora Maru No. 22	HK2-13671
Yahiko Maru No. 5	HK2-13500 HK2-13838 IT2-3015 IT2-2671 IT2-2970 HK2-13671 HK2-11903 HK2-13824
Zenei Maru No. 23	HK2-13824

Meiyo Maru Fleet

Aioi Maru No. 18	MG2-3250
Choju Maru No. 15	MG2-2802
Chokyu Maru No. 10	FS2-23
Eifuku Maru No. 28	FS2-7
Giho Maru No. 32	AT2-859
Hakucho Maru No. 21	AM2-3632
Hanasaki Maru No. 52	HK2-13600
Heikyu Maru No. 21	HK2-11969
Heiun Maru No. 23	IT2-3014
Hotoku Maru No. 18	IT2-2638
Junyo Maru No. 21	NG2-1305
Kakudai Maru No. 31	AT2-839
Kashima Maru No. 21	MG2-3128
Kinei Maru No. 58	FS2-58
Kinei Maru No. 118	IT2-3005
Kyokko Maru No. 27	AM2-4280

TK1-137

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Meiyo Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Matsu Maru No. 35	IT2-2868
Mutsumi Maru No. 53	HK2-11989
Naka Maru No. 8	IT2-3303
Ojima Maru No. 18	MG2-3237
Rakyu Maru No. 15	HK2-13703
Ryuho Maru No. 5	HK2-13816
Sakae Maru No. 3	MG2-3210
Seiki Maru No. 2	FS2-25
Taian Maru No. 78	HK2-11502
Taikoku Maru No. 3	TT2-1077
Taito Maru No. 28	HK2-13898
Tomi Maru No. 12	HK2-13586
Tomi Maru No. 15	HK2-11715
Tomi Maru No. 88	AM2-4198
Ume Maru No. 23	MG2-3088
Yugyo Maru No. 50	MG2-3001

Miyajima Maru Fleet

) Tilla Tial a	
Akita Maru No. 37 Fukuyoshi Maru No. 28 Gyokuku Maru No. 18 Gyokichi Maru No. 8 Hokugyo Maru No. 8 Jinei Maru No. 12 Kaiun Maru No. 75 Katsura Maru No. 31 Kifuku Maru No. 25 Kinsei Maru No. 53 Kofuku Maru No. 53 Kofuku Maru No. 17 Koyo Maru No. 17 Koyo Maru No. 35 Nichiren Maru No. 35 Nichiren Maru No. 7 Ooei Maru No. 21 Ryoyo Maru No. 2	AT2-818 FS2-2334 FS2-18 MG2-3186 HK2-13900 HK2-13950 HK2-13950 HK2-13916 IT2-2664 IT2-2801 HK2-13886 MG2-3222 FS2-2145 FS2-2046 HK2-13843 KA2-1178 HK2-13703 CB2-6188
Seisho Maru No. 28	CB2-6188
Shincho Maru No. 18	KA2-1158
Shunei Maru No. 18	KA2-968
Tatsu Maru No. 18	IK2-2716
Tenyu Maru No. 5	FS2-1875
Toyama Maru No. 18	TY2-886

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Miyajima Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Toyotomi Maru No. 53	IT2-3043
Wako Maru	HK2-13798
Yawata Maru No. 3	IT2-2938
Yoshi Maru No. 3	FS2-2196
Yoshi Maru No. 32	FS2-2098
Yuko Maru No. 18	KA2-1025
Yusho Maru No. 28	KA2-1128
Zensei Maru No. 21	IG2-2021

Nojima Maru Fleet

TK1-302 Akita Maru No. 51 AT2-878 FS2-2091 Fukuyoshi Maru No. 38 TY2-953 Hokichi Maru No. 58 HK2-13918 Hokko Maru No. 7 Ibaragi Maru No. IG2-1986 Jinei Maru No. 18 IG2-1950 Kaiun Maru No. 58 HK2-13901 Kaiyo Maru No. 18 FS2-234 FS2-2142 Kasuga Maru No. 32 Kintoku Maru No. 7 MG2-3242 IG2-2062 Kiya Maru No. 18 Kiyo Maru No. 3 NG2-1423 Koei Maru No. 11 MG2-3231 Kofuku Maru No. 18 YM2-640 TY2-920 Kogyo Maru No. 32 Koun Maru No. 28 FS2-2092 FS2-2194 Koyo Maru No. 85 FS2-2143 Meiji Maru No. 21 Minato Maru No. 8 MG2-3328 Nakayoshi Maru No. 5 CB2-6178 Nikko Maru No. 65 FS2-251 HK2-13924 Nitto Maru No. 11 Sakae Maru No. 21 FS2-2021 MG2-3156 Shinmei Maru No. 51 Shoun Maru No. 20 IT2-2735 Suwa Maru No. 21 FS2-123 HK2-13752 Taiei Maru No. 18 Taitei Maru No. 38 FS2-2373 Tateyama Maru No. 18 TY2-888 FS2-2200 Tatsumi Maru No. 22 Toyama Maru No. 20 TY2-925 FS2-2205 Zuiho Maru No. 38

		REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
SALMON GI	LL-NETTERS (cont't)		
Ohts	u Maru Fleet	TK1-334	
	Benten Maru No. 28 Benten Maru No. 31 Choei Maru No. 51 Choyo Maru No. 51 Eiyo Maru No. 35 Fukucho Maru Geinichi Maru No. 8 Gyoei Maru No. 51 Inaru Maru No. 23 Kaiun Maru No. 25 Kashima Maru No. 61 Keiyo Maru No. 61 Keiyo Maru No. 61 Keiyo Maru No. 53 Kinyu Maru No. 52 Koei Maru No. 52 Koyo Maru No. 38 Minato Maru No. 38 Minato Maru No. 85 Obayashi Maru No. 25 Oto Maru No. 58 Ryuho Maru No. 58 Ryuho Maru No. 58 Ryuho Maru No. 35 Sankichi Maru No. 35 Sankichi Maru No. 35 Sankichi Maru No. 35 Sankichi Maru No. 28 Seiho Maru No. 12 Thoei Maru No. 12 Tenyo Maru No. 21 Tenyo Maru No. 2 Tokuei Maru No. 2 Tokuei Maru No. 28 Wakashio Maru No. 52	HK2-11068 HK2-11372 HK2-13621 HK2-11662 FS2-2102 MG2-3322 TY2-1092 MG2-3236 FS2-2203 FS2-2108 MG2-3047 HK2-11888 HK2-13877 FS2-2333 MG2-3192 MG2-3286 FS2-2346 AM2-4294 HK2-13658 MG2-3145 HK2-13675 MG2-3041 FS2-2210 FS2-2101 HK2-13741 HK2-13506 HK2-116751 MG2-3143 MG2-3143 MG2-3143 MG2-2938 MG2-3176 HK2-13769 HK2-13769 HK2-13949	
Shir	nano Maru Fleet	TK1-518	
	Asahi Maru No. 10 Choei Maru No. 7 Choei Maru No. 52 Daiichi Maru No. 105 Eiwa Maru No. 25 Hokushu Maru No. 25 Hokushu Maru No. 28 Kaiko Maru No. 18	FS2-27 FS2-1938 FS2-2376 IG2-1860 TY2-927 FS2-2020 FS2-2128 AM2-4295	

REMARKS

SALMON GILL-NETTERS (cont'd)

Shinano Maru Fleet (cont'd)

Kiku Maru No. 11 Kiku Maru No. 38 Kitcho Maru No. 31	FS2-1930 CB2-3395 FS2-1657 AM2-4301 FS2-2014 FS2-2105 FS2-1935 IG2-1860
Kyoshin Maru	AM2-3900
Mansei Maru No. 21	IG2-2019
Monju Maru No. 21	FS2-2215
Mosel Maru No. o	CDZ-0070
Obato Maru No. 25	IG2-1907
Seikyo Maru No. 18	IG2-1908
Seiun Maru No. 18	AM2 - 3548
Shoichi Maru No. 18	FS2-1932
Shoshin Maru No. 15	AM2-3540
Taiho Maru No. 35	MG2-3243
Taijo Maru No. 31	FS2-2336
Taisei Maru No. 21	FS2-2019
Taiyo Maru No. 21	FS2-2375
Teiko Maru No. 28	FS2-1941
Tohaya Maru No. 36	CB2-6227 FS2-32
	FS2-32
Yayoi Maru No. 31	FS2-2016
Yugyo Maru No. 38	AM2-4402

		REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
TRAINING	VESSELS		
	Oshoro Maru	HK1-100	
RESEARCH	VESSELS		
	Oshoro Maru Shunyo Maru Wakatake Maru	HK1-100 S01-765 HK1-400	
PATROL VE	SSELS		
	Fumi Maru No. 17 Konan Maru No. 16 Konan Maru No. 20	TK1-253 TK1-206 TK1-218	
CARGO SHI	PS - REFRIGERATED AND DRY HOL	D	
	Abugawa Maru Akebono Maru Akebono Maru No. 2 Asagawa Maru	TK1-784 HK1-0200 YG1-0367	
	Awashima Maru Chiyoda Maru Chiyoda Maru No. 2 Dairyo Maru	0T1-0011 TK1-366 TK1-360 TK1-895	
	Daitoku Maru No. 16 Eiyo Maru	IK1-65	
	Fukuju Maru Fukuyo Maru Hakodate Maru	EH1-201	
	Hakubasan Maru Harunasan Maru Haruna Maru No. 2	TK1-884 TK1-884 TK1-391	
	Hayatsuki Maru Hiroshima Maru Hokko Maru Hosei Maru No. 8 Hoyo Maru	TK1-858 KN1-478 TK1-396 CB2-6076 TK1-639	
	Howa Maru Kaiko Maru Kakogawa Maru	TK1-872 TK1-786	
	Kashiwahana Maru Kentoku Maru	HS1-2	

	REGISTRY NUMBER	REMARKS
CARGO SHIPS - REFRIGERATED & DRY HOLD	(cont'd)	
Kiyo Maru Koei Maru Koei Maru No. 22 Koyo Maru Koyo Maru No. 23 Matsukaze Maru Mishima Maru	EK1-32 TK1-764 IK1-35 TK1-868 IK1-32 TK1-763	
Miyajima Maru Musashino Maru Nagisa Maru Nanko Maru Nichijima Maru No. 5	TK1-137 TK1-676 TK1-826 TK1-385 TK1-765	
Nipponham Maru No. 1 Ryoyo Maru Sachikaze Maru Seiko Maru Shinyo Maru Shuyo Maru	HS1-1 TK1-834 TK1-695 TK1-418 TK1-342 TK1-592 TK1-831	
Soyokaze Maru Suzukaze Maru Taisei Maru No. 16 Taisei Maru No. 39 Taisei Maru No. 41 Taisei Maru No. 52 Tamagawa Maru Toko Maru Tosa Maru Wakashio Maru	TK1-831 TK1-723 ME1-361 ME1-327 ME1-372 ME1-537 TK1-787 TK1-415 TK1-414 TK1-366	
TANKERS		
Chigusa Maru Choyo Maru Hakuryu Maru Kakuko Maru Kakuryo Maru	TK1-896 TK1-436 TK1-520	
Kakuyu Maru Kanazuru Maru Kikaku Maru No. 2 Kyoho Maru Ryushin Maru	TK1-727 FS2-1944 TK1-936	
Shunyo Maru Taisei Maru No. 57 Tenryo Maru Uko Maru	ME1-560	

Appendix 5. - LIST OF SOUTH KOREAN VESSELS IN ALASKA REGION, 1975

NAME	TYPE	HOMEPORT	REMARKS
Choyoda Shinyo	Cargo Ship Cargo Ship		
Seol Agsan Sog Ri San Kyang Yang Ho Han Jin Ho Soo Cong Hwa Rang Linz He Ho Kum Kang San Shin An Ho Soo An San Kum Kang Ho	Stern Trawler	Pusan Pusan Pusan	
Gyung Jun	Danish Seiner	Pusan	
Dong Won No. 31 Dong Won No. 33 Dong Won No. 91 Dong Won No. 707 Dong Won No. 709 Odaeyang No. 212 Odaeyang No. 302 Sam Hae Ho No. 11	Longliner Longliner Longliner Longliner Longliner Longliner Longliner Longliner	Pusan Pusan Pusan	
(Samhe No. 11)			

Appendix 6. - LIST OF TAIWANESE VESSELS IN ALASKA REGION, 1975

TAIWAN

NAME

TYPE

HOME PORT

3 TONG HONG TAI CHANG 1 Longliner Stern Trawler Kaohsiung, Taiwan Keelung, Taiwan

POLAND

NAME	TYPE	REGISTRY NO.	HOME PORT
CRATER	Stern Trawler	GDY 0318	Gdynia, Poland
DENEBOLA	Stern Trawler	GDY 0333	Gdynia, Poland
SIRIUS	Stern Trawler	GDY 0334	Gdynia, Poland

XVII. REFERENCES

REFERENCE

- (1) Chitwood, Phillip E.
 1969. Japanese, Soviet, and South Korean Fisheries off Alaska,
 History and Development through 1966. Bureau of Commercial
 Fisheries, Circular 310, 34 pp.
- (2) International North Pacific Fisheries Commission.
 1975. Proceedings of the 23rd Annual Meeting, INPFC.
- (3) Larkins, Herbert, "Polish Catch Statistics for 1975 in Alaska, Northwest Fisheries Center, unpublished document, April 30, 1976
- (4) Larkins, Herbert, "Soviet Catch off the U.S. Pacific Coast for 1974-1975, Office of International Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service, Washington, D. C., unpublished document, April 9, 1976
- (5) Pruter, A.T., Soviet Fisheries for Bottomfish and Herring off the Pacific and Bering Sea Coasts of the United States, Marine Fisheries Review, Vol. 38, No. 12, December 1976
 - (6) U.S. Department of Commerce.
 1976. Environmental Impact Statement/Preliminary Management Plan,
 King and Tanner Crabs of the Eastern Bering Sea. National
 Marine Fisheries Service, pp. 12, 14.
 - (7) U.S. Department of Commerce.
 1976. Environmental Impact Statement/Preliminary Management Plan,
 Trawl Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands. National
 Marine Fisheries Service, p.63.
 - (8) U.S. Department of Commerce.
 1976. Environmental Impact Statement/Preliminary Management Plan,
 Trawl Fishery of the Gulf of Alaska. National Marine Fisheries
 Service, p.57.
 - (9) U.S. Department of Commerce. 1976. Environmental Impact Statement/Preliminary Management Plan, High Seas Salmon Fisheries of Japan. National Marine Fisheries Service, p. 52.
- (10) 1970-1974. Foreign Fishing Activities, Bering Sea and Gulf of Alaska.

 National Marine Fisheries Service, Juneau, Alaska (unpublished reports).