

ROV Dive Summary, EX-21-04, Dive 13, July 18, 2021

General Location Map



Dive Information

Site Name	"Near Hodgsen" seamount (unmapped, unnamed)	
General Area	New England Seamounts, Eastern End	
Descriptor		
Science Team	Rhian Waller, Kira Mizell	
Leads		
Expedition	Kasey Cantwell, Kimberly Galvez (Expedition Coordinator in Training)	
Coordinator		
ROV Dive	Chris Ritter	
Supervisor		

Mapping Lead	Shannon Hoy		
Dive Purpose	Explore new seamount area		
Was the dive restricted for Underwater Cultural Heritage?	No		
ROV Dive Summary Data	Dive Summary: EX2104_DIVE13 AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA		
	Min Seafloor Depth: 2359.3 m Distance Travelled: 330.7 m		
Dive Description	This dive followed a transect along a ridge feature just west of the bite-shaped slump on the southern face of the squared upper plateau of the unnamed seamount we called "Near Hodgsen" and nicknamed "Lumpy." We started the dive at ~2550 m where the ROV landed on a sedimented slope that appeared to be a chute of debris from above. Early in the dive, flat-topped slabs were observed that appeared to have detached from the upper summit and fell in-tact downslope. Large igneous boulders and Fe-Mn coated lobate flow tops dominated the geologic setting for the rest of the dive. Medium-grained sediments built up on flat spots and created erosional features on the upper surfaces of large boulders and outcrops. Between boulders and cobble fields, small-scale sediment flows were consistently observed. All igneous rocks appeared coated in thick Fe-Mn crusts and some outcrops looked to host crusts more than 10 cm thick. Two rocks were sampled in igneous boulder fields in the hope of getting igneous rock for dating this unsampled feature, but Fe-Mn coating obscured positive ID of rock type. Biological observations were sparse on this dive track though with some notable fauna seen throughout. We closely observed a Rhodaliid dandelion siphonophore attached to the seafloor with multiple threads, and potentially throwing out more threads, or spawning. <i>Desmophyllum dianthus</i> cup corals, plus a second solitary scleractinian species, were observed in multiple locations throughout the dive. Xenophyophores were observed throughout the track on any areas of sediment and were quite abundant. A large pycnogonid was observed feeding on a hemicorallium and fish fauna were represented by a large antimora, frog fish and two (potentially the same) white halosaurs. Bamboo octocorals were locally abundant on large boulders and more spread throughout the dive through different hard bottom habitats (large forms (potentially Narella) and bramble forms), intermixed with hemicorallium, Primnoid.		



	Bathypathes, Chrysogorgia, and at the very end of the dive a single mature metallogorgia colony was observed.		
Notable Observations	Rhodaliid dandelion siphonophore		
Community and	Corals and Sponges - (Present)		
habitat	Chemosynthetic Community - (Absent)		
observations	High biodiversity Community - (Absent)		
	Active Seep or Vent - (Absent)		
	Extinct Seep or Vent - (Absent)		
	Hydrates - (Absent)		
CMECS Feature	Rock, Sediment (coarse unconsolidated)		
Type(s)			
Sealube Link	nttps://data.oceannetworks.ca/seaTubev3?resourceTypeId=600&resourceId=2363		
annotation			
system)			

Equipment Deployed

ROV	Deep Discoverer
Camera Platform	Seirios
ROV Measurements	The following ROV measurements, data streams and equipment are used on each ROV deployment: CTD, depth, scanning sonar, USBL position, altitude, heading, attitude, high-resolution cameras, low resolution cameras, manipulator arms, suction sampler, sample drawers and thrusters. The section below notes if any of these sensors were malfunctioning or not operational
Equipment Malfunctions	none

Overview of Dive Site





Smoothed ROV dive track (blue) on an overview bathymetry of the seamount, 3x vertical exaggeration.

Close-up Map of Main Dive Site



Smoothed ROV dive track in white on 25x25 cell size bathymetry, 3x vertical exaggeration, depth in meters, 100m contours.



Representative Photos of the Dive



[Flat-topped slabs observed near the beginning of the dive that appeared to have detached from the upper summit and fallen in-tact downslope along with sediments; erosional features caused by sediments flowing downslope across the top of the slabs are seen as vertical stripe-like patterns, and fresher, blacker Fe-Mn crusts are precipitating on the side]



[A Rhodallid dandelion was observed midway through the dive. It appears this same species of siphonophore was also observed during the 2017 Laulima O Ka Moana NOAA Ocean Exploration expedition, potentially making it a widely distributed species]





[Several large igneous boulders were encountered midway through the dive covered in Bamboo corals]



[At the very end of the dive we encountered a mature *Metallorgia* sp.on a cobble encrusted with Fe-Mn crust and a fish]



Samples Collected -



Sample ID	EX2104_D13_01G
Date (UTC)	20210718
Time (UTC)	141940
Depth (m)	2533.666992
Latitude (decimal degrees)	35.6113205
Longitude (decimal degrees)	-58.20640945



Temp. (°C)	3.292000055
Field ID(s)	Large FeMn coated rock
Comments	FeMn coated rocks below giant igneous boulders. 10cm long x 8 cm wide x 5cm tall. Not actually large.

Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	Count
N/A	N/A	N/A







Sample ID	EX2104_D13_02G
Date (UTC)	20210718
Time (UTC)	170744
Depth (m)	2422.97998
Latitude (decimal degrees)	35.61301804
Longitude (decimal degrees)	-58.20668411
Temp. (°C)	3.572000027
Field ID(s)	Botryoidal FeMn
Comments	FeMn coated rock on all sides from basalt pillow pile. Fissile (crumbly), fossilized coral stalks, worm tubes, sedimented bottom (sediment attached). 22cm long x 20cm wide x 10cm tall.

Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	Count
N/A	N/A	N/A

Scientists Involved (provide name, email, affiliation)

First Name	Last Name	Email	Affiliation
Christopher	Kelley	ckelley@hawaii.edu	University of Hawaii
Christopher	Mah	brisinga@gmail.com	Dept. Invertebrate Zoology, National Museum of Natural History
Cindy	Van Dover	clv3@duke.edu	Duke University



Emily	Crum	emily.crum@noaa.gov	NOAA Ocean Exploration
Harold	Carlson	harold.carlson@noaa.gov	NOAA, USC
Jason	Chaytor	jchaytor@usgs.gov	USGS
Jaymes	Awbrey	C00227433@louisiana.edu	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Jocelyn	Cooper	jocelyn.cooper@maine.edu	University of Maine
Kasey	Cantwell	kasey.cantwell@noaa.gov	NOAA Ocean Exploration
Kenneth	Sulak	jumpingsturgeon@yahoo.com	USGS
Kevin	Konrad	Kevin.Konrad@unlv.edu	University of Nevada, Las Vegas
Kimberly	Galvez	kimberly.galvez@noaa.gov	NOAA Ocean Exploration
Kira	Mizell	kmizell@usgs.gov	USGS
Les	Watling	watling@hawaii.edu	University of Hawaii at Manoa
Megan	Cromwell	megan.cromwell@noaa.gov	NOAA NCEI
Peter	Auster	peter.auster@uconn.edu	UConn & Mystic Aquarium
Rhian	Waller	rhian.waller@maine.edu	University of Maine
Robert	Carney	rcarne1@lsu.edu	LSU Dept Oceanography and Coastal Sciences
Scott	France	france@louisiana.edu	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Tina	Molodtsova	tina@ocean.ru	P.P.Shirshov Institute of Oceanology RAS
Upasana	Ganguly	upasana.ganguly1@louisiana.ed u	University of Louisiana at lafayette
Pierre	Josso	piesso@bgs.ac.uk	British Geological Survey
Vonda	Wareham-Hayes	vonda.wareham-hayes@dfo- mpo.gc.ca	DFO Newfoundland and Labrador Region

Please direct inquiries to:

NOAA Office of Ocean Exploration & Research 1315 East-West Highway, SSMC3 RM 10210 Silver Spring, MD 20910 oceanexplorer@noaa.gov

