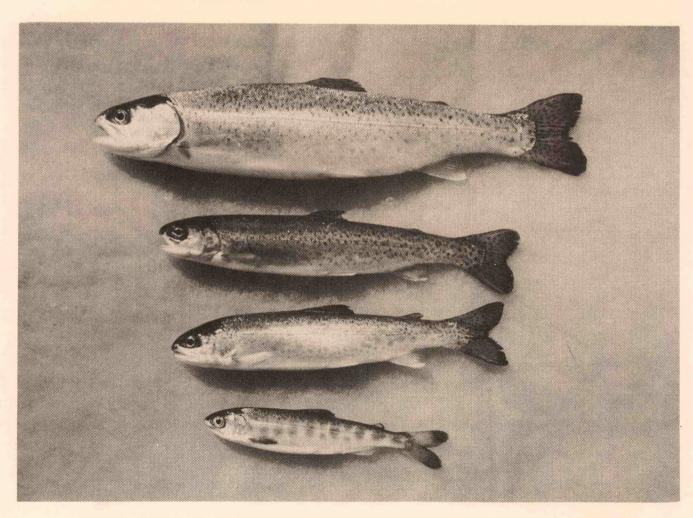
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### NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS F/NWR-25

FISH TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT TEAM ANNUAL REPORT-FY 1988
TRANSPORT OPERATIONS ON THE SNAKE AND COLUMBIA RIVERS

CHARLES H. KOSKI, STEPHEN W. PETTIT, AND JOHN L. MCKERN

**MARCH 1989** 



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Marine Fisheries Service

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MARCH 1989

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### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors thank field personnel who participated in the juvenile fish transportation program and who contributed to this report. Summary reports from Walla Walla District Corps of Engineers (NPW) and state biologists used extensively in writing this publication were:

### Lower Granite Dam:

Garth Griffin, Gary Bunn, NPW Bradford Dredge, Doug Young, IDFG

### Little Goose Dam:

Rex D. Baxter, Daniel R. Kenney, NPW William J. Knox, Mark T. Kirsch, ODFW

### McNary Dam:

Brad Eby, Suzanne Knapp, NPW Paul Wagner, WDF

Special thanks go to Jane Rucka, NMFS, for typing the many drafts of this publication. We also thank R. Z. Smith, NMFS, for computer and graphics assistance. We appreciate the support of the fisheries agencies, tribes, and NPWs during the 1988 transport season.

### Cover Photo

Typical juvenile migrants collected during 1988 transport season at Lower Granite Dam. Top to bottom: "Holdover" hatchery steelhead (1987 release), Normal, yearling hatchery steelhead smolt, Wild reared steelhead smolt, Yearling chinook smolt.

(Photo by Steve Pettit)

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### SUMMARY

The 1988 transport season began March 25 and ended September 21, A total of 20,404,524 juvenile salmonids was collected, including 7,534,218 at Lower Granite, 1,726,771 at Little Goose, and 11,143,535 at McNary. A total of 20,033,853 fish were transported, 98.1% of those collected. Of those transported, 1,972,762 (9.6%) were by truck and 18,061,103 (88.5%) were by barge.

No fish were bypassed back to the river at Lower Granite or Little Goose dams. Marked juvenile fish (135,006) were released back to the river at McNary as controls for transport evaluation.

Continued drought conditions resulted in low flows throughout the transport season. Snake River flows peaked at 89,500 cfs on May 7. The lowest flow (13,200 cfs) occurred on July 13. Columbia River flows at McNary Dam peaked at 240,800 cfs on May 14. The lowest flow (68,600 cfs) occurred on August 22.

Lower Granite and Little Goose seasonal collection mortality was 0.35% and 1.06% respectively. This compares with 0.72 and 1.14 in 1987. Seasonal collection mortality was 1.66% at the McNary facility compared to 2.64% in 1987.

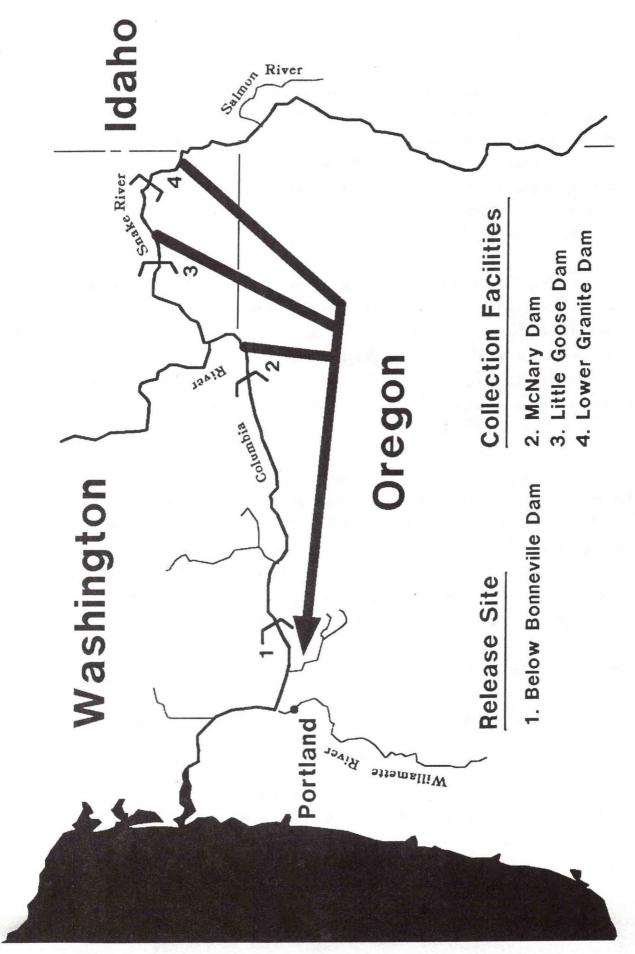
### INTRODUCTION

Juvenile salmonids were collected and transported from the Snake River at Lower Granite (River Mile (RM) 107.5) and Little Goose (RM 70.3) dams, and from the Columbia River at McNary Dam (RM 292.0). The Snake, a major tributary, joins the Columbia at RM 324.3. Collected juveniles were transported via truck or barge and released below Bonneville Dam (RM 146.1). Transported juveniles bypassed 4 to 8 dams and 146 to 280 miles of impounded river (Figure 1).

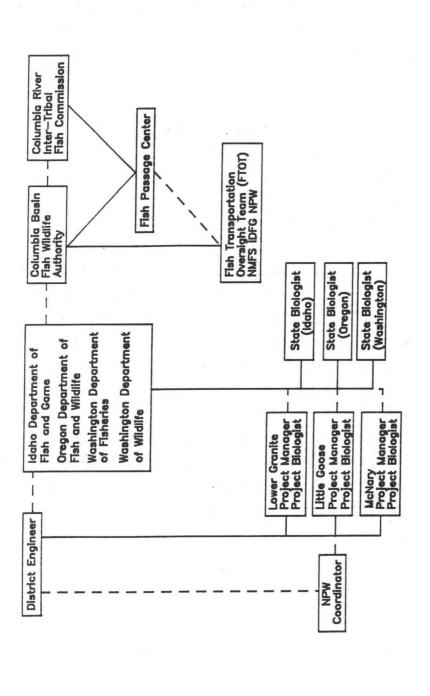
The Fish Transportation Oversight Team (FTOT) continued to manage the transport program and provided coordination between Walla Walla District, Corps of Engineers (NPW), fishery agencies, and tribes. The FTOT is composed of biologists from the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG), and NPW. The NMFS member was team chairman. Line of authority and responsibilities for transporting salmonids is displayed in Figure 2.

The FTOT's goal is to maximize survival of Snake and Columbia River salmonids by improving collection, transport, and bypass conditions for juvenile migrants. Responsibilities include coordination, program oversight, developing an annual work plan, inspecting collection and transport facilities prior to, during, and after the season, and producing an annual report summarizing transport activities. A meeting is hosted by FTOT each summer for program participants and other interested individuals to discuss current season operation and recommend program and facility modifications for the following year.

Additional biological oversight is provided through cooperative agreements between NPW and the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington. Under these agreements NPW funds state fishery biologists at each collector project. Idaho's representatives were assigned to Lower Granite, Oregon's to Little Goose, and Washington's to McNary. Work loads were shared by State and NPW project biologists.



Granite, Little Goose, and McNary Lock and Dam projects to release sites below Bonneville Lock and Dam. Dotted line denote Figure 2. -- Line of authority and responsibilities for collection and transportation of juvenile salmon and steelhead trout from Lower line of communication and solid line is supervision.



# Responsibilities

Maintenance of transportation, collection, bypass, holding facilities and equipment.

Operate and monitor collection and transportation equipment and facilities

Contract tug and tractor rental.

Administer cooperative agreements and task orders for State biologist

## Responsibilities

Inspection and quality control of collection and transportation equipment and facilities

Monitor fish sampling and handling

Monitor water quality and fish condition.

Compile data and write progress reports.

### Responsibilities

Transport coordination and program oversight.

Prepare annual work plan.

Inspection and oversight of collection and transportation facilities and quality control.

Identify and recommend changes needed in facilities and equipment or their operation.

Assimilate data and write annual report.

A typical collection/bypass system consists of submersible traveling screens (STS), gatewell orifices, and a flume or pipe transport conduit (Figure 3). Fish are collected after they pass through trash racks and encounter a STS that intercepts and deflects them into a gatewell, away from the turbine. Fish then exit gatewells via 10- or 12-inch orifices into a transport conduit that carries them to a collection facility or to the tailrace.

This report summarizes 1988 transport operations including numbers of salmonids transported or bypassed by species, overall fish condition, river and flow conditions, and facility and equipment operations.

### RIVER CONDITIONS

The drought that began in 1987 continued through 1988. Low snow packs throughout the Columbia River basin caused low flows and delayed downstream migrations. Although flows were relatively low, the runoff extended through mid-June. Water temperatures were higher than normal but remained below critical levels through June. Water temperatures exceeded 70 degrees beginning about mid-July continuing through the first part of September.

The observed January - July Columbia River runoff at the The Dalles were 68% (73.7 million acre feet [MAF]) of the 25 year (1961-1985), average, Grand Coulee 75% (48.4 MAF), and the Snake River at Lower Granite 53% (16.4 MAF). Flows at Lower Granite and McNary dams are compared with the juvenile outmigration in Figures 4 and 5.

### Snake River

The observed April - August Snake River runoff measured at Lower Granite for 1988 was 13.1 MAF, 54% of the 1961-1985 average. The water year ranked 51 in the 63 year average (1926-1988).

Spring flows ranged from 22.7 kcfs (April 2) to a peak flow of 89.5 kcfs (May 7). By June 15 flows had fallen to 50.4 kcfs and continued to decline for the remainder of the season to a low of 13.2 kcfs (July 13). From July 13 to the end of the transport season (July 25) flows ranged from 13.2 kcfs to 21.4 kcfs. The Snake River peaked at 89.5 kcfs on May 7 compared to 1987 peak of 100.1 kcfs on April 30.

Flows exceeded 85 kcfs only one day (Figure 6) compared to 9 days in 1987 and 83 days in 1986. Flows did not meet FTOT criteria (100 kcfs) for bypassing chinook. The low flows and expected low survival of marked control fish precluded the scheduled transport evaluation studies. Consequently, all fish collected were transported.

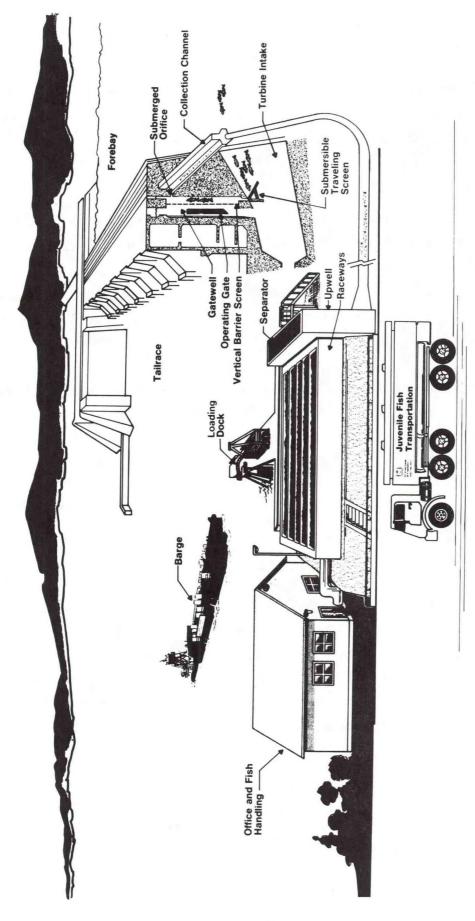
### Columbia River

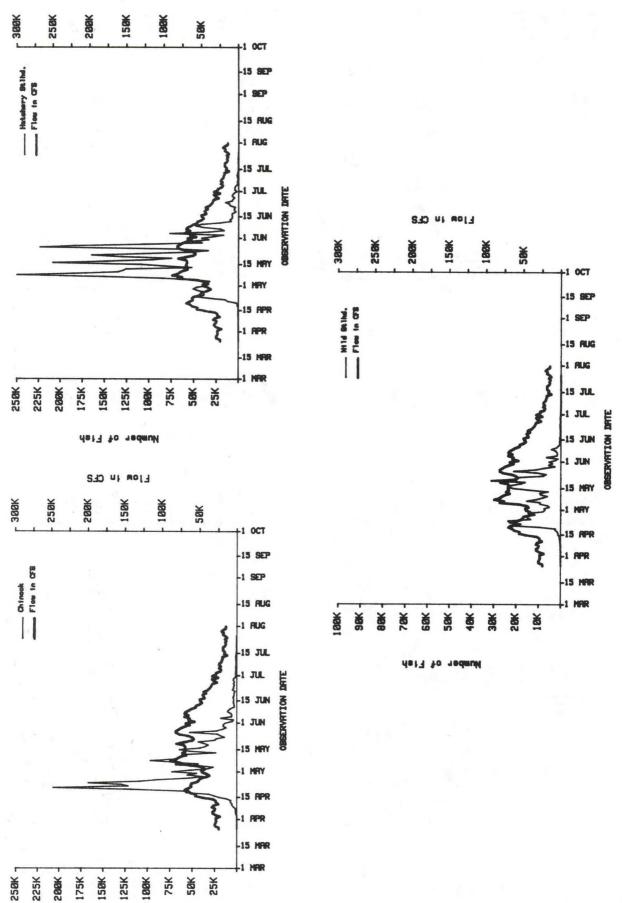
The observed Columbia River runoff at The Dalles for the 1988 water year (October-September) was 92.9 MAF, 66% of the 1961-1985 average. The water year ranked 58th in the 63-year average as measured at The Dalles.  $\frac{1}{2}$ /

A peak flow of 240.8 kcfs occurred at McNary Dam on May 14, 1988 compared with 291.6 kcfs on May 15, 1987 and 395 kcfs on June 1, 1986. There was no spill at McNary Dam in 1988.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Columbia River Water Management Group, Meeting No. 386, October 13, 1988.

Juvenile salmonid collection and transportation system. Figure 3.



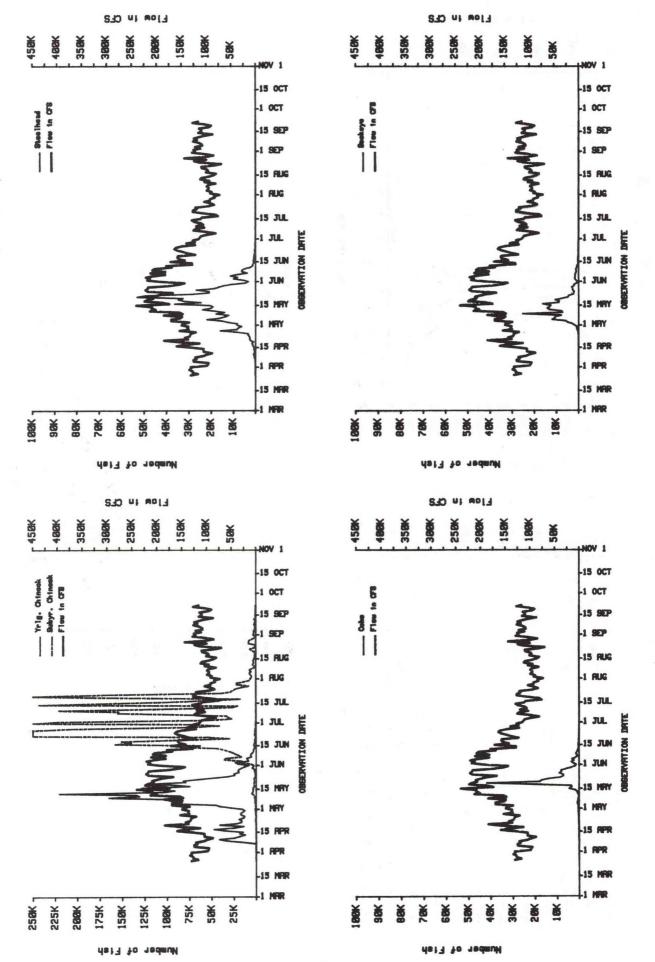


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Mumber of Fish

Snake River flows versus daily counts of chinook, wild and hatchery steelhead during 1988 at Lower Granite Dam. Figure 4.

Columbia River flows versus daily counts of yearling chinook, subyearling chinook, steelhead and sockeye during 1988 at McNary Dam. Figure 5.



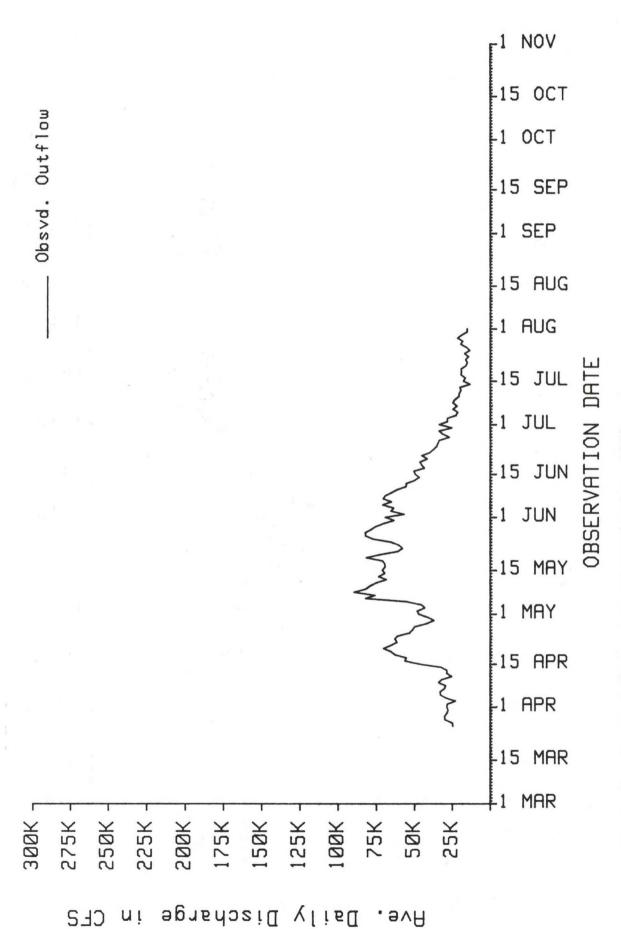


Figure 6. Observed flows at Lower Granite Dam, 1988.

15 OCT Obsvd. Outflow 1 OCT -15 SEP 1 SEP -15 AUG 1 AUG 15 JUL 1 JUL 15 JUN 1 JUN Observed flows at McNary Dam, 1988. 15 MAY -1 MAY 15 APR 1 APR 15 MAR 1 MAR Figure 7. 150K **50K** 400K 300K 450K 350K 200K 250K 100K Ave. Daily Discharge

F1 NOV

The Columbia River flows at McNary exceeded the 220 kcfs trigger for bypassing yearling chinook as specified in the FTOT annual Work Plan (anonymous 1988) only 3 days compared to 20 days in 1987 and 77 days in 1986. Consequently no fish were bypassed at McNary Dam in 1988 except for marked fish for control of the transport evaluation studies.

Water temperatures remained relatively low through mid-July when temperatures approached and exceeded 70° (21° C). Special unit operations, as described in the 1988 FTOT Annual Work Plan were implemented at McNary to alleviate water temperatures problems.

### **EQUIPMENT**

### Facility Raceways

Maximum raceway holding capacity is 0.5 lbs. of fish per gallon of water. Inflow to raceways is approximately 1200 gpm at Snake River projects and 1000 gpm at McNary. Individual raceway volume is approximately 12,000 gallons of water at Snake River dams. Lower Granite has 10 raceways and Little Goose has five. Individual raceway capacity at McNary Dam is 5,000 gallons in seven permanent raceways and 7,400 gallons in two temporary raceways.

### Transport Vehicles

Five fish-hauling trucks were used prior to and after the peak outmigration period (Figure 8). Rated capacity is 3500 gallons of water per tanker and, at the present hauling criterion of 0.5 pounds of fish per gallon, a fully-loaded tanker contains approximately 1,750 pounds of fish. Driving time varies with distance traveled: An average trip to Bonneville from Lower Granite takes about 8.0 hours, from Little Goose 6.5 hours, and from McNary 3.5 hours.

Four fish barges were on line at various times from April 11 thru

July 27 (Figure 8). These periods corresponded to the peak spring and summer migration periods. Two older barges, #2127 and #2817, have a capacity of 85,000 gallons of water and inflow of 5,200 gallons per minute (gpm). Two newer barges, #4382 and #4394, have a capacity of 100,000 gallons and inflow of 10,000 gpm. The holding criterion for barge transportation is 5 pounds of fish per gpm inflow. This allows a maximum 26,000 and 50,000 pounds of fish for each of the two older and two newer barges, respectively. Over the past several years, emphasis has shifted to a larger proportion of the total fish being barged rather than trucked (Figure 9).

Water temperatures in the fish trucks are kept within 3°F of ambient river temperature at the release site. Chillers are used to cool water if necessary during truck transport. Fish barges normally use a flow-through water supply system providing an ambient river temperature throughout the trip.

Overheating of a barge pump engine on July 9 caused the engine to shut off resulting in the loss of aerated water to the fish holds. This resulted in the loss of an unknown number of fish. This event occurred because the alarm switch was inadvertently turned off so when the engine automatically shut off no alarm was sounded. The following emergency corrective actions were taken:

- 1. Cleaned and flushed radiators;
- Modifications to aid engine room cooling;
- Engine shut off was modified so the alarm system is engaged before the engine is started.

In addition the following actions will be taken before the 1989 transport season:

 Barge engine warning systems will be readily observable from the tow boat wheelhouse;

Figure 8. Operational dates for barge and truck transportation in 1988

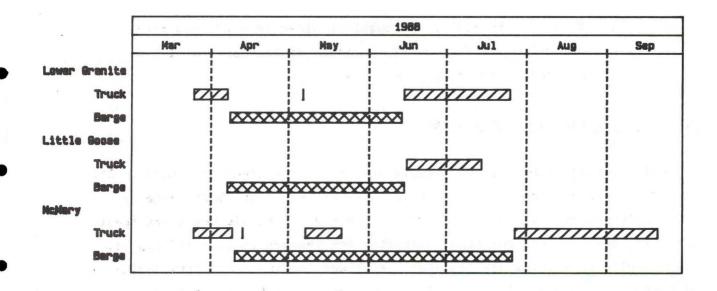
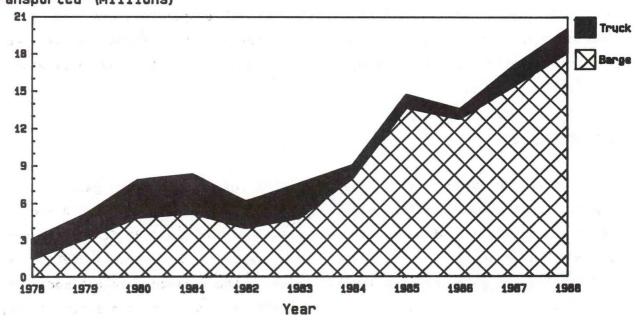


Figure 9. Transport summary of juvenile fish trucked or barged from Lower Granite, Little Goose, and McNary Dams, 1978 through 1988
Fish Transported (Millions)



- 2. Tow boat personnel will be given more responsibility for barge engine operation and maintenance;
- 3. Barge riders will be throughly trained in barge equipment operation, biological requirements of transported fish, and emergency reporting procedures.

### Wet Separators/Distribution Systems

All collector dams have wet separators in their collection systems. The Lower Granite separator is not equipped to separately distribute large and small smolts to raceways or for bypass to the river. Little Goose and McNary facilities are equipped for size separation for raceway loading and bypass. Lower Granite facilities are equipped for direct loading. Facility design and barge loading schedules preclude direct loading at Little Goose and McNary.

### Submersible Traveling Screens

All STSs were installed and operating by March 23 at Lower Granite and Little Goose, and by March 26 at McNary. No major screen-related problems were reported for McNary or the Snake River projects. Video inspection of STSs continued according to FTOT guidelines until temperature problems developed in July. Screen inspection was suspended or frequency was reduced to minimize starting and stopping turbines which exacerbated the temperature problems.

### Operating Gates

Because research studies have shown that raising operating gates improves fish guidance efficiency, all operating gates in the A and B slots at Lower Granite and Little Goose were raised during the 1988 fish transport season (Ledgerwood 1988). This was done by removing the hydraulic cylinders and dogging the gates at deck level. Gates in the C slots were not modified. In an emergency, the A and B slot gates would be lowered by the gantry crane,

and the C slot gate by the hydraulic cylinder. This was the first year of operating the gates in this configuration.

### JUVENILE OUTMIGRATION

The 1988 transport season began March 27 and ended September 21. Total juvenile collection at all projects was 20,404,524 of which 20,033,853 (97%) were transported (Tables 1-3). Although fishery agencies and tribes had not changed the policy of bypassing the majority of yearling chinook back to the river, no fish were bypassed because of the continuing drought related low flows. All fish collected at transport projects were hauled except for those bypassed as control fish for transport evaluation at McNary. No fish were bypassed at Snake River projects because of low flows.

Generally the outmigration appeared near typical of previous years in contrast to 1987 which was more compressed.

### Fish Release Sites

Trucked fish were released during the spring at the Bradford Island site. When flows were low, releases were made at the boat ramp on Hamilton Island on the Washington shore. The release site for barged fish was approximately five miles below Bonneville Dam near the Skamania light buoy.

### Sampling Techniques

A daily random sample was taken. By varying the sample time, the sample was set not to exceed the lesser of either 3% of the estimated weekly outmigration or 10% of the weekly total of yearlings collected and/or bypassed. These fish were counted and examined for species composition, mortality, and marks. A random subsample of 100 fish of each species was taken to determine percent descaling and average length and weight.

Table 1. Juvenile fish transportation summary and dates of operation, 1988.

	Trucked	Barged	Total
Lower Granite			
March 25-July 31			
Chinook Wild steelhead Hatchery steelhead Sockeye Coho	85,308 6,337 148,807 277 0	2,689,974 586,994 3,985,553 1,610	2,775,282 593,331 4,134,360 1,887
Total	240,729	7,264,131	7,504,860
Little Goose April 7-July 15			
April 7-Sury 15			
Chinook Wild steelhead Hatchery steelhead Sockeye Coho	14,706 1,315 36,001 262 0	801,955 132,136 719,896 2,142	816,661 133,451 755,897 2,404
Total	52,272	1,656,129	1,708,413
McNary			
March 25-September 21			
Yearling chinook Subyearling chinook Wild steelhead Hatchery steelhead Sockeye Coho	1,010,910 318,666 38,547 163,655 84,101 63,870	1,842,043 6,377,598 122,595 490,919 159,393 148,295	2,852,953 6,696,264 161,142 654,574 243,494 212,165
Total	1,679,749	9,140,843	10,820,592
Grand Total	1,972,750	18,061,103	20,033,865

Table 2. Summary by dam of juvenile fish transported, 1978 - 1988.

	Lower Granite	Little Goose	McNary	Total
1978	1,980,600	996,285	82,211	3,059,096
1979	2,367,446	1,453,615	1,247,120	5,068,181
1980	3,830,747	2,282,987	1,740,545	7,854,279
1981	2,730,866	1,464,991	4,112,993	8,308,850
1982	1,851,616	1,234,110	3,003,853	6,089,579
1983	2,368,049	868,937	4,326,013	7,562,999
1984	2,046,020	2,274,307	4,708,632	9,028,959
1985	4,459,438	2,008,980	8,319,074	14,787,592
1986	4,683,260	2,052,153	6,760,421	13,495,834
1987	5,470,665	1,910,026	9,655,789	17,036,566
1988	7,504,860	1,708,413	10,820,592	20,033,865

Table 3. Summary of juvenile fish trucked or barged from Lower Granite, Little Goose, and McNary Dams, 1978 - 1988.

		Trucked	Barged	Total
1978		1,580,724	1,478,372	3,059,096
1979	2.14	2,031,212	3,036,969	5,068,181
1980		3,019,232	4,835,047	7,854,279
1981		3,145,980	5,162,860	8,308,850
1982		2,152,901	3,936,678	6,089,579
1983		2,780,487	4,782,512	7,562,999
1984		1,030,026	7,998,933	9,028,959
1985		549,175	14,238,417	14,787,592
1986		776,607	12,719,227	13,495,834
1987		1,681,436	15,355,130	17,036,480
1988		1,972,762	18,061,103	20,033,865

Exception to the daily random sample criteria was permitted by the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority in 1988 for collecting additional fish to mark for transport evaluation. Exceptions are provided for in Appendix 2 of the FTOT Annual Work Plan and are intended to be implemented only during years that high numbers of fish are needed for experimental purposes.

### Descaling

Information on descaling was collected daily throughout the transportation season according to FTOT guidelines and criteria. This information was used as an indicator of fish facility condition. Use of this data for other purposes should be done cautiously, recognizing the original purpose.

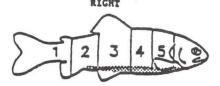
The descaling criteria were revised in 1988 to clarify and simplify the categories so all workers could maintain uniformity and comparability in reported data. Figure 10 shows the descaling criteria as revised in 1988.

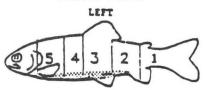
The category "9" was implemented in 1985 in an attempt to isolate a certain descaling pattern that did not fit in any other category. After 3 years it was decided that category "9" was a significant portion of descaling and the criteria was rewritten to include "9" within the "descaled" category and the "9" designation was dropped. Previously, the "9" was added to the descaled category when descaling was summarized and the revised criteria should not result in a higher daily descaling.

### DESCALING CRITERIA

Sections of the fish:

Revised 4-14-88





Sample size: A one hundred fish minimum combined sample, or no less than 50 fish per species must be used. Always report percent descaled along with the number of fish sampled.

Examination: All areas of the fish are examined for scale loss except the ventral surface from the pectoral fins to the vent (the shaded area in above figures) and scale loss is recorded as follows:

"OK" - If scale loss is 3% or less per section, record as ( ...

"6" - If individual scales are lost in a scattered or diffuse pattern and greater than 3% per section but a <u>cumulative scale loss</u> equivalent to less than 40% of two sections, record as (L6) or (R6) as appropriate.

"6P" - If scale loss is in localized areas or patches and more than 3% per section but a <u>cumulative scale loss</u> equivalent to less than 40% of two sections record as (L6P) or (R6P).

"Descaled" - If <u>cumulative scale loss</u> equals or exceeds 40% of two body sections record as (DR or DL).

NOTE: Cumulative scale loss = The sum of the area of all patterns of scale loss (narrow band, patch, sectional, etc.) on one side of a fish. If regeneration of scales is obvious, then those sections with regenerating scales shall not be considered scale loss.

"7" - If the fish has an eye or a head injury record a (L7) or (R7).

"8" - If the body of the fish shows visible cuts or bruises, record as (R8) or (L8).

Suggested Optional Descaling Criteria - To be used at the discretion of onsite personnel to provide detailed descaling information as needed for onsite use.

"7\*" - Designates folded or torn operculums.

"8B" - Designates bird marks.

"8M" - Designates mammalian predator marks.

"8P" - Designates external parasites.

"8F" - Designates external fungal infection.

Figure 10. Descaling criteria revised in 1988.

### TRANSPORT OPERATIONS - LOWER GRANITE DAM, 1988

### FACILITY MODIFICATIONS

No major modifications were made to the Lower Granite's fish collection facility prior to or during the 1988 transport season. However, fish guidance efficiency (FGE) was improved by raising the operating gates (Figure 11) in the A and B slots to deck level creating a more desirable flow pattern for fish attraction. Tests in 1986 and 1987 at Lower Granite and Little Goose dams showed increased FGE with operating gates raised. (Ledgerwood, 1988).

Fish transport barges #2127 and 2817 each received two new diesel engines. The original engines were worn and unreliable and replacement parts for were difficult to obtain.

Minor additional modifications were accomplished prior to the 1988 field season to ease facility operations and increase worker safety which included:

- Coaxial cables to the fish counting tunnels were upgraded and electronic fish counters were adjusted for greater sensitivity.
- 2. To increase worker safety, grating was placed above each gatewell and fish screen slot orifice exit in the bypass gallery. (Photo 1)
- 3. Johnson bar screen was used to replace water elimination plates at the entrance to the fish distribution flume. This eliminated flume vibration and accompanying low pitch hum.
- 4. A temporary patch was placed on the log sheer boom to reduce debris in the juvenile fish collection system.
- 5. Rubber extensions were added to raceway loading chutes to reduce the number of jumping fish.

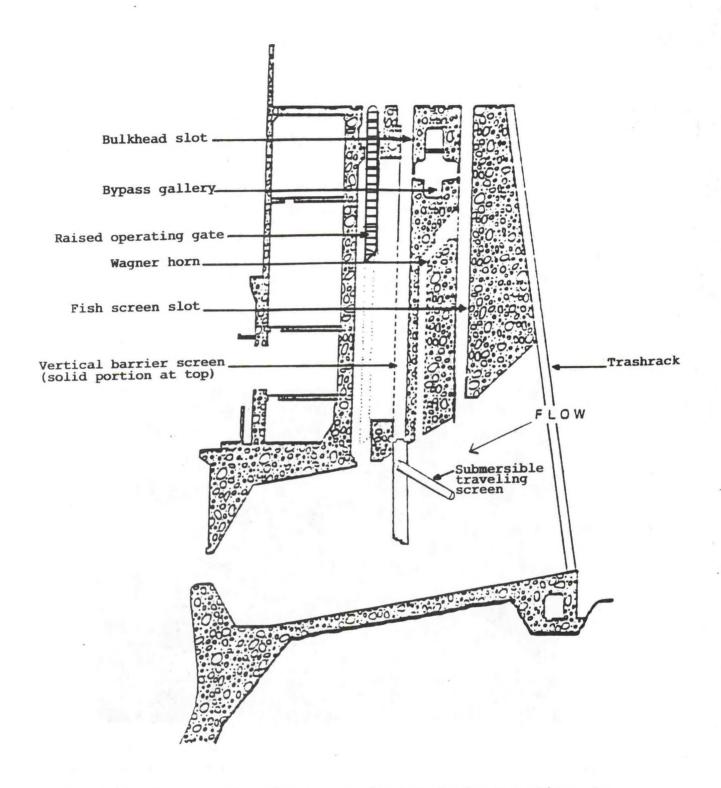


Figure 11. Cross section of Lower Granite Dam showing operating gate in the raised position.

- 6. New dissolved oxygen meters were purchased to replace older, worn equipment.
- 7. Raceway sidescreens were constructed to prevent fish from jumping out of the head end of raceways one through five.
- 8. A new cover was built over the sample recovery tank to improve accessibility. A walk ramp was also added next to the tank.
- 9. More lighting was added in the marking building to make it easier to see brands and identify species.
- 10. The juvenile fish descaling criteria were revised.

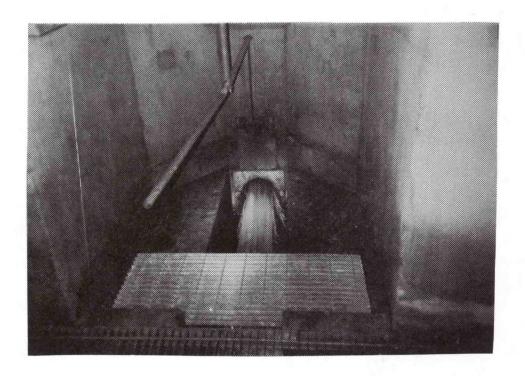


Photo 1. New Grating over orifice exit channel at Lower Granite Dam.

### COLLECTION OF JUVENILES

### Migration and Collection

Lower Granite total collection shattered all previous season records during 1988. An estimated 7,534,218 juvenile salmonids were collected and diverted for transport (Table 4). This compares to total collections of 5,512,434 and 4,774,026 in 1987 and 1986, respectively. Although chinook collection (2,790,395) was at an all-time high, they comprised only 37.0% of the total, compared to 45.3% in 1987. Chinook collection was expected to be somewhat higher because hatchery production was about the same as last year and FGE was significantly improved by the raised gate configuration. Passage indices at Lower Granite for yearling chinook increased steadily during early April, but appeared delayed compared to passage index of previous years.

Natural runoff improved in mid-April, but dropped below 50 kcfs during the last week of the month. However, the brief increase in Snake River discharge during the 10-day period beginning on April 15, resulted in the peak chinook collection period (Appendix Table 1) when approximately 40.0% (1,111,540) of the season's total were collected. Idaho's early smolt release program allowed these migrants to take advantage of the flow increase. This program was developed to artificially separate chinook and steelhead collection peaks and to ensure that hatchery stocks had migrated far enough (Lower Granite reservoir) to benefit from augmented flow regimes. Chinook collection peaked on April 20, when 206,539 were collected (Figure 12). Approximately 10% of the season's total chinook collection occurred by April 19, and 90% by May 24 (Figure 13).

The prolonged period of low flows in late April and early May led to the Water Budget request by the FPC. Drafting of Brownlee and Dworshak reservoirs began on May 3 and flows at Lower Granite increased from 45 kcfs to a high of 90 kcfs on May 7 (averaging 68 kcfs during the Water Budget period).

Steelhead migrants reacted immediately to the flow increase and became the dominant species from then on. A combined total of 4,741,920 wild and hatchery steelhead were collected compared to 3,013,986 in 1987. Steelhead comprised 63.0% of the 1988 collection total and the wild and hatchery components were 12.5% and 87.5% respectively. Wild steelhead peaked on May 19, but several other collection spikes occurred during the migration (Figure 12). Even though the wild steelhead collection total of 593,464 was the highest since stocks were accounted for separately, their percentage was the lowest of the four-year period. This most likely resulted from increased hatchery production. Hatchery steelhead collection experienced three strong peaks. The initial and seasonal collection peak (254,419) on May 7 resulted from the Water Budget operation and the final peak on May 25 also occurred during an increase in natural runoff. The 10% and 90% collection estimates for wild and hatchery steelhead are illustrated in Figure 13.

Even though new collection records were established again in 1988, it should be pointed out that the combined totals from both Lower Granite and Little Goose only accounted for 9,260,989 migrants from a total of 23 to 25 million smolts estimated to have begun their seaward journey in 1988 (DeHart and Karr, 1988) It appears that smolt losses, prior to reaching Lower Granite, approached 50% due to drought runoff conditions.

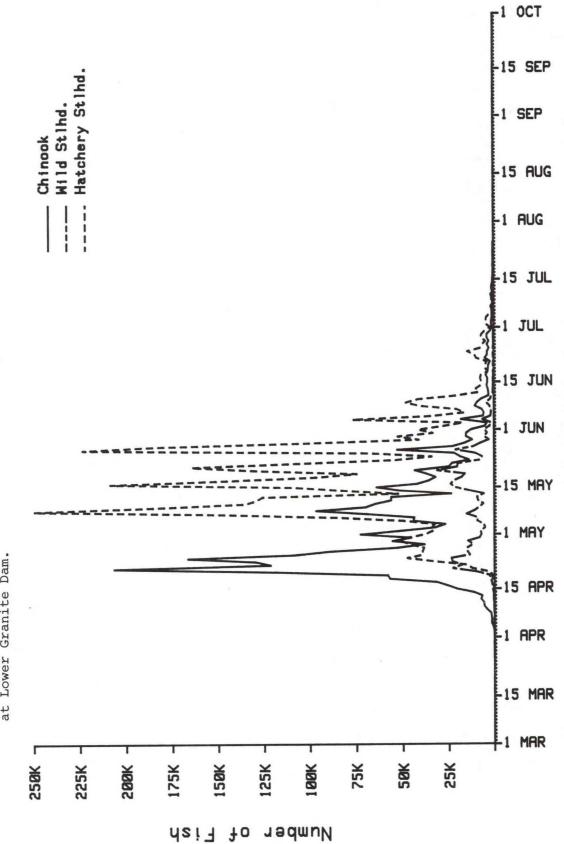
An estimated 1,903 sockeye/kokanee migrants were collected in 1988, up from 791 juveniles estimated during the previous season. The reduced numbers collected the past two seasons most likely reflects low discharge levels from Dworshak Reservoir because of the drought, and a corresponding decrease in kokanee discharged from the reservoir.

Workers counted 7,913 adult steelhead (predominately kelts) crossing the separator compared to 6,947 and 8,309 adults in 1987 and 1986, respectively. A total of 129 adult chinook were also counted.

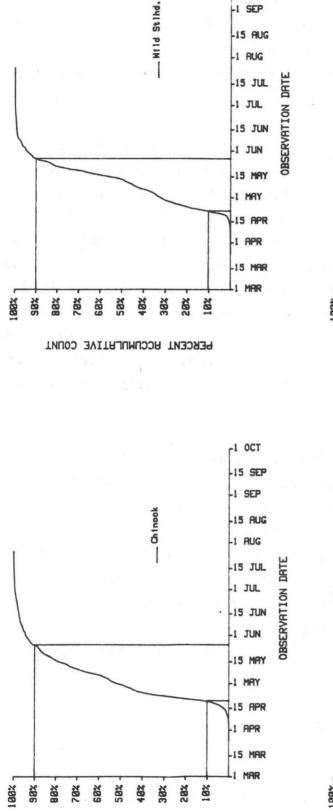
Table 4. Annual collection, bypass, and transport at Lower Granite, 1981-1988

Year	Chinook	Stee Hatchery	elhead Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Total
Collec	tion					
1981	904,181	1.90	,173	602	6,529	2,812,485
1982	471,736		3,060	240	11,993	1,942,029
1983	1,140,114	1,326		8	5,354	2,471,567
1984	925,971		,740	256	11,152	2,052,119
1985	1,786,252	2,234,958	454,621	35	6,467	4,482,333
1986	1,676,980	2,547,549	542,002	85	7,410	4,774,026
1987	2,497,635	2,463,039	550,947	22	791	5,512,434
1988	2,790,395	4,148,456	593,464	0	1,903	7,534,218
1900	2,790,393	4,140,430	393,404	U	1,703	7,554,210
Bypass						
						•
1981						0
1982						0
1983						0
1984		. 7.0	000	0	0	
1985	7,600	4,742	903	0	0	13,245
1986	48,645	20,813	11,502	0	3	80,963
1987						0
1988						0
Truck						
1981	232,543	156	5,246	0	0	388,789
1982	162,587		,353	85	5,642	403,667
1983	518,984		2,624	3	645	582,256
1984	135,630		,157	43	2,713	177,543
1985	73,962	25,351	2,946	0	1,057	103,316
1986	77,990	44,005	6,331	0	309	128,635
1987	56,931	201,496	23,430	0	34	281,891
1988	85,308	148,807	6,337	0	277	240,729
Barge						
1981	642,323	1.699	,744	0	0	2,342,077
1982	304,780		,959	128	5,082	1,447,949
1983	578,432		2,659	5	4,697	1,785,793
1984	785,759		,518	213	7,987	1,868,477
1985	1,699,035	2,201,103	450,590	35	5,359	4,356,122
1986	1,544,853	2,478,633	524,022	84	7,033	4,683,260
		2,251,160	527,176	22	752	5,188,774
1987 1988	2,409,664 2,689,974	3,985,553	586,994	0	1,610	7,264,131

Daily counts of juvenile yearling, wild and hatchery steelhead collected during 1988 at Lower Granite Dam. Figure 12.



OBSERVATION DATE

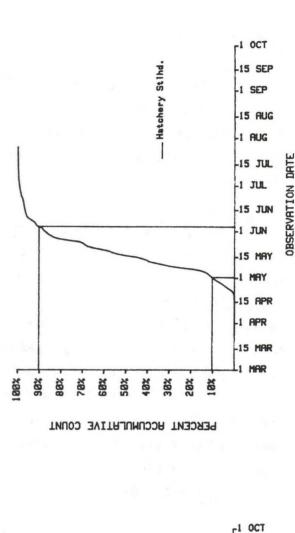


PERCENT ACCUMULATIVE COUNT

-1 OCT

-15 SEP

-I SEP



- Sockeye

60%

78%

88%

48% 38% 28% 18%

58%

PERCENT ACCUMULATIVE COUNT



15 SEP

-1 SEP

-15 RUG

-1 AUG

15 JUL

-1 JUL

-15 JUN

-1 JUN -15 MAY

-1 MAY

15 APR

1 APR

15 MAR

### Transportation

An estimated 7,504,860 juvenile salmonids were transported. Of these, 240,729 (3.2%) were transported by truck and 7,264,131 (96.8%) were barged. Daily truck and barge summaries are listed in Appendix tables 2 and 3. No juveniles were marked for transport evaluation studies in 1988 due to low flow condition.

Truck transport started on March 28. Because collection numbers were extremely low, fish were held six days until the second truck departed on April 4. Alternate day trucking began on April 5 and continued until April 11. After the April 11 trip, juveniles were collected and held four days, at which time alternate day barging was initiated and continued until April 21. Daily barging began on April 22 and continued until June 3 (Figure 8). Alternate day barging resumed on June 4, continuing until June 14 when barging from the Snake River was concluded. Juveniles were transported by truck from June 15 to the end of the collection season, July 26. Collection peaks on May 7 and June 24 necessitated the use of two trucks because barge capacity was exceeded. Thirty truck trips and 53 barge trips were made from Lower Granite in 1988.

Approximately 13,736 migrants were transported during the early trucking phase, 0.42% of the chinook and 0.04% of the steelhead transported. During the late trucking phase, 226,993 juveniles were hauled. Of these, approximately 32.4% were chinook, 65.1% were hatchery steelhead, and 2.5% were wild steelhead. The late trucking phase accounted for 94.3% of the juveniles transported by truck, 2.7%, 3.6%, and 1.0% of total chinook, hatchery steelhead and wild steelhead transported, respectively.

Barging accounted for 96.9% of chinook, 96.4% of hatchery steelhead and 98.9% of wild steelhead transported.

### Bypass

Because of the drought, no juveniles were bypassed in 1988. No major problems occurred to either the bypass/collection system or the separator equipment to warrant temporary periods of bypass. As previously mentioned, no marked fish were released to the river as controls for transport research. Pre-and post-season bypass operations occurred between March 15-25 and from July 24 and August 29.

### FISH CONDITION

### Descaling

Juvenile descaling rates were recorded daily at the facility. Descaling criteria were revised by FTOT early in the transport season (April 4). The "type-9" descaling category (Koski et al. 1986) was incorporated in the "descaling left and/or right side" designations. In addition, a descaling definition addressed "cumulative scale loss" as equivalent to or exceeding the 40% of two body sections. This description was recorded as "descaled". The cumulative scale loss was described as "the sum of the area of all patterns of scale loss (narrow band, patchy, sectional, etc.) on one side of the fish." Optional descriptions were also incorporated including descriptions for torn opercula, bird and mammal induced injuries, and external parasite fungus infections (Figure 10). Weekly descaling rates are summarized in Table 5.

Chinook descaling averaged 2.4%, hatchery steelhead 1.4% and wild steelhead 0.98% at Lower Granite's juvenile facility in 1988. Combined descaling for all species was 1.7%. Chinook descaling improved over last season (3.3%) and represented the second lowest rate yet recorded. Steelhead descaling, for both hatchery and wild migrants was identical to the levels recorded in 1987, the lowest rates recorded at the facility (Table 6).

Table 5. Percent weekly descaling rates for juveniles sampled at Lower Granite Dam, 1988.

		Steelhead	
Dates	Chinook	Hatchery	Wild
March 25-31	0.0 <sup>a</sup>	0.0a	0.0a
April 1-7	1.0 <sup>a</sup>	0.0	0.00
April 8-14	1.0	1.0ª	0.0
April 15-21	2.3	1.0ª	1.0 <sup>a</sup>
April 29-May 5	4.6	1.1	1.4
May 6-12	5.0	1.0	1.0
May 13-19	2.9	1.0	1.0
May 20-26	2.9	3.0	1.0
May 27-June 2	1.9	2.0	1.4
June 3-9	2.9	2.3	1.3
June 10-16	2.0	1.3	1.7 <sup>a</sup>
June 17-23	1.6	1.3	NA
June 24-30	1.3	1.0	NA
July 1-7	2.2	1.0	NA
July 8-14	1.0	1.2ª	NA
July 15-21	0.0 <sup>a</sup>	1.0ª	NA
July 22-26	0.0 <sup>a</sup>	0.0 <sup>a</sup>	NA

a Sample period had at least one day with less than 50 fish in sample.

Table 6. Average season percent descaling for juvenile chinook and steelhead sampled at Lower Granite Dam, 1981-1988.

	Chinook		Steelhe		
Year	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	
1981	15.	5	16.8		
1982	8.	8	10.8		
1983	3.	0	4.1		
1984	3.	0	2.3		
1985	1.9	2.1	4.2	1.1	
1986	3.7		4.7	1.8	
1987	3.	3	1.4	1.0	
1988	2.		1.4	1.0	

### Mortality

Overall system mortality at Lower Granite was only 0.35% during the 1988 transport season compared to 0.72% in 1987. A combination of environmental

and operational factors helped reduce mortality normally associated with low flow migration conditions. Water temperatures remained unusually low during the peak of the migration and well into the latter part of the season. An important factor which can't be measured but most likely played a major role in lowering system mortality, was the spread of the peak collection period. Peak collection in 1988 was characterized by greater numbers of peak days, over a longer period of time, and resulted in lower holding and handling densities. In addition, project workers were able to increase the amount of direct barge loading and spread collected fish throughout a larger number of raceways. Workers also felt that system mortality decreased because of Idaho's hatchery practice of staggering releases to maximize the separation between spring/summer chinook and steelhead. This separation not only reduced the size of the collection peaks, but also lowered the chinook/steelhead ratio in the raceways, transport vehicles and sample tanks.

Chinook mortality dropped from 1.20% in 1987 to 0.46% in 1988 (Table 7). Peak collections days for chinook and hatchery steelhead were 17 days apart (Appendix Table 1), whereas peak collection for both species occurred on the same day in 1987. Mortality rates for hatchery steelhead was 0.33% while wild steelhead migrants only suffered 0.02%. Combined steelhead mortality was measured at 0.34%. Daily mortality rates increased near the end of the season, exacerbated most likely, by extreme drought conditions.

Table 7. Percent system mortality at Lower Granite Facility, 1981-1988.

	And the second	Chinook			Steelhea	teelhead	
Year	Yearli	ng	Subyearling	Hatcher	у	Wild	
1981		0.7			0.1		
1982		0.8			0.1		
1983		0.7			0.2		
1984	0.4	0.5	0.7		0.1		
1985	0.3	0.3	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	
1986	0.3	0.3	2.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
1987		1.2		0.4	0.4	0.1	
1988		0.5		0.3	0.3	0.1	

Mortality estimates at the facility do not include a barge loading incident which occurred during the evening of May 4. At approximately 2215

hours, a direct load line ruptured spilling fish onto the barge deck. Workers estimated that the spill lasted for 15 to 30 minutes resulting in a loss of 2,050 to 4,100 fish based on hourly counts. The biological technician on duty, reacting quickly, diverted loading back to the raceway mode and began removing fish off the barge deck. Aided by a tug deck hand, they were able to return 40% of the stranded fish to the nearest barge hold, and the remainder to the river.

The mortality rate in the marking/sample building increased for six days in early June due to a pre-anesthetizing incident associated with the daily fish sampling operations. Smolt monitoring personnel accidentally mixed tricane methanesulfonate (MS-22) with alcohol (a mixture of benzocaine and alcohol is normally used for this purpose). The mixture was used for several days before discovery, resulting in an estimated 5.0% mortality, 361 of 7,200 fish in the sample recovery tank. The effected fish showed severe signs of stress (total mucus layer loss) and probably suffered a high degree of delayed mortality during barge transport.

For the purpose of this report dead and moribund fish dipped from the barge holds within the first two hours after loading are reported as facility related mortalities. Adding these fish to the system mortality rate raises the percentages to 0.85% for chinook and 0.31% for combined steelhead. It should be pointed out that juvenile fish mortality estimates for the facilities raceways are probably underestimated because of unobserved dead fish on the raceway's floor. There are no means at this time to count these individuals without causing additional stress to healthy fish within the raceways.

### FACILITY OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

### Debris/Trash Racks

The drought and extremely low snow pack resulted in minimal trash accumulation in Lower Granite's forebay. Project personnel dipped trash from

and operational factors helped reduce mortality normally associated with low flow migration conditions. Water temperatures remained unusually low during the peak of the migration and well into the latter part of the season. An important factor which can't be measured but most likely played a major role in lowering system mortality, was the spread of the peak collection period. Peak collection in 1988 was characterized by greater numbers of peak days, over a longer period of time, and resulted in lower holding and handling densities. In addition, project workers were able to increase the amount of direct barge loading and spread collected fish throughout a larger number of raceways. Workers also felt that system mortality decreased because of Idaho's hatchery practice of staggering releases to maximize the separation between spring/summer chinook and steelhead. This separation not only reduced the size of the collection peaks, but also lowered the chinook/steelhead ratio in the raceways, transport vehicles and sample tanks.

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Table 7. Percent system mortality at Lower Granite Facility, 1981-1988.

		Chinook			Steelhead		
Year	Yearlin	Yearling Subyearling		Hatchery		Wild	
1981		0.7			0.1		
1982		0.8			0.1		
1983		0.7			0.2		
1984	0.4	0.5	0.7		0.1		
1985	0.3	0.3	2.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	
1986	0.3	0.3	2.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
1987		1.2		0.4	0.4	0.1	
1988		0.5		0.3	0.3	0.1	

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### FACILITY OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

## Debris/Trash Racks

The drought and extremely low snow pack resulted in minimal trash accumulation in Lower Granite's forebay. Project personnel dipped trash from

powerhouse gatewells when surface coverage in each slot approached 25%. Generally, slots were dipped once or twice per week during the peak collection period, and less than once per week from mid-June until the end of the season. Project workers and FTOT expect, and stress the likelihood of a severe floating debris accumulation at the project if the 1989 runoff is normal or above.

Trash racks were only raked once during the 1988 migration, in conjunction with STS installation in early March. Gatewell orifices were checked at least twice daily during the season and more frequently during higher collection periods.

# Submersible Traveling Screens

No major modifications were made to STSs prior to the 1988 transport season. Screens were installed in units 1-4 on March 8 and in units 5-6 on March 9. Screens were cycled (4 minutes on, 20 minutes off) for the entire collection season. There were no STS problems during 1988 operations.

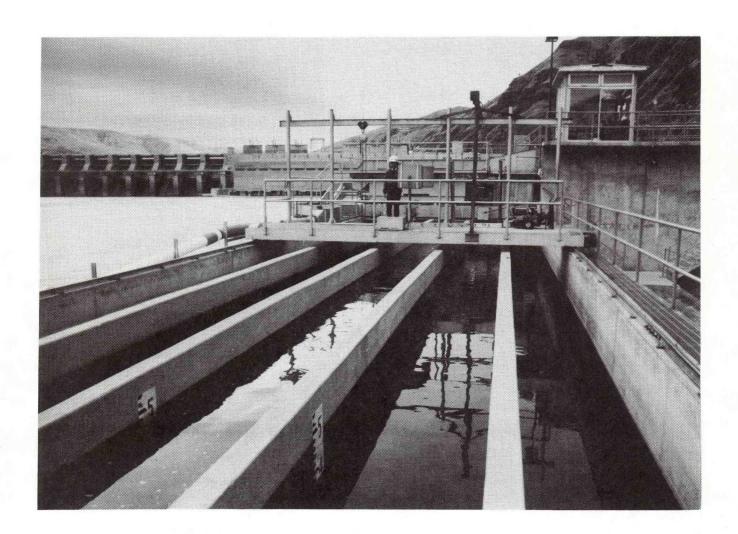
Video inspections of STS were conducted on April 19 and May 24 for units 1-3; April 20 for units 4 and 5; and April 20 and May 25 for unit 6. No problems were found during video inspections. Upon removal of STSs after the transport season, workers determined that only minor repairs would be necessary prior to 1989 use.

# Wet Separator/Distribution System

The juvenile separator operated without any major problems. North and south shore make-up gallery gates needed minor attention during the 1988 season. As forebay elevations changed, these gates adjusted the intake water level to maintain a smooth flow condition throughout the collection channel. Powerhouse operators had to maintain a constant monitoring of this process and were required to provide manual assistance to the automatic controls when needed.

# Direct Barge Loading Operations

During 1988, approximately 59.3% of the barged fish were directly loaded compared to 31.9% and 55.4% in 1987 and 1986, respectively. It appears that maximizing direct barge loading reduces facility mortality. The efforts by captains to decrease turn-around-time, bringing the third and fourth barges on as collection numbers increased and the more prolonged (longer peak mode) collection period all allowed more direct loading.



## TRANSPORT/BYPASS OPERATIONS - LITTLE GOOSE DAM, 1988

The 1988 juvenile fish transportation season at Little Goose Dam was another successful operation despite a second continuous year of drought. The peak average daily flow was 88.3 kcfs on May 7, but average daily flows were 60 to 85 kcfs from May 5 to June 9, so river conditions were fairly good for fish passage throughout most of the outmigration.

### FACILITY MODIFICATIONS

No major modifications were made at Little Goose facilities prior to the 1988 transport season. However, operating gates in A and B slots of all units were raised the same as Lower Granite. Two other minor modifications were made:

- 1. The inner, upstream edge of the camlock fitting on the barge loading hose was machined to provide a smoother surface inside the hose, thus reducing fish injury.
- 2. A fixed steel clamp was installed on the tailrace retaining wall to hold the barge loading line firmly in place.

### COLLECTION OF JUVENILES

### Migration and Collection

Juvenile fish were collected from April 6 through July 14, a period of 100 consecutive days. Facilities were operated for maximum collection, and all fish were transported because river flows remained below the 100 kcfs trigger for bypassing chinook salmon.

An estimated 1,726,771 juvenile salmon and steelhead were collected (Table 8). Composition by species was 48.0% chinook, 44.2% hatchery

steelhead, 7.8% wild steelhead, and 0.1% sockeye. This was based on daily sample counts which comprised 0.9% of the total collection (16,162 fish).

Total collection declined for the fifth consecutive year (Table 8) in comparison with collection at Lower Granite Dam (Table 4) where collection continued to increase. This trend may be due to reduced or total lack of spill in recent years and increased collection efficiency because of the effects of raised operating gates at Lower Granite Dam. Increased residualism in Little Goose Reservoir caused by lower than normal flows may also contribute to this trend.

The juvenile fish outmigration was typically distributed over the season in contrast to compressed runs observed in 1981 and 1987 (Table 9). Collection exceeded 10% of the annual total for four weeks compared with four or five weeks in 1982 through 1986. Forty percent or more passed in a single week in 1981 and 1987, and collection exceeded 10% for three weeks only during each of these years. The holding capacity of the facility was not exceeded in 1988. The maximum poundage loaded into a raceway was 3,008 pounds on April 23, less than the maximum capacity of 6,000 pounds per raceway.

Table 8. Annual collection, bypass, and transport at Little Goose Dam, 1981 to 1988.

		Steelhe	ead			
Year	Chinook	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Tota
Collecti	on					
1981	590,499	899	,739			1,490,18
1982	351,716	763,260	165,280	215	5,031	1,265,50
1983	303,034	566,940	122,179	63	3,432	995,64
1984	1,030,253	1,695	494	0	11,677	2,737,42
1985	1,142,815	959,999	164,083	0	3,721	2,270,61
1986	725,511	1,144,436	220,973	0	2,312	2,093,23
1987	1,021,760	812,065	141,852	1,009	6,635	1,983,32
1988	828,016	762,534	133,777	0	2,444	1,726,77
Bypass	Š					
1981	0		0	0	0	lie d
1982	0		0	0	0	
1983	105,254	14.	252	0	47	119,55
1984	361,853		407	0	662	445,92
1985	195,008	34,466	17,591	0	715	247,78
1986	26,970	5,283	33	0	119	32,40
1987	15,866	29,311	5,563	0	0	50,74
1988	0	0	0	0	0	
Truck						
1981	211,630	106	,012	0	0	317,64
1982	113,721		635	201	2,294	197,85
1983	83,715		210	0	918	123,84
1984	178,176		506	0	2,133	235,81
1985	34,846	7,106	783	0	500	43,23
1986	50,028	17,153	11,538	0	669	79,38
1987	15,834	20,143	2,819	0	49	38,84
1988	14,706	36,001	1,315	Ō	262	52,28
Barge						
1981	372,681	774.	. 668	0	0	1,147,34
1982	218,568		,825	14	1,852	1,036,25
1983	108,228		436	63	2,367	745,09
1984	467,919	1,562		0	8,530	2,038,49
1985	897,520	918,569	147,351	0	2,305	1,965,74
	646,611	1,114,284	210,366	0	1,504	1,972,76
1986					6,538	1,871,18
1987	971,888	758,510	133,252	993 0	2,142	1,656,12
1988	801,955	719,896	132,136	U	2,142	1,000,12

Table 9. Weekly collection as a percentage of total annual collection at Little Goose Dam, 1981 to 1988.

Dates		1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
Mar 26 Ann	1					0.1ª	0.4ª		
Mar 26-Apr Apr 2-8	1			0.7 <sup>b</sup>	1.9ª	0.1ª	1.7	0.1	0.0ª c
Apr 9-15		0.1ª	1.1	$0.7_{b}^{b}$ $3.3_{b}^{c}$	3.1	1.2	3.6	0.3	0.0
Apr 16-22		0.1	4.7	$0.1^{\mathrm{b}}$	6.0	8.2	9.5	2.2	3.7
Apr 23-29		13.2	12.9	0.1 <sup>b</sup> 4.6 <sup>b</sup>	13.5	21.2	16.2	15.1	15.5
Apr 30-May	6	39.7	11.4	4.6b	13.5	21.2	16.2	15.1	16.9
May 7-13		8.2	17.3	19.6	16.2	21.6	14.2	26.2	23.2
May 14-20		6.8	17.4	12.9	19.4	10.4	11.4	5.4	16.2
May 21-27		11.5	13.7	18.7	10.2	11.9	10.9	1.7	9.5
May 28-Jun	3	8.3	6.6	17.0	6.8	7.5	9.2	0.7	6.3
Jun 4-10		4.3	2.1	6.6	4.0	3.3	3.3	0.7	6.3
Jun 18-24		2.3	2.9	2.1	2.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.2
Jun 25-Jul	1	0.8	2.0	2.7	1.7	0.3	0.3	0.5	1.0
Jul 2-8		0.5	4.5	4.2	1.2	0.5	0.1 <sup>a</sup>	0.3	0.4
Jul 9-15		0.6	0.8		0.7	0.5		0.1ª	0.3
Jul 16-22		0.2	0.6		0.4	0.2			

cLess than 0.1 percent collected.

Maximum daily collection coincided with the single water budget release. The peak daily collection of 89,731 fish on May 7 was considerably less than the record of 250,978 collected in 1987 (Table 10). Peak collection days for the various species came in quick succession with chinook peaking May 7 (52,215), steelhead May 8 (40,370), and sockeye May 9 (499). Daily collection totals are detailed in Appendix Table 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Less than seven days collection in the week.

Problems forced facility shutdown one or more days during the week.

Table 10. Summary of peak collection days for chinook, steelhead, and sockeye at Little Goose Dam, 1981 to 1988.

Year	Chinook	Steelhead	Sockeye	Total Collection
1981	May 5	May 5		May 5
	(66,817) <sup>a</sup>	(171,817)		(238,634)
1982	May 2	May 9	April 12	May 9
	(20,723)	(37,619)	(267)	(44,591)
1983	April 23	May 11	June 2	May 11
	(20,990)	(37,006)	(456)	(40,312)
1984	April 26	May 18	May 27	May 18
	(38,828)	(95,652)	(1,176)	(101,637)
1985	May 4	May 9	May 4	May 4
	(82,897)	(71,637)	(342)	(93,613)
1986	April 26	May 10 <sup>D</sup>	June 8	April 26
	(49,380)	(46,625)	(232)	(66,460)
1987	May 2	May 7 <sup>c</sup>	April 29	May 7
	(131,755)	(170,244)	(2,764)	(250,978)
1988	May 7	May 8 <sup>d</sup>	May 9	May 7
	(52,215)	(40,370)	(499)	(89, 371)

a Numbers in parentheses are collection total for peak days.

Hatchery steelhead peaked on May 10 (43,672) and wild steelhead peaked on April 29 (15,615).

cHatchery and wild steelhead peaked on May 7 (140,540 and 29,704,

respectively).

Hatchery steelhead peaked on May 8 (36,289) and wild steelhead peaked on April 27 (6,413).

### Transportation

An estimated 1,708,413 fish (98.9% of total collection) were transported from Little Goose Dam in 1988, of which 3.1% were trucked and 96.9% were barged (Table 8). Although fish collection began on April 6, transport did not begin until April 11. The initial intent was to load the first truck on April 10 in adherence to the FTOT Annual Work Plan criterion that fish are to be held no longer than four days. However, because water temperatures were low (49° F.), a barge was to arrive on April 11, and only about 100 fish would be held for five days, with FTOT approval, it was decided that the first load of fish would be transported by barge on April 11.

Except for no trucking early in the season, the timing and means of transportation were similar to other years. Barging began on April 11 and ended June 14. Fish were not loaded into barges at Little Goose on May 20 and 26 because all available space was reserved for fish at McNary Dam. Alternate day trucking extended from June 16 to July 14. Truck and barge summaries are provided in Appendix Tables 6,7.

## Bypass

No fish were bypassed at Little Goose during the transport season. River flows did not exceed the 100 kcfs level which would have triggered the bypass of chinook. Holding capacity of the facility was never exceeded so no bypass was required. The facilities were operated in a bypass mode from March 15 to April 6, and from July 14 to August 29 before and after transport operations. Numbers of fish bypassed are unknown and therefore are not accounted for in this report.

### FISH CONDITION

## Descaling

Descaling rates at Little Goose Dam in 1988 were higher than in 1987. No facility problems were discovered that could have caused this increase and there was little debris accumulation. However, FTOT revised the sample descaling criteria in 1988 by discarding the "9" category and the requirement that 40% scale loss occur in two or more sections on the same side of the fish. Under the revised criteria, fish were recorded as descaled if the cumulative scale loss on one side of the fish was enough to exceed 40% of two or more sections (see Appendix 1). The revised descaling criteria may have eliminated some of the confusing aspects of the old system and likely provided a better estimate of the number of descaled fish. Because the new criteria resulted in some fish being recorded as descaled that would not have been under the old system, this probably contributed to the higher descaling

rates. The revised descaling criteria went into effect at Little Goose on April 25, 1988.

Smolts were examined for descaling only in daily samples in 1988. Descaling samples were not taken from the gatewells.

In 1988, 7,393 chinook smolts were examined for descaling. The weighted mean descaling rate for chinook was 12.7%, the highest rate recorded since 1983. For steelhead, 7,169 hatchery and 1,108 wild smolts were examined for descaling. The weighted mean descaling rate for all steelhead (hatchery and wild) was 3.4%, an increase over the 2.9% recorded in 1987 (Table 11). Weighted mean descaling rates for hatchery and wild steelhead, calculated separately, were 3.5% and 2.7%, respectively. The maximum daily descaling rate (for days when at least 50 chinook were sampled) was 24.2% on May 13. Maximum daily descaling rate for hatchery and wild steelhead combined was 9.8% on May 1 (8 of 82 fish).

Table 11. Average percent descaling for chinook and steelhead collected at Little Goose Dam, 1981-1988.

		Steelhe		
Year	Chinook	Hatchery	Wild	Weighted Total
1981	15.4	13		16.8
1982	26.0	24.9	6.1	21.6
1983	18.4	8.6	4.2	7.8
1984	7.1	3.5	1.5	3.1
1985 <sup>a</sup>	7.9	3.4	1.5	3.1
1986 <sup>a</sup>	8.8	4.9	2.5	4.4
1987 <sup>a</sup> ,	8.6	3.2	1.0	2.9
1987 <sup>a</sup> 1988 <sup>a</sup> ,b	12.7	3.5	2.7	3.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Descaling rates to early 1988 include the "9" classification. Change in descaling criteria on April 25.

The maximum weekly descaling rate was 15.5% during June 24-30 (Table 12). Maximum weekly descaling rate for hatchery and wild steelhead was 8.2% during June 10-16 (Table 12).

Table 12. Weighted average weekly descaling rates at Little Goose Dam, 1988.

		Sto	eelhead	
Date	Chinook	Hatchery		Wild
Apr 7-8	10.3ª	0.0ª		0.0
Apr 9-15	11.0	0.0		0.0a
Apr 16-22	9.0	0.0		2.1
Apr 23-29	13.4	6.8		1.8
Apr 30-May 6	12.8	3.2		4.5
May 7-13	13.2	3.8		1.6
May 14-20	14.6	2.2		3.6
May 21-27	8.1	2.7		2.0
May 28-June 3	11.1	4.0		1.5
June 4-10	13.1	5.5		4.9
June 11-17	11.4	8.4		5.4°
June 18-24	12.8	4.3		5.7
June 25-July 1	15.5	3.2		0.0
July 2-8	9.9	2.5		0.0
July 9-15	6.0	3.6		0.0
Average	12.7	3.5		2.7

aLess than 100 fish sampled.

## Mortality

The system mortality rate for chinook in 1988 was lower than in 1987 but higher than in 1985 and 1986, while steelhead mortality equaled the highest rate recorded for Little Goose since 1981 (Table 13). Mortalities totaled 11,355 chinook (1.4%), 6,963 steelhead (0.8%), and 40 sockeye (1.6%) (Table 13 and Appendix Table 5). The figure of 11,355 chinook mortalities includes 1,770 fish (0.2% of total chinook collection) that were sacrificed for bacterial kidney disease (BKD) research being conducted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Table 13. Percent system mortality at Little Goose Dam by year, 1981-1988.

Year	Chinook	Steelhead	Sockeye	Total
1981	1.3	0.8		1.0
1982	6.2	0.4		2.1
1983	2.7	0.4	***	1.1
1984	1.5	0.2	6.3	0.7
1985	1.0	0.2	2.7	0.7
1986	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.4
1987	1.8	0.5	0.6	1.1
1988	1.2	0.8	1.6	1.0

System mortality rates for chinook and steelhead increased substantially after the first week of June. This increase in mortality corresponded to decreasing collection, decreasing river flows, and increasing water temperatures.

Transport mortality that occurred during the first two hours of trucking was attributed to the collection facility. The truck transport mortality rate for the season at Little Goose in was estimated at 1.2% for chinook, 1.4% for steelhead, and 1.4% for chinook and steelhead combined. These figures were underestimates because only floating, accessible fish could be counted in the truck. An adequate estimate of transport mortality on barges could not be calculated for fish from Little Goose because they were generally loaded into holds containing fish from Lower Granite and it was impossible to distinguish between fish from the two facilities.

Total transport mortality involves the time period from loading at the facility to unloading below Bonneville Dam. Total trucking mortality was 1.8% for chinook, 2.2% for steelhead, and 2.1% for both chinook and steelhead combined. These figures are considered to be reasonably close to the actual values because mortalities were dipped from the truck periodically and the drivers made visual estimates when fish were unloaded.

# Adult Fish Bypass

The number of adult chinook crossing the separator in 1988 was similar to previous years but the number of adult steelhead was the lowest since 1984 (Table 14).

Table 14. Summary of adult chinook and steelhead removed from the juvenile fish separator at Little Goose Dam, 1984-1988.

Year	Chinook	Steelhead
1984	_	2,557
1985	<u>~</u>	3,298
1986	142	3,404
1987	170	3,243
1988	157	2,591

### FACILITY OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

## Debris/Trashracks

Low river flows and no spill at Lower Granite resulted in minimal amounts of debris at Little Goose. All trashracks were raked on March 9 and 10, prior to the early bypass period. Because of concern over high descaling rates, the trashracks for unit 1 were raked again on May 19. Minimal debris was observed.

Gatewells were checked daily for floating debris. Cleaning took place when debris approached 25% surface coverage of a gatewell. The need for cleaning was infrequent.

## Submersible Traveling Screens

The STSs for slots 1A to 4B were installed on March 14 and the remainder installed on March 15. They were operated in a cycling mode (approximately 4 minutes on and 20 minutes off) throughout the season. The STSs 1A through 5B

were pulled for the season on September 1 and the rest were pulled on September 6.

Only minor problems were encountered with the STSs. The STSs in 5C and 6C were removed from operation on March 16 because of electrical problems. They were repaired and reinstalled the next day. Video inspection of all screens took place on April 26 and 27 and again on June 7 and 8. No problems were observed. During the post-season inspection by FTOT on September 14 the STSs were found to be in good condition.

### Collection System

Orifices were cycled on Mondays and Thursdays throughout the transportation season. When an orifice light burned out it was usually replaced within one day. On two occasions, however, lights were out for two days. Water level in the hopper remained constant throughout the season with nearly all readings being 1.9 to 2.1 feet below the top of the hopper.

After the facility was dewatered and shut down on August 29, the usual maintenance work began on the 42/28-inch bypass pipe which carries fish from the hopper to the upwell. The pipe was inspected and the interior was found in better condition than in previous years. However, some settling of the lower end of the 28-inch pipe had occurred, possibly due to movement of material around it. Water which would normally drain out of the pipe was up to 9 inches deep, compared to an inch or so in previous years. The lower 40-foot section of the 28-inch pipe was uncovered so that it and the two associated joints could be inspected. Except for the settling, the pipe was judged to be sound and no further action was deemed necessary.

# Distribution/Sampling System

The six electronic fish counters worked well this year in contrast to the experience in 1987. This was largely due to technical assistance provided by the National Marine Fisheries Service in November 1987 and occasionally during the 1988 fish run. This assistance was much appreciated.

Efforts were made throughout the season to evenly distribute fish in the raceways to reduce stress and possibly reduce the chance of disease transmission.

Gulls were not a significant problem around the raceway area. Although several fish were seen taken from the raceways by gulls, after being chased away by workers the gulls seemed to learn that they were not wanted and soon restricted their feeding activities to the river. For this reason protective netting was not installed over the raceways as recommended in the 1987 FTOT Annual Report.

### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR 1989

# **Operations**

1. Sampled fish should be pre-anesthetized (see item 3 below).

### Facility Modifications

- 1. The distribution flume should be modified to reduce the number of fish holding in the area below the the counter tunnel exits. (This was implemented in August and September 1988.)
- 2. The distribution flume should also be modified to eliminate several abrupt edges which fish encounter. (This was implemented in August 1988.)
- Install a pre-anesthetizing system in the fish sampling tank.

### TRANSPORT/BYPASS OPERATIONS - MCNARY DAM, 1988

The 1988 collection was 9.6% less than the 1987 collection total although more fish were transported in 1988 than in 1987.

Low flow conditions similar to 1987 prevailed throughout the transport season and no spill occurred at McNary. Because of the low flow conditions no fish were bypassed except fish marked as control for the transport evaluation studies.

Although river flows were low, water temperature remained low through the spring and early summer which resulted in a decrease in facility related mortality. The Columbia River flows at McNary peaked at 240,800 cfs on May 14 with the lowest flow occurring on August 22, at 68,600 cfs.

### FACILITY MODIFICATIONS

All recommendations expressed in the 1988 FTOT Annual Report were accomplished. Among these was the extension of the fish loading pipes to the temporary raceways 8 and 9 to reduce fish impingement on the water elimination screens. A newly designed revolving tail screen was installed in the raceway to ease dislodging debris. This was done by simply rotating the screen rather than manually lifting it and shaking off the debris. A low water alarm was installed on the separator to warn of water loss.

Braided dacron line was strung across the tailrace at intervals in an attempt to discourage gulls from feeding on smolts. Monofilament line was strung across the lower end of the ice and trash sluiceway also. The hand winch used to operate the sample tank crowder was replaced with an electric winch. A chute to carry debris from the sample tank was installed. The water elimination area (Johnson bar screen) on the separator was reduced in size.

### COLLECTION OF JUVENILES

## Collection

Collection began on March 24 and ceased on September 21. A total of 11,143,535 juvenile salmonids was collected. This was 1,182,499 fish lower than the record number collected in 1987 (12,326,034). Yearling chinook peaked on May 11 compared with May 10-11 in 1987. Peak daily collection (Figure 14) occurred on June 25 (628,800) of which 99.8% was subyearling chinook. The June 25 peak was a record daily count and on June 21 an hourly record was set when 133,557 fish (expanded) was counted.

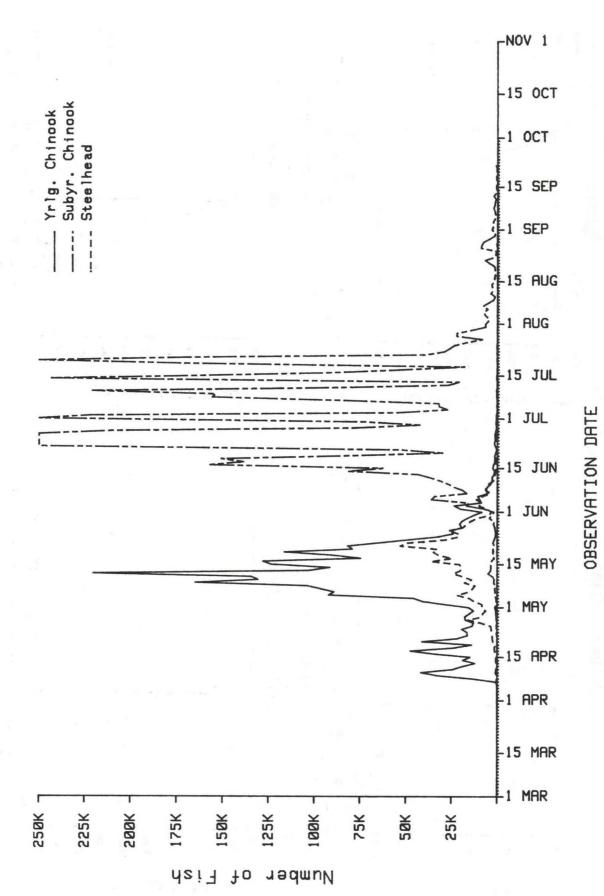
The number of each species collected declined when compared to 1987 counts. Sockeye showed the greatest decline (-59.1%) and wild steelhead followed with a decline of 35.9%. Yearling chinook and hatchery steelhead were lower than 1987 by 13.9% and 12.1% respectively. Coho declined 5.7% and subyearling chinook 2.1%. Subyearling chinook comprised the highest proportion of the season total collection (61.8%) compared to 57% in 1987 (Table 15).

The 10th and 90th percentiles of the outmigration are shown in Figure 15. The policy of providing maximum protection of the middle 80% of the run continued.

The annual collection, bypass, barge and truck total for 1981 through 1988 is shown in Table 16.

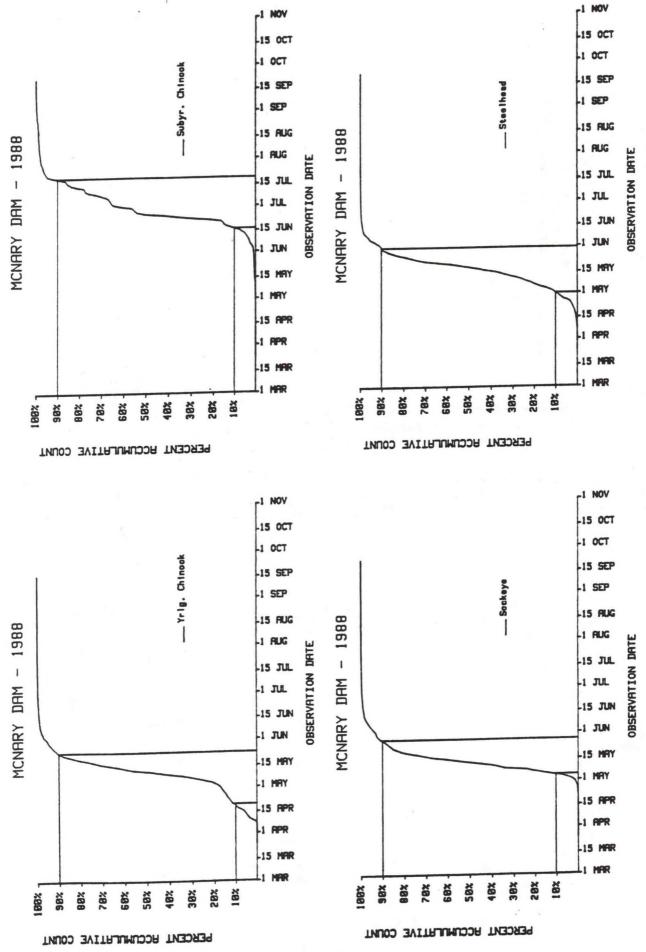
### Bypass

Flows at McNary exceeded the 220kcfs trigger for bypassing yearling chinook as specified in the FTOT Work Plan only 3 days, May 14, May 17, and June 3.



Daily counts of yearling chinook, subyearling chinook and steelhead collected at McNary Dam, 1988. Figure 14.

Time frame when 10% and 90% of yearling chinook, subyearling chinook, steelhead and sockeye were collected at McNary Dam, 1988. Figure 15.



All fish collected in 1988 were transported to avoid bypassing fish into a poor flow conditions. Marked control groups for transport evaluation (135,006) were released into the tailrace. The marked control groups comprised 1.2% of the total fish collected. Bypass continued until November 9 when all STSs were pulled and the flume was dewatered.

Table 15. Monthly Summary of Juvenile Collected, McNary Dam, 1988.

			Steelhead		nook a/	Chi		
Total	Sockeye	Coho	Wild	Hatchery	ubyearling	Yearling S	Month	
450	20	0	70	200	20	140	Mar	
614,790	5,580	2,970	33,470	49,830	5,440	517,500	April	
3,468,290	228,831	189,448	117,769	543,808	62,898	2,325,536	May	
4,401,866	16,467	20,614	10,844	65,691	4,167,001	121,249	June	
2,514,020	476	72	103	864	2,507,007	5,498	July	
119,260	260	20	0	220	117,560	1,200	August	
24,859	72	20	11	64	24,552		Septem	
11,143,535	251,706	213,144	162,267	660,677	6,884,478	2,971,263	TOTAL	
			,			Collection	% of C	
100.0	2.3	1.9	1.5	5.9	61.8	26.7		

a/Includes 23,525 accelerated sub-yearling spring chinook released from Leavenworth NFH

### Transportation

A record total of 10,820,592 juvenile salmonids were transported in 1988. This was 97.1% of the total collected (Table 16) compared to 78.3% transported in 1987. More fish were collected in 1987 (12,326,034) but, 2,345,147 were bypassed.

Barge transport began on April 12 and continued through July 27. A total of 9,140,843 juvenile salmonids were hauled by barge, 84.5% of the total transported (Table 16).

Table 16. Annual collection, transport and bypass at McNary Dam, 1981-1988.

Yearling tion 1,237,726 822,009 720,756	2,121,722 1,696,104	Hatchery	head <sup>a/</sup> Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Total
1,237,726 822,009 720,756		226				
822,009 720,756		326				
822,009 720,756		220	,419	106,220	367,725	4,202,506
720,756			,174	74,741	195,412	3,152,440
	4,389,357		3,267	86,608	262,803	5,797,791
						6,243,776
						11,457,358
						10,215,597
						12,326,034
			-	- The second sec		11,143,535
2,9/1,263	0,004,4/0	000,077	102,207	213,144	231,700	11,110,000
19.491	77,082	15	,223	1,415	5,156	118,367
		7	7,965	8,066	13,849	113,256
				84,127	224,494	1,341,763
					92,518	1,504,941
					629,499	3,107,164
			The second secon			3,306,666
			The second secon			2,345,147
74,996	60,010	0	0	0	0	135,006
206 176	2 021 025	77	7 100	12.851	31,198	2,439,559
	and the same and t					1,551,383
						2,074,388
The second secon						616,668
						402,624
						568,584
		print death agent areas				1,360,621
			the second second second second			1,679,749
1,010,910	318,666	163,655	38,347	03,070	04,101	1,0/3,/43
946.577	69.196	290	0,211	89,755	277,695	1,673,434
		330	0,684	62,751	154,880	1,491,140
				1,200	27,331	2,251,625
				38,633	95,085	4,091,964
			er en		392,281	7,916,550
						6,191,83
				The second of th		8,295,167
		and the second s				9,140,843
	1,261,187 2,952,613 2,486,407 3,450,113 2,971,263  19,491 8,726 707,790 967,693 2,051,196 2,184,582 1,734,041 74,996  286,476 61,552 4,997 28,599 188,849 64,309 686,168 1,010,910  946,577 719,640 5,713 263,973 713,274 225,459 1,003,251	1,261,187 4,098,004 2,952,613 6,562,483 2,486,407 6,135,379 3,450,113 7,029,401 2,971,263 6,884,478  19,491 77,082 74,650 707,790 49,527 967,693 159,401 2,051,196 126,321 2,184,582 167,549 1,734,041 96,371 74,996 60,010  286,476 2,031,925 61,552 1,454,799 4,997 2,044,524	1,261,187	1,261,187	1,261,187	1,261,187

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{a}$ / Steelhead were separated into hatchery and wild beginning in 1986.

Subyearling chinook comprised the majority of fish transported (61.9%) (Table 17). A combination of truck and barge was used during the peak of the spring season to avoid overloading the barges. Trucks were used every other day after barging operation ceased. Truck operations continued until September 21 and accounted for 1,679,749 fish being hauled which was 15.5% of the total transported.

Table 17. Monthly Summary of Juveniles transported, McNary Dam, 1988.

	Chino	ook	Stee	lhead			
Month	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Total
March	78	3 0	108	20	0	0	206
April	499,316	5,233	49,838	33,474	2,968	5,579	596,408
May	2,227,438	61,315	538,839	116,743	188,514	220,804	3,353,653
June	118,819	3,768,369	64,622	10,793	20,562	16,279	3,999,444
July	5,970	2,718,572	878	101	81	503	2,726,105
August	1,192	119,307	227	0	20	259	121,005
Septembe	r 140	23,468	62	11	20	70	23,771
TOTAL	2,852,953	6,696,264	654,574	161,142	212,165	243,494	10,820,592
% of Tra	nsport						
	26.4	61.9	6.0	1.5	2.0	2.3	100.0
% of Col	lection						
	96.0	97.3	99.1	99.3	99.5	96.7	97.1

## Sampling

A total of 767,284 fish were sampled in 1988 which was 5.9% of total collected. This compares with 830,000 or 6.7% sampled in 1987.

A split sample mode was incorporated by doubling the sampling frequency and reducing sample duration by one half. As a result, samples were taken six times per hour instead of the usual three. This gave a more representative sample of fish exiting the separator.

The holding criteria of 15,000 fish in the sample tank was exceeded eight days. Early processing of sampled fish during peak collection reduced fish density in the sample tank. No obvious stress-related problem due to

overcrowding occurred. When a sample rate change became necessary during a 24 hour sample period, fish were crowded beyond the counter tunnels and processed as soon as possible. Fish sampled at the new rate were held on the opposite side of the crowder screen. This procedure allowed full separation of the two respective samples collected within the 24 hour period.

### FISH CONDITION

# Descaling

The FTOT descaling criteria were revised in April 1988. Two categories, "sectional" and "9", were combined into a single new category called "descaled" (see Descaling p. 21). Comparison can be made with data from previous years by combining "sectional" and "9" categories to be equivalent to the "descaled" category in 1988. Annual descaling rates are compared in Table 18.

Table 18. Annual descaling rates (percent) at McNary, 1985-1988.

	Ch	inook	Steel			
	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye
1005	6.0	1.5	2.	2	8.5	8.8
1985 1986	7.0	3.2	4.	4	3.6	21.1
1987	5.5	1.1	4.6	4.0	4.4	10.9
1988	7.6	1.2	7.4	3.7	5.7	10.4

Monthly sample tank descaling rates show a relatively large increase compared to 1987 for yearling chinook (+2.1%), hatchery steelhead (+2.9%), and for coho (+1.9%). A slight decrease in descaling was evident for wild steelhead (-0.4%) and for sockeye (-0.5%) when compared with 1987 data. (Table 19).

Descaling, apparently caused by bird attacks upstream from McNary Dam, occurred in 1.68% of all steelhead sampled.

Table 19. Monthly sample tank descaling rates (percent), McNary Dam, 1988.

	Chin	ook	Steelhead				Weighted
Month	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Average
Mar	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Apr	3.3	0.0	3.4	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.3
May	9.4	0.0	6.9	3.3	5.9	10.5	8.4
Jun	13.8	1.8	13.2	6.0	3.8	9.2	5.0
Jul	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
Aug	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2
Sep	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8
Weighte	ed						
Average		1.2	7.4	3.7	5.7	7 10.4	4 5.3
Daily N	fax.						
	21.0	8.3	20.7	18.8	10.5	15.2	2
Daily M	ſin.						
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.3	2

## Physical Injury

Collection of small numbers of decapitated yearling chinook and steelhead was a frequent occurrence in the early spring. Eye injuries were occasionally observed on spring migrants. Torn opercula were observed on each species sampled. The incidence of steelhead with injuries from birds increased as the season progressed and reached a peak of 33.0% of the June 10 sample. Overall 7.3% of all steelhead sampled showed evidence of injury or descaling caused by birds. Evidence of injury caused by birds on other species declined with decreasing fish size. Smaller fish are more easily captured, and less likely to escape predation encounters.

Wounds caused by juvenile Pacific lamprey, parasitic copedods and leeches were found most often on subyearling chinook. External columnaris lesions were prevalent on subyearling chinook in late summer. Nearly 20.0% of all hatchery steelhead sampled this season showed signs of injury or were descaled. A summary of body/head injuries and total descaling rates are shown in table 20.

Table 20. Summary of body/head injury and descaling rates (percent) at McNary Dam, 1988.

	Chine	ook	Steelhead				Weighted
Condition	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Average
Body/Head Injuries	3.5	2.4	11.8	5.9	4.3	3.3	4.1
Descaled	7.6	1.2	7.4	3.7	5.7	10.4	5.3
TOTAL	11.1	3.7	19.2	9.6	9.9	13.7	9.4

# Mortality

Overall system mortality was lower in 1988 than in 1987 (Table 21). The greatest reduction occurred for subyearling chinook (-1.95%) and sockeye (-0.93%). Increases over 1987 levels occurred for yearling chinook (+0.64%), hatchery (+0.31%) and wild steelhead (+0.20%), and coho (+0.04%).

Table 21. 1988 McNary System Mortality Rates by month (percent).

	Chi	nook	Ste				
Month	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Average
March	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1
April	0.7	4.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.6
May	1.6	2.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	3.4	1.5
May a/	0.1	1.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	2.7	0.9
June	0.7	0.6	1.5	0.5	0.2	1.4	0.6
July	0.7	3.8	7.5	1.9	6.9	0.4	3.9
August	0.7	3.4	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	3.3
September		4.4	3.1	0.0	0.0	2.8	4.4
Weighted		1.0	0.8	0.4	0.5	3.2	1.7
Average Average	1.4 0.9	1.9	0.5	0.2		2.6	1.5

a/ Mortality calculated without the May 13 raceway kill.

An accidental fish kill occurred on May 13, when a raceway inflow valve was not opened after changing raceways. An estimated 15,385 yearling chinook, 435 subyearling chinook, 2151 hatchery steelhead, 415 wild steelhead, 574 coho, and 1553 sockeye were lost. System mortality, calculated without these fish, shows yearling chinook with the only increase in mortality (+0.12%) over 1987.

Cooler water combined with an early migration peak helped reduce system mortality for subyearling chinook. Initiation on July 8 of FTOT turbine loading criteria which shifted generation to the north end of the powerhouse contributed to lower overall mortality. Even though special powerhouse loading criteria were in effect, elevated mortality due to thermal stress began in the early afternoon of July 17. By the July 18 noon count, system mortality, primarily subyearlings, had risen from the July daily average of 1.2% to 8.3%. On July 19 system mortality increased to 14.3% or 36,776 mortalities for the day. Mortality dropped to 4.2% on July 20 and reached 1.9% by July 22. Mortality remained moderate to July 26 but gradually increased as system water continued to warm. Temperatures of 75°F were recorded for water exiting the upwell tank on July 24 and 25. A noticeable increase in mortality began at 1100 hours on July 26 and reached 33.8% by noon July 27. Visual observations of smolts in the gatewells of units 1 and 6, combined with information from gatewell and flume thermal profiles (Figures 16 and 17), showed that unit one was a hot spot. Unit 1 was operating continously to provide attraction flow for adult passage.

After coordination with the Fish Passage Center, Unit 1 shut down on July 27. Mortality dropped to 18.9% on July 28. Thermal profiling on July 28 verified that passage conditions were more favorable in both the gatewells and the flume (Figures 18 and 19.). Improved passage conditions were the result of both the discontinued operation of unit 1 and overall cooler system water. Mortality fluctuated from 8.2% to 15.9% for the following four days and finally declined.

The percentages of adult chinook, sockeye, and steelhead using the Oregon ladder for the 12 days before, 12 days during, and 12 days after the unit 1 outage are compared in Table 22. The comparison indicates that percentage usage of the Oregon ladder by adults of all three species during the outage of unit 1 increased above levels seen before and after.

Sample tank mortality in 1988 (Table 23) for all species combined was considerably below that recorded in 1987 and the lowest since 1984 (Table 24). The largest reduction (3.4%) in mortality was recorded for sockeye.

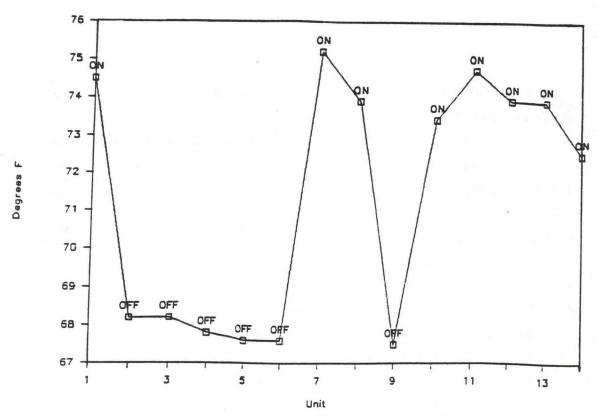


Figure 16. Temperature taken in the gatewells at 27 ft. depth on July 27, 1988 comparing units operating (on) and not operating (off) at McNary Dam.

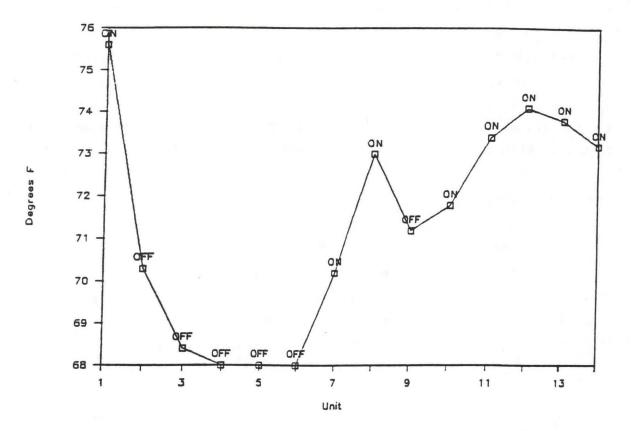


Figure 17. Temperatures taken in the collection flume on July 27, 1988 comparing units operating (on) and not operating (off) at McNary Dam.

Cooler water combined with an early migration peak helped reduce system mortality for subyearling chinook. Initiation on July 8 of FTOT turbine loading criteria which shifted generation to the north end of the powerhouse contributed to lower overall mortality. Even though special powerhouse loading criteria were in effect, elevated mortality due to thermal stress began in the early afternoon of July 17. By the July 18 noon count, system mortality, primarily subyearlings, had risen from the July daily average of 1.2% to 8.3%. On July 19 system mortality increased to 14.3% or 36,776 mortalities for the day. Mortality dropped to 4.2% on July 20 and reached 1.9% by July 22. Mortality remained moderate to July 26 but gradually increased as system water continued to warm. Temperatures of 75°F were recorded for water exiting the upwell tank on July 24 and 25. A noticeable increase in mortality began at 1100 hours on July 26 and reached 33.8% by noon July 27. Visual observations of smolts in the gatewells of units 1 and 6, combined with information from gatewell and flume thermal profiles (Figures 16 and 17), showed that unit one was a hot spot. Unit 1 was operating continously to provide attraction flow for adult passage.

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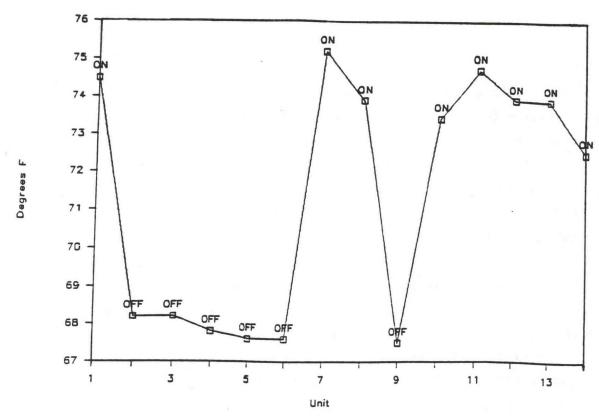


Figure 16. Temperature taken in the gatewells at 27 ft. depth on July 27, 1988 comparing units operating (on) and not operating (off) at McNary Dam.

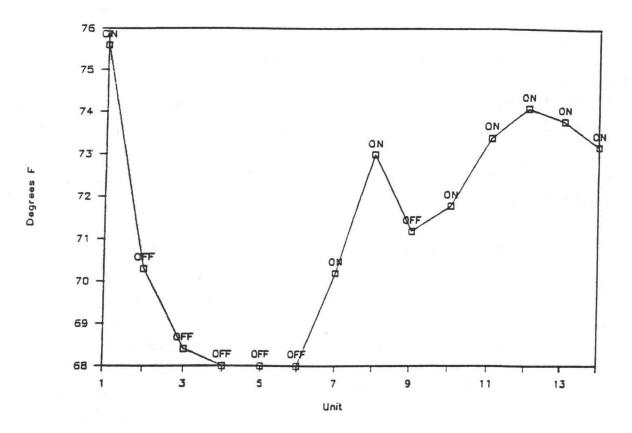


Figure 17. Temperatures taken in the collection flume on July 27, 1988 comparing units operating (on) and not operating (off) at McNary Dam.

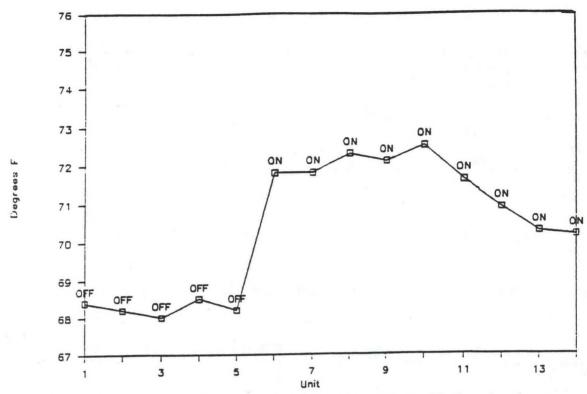


Figure 18. Temperature taken in the gatewells at 27 ft. depth on July 28, 1988 comparing units operating (on) and not operating (off) at McNary Dam.

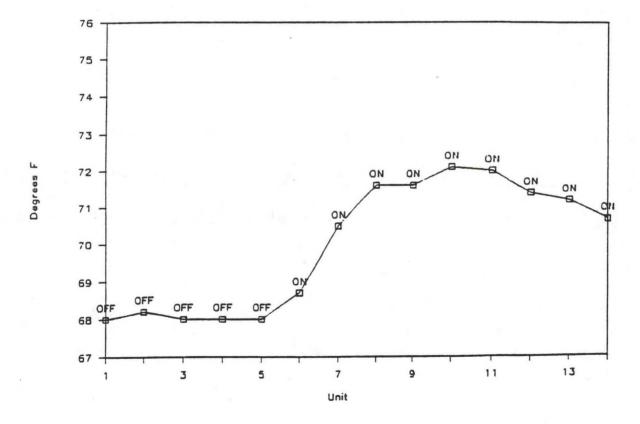


Figure 19. Temperature taken in the collection flume on July 28, 1988, comparing units operating (on) and not operation (off) at McNary Dam.

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Table 22. Percentage adult passage through the Oregon ladder 12 days before, 12 days during, and 12 days after unit 1 was taken out of operation.

Adult	Before Unit 1	During Unit 1	After Unit l	
Species	Outage	Outage	Outage	
Chinook	77	92	84	
Sockeye	89	91	84	
Steelhead	81	85	80	

Table 23. McNary Sample Tank Mortality Rates (percent), 1988..

	Chinook		Steelhead				Weighted
Month	Yearling	Subyearling	Hatchery	Wild	Coho	Sockeye	Average
March	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	.0.0	0.0	6.7
April	0.9	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.5	0.9
May	1.2	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	3.4	1.1
June	1.2	0.6	1.6	0.5	0.4	3.3	0.7
July	3.8	3.7	3.9	0.0	0.0	4.0	3.7
August	8.3	3.5	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5
September	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	3.8
Weighted							
Average	1.1	1.9	0.9	0.6	0.2	3.4	1.5

Table 24. Comparisons of Annual Sample Tank Mortality Rates (percent), 1982-1988.

	Chinook					Weighted
Year	Yearling	Subyearling	Steelhead	Coho	Sockeye	Average
1982	2.2	2.0	0.8	0.2	2.7	1.9
1983	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.0	1.7	0.0
1984	0.8	1.2	0.3	0.3	2.5	1.0
1985	1.3	3.4	0.5	0.2	3.4	2.6
1986	1.4	2.5	0.7	0.5	6.0	2.4
1987	1.4	3.5	0.5	0.5	6.8	2.8
1988	1.1	1.9	0.8	0.9	3.4	1.5

Subyearling chinook (1.63%), yearling chinook (0.30%), and coho (0.31%) also showed reduced sample tank mortalities. The only recorded increase in mortality was for hatchery (0.35%) and for wild steelhead (0.24%). The reduction in 1988 sample tank mortality from that of 1987 may be attributed to improved handling of sampled fish, reduced thermal mortality of subyearling chinook, fewer sockeye sampled, and cooler system water through the peak collection periods of all species sampled in 1988.

## Fish Size

Fork length data for all species was taken throughout the season. Yearling chinook ranged from 90mm to 270mm with a mean length of 159mm. Subyearling chinook ranged from 35mm to 180mm with a mean length of 104mm. Hatchery steelhead ranged from 130mm to 355mm with a mean length of 221mm. Wild steelhead ranged from 125mm to 345mm with an average length of 190mm. Coho ranged from 105mm to 260mm with an average length of 157mm. Sockeye ranged from 80mm to 325mm with an average length of 110mm.

Weight data was collected throughout the season for each species. Daily average weights for all species combined ranged from 6.2 fish/lb when yearling chinook and hatchery steelhead dominated the collection to 61.5 fish/lb when the collection was primarily early subyearling chinook (Table 25).

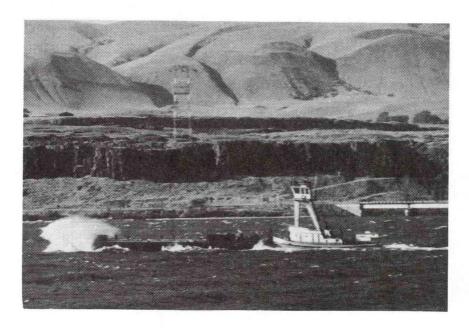


Table 25. Average Weights for all species combined, 1988.

Date	#Fish/lb.	Date	#Fish/lb.	Date	#Fish/lb.
April 7	7.1	June 1	20.4	August 2	23.8
April 9	7.4	June 3	27.2	August 3	24.4
April 12	7.6	June 6	36.6	August 4	24.4
April 14	8.6	June 8	30.7	August 5	23.3
April 17	8.3	June 10	36.8	August 7	23.8
April 18	9.6	June 12	42.0	August 8	23.8
April 19	10.3	June 15	55.3	August 9	22.5
April 21	6.9	June 17	61.5	August 10	19.2
April 22	8.3	June 20	48.4	August 11	19.2
April 24	6.2	June 21	53.2	August 15	18.3
April 25	7.8	June 22	56.4	August 17	16.7
April 26	8.5	June 23	56.9	August 18	15.9
April 27	8.3	June 25	59.6	August 20	14.8
April 29	8.4	June 27	59.6	August 22	14.7
April 30	8.4	June 28	53.7	August 24	13.3
May 1	10.6	June 29	49.7	August 25	14.1
May 2	12.8	July 1	53.0	August 27	14.5
May 4	16.3	July 4	37.8	August 29	14.7
May 6	18.3	July 5	43.3	August 30	14.7
May 8	19.5	July 8	42.8	August 31	15.4
May 11	26.9	July 10	41.9	September 1	16.1
May 12	20.3	July 11	44.8	September 3	14.3
May 14	26.3	July 13	41.3	September 4	14.8
May 16	21.0	July 14	37.3	September 5	14.3
May 17	21.6	July 15	37.3	September 6	16.1
May 18	19.2	July 18	39.1	September 8	15.6
May 19	20.5	July 19	35.6	September 9	15.6
May 20	14.4	July 21	38.3	September 12	15.9
May 23	13.2	July 22	36.4	September 13	16.0
May 24	13.3	July 25	34.9	September 14	
May 26	14.5	July 26	33.8	September 15	
May 27	15.5	July 27	30.2	September 17	
May 31	21.3	July 28	29.4	September 19	
•		July 29	29.1	September 20	
		July 31	29.9	September 21	13.7

#### OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

### Debris Trashracks

Trashrack cleaning was performed throughout March in conjunction with STS installation. The modified trash rake was adjusted to the proper cleaning angle in late March, enabling the remaining racks to be effectively raked. In response to deteriorating fish condition in mid-May, trash racks for units 4-14 were again raked from June 7 - 15. This action was delayed for approximately three weeks due to the temporary outage of the gantry crane winch assembly. In late August, drawdown criteria were exceeded which prompted additional trash rack cleaning. A decrease in fish condition during this time reinforced the decision to rake trash.

Gatewell drawdown measurements were taken weekly for most of the season. During July, drawdown monitoring was performed less frequently to avoid exacerbating the thermal mortality situation with fluctuating unit loads. Overall, debris load in 1988 was relatively low due to lower than normal river flows.

### Submersible Traveling Screens

The STSs in priority units 4 - 10 were in place and operating by March 9 while remaining STSs were installed and in operation by March 30.

Thirty-three of the STS mesh assemblies were replaced prior to installation.

All STSs were operated in a cycling mode until May 13 when they were placed in continuous run in response to poor fish condition. The screens remained in the continuous run mode until August 8, at which time the cycling mode was resumed due to fish length exceeding 112mm, as per FTOT criteria.

Sixty-two unit inspections (3 screens per unit) occurred from April 7 to September 20. The video inspection schedule developed for the 1987 season was adhered to in 1988. In April, inspection frequency ranged from one to four per week. From May through July, generally three units per week were inspected. Inspection frequency was reduced to two per week from August

through September. Each unit and its complement of screens received from three to five inspections during the collection season. Only one STS (6A) was pulled in response to a suspected malfunction. The STS was immediately placed back in service. Except for several broken fastener bars on STSs in slots 1A and 4A, no STS mesh damage was observed.

# Powerhouse Collection Channel

Pre-season repairs in the collection channel included replacement or reinforcement of approximately twelve stationary dissipation screens, tightening and siliconing of bolt heads and other minor caulking. It was found that stationary screens adjacent to cross weirs were prone to wear. All removable dissipation screens were cleaned of debris daily during the season.

Post-season inspection revealed continued electrolysis pitting on the removable aluminum screen frames. Localized areas of wear and rotted plywood were found in the collection channel. Several additional stationary dissipation screens were worn and need reinforcement. Numerous cross weirs within the channel also require replacement.

### Orifice Maintenance

Orifices were cycled daily throughout the season to relieve debris blockages. Only two partially obstructed orifices were noted. Early in the season, a number of knife gate valves became "sticky" and would not open or close smoothly. Orifice cycling was discontinued to prevent possible vibration damage to the orifice spools. It was determined that the penetrant in the lubrication oil was causing the valves to "chatter". The penetrant/oil mixture was subsequently replaced with a standard marine oil and the knife gate problem was resolved. As an added precautionary measure, all knife gate blades were degreased, cleaned and re-lubricated.

Sequential cycling of south orifices occurred during a two week period in early spring. This was stopped in an attempt to reduce the incidence of decapitated fingerlings.

Light transmission through the clear plastic orifice spools was greatly diminished by algal growth. A means of cleaning the spools will need to be devised.

#### Pinch Valve

The pneumatic pinch valve was regulated at a pressure of 11 psi for the duration of the collection season. In mid-July, it was discovered that the rubber liner was leaking. Operational changes were made to sustain the necessary pressure and provide adequate water to the separator until the end of the season. Replacement of the pinch valve liner was accomplished during winter maintenance.

### Separator

Minor water level fluctuations occurred on the separator throughout the season, mostly due to problems with the pinch valve. Major water losses occurred on several occasions. A steelhead smolt trapped in the attraction bar pump impeller greatly reduced the pumping efficiency and attraction water was lost to the separator on April 19. It was believed the fish entered the headbox from the barge flush line, and from the headbox, entered the water intake for the attraction bar pump. To prevent additional fish from entering the headbox a screened grating was placed over the flush line intake.

In May, an unusually high number of smolts, mostly steelhead, were found in the attraction water lines. It was subsequently determined that these fish were entering the attraction water manifold from the two flush lines to the raceway loading flume. These flush lines were immediately capped with perforated caps and the attraction water lines were purged to remove residual fish.

#### Raceways

The extension of the loading pipes to ponds 8 and 9 reduced impingement of fish on the water dissipation screens proved effective. Impingement of stressed and moribund fish still occurred but to a lesser extent than in previous years.

New headscreen flaps were fabricated and installed to prevent smolts from jumping over the headscreens and entering the headbox. A new standard operating procedure of measuring and recording outflow from loaded raceways was instigated in response to the fish kill on May 13 (see Mortality section).

# RECOMMENDATIONS

Numerous operational and facility modifications are recommended and planned for the 1989 season to ensure worker safety and the welfare of the juvenile fish and to improve facility operations.

#### Operational

- The possibility of leaving STS in service until January 1 each year for protection of adult fallbacks should investigated.
- Separation by size during holding and transport should be undertaken to minimize stress resulting from mixing larger and small fish in a confined environment.
- 3. Beginning June 15 and concluding August 31, temperatures should be recorded once daily at intake unit gatewells for water depth of approximately 27 foot on the upstream side of the vertical barrier screen for all 14 units. These temperatures should be averaged separately for operating and non-operating units. The average

temperature difference should be used to evaluate proposed deviations in unit operation from that stipulated in FTOT criteria.

# Facility

- New counters for the fish sorting crew should be installed to increase count accuracy, reduce sorter fatigue and simplify recording.
- A flush and bypass system should be installed in the truck loading flume to prevent fingerling stranding which frequently occurs during raceway sweeping and screen cleaning.
- 3. Extensions should be affixed to the base of the raceway flume exits to fill in the gap that is present between the headscreen and the flume. This would prevent jumping smolts from entering behind the headscreen and into the headbox, especially during raceway loading and mometary loading chute removal.
- 4. Storage decks need to be built out from the raceway tail area for tailscreens, weirboards, crowders, etc. A separate storage area would eliminate equipment clutter along the raceway tail deck and on the marking building roof.
- The installation of piano wire over the tailrace area should be implemented to discourage bird predation.
- 6. A means of shading the counter/sample tank area should be installed to eliminate the intensive heat experienced by facility personnel during mid-summer.

# LITERATURE CITED

- Wagner, P. 1987. Smolt Collection, Bypass, and Transportation at McNary Dam on the Columbia River, 1987. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Contract DACW68-82-C-007 Completion Report. Washington Department of Fisheries, Olympia.
- Koski, C.H., S.W. Pettit, J.B. Athearn, and A.L. Heindl. Fish Transportation Oversight Team Annual Report-FY 1987 Transport Operations on the Snake and Columbia Rivers. NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS F/NWR-22.

Appendix Tables

Appendix Table 1.-- Daily Collection Counts of Chinook, Wild and Hatchery Steelhead, and Sockeye, Facility Mortalities, and Daily River Flows and Spills During 1988, at Lower Granite Dam.

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	WILD STEELHEAD		747	0,0,0	13,810	21,365	23,880	92,119	1000	11,720	15,923	31,119	20.110	10 878	0000	000	6,586	10,435	21,132	11,113	7.439	922 0	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2,016	3,761	5,274	2,535	1.344	4 393	4 254	1000	1,572	1,793	2,445	4,318	2.028	1.281	72.0	000	100	0 (1	319	884	232	191	259	247	202	342	2449	0.00	745	202	001	148	276	273	
TO T	CHINDOK			23,354	52,122	64,096	41.996	75 553	0000	31,924	36,941	43.403	24 719	040	63,040	13,541	18,678	21,864	52.980	644 60	44 034	1000	11,007	15,362	15,201	12,562	5.034	7 789	20,00	10,104	2,802	5,501	6,652	10,527	9.253	2 400	270 6	2000	464,7	3,345	3,956	3,485	3,444	4,384	3,323	3,086	0.950	4,044	2000	7,706	מים מים	3,650	2,687	3,786	2,737	3,864	3,813	
Hppenglx	DATE		1	May 12	May 13	May 14	N T	7	uay to	May 17	May 18	Mail 19	00 mm	19 9 60	May Z1	May 22	May 23	Mau 24	Mau 25	70 = n	D C C	May 21	May ZB	May 29	May 30	Mau 31	Jun 1	Tue	7.11	י בחר	Jun 4	Jun 5	Jun 6	Jun 7	Tun.	0	100	01 100	Jun 11	Jun 12	Jun 13	Jun 14	Jun 15	Jun 16	Jun 17	Tun 48	Tun 40	100	200	12 unc	30n ee	Jun 23	Jun 24	Jun 25	Jun 26	Jun 27	Jun 28	

Appendix Table 1.-- Continued.

APPENDIX TABLE 2.-- 1988 TRUCK TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT LOWER GRANITE

	Accum. Total	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	3,573	3,573	7,097	7,097	13,736	13, (36	25, 61	27, 27	17, 736	13 776	17 736	13.736	47 736	13.736	13.736	13.736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	12, 130	13, 136	13.736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	13,736	48,339	48,339	48,339	48,339	48,339	46,55	PT 84	· mint	
	Sockeye	1.0	23	23	23	23	23	23	122	122	141	141	201	201	102	102	204	207	204	201	204	102	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	107	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	201	204	444	
#'s TRUCKED	Hatchery Steelhead	72	2 12	3 %	36	36	36	36	499	499	166	992	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,110	1,110	1,116	1.116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,116	1,110	414	1.116	1.116	1.116	1,116	25,442	25,442	25,442	25,442	25,442	25,442	25,442	766,62	
ACCUM.	Wild Steelhead	ţ	. 4	4 4	47	47	47	47	321	321	464	464	649	649	629	629	629	629	619	619	629	629	629	679	6/9	679	629	629	629	629	649	629	629	200	667	619	629	629	629	1.717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	1,717	
	de d		22	23 23	25	22	22	22	2.631	2.631	5.726	5.726	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,748	11.740	11.740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	11,740	44 240	11,740	20 929	20.979	20.979	20,979	20,979	20,979	20,979	50,979	
	N. 17. T. 40.	Daily lotal	128	0	o °	⇒ c	9 0	· e	7.445	2	3.524		6.639	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	œ °	<b>&gt;</b> c	<b>3</b> °	→ c			0	0	0	0	•	o *	9 6	<b>5</b>	207 02	200,42					0	0	
		Sockeye	23	0	æ °	9 (	s	9 6	9 00	6	9 0	17	9	9 =	. 0	8	0	0	•	0	0	9	0	0	0	6	0	<b>a</b>		9 9	2	, e		0	•	0	9	0	o *		<b>9</b> °	<b>-</b>		P 6	,	•	0	
WINDLESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	DAILT F'S INUCRED	Hatchery Steelhead	36	0	0	0	0	<b>.</b>	9 7	463		797	250	000		· •			. •		, =	• •	. 0			0	0	0	-	0 9	⇒ ∈	<b>∍</b>	· e		0	•	0	•	0	•	24,326	0 (	<b>&gt;</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> 6	> ~	<b>,</b> 0	, 0	
	5	Wild Steelhead	47	. 3	0	0	0		0	274	0	143	0 !	215	9 9	9 6	9 9	9 6	9 6	P 6	5	9 6	5 6	0	, •		0	0	0	0		<b>5</b>	9 6		• 0		0	0	0	0	1,038	0	0	•	, e	•	, @	,
		Chinook	22	0	0	, 0	0	0	0	5,609	0	3,095	0	6,014	0	<b>&gt;</b> ,	o °	9 6	<b>9</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> c	9 9	9 6	ə °	> ∈	9 6	P =	, 0	0	0	0	0	0		ə °	9 6	, =		. 0	0	0	9,239	0	0	0	0 '	<b>&gt;</b> c	, e	•
			2 / 00	2 /66	30/3	31/ 3	1/4	2/ 4	3/ 4	4/4	5/ 4	4 /9	7/ 4	8/4	4/4	10/4	11/4	12/ 4	13/ 4	14/4	15/ 4	16/ 4	17/ 4	18/ 4	20/4	24 / A	22/ 4	23/ 4	24/4	25/ 4	26/ 4	777 4	28/ 4	4 /67	1 /00	0 /0	2 2	2 /4	5/5	2 /9	7/5	8/ 5	5 /6	10/ 5	11/5	12/ 5	13/5	14/ D

APPENDIX TABLE 2. -- Continued

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DAILY #'s TRUCKED

Accum. Total	211,593	218,281	218,281	222,267	222,267	225,334	225.334	229,573	229,573	233,560	233,568	275, 075	20000	235,075	236,111	236,101	237,430	237,430	238,629	238,629	239,729	239,729	240 488	246 400	004,040	540,67	
Sockeye	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	222	777	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	227	200	117	7.7.7	
Hatchery Steelhead	131,932	136.850	136.850	138.988	178 988	140.670	140 620	140,010	147,468	145,482	445 402	301,011	145,849	145,849	146,297	146,297	146.934	146.934	147,684	147,684	148.355	148 155	000000	148,652	148,652	148,807	
Wild Steelhead	6.083	6.155	6.155	4 1 44	7 444	707 7	04760	6,176	0,236	0,030	0,270	0/2/0	6,281	6,281	6.281	6.281	6.281	6.281	6.281	6.281	6.292	7 200	0,474	6,337	6,337	6,337	
Chinook	77 301	2000 72	200 45	37,070	10,000	00,000	18,191	78,191	19,590	045'41	81,611	81,611	85,668	85,668	83,246	97 246	079 20	020,100	03,730	100,100	94 905	200,40	84,885	85,222	85,222	85,308	
Daily Total	6	900	2000	200	3,786	3 1	3,067	0	4,239	0 !!	3,987	0	1,515	•	700 1		00%	1,367	007 7	1,177	007 7	1,100	0	759	0	241	
Sockeye	c	s •	<b>&gt;</b> •	<b>&gt;</b> '	<b>3</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		9 6	> 0	» °	<b>&gt;</b> ,	<b>5</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> (	<b>&gt;</b> *	-	•	0	-	, 0	
Hatchery Steelhead	,		4,918	•	2,138	0	1,682	0	2,798	0	1,934	0	447	•	- ;	844	0	637	<b>o</b>	750	0	671	0	207		455	2
Hatcher																											
Wild Steelhead		0	72	0	6	0	32	•	42	•	32			1	0	0	0		0	0	•	11		a u	Cr ·	9 9	•
Chinook		0	1,698	•	1.839		157	900	1 399		2.021	1	0	1,057	0	578	0	692	0	449	0	418		- :	417	0 ;	98
		3/7	4/7	2/3	6/7	6 11.	6 / 0	600	40/2	14/7	42/ 2	15/ 1	13/ /	14/7	15/7	16/7	17/7	18/ 7	19/7	20/7	7 /12	23/7	1	23/ /	24/7	2 /57	26/ 7

APPENDIX TABLE 3.-- 1988 BARGE TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT LOWER GRANITE

	Accum. Total	20,887	28,02	20,887	20,02	205'06	184.694	184.691	376.585	376,585	771.286	956.117	1.193.299	1.354.023	1,496,682	1.602.970	1,698,110	1,818,887	1,918,999	2,036,005	2,128,922	2,280,388	2,265,060	2,367,787	2,505,400	7 045 724	2,003,321	3,532,280	3.726.120	3.917.076	3,998,299	4,146,557	4,340,544	4,614,588	4,821,095	4,967,270	5,894,470	5,298,961	5,548,22	5,658,383	5,733,217	5,792,429	5,891,721	6,189,169	6,406,776	6.590.165	
	Sockeye	33	S :	33	376	152	344	264	792	305	582	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	546	040	240	246	546	777	868	1,042	1,042	1,042	1,042	1,042	1,042	1,245	1,245	1,245	1,319	1,376	1,376	1,376	1,376	1,376	
ACCUM. #'s BARGED	Matchery Steelhead	1,096	1,096	1,096	1,076	2,678	6,742	4,317	4,51	0 204	75 530	35,560	445 074	454 609	197 761	22.0 186	277.886	328.661	375,787	413,344	446,882	481,209	513,584	562,941	648,138	798,446	1,028,575	1,413,834	1,340,733	4 407 754	1,655,534	1.737.860	1,846,550	2,054,999	2,203,948	2,300,658	2,375,120	2,505,015	2,669,551	2,777,031	2,830,417	2,864,358	2,931,368	3,154,795	3,338,787	2,445,565	037,504,6
ACCUM.	Wild Steelhead	1,019	1,019	1,019	1,019	4,662	4,002	8,655	200,00	21,025	670,12	61,439	84,384	101,721	127, 1201	454 958	162.573	177,083	185.105	192,147	199,603	204,611	210,449	219,709	228,951	244,171	253,987	262,157	220 025	201, 443	260,412	705,877	327,201	351,080	373,199	390,919	406,842	437,958	458,066	477,941	485,736	492,317	502,752	523,883	534,991	542,425	207,040
	Chinook	18,739	18,739	18,739	18,739	82,940	82,940	171,477	171,477	346,874	546,874	673,773	802,889	744,894	1,077,380	1,100,631	1,617,680	1 112 507	1 757 561	1.429.968	1,481,891	1,513,992	1,540,481	1,584,591	1,627,765	1,696,153	1,782,413	1,851,189	1,914,882	1,978,859	2,866,573	2 484 848	2.165.751	2,287,467	2,242,906	2,274,651	2,311,466	2,354,743	2,379,360	2,482,166	2,415,745	2,434,378	2,456,225	2,589,115	2,531,622	2,547,508	2,557,568
	Daily Total	20,887	8		0	69,616		94,188		191,894		394,701	184,821	237,192	160,724	146,057	100,200	DATICE VC+	408 442	117,006	92.917	71.436	64,782	102,727	137,613	233,916	326,005	262,405	204,554	193,840	190,956	440 250	193.987	274.044	206,507	146,175	127,200	204,491	209,261	150,161	74,834	59,212	99,292	297,448	217,607	127,896	55,493
	Sockeye	33	0	0	0	198	0	13	0	131	0	151	<b>©</b>	o '	→ (	<b>-</b>	<b>&gt;</b> •	es •	9 6	<b>-</b>				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	191	101	-	0		0	0	203	0	0	74	22	0	0	0	0	8
Y *'s BARGED	Hatchery Steelhead	1,096	0	0	0	1,574	0	1,647	•	3,974	•	27,237	32,755	47,551	38,774	39,153	38,325	45,800	50,75	77 557	11 538	767 47	32,375	49.357	85,197	150,308	229,929	185,459	134,901	128,945	125,674	52,180	400 400	208 449	148.949	96.710	74.462	129.895	164.536	107.480	53.386	33.941	67,010	223,427	183,992	104,576	40,863
DAILY	Wild Steelhead	1.019		0	0	3,643	0	3,971	•	12,392		40,414	22,950	23,538	13,354	14,863	14,906	11,523	14,510	8,022	24011	2 990	5,838	9.268	9.242	15,220	9,816	8,170	2,968	8,918	9,377	5,616	13,809	27 070	22 449	17,728	15, 927	31.116	20,108	19.875	20.7	4.581	10,435	24.131	11,108	7,434	2,778
	Chinook	18 739	0 101		0	64,201	0	88,537	•	175,397	•	326,899	129,116	166,103	108,596	88,643	53,057	37,817	55,492	44,964	74,407	51,763	34,101	AA 110	43.174	68.388	86,260	68,776	63,693	55,977	55,714	23,266	51,979	65,755	75 479	34 7AE	27, 045	47 277	24 447	22 984	42 579	12,01	21.847	52 898	22,507	15,886	11,852
	1	44.4	42/4	13/ 4	14/ 4	15/ 4	16/ 4	17/ 4	18/ 4	19/ 4	20/ 4	21/ 4	22/ 4	23/ 4	24/4	72/ 4	26/ 4	4 /17	28/ 4	29/ 4	30/ 4	2 / 2	2/2	2 4	n or	s /9	5 /2	8/ 2	9/8	10/5	11/5	12/5	13/ 5	14/5			2 / 2		20 / 12	2 / 10	227 5	5 /27	24/5	2 / 3/		2/12	

ACCUM. #'s BARGED

# DAILY #'s BARGED

Accum. Total	6,663,573	4 715 740	2000	6,774,945	6.810.586	1010	6,832,571	6,832,571	6.975,034	4 975 ATA	201210	7,026,985	7,026,985	7.141.724	7 44 7 10	7,141,64	7,216,883	7,216,883	2 242 484	1,676,1607	7,242,114	7.264.131	101	
Sockeye	1.376	762 1	2720	1,376	4 442	77167	1,434	1,434	1.535	4 575	1,333	1,610	1,610	1,610	2011	1,610	1,610	1.610	1 740	1,610	1,610	4 440	71017	
Hatchery Steelhead	3.536.810	700 000	2,3/0,630	3,611,459	7 770 590	3,637,360	3,656,387	3,656,387	0 40 C7C Z	20,000	3,767,040	3,803,459	3.803.459	7 094 775	2,011,133	3,891,735	3.953.725	7,953,725	2000	3,971,687	3,971,687	7 000 557	3,783,333	
Wild Steelhead	CEN 745	24 (200	554,476	559.750	100 071	262,283	563.627	263.627	100000	5/1,/66	571,768	575, 133	575 133	200 100	561,875	581.895	595 200	202 200	303,500	586,229	586.229	100	586,994	
Chinook	067 763 6	2,014,012	2,589,832	2 402 340	6,006,000	2,607,363	2 644 127	2 644 427	6,011,160	2,634,691	2.634.691	2 646 787	201,010,2	20101017	2,666,484	2.666.484	072 767 6	2,010,010	6,010,240	2.682.578	2 682 528	E,002,010	2,689,974	
Daily Total	244	73,408	52.167	200	27,760	35.641	24 095	61,100		142,463	0	E4 9E4	Ter, Ic	>	114.739		2 1 1 1	(5,15)	9	25, 221		•	22,027	
Sockeye		0	•	•	9	36	3 6	77	•	101	•	> L	e ·	•	•		> .	9	•	c	9 6	9	0	
Hatchery Steelhead		52,584	770 24	33,240	41,403	070 00	50,00	16,859	0	110.653			36,419	0	766 00	90,219	>	61,990	6	0.00	11,764	9	13.866	200/21
Wild Steelhead		5 512	1000	3,761	5.274	1	2,533	1,344	•	0 141	01446		3,365	•		6,762	•	3,305	•		1,029	0	376	00
Chinonk		15 713	12,316	15,160	49 590	76,360	5,003	3.760		074 60	63,355	0	12.092	-	•	19,701	0	9.864		-	6,230		9	7,396
		1	5 /67	30/5	247	21/ 2	1/6	5/ 6	7 / 2	6	4/ 6	2/ 6	4/4	7/6	0	9 /8	9 /6	4 1 4		11/6	12/ 6	1 161	13/ 0	14/6

APPENDIX TABLE 4. -- 1988 BYPASS REPORT AT LOWER GRANITE

DAILY #'S BYPASSED

Chinook Wild Steelhead Hatchery Steelhead

Sockeye

Daily Total

Sockeye

Accum. Total

ACCUM. #'S BYPASSED

Wild Steelhead Hatchery Steelhead Chinook

No Juvenile Fish Bypassed

	PERCENT	000	00.0	9 9	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	0.00	0 0 0	00 0	00 0	00.0	00.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.00	00.0	00.0	00.0	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.00	00.00	000	00.0	00.0		
Mortalities,	SPILL TOTAL	•	<b>&gt;</b> 2	<b>5</b> '	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0		o =	0 0	o	<b>-</b>	. =	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0 '	0 ;	<b>&gt;</b> °		o =	0	. 0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	<b>o</b> (	<b>5</b>	0 0	<b>&gt;</b>	· =	>	
iye, Facility	RIVER FLOW IN CFS		<b>~</b> :	9	0	0	0	0	-		, =	-	, –	_	. –					m		M .	0 0	U O	61.200	JW	10	1	A	44	4	0	AD (	3D (	- 0	6 4	u.	,	1.1	-	_	•	40		~	-	_	-	-	
and Socke m.	TION LITY PERCENT		0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0 0 0	00.0	000	9 9 9	000	000	000	0.0		0.00		1.91	. 55	3.57	3.52	3.50	1.63	1.07	1.30	200	7.4	1.20	. 49	.41	. 56	49	.54	. 23	120		, G	44	38	5.6	88	.52	1.37	98.	. 68	1.01	99.	. 47	
eelhead, Goose Dar	COLLECT) MORTAL NUMBER		9	0	0	0	. =	• =	o =	0 0	<b>5</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> c	> 9	> 5	> 9	<b>o</b> (	<b>o</b> (	N	12	4	56	56	30	N i	36	4 1	40	0 1	4 4 4	127	134	215	155	193	265	341	417	250	420	110		280	407	1,230	616	472	526	282	181	
atchery St at Little	DAILY TOTAL		0	0	. =	· c	o C	P C	> <	<b>&gt;</b> (	D '	<b>&gt;</b> (	>	<b>&gt;</b> (	> [	1.1	172	455	628	727	729	738	857	1,775	3,300	2,976	2,000	22,022	12,072	26,010	32,673	38,652	31,853	35,673	44,575	46,710	30,055	32,753	45,041	24 407	77 070	31,780	78 473	89.731	71,413	69,707	52,140	42,515	36,803	
, Wild and H uring 1988,	SOCKEYE		0	_	s =	P 6	> 5	> 0	<b>&gt;</b> '	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	00	00	16	23	09	0	63	S	<b>9</b>	, 10		0 0	. 0	74	275	0	0	0	<b>&gt;</b> (	<b>~</b>	<b>-</b>	200	720	3	· c	499	N		148	
of Chinook ind Spills D	HATCHERY STEELHEAD		_	· c	9 9	> 0	<b>&gt;</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> ,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	80	250	176	280	376	283	251	518	516	329	393	200	1,772	836	7 720	3,320	2.886	2.866	5,498	7,102	4,692	1,541	6,923	7,772	8,021	8,669	8,760	22, 155	36,400	20,207	74 957	33,710	28,009	
ection Counts River Flows a	WILD STEELHEAD		-	> 0	o '	9 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	17	40	12	22	ō	86	200	105	303	322	393	433	1,160	1,769	2,458	3,550	4,821	7,000	6.413	4,623	3,995	1,971	3,789	3,212	3,062	3,481	2,430	5,667	5,050	4,081	2,000	432	1,699	
- Daily Collectand Daily Ri	SUB-YEARLING CHINOOK																																																0	
Table 5	YEARLING CHINOOK			0	0	0	0	0	0	, =	P C	o =	0 0	, c	0 0	1	3 25	ח ו	165	417	370	254	361	400	1,167	20000	2,150	7.864	9.695	9,413	23,300	25,803	31,229	23,592	29,280	74,587	24,703	20,200	75.129	27.877	20.020	21,828	20,238	45,415	52,215	31,043	36,136	14,713	8,373	
				56	22	28	0	70	2 4 0	1 1	٦ (	<b>4</b> P	n «	<b>1</b> U	ח ק	ا م		00	0	10	11	12	13	4 1	15	0 1	4 4	0 0	100	212	22	23	24	25	56	27	ממ	147	7	- 0	1 14	4	ın	9	2	00	6	10	14 11	1
Appendix	DATE			Mar	L			Z C	N C	Ter	Apr.	Apr	HPL	Apr	Ld d	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	HOY V	100	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	Apr	I I	S T N	N N	Mau	N W	Man	Mar	May	Mai	Mar	May W	4

Appendix Table 5.-- Continued.

2,714 20,840 0 44,073 239 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174	YEARLIN	C3	SUB-YEARLING	WILD	oc !	SOCKEYE	DAILY	COLLECT	NOIL	- L	SPILL	0
2,714 2,529 2,529 2,540	CHINOOK CHINOOK	CHIND	X	STEELHEAD			TOTAL	DR T	LITY PERC	IN CFS	TOTAL	PERCEN
23, 150	9.519		0		0	0	43,073	171	.40	0.0	0	0
2   599   28   402   234   234   454   234   454	747		0	•	M	0	46,137	238	.52	9	0	3
2, 999 28, 402 0 39, 543 75 5.69 28, 402 0 40, 544 402 0 40, 544 402 0 40, 544 402 0 53, 544 402 0 53, 544 506 23, 544 506 23, 564 506 50, 564 506 50, 564 50,	11.346		0	433	œ	0	30,484	234	.77	90	0	0 1
3,660 23,120 0 33,644 375 95 67,100 0 67,949 28,004 0 45,949 306 23,120 0 45,949 28,004 0 45,949 364 375 95 67,000 0 50,246 375 95 67,000 0 50,246 375 95 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 375 97 67,000 0 50,246 37,000 0 50,246	14,224		0		m	0	45,225	264	88.	20	<b>o</b> :	2 0
4,377 23,740	12,654		0		m	0	39,634	375	36.	100	<b>&gt;</b> c	2 0
7,766 220 004 0 00,659 234 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15,827		0		m	0	43,944	306	2.	200	> 5	2 0
3,756         24,736         34,900         223         .96         96,400	13,696		0		00	0	46,689	455	0	2 5	<b>&gt;</b> c	2 5
2,898         19,971         00,226         245         17,400         00,226         17,400         00,026         17,400         00,026         17,400         00,026         12,400         00,026         12,600         12,400         00,026         12,600	6,308		0		4	0	34,800	230	99.	9	> 9	200
2,818 19,040 0 28,924 46  81  57,400 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4,182		0		0	0	28,051	223	62.	40	<b>)</b>	9 0
1,448 11,441 0 128,998 176 .61 64,000 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	7.368		0		0	0	30,216	246	. 81	40	<b>D</b> (	2 6
3,352         16,200         138,026         138         .77         77,100         0           2,026         11,441         0         25,964         129         .91         .92         .93         .91         .93         .91         .93         .91         .93         .91         .93	7.492		0		00	0	28,898	176	. 61	3	0	9
2,1552 16,200 0 26,936 129 136 187,700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5.167		0		4	0	18,026	138	.77	10	0	0
2,728         11,876         19,169         156         .81         81,300         0           4,144         0         11,602         152         1.34         84,300         0         0           1,970         15,414         0         22,664         116         6         65,900         0         0           1,393         15,717         0         22,644         116         .65         59,00         0	4.384		0		0	0	25,936	129	. 50	2	0	0
1,776         7,144         0         13,910         189         1.36         84,300         0 <td>חיים</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>0</td> <td>19,169</td> <td>156</td> <td>. 81</td> <td>30</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	חיים		, ,		4	0	19,169	156	. 81	30	0	0
2,041 6,144 0 11,602 152 1.31 75,900 0 0.0 1,333 11,717 0 22,687 176 .66 53,900 0 0.0 1,2373 11,717 0 22,687 176 .66 53,900 0 0.0 1,2373 11,717 0 22,687 115 .52 59,400 0 0.0 2,265 1,734 107 .62 59,900 0 0.0 2,265 1,734 107 .62 59,900 0 0.0 2,265 1,734 107 .62 59,900 0 0.0 2,267 1,035 12,134 107 .62 59,900 0 0.0 2,627 0 1,0125 11,106 127 1.15 67,500 0 0.0 2,627 0 10,125 11,106 127 1.01 68,700 0 0.0 2,627 0 11,688 141 1.19 70,700 0 0.0 2,627 0 11,888 141 1.19 70,700 0 0.0 2,627 0 1,625 11,106 2.0 2,709 0 2,709 0 0 2,900 2.0 3,708 106 2.2 2,709 0 2,823 11,7 1.01 68,700 0 0.0 1,448 0 2,829 0 2,82 11,938 2.13 44,700 0 0.0 1,448 0 2,829 1 1,938 2.13 7.47 44,700 0 0.0 1,29 2,293 10 2,633 11,7 40,900 0 0.0 1,29 2,293 10 2,633 137 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 1,29 2,294 0 2,83 188 10.94 42,200 0 0.0 1,29 2,930 0 3,481 169 4.90 49,700 0 0.0 1,29 2,930 0 3,481 169 4.90 49,700 0 0.0 1,29 2,227 20 3,983 264 6.38 38,310 0 0.0 1,436 1,436 0 2,631 27 2.49 35,100 0 0.0 1,436 1,436 0 2,631 2.64 5.88 35,100 0 0.0 1,436 1,436 0 2,631 2.64 5.88 35,100 0 0.0 1,436 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,437 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,433 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,433 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,433 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,433 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,431 1,436 0 2,631 2.2 2,433 1,29 2,477 4,470 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.2 2,433 2,54 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,64 1,436 0 0.0 2,631 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436 1,436 1,436 1,436 0 0.0 2,632 1,436	7,500		, =		1	0	13,910	189		30	0	0
2,070 16,614 0 26,587 176 .66 63,900 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7,77		· c		6.144	0	11,602	152	1.31	90	0	0
1,393         11,717         0         22,064         115         .52         59,400         0 <td>7,017</td> <td></td> <td>o =</td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>0</td> <td>26,587</td> <td>176</td> <td>. 66</td> <td>90</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	7,017		o =		9	0	26,587	176	. 66	90	0	0
1,145         5,145         0         12,134         94         .77         73,300         0	0000		) c		4	0	22,064	115	. 52	40	0	0
4,309         12,279         0         17,304         107         .62         58,900         0 <td>4 575</td> <td></td> <td>o =</td> <td></td> <td>S</td> <td>0</td> <td>12,134</td> <td>94</td> <td>.77</td> <td>80</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	4 575		o =		S	0	12,134	94	.77	80	0	0
296         6,551         10,175         100         98         58,500         0         0           250         7,544         47         11,106         127         1.15         66,300         0	20,00		· c		0	0	17.304	107	. 62	90	0	0
515         5,519         0         7,325         129         1.76         66,300         0	2,710		o =		0	. 0	10,175	100	86.	50	0	0
250 7,948 0 9,407 176 1.87 67,500 0 0.0 455 6,627 0 9,301 11.10 73,500 0 0.0 467 7,529 0 11,633 117 1.10 70,300 0 0.0 819 4,003 0 11,633 117 1.01 68,700 0 0.0 82,290 0 11,633 117 1.01 68,700 0 0.0 84 1,035 0 2,719 106 2.16 43,700 0 0.0 84 1,390 17 2,848 0 2,194 44,700 0 0.0 81 2,384 0 2,633 12.3 44,700 0 0.0 81 2,529 18 3,643 12.3 44,700 0 0.0 81 2,529 18 3,643 12.3 44,700 0 0.0 82,623 137 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 83,02 2,453 0 3,926 360 9.17 49,84 41,200 0 0.0 83,22 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,900 0 0.0 84 3,227 2.0 3,983 2.6 360 9.17 40,900 0 0.0 85 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,194 0 2,611 277 2,88 35,900 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,020 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,320 2,030 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81 2,000 0 0.0 81	4 204		0 0	515	5.519	0	7,325	129	1.76	30	0	0
415         7,416         47         11,006         127         1.15         67,500         0         0.0           462         6,027         0         11,888         141         1.10         70,300         0<	1 200		, =	250	7,948	0	9,407	176	1.87	40	0	0
502         5,627         0         9,301         93         1.00         73,300         0	3,128		0	415	7,416	47	11,006	127	1.15	20	0	0
453         6,027         0         10,125         111         1.10         70,300         0	3.172		0	505	5,627	0	9,301	83	1.00	30	0	0.
674 7,676 0 11,888 141 1.19 70,700 0 0.0819 4,003 0 1,529 0 1,533 137 1.01 65.15 56,200 0 0.0819 4,003 0 2,719 140 5.15 56,200 0 0.0819 4,003 0 2,719 140 5.15 56,200 0 0.0819 1,520 0 2,800 231 8.55 48,800 0 0.0818 1,520 0 2,883 239 12.33 49,000 0 0.0818 1,539 1,539 1,533 49,000 0 0.0818 1,539	3.645		0	453	6,027	0	10,125	111	1.10	30	0	<b>5</b>
469 7,529 0 11,633 117 1.01 68,700 0 0.0  819 4,003 0 6,303 137 2.09 45,300 0 0.0  82 2,290 0 2,719 140 5.15 56,200 0 0.0  81 1,520 0 2,719 140 5.15 56,200 0 0.0  81 1,548 0 2,924 173 8.25 48,800 0 0.0  81 2,329 23 3,108 248 7.94 44,700 0 0.0  81 2,559 23 3,108 248 7.94 44,200 0 0.0  82 2,529 18 3,548 10.94 42,200 0 0.0  82 2,530 2,545 0 3,926 360 9.17 40,900 0 0.0  82 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0  83 2,320 2,393 254 161 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0  84 3,227 2,983 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0  81 2,320 1,343 254 6.38 32,100 0 0.0  81 2,320 1,343 254 255 0 0 2,043 255 0 0 0.0  81 2,320 1,181 153 12.24 36,500 0 0.0  81 2,320 1,181 153 12.24 26,700 0 0.0	3,538		0	674	7,676	0	11,888	141	1.19	7.0	0 (	2 0
819 4,003 0 6,303 132 2.07 45,300 0.05 5.45 15 5.6200 0 0.05 5.4 1,520 0 2,800 231 8.25 56,200 0 0.05 1,390 10 2,929 10 2,929 173 1.23 49,000 0 0.05 1.2 1.34 0 2,853 2.13 7.47 44,700 0 0.05 1.2 1.2 2,229 18 3,643 13.7 3.74 44,700 0 0.05 1.2 2,229 18 3,926 3.00 4.90 49,700 0 0.05 1.2 2,390 2,923 0 3,926 3.00 4.95 39,100 0 0.05 1.2 2,390 2,923 0 3,926 3.00 4.95 39,100 0 0.05 1.3 2,229 18 3,926 3.00 4.95 39,100 0 0.05 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	3,635		0	469	7,529	0	11,633	117	1.01	21	<b>&gt;</b> °	2 9
86 1,035 0 2,719 140 5.15 50,200 0 0.0 1,035 0 2,290 0 2,024 173 8.25 50,400 0 0.0 1,390 1,390 177 8.25 50,400 0 0.0 1,390 17,318 2.35 12.33 49,000 0 0.0 1,390 2,229 1.3 1.37 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 1.30 2,229 1.8 3,548 10.94 42,200 0 0.0 1.2 2,923 0 3,481 1.69 4.85 39,100 0 0.0 1.2 2,194 0 2,611 2,77 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 1.792 1,168 0 1,792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 1.792 1,74 28,500 0 0.0 1.792 1,74 28,500 0 0.0 1.792 1,74 28,500 0 0.0 1.792 1,78 1.5 3,029 2.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	1,481		0	819	4,003	0 (	6,303	132	7.07	300	<b>&gt;</b> c	2 0
54     2,290     0     3,708     105     285       40     1,488     0     2,800     234     49,700     0       40     1,488     17     1,938     239     12.33     49,000     0       41     2,384     0     2,853     213     7.47     44,700     0     0       41     2,559     23     3,663     137     3.74     44,700     0     0       91     2,529     18     2,548     248     41,200     0     0       130     2,229     18     3,548     388     10.94     42,200     0     0       120     2,923     0     3,526     360     9.17     40,900     0     0     0       122     2,390     2,390     2,481     10.61     39,100     0     0     0       129     2,923     0     3,981     26     39,100     0     0     0       120     2,923     0     2,641     277     10.61     39,700     0     0     0       19     1,168     0     2,043     177     9.88     36,700     0     0     0       138     1,436     0     2,043	1,598		0	98	1,035	0	2,719	140	5.15	N C	> 9	9 6
38     1,520     0     2,024     173     8.55     48,800     0     0       40     1,448     0     2,024     173     8.55     48,800     0     0       81     2,384     0     2,653     213     7.47     44,700     0     0       146     3,157     0     3,663     137     3.74     44,700     0     0       130     2,529     23     3,108     248     7.98     41,200     0     0       130     2,923     0     4,205     206     4.90     49,700     0     0       129     2,923     0     3,926     360     4.90     49,700     0     0       129     2,923     0     3,926     360     9.17     40,900     0     0       25     2,194     0     2,611     277     10.61     34,800     0     0     0       19     1,168     0     1,792     177     9.88     30,700     0     0     0       41     2,327     20     3,983     254     6.38     35,900     0     0     0       41     2,320     15     3,983     25     9.74     28,500	1,364		0	50	2,290	0 (	3,708	106	9.0	2 5	2 0	7 0
120 1,348 17 1,938 239 12.33 49,000 0 0.0 11.6 3,157 0 3,663 137 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	1,242		0	38	1,520	<b>-</b> '	2,800	153	. A.	4 0	9 9	
120 1,570 17 1,758 255 12.53 7.47 44,700 0 0.0 2,384 0 0 2,663 137 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 0.0 13,157 0 3,663 137 3.74 44,700 0 0.0 0.0 130 2,229 18 3,548 388 10.94 42,200 0 0.0 0.0 122 2,529 18 3,926 360 9.17 40,900 0 0.0 0.0 122 2,194 0 2,411 2,77 10.61 34,85 39,100 0 0.0 0.0 1,792 1,77 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,977 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,38 1,436 0 2,043 259 5.74 28,500 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 815 0 1,181 153 12.24 35,600 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	536		0	40	1,448	> r	4,024	173	0.00	9	P c	
116 3,157 0 3,663 137 3.74 44,400 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2,529 18 3,548 388 10.94 42,200 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	411		0	120	1,590		1,750	757	7 47	3 5	o C	
110     2,157       91     2,559       130     2,429       130     2,429       130     2,429       18     3,548       18     3,548       10     4,205       20     4,90       4,205     206       4,205     360       4,90     49,700       10     3,926       360     9,17       40,900     0       25     2,194       0     2,611       19     1,168       10     2,611       277     10.61       39,100     0       10     2,611       277     10.61       39,100     0       10     2,611       277     10.61       30,700     0       41     3,227       20     3,983       25     9.74       28,500     0       138     1,436       0     1,181       153     12.96       26,700     0       0     0       0     0       138     12.96       138     12.96       12.70     0       0     0 <td>388</td> <td></td> <td>0 (</td> <td>100</td> <td>4,504</td> <td><b>∂</b> c</td> <td>2,033</td> <td>473</td> <td>47. 7</td> <td>4</td> <td>0</td> <td>. 0</td>	388		0 (	100	4,504	<b>∂</b> c	2,033	473	47. 7	4	0	. 0
130 2,229 18 3,548 388 10.94 42,200 0 0.0 30 2,453 0 3,926 360 9.17 40,900 0 0.0 129 2,390 29 3,481 169 4.85 39,100 0 0.0 25 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 19 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0 0.0 1,436 0 1,181 153 12.24 36,600 0 0.0	390		<b>&gt;</b> '	110	מונים מונים	20	200,00	000	20.00			-
150 2,227 10 3,245 206 4.90 49,700 0 0.0 129 2,923 0 3,481 169 4.85 39,100 0 0.0 122 2,390 29 3,481 169 4.85 39,100 0 0.0 125 2,194 0 1,792 177 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 19 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 81 2,327 20 3,983 254 6.38 35,900 0 0.0 138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0 815 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	435		<b>o</b>	1 41	400,00	2 0	2,100	700		10	· c	. =
129 2,923 0 3,926 360 9.17 40,900 0 0.0 122 2,390 29 3,481 169 4.85 39,100 0 0.0 25 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 19 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 81 2,327 20 3,983 254 6.38 35,900 0 0.0 138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0 815 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	1,171		0	130	6,227	0 3	מימים מימים	200	2 4	3.5	•	
122 2,320 29 3,481 169 4.85 39,100 0.0 25 2,194 0 2,411 277 10.61 34,800 0.0 19 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 30,700 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0.0 41 3,227 20 3,983 254 6.38 35,900 0.0 81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0.0 1,88 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0.0 815 0 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0.0	1,722		9	05	204,2	<b>&gt;</b> c	4,600	270		0	P =	
25 2,390 27 3,481 157 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 25 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.61 34,800 0 0.0 19 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 35,900 0 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 41 3,227 20 3,983 254 6.38 32,100 0 0.0 81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0 0.0 1,38 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0 815 0 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	874		0	129	2,923	<b>-</b> (	3,760	200	7.1	7	9 <	
25 2,194 0 2,611 277 10.81 37,800 0 0.0 1,168 0 1,792 177 9.88 30,700 0 0.0 0.0 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	940		0	122	2,390	67	3,481	107	1 0	100	P C	. =
19 1,168 0 1,792 177 7.88 30,700 0 0.0 47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 35,900 0 0.0 41 3,227 20 3,983 254 6.38 32,100 0 0.0 81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0 0.0 138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0 815 0 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	392		0	25	2,194	0	2,611	27.2	9 0	0 1	9 9	, ,
47 1,977 47 2,883 161 5.58 52,700 0.0 41 3,227 20 3,983 254 6.38 32,100 0.0 81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0.0 138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0.0 815 0 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0.0	909		0	19	1,168	9 !	1,792	17.	00 1	200	9 0	, -
41 3,227 20 3,743 254 9.74 28,500 0 0.0  81 2,320 15 3,029 295 9.74 28,500 0 0.0  138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0  0 815 0 1,181 153 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	812		0	47	1,977	7.4	2,883	101	5.00 4.20	-	o =	
138 1,436 0 2,043 250 12.24 36,600 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.	969		0	41	3,621	2 4	2000	1000	0.30	ת מ	· c	. =
138 1,436 0 2,043 530 12.96 26,700 0 0.0	613	,ai	0	1 00	2,320	12	2,067	270	10.01	4 0		, -
0 00.00 00.000 00.000 0 00.000	469		0	138	1,436	<b>&gt;</b> c	6,043	450	12.24	0 5	9 6	
	366		0	5	815	9	1,101	201	76.70		•	

SPILL TOTAL PERCENT		
RIVER FLOW IN CFS	28,500 28,500 27,800 27,800 20,100 24,300 21,900 21,900 22,000 20,000 14,000 17,800 17,800 17,600 14,000 14,000 14,000 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,700 17,900	
OLLECTION MORTALITY BER PERCENT	10.17 11.52 12.35 18.52 17.09 21.46 11.19 12.12 9.90 18.53 17.39 21.21 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1.06
COLLECTION MORTALITY NUMBER PER		18,358
DAILY TOTAL	2,1977 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,0277 1,027 1,0	1,726,771
SOCKEYE	0 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,444
HATCHERY STEELHEAD	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	762,534
WILD STEELHEAD	28 4 4 6 8 9 4 4 6 8 9 4 4 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	133,777
SUB-YEARLING CHINOOK	202022202020000000000000000000000000000	0
YEARLING	556 556 566 566 566 566 566 566 566 566	828,016
DATE	Jun 30 Jul 22 Jul 23 Jul 24 Jul 25 Jul 14 Jul 14 Jul 14 Jul 14 Jul 25 Jul 26 Jul 27 Jul 28 Jul 30	TOTAL

APPENDIX TABLE 6.-- 1988 TRUCK TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT LITTLE GOOSE

DAILY #'s TRUCKED

ACCUM. #'s TRUCKED

	Accum. Total	4,063	4,063	10,309	10,389	17,630	17,630	17,630	17,630	21,568	21,568	28,155	28,155	32,545	32,545	34,684	34,684	38,456	38,456	40,014	48,014	40,900	40,980	42,086	42,086	43,591	43,591	44,666	44,666	45,469	45,469	45,469	45,469	45,469	45,469	45,469	45,469	52,284	•
	Sockeye Aco	12	12	37	37	53	53	S	53	22	55	122	122	135	135	136	136	160	160	182	182	187	187	218	218	227	227	233	233	233	233	233	233	233	233	233	233	262	
	Hatchery Steelhead So	3,267	3,267	8,494	8,494	2,932	2,932	2,932	2,932	5,927	5,927	0,972	10,972	4,211	14,211	5,224	5,224	3,678	819,71	8,330	8,330	28,743	18,743	9,404	9,404	0,337	10,337	688,0	688,08	1,076	11,076	1,076	11,076	1,076	11,076	1,076	11,076	6.001	
	Wild Steelhead	163	16.	348	346	486	486	488	486	531	53	617	61	818	818	825	82	94(	94	386	186	886	386	1,018	1,018	1,07	1,07	1,092	1,09	1,097	1,09	1,09	1,09	1,09	1,09	1,09	1,09	1.31	
	Chinook	621	621	1,430	1,430	4,157	4,157	4,157	4,157	5,055	5,055	6,444	6,444	7,381	7,381	8,472	8,472	9,678	8,678	10,517	10,517	10,982	10,982	11,446	11,446	11,954	11,954	12,452	12,452	13,063	13,063	13.063	13,063	13.063	13,063	13.063	13,063	14.706	
	Daily Total	4.063	0	6.246	0	7.321	0	0		3.938	0	6,587	0	4,390		2,139	0	3,772	0	1,558		988	0	1,186		1.505	0	1,075		803	•				•		. 0	6.845	200
	Sockeye	12		25	9	16	9		, e		10	67	0	13	0	4	0	24	0	22	-	ហ	0	31		0		-90	0	0	. =	•	, 0		. @		, 0	, %	19
DAILT #'S INULNED	Hatchery Steelhead	C7C 1	03/0	5 227		87 A	000	° =	, =	2 995	56.65	5.045		3.239	0	1.013	0	2.454		652		413	9	661		110		255		187		· -	, =	· c	, =	•	, =	300 7	4,765
DAILT	Wild Steelhead	279	107	107	601	7 4 40	047	•		7.4	2	90	9	200	404	3.4	5	8	3	45		P (P*)	, =	202	90	2 11	9	• •	4		9	• •	5 6	•	, e	•	9 6	* 0	218
	Chinook	,	179	9 0	600	9 0	2,721	<b>&gt;</b> c	<b>&gt;</b> •	9 000	949	100	1,387	073	200	4 904	74047	700 7	1,600	020	450	945	0	9 7 7	404	9 00 1	20 5	900	440	747	110	> <	9	۰,	<b>ə</b> °	,	<b>-</b>	> !	1,643
		, , , ,	0 //1	10/07	20/4	247.0	927.6	0 /75	63/ 6	64/ 0	0 /67	0 /02	9 / 96	0 /07	9 / 42	20, 30	2/2	6/2	8/2	5/3	6 / 7	6/2	- 6	600	2 / 60	10/ 1	7 /11	١ / ١٥١	13/ 4	147	15/ 1	10/	177.7	18/ /	141	/ /07	21/ 7	/ /77	23/ 7

APPENDIX TABLE 7.-- 1988 BARGE TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT LITTLE GOOSE

ACCUM. #'s BARGED

	Accum. Total	2,165	2,165	2,165	2,165	7,146	7,146	13.248	13,248	23,878	23,878	49,711	81,939	117,550	155,399	184,653	222,049	265.978	311.579	338,399	775, 084	A22 CAG	AE7 549	100, 100	401,071	524,570	PO1,000	000,000	774,670	000 000	000,000	901,393	707,034	1 045,729	1.070.180	1.089.495	1.126.173	1,197,559	1,239,441	1,292,299	1,292,299	1,346,134	1,378,775	1,401,710	1,420,519	1,444,498	1,444,498	1,475,247	1,486,373		
	Sockeye	2	2	2	7	84	88	139	139	222	222	285	369	369	369	392	225	714	714	214	244	446	244	17	17.6	444	364	1,129	1,127	1,237	1,007	1,715	2,012	2 000	2,000	2.090	2.098	2,090	2,090	2.090	2,090	2.090	2,090	2.090	2,090	2,090	2,090	2,090	2,090		
	Hatchery Steelhead	890	068	068	890	2.427	2,427	7 257	3.257	4,734	4.734	6.865	8.208	11.349	14.230	14, 776	ACT AC	24 494	71 248	34 444	70, 141	39,582	47,729	55,224	62,491	72,808	83,337	118,457	152,054	170,775	223,478	239,928	284,956	310,230	346,000	272 672	300,058	472.431	455, 984	489.972	489.972	527.460	548,400	543,277	575.151	590.141	590,141	607,265	613,633		
	Wild Steelhead P	181	2	184	184	707	909	200	1,262	2 202	2,242	2726	2,302	207 67	40 050	20,036	27, 477	20,402	32,231	37,210	40,119	42,642	46,662	49,668	52,690	56,131	58,649	65,261	69,712	71,896	76,559	77,335	489'84	80,499	82,764	83,102	83,802	02,01	71,304 0E 002	72,002	101,302	100 504	112,086	444 947	110, 711	440 040	118.918	121,926	122,767		
	Chinook	4 002	4 000	1,007	1,007	1,007	4,036	4,036	8,590	8,2%	16,630	10,030	57,199	64,787	75,137	122,748	145,271	174,690	206,839	240,407	261,122	292,146	328,444	351,963	371,302	394,832	415,246	472,008	511,803	532,534	576,450	582,417	593,897	600,682	618,013	628,040	636,012	548,408	671,454	683,483	678,655	676,639	244 400	100,177	722,326	277 777	725,557	743.966	747,883		
	Daily Total		2,105	> 4	<b>5</b>		4,781	<b>a</b>	6,102		10,630	•	25,833	32,228	35,611	37,849	29,254	37,396	43,929	45,601	26,828	36,685	48,465	34,020	30,128	36,873	33,614	98,671	77,843	41,746	101.844	23,307	57,959	33,947	52,228	24,451	19,315	36,678	71,386	41,882	52,858		53,835	32,641	22,935	18,809	23,979	9 0 0 0 T	11,126		
	Sockeye		1	0	0	•	74	0	28	0	83	0	63	84	0	0	23	130	192	0	0	0	0	. 0		88	153	121	0	110	570	106	66	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>•</b>	0	0	0	0	9 0	<b>9</b> G	*	
DAILY #'s BARGED	Hatchery Steelhead		068	•	•	0	1,537	9	830		1,477	•	2,131	1,343	3,141	2,881	2,546	3,598	5.828	7,054	3.196	178	0 147	20 405	2 242	0,00	40 000	2C 128	11 507	18,721	307 63	64 A58	AE 028	25.274	32.632	14,026	10,703	22,467	42,373	23,553	33,988	•					14,990		17,124	000'0	
DAILY	Wild Steelhead		181	0	0		425		959	200	1.030	0	3.078	3.241	4.122	5,357	474	4.275	2 248	A 979	2 000	2 527	6,563	4,060	3,000	3,022	2,441	2,518	6,612	4,451	6,104	4,665	2 1	1,554	1,016	398	640	1.815	5.967	4.298	5,700		6,924	3.580	1,931	1.946	2,947		3,016	841	
	Chinook		4 087		9 6	, =	2 945	6,7	9 011	4,000	8.040	0,00	20 000	22 500	20 740	20,240	27,011	20 202	27,373	36,147	33,500	20,715	31,024	36,298	23,519	19,339	23,530	20,414	56,762	39,795	20,731	43,916	5,967	11,480	6,785	17,551	7 072	407 64	27 046	44 074	17,178	4601	9.423	124	6,127	A 989	6.042	0	10,609	3,917	
			4 /61	477 4	10/4	14/ 4	W /71	10/ 4	177 4	18/ 4	14/ 4 20/ A	4 / 107	4 /17	4 /77	107	4 /47	4 /67	4 /97	6 /17	4 /87	29/ 4	30/ 4	1/5	5/2	3/2	4/5	2/2	9 /9	3 // 2	8/2	9/ 5	10/5	11/5	12/ 5	13/ 5	14/ 5	15/ 5	2 /01	10, 5	10/ 3	14/ 5	24/5	7 / 6/		24/5	2 / 30	6 /67	27/5	5 /87	29/ 5	

APPENDIX TABLE 7.-- Continued

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ACCUM. #'s BARGED

	Chinook	Wild Steelhead	Hatchery	Hatchery Steelhead	Sockeye	Daily Total	Chinook	Wild Steelhead	Hatchery Steelhead	Sockeye	Accum. Total	
30/ 5	11.938	2.558		20.740	0	35,220	759,813	125,317	634,373	2,090	1,521,593	
31/5	4.786	737		7,030	0	14,473	766,519	126,054	641,403	2,090	1,536,066	
4/4	3,982	490		5,192	0	9,664	770,501	126,544	646,595	2,090	1,545,730	
3/6	4.839	1.197		13,471	0	19,507	775,340	127,741	660,066	2,090	1,565,237	
2 2	1.638	274		4.249	0	6,153	776,970	128,015	664,315	2,090	1,571,390	
4 6	0			0	0	•	176,970	128,015	664,315	2,090	1,571,390	
2 / 2	2 287	782		13.452	12	16,953	779,757	128,717	677,767	2,102	1,588,343	
2	014	0		0	0	0	779,757	128,717	677,767	2,102	1,588,343	
1/4	925 9	935		12.888	32	20,394	786,293	129,652	690,655	2,137	1,608,737	
9 /8	0000	0		0	0		786,293	129,652	690,655	2,137	1,608,737	
9 /6	7 275	1.145		14.357	0	22.737	793,528	130,797	705,012	2,137	1,631,474	
10/6	0	0		0	0		793,528	130,797	705,012	2,137	1,631,474	
11/6				0	0		793,528	130,797	705,012	2,137	1,631,474	
12/ 6	. 0	. 0		0	0	0	793,528	130,797	705,012	2,137	1,631,474	
43/6	2.560	95		3,184	0	5,839	796,088	130,892	708,196	2,137	1,637,313	
14/6	0	0		0	0		796,088	130,892	708,196	2,137	1,637,313	
15/ 6	1.335	83		2,466	ıs	3,889	797,423	130,975	710,662	2,142	1,641,202	
16/6	4.532	1,161		9,234	0	14,927	801,955	132,136	719,896	2,142	1,656,129	
	,											

APPENDIX TABLE 8.-- 1988 BYPASS REPORT AT LITTLE GOOSE

DAILY #'S BYPASSED

Wild Steelhead Hatchery Steelhead

Chinook

Daily Total

Sockeye

Wild Steelhead Hatchery Steelhead

ACCUM. #'S BYPASSED

Sockeye

Accum. Total

Chinook

No Juvenile Fish Bypassed

Appendix Table 9.-- Daily Collection Counts of Chinook, Coho, Steelhead, and Sockeye, Facility Mortalities, and Daily River Flows and Spills During 1988, at McNary Dam.

																																																						Н
	L PERCENT	9	0	-	, c	0	9 0	9	0	9	0	0		(	, c	2	<b>o</b> '	-	0	0	9	0	0	-	-	0 00	-	, -	- 0	٠, د	- '	٠,	- '	-	- '	_	-	_	-	~	-	-	-	_										
	SPILL TOTAL	_	-	, <	? =	o 9	<b>&gt;</b> (	0	0	0	0	0		0 =	9 9	<b>&gt;</b> :	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	9 6	0 3	9	0 0	>	o (	9	0	0	o ,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. ~	•	-	0 0	•	9 6	<b>5</b>	0	>	
	RIVER FLOW IN CFS	40	2 0	2 6	9 6	2	20	20	80	90	20	i u	) 4 ) e	4 6	2	2	00	0	20	36	70	4	4	. 5	9 0	127,700	4 4	4	5	ö	4	7	œ	7	4	2	0	4	S	S	S	L	U	2	0	9 0	0 6	- 1	3 .	0 .	-1	NI	5	
	ECTION TALITY PERCENT	000	0 0	000	20.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	. 83	1.50	000	20.0	. n	0 0	74.	. 60	99.	. 41	47	28	0,0	94			2 .	. מ		15.	. 63	. 34	68	. 63	.81	. 56	. 48	44	. 33	. 79	74	59	91	20	40	000	20.	200	04.		1.17	1.01	08.	. 62	.76	
	COLLECT: MORTAL NUMBER	c	0	o (	V	N	0	0	+	14	) <		-1 -	н.	-1	2	98	135	201	143	4.20	7 7	7 4 0	4 4	110	***	000	146	93	149	222	122	163	132	87	96	114	217	183	123	250	140		ם מ	400	1,001	1,062	K, K54	1,492	2,116	1,234	1,008	1,988	
	DAILY TOTAL		0 1	20	38	20	10	110	120	000	2 4 4	001	180	180	24	16	43	3	48	3	0	3 6		4 (	V.	35,140	~	28	5	2	0	2	7	M	0	9	4	ù	à	a	u	i c	ń s	5 0	01,0	21,8	17,5	22,1	25,1	10,0	53,6	W	65,9	
	SOCKEYE	,	<b>o</b> ,	0	0	0	0	20		, ,	9 9	> .	10	0	0	0	20	10	,	9 =	2	100	000	01	10	10	20	0	20	40	7.0	110	80	100	210	200	440	440	0.00	200	000	2000	2,000	3,010	0	11,930	0	0	-	25,250	7,200	7,590	13,086	
	STEELHEAD		20	200	40	20	10	20	0 4	10	001	0.	100	06	160	280	260	000	070	200	010	047	009	022	230	1,140	,41	,60	91																								23,909	
	СОНО		0	0	0	0	0 .	, ,	, <		<b>o</b>	0	0	0	0	0		, <		<b>&gt;</b> °	, 0	o '	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	120	110	160	000	240	240	240	100	240		27.0	430	340	300	610	800	280	410	280	130	229	360	777	
	SUB-YEARLING CHINOOK		0	0	0	0		•	> (	0.2	30	0	0	0	0	10	2	o °	o (	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	, =	000	2 4	0 0		0 0	245	25	2 4	410	000	002		1,250	200	460	640	1,270	1.060	1,390	970	1.950	444	2.480	2 040	2006
	YEARLING		10	0	40	70	9 9	> c	20	40	40	0.6	2.0	0.6	0	000	0 0	13,850	32,760	41,740	24,330	18,800	12,110	18,690	14.710	33.990	47,530	000 10	17 220	12,71	41,040	22,030	16,600	10,430	19,360	13,570	12,860	17,510	17,670	15,070	12,790	15,600	28,630	40,820	45.680	94.990	89.030	04. 310	2000	100 V 77	104,010	130,000	134,300	2601,103
ı	DATE		ar is			, (	ч,	Mar ZY																																													may 10	

ERCENT	0.00	3 -	-	_	0 /	<b>-</b>	<b>)</b>	, 0	$\rightarrow$	_	0 -	- 6	_	_	, –	_	_	_	_	_		_								-													
SPILL TOTAL P	003	<b>&gt;</b> =	. 0	0	0	<b>&gt;</b> ?	0 0	0	0	0	o (	⊃ .;	ə =	2 5	, =	· c	. 0	0	0	0	0	5 9	<b>&gt;</b> c	s <	9 =		9	0	Ð	0	0 9	<b>&gt;</b> 6	o e	• =		· c	, 9	0	0	0	0	0	
IVER FLOW IN CFS	209,400	240,800	188,000	224,000	217,700	205,800	210,000	187,100	166,400	217,200	221,900	216,900	216,100	174,700	103,000	400 100	218,200	211.800	221,000	205,300	181,700	211,700	181,100	208,500	440 700	180,100	127.100	128,300	171,800	142,000	154,800	157,900	156,600	121,100	4 45 200	110,000	163,800	160,400	148.800	120,800	139,700	121,800	
R	1.00	13.76	56.	20	74	. 76	72	19.	74	88	. 94	66.	68.	1.2.1		1.00	1.61	00	1.13	08.	. 93	. 75	64.	.77	1.02	1.15	24.	. r.	44	. 35	. 34	. 54	42	0 1	200	. 40	75.	2 4	88	. 01	. 74	.57	
COLLECTION MORTALITY NUMBER PERG		22	4	+	4	4	4																													,	20,7	2,66	C 40	0	88	23	
DAILY TOTAL	141,986																																										
SOCKEYE	14,157		w.	0,70	10.558		4,740	4,463	2,250	1,961	2,660	2,580	3,166	2,007	2,000	745	570	1,125	1,720	1,327	1.586	1,214	1,000	1,171	1,186	714	743	987	120	329	229	271	171	100	43	157	140	167	100	101	27	9	;
STEELHEAD S	20,100	20,638	36,363	24,557	24,723	32.671	53,090	49,337	28,287	24 042	26.660	18,633	16,672	14,500	10,973	4,465	3,260	5,325	9,940	8,146	11,571	3,729	6,257	6,143	4,857	2,229	1,286	1,229	814	986	671	757	286	557	386	214	447	200	100	000	2000	200	0
соно	857	4,613	3,300	3,386	17,840	17,757	16,960	14,138	8,350	2,090	0 005	7.987	8,261	5,920	3,520	1,760	1,205	2,525	3,470	2,357	3,186	814	1.086	1,414	929	657	400	300	186	102	171	114	229	57	. 57	98	49	33	33	<u> </u>	2 ,	25	2
SUBYEARLING CHINOOK	3,586	ח ח	M	+1	N C	VC	4 -	N	1	41	•	H 4	10		4	(14)	4	40	16	7	36	40 4	7 5		5	3	Ř	4	00	9	1.5	1 7	2 00	N	S	33	59	42	37	62	21	(~ ,	4
EARLING S CHINOOK	103,286	127,538	127,950	74,529	90,310	116,280	81 651	65.113	48,400	32,180	24,047	25,040	20,201	10,040	16.254	12.625	8.335	20,315	23,550	8,600	9,586	10,629	5,180	מאל ה	3.571	2,700	2,900	1,843	1,557	2,429	2,143	1,040	1,300	843	300	986	1.667	1,167	1,233	1,200	800	433	740

Appendix Table 9.-- Continued.

ERCENI	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	2	0	0.	0	٠.	0	٦, ١	٠,	-, 6	, ,	-, 0	٠, د	- (	0	٠.	0	٦.	٥.	٦.	٥.		
SPILL TUTAL PEI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0 1	0 *	<b>&gt;</b> 6	o *	<b>&gt;</b> (	<b>&gt;</b> *	<b>&gt;</b> (	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
RIVER FLOW IN CFS	27,00	14,20	00	06'60	70	10	50	25,70	20,80	02,60	19,80	05,10	40	24,00	28,80	10,20	08,00	74.60	9	05.60	9	26.20	18.20	21.30	94.40	80	70	00	4	20	81,900	20	5	80	5	8	7	20	7	9	2	40	93,10	80	08,90	20	2	30		
ON LTY ERCENT	. 35	.37	1.00	.67	1.35		. 83						2.50		1.40		1.08	1 26	15	0	14.32	4	3 15	1 91	2 47	2.71	3.42	5.44	33,84	00	œ	S	11.68	0	3.20	4.99	2.70	6.15	3.20	2.73	3.12	4.71	4.49	3.64	4.63	5.15	3.44	3.97		
COLLECTION MORTALITY NUMBER PERG	257	1,281	2,226	365	369	300	268	1,018	1,634	2,297	2,656	2.250	699	202	3,416	1.332	1,005	457	221		36.736		1040	277	244	635	26.0	449	7.527	4.172	1,143	1,018	757	480	158	336	201	326	257	137	89	9	167	94	136	168	99	69		
DAILY TOTAL	72,857	343,457	222,720	54,499	27,267	32,133	32,230	85,670	156,329	154.300	221,233	103.333	26,760	21,020	243,636	164.460	93,160	20 400	17,000	20117	256,900	120,000	502 02	20,000	26 133	23.467	14,543	0,000	22,240	22.040	13,940	6,400	6,480	2,000	4,940	6,740	7,440	2,300	8,020	5,020	2,180	1,380	3,720	2,580	2,940	3,260	1,920	1.740		
SOCKEYE	29	29	20	33	0	33	0	10	57	20	0		. 0	10	27	20	04	2 12	200	2 6	27	2 2	2 2	000	1 =	•	o =	° c	-	00	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	20	0	9	20	0	20	0	0	0	20	ĺ	
ТЕЕСНЕАD	29	100		33	0	100	10	20	129	160	0	, ,	20	10	71	100	074	9	2 6	1	01	<b>&gt;</b> c	> =	ם כ	S C	? c	> 5	1 0	000	3	0	20	20	0	9	20	0	0	0	0	20	0	20	0	20	20	0	0		
соно	14	4	00	0	-	· c	0		•		7.7	) =			0	• •	o =	9 0	> 9	9 6	) C	<b>&gt;</b> c	> 9	<b>&gt;</b> c	<b>&gt;</b> °	P 6	> 5	P c	- c	0 0	-	· c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	, c	0		,	
SUBYEARLING CHINOOK	33	242	224	NA N	, ,	4 14	4 6	9 0	, n	7 7 7	200	4 6 6 6	201	0 0	240	247	101	7 1	20.0	1	163	256	170	39	200	2 0	23	9 0	0 0	7 6	12,780	2 4	0 4	ט נ	4	•0	7	S	5	L)	CV	-	4 M	0 0	10	N M	) ~	4 4	-1	
YEARLING CHINOOK	214	14.7	420	200	200	202	000	020	2007	1400	040	0 0	1001	7 7 7	700	200	000	100	100	08	129	267	33	233	157	002	167	55	28	0.0	040	0	S C	9 0	, 0	0	0	0	80	20	20	40	1	000	2	7	0	200	2	
DATE	77	7.11	T.1 30	1	707	201	107	7 17	101	707	101	A TOP	JU1 10	11700	JUL 16	101 13	JU1 14	Jul 15	Jul 16	Jul 17	Jul 18	Jul 19	Jul 20	Jul 21	Jul 22	Jul 23	Jul 24	Jul 25	Jul 26	301 27	301 28	101 67	77	301 31	600	Aug 3	Aug 4	Aug S	Aug 6	Aug 7	0	500	HOG 4	502	Hog III	AUG 12	A10.0	TT SOM	er 6ne	

	0.5	_	-		_	0	_	0	0	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	o .	0	0	0 '	0	0	0	0	<b>~</b> (	<b>5</b> 1	<b>&gt;</b> 6	3 9	> 0	<b>o</b> '	0 (	<b>o</b> '	0 (	<b>3</b>	2	1	
PERCENT	0.00	9	0	9	$\Rightarrow$	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_		-		_													
SPILL TOTAL	0 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (	0	0 (	o *	٥,	5	0	0	o .	0 '	>		
RIVER FLOW IN CFS	100,500	97,400	108,600	109,600	82,700	68,600	112,800	123,900	98,700	144,100	101,300	83,500	102,300	128,400	121,600	125,400	109,800	122,200	106,800	108,400	113,800	126,300	117,600	124,700	114,000	101,800	85,900	115,600	108,900	109,000	114,000	93,400	89,200	102,000	127,100	115,500		
ON LTY ERCENT	2.11											1.40	4.30	5.36	2.98	1.84	2.58	3.03	10.44	N	5.00	2.66	3.29	4.32	9.44	2.90	4 44	6.73	6.71	3.93	5.00	3.48	4.66	5.00	7.86	1.16		1.63
COLLECTION MORTALITY NUMBER PER	27	30	36	186	153	45	32	45	167	86	61	63	89	65	66	46	89	63	94	158	46	28	20	57	85	61	40	38	47	22	22	23	27	21	22	10		182,099
DAILY TOTAL N	1,280	1,380	1.800	4.520	6.740	1.820	820	006	9.300	9,080	7.540	4.500	1.580	1.100	3,260	2,500	2.640	2,080	006	1,220	1,580	2,180	1.520	1,320	006	2,100	006	520	200	260	440	099	580	420	280	828		1,706 11,143,535
SOCKEYE	90	> =	0 0		' c	s =	· -		000	09		00	2	00	40	0	-	. 0	20	0	20		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	12		251,706
STEELHEAD	0,	o =	000	N C	P c	o =	· c	o =	0 0	200	2	s =	6	a c	2 0	2			· c		0	200	9	· -	. 4		0	. 0	0	. 0	0	. 0	10	0	0	un		822,944
СОНО	0	0 9	> c	o =	2 0	0.0	<b>&gt;</b> c	> 9	9 6	<b>&gt;</b> =	P 6	> 9		> 9	> 0	> <	0	o C	P =	0 0	200	o C	0 0	o	P =	0	· c	, 0		. 0	-	•	· c		0	. 0	, i	213,144
SUBYEARLING CHINDOK	1,280	1,460	1,380	1,780	4,520	6,720	1,820	820	000	0,040	מית ו	7,500	4,360	1,540	1,080	3,140	004,7	2,640	0000	200	1,400	1,500	7,100	1,520	1,360	2000	-	004	207	000	9 6 6	440	0 0	000	0000	000	2	6,884,478
YEARLING S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	460	40	120	20	0	09	0 4	0 9	<b>&gt;</b> (	0 %	0 2	40	0	0	0 (	9 9	<b>&gt;</b> (	> °	9 6	0.00	7	<b>&gt;</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> (	o °	> 0	> 9	•	2,971,263
DATE		Aug 17												Aug 29	Aug 30	Aug 31	Sep 1	Sep 2	Sep 3	Sep 4	Sep	Sep 6	Sep 7	Sep 8	Sep 9	Sep 10	Sep 11	Sep 12	2 den	Sep 14	Sep 15	Sep 16	9	da	Sep 19	0.	9	TOTAL

APPENDIX TABLE 10. -- 1988 TRUCK TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT MCNARY

	Accum. Total	206	20 €	506	204	642	5	240	1002	1 700	16, 887	49.18	90,296	114,32	114,329	114,32	133,08	147,90	147,90	147,900	147,90	147,900	147,90	147,906	147,90	147,98	147,70	147.98	147,90	147,90	147,90	147,98	147,900	147.98	147.98	147,90	147,90	259,59	389,68	523,11	552,83	763,51	821,17	247,00
	Sockeye	0	0	0	0	20	90	20	202	900	מ מ	96	09	99	09	09	20	80	08	200	88	98	80	80	80	98	30 0	900	80	88	80	08	38	8 8	80	88	80	7,118	24,398	30,128	31,508	41,975	51,766	24,445
	Steelhead	128	128	128	128	397	145	797	240	615	010	1,040	3.119	3,627	3,627	3,627	4,396	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,726	4.926	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,726	4.926	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,926	4,726	4.926	4.926	4.926	16,534	29,114	40,691	44,034	63,714	75,572	79,816
ACCUM. #'s TRUCKED	Ceho	0	0	0	0	<b>o</b> •		<b>3</b>	3 6	<b>3</b>	<b>&gt;</b> <	<b>9 9</b>	9 0		0	0	•	9	0	۰ ۵	<b>&gt;</b> <	0		•	0	0	<b>.</b>	9 6	0		0	0	0 *	9 6		• •	. 0	261	353	543	809	1,249	1,865	4,457
ACCUM. #	Subyr. Chinook	0	0		•	20	20	ວິເ	200	20	20 5	A C	6 9	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	8 %	89	89	89	89	89 7	07	89	89	874	2,222	3,526	3,977	8,099	10,153	10,905
	Yrlg. Chinook Su	78	78	78	78	175	175	175	175	504	504	15,138	40,773	110.574	110.574	110,574	128,549	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,632	142.832	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,832	142 812	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,832	142,832	146,636	142,832	142,832	234,804	343,609	448,224	472,703	648,474	681,623	701,785
	Daily Total	286	9		0	436	•	0	0	757		15,488	36,615	24.033	0	. •	18,754	14,823	0	0	o °	9 6	. =			0	0	o °	9 6	, =	•	0	0	0 (	<b>5</b> 9	<b>3</b>	9 6	111.685	140.105	123,416	29,718	210,681	27,668	28,429
	Sockeye		. 0	0	0	20	0	0	0	10	0	20	10	9	P 0	, =	10	10	0	0	0 '	<b>=</b>	9 =	0		0	0	0 9	P c	9	0	0	0	0 (	9 6	9 6	9 6	7.038	17.280	5,730	1,380	10,467	9,991	2,877
	Steelhead	428	9	· ~		598	0	0	0	418	0	825	828	208	9	, =	692	230	0	0	o '	<b>-</b>	- a	• a	, =	0	0	o °	∍ e	-	0	. 9	0	0	<b>3</b> °	-	5	44 498	12.580	11,577	3,343	19,680	11,858	4,244
DAILY #'s TRUCKED	Coho	c	<b>.</b>	•	. 0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0 6	s •	9 6	, «		. •	9	0	0	<b>.</b>	9 6	<b>•</b> c	, 0	0	•	0 '	9 6	5 <	•		0	0	<b>~</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>&gt;</b> °	176	66	190	99	641	616	394
DAILY	Subyr. Chinook		<b>5</b> C	9 6	, 0	20	0	0	0	0	0	6	0 1	g. 6	9 0	- °	9 6	, =		0	0	•	<b>5</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> e	9 0	0	0	0	0 ,	<b>9</b>	P		0	0	0	0	o '	3 40	900	1.304	451	4.122	2,054	752
	Yrlg. Chinook	S	2 °	9 6	<b>a</b>	97	0	0	0	329	0	14,634	31,655	40,256	23,525	9 6	47 075	14.283	0	. 0	60	0 (	<b>o</b> '	<b>&gt;</b>	9 6	· ca	. 0	0	0	o °	<b>&gt;</b>		0	0	0	0	0	0 00	71,972	100,000	24,479	175.771	33,149	20, 162
		,	2 /9/ 2	5 /43	21/3	1/4	2/ 4	3/ 4	4/4	5/4	6/4	11 4	8/ 4	4 /6	10/ 4	42/4	12/ A	14/4	15/ 4	16/ 4	4 /1.1	18/ 4	19/ 4	20/ 4	22/ 4	73/ 4	24/ 4	4 /57	26/ 4	4 /17	4 /97	30/ 4	1/5	2/5					-	0 0			12/5	

DAILY #'s TRUCKED

4	ACCUB. IOTAL	948,991	969,616	1,120,020	1,230,914	1,257,700	1,280,732	1.363.981	1 177 456	100 ACK	1,577,430	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1.377.456	4 775 454	1,011,100	1,377,430	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1.377,456	1.377.456	4 777 454	1,511,150	1,377,450	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1,377,456	1.377.456	1377.456	4 777 456	4 777 154	1,377,430	1,577,450	1,377,450	1,377,456	1,377,456	_		1,498,926											1,478,720		
	Sockeye	63,240	64,877	73,333	78,656	80.066	80.757	83,368	002 200	021,200	83, /88	83,708	83,708	83,708	83.708	83,708	002 200	92,700	83,788	83,708	83,708	83,708	83,708	83.708	83.788	002 200	93,700	83,788	83,708	83,708	83,708	83,708	83.708	81, 708	02 700	02,700	83,708	83,708	83,788	83,708	83,708	83,708	83,708	83,732	83,732	83.732	83,732	83.732	27 772	257, 50 CTC TO	92, 72	257 50	02) (36	93,736	23,136		
	Steelhead	97,630	102,118	133,919	152,216	158.528	166.298	107 491	200 200	201,101	201,787	201,787	201,787	201.787	201.787	204 787	201 100	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201.787	201,787	204 787	201 202	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201.787	204 787	201,107	601,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201,787	201.884	201,884	201.884	201.884	204 884	204 100	204 004	201,004	204 1004	201,884	201,884	201,884		
	Coho	4,233	4,852	24.683	47.749	51 166	57 630	20,00	000,20	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	67,818	27 848	7 010	020,010	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63.818	63.818	27 010	02,010	030,00	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63.818	63.818	67 040	02,010	62,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63,818	63.830	63,830	028 27	020'50	020,000	02,000	65,830	65,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830		
	Subyr. Chinook	12.744	13.063	15,539	46 648	42 005	17,000	27267	18,748	19,003	19,003	19.003	19,003	200 07	10,000	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19.003	100 01	2.00 64	2000	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	200 01	10 001	2000	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19,003	19.003	19,003	19.003	19.003	440 000	440 000	200 000	140,000	140,000	146,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,800	140,000	140,000	•	
	Yrlg. Chinook Sut	774 144	784 766	022,500	07C, 27C	מדטימטים	750,855	762,140	1,001,819	1,009,140	1.009.140	1,009,140	4 000 440	1,000	1,007,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1.009.140	1 000 140	1,000 4,00	1,000,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1.009.140	4 000 140	7,000	1,000,140	1,007,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1,009,140	1.009.140	1.009.140	1 809 148	1.009.140	1 009 140	4 000 440	047 COO .	1,000,480	1,007,400	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480		
	Daily Total	790 66	2007 00	500,000	150,544	110,874	26,786	23,032	83,249	13,475			•	> '	9	0	0	0	. 0		<b>a</b> <sup>c</sup>	> <	> '	>	•	0	0	. 49	•	s °	> 6	<b>3</b> °	•	8	•	•	0			•					121,470	•		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Sockeye	400	0,10	1,637	8,456	5,323	1,410	691	2,611	340	9	9 6	•	9	0	0	0	•	. ~	2	o °		0	0	0	7	•	, -	P C	o °	2	8	0	•		9			,						2												
	Steelhead	1	15,125	4,488	31,881	18,297	6,312	7,762	31.201	4 294	0/3/1	> <	9	0	0	0	0		9 <	9 6	> '	0	0	0	0	0		3	•	<b>3</b>	0	0	0	0	0			P 6	•	•	> °	~ (	9	0	44	•	0	0	0	. =				, -	, ,	•	k 2
DAILY #'S IKUCKED	Coho		1,373	619	19,831	23,066	3.417	2.464	0 025	27.7	1,203	9	0	0	0		, 0	> <	> °	9	0	0	0	0		, <	•	<b>&gt;</b> '	0	0	9	0	0		, =	2	>	<b>&gt;</b> (	-	0	0	0	0	0	12	•	•	. ~	•	•	•	9 6	9 6	5	9 6	9	
DAILY	Subyr. Chinook	•	1,383	319	2.476	1-109	A77	220	630	1,435	522	0	0	6	. =	9 6	<b>&gt;</b> *	>	0	0	0	0		. =	•	> <	<b>&gt;</b>	0	0	0	0		, =	9 6	<b>&gt;</b> °	<b>&gt;</b> (	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120.997	0	, =	5 <	> <	> °	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>&gt;</b> *	, e	0	0	0	
	Yrla. Chinook		53.232	13,622	02 280	20, 72	20,000	113,61	11,885	39,079	7,321	0			•	<b>&gt;</b> (	9	0	0	0	0	, =	9 6	> <	> .	>	0	0	•	0	, «	P =	9 9	> ,	9	•	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	. =	740	2 0	> <	<b>3</b>	<b>.</b>	<b>o</b> '	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Υ.		5/21	46/ 5	0 /7.7	2 / 0 7	10/ 0		20/ 5		22/5			1 1 1 1 1 1		5 /97		28/ 5	5 /67.	30/ 5				_	3/6	4/6	2/ 6	9 /9	9 /2	3	7 /6	7 /44	10/0	11/6	12/6	13/6	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/ 6	19/ 6	787.6	7 / 10	0 /17	027	63/ 0		52/ 6		51/6	9 /87	29/ 6	30/ 6	-	1.72	

ACCUM. #'s TRUCKED

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	Ta.	13	13	16	94	64	46	25	52	74	174	38	84	04	104	27	22	06	391	85	385	09	090	59	20	65	16.5	53	53	53	75	42	949	
	Accum. Total	1,616,813	1,616,8	1,619,3	1,619,3	1,629,3	1,638,3	1,645,8	1,645,825	1,651,7	1,651,7	1,655,9	1,655,9	1,661,0	1,661,	1,663,8	1,663,8	1,666,3	1,666,3	1,669,9	1,669,9	1,672,0	1,672,0	1,674,9	1,674,9	1,676,0	1,676,6	1,677,0	1,677,	1,677,0	1,678,6	1,678,6	1.679.749	
	Sockeye	83,871	83,871	83,871	83,871	83,891	83,951	83,951	83,951	83,971	83,971	84,031	84,031	84,031	84,031	84,049	84,049	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,069	84,089	84,089	84,089	84,089	84,889	84.101	/
	Steelhead	202,031	202,031	202,031	202,031	202,071	202,091	202,091	202,091	202,110	202,110	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,129	202,147	202,147	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,187	202,197	202,197	202,202	
	Coho	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,850	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,878	63,870	63,870	63,870	63,870	63.870	63,870	63.870	
	Subyr. Chinook	257,186	257,186	259,749	259,749	269,480	277,923	285,362	285,362	291,133	291,133	295,198	295,198	300,184	300,184	302,989	302,989	305,452	305,452	309,026	309,026	311,064	311,064	313,963	313,963	315,081	315,081	315,997	315,997	315,997	317.576	317,576	718 666	anning
	Yrlg. Chinook	1,009,875	1,009,875	1.009.875	1,009,875	1,010,072	1,010,531	1.010.571	1,010,571	1,010,710	1,010,710	1,010,770	1,010,770	1,010,810	1,010,810	1,010,810	1,010,810	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,870	1,010,890	1,010,890	1.010.910	1,010,910	1.010.910	1.010.910	1.010.910	1 040 040	71010111
	Daily Total	10.921	0	2.563	0	886.6	8.982	7.479	0	5.949	0	4.204	0	5.026	0	2.823	0	2,563		3.592	0	2.078		2.899		1,138		956		0	4 589	8	4 4 4 0 2	19101
	Sockeye	•	. =	0	. 0	20	09	9	. 0	20	0	09	0	0	. 6	18	0	20	0	C	, 0		. 0	0		0	0	20	0	0	. =	~ =		71
	Steelhead	c	, =		, =	40	20	9 6	, 0	- 61		• • •		· «		0	0	0	. 0	. 65	0	Δ0		' e	, •		. 0			° =	4	0	<b>5</b> L	n
MILI F'S IRUCAED	Coho	00	9	° e	s =	2	9 9	P =	, c		•	° «	9 0	? @	9	· e	9 6	00	=	P =	, c	9 6	9 6	P =	•	· =		? c	9 6	9 6	•	9 6	۰ د	Ð
DATE	Subyr. Chinook	40 004	107,01	273 0	6,303	9 224	7,131	2 470	100	2 224	27.60	9 4 4 5	4,000	700 7	1,100	2 00 0	0006	2 44.7	001/19	7 534	20,0	2 670	6,030	000 6	6,077	9 077	91161	200	416	9 6	9 6 6	1,579	<b>&gt;</b>	1,090
	Yrlg. Chinook	•	» °	٥ -	<b>9</b> °	9 00	177	404	a .	9 22	157	> <	90	9 9	ə <sup>c</sup>	۰ د	, c	9 7	9 9	9 6	9 9	э,	<b>&gt;</b> °	ə e	9 6	9 6	2	9 6	2 4	9 6	9 '	, د		0
	Yrlg	0 7 70	8 /17	0 /77	23/ 8	8 /82	8 /63	8 /97	8 //2	0 /0/	20/02	20/05	27/ 8	4 /3	1 / 0	0 /4	0 / 4	0 / 7	1 /0		200	4/4	10/9	11/ 9	12/ 7	13/ 4	14/ 4	19/ 4	16/ 9	177 9	18/ %	19/ 9	6 /07	21/9

DAILY #'s TRUCKED

1	Accum. Total	1,498,926	1.498.926	4 400 024	1,470,760	1,476,720	1,498,926	1,498,926	1.498.926	1 498 924	700 004 4	1,470,720	1,498,726	1,498,926	1.498.926	4 ABO 024	1,100,000	1,476,720	1,498,926	1,498,926	1,498,926	1.498.926	4 400 024	4 400 000	1,478,720	1,498,926	1,498,926	1,498,926	1.498.926	1 498 926	4 544 704	1,010,17	1,510,174	1,504,77	1,534,773	1,545,216	1,545,216	1,556,402	1,556,402	1,568,615	1,568,615	1,581,261	1,581,261	1,584,688	1.584.688	1.590.727	4 500 727	7.67 702 7	20,016,1	1,570,063	1,600,148	1,600,148	1,602,818	1,602,818	1,605,892	1,605,892		
	Sockeye	83.732	87,772	20100	63, 736	85,752	83,732	83,732	83.732	676 78	20,100	83, 136	83,732	83,732	83.732	CZE 70	95,136	83,732	83,732	83,732	83,732	97 772	276 70	95,136	83,732	83,732	83,732	83.732	83,732	677 729	92,759	02,732	83,732	83,772	83,772	83,772	83,772	83,772	83,772	83,792	83,792	83,811	83,811	83,831	83,831	87,851	07 OE4	02,031	100,00	83,851	83,871	83,871	83,871	83,871	83,871	83,871		
	Steelhead	201.884	201 884	501,000	201,884	201,884	201,884	201,884	204 884	204 904	400' TAZ	201,884	201,884	201,884	201 884	200,100	501,084	201,884	201,884	201,884	201.884	201 894	204,004	201,084	201,884	201,884	201,884	201.884	201 884	204 004	200,100	201,884	201,884	201,902	201,902	201,918	201,918	201,938	201,938	201,938	201,938	201,938	201,938	201.957	201 957	204 926	204 075	674,103	202,012	202,012	202,012	202,012	202,012	202,012	202,031	202,031		
	Coho	67 830	020'50	90,00	63,830	63,830	63.830	63,838	UZB 17	020,00	63,830	63,830	63,830	63.830	020 27	000,00	63,838	63,830	63,830	63.830	UL8 27	7 070	020,00	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	67 870	020'27	14 020	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63.830	63.830	63.830	63.830	63.830	63.830	63 830	020 27	47 070	020,20	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830	63,830		
	Subyr. Chinook	440 000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140.000	140 000	7 40 000	140,000	140,000	140,080	140.000	440 000	200	140,000	140,000	140.000	148.000	4 40 000	20000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140.000	146.000	240 000	140,000	140,000	140,000	157,808	157,808	175,891	175,891	186,118	186.118	197 284	197 284	209.477	200 477	222 005	222 885	225 774	200,000	463,334	231,315	231,315	237,114	237,114	240,560	240,560	243,230	243,230	246,285	246.285		
	Yrlg. Chinook Su	604	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1.009.480	1 000 AQE	4 000 400	104,700,1	1,007,480	1,009,480	1.009.480	1,009,480	200 000	1,007,400	1,009,480	1,009,480	1.009.480	4 000 480	1 000 400	חמבינחחיד	1,007,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1.009.480	4 000 480	7 000 400	100 COO C	1,007,480	1,009,480	1,009,480	1,009,520	1,009,520	1,009,578	1,009,578	1 009.578	1,000 578	4 000 530	1,000,000	7 000 570	000 230	010,000	1000 733	1,000,000	1,607,730	1,009,736	1,009,756	1,009,756	1,009,816	1.009.816	1.009.875	1.009.875	1,009,875	1.009.875	1,009,875	1 009 875	and and t	
	Daily Total		0	0	0		• 6	<b>&gt;</b> °	<b>&gt;</b>	0	0	-	, «	•	•	0	0	-	• •	> <	>	0	9	0		• •	> °		9	•	0	17,868		18.179		140 04	10,645		11,180	9 17	16,615		12,040		3,4		6,039		5,896		3.5		0.670		3.074			
	Sockeye		0	0	0	. =	,	<b>3</b>	0	0	0	-	9 6	> ,	0	0	•	, «	•	> '	-	0	0	0	, -		a '	0	0	0	0					9 9				9			•				20				000							
	Steelhead		0	0		> <	•	0	0	0	•	,	>	9	0	0		•	<b>&gt;</b>	=	0	0	0		> 9	•	9		0	0	0	. •	•	9 4	07	9 ;	16	9	20	0		0			19	0	16	•		, "	, -				9 07	-		
#'s TRUCKED	Coho		0	, c		> '	•	0	0	8	. <	> .	>	0	9	, =	•	9	0	0	0	-		2 4	» '	•	0	0	0			•	<b>,</b>	<b>&gt;</b> '	>	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0		. =	• 6	•		<b>•</b> •	<b>&gt;</b> .	<b>~</b> '	э,	o °	-	0	
DAILY	Subur. Chinook		c	> <	<b>&gt;</b> ,	9	0	0	0		> <	9	0	0	•	•	Э,	9	0	0	0			<b>.</b>	0	0	0	0		, <	• 6	- S	17,808	•	18,083	•	10,227	0	11,166	0	12,193	0	12,528	0	3.329	-	00 1	194'6	2 00	2,799	0	3,446	0	2,670	0	3,055	0	
	Yrla Chinook Sub		c	9 '	-	0	0	8	, =	•	9	0	0	0	, ,	<b>a</b> '	9	9	0	0	, =	۰.	<b>-</b>	0	0	0	•	. «	۰ د	» °	, ,	0	40	0	28	0	. 0		. =		. 0		6		9	6	<b>-</b> ;	20	0	09	0	29	0		0	0	0	
	٩٢١٥	7		2/5	4/7	5/ 7	6/7	6 /1.		/ /	1. /4	10/7	11/7	42/7	17.7	15/ /	14/7	15/7	16/7	6.77.3	10/ 2	10/	14/ 7	20/7	21/7	22/7	2.77	24/ 2	14.7.23	/6	56/ 7	1 /12	28/ 7	2 /62	30/ 7	6 / 18.	. %	8 /3	0 /2	0 0	2 4	8 /4	0 /2	2 3	0 0	0 6	10/ 8	11/8	12/8	13/8	14/8	15/8	16/8	17/8	18/8	19/8	20/ 8	

APPENDIX TABLE 11.-- 1988 BARGE TRANSPORTATION REPORT AT HONARY

DAILY #'s BARGED

ACCUM. #'s BARGED

	Accum. Total	30,303	20,343	20,505	20,000	107,830	148.404	148,404	214,977	214,977	253,445	276,311	293,985	315,445	244,157	370,230	424 187	448.708	488,595	546,240	611,979	736,836	850,783	967,026	773,136	1,057,707	1,1003,12	1,238,401	1,318,842	1,415,269	1,532,544	1,637,076	1,727,675	1,818,758	1,927,444	2,058,262	2,107,808	2,181,530	2,243,933	2,298,672	2,368,828	2,409,291	2 500 447	6,300,143
	Sockeye Ac	04.	0 0	40	2 4	2 5	8 6	0.6	199	199	388	487	269	968	1,335	2 045	3,620	5.499	8,339	13,267	18,924	30,665	41,308	51,564	52,107	59,574	46, 498	68,991	73,013	82,941	91,739	100,707	187,753	112,655	118,307	122,145	123,778	125,540	127,727	129,581	152,152	154,657	476 ATA	107,474
	Steelhead	836	930	929	1 220	2,577	788.5	5,883	10.896	10,896	16,487	19,782	23,298	31,913	47,803	20,000	20,000	78.514	86,702	99,180	113,750	135,552	151,527	164,984	165,851	171,144	189,312	192,595	199,915	214,843	230,151	251,299	271,507	287,716	313,270	357,976	376,047	400,078	421,088	443,033	469,018	487,577	204,435	318.//1
	Coho	0 4	<b>&gt;</b> 6	<b>=</b> °	> 4	<b>9</b>	<b>-</b>	. =	148	140	410	630	928	1,130	1,469	1,80%	2 579	2,968	3,304	3,600	4,210	5,010	5,589	5,999	6,018	6,056	640'9 640'9	6,525	9,766	8,160	11,596	13,522	16,289	34.861	49,175	63,608	68,782	75,854	82,939	90,074	99,064	107,042	113,474	121
	Subur. Chinook	0 4	<b>&gt;</b> 6	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> (	10	20	20	8	80	832	1,214	1,624	1,682	2,091	2,621	2,631	5 465	5.633	6,077	6,645	7,801	8,787	10,013	10,080	10,656	10,767	13.778	15,306	17,872	20,430	22,317	23,728	24.828	26.655	27,988	28,825	30,251	31,293	32,073	33,176	34,529	30,000	r.yr. Dr
	Yrlg. Chinook Sut	29,427	29,427	29,427	174,42	106,379	100,373	142,411	201 662	203,662	235,328	254,198	267,496	279,824	296,439	313,746	348,507	254,705	384.617	424,116	468,450	557,808	643,572	734,466	741,680	790,477	812,599	956.512	1.023.842	1,091,453	1,178,628	1,249,231	1,308,598	1,300,370	1.420.037	1,486,545	1,510,376	1,549,807	1,580,886	1,603,911	1,627,438	1,645,506	1,664,787	
	Daily Total	30,303	9	<b>.</b>	-	79,535	2 7 7	000,00	265 44	200	38,468	22,866	17,674	21,460	33,692	27,121	24,476	20,433	19 887	57,645	65.739	124,857	113,947	116,243	8,710	62,171	26,020	46,208	86.441	96,427	117,275	104,532	665'06	780 40	108,686	130.818	49,546	73,722	62,403	54,739	62,156	48,463	49,345	
	Sockeye	40	9	0	9	30	9 0	92	9 00	0	189	66	210	199	439	999	950	2000	1,877	4 928	5.657	11,741	10,643	10,256	543	7,467	1,219	5,705	4.022	9.928	8,798	8,968	7,046	000	7,702	3.838	1,633	1.762	2,187	1,854	2,551	2,505	2,911	
	Steelhead	836	0	0	9	2,543		2,584	2 2 2	0,010	5.594	3,295	3,516	8,615	15,890	8,284	7,795	6,22,0	8,483	42 479	14.570	21,802	15,975	13,457	198	5,293	2,368	14,893	7 120	14.928	15,308	21,148	20,008	0 0 7 7 7	16,407 25 554	44.786	18.071	24.031	21,010	21,945	25,985	18,559	16,676	1
S DHAGEN	Coho	0	0	0	9	0	0	9 9	2 4	341	278	220	240	260	339	340	460	270	424	336	641	800	62.5	410	19	38	38	295	244	1.394	3.436	1,926	2,767	0 0	18,516	14,514	5.174	7.072	7,085	7,135	8,990	7,978	8,250	
DAILI	Subyr. Chinook	0	0	0	٥	10	0	10	- :	99	35.0	382	410	88	409	530	610	206	1,228	468	071	1 156	986	1.226	67	576	273	1,966	883	1,568	2,558	1.887	1,411	0	1,100	1,827	1,555	4 424	1.042	780	1.103	1,353	2,027	
	Yrlg. Chinook Su	29,427	0	0	0	76,952	0	36,032	0	61,251	777 72	18,870	13,298	12,328	16,615	17,307	14,761	12,473	15,582	28,055	34,48	94,554	85,744	98.894	7.214	48,797	22,122	105,207	38,706	67,558	07 475	70.603	59,367	0	50,100	61,339	27 074	70 474	24 179	23,025	23.527	18,068	19,481	
	,	4 /2	3/ 4	4/4	5/4	6/4	1/4	8/4	4 /6	4 / 6	4 /10	4 /2	4/4	5/ 4	4 /9	4 /6	8/ 4	59/ 4	10/ 4	1/5	5/2	3/ S	ני ע	2 2				10/ 5					16/5	17/ 5		19/ 5	-	27/ 5	27/ 5	74/ 5	25/ 5	5 /97	27/5	

	Accum. Total	2,558,249	2,572,811	219,100,2	2,698,522	2,698,522	2,815,841	2,815,841	2,876,312	2,876,312	2,950,777	2,950,777	2,020,029	7 158 685	3,158,685	3,383,681	3,383,681	3,671,956	3,671,756	2,787,573	4 174 926	4,174,926	5,066,122	5,433,464	6,053,828	6,261,901	6,338,564	6,379,782	6,450,785	7,006,671	7,806,671	7,087,703	2 450 230	7,150,230	7,383,081	7,383,081	7,751,576	7,751,576	7,879,348	7,879,348	8,134,140				
	Sockeye	142,131	142,675	143,767	447 047	147.047	150.116	150,116	152,297	152,297	154,564	154,564	156,014	4E4 487	156,487	157,138	157,138	157,636	157,636	157,985	450 405	158,105	158.382	158,477	158,643	158,774	158,841	158,701	158,930	158,979	158,979	159,012	137,012	159,045	159,112	159,112	159,131	159,131	159,131	159,131	159,168	157,160	159,228	159,260	
	Steelhead	534,032	537,235	542,531	556,383	560,456	580.216	580.216	590.108	590,108	600,994	600,994	604,415	604,415	606.402	608,278	608,278	609,657	609,657	610,740	244 204	611,286	611.800	611,886	612,081	612,259	612,453	612,529	612.553	612,761	612,761	612,790	014,770	612,829	612,969	612,969	613,125	613,125	613,133	613,133	613,212	013,616	613,386	613,422	
#'s BARGED	Coho	126,464	127,664	130,183	133,647	136,001	4 An 795	140,795	142 691	142,691	145,029	145,029	146,086	146,086	146,569	147,295	147,295	147,580	147,580	147,866	147,866	148,009	448 096	148,127	148,127	148,127	148,160	148,200	148,214	148,243	148,243	148,243	148,243	148,243	148.243	148,243	148,276	148,276	148,276	148,276	148,285	148,285	148,285	148,285	
ACCUM.	Subyr. Chinook	45,676	47,545	54,302	76,992	86,395	455 043	155,746	1001	191,130	241,201	241,201	308,808	308,808	451,529	648.533	648,533	932,023	932,023	1,045,736	1,045,736	1,428,986	244 740	2,682,652	3,301,476	3,508,446	3,584,383	3,624,812	3,694,917	4.249.395	4,249,395	4,330,102	4,330,102	4,592,103	4 424 422	4.624.122	4.991.602	4,991,602	5,119,146	5,119,146	5,373,351	5,373,351	5,627,003	5.697.467	
	Yrlg. Chinook Su	1.709.946		1,737,033	1,760,048	1,768,623	1,768,623	1,788,772	1,000,000	1,800,086	1.808.989	1,808,989	1,814,516	1,814,516	1,817,898	1,611,670	1,822,437	1,825,060	1,825,060	1,827,346	1,827,346	1,828,620	1,826,620	1,831,104	1.833.501	1,834,295	1,834,727	1,835,460	1,836,171	1,630,171	1,837,293	1,837,556	1,837,556	1,838,010	1,656,610	1,030,033	1.839.442	1,839,442	1,839,662	1,839,662	1,840,124	1,840,124	1,840,522	1 840 700	
	Daily Total	24.684	14,562	35,007	54,790	35,914	9 (	117,519	2 1	00,471	74.465	0	79,062	0	128,846	00 700	0	288,275		117,637	•	385,333	0	347,196	628.364	208,073	76,663	41,338	70,883	פבב מפץ	000,000	81,032	•	62,527	0 040	168,363	768 A47	9	127.772		254,792	0	254,284	20 248	071/01
	Sockeye	208	544	1,094	1,769	1,509	9 :	3,069	9 .	2,181	2 267	0 0	1,450	0	473	n 127	100	498	0	269	0	200		277	444	131	67	09	29	9 04	•	33	0	33	9 1	9	9 0	0		• =	37	0	09	2 6	5
	Steelhead	4 405	3,203	5,296	9,852	8,073	0	19,760	0	9,892	700 00	10,000	3.421	0	1,987	0 ,20	1,070	1.379	8	1,083	0	546	0	514	90 7	178	194	3/2	24	9 0	807	29	0	39	-	140	724	901	o	0 0	62		174	3	000
#'s BARGED	Coho	270	1,752	2.519	3,464	2,354	2	4,794	0	1,896	2 44	6,538	1.057	0	483	0	97/	285		286	0	143	0	87		9 6	33	40	14	0 6	67		9	0	•	o 1	9 !	55	> <	<b>5</b> 6	0	0	0	0	<b>D</b>
DAILY #	Subyr. Chinook		5,156	752	16.690	15,403	0	69,547	0	35,188		50,071	47 407	0	122,521	0	217,284	0 700	044,002	113.713	0	383,170	0	887,834	365,912	518,824	75 977	40,429	70,105	0	554,478	0 202	0	62,001	0	232,019	0	367,480	-	127,544	254.265	0	253,652	0	70,464
	Yrlg. Chinook		11,603	1,140	23.015	8,575	0	28,149	0	11,314	0	8,903	0 000	0,000	3,382	0	4,539	0 000	2,063	2 286	0	1,274	0	2,484	1,218	1,179	423	733	711	0	1,122	0 276	200	454	0	979	0	807	9	220	975	0	398	0	178
	ř	,	30/5		9/2	2.		9/9	9 /9	9 /1.		9 /6	7 / 4	12/ 6	13/ 6	14/6	-	16/6	0 / 1	19/ 6	20/ 6	21/ 6	22/ 6	-	24/ 6	-	0 /07	28/ 6		30/ 6	-	2 /2		5/2		11.12	8/ 2	6/6	2 /01	11/7	16/ 1	14/7	15/ 7	16/7	17/12

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ACCUM. #'s BARGED

Accum. Total	8,459,134 8,824,392 8,987,166 9,024,900 9,079,589 9,118,319 9,118,319 9,118,319
Sockeye	159,260 159,313 159,334 159,379 159,393 159,393 159,393 159,393
Steelhead	613,422 613,430 613,430 613,430 613,484 613,484 613,497 613,497
Coho	148,285 148,295 148,295 148,295 148,295 148,295 148,295 148,295
Subyr. Chinook	5,697,467 6,062,258 6,224,966 6,262,434 6,316,624 6,316,624 6,355,227 6,355,227 6,377,598
Yrlg. Chinook	1,840,700 1,841,096 1,841,129 1,841,362 1,841,743 1,841,713 1,841,907 1,841,907
Daily Total	365,258 162,774 37,734 54,609 38,810
Sockeye	53 33 33 14 0
Steelhead	0 0 0 0 0 13 13
Coho	
Subyr. Chinook	364,791 162,708 37,468 54,190 54,190 38,603
Yrlg. Chinook	136 336 233 233 194 194 136
	18/ 7 19/ 7 20/ 7 22/ 7 22/ 7 24/ 7 26/ 7 26/ 7

APPENDIX TABLE 12. -- 1988 BYPASS REPORT AT MCNARY

ACCUM. #'S BYPASSED

970 2,255 4,698 4,033 4,698 10,345 11,445 11,241 12,201 13,922 14,213 14,437 14,437 14,437 14,437 14,437 14,437 14,437 15,956 15,956 15,978 16,988 16,989 16,989 17,985 17,985 17,985 18,993 18 Accum. Total Sockeye Steelhead Coho Subyr. Chinook Yrlg. Chinook 14,437 15,075 15,075 16,928 18,847 23,780 22,493 33,341 34,114 46,114 48,903 51,859 54,941 55,931 55,931 65,931 65,985 65,986 66,7494 66,7494 970 2,255 2,919 3,556 4,033 4,698 5,070 6,453 8,808 9,858 11,345 11,911 12,241 12,241 13,524 13,524 13,768 14,213 Daily Total Sockeye Steelhead DAILY #'S BYPASSED Coho Subyr. Chinook Yrlg. Chinook 970 664 657 657 477 665 372 1,108 1,108 2,134 2,100 2,  ACCUM. #'S BYPASSED

69,712 70,446 71,904 72,605 73,466 74,996 74 Accum. Total Sockeye Steelhead Coho Subyr. Chinook 1,550 2,189 4,040 6,259 8,613 8,613 8,613 8,613 15,205 115,205 125,546 225,546 225,546 28,302 31,512 33,229 31,512 33,229 34,008 44,008 44,008 44,008 44,348 46,548 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 48,531 Yrlg. Chinook 69,712 712,615 713,916 714,916 1,002 734 1,458 701 861 504 864 162 1,550 639 1,851 2,219 2,354 0 1,277 1,277 5,315 4,449 2,895 2,895 2,895 1,704 1,704 1,704 1,704 1,717 1,717 5,063 3,978 2,562 1,983 Daily Total Sockeye Steelhead Coho Chinook 1,277 5,315 4,449 2,895 2,717 3,036 1,704 1,717 1,717 1,717 1,717 3,978 2,562 1,983 639 639 1,851 2,219 2,354 Subyr. Yrlg. Chinook 1,002 734 1,458 861 861 864 162 

APPENDIX TABLE 12. -- Continu:

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ACCUM. #'S BYPASSED

	Yrlg. Chinook	Subyr. Chinook	Coho	Steelhead	Sockeye	Daily Total	Yrlg. Chinook	Subyr. Chinook	Соно	Steelhead	Sockeye	Accum. Total
14/7	0	666	0 9	0 9	0 9	666	74,996	55,018	<b>.</b>	00	90	130,014
15/7	<b>&gt;</b> -	> ←	9 @	9 0		0	74,996	55,018	0	. 0	0	130,014
17/7	, =	, 0	. 0	. =		0	74,996	55,018	9	0	0	130,014
18/ 7	0	3,034	0	0	0	3,034	74,996	58,052	0	0	0 '	133,048
19/7	0	920	0	0	0	920	74,996	58,972	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>		133,768
2 /07	0	615	0	0	0	615	74,996	29,587	<b>o</b> '	» °	<b>•</b> •	200,401
21/7	0	423	9	•	0	423	74,996	60,010	9	•	>	135,000