

NOS Oceanographic Circulation Survey Report No.8

Chesapeake Bay Circulation Survey: 1981-1983

Rockville, MD. August 1986

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Service

NOS Oceanographic Survey Reports

This series of reports presents information on circulation surveys by the National Ocean Service. Normal activity includes measurements of water flow (currents), tides, temperature, salinity, and occasionally other parameters needed for understanding the physical processes. These surveys are made primarily for the Nation's navigational waterways; however, data are also obtained to describe the circulation patterns of estuaries and harbors.

These reports offer information on sampling locations, measurement techniques, processing and analysis routines, data formats, and general information on the survey area. They do not present technical interpretations of hydrodynamics of the areas.

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CHESAPEAKE BAY CIRCULATION SURVEY

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ABSTRACT

One of the major goals of the National Ocean Service (NOS), a major element of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), is to define the tidal circulation in the Nation's estuaries and waterways for navigation purposes. In an investigation of the historical data files at NOS, it was found that the latest circulation survey conducted in the Chesapeake Bay in 1964 was for only a small area in the Bay. The instrumentation used was outdated and the duration of observations was inadequate according to modern standards. Earlier surveys conducted in the Chesapeake Bay with even more rudimentary instrumentation and shorter observation periods took place in the 1920's and 1930's. Bathymetric changes in the Bay from natural sediment transport and dredging have changed the tidal hydrodynamics considerably since these surveys were conducted. Withese considerations and in response to requests from other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial and academic concerns, it was determined that the need was critical for a comprehensive circulation survey of the entire Chesapeake Bay using the vastly improved measurement technology available today. During August 1981, NOS began a 2 1/2 year circulation survey of the Chesapeake Bay from its entrance to the Susquehanna River, through the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal and into the Delaware River.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Chesapeake Bay, the largest estuary in the United States, has been the object of many disjointed scientific studies in the last 30 years. These efforts were inspired by the need to solve many of the natural resource, water quality, and economic problems associated with managing the Bay's multiple-use development. The complexity of the Chesapeake Bay is such that some have called it a "minor sea" in that it has its own unique internal circulation patterns, local cultural variations, a thriving water-based commerce, and a substantial tourist trade.

1.1 Background

Captain John Smith first sailed up the Chesapeake Bay in 1607 and noted "There is but one entrance by Sea into this Country, and that is at the mouth of a very goodly Bay, 18 to 20 myles broad...within is a country that may have the prerogative over the most pleasant places knowne, for the large and pleasant navigable Rivers, heaven & earth never agreed better to frame a place for man's habitation..." (Ludwigson, 1969).

While traveling along the eastern shore, Captain Smith encountered an island that was particular to his liking and named it Smith Island. This island became the home of dissident colonists in 1657 who left a colony established at St. Mary's City 23 years earlier. These watermen of Smith Island and neighboring Tangier Island remained isolated both physically and economically from mainstream America for 300 years until the Chesapeake Bay Bridge opened in 1958 linking the eastern shore with Annapolis.

The livelihood of these and other watermen is solely dependent on the oyster, blue crab, clam, striped bass and white perch crops of the Chesapeake Bay. The Maryland Department of Natural Resources reports that in 1880 the Bay yielded an oyster crop of 58,000 tons; in 1967 the annual crop was reduced to 13,000 tons. Present levels are reported to be between 6,000 and 9,000 tons. Conservation measures and regulations have been introduced and new and unusual ways to apprehend oyster and crab poachers have been used to protect the industry. Pollution from industry and increased population loading in Bay communities has posed a much more dangerous threat to the oyster, crab, and fish industry. Pollution has caused an annual fishery loss of 3 million dollars in dockside value. Several oyster bed areas in both Maryland and Virginia have been completely closed due to pollution.

Understanding the circulation patterns first described by Dr. Donald Pritchard (1955) for different locations in the Bay, i.e., three layered flow in Baltimore Harbor and cyclical two layered flow in shallower tributaries, is of vital interest to scientists and other conservation interests concerned about saving the oyster, crab and fish industry. This is but one of the reasons prompting the National Ocean Service to conduct a circulation survey in the Chesapeake Bay.

1.2 Physical Setting

The Chesapeake Bay drains expanses of six states: New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Delaware (figure 1). The Susquehanna River accounts for over 50 percent of all fresh water entering the Bay. The Potomac and James Rivers account for 18 percent and 14 percent of fresh water inflow, respectively, while the Rappahannock and York Rivers only account for a combined 6 percent. The remaining 11 percent of fresh water inflow comes from the tributaries of the eastern shore.

The Bay is 156 nautical miles long and 25.6 nautical miles wide at its widest expanse. The Bay encompasses 2.84 million acres (11.5 billion square meters) of surface area with a volume

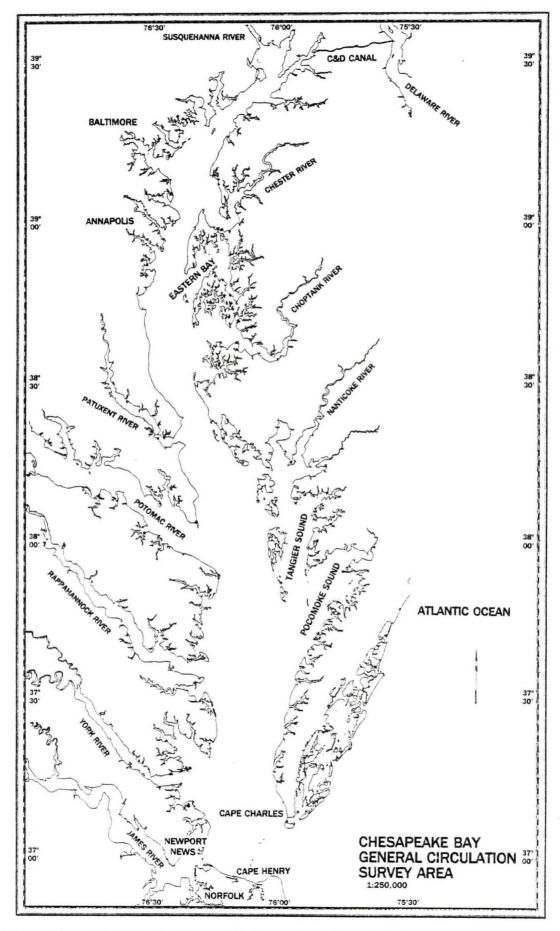


Figure 1. General Area of Chesapeake Bay Circulation Survey

of 96.8 billion cubic yards (74 billion cubic meters) of water. The average depth is approximately 27 feet (8 meters) with occasional deep channels of 175 feet (53 meters) (Hargis, 1981).

2.0 NOS CIRCULATION SURVEY

One of the major goals of the National Ocean Service (NOS), a major component of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), is to define the tidal circulation in the Nation's estuaries and waterways for navigation purposes. NOS began a 2 1/2 year circulation survey of the Chesapeake Bay in August 1981 from its entrance to the Susquehanna River, through the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal and into the Delaware River, to respond to user needs and requests from other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial and academic concerns.

2.1 Planning

A circulation survey of an estuary involves the measurement of parameters that describe or cause the water movement within the estuary. The data collected include tides, currents, water conductivity, water temperature, and meteorological parameters. In planning a survey, the object is to cover the time and spatial scales necessary for defining the tide and tidal current regime as thoroughly as available resources will allow. Current, meteorologic, conductivity/temperature/depth (CTD), and tide station locations are chosen from:

- 1. previous experience in the effect of physical boundaries and bathymetry on local circulation;
- literature search on the findings of previous investigations of the survey area;
- 3. knowledge of circulation patterns obtained from local pilots and fishermen;

- 4. studying the historical data collected in that area; and
- 5. the special needs of supporting agencies and scientific concerns expressed at formal and informal NOS briefings.

The Chesapeake Bay circulation survey was divided into three phases representing the 3 years of operations. Planning activities for each phase included an initial field plan from the Rockville office, a presentation of this plan in briefings before representatives of Federal and State agencies, academic institutions, industry and the private sector, and a final field reconnaissance of the survey area. All phases of the program involved only the Bay proper, none of the tributaries were surveyed.

The briefing held for Phase I of the survey was attended by over 80 individuals. As a result of that briefing, a working group of 11 members (two NOAA representatives and nine extra NOAA individuals) was formed; these were in addition to the project team members. This working group provided input to NOS regarding the scientific interests of the various organizations and actual support of the program.

A result of NOS' desire to respond to the needs of outside interests was the decision on the area to be covered during Phase I of the Chesapeake Bay circulation survey. Phase I of the survey took place during August to December 1981 and was conducted between a line from Cedar Point to the Nanticoke River on the north, and a line between Smith Point and Pocomoke Sound on the south. Normally, NOS begins a survey at the entrance to an estuary and works up to the head of the estuary. However, in this case beginning the program in the middle of the Bay effected a coordinated effort with the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) which was conducting a multiyear program in the Potomac River. NOS

occupied stations in the Bay proper near the mouth of the River to supplement data collected by USGS.

Phase II of the survey was conducted from April to December 1982 covering the area between the entrance of the Chesapeake Bay northward to the Smith Point - Pocomoke Sound border. Final station locations for this area were determined after an informal meeting with the working group and a field reconnaissance by personnel from the Rockville office.

The preliminary plan for the Phase III portion of the Chesapeake Bay circulation survey was explained and comments were invited from attendees of a briefing held at the World Trade Center in Baltimore's Inner Harbor on September 13, 1982. In particular, comments and suggestions offered by the President of the Association of Maryland Pilots were invaluable in placing of a number of current stations in the northern portion of the Bay. A representative from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources (DNR) was very much interested in a proposed dumping site off Kent Island for spoils dredged from the Baltimore Harbor; there was a strong need for knowledge of the circulation there. Through a cooperative agreement with DNR, NOS agreed to upgrade a proposed 30-day current station site off Kent Island to a long-term (1 year) current station to be deployed in November 1982.

Phase III of the survey was conducted from April 1983 to December 1983 covering the area from the Cedar Point - Nanticoke River entrance boundary to the northern extent of the Bay, including Port Deposit and the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal.

2.2 Field Support

The NOAA ship FERREL was assigned the task of performing the field operations. The FERREL is a 349-gross ton, 133-foot

(40.54 m) vessel, with a 32-foot (9.75 m) beam, and draws a maximum of 7 feet (2.13 m). The FERREL carries 5 NOAA Corps Officers and 14 wage marine crew.

Current, meteorological and CTD instrumentation were calibrated before and after each phase of the survey by the NOS Test and Evaluation Laboratory at the Washington Navy Yard. The exception to this was the final calibration of instrumentation after Phase III of the survey performed by Wyle Laboratories. All calibration was done according to the procedures outlined in "Calibration Program Operation Manual For East Coast Circulatory Survey Instrumentation" by EG&G Washington Analytical Services Center, Inc.

2.3 Cooperative Agreements

In addition to the field effort conducted by the FERREL, there were four long-term current meter stations that were occupied continuously, even through the winter months. Station 40 located in the entrance to the Bay was deployed in September 1981. Station 65 located in the Wolf Trap area was deployed in December 1981. Station 36 located in mid-Bay off the mouth of the Patuxent River was deployed in September 1981. Station 121 located in the trench off Kent Island was deployed in November 1982. These stations were maintained through the winter months and, during periods when the FERREL was unavailable, by cooperative efforts with the Atlantic Marine Center, NOS, and Old Dominion University for station 40, with the Virginia Institute of Marine Science for station 65, and with the Maryland Department of Natural Resources for stations 36 and 121 (figure 5).

2.4 Survey Statistics

During the project, current meter and CTD data were collected at 132 locations (figures 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9). Tide data were collected at 9 control stations and 36 subordinate stations

(figures 10, 11, 12, and 13). Meteorological data were collected at two locations during each season (figures 10, 11, and 12). Tables listing all data files for each location and times of occupation are included in this report. The final Chesapeake Bay data set consists of 685 current data files, 31 meteorological data files, 844 conductivity, temperature and depth data files, and tide data from 45 locations in the Bay.

The NOS Delaware River and Bay circulation survey carried out in 1984 and 1985 reoccupied two current stations and two tide stations in the C&D Canal, as well as two current stations in the Elk River. Details about the data from these occupations can be found in Klavans, et al (1986).

3.0 CURRENT DATA

3.1 Measurement Instrumentation

The current meters used were Grundy Model 9021-G current meters which recorded on a 3-inch diameter, 1/4-inch wide magnetic tape in 10-bit binary code. The meter serial number, current direction, current speed, temperature, sample count or time in hours and minutes, conductivity, and for some meters, pressure are recorded. The instrument is rated for 2000-meter depth service (figures 2 and 3 and table 1).

The speed sensor is a Roberts-type rotor which is oriented into the current by a relatively large tail fin. The speed is measured by the number of rotations of the rotor averaged over a 10-minute sampling period. Current direction is measured instantaneously at the end of the rotor count by comparing direction with that of magnetic north from a gimballed magnetic compass. The temperature transducer is a platinum resistance thermometer exposed to the water. The conductivity sensor is a transformer for which the outside water acts as a coupling link. The depth sensor is a bulk silicon bridge transducer with temperature compensation. A continuously running crystal oscillator ensures that the programming of sensors, sampling interval, and tape motor speed are consistent throughout the deployment. The battery is a 12V DC sealed lead storage battery.

The mooring, depicted in figure 4, is a taut-wire mooring system designed to support one to three meters on the cable. The major components are an umbilical line to a surface buoy, the subsurface buoy, a pinger, and the main cable and anchor system. The meters are attached to asymmetrical A-frames which are attached inline to the mooring cable. The meters are situated on the cable such that the surface meter is 15 feet (4.6 meters) below mean low water and the bottom meter is generally 5 feet (1.5 meters) above the bottom (Browne and Dingle, 1983).

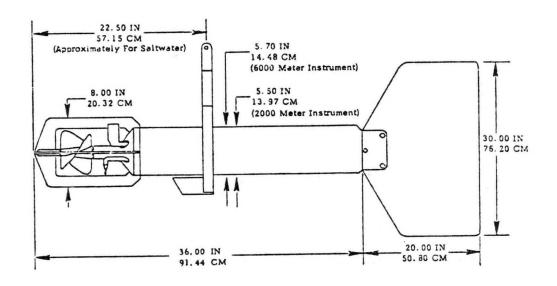


Figure 2. Grundy 9021 G Current Meter Dimensions

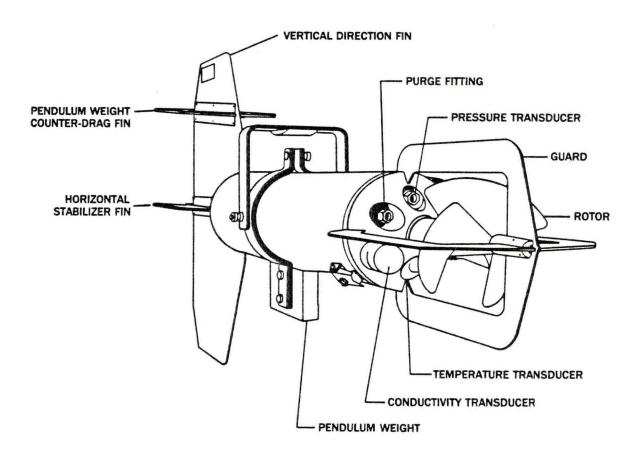


Figure 3. Grundy 9021 G Current Meter

Table 1. Manufacturer's Specifications for the Grundy 9021 G Current Meter (Plessy Environmental Systems Corp., 1977)

Current Speed Sensor

Speed Range: 2.5 to 500 cm/sec (approximately 0.05 to 10 knots) a 3 inch spool can be used. To Starting Velocity: 1.5 cm/sec Accuracy: ±2 cm/sec or 2%, whichever is greater

Current Direction Sensor

Type: Vane 0° to 360° Magnetic direction: continuous Minimum movement velocity: Less than 30 mm/sec Compass resolution: ±1° Compass precision: ±3° Allowable Pitch & Roll: ±30° from horizontal

cm) Recording System Type: 4 inch magnetic tape cm) Format: Digital, serial form Storage capacity: 70,000 words (or 10,000 seven word samples) Resolution: 0.1% Drive: Brushless stepper motor

Timing Mechanism

Type: Solid state clock m; Timing interval: Programmable 90 1b (41 Kg) for 6000 m from 0.5 to 75 minutes

In water: 46 1b (21 Kg) for Precision: Better than ±2 sec/ day from -5°C to +40°C

Sampling

Parameters to be measured: 6 data channels plus identification number Measuring speed: 0.6 sec per line. measurement Rate: Continuous or preset by timing mechanism for 0.8 to 120 samples per hour (sample intervals 0.5 to 75 min.)

Magnetic Tape

Standard & in magnetic tape on obtain the data storage capacity of 70,000 words, 600 ft of triple-play tape is necessary.

Dimensions

Diameter: 5.5 in (14 cm) for 2000 m depth capability; 5.7 in (15 cm) for 6000 m Width: 8 in (20 cm) Height: (instrument and fin): 24 in (61 cm) Length (instrument and fin): 56 in. (142 cm) Height overall (including suspension frame): 96 in (244 Length overall (including suspension frame): 76 in (193

Weight

Instrument In air: 51 1b (23 Kg) for 2000 m; 56 lb (25 Kg) for 6000 m Instrument (including suspension frame) In air: 75 1b (34 Kg) for 2000 In water: 46 1b (21 Kg) for 2000 m; 60 lb (28 Kg) for 6000 m

Suspension System

Mounting: In-line splice or clamp on. Gimbal: Active ball bearing, low torque gimbal not subjected to tensile stress from mooring Tilt (maximum): Independent of mooring line angle up to 30° from vertical. Material: 316 stainless steel Tensile strength: 9000 lbs (4100 Kg) Sample count: optional Sample interval in minutes: $\frac{N \times T}{8}$, where

N=number of parameters T=number of days to record-not to exceed 180

Telemetering System

Type: Acoustic

Frequency: 32,768 Hz (nominal) Telemetering speed: 0.6 sec per

measurement

Range: Approximately 800 m depending on conditions

Electronics

Circuits: All solid state Power: 12v sealed, lead-acid battery; rechargeable with Model 8021 charger

Operating Environoments

Medium: Saline or fresh water Operating temperature range: -5°C to +40°C Storage temperature range: -30°C to +40°C Maximum operating depth: 2000m (6000 m optional) Maximum pressure: 3000 psi (9000 psi optional)

(for spliced mounting)

Optional Measurands

Temperature

Range: -2° to 35°C Precision: ±0.1°C

Response time: 15 sec for 99%

response Conductivity

Range: 0 to 60 mmho/cm (other ranges available on special

order)

Precision: ±0.12 mmho/cm Response time: 4 sec

Depth/Pressure

Precision: ±0.5% of full scale

Response time: 10 m sec

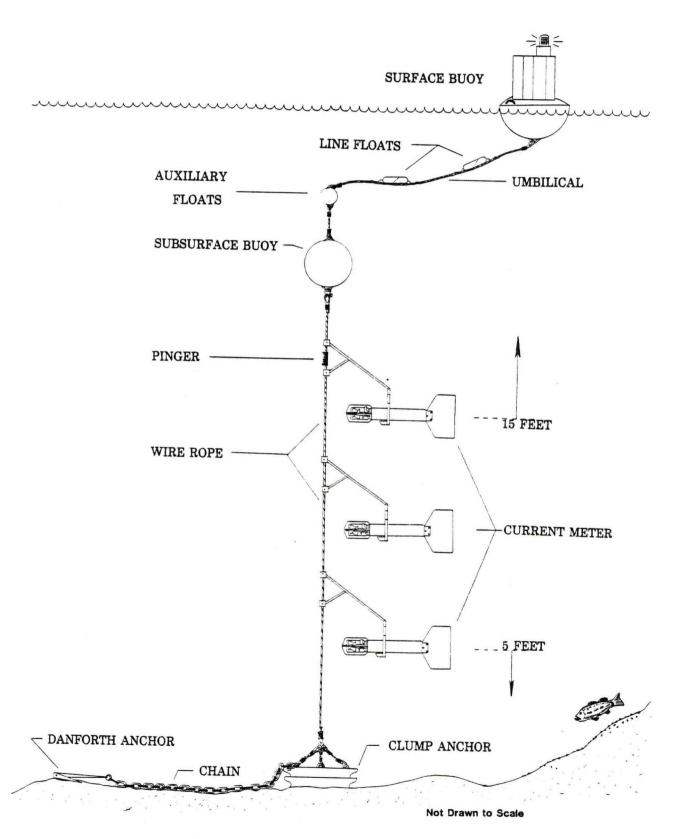


Figure 4. Current Meter Taut-Wire Mooring System

3.2 Processing Procedures

Processing in this context means transforming data recorded on magnetic tape inside the Grundy current meter to a computer compatible form in engineering units with all errors due to obvious mechanical or electronic failures edited and timing checked for accuracy.

Using a Grundy Model 8321 Tape Translator, the 3-inch current meter tapes were transcribed onto a nine-track computer compatible tape on board the ship. The nine-track tapes were then sent to NOS, Rockville, along with the station logs and other materials necessary for processing. A two-phase processing scheme was carried out on the data using software written for a UNIVAC 1100 computer. This procedure converted Grundy instrument units into engineering units and assigned times to the data points based on the original start time of the meter. Correct times were assigned to the data points after examining field records and the actual data record. Outlying data values were then eliminated both by hand editing and by running the data through a Wiener-type predictor statistical editing routine to eliminate outlying data values due to mechanical or electronic meter malfunctions. The data time series were then plotted on 35mm microfilm.

After processing was completed, the data were sent to the National Oceanographic Data Center for archival and dissemination. Analysis results will appear in the 1988 edition of the <u>Tidal</u> <u>Current Tables</u>, <u>Atlantic Coast of North America</u>, from which current predictions will be obtainable for these current station locations. The results of other analyses of these data will be published in a technical report by mid-1987.

3.3 Current Stations

The locations of current stations deployed in all three phases of the Chesapeake Bay survey are shown in figures 5 through 9. Long-term current stations deployed throughout the survey are depicted in figure 5. Phase I current station locations are depicted in figure 7. Phase II current station locations are depicted in figure 6. Phase III current station locations are depicted in figures 8 and 9. Information on each station, latitude, longitude, meter depth, station depth, and duration of observations is given in table 2. Scheduling for all phases of the survey was based of the desire for simultaneous observations within the constraints of field logistics.

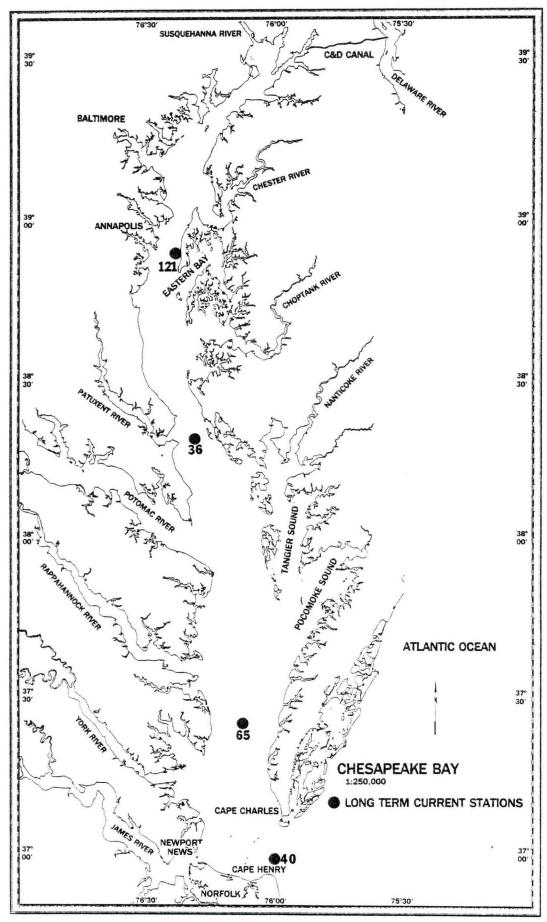


Figure 5. Long Term Current Stations

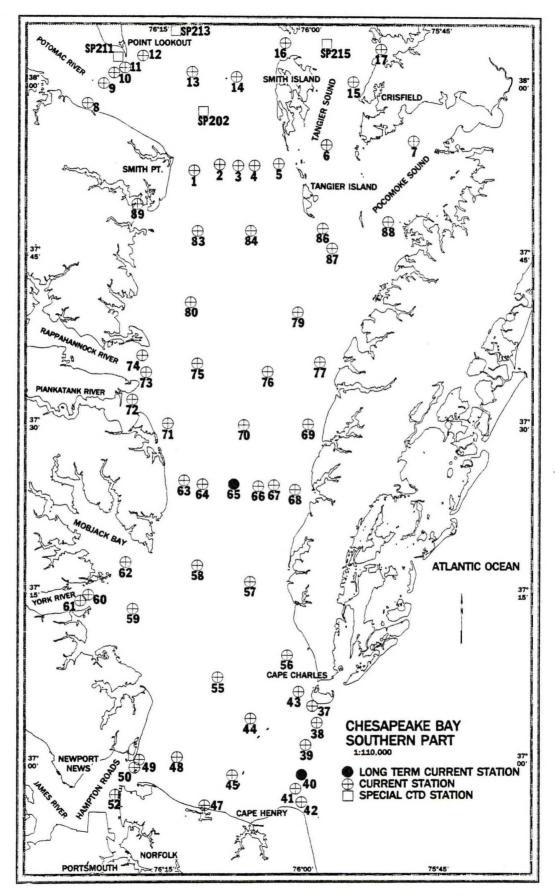


Figure 6. Current and CTD Stations - Phase II Area

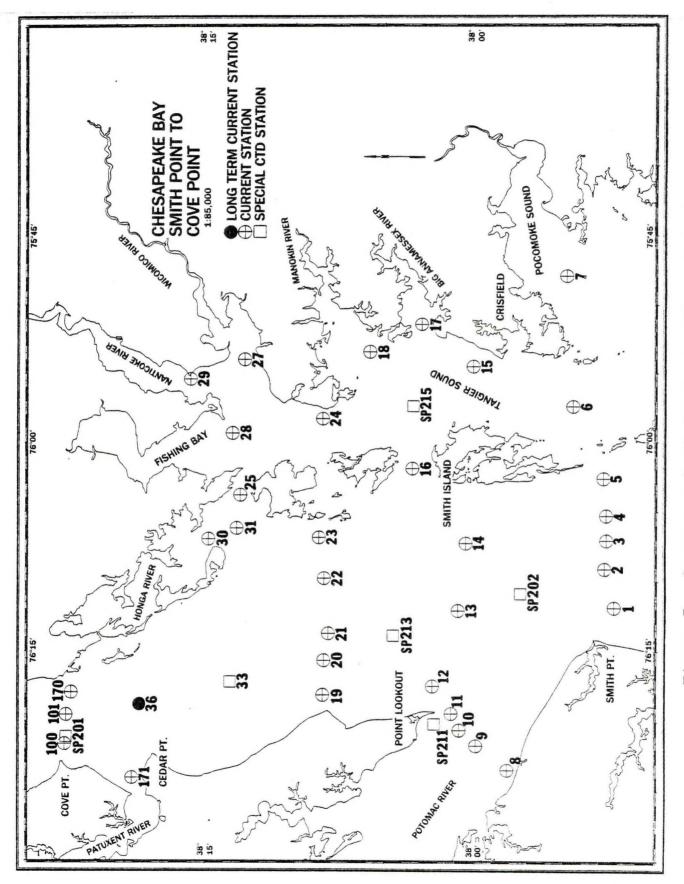


Figure 7. Current and CTD Stations - Phase I Area

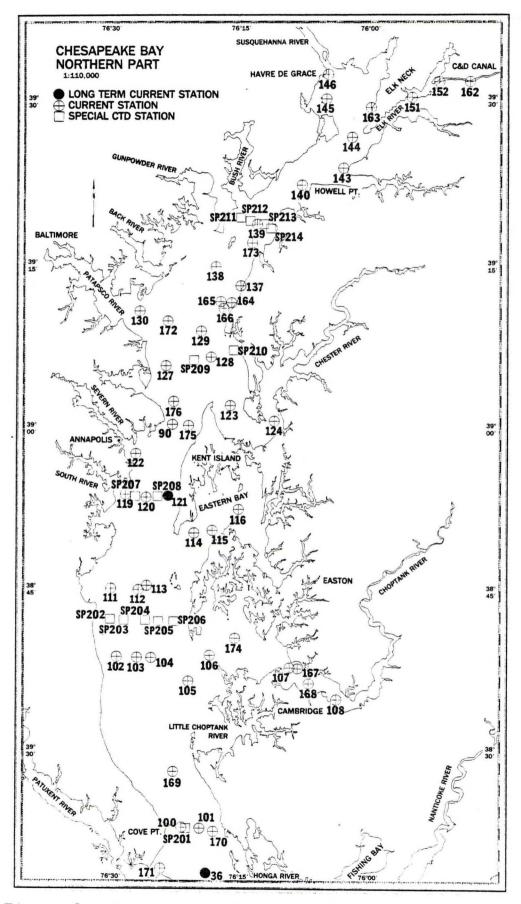
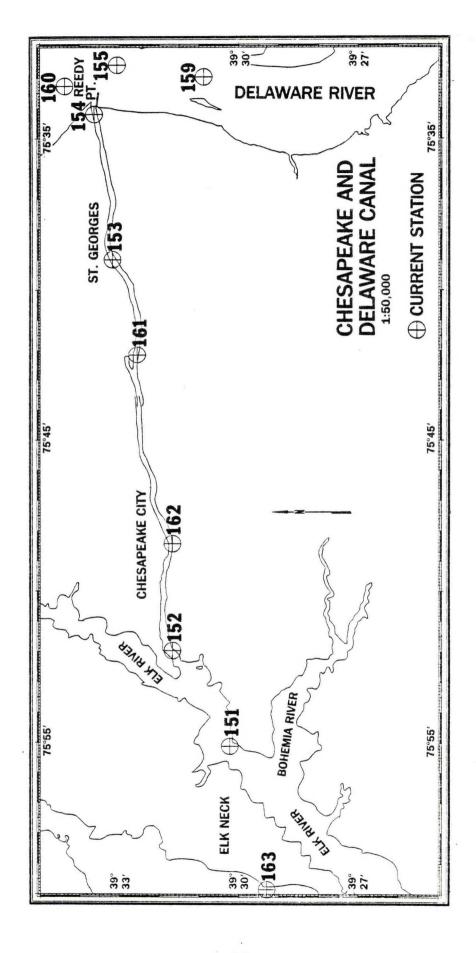


Figure 8. Current and CTD Stations - Phase III Area



Current and CTD Stations - Phase III Area - Continued Figure 9.

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	15 13 21			20 15		20 15	13 21	13 21	14	17.	16	21			19
Series Ends (Date)	09/24/81 09/24/81 10/13/81	1/11/8	9/22/8 0/13/8	11/02/81 $11/17/81$	9/22/8	11/02/81	09/22/81 10/13/81	09/24/81 10/31/81	09/24/81	10/09/81	09/24/81	09/30/81	1/02/8	30	1/02/8
Series Begins (Date)	09/09/81 09/09/81 09/22/81	1/02/8	9/09/8	10/13/81 11/02/81	9/00/6	10/13/81 11/02/81	09/09/81 09/22/81	09/09/81 09/22/81	09/08/81	09/22/81	09/08/81	09/09/81	0/14/8	90	9/30/0 0/14/8
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	58.0	· · ·	m m	33.0 33.0		88.00	24.0 24.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	5.0	80.0	. 6	55.0	4
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	11.5 73.0 73.7 73.6			73.6 75.3	33	73.6	38.6	38.6	29.5	29.1	10.9	94.5	6.46	94.5	6.46
(W)	9.1	09.22	09.12	09.08 09.22	09.12	09.08 09.22	07.08	= =	05.30	=	02.65	57.42	57.50	57.42	57.50
Location 1) Long	76	92	9/	76 76	9/	92 76	9/		9/		9/	75	75	75	75
2	2.2	52.57	52.75	52.63 52.57	52.75	52.63 52.57	52.65	= =	52.67	=	52.83	54.50	54.07	54.50	54.07
Lat		37	37	37	37	37	37		37		37	37	37	37	37
Sta. No.	1 2T 2T 2T	2T	2M 2M	2M 2M	2B 2B	28 7 7 8 7 8 7 8	3T 3T	3B 3B	T4	4B	5	T9	. L9	6M MA	W9

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	21 15 19	27	20	15 20	15 20	13 17 19 15 15	17 15 21 15	15	15	16 17 16
Series Ends (Date)	09/30/81 10/15/81 11/02/81	09/29/81	10/14/81	10/08/81 10/28/81	10/08/81 10/28/81	09/21/81 10/08/81 10/27/81 11/11/81 11/16/81 11/02/81	10/08/81 11/11/81 12/02/81 11/17/81	10/08/81 10/27/81	10/08/81 10/27/81	12/02/81 10/30/81 12/02/81
Series Begins (Date)	09/09/81 09/30/81 10/14/81	09/02/81	09/24/81	09/23/81 10/08/81	09/23/81 10/08/81	09/08/81 09/21/81 10/08/81 10/27/81 11/11/81 10/14/81	09/21/81 10/27/81 11/11/81 11/02/81	09/23/81 10/08/81	09/23/81 10/08/81	11/16/81 10/13/81 11/16/81
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	5.0 5.0 8.0	5.0	5.0	24.0 24.0	5.0	38.0	85.00	33.0	5.0	19.0 5.0 5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	94.5	11.5	15.4	37.9 39.6	39.6	52.5 53.6 54.6 52.5 52.5	52.5 53.6 54.6 52.5	47.8	47.8	36.0 35.2 36.0
(M)	57.42 57.50	47.92	23.50	21.75	= =	20.62 " 20.82 20.62 20.57	20.62 20.82 20.57	19.45	::	17.50
Location () Long	75	75	9/	9/		9/ 9/ 9/ 1/6	76 76 76	92		92
2	54.50	54.87	58.12	59.87	::	00.80 " 00.76 00.80 00.75	00.80 00.76 00.75	01.25	= =	02.30
Lat	37	37	37	37		3 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	38 38	38		38
Sta. No.	6B 6B 6B	7	∞	9T 9T	9B 9B	10111111111111111111111111111111111111	10B 10B 10B	11T 11T	11B 11B	12T 12B 12B

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	17	15	17	17	21 21 21	19	19	16	15	13	13 17	13	13	13.
Series Ends (Date)	10/30/81 12/01/81	12/01/81	10/30/81 12/01/81	10/30/81	09/30/81 09/30/81 09/30/81	10/14/81	12/01/81	12/01/81	11/13/81	10/27/81 11/13/81	10/27/81 11/13/81	10/27/81 11/13/81	10/27/81 11/13/81	10/27/81 11/13/81
Series Begins (Date)	10/13/81 $11/16/81$	11/16/81	10/13/81 $11/16/81$	10/13/81	09/09/81 09/09/81 09/09/81	09/25/81	11/12/81	11/12/81	10/29/81	10/14/81 $10/27/81$	10/14/81 10/27/81	10/14/81 10/27/81	10/14/81 10/27/81	10/14/81 10/27/81
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	48.0	23.0	5.0	19.0	83.0 58.0 5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5:0	29.0 29.0	5.0	82.0 82.0	57.0 57.0	5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	63.5	0.49	= =	37.0	97.9	14.8	17.5	25.3	22.6	44.0	= =	97.0 99.2	97.0	97.0 99.2
n g (W)	12.12	12.12		07.28	54.52	01.93	51.45	53.48	18.13	15.67	= =	13.75	= =	
Location) Long	92	9/		9/	75	9/	75	75	9/	92		92		
2	00.88	00.88	::	00.45	00.05	03.45	02.93	05.82	08.43	08.38		08.13	= =	= =
Lat	38	38		38	38	38	38	38	38	38		38		
Sta. No.	13T 13T	13M	13B 13B	14T	15T 15M 15B	16	17	18	19	20T 20T	20B 20B	21T 21T	21M 21M	21B 21B

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

Length of Series (Days)	17	10	13 19	13 19	17	18	18 18	18 18	15	15	118 119 119 117 118 118
Series Ends (Date)	11/30/81	11/13/81	11/12/81 12/01/81	11/12/81 12/01/81	11/30/81	11/30/81	11/30/81 11/30/81	11/30/81 11/30/81	11/13/81	11/13/81	09/21/81 10/08/81 10/27/81 11/11/81 11/30/81 12/07/81 02/08/82 04/13/82 05/05/82 05/20/82 06/07/82
Series Begins (Date)	11/13/81	11/03/81	10/30/81 $11/12/81$	10/30/81 $11/12/81$	11/13/81	11/12/81	$\frac{11}{12}$	$\frac{11}{12}$	10/29/81	10/29/81	09/03/81 09/21/81 10/08/81 10/27/81 11/11/81 11/30/81 12/21/81 03/01/82 04/13/82 05/05/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	10.0	5.0	32.0 32.0	5.0	7.0	5.0	10.0	24.0	5.0	8.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	26.0	17.8	47.3	47.3	21.0	14.8	24.7 24.7	42.3	31.8	22.9	54.8 55.9 55.9 55.3 55.9 57.7
n g (W)	08.60	18.90	58.33	= =	03.83	54.02	59.37	55.43	76.90	06.20	18.78 18.72 18.73 118.73
ation	9/	9/	75		9/	75	75	75	9/	9/	76 76 76
Location Lat (N) Long	08.38	19.80	08.45	::	13.05	12.80	13.48	15.80	14.82	13,25	18.67 18.72 18.70
La	38	38	38		38	38	38	38	38	38	38 38
Sta. No.	22	23	24T 24T	24B 24B	25	. 27	28T 28B	29T 29B	30B	31	36T

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

th of les	10.0	_		•	. ~		~~		_	~		~	_						_							2.5					
Length Series (Days)	15																		20	17		17									17
eries Ends Date)	28/82	27/8	13/8	28/80	08/8	10/8	17/8	05/8	17/8	05/8	22/8	18/8	8/90	20/8	07/8	20/8	07/8	15/8	05/8	24/83	21/8	8/80	27/8	11/8	30/8	07/8	08/8	27/8	20/8	8//8	24/82
Se F	07/	∞	200		2	1	2	4	9	1	-	∞	9	6	0	0	-	\vdash	2	/90	6	0	0	\vdash	-	2	-	4	5	9	/40
eries egins Date)	/13/82/28/82	17/8	2//8	0/67	09/8	08/8	10/8	23/8	03/8	17/8	05/8	01/8	18/8	07/8	20/8	07/8	20/8	07/8	15/8	07/83	03/8	21/8	08/8	27/8	11/8	30/8	21/8	13/8	05/8	20/8	0//82/24/82
S m C	07/	∞	200	VC		2	H	3	9	9	-	∞	∞	6	0	0	0	-	-	/90	9	9	0	0	-	-	2	4	5	2	/90
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	40.0	: :	: =	=	=	=	= 1	= :	: :	: :	: :	: :	= ;	= 1	=	=	=	=	=	18.0	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	0.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	57.5	= =	: =	=	56.0		55.1	= :	: :	: :	: :	= =	•	55.5	9	9	9	/	7.	57.5	4.	9.45	5	7	5.	5.		ζ.	55.9	0 1	.=
tion Long (W)	18.77	= =	: =	=	18.75	=	= :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	= :	= :	=	=	=	=	18.77	18.78	= :	= :	=	18.72	18.73	: :	: :	: :	77 01	10.//
ation	9/				9/															9/	9/				9/	9/				76	0
Location (N) Long	18.70	: :	: =	=	18.73	=	= :	: :	: :	: =	: :	: =	: :	: :	= :	= 1	=	=	=	18.72	18.67	= :	= :		18.72		: :	: =	=	=	
Lat	38				38															38	38			,	38	38					
No.	36T	= =	=	=	=	=	= :	: :	: =	: =	: :	: =	: :	: :	= :	= ;	= :	=	:	36M	36B	= :	= :	= :	=	= =	: =	: =	=	=	=
Sta.				?									2	.7																	

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	20 17 17 18 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	12 12 12 12 12 12 13 41
Series Ends (Date)	07/28/82 08/17/82 09/13/82 09/29/82 10/14/82 11/09/82 02/17/83 04/05/83 07/05/83 07/05/83 09/07/83 10/20/83 11/07/83	05/24/82 06/15/82 06/03/82 06/15/82 06/15/82 06/15/82 06/15/82 10/21/81 12/17/81 01/18/82 03/11/82
Series Begins (Date)	07/13/82 08/27/82 08/27/82 09/13/82 09/29/82 10/28/82 01/10/83 02/17/83 05/17/83 07/22/83 07/22/83 09/07/83 10/07/83	05/12/82 06/03/82 05/12/82 06/03/82 06/03/82 06/03/82 06/03/82 06/03/82 06/03/82 06/03/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)		10.0 10.0 17.0 17.1 8.0 8.0 5.0 5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	57.5 55.1 56.9 56.9 56.5 56.5 56.5	24.7 33.3 32.2 32.2 19.9 19.9
(W)	18.77 118.75 118.73	58.83 58.33 11 59.55
Location) Long	76	75 75 75
Locé Lat (N)	18.70 18.73 18.72 118.72	04.85 03.27 03.37 " " 01.40
La	38 88 38	37 37 37 36 36
Sta. No.	368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368	37 37 38T 38B 39 39 40T
S	28	

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	17	, ∞	22	12	17	12	15	15	15	15	16	21	15	15	13	22	23	22	22	10	29	20	27	28	32	50	36	33	20) L			33
Series Ends (Date)	04/15/82	5/12/8	6/03/8	6/11/8	7/02/8	7/14/8	7/29/8	8/13/8	8/28/8	9/12/8	9/28/8	0/19/8	1/03/8	1/18/8	1/30/8	2/22/8	1/14/8	2/10/8	3/04/8	3/23/8	4/21/8	5/11/8	5/24/8	7/11/8	8/15/8	9/13/8	0/11/8	1/18/8	2/08/8	0/21/8	2/17/8	2/2//8	2/08/8	03/29/82
Series Begins (Date)	03/29/82	5/04/8	5/12/8	6/03/8	6/11/8	7/02/8	7/14/8	7/29/8	8/113/8	8/28/8	9/12/8	9/28/8	0/19/8	1/03/8	1/18/8	1/30/8	2/22/8	1/14/8	2/10/8	3/04/8	3/23/8	8/07/8	5/11/8	6/13/8	7/11/8	8/11/8	9/13/8	0/17/8	1/18/8	9/15/8	0/21/8	2/11/8	1/18/8	02/24/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	27.0	=	=	=	Ξ.	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	•		•	•	5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	42.0	-	H	-	1	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	H	42.5	2	-	=	=	=	=	40.7	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	42.0	=	=	=	=
Location	75 59.93	=	=	75 59.88	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	=	=	75 59.98	=	=	=	75 59.93
Locé Lat (N)	36 58.78	=	=	=	= :	= :	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	36 58.77	=	=	=	36 58.78
Sta. No.	T04	=	= :	= :	= :	= :	= :	=	=	=	=	=	=	= 2	= 29	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	40B	=	=	=	=

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	17 8 22	12																				22		22		22 12
Series Ends (Date)	04/15/82 05/12/82 06/03/82	6/15/8	7/29/8	8/28/8	9/12/8	0/19/8	1/03/8	1/18/8	1/30/8 2/15/8	1/14/8	3/04/8	3/23/8	4/21/8	5/11/8	6/13/8	7/11/8	8/11/8	9/13/8	0/11/8	1/18/8	2/08/8	06/03/82	6/15/8	06/03/82	0/61/0	06/03/82 06/15/82
Series Begins (Date)	03/29/82 05/04/82 05/12/82	6/03/8	7/14/8	8/13/8	8/28/8	9/28/8	0/19/8	1/03/8	1/18/8	2/22/8	2/10/8	3/04/8	3/23/8	4/21/8	5/11/8	6/13/8	7/11/8	8/11/8	9/13/8	0/11/8	1/18/8	05/12/82	6/03/8	05/12/82	0/00/0	05/12/82 06/03/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	0.00.8				•		•		•	•			•									47.0	7	23.0	,	8.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	42.0 41.9 41.7	==	::	=	= =	:	Ϊ.	3,5	47.0	- =	=	=	40.7	=	= :	=	= ;	=	= :	=	=	61.8	-	61.8	•	61.8
(W)	6.	59.88	= =	=	= =	=	= :	: :	=	=	=	=	=	= :	= :	=	= :	= 1	= :	=	=	00.63	9.	00.63		00.63
Location) Long		75																				9/	9/	76	2	76
Lat (N)	58.78 58.80	= =	= =	=	: :	=	= :	: :	=	=	=	=	=	= :	= :	=	= :	= :	= :	=	=	57.53	=	::		= =
Lat	36																					36				
Sta. No.	40B	= =	= =	:	::	=	= :	= =	=	= 30	=	=	=	= :	= :	= ;	= :	= :	= :	=	00 pa	41T	41T	41M	1111	41B 41B

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	22	22 12	22	8 14	16 15	16 6 15	22	22	21	16	16	16	16 18	16 18 20
Series Le Ends (Date)	06/03/82	06/03/82 06/15/82	06/02/82	05/19/82 06/02/82	06/02/82 11/18/82	05/27/82 06/02/82 11/18/82	06/02/82	06/02/82	06/02/82	06/18/82	06/18/82	06/18/82	06/18/82 07/06/82	06/18/82 07/06/82 07/06/82
Series Begins (Date)	05/12/82	05/12/82 06/03/82	05/11/82	05/11/82 05/19/82	05/27/82 11/03/82	05/11/82 05/27/82 11/03/82	05/11/82	05/11/82	05/12/82	06/02/82	06/02/82	06/02/82	06/02/82 06/18/82	06/02/82 06/18/82 06/16/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	31.0	8.0	14.0	8.0	29.0 28.0	000.888	38.0	8.0	8.0	36.0	8.0	81.0	46.0	8.0 8.0 37.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	46.1	46.1	29.8	::	42.4	42.4 42.4 46.5	53.2	=	23.1	51.4	=	0.46	::	51.9
(W)	59.98	59.88	00.33	::	05.58	05.58 05.58 05.58	07.57	=	10.60	13.60	=	17.72	::	18.23
Location) Long	75	75	9/		76 76	76 76 76	9/		9/	9/		9/		92
Lat (N)	56.33	56.33	06.10	= =	03.40	03.40 03.40 03.73	58.73	=	56.05	00.32	=	00.12	= =	59.42
La	36	36	37		37	37 37 37	36		36	37		37		36
Sta. No.	42T	42B 42B	43T	43B 43B	T44 T44	8777 7478 31	45T	45B	47	184	48B	T64	W6 7 W6 7	49B 49B 50T

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Sta.	No.	La	Loc. Lat (N)	Location) Long	(W)	Water Depth at MLW (ft)	Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	Series Begins (Date)	Series Ends (Date)	Length of Series (Days)
5	50B	36	59.42	9/	18.23	51.9	8.0	06/16/82	07/06/82	20
5	52T	36	57.03	9/	20.32	50.3	37.0	06/16/82	06/30/82	14
5	52B		=		=	Ξ	8.0	06/16/82	06/28/82	12
5	55T 55T	37	07.38	9 <u>/</u>	09.20	40.5	27.0 27.0	06/02/82 06/16/82	06/16/82 07/06/82	14 20
5	5B 5B	37	07.38	92 76	09.20 09.27	40.5	8.0	06/02/82 06/16/82	06/16/82 07/06/82	14 20
5	9.	37	09.37	9/	01.60	22.9	0.6	06/17/82	07/06/82	19
5	57T 57T	37	15.95	92 76	05.67	101.3	87.0 86.0	04/26/82 11/08/82	05/11/82 11/30/82	15 22
5 5	57M 57M	37	15.95	92	05.67	101.3 102.5	62.0 61.0	04/26/82 11/08/82	05/11/82 11/20/82	15 22
2	57B	37	15.87	9/	05.62	102.5	8.0	11/08/82	11/30/82	22
2	58T	37	17.40	9/	11.45	41.5	26.0	04/26/82	05/11/82	15
5	58B		=		=	=	8.0	04/26/82	05/11/82	15
50	59T 59T	37	13.55	9/	18.47	37.9 37.0	23.0 23.0	06/15/82 07/22/82	06/30/82 08/09/82	15 18
99	F07 60T	37	14.80	92	23.28	53.9 52.4	0.04	06/14/82 07/06/82	07/06/82 07/21/82	22 15
000	60M 60M 60B		:::		:::	53.9 52.4 53.9	15.0 15.0 5.0	06/14/82 07/06/82 06/23/82	07/06/82 07/21/82 07/06/82	22 15 13

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	2 15	2 15	2 15	2 15	2 19	2 114 19	2		2	Т	2	Г	7	П,	⊣ c	14	1		I	1	П	П	3	2	n	
Series Ends (Date)	07/23/82	07/21/82	07/21/82	06/30/82	08/09/82	05/10/82 07/21/82 08/09/82	1/06/8	1/15/8	2/23/8	3/10/8	4/08/8	4/26/8	5/10/8	5/27/8	8/17/8	07/21/82	8/24/8	9/11/8	9/21/8	0/15/8	1/03/8	2/01/8	1/06/8	2/03/8	3/30/8	4/04/8
Series n Begins (Date)	07/06/82	07/06/82	07/06/82	06/15/82	07/21/82	04/27/82 07/07/82 07/21/82	2/08/8	1/06/8	1/25/8	2/23/8	3/10/8	4/08/8	4/26/8	5/10/8	8/17/5	07/07/82	8/60/8	8/24/8	9/11/8	9/27/8	0/15/8	1/18/8	2/01/8	1/06/8	2/24/8	3/30/8
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	5.0	22.0	8.0	0.6	5.0	17.0 16.0 16.0	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	. 0	26.0	9	. 9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	52.4	36.5	=	24.5	16.7	32.3 31.3	41.1	= :	= :	= :	=	= :	= :	: :	: =	Ξ	40.0	0.04	=	41.1	41.5		=	41.2	: :	=
(W)	23.38	24.13	=	19.25	12.90	10.90	07.48	= :	= :	= :	=	07.40	: :	= =	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	04.70	: :	=
Location) Long	9/	9/		9/	9/	92 92	9/					9/												9/		
Loc Lat (N)	14.80	14.28	=	17.70	25.00	24.67	24.68	= :	= :	= :	=	24.70		24./0	=	24.80	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	24.80	: :	
La	37	37		37	37	37	37					37	1	3/		37								37		
Sta. No.	60B	61T	618	62	63	79 79 79	T29 3	9	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	0.01 6.5T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	65T	.I.C9

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	37 29 23 27 29 20	110 122 122 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133	19 13 18
Series Ends (Date)	05/11/83 06/09/83 07/13/83 08/09/83 09/06/83 10/03/83 11/17/83	05/27/82 06/15/82 07/07/82 07/07/82 08/09/82 08/24/82 09/27/82 10/15/82 11/18/82 12/01/82 01/06/83 05/11/83 05/11/83 05/11/83	04/27/82 05/10/82 07/22/82 08/09/82
Series Begins (Date)	04/04/83 05/11/83 06/09/83 07/13/83 08/09/83 10/03/83 11/01/83	05/10/82 05/27/82 06/15/82 07/21/82 07/21/82 08/09/82 09/27/82 11/18/82 11/18/82 09/27/82 09/27/82 09/27/82 09/21/83 09/27/83 11/13/83 04/04/83 05/11/83 05/11/83	04/08/82 04/27/82 07/07/82 07/22/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0 26.0		18.0 18.0 17.0 17.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	41.2	40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 41.4 41.2 41.2	40.3 41.0 39.5 40.5
(W)	07.40	07.40	07.57 07.60 07.70
Location) Long	92	76	76 76 76
Lat (N)	24.80	24.70 24.80 	24.67 24.70 24.67
La	37	37 37 37	37
Sta. No.	657 657 657 657 657 657 657	859 859 8659 8659 8659 8659 8659 8659 86	65M 65M 65M 65M

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	18	14 14 13 18	18 14 15	10 15 18	13 15 18	18	13 6 15 18	20	20 16 14 20
Series Ends (Date)	08/09/82	04/22/82 04/26/82 05/10/82 07/09/82 07/22/82 08/09/82	04/26/82 05/10/82 07/22/82 08/09/82	04/26/82 05/10/82 07/22/82 08/09/82	05/10/82 07/22/82 08/09/82	08/09/82	04/27/82 05/10/82 07/22/82 08/09/82	08/10/82	06/21/82 07/07/82 07/21/82 08/10/82
Series n Begins (Date)	07/22/82	04/08/82 04/22/82 04/26/82 07/07/82 07/09/82	04/08/82 04/26/82 07/07/82 07/22/82	04/16/82 04/26/82 07/07/82 07/22/82	04/27/82 07/07/82 07/22/82	07/22/82	04/14/82 05/04/82 07/07/82 07/22/82	07/21/82	06/01/82 06/21/82 07/07/82 07/21/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	11.0	56.0 56.0 56.0 56.0 56.0	31.0 32.0 31.0 31.0	888.00.00.00.00	25.0 23.0 23.0	8.0	5.0	8.0	23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	40.5	72.3 72.2 71.2	72.3 72.2 71.0 71.2	72.3 72.2 71.0 71.2	39.5 37.4	=	20.6	21.2	37.0 37.0 36.5
(W)	07.70	04.80 04.85 05.00 05.00	04.80 04.85 05.00 05.00	04.80 04.85 05.00	03.10 03.83	03.83	00.70 00.80 00.78 00.78	59.37	06.40 06.40 06.50
Location) Long	9/	76 76 76 76	76 76 76 76	76 76 76	76 76	9/	76 76 76 76	75	76 76 76
N	24.67	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.60 24.50	24.50	24.30 24.33 24.20 24.20	29.97	29.90 29.90 29.70
Lat	37	37	37	37	37	37	37 37 37	37	37 37 37
Sta. No.	65M	66T 66T 66T 66T 66T	W99 W99 W99	999 8999 8999 35	179 179 179	67B	88888 688 688	69	70T 70T 70T 70T

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	20 14 20	20	18	16	7 11 14	11	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14 19	15 19
Series Ends (Date)	06/21/82 07/21/82 08/10/82	08/10/82	04/27/82	08/25/82	04/16/82 04/27/82 05/11/82	04/27/82 05/11/82	08/25/82	08/25/82	08/25/82	08/25/82	08/25/82	08/26/82	08/26/82	08/24/82 11/01/82	08/24/82 11/01/82
Series Begins (Date)	06/01/82 07/07/82 07/21/82	07/21/82	04/09/82	08/09/82	04/09/82 04/16/82 04/27/82	04/16/82 04/27/82	08/10/82	08/10/82	08/10/82	08/10/82	08/10/82	08/11/82	08/11/82	08/10/82 10/13/82	08/10/82 10/13/82
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	888	0.9	5.0	8.0	28.0	5.0	29.0	8.0	27.0	8.0	0.6	33.0	8.0	28.0 28.0	8.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	37.0 36.5	21.6	20.4	28.2	43.8	43.8	43.3	=	41.2	=	25.5	45.9	45.9	41.4	41.4
(W)	06.40	14.70	18.57	17.08	17.50	17.50	11.50	=	03.80	=	58.10	00.52	00.52	12.25	12.25
Location) Long	76 76	9/	9/	9/	92	9/2	9/		9/		75	9/	92	9/	92
Loca Lat (N)	29.90 29.70	30.03	32.13	34.53	36.00	36.0 36.00	35.30	=	34.60	=	35.45	39.85	39.85	40.70	40.70
Lai	37	37	37	37	37	37	37		37		37	37	37	37	37
a. No.	70B 70B 70B	71	72	73	74T 74T 74T	74B 74B	75T	75B	76T	76B	77	79T	79B	80T 80T	80B 80B
Sta					¥	36									

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Lé	Location Lat (N) Long	ation Long	(W)	Water Depth at MLW (ft)	Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	Series Begins (Date)	Series Ends (Date)	Length of Series (Days)
	40.70	9/	12.25	42.8	8.0	11/01/82	11/16/82	15
	47.00	9/	11.50	100.7 100.9	87.0 87.0	10/13/82 11/01/82	11/01/82 11/16/82	19 15
	= =		. :	100.7 100.9	62.0 62.0	10/13/82 11/01/82	11/01/82 11/16/82	19 15
	= =		::	100.7 100.9	8.0	10/13/82 11/01/82	11/01/82 11/16/82	19 15
	47.03	9/	05.68	36.0	21.0	11/01/82	11/17/82	16
	:		=	=	8.0	11/01/82	11/17/82	16
	47.25	75	57.83	102,4	86.0	10/14/82 11/02/82	11/02/82 11/17/82	19 15
	=		=	=	61.0	11/02/82	11/17/82	15
	::		::	= =	8.0	10/14/82 11/02/82	11/02/82 11/17/82	19 15
	45.50	75	56.80	25.7	11.0	10/14/82 10/27/82	10/27/82 11/02/82	13 6
	47.85	75 75	50.67 50.83	90.7	0.99	10/14/82 11/04/82	11/04/82 11/17/82	21 13
37	47.85	75	50.67 50.83	90.7	41.1 51.0	10/14/82 11/04/82	11/04/82 11/17/82	21 13
	47.85	75	50.67	7.06	8.0	10/14/82	11/04/82	21
	49.33	9/	18.07	20.4	8.0	08/11/82	08/26/82	15

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

1												
Length of Series (Days)	16 18 16	16 18 16	17 14 16	14 28	18 21	18	18 21	16 5	15	16 20	13	17
Series Ends (Date)	08/04/83 08/22/83 09/07/83	08/04/83 08/22/83 09/07/83	10/24/83 11/07/83 12/05/83	11/07/83 12/05/83	$\frac{11}{07}$	11/07/83 11/25/83	11/07/83 11/28/83	10/06/83 11/13/83	11/28/83	10/06/83 11/28/83	11/28/83	10/20/83
Series Begins (Date)	07/19/83 08/04/83 08/22/83	07/19/83 08/04/83 08/22/83	10/07/83 10/24/83 11/19/83	10/24/83 11/07/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	09/20/83 11/08/83	11/13/83	09/20/83 11/08/83	11/15/83	10/03/83
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	33.0 33.0	5.0	32.0 32.0 32.0	8.0	88.0 88.0	63.0 73.0	5.0	18.0 18.0	5.0	22.0 22.0	5.0	65.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	47.7 46.9 47.8	47.7 46.9 47.8	47.7 48.5 47.7	48.5	102,7	102,7	::	32.6 33.4	33.4	39.1 39.5	39.5	82.5
W Location) Long (W)	76 22.80	:::	76 21.62	= =	76 19.52	76 19.52	= =	76 29.23	Ξ	76 26.88	=	=
Loca Lat (N)	00.32		22.88	= =	22.80	22.80	::	38.70	=	38.63	:	£
Ţ	39		38		38	38		38		38		
Sta. No.	90T 90T 90T	90B 90B 90B	100T 100T 100T	100B 100B	101T 101T	101M 101M	101B 101B	102T 102T	102B	103T 103T	103B	104T
					38							

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

Length of Series (Days)	15 15 14	15 13 20	16	18 22		20	20	16	16	15	15	15	14 16	17 14 23
Series Ends (Date)	10/05/83 10/20/83 11/22/83	10/05/83 10/20/83 11/28/83	10/06/83	10/24/83 11/15/83	11/01/83 11/15/83	10/25/83	10/25/83	11/10/83	11/10/83	10/06/83	10/06/83	10/06/83	09/22/83 10/18/83	09/08/83 09/22/83 10/15/83
Series Begins (Date)	09/20/83 10/05/83 11/08/83	09/20/83 10/07/83 11/08/83	09/20/83	10/06/83 10/24/83	10/24/83 11/01/83	10/05/83	10/05/83	10/25/83	10/25/83	09/21/83	09/21/83	09/21/83	09/08/83 09/22/83	08/22/83 09/08/83 09/22/83
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	40.0 40.0 40.0	5.0	12.0	35.0 35.0	5.0	12.0	5.0	22.0	5.0	10.0	38.0	5.0	83.0 83.0	48.0 48.0 48.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	81.3 82.5 82.1	81.3 82.5 82.1	31.7	50.1 50.0	50.0	28.8	=	40.3	40.3	24.7	52.9	Ξ	97.2	97.8 97.2 98.4
(W)	26.88		20.88	18.75	::	00.10	=	03.67	=	29.93	26.73	=	25.77	25.77
Location () Long	92		9/	9/		92		9/		9/	9/		92	9/
Loc Lat (N)	38.63	:::	36.43	38.83	= =	37.70	=	34.78	=	45.10	86.44	=	45.37	45.37
La	38		38	38		38		38		38	38		38	38
Sta. No.	104M 104M 104M	104B 104B 104B	105	106T 106T	106B 106B	107T	107B	108T	108B	111	112T	112B	113T 113T	113M 113M 113M

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

17 14 14	18 17	17	17	18 17	12 8	16	16													
09/08/83 09/22/83 10/06/83	08/22/83 09/08/83	09/08/83	09/08/83	08/22/83 09/08/83	07/31/83 08/12/83	08/04/83	08/04/83	2/06/8	2/15/8	3/21/8	4/02/8	4/18/8 5/07/9	5/26/8	6/20/8	7/05/8	8/22/8	8/10/6	9/22/8	0/05/8	0/24/8
08/22/83 09/08/83 09/22/83	08/04/83 08/22/83	08/22/83	08/22/83	08/04/83 08/22/83	07/19/83 08/04/83	07/19/83	07/19/83	1/09/8	1/10/8	2/15/8	3/21/8	4/02/8 //10/0	5/06/8	8/60/9	6/20/8	8/04/8	8/22/8	8/10/6	9/22/8	0/02/8
8.0 8.0 8.0	24.0 24.0	5.0	10.0	27.0	5.0	22.0	5.0	1.		7	~	ν.=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
97.8 97.2 98.4	38.9 38.3	38.3	23.4	41.6	16.9 16.6	38.4	38.4	78.5	=	=	(=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
25.77	20.25	=	18.13	$\frac{15.00}{15.12}$	28.23 28.33	25.83	:	23.28	=	=	(·.	=	=	=	=	=	=	= 1	=
92	9/		9/	9/2	9/2	9/		9/			7	0/								
45.37	50.33	=	50.57	52.50	53.88	53.62	=	53.75	=	=	= =	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	= :	=
38	38		38	38	38	38		38												
113B 113B 113B	114T 114T	114B	115	116T 116T	611 0	120T	120B	21	21	21	21	17	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
	3B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 3B " 97.2 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 1 3B " 98.4 8.0 09/22/83 10/06/83 1	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 113B 113B 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 114T	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 113B 113B 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 114T 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 114T 114T 114T 114T 114T 114T 114T 114	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 113B " 97.2 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 10/06/83 1 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/04/83 08/22/83 1 114B " 38.3 5.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 114B " 38.3 5.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 115 38 50.57 76 18.13 23.4 10.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1	13B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 113B 113B 113B 115B 115	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 11 113B " " 97.2 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 113B " 98.4 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 114B " " 38.3 5.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 115 38 50.57 76 18.13 23.4 10.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 116T 38 52.50 76 15.10 41.1 27.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 116T 38 53.88 76 28.23 16.9 5.0 07/19/83 07/31/83 1 119 38 53.95 76 28.33 16.6 5.0 08/04/83 08/04/83 08/12/83 1	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 113B " 98.4 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 113B " 98.4 8.0 09/08/83 1 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 114B " " 38.3 5.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 115 38 50.57 76 18.13 23.4 10.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 116T 38 52.50 76 15.00 41.6 27.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 119 38 53.98 76 28.23 16.6 5.0 07/19/83 09/04/83 09/08/83 1 120T 38 53.62 76 28.33 16.6 5.0 07/19/83 08/04/83 01/18/83 1	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1138 113B " 98.4 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 113B " 98.4 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 1 114T 38 50.33 76 20.25 38.9 24.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 114B " " 38.3 5.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 115 38 50.57 76 18.13 23.4 10.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 116T 38 52.50 76 15.12 41.1 27.0 08/04/83 09/08/83 1 119 38 53.95 76 28.23 16.9 5.0 07/19/83 08/04/83 1 120T 38 53.62 76 25.83 38.4 22.0 07/19/83 08/04/83 1 120B " 38.4 5.0 07/19/83 08/04/83 1	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 113B 113B 113B 115B 115B 115B 115B 115B 114T 114T 115B 11	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.2 8.0 09/08/83 09/02/83 10/06/83 113B 113B " 97.2 8.0 09/08/83 10/06/83 11/06/83 <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/02/83 11 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/22/83 09/22/83 113B 113B 11.4 11</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 11 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 11 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/02/83 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 114T 11</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 11 11 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/06/83 11 113B</td> <td> 113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/08/83 11 113B</td>	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/02/83 11 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/22/83 09/22/83 113B 113B 11.4 11	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 11 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/22/83 11 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/02/83 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 113B 114T 11	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/08/83 11 11 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 08/22/83 09/06/83 11 113B	113B 38 45.37 76 25.77 97.8 8.0 09/08/83 09/08/83 11 113B

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

Length of Series (Days)	15 14 13	327 110 120 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 13	
Series Ends (Date)	11/08/83 11/22/83 12/05/83	12/06/82 01/10/83 04/05/83 04/18/83 05/06/83 05/26/83 05/26/83 07/19/83 10/24/83 11/22/83 12/06/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/15/83 02/16/83	
Series Begins (Date)	10/24/83 11/08/83 11/22/83	11/09/82 03/21/83 04/05/83 04/18/83 06/20/83 06/20/83 07/19/83 01/01/83 11/22/83 01/01/83 01/01/83 01/01/83 01/01/83 01/10/83 02/15/83 06/09/83 06/09/83 06/20/83 06/20/83	
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)		339.0 441.0 47	
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	79.5	78.5	
Location) Long (W)	76 23.36	76 23.28 76 23.36 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 11 17 16 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
Loca Lat (N)	38 53.75	38 53.75 "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	
Sta. No.	121T 121T 121T	175118888888888888888888888888888888888	

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	15 14 13	15	15 16 19	15	15	15 16	15 16	15 16	18 16	14 19	14 19	14 19 18
Series Ends (Date)	11/08/83 11/22/83 12/05/83	08/04/83	08/03/83 08/19/83 09/07/83	08/03/83	08/03/83	08/03/83 08/19/83	08/03/83 08/19/83	08/03/83 08/19/83	07/18/83 08/03/83	06/29/83 07/18/83	06/29/83 07/18/83	06/29/83 07/18/83 06/30/83 07/18/83
Series Begins (Date)	10/24/83 11/08/83 11/22/83	07/20/83	07/19/83 08/03/83 08/19/83	07/19/83	07/19/83	07/19/83 08/03/83	07/19/83 08/03/83	07/19/83 08/03/83	06/30/83 07/18/83	06/15/83 06/29/83	06/15/83 06/29/83	06/15/83 06/29/83 06/15/83 06/30/83
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	888.0	5.0	5.0	29.0	5.0	24.0 25.0	18.0 18.0	5.0	14.0 14.0	5.0	25.0 25.0	5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	79.5	20.3	20.5	6.44	Ξ	42.0 41.9	31.8	31.8	32.2 31.4	20.3	39.4	39.4 40.3 20.7 20.4
(W)	23.36	27.05	16.07	10.95	=	23.58	18.32	= =	19.48	26.65	14.90	17.80
ation Long	92	9/	92	9/		9/	9/		92	92	92	92
Location Lat (N) Long	53.75	57.63	02.05	00.63	=	05.68	06.48	= =	08.85	10.70	13.03	14.78
La	38	38	39	39		39	39		39	39	39	39
Sta. No.	121B 121B 121B	122	123 123 123	124T	124B	127 127	128T 128T	128B 128B	129 129	130 130	137T 137T	137B 137B 138 138

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

gth of ries ays)	5 19 15	18	18 13	13	15 15	13 15	15 14 20 6		6	644 84
Length Serie (Days		-		-		-	711	1771	1	пппн
eries Ends Date)	/11/83 /29/83 /18/83 /22/83	/31/83	/31/83/13/83	/25/83	/25/83/09/83	/26/83 /10/83 /25/83	/27/83 /11/83 /31/83 /06/83	/27/83 /11/83 /31/83 /14/83	/31/83	/31/83 /14/83 /22/83 /27/83
S	04 06 07 09	0.5	05	0.5	05	04 05 05	04 05 05 06	04 05 05 06	0.5	00 00 00 00 00
ries gins ate)	06/83 15/83 29/83 07/83	13/83	$\frac{13}{83}$	11/83	10/83 25/83	13/83 26/83 10/83	12/83 27/83 11/83 31/83	12/83 27/83 11/83 31/83	12/83	18/83 31/83 07/83 12/83
Se Be (D	/60 /90 /90 /60	05/	05/	05/1	05/	04/ 04/ 05/	04/ 04/ 05/ 05/	04/7 04/7 05/3 05/3	05/]	05/3 05/3 09/6 04/1
Ht. ottom)										
Meter above b (ft	0.00.0	16.0	9.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	21.0 21.0 21.0 21.0	0.000	26.0	9.0 9.0 9.0 25.0
Depth MLW ft)	5.6 4.8 4.0	1.1	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	4.88.4 4.88.9	8.4 8.8 9.2	0.4	8.5 0.0 3.0
Water at (2222	S)	77	1	HH	ннн	m m m m	m mm	3,	38
(W)	13.00 13.03 13.03 13.03	07.80	03.02	02.03	02.00	04.80	5.12	5.12	1.97	51.97 52.22 39.00
tion Long	76 76 76 76) 9/) 9/) 9/) 9/	92	75 5	75 5	75 5	75 5 75 5 75 3
000	7.0	23	78	09	80	33	23	23	. 19	7 27
Z	18.	22.	23.	26.	30.	32.3	30:::	30.	31.6	31.6 31.6 33.1
Lat	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39 39 39
No.							H H H H	2222	T	T B B B
Sta. N	139 139 139 139	140	143 143	144	145 145	146 146 146	151T 151T 151T 151T	151B 151B 151B 151B	152	1521 1521 1521 1531
St						43				

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

Length of Series (Days)	15 9 15	6 22 21	5 22 18	21 13	11 8 20	14 8	15 15	89	15 15	15 15	13 13
Series Ends (Date)	04/27/83 05/12/83 09/22/83	05/02/83 05/24/83 06/14/83	04/26/83 05/24/83 06/11/83	06/01/83 06/14/83	04/23/83 05/04/83 05/24/83	04/26/83 05/04/83	04/27/83 05/12/83	04/20/83 04/27/83	04/27/83 05/12/83	04/27/83 05/12/83	05/25/83 06/28/83
Series Begins (Date)	04/12/83 05/03/83 09/07/83	04/26/83 05/02/83 05/24/83	04/21/83 05/02/83 05/24/83	05/11/83 06/01/83	04/12/83 04/26/83 05/04/83	04/12/83 04/26/83	04/12/83 04/27/83	04/12/83 04/21/83	04/12/83 04/27/83	04/12/83 04/27/83	05/12/83 06/15/83
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	24.0 24.0 28.0	32.0 32.0 32.0	5.0	30.0	20.0 20.0 20.0	5.0	26.0 26.0	0.6	20.0	9.0	5.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	42 <u>.</u> 6 37.8	48.7 44.4 44.5	44.4	43.3	34.8 36.2 34.1	34.8 36.2	42.6	::	46.3	46.3	13.7
(M)	34.20	32.58	32.58	32.97	33.27	::	42.15	::	48.43	::	59.85 15.95
Location () Long	75	75	75	75	75		75		75		75
	33.62	33.05	33.05	30.88	34.37	::	32.55	::	31.67	::	29.30 11.47
Lat	39	39	39	39	39		39		39		39
Sta. No.	154T 154T 154T	155T 155T 155T	155B 155B 155B	159	T091 1091 1091	160B 160B	161T 161T	161B 161B	162T 162T	162B 162B	163 164

INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued Table 2.

Length of Series (Days)	13	14 13	14 19	14 19	13	15 20	13 18	13 18	13	18 21	17 14	17 14 15
Series Ends (Date)	07/12/83 07/18/83	06/29/83 07/12/83	06/29/83 07/18/83	06/29/83 07/18/83	11/07/83	10/05/83 10/25/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	11/07/83 11/28/83	10/24/83 11/07/83	10/24/83 11/07/83 06/30/83
Series Begins (Date)	06/29/83 07/12/83	06/15/83 06/29/83	06/15/83 06/29/83	06/15/83 06/29/83	10/25/83	09/20/83 10/05/83	10/07/83 10/20/83	10/07/83 10/20/83	10/07/83 10/20/83	10/20/83 11/07/83	10/07/83 10/24/83	10/07/83 10/24/83 06/15/83
Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	13.0 13.0	5.0	18.0 18.0	10.0	18.0	5.0	57.0 57.0	32.0 32.0	5.0	5.0	33.0 33.0	5.0 8.0
Water Depth at MLW (ft)	27.9	20.3	35.1 35.6	35.1 25.6	35.9	12,3	71.6	71.6	71.6	20,7	46.4	46.4 43.7 21.7
(W)	15.95	17.22	16.87	,	08.15	06.87	22.60	= =	::	17.92	24.07	24.00 23.38
Location) Long	92	9 <i>L</i>	92		9/	92	92			92	9/	92
Z	11.47	11.57	10.95	::	37.63	36.23	28.03	::	= =	22.52	19.08	19.08 09.78
Lat	39	39	39		38	38	38			38	38	38
Sta. No.	164 164	165 165	166T 166T	166B 166B	167	89I 45	169T 169T	169M 169M	169B 169B	170 170	171T 171T	171B 171B 172

Table 2. INDEX OF CURRENT METER STATIONS - continued

St	Sta. No.	La	Loc Lat (N)	TO I	tion Long (W)	Water Depth at MLW (ft)	Meter Ht. above bottom (ft)	Series Begins (Date)	Series Ends (Date)	Length of Series (Days)
	173 173 173	39	39 16.97	92	13.57	21.8	0.0	06/15/83 06/20/83 06/29/83	06/20/83 06/29/83 07/18/83	15 9 19
	174	38	40.43	97	15,45	19.1	5.0	09/21/83	10/06/83	15
	175T 175T	39	00.22	9/	20.93	45.6	31.0	06/29/83 07/19/83	07/19/83 08/04/83	20 16
	175B 175B		::		= =	::	5.0	06/29/83 07/19/83	07/19/83 08/04/83	20 16
	176T	39	02.42 76	9/	22.67	42.6	28.0	07/19/83	08/03/83	15
4	176B		=		=	=	5.0	07/19/83	08/03/83	15

4.0 CONDUCTIVITY AND TEMPERATURE DATA

4.1 Measurement Instrumentation

The Grundy 9400 CTD profiling system was used for long period (13-hour time series) observations at a few single station sites, observations at stations forming a linear transect, and single casts at current meter station sites. This unit is lowered and raised in the water column making incremental measurements of conductivity and temperature with depth. The 9400 CTD unit uses a platinum resistance thermometer to sense temperature, an inductive transformer to sense conductivity, and a bonded strain gage to sense pressure (Frey and Appell, 1981). outputs from the sensors are transmitted via a single conductor cable to the Grundy Model 8400 data logger on board ship. data logger processes the data which are then recorded on 9-track magnetic tape by a Kennedy Model 9800 tape recorder. data are forwarded to NOS in this form for further processing. This tape, when listed on paper output on the PDP/11/34 minicomputer, provides header information and data in the form of depth, conductivity, and temperature. Further processing of data yields salinity, which is calculated from temperature and conductivity, and Sigma-T, calculated from salinity and temperature (table 3).

The temperature and conductivity sensors of the Grundy 9021-G current meter provide a time series of measurements of these parameters at each station meter depth. The sampling rate is every 10 minutes, the same as that for current speed and current direction (Browne and Dingle, 1983).

4.2 Processing Procedures

Processing CTD data recorded by the Grundy 9400 CTD profiler consists of running the data through interactive programs in sequence. The 9400 data tapes are first read and a listing of the data is produced. The data are then converted to engineering

Table 3. Manufacturer's Specifications for the Model 9400 CTD System (Plessy Environmental Systems Corp., 1977)

Damanahan			Measurand		
Parameter	Conductiv	rity	Temperature	Pres	ssure
Measurement Range	0 to 60 m	mho/cm	-2°C to 35°C	600 meters 300 meters	(profiling) (moored)
Accuracy (See Note 1)	±0.03 mmh	o.cm	±0.02°C	±0.25% of	full scale
Output Signal Frequency	4,995-790	1 Hz	2,127-4193 Hz	9712-11,2	288 Hz
Resolution	0.0001 mm	nho/cm	0.0001°C	0.0002% FS	S
Time Constant	0.1 sec		0.35 sec	0.1 sec	
Frame Dimensions	12 in	(30.48 cm	m) dia x 16 in	(40.64 cm)	high
Weight	26 lb	(11.8 Kg) in air; 18 11	(8.2 Kg)	in water
Material	Stain	less stee	1		
Power Requireme	vdc p		constant currenderop, i.e., vol. 25		

Note: 1. Accuracy is based upon a 1-sigma distribution of errors, e.g., in a random sampling, the stated accuracy will occur approximately 67% of the time.

units, edited for bad values, and header information inserted, including local meteorological information. The data are then converted to NODC format.

Temperature and conductivity data measured by the Grundy 9021-G current meter are recorded along with the current speed and direction for each sampling interval. These data are processed the same way as the current data except for statistical editing.

4.3 CTD Field Program

CTD casts were taken twice at all current stations, once during slack before flood, and once during slack before ebb during current station deployment or recovery operations.

CTD transects were conducted to follow the progression of the tidal wave in order to examine the water density structure of the survey area at the two extremes of the tide. CTD transects consist of casts taken at preselected current station locations (or special CTD cast stations denoted by "SP") forming a line either crossing the Bay or along the longitudinal axis of the Bay. All transects were conducted during slack water before flood and again during slack water before ebb. CTD transect locations and dates are given in table 4.

Chesapeake Bay Circulation Survey CTD Transects Table 4.

Month	September October October October, November October	April, May, July May, June October	September September September September September September November
Current/CTD Stations	1, 2, 3, 4, 5 2, SP202, 13, SP213, 20, 33, 36 8, 9, 10, 11, SP211 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 6, 15, SP215, 24, 26	63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 40, 44, 55, 58, 65, 75, 80, 83, 2	154, 153, 161, 162, 152, 15 SP211, SP212, 139, SP213, SP214 127, SP209, 128, SP210 119, SP207, 120, SP208, 121 SP202, SP203, SP204, SP205, SP206 100, SP201, 101, 170 100, 101, 170, 102, 103, 104 105, 104, 103, 102, 111, 112
Transect Number	1 2 4 4 5 5	3 2 1	1 4 4 3 7 8
Year	1981	1982	1983

Data from 13-hour time series CTD casts will be used to investigate the tidal influences on the density structure and the influence of the density structure on the circulation. Each series consists of half-hourly casts from the surface to near bottom depths at one location.

CTD time series casts were taken as follows:

Year	Current (CTD) station	Month/Day
1981	10 36 2 6	September 17 September 21, 22 September 22, 23, 25 September 30 October 14, 15
1982	65 40 49 73 83 86	April 13, 14, 28 June 7, 8, July 21, 22 May 23, 24, June 3, 4 June 16, 17 August 9, 10 October 14, 15 November 1, 2
1983	36 121 139	September 11, 12 September 12, 13 October 13, 14

CTD stations are the same as current stations except where indicated by the letters "SP" before the station number. The locations of these stations are presented in figures 6 through 9.

5.0 METEOROLOGICAL DATA

5.1 Measurement Instrumentation and Processing

The meteorological data were collected by self-contained Aanderaa meteorological stations, which consist of a six-channel data logger and a program wiring board housed in a base cabinet. Wind speed and direction sensors were mounted at 7 to 13 meters above the water surface, temperature sensors on mast arms below that, and the pressure sensor within the base housing.

All sensors transmit analog signals to the data logger via the programming board. The Aanderaa data logger, which is powered by an internal 9-volt battery, digitized the analog signals to 10-bit binary words and stored them on 1/4-inch reel-to-reel magnetic tape. Additional batteries were provided via connector ports on the programming board to insure proper operation of the data logger for longer operating periods. The first channel of the data logger is reserved for the reference number of the data logger, and the remaining channels are available for data input. The data loggers are programmed by internal quartz-crystal clocks at selectable sampling intervals.

The wind speed sensor is a three-cup anemometer which measures averaged and maximum wind speed. The direction sensor consists of a vane which is coupled to a compass with a potentiometer ring in the sensor housing. At the time of recording, the compass is clamped and the direction reading is recorded as the potentiometer setting. The temperature sensor is a platinum thermal resistor, and the barometric pressure sensor is an aneroid barometer. The manufacturers specifications for the Aanderaa Meteorological System are listed in table 5.

Throughout the study period, all data loggers were set at a sampling rate of six observations per hour. The time series data sets include time averaged wind speed and instantaneous readings of wind direction, air temperature, barometric pressure, and the maximum wind speed observed during the sampling period.

5.2 Meteorological Stations

As described by Wang (1979), wind forcing has a significant effect on the overall circulation of the Chesapeake Bay. He observed that a strong wind speed at a prevailing direction can totally override tidal and density induced circulation patterns in the Bay.

The need for high quality wind data was considered sufficiently critical to have two Aanderaa Meteorological stations deployed during each phase of the survey. Station locations, vertical position and duration of observations are indicated in table 6. Station locations are also indicated in figures 10-12.

Table 5. Manufacturer's Specification for Aanderaa Meteorological System (Welch et al, 1985)

Weight

Recording unit: 4 kg

Dimensions

Recording unit length: 38 cm
Recording unit diameter: 14 cm
Housing: 1 m x 25 cm x 25 cm
Wind sensors at 10 m above water.

Materials

Data logger: PVC plastic, nickel plated, bronze, acrylic. Mast and housing: aluminum

Measuring Ranges and Accuracies

Wind speed: threshold 30-50 cm/sec ±2% of full scale. Direction: 0-360° ±5° magnetic Temperature: -44.05-44.09°C ±0.25°C

Pressure: 720-1070 mbar ±0.67% of full scale.

Measuring System

Rotary encoder system with sequential measuring of 6 channels by self-balancing bridge. Bridge is balanced in ten binary steps and gives a 10-bit binary word for each channel.

Measuring speed: 4.0 sec/channel The channels are: Reference number, Average Speed, Maximum Speed, Direction, Temperature, Pressure.

Recording System

Serial recording of 10-bit binary words on 0.6 cm magnetic tape by use of short and long pulses. Total storage capacity: 5,000 samplings Tape: 183 m on 7.6 cm spool

Clock

Accuracy: ±2 sec/day over temperature range 0-20°C.

Sampling Intervals

180, 60, 30, 20, 15, 10, 5, 2.5, 1, and 0.5 min according to interval selected.

External Triggering

Is possible by applying a 6 volt positive pulse to programming board.

Batteries

Main battery: Tudor 9T1 or similar battery (9 volt battery 63 x 50 x 80 mm, nonmagnetic).

Table 6. METEOROLOGICAL STATION INDEX

	_	
1	മ	
	9	٠
	$^{\circ}$	0

DAYS OF STOP OBSERVATIONS	10/04 11/05 12/02 27	10/04 11/05 32 12/02		DAYS OF OBSERVATIONS	06/14 24 07/10 26 08/12 33 09/07 26 10/02 35 11/08 27	06/14 28 07/10 26 09/07 30 09/27 20
START	09/03 10/04 11/05	08/29 10/04 11/05		START	05/21 06/14 07/10 08/12 09/07 10/02	05/17 06/14 08/08 09/07
H.T. ABOVE SURFACE (M)	11.0	10.5	1982	H.T. ABOVE SURFACE (M)	10.0	13.0
LONG.	76°19'18"	76°05'48"		LONG.	76°15'18''	76°14'12''
LAT.	38°01'36"	38°04'06"		LAT.	37°12'36"	37°35'48"
STATION	Point Lookout	Holland Island Bar Light		STATION	York Spit	Windmill Pt.

C	7
α	0
•	1

) 			
STATION	LAT.	LONG.	H.T. ABOVE SURFACE (M)	START	STOP	DAYS OF OBSERVATIONS
Pooles Island	39°15'42"	76°16'42"	10.0	03/19 04/14 05/10 06/02 07/05 08/01 10/31	04/14 05/10 06/02 07/05 08/01 08/31 09/14 11/22	26 23 33 30 14 10
Herring Bay 99	38°44'21"	76°30'50"	7.0	03/15 04/29 05/26 06/17 08/09 08/25 08/26 11/08	04/18 05/26 06/17 07/12 08/25 08/26 08/30 11/08	34 22 22 16 01 23

6.0 TIDE DATA

6.1 Instrumentation and Processing

Two types of tide gages were used during the Chesapeake Bay circulation survey: an ADR (Analog-Digital-Recorder) and a Bubbler (gas purged). The specifications for these gages are given in table 7.

The ADR gage records every 6 minutes on foil-backed paper tape, which is processed using a mechanical translator and computers. The steps in processing are generally: (1) logging the 6-minute samples on computer-compatible magnetic tape; (2) deriving hourly values from these (by picking the nearest 6-minute value to the hour) and storing them on cards and tape and in tabulated form; and (3) tabulating high and low waters, various tidal datums (e.g., mean high water, mean low water, and mean sea level), and other relevant parameters.

The bubbler gage produces a continuous analog plot on a 6-inch strip chart. Resolution is not as good as with the ADR and generally only high and low waters and various tidal datums are tabulated. Hourly values are sometimes determined for special needs using a bubbler marigram scanner, which digitizes the data at visually selected points.

Processed monthly tabulations (high and low waters and tidal datums) from each station are verified for staff-marigram relationship, and equivalent 19-year mean values are computed through simultaneous comparison with the appropriate tide control station. Tidal bench mark elevations are established by referencing these bench marks to the computed tidal datums. New elevations for historical bench marks are used to check any vertical land movement that may have occurred. The relationships between tidal datums and the National Geodetic Vertical Control

Table 7. Manufacturer's Specifications for the ADR and Bubbler Tide Measurement Systems

ADR (Analog-Digital Recorder)

Manufacturer: Fischer - Porter

Range: 0-99.99 feet

Precision: $\pm 1/2$ binary count

Recorder: Foil-backed paper tape (punch)

Record Format: Binary - decimal code

Sampling Rate: 6-minute intervals

Duration: Chart - 3 months

Chart drive, battery - 3 months

Processing: Mechanical translator

Mode of Operation: Float movement is translated into binary code

and recorder on paper tape.

Bubbler (Gas Purged)

Manufacturer: Bristol

Range: 0-10 feet to 0-50 feet

Precision: 1 percent of full scale

Recorder: 6-inch strip chart

Record Format: Analog, curvilinear

Sampling Rate: Continuous

Duration: Chart - 1 month

Chart drive, spring wound - 8 days

Processing: Visual

Mode of Operation: Compressed nitrogen is purged through the

system, actuating a pressure-sensitive element, which measures water level fluc-

tuations.

Network are also computed when level connections can be made to geodetic bench marks.

Tide data are further analyzed using: (1) 29-day Fourier harmonic analyses; (2) least-squares harmonic analyses (for 1-year series); (3) nonharmonic comparison analyses relating a short period station to a longer period control station; (4) various filtering and spectral techniques; and (5) FR80 microfilm plotting. The harmonic constants obtained from item (2) can be used to make predictions for table 1 of the <u>Tide Tables</u>, <u>East Coast of North and South America including Greenland</u>. Results from items (1), (2), and (3) can be used in table 2 of this same publication.

6.2 Tide Stations

The locations of tide gages occupied during the Chesapeake Bay circulation survey are shown in figures 10 through 13; table 8 gives the latitude and longitude and dates of occupation of each tide station. All stations were occupied for at least 30 days and some were in place for one or more years. The shorter period tide stations were usually installed simultaneously with nearby current stations.

Tide stations were installed by the NOAA Ship FERREL. Before a tide gage was installed, a reconnaissance of the proposed site was carried out to determine the availability of structures for the gage, water depth, the recovery of old bench marks, and possible sites for new bench marks. During installation, differential levels were run from the tide staff to established bench marks and, whenever possible, to the National Geodetic Vertical Control Network.

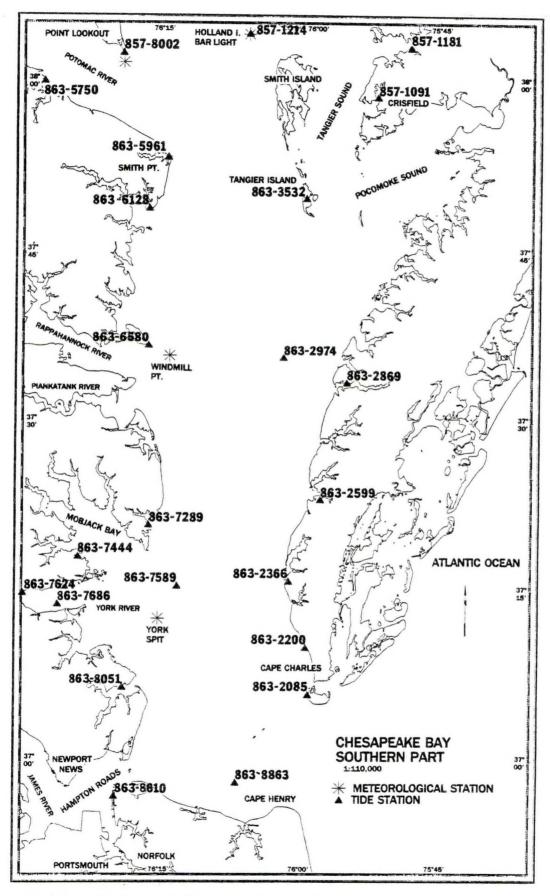
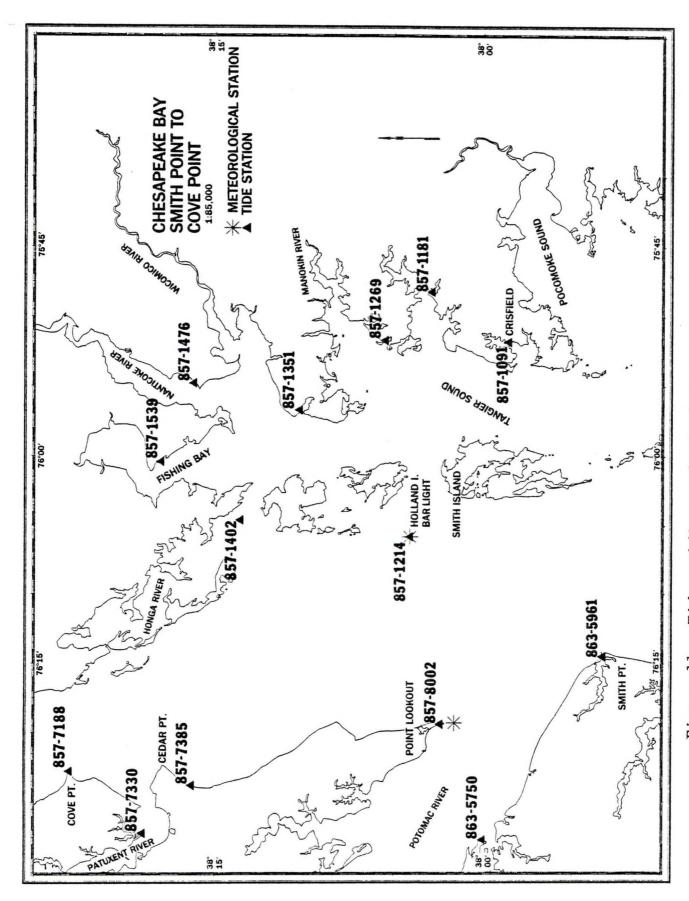


Figure 10. Tide and Meteorological Stations - Phase II Area



Tide and Meteorological Stations - Phase I Area Figure 11.

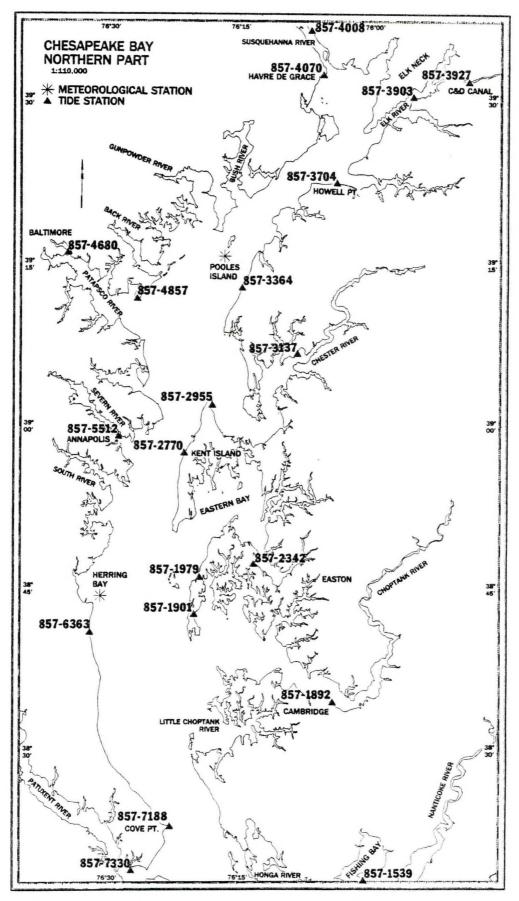
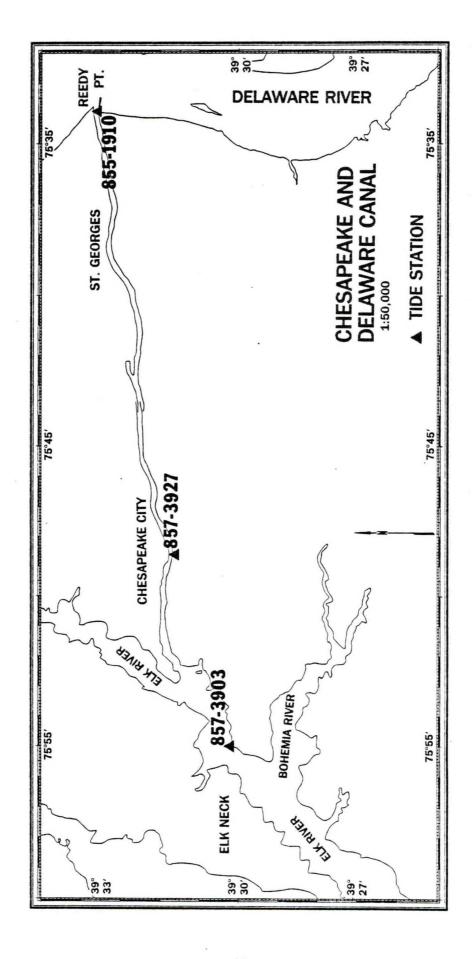


Figure 12. Tide and Meteorological Stations - Phase III Area



Tide and Meteorological Stations - Phases III Area - Continued Figure 13.

Table 8. INDEX OF TIDE STATIONS

*Removal Date	1 10/20/8		12/01/8	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{11}{30/8}$	1 12/01/8	1 12/03/8	1 12/02/8	3 12/08/8		3 09/09/8	2 08/24/8	3 09/09/8	3 08/24/8	3 04/28/8	3 09/16/8	3 07/21/8	3 06/21/8	2 06/22/8	3 06/23/8		2		8		$\frac{3}{2}$ 12/02/8	0/00/01		12/04/8	2 11/22/8 1
*Install Date	9/01/8	0/19/8	8/30/8	0/01/8	0/22/8	0/21/8	0/19/8	0/21/8	7/14/8	7/27/8	7/13/7	7/13/8	7/13/8	3/19/8	8/10/9	5/05/8	3/11/8	1/15/7	2/04/8	1/11/1	7/01/0	8/90/9	9/14/7	8/12/8	0/12/8	1/02/3	8/28/8	0/05/8	03/16/8 08/22/5
Longitude	5°51.	5°48.	6.05.	5°56.	6.04.	5°54.	6.00.	MI. 40.9/	6°19.	6°13.	6°21.	6°18.	6°08.	6°14.		6.03.	5°55.	5°48.	90.9	6.05.	6.34.	6°26.	6.28.	6.32.	6.22.	. 17 0	6.23.	6.19.	75°59.0W
Latitude	7°58.	8°02.	8.04.	8°10.	8°13.	8°16.	8°18.	38°34.5N	8°46.	8°47.	8°57.	9.01.	9006	9°12.		9°22.	9°30.	9°31.	9,36.	9°32.	9.16.	9°11.	8°59.	8 41.	8°23.	0 17.	8 Ib.	8.02.	3/°05.8N 37°10.0N
		-																											
Tide Station Name	Crisfield, MD	Colbourn Creek, Big Annemessex R, MD	Holland Bar Light, MD		Strait Lighthouse,			Cambridge, MD Avalon Tilohman Teland MD		St. Michaels, Miles River, MD		Н	Cliff's Wharf, MD	Tolcester, MD		Betterton, Sassafras River, MD	Wharf,	Chesapeake City, MD	Port Deposit, MD	74	$\overline{}$	t, MD	Academy	peake B		Deathers		out, MD	Fishermans Island, VA Kiptopeke Beach, VA

Table 8. INDEX OF TIDE STATIONS - continued

*Removal Date	7/12/8 2/09/8 9/02/8 0/31/8 0/30/8	11/21/82 09/29/82 10/31/83 10/31/83 11/24/82 07/20/82 09/10/81	
*Install Date	3/16/8 3/16/8 7/12/8 6/24/8 8/27/8 0/20/7	07/26/82 03/10/82 04/21/83 06/28/83 05/29/81 05/16/50 06/07/82 06/07/82	1/07/1
Longitude	76°01.2W 75°57.8W 75°55.0W 76°01.9W 75°59.5W 76°27.8W 76°27.8W	76°16.5W 76°16.5W 76°18.1W 76°16.4W 76°13.3W 76°13.3W 76°19.0W 76°19.1W 76°19.9W	
Latitude	37°15.8N 37°23.3N 37°33.4N 37°35.6N 37°49.7N 37°59.8N	37°48.8N 37°36.7N 37°26.9N 37°18.0N 37°15.4N 37°15.4N 37°15.4N 37°15.4N 37°15.4N 37°15.4N	
Tide Station Name	Cape Charles HBR (U.S. G. Wharf) VA Mattawoman Creek, VA Gaskins Pt., Occohannock Creek, VA Rappahannock Shoal, VA Tangier Island, VA Lewisetta, Potomac River, VA Smith Point, VA	Fleet Pt. Great Wicomico River, VA Wind Mill Marina, VA Windmill Point, VA (Backup) New Point, VA Browns Bay, Mobjack Bay, VA New Pt. Comfort Shoal, (Backup), VA Gloucester Point, VA Yorktown, York River, VA Messick Point, Back River, VA Hampton Roads, Sewells Point, VA Chaspier Ray Rridge Tinnel VA	ntinge inilier,

* Installation and removal dates do not imply continuous good data or the actual length of the data series.

7.0 HISTORICAL DATA

7.1 Current Data

The NOS has collected current data in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries since the early 1900's. The early surveys were designed to fulfill specific requirements for relatively small areas. Not until the 1981-1983 survey was there a systematic survey of the entire Bay. Duration of observations for the early stations was generally 1 to 5 days. The instruments used were primarily current poles, Price current meters, and Roberts radio current meters. The resulting data records were processed and analyzed manually. The records are archived at NOS in the form of hand plotted time series graphs.

Information concerning historical methods of current measurement can be found in <u>Manual of Current Observations</u>, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, S.P. 215, 1950. Predictions and mean values for some of these historical current stations can be found in <u>Tidal Current Tables</u>, <u>Atlantic Coast of North America</u>, published by NOS.

Historical data may be obtained by writing NOAA/NOS, Director, Office of Oceanography and Marine Assessment, 6001 Executive Boulevard, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

7.2 Tide Data

In contrast to historical current data, the historical tide data set is rather extensive. Although some records date prior to 1900, the major efforts in tide measurement occurred in the mid-1940's, mid-1950's and mid-to late 1970's. The duration of observations range from 2 weeks to several months to 1 year for subordinate tide stations and decades for control tide stations. Clock-wound portable and standard automatic tide gages, and

gas-purging pressure gages were the tide measurement instrumentation used in efforts prior to the surveys of the 1970's.

The 1981-1983 Chesapeake Bay circulation survey tide data acquisition effort gave NOS and users simultaneous tide measurements with current measurements and updated tide predictions and tidal datums in the Bay.

Descriptions of historic tide measuring devices can be found in <u>Manual of Tide Observation</u>, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Pub. 30-1, 1965, or in <u>Tidal Datum Planes</u>, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, S.P. 135, 1951. Predictions and mean ranges for some of these historical tide stations can be found in <u>Tide Tables</u>, <u>East Coast of North and South America Including Greenland</u>, published by NOS.

These data may be obtained by writing NOAA/NOS, Director, Office of Oceanography and Marine Assessment, 6001 Executive Boulevard, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

8.0 NOS PRODUCTS

Standard NOS products resulting from the Chesapeake Bay circulation survey includes the updating of predictions for table 1 entries of the Tide and Tidal Current Tables, Atlantic Coast of North America. Predictions for the reference current station at the entrance of the Bay (sta. 40) will be updated from analysis of approximately 11 months of data. The old reference station "Baltimore Harbor Approach" is being replaced as a reference current station by current station No. 121 located off Kent Island in the Bay proper. Predictions for this reference station will be based on analysis of approximately 8 months of data.

Table 2 entries in the tide and tidal current tables will be increased in number and upgraded from analyses of data series much more accurate and of longer duration than of observations obtained at these station entry sites in the past. These analyses tied in with updated predictions for the two reference stations will provide for a dramatic increase in the accuracy of the tide and tidal current predictions throughout the Bay proper.

An NOS technical report describing the tidal hydrodynamics of the Chesapeake Bay based on the data set from the circulation survey is forthcoming.

A circulation atlas describing the total current regime in the Chesapeake Bay is proposed to be published. It will describe the circulation of the Bay in response to astronomical conditions, water density changes, and changing climatic conditions. The date of publication has not yet been established.

The entire data set, except tide data, was sent to and is available from the National Oceanographic Data Center, Page Building #1, 2001 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20235. Tide data may be obtained from the Director, Office of Oceanography and Marine Assessment 6001 Executive Boulevard, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

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