

Okeanos Explorer ROV Dive Summary: EX-19-07, Dive 12, November 19, 2019

Dive Information

General Location	85°W	84°W	83°W	82°W	81°W	80°W	79°W	78°W	77°W	76°W	75°W
Мар	N'05 N'25 N'25 N'25 N'25 N'25 N'25 N'25 N'2	Nau Nau Nau Nau Nau Nau Nau Nau Nau	• Dive 12	BIN		Port Canave	Pral, FL		O al	cean Ex nd Resea	ploration arch
General Area	50 nau	tical mile	es south	west of	the Dry 1	ortugas					
Site Name	'Berg P	lits'									
	Deig L						<u> </u>				
Science Team Leads	Kimbei Stepha	rly Galve nie Farri	ington, F	rsity of N lorida A	vliami, Ri tlantic U	osenstiel niversity.	School o Harbor	of Marine Branch C	e and Atr Oceanogr	nospheri raphic Ins	c Science stitute
Expedition Coordinator	Michae	el P. Whi	ite, NOA	A OER							
ROV Dive Supervisor	Christo	pher Rit	ter, Glol:	bal Foun	dation fo	or Ocean	Explorat	ion			
Mapping Lead	Shanno	on Hoy, I	NOAA O	ER							

ROV Dive Name

Cruise	2019 Southeast U.S. Deep-sea Exploration
Dive Number	Dive 12

Equipment Deployed

ROV	Deep Discoverer				
Camera Platform	Seirios				
	✔CTD	v ⊅epth	⊮ Altitude		
ROV	Scanning Sonar	✓JSBL Position	✔Heading		
Measurements	₽ itch	roll	✔HD Camera 1		
	✔HD Camera 2	✔ow Res Cam 1	✔Low Res Cam 2		
	✔Low Res Cam 3	✔ow Res Cam 4	✔Low Res Cam 5		
Equipment Malfunctions	None				
ROV Dive Summary Data (from	Dive Summary:EX1907_DIVE12				
Processed ROV)	^^^^	~~~~~~	^		
	In Water:	2019-11-19T13:22:37.175940			
	23°, 59.	073' N ; 83°, 23.173' W			
	On Bottom: 2019-11-19T14:04:27.074364				
	23°, 59.049' N ; 83°, 23.171' W				
	Off Bottom: 2019-11-19T20:56:23.688384				
	23°, 59.04' N ; 83°, 23.557' W				
	Out Water: 2019-11-19T21:37:10.419427				
	23°, 59.329' N ; 83°, 23.66' W				
	Dive duration: 8:14:33				
	Bottom Time: 6:51:56				
	Max. depth:	973.0 m			
Special Notes					





Scientists Involved (provide name, affiliation, email)

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Dive Purpose	This area was mapped on an NOAA OER/Okeanos cruise earlier this year. It contains interesting seafloor features that warrant further investigation. From an exploration standpoint, there is no other known deep submergence work in the area.



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Dive Description	Target: bergie bits at the base of the "antarctica mound" - a plateau shaped like Antarctica with "bergie bits" or iceberg like carved out features surrounding the plateau.
	On Bottom: unconsolidated sediment matrix composed of fine-grained and coarse-grained carbonate bottom with coral rubble, 0 kt current. Approaching the first mound, small blocks of carbonate material are seen at the base (some edges encrusted with ferromanganese or phosphorite) and a <i>Sladenia shaefersi</i> - frog fish spotted at the base of mound one.
	At the toe-of-slope- Sediments still dominated the area with some exposed substrate at a 30-40° slope and there were a few black corals (<i>Tanacitipatehes</i> ?) as well as goniasterid stars and bubblegum coral. As we traveled up slope the bottom, the underlying substrate became more prevalent and denser <i>Enallopsammia</i> coral rubble. There were a few royal purple coral- <i>Clavularia</i> and <i>Anthomastus</i> soft corals. Farther up slope the standing dead corals appeared and the slope increased to >45° angle. Here were found living <i>Enalopsammia</i> (hard coral), <i>Placogorgia</i> and Corallidae- (robust white) octocorals fans and the strawberry coral <i>Nidalia</i> .
	On the top of mound we found bioturbated sediment and dead coral with ~0.1 kt current. Acanella and Swiftia corals (sparse), rattails, and single stalk bamboo corals Lepidisis (EX1907_D11_01B) the color is not typical of this species so we collected it for a morph collection or new/undescribed species collection.
	We jumped over the mound tops to the top of mound 2, here the habitat was similar to the top of mound one. Some of the fauna included: <i>Enallopsammia rostrata</i> - yellow colonies with living tips on top about 3 m long with solitary cup corals nested between. Here there was also <i>Plinthaster dentatus</i> - sea star feeding on a hexactinellid sponge, <i>Tanacetipathes</i> and <i>Cerataspis monstrosa</i> - royal red. There was some human debris- line/rope.
	We transected down the western slope of mound 2 to jump over to the base of the escarpment. Between the mound and the escarpment the bottom was sandy. Here we spotted <i>Opisthoteuthis agassizii</i> - Dumbo octopus and <i>Bathynomous</i> - the giant isopod.
	Similar to the approach of the first mound, small blocks from the escarpment decorated the sediment at the base of the escarpment. Some portions of the blocks were phosphorite/ferromanganese encrusted while sections (likely those that detached from the escarpment) had exposed carbonate without crusts with little to no coral rubble. Scaling up the escarpment, sections of underlying carbonate were exposed in stratigraphic packages while the rest of the feature were encrusted. There were similar species coming up the slope including glass sponges, bamboo corals and <i>Chrysogorgia</i> .
	At the top of the wall: Dominated by sediments composed of coarse-grained and fine-grained skeletal matrix. There was also 20-30 cm <i>Enallopsammia rostrata</i> - common in this isolated area on top along with Anthothelidae purple gorgonian. Here we found our second <i>c.f. Floiaster maya</i> (EX1907_D12_03B), a 5 cm Goniaster type sea star that is either a new species or extension of known animal from the Yucatan.
	The plateau was sandy bottom and we spotted the tripod fish, <i>Bathypterois viridensis</i> a gynmosome pteropod in the water as we as a frayed rope- human debris. For the remainder of the dive we returned to shelf break for last 30 min there was a 60° slope on the escarpment.
Notable Observations	



Community					
Presence/	 Chemosynthetic Community 				
Absence	 High biodiversity Community 				
(community is	✓ Active Seep or Vent				
than two	✓ Extinct Seep or Vent				
species)	✓ Hydrates				
CMECS Feature	Scarp/Wall, Slope, Flat, Outcrop/Rock Outcrop, Plateau				
Туре					
SeaTube Link	https://data.oceannetworks.ca/SeaTubeV2?resourceTypeId=1000&resourceId=23621&diveId=3				
(science	860				
annotation					
system)					

Overall Map of the ROV Dive Area





Close-up Map of Main Dive Site



Smoothed ROV dive track in white on 25x25 cell size bathymetry, 3x vertical exaggeration, depth in meters, 10 meter contours



Representative Photos of the Dive



Sladenia shaefersi- frog fish spotted at the base of mound one.



Face of the escarpment, is also typical of the and mounds.





Enalopsammia at the top of the Escarpment.



Standing dead *Enalopsammia* coral typical of many parts of this dive.



Samples Collected -



Sample ID	EX1907_D11_01B			
Date (UTC)	20191119			
Time (UTC)	16:08			
Depth (m)	930			
Temp. (°C)	4.785			
Field ID(s)	Lepidisis ID: 125307 [WORM]			
Associates				
	Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	Count	
Comments	Color is not typical of this specie	es- morph collection or new species collec	tion	





Sample ID	EX1907_D12_02B			
Date (UTC)	20191119			
Time (UTC)	18:38			
Depth (m)	933			
Temp. (°C)	4.767			
Field ID(s)	c.f. Floiaster maya			
Associates				
	Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	Count	
Comments	5 cm Goniaster type - new s	pecies or extension of known animal	from Yucatan	

Please direct inquiries to:

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