

National Marine Mammal Laboratory 2000 Beluga Tagging Study

On 13 September 2000, two beluga whales were captured, tagged, and released in the Knik Arm of Cook Inlet, Alaska, by NMML scientists. The first beluga (referred to as Paul) was a 268 cm (8' 11") juvenile female; the second (referred to as Ringo) was a 413 cm (13' 7") adult male. Satellite tags, which provide location and dive data, were attached to the dorsal ridge of each whale (Figure 1: See below). The tags communicated with an ARGOS satellite when the antenna was exposed above the surface of the water, such as when the whale surfaced to breathe. In addition to the satellite tag, a time depth recorder (TDR) was attached to Paul via a suction cup (Figure 2: See below). The TDR recorded information on diving behavior every second for 55 hours. This instrument, however, remained on the whale for more than 90 hours.



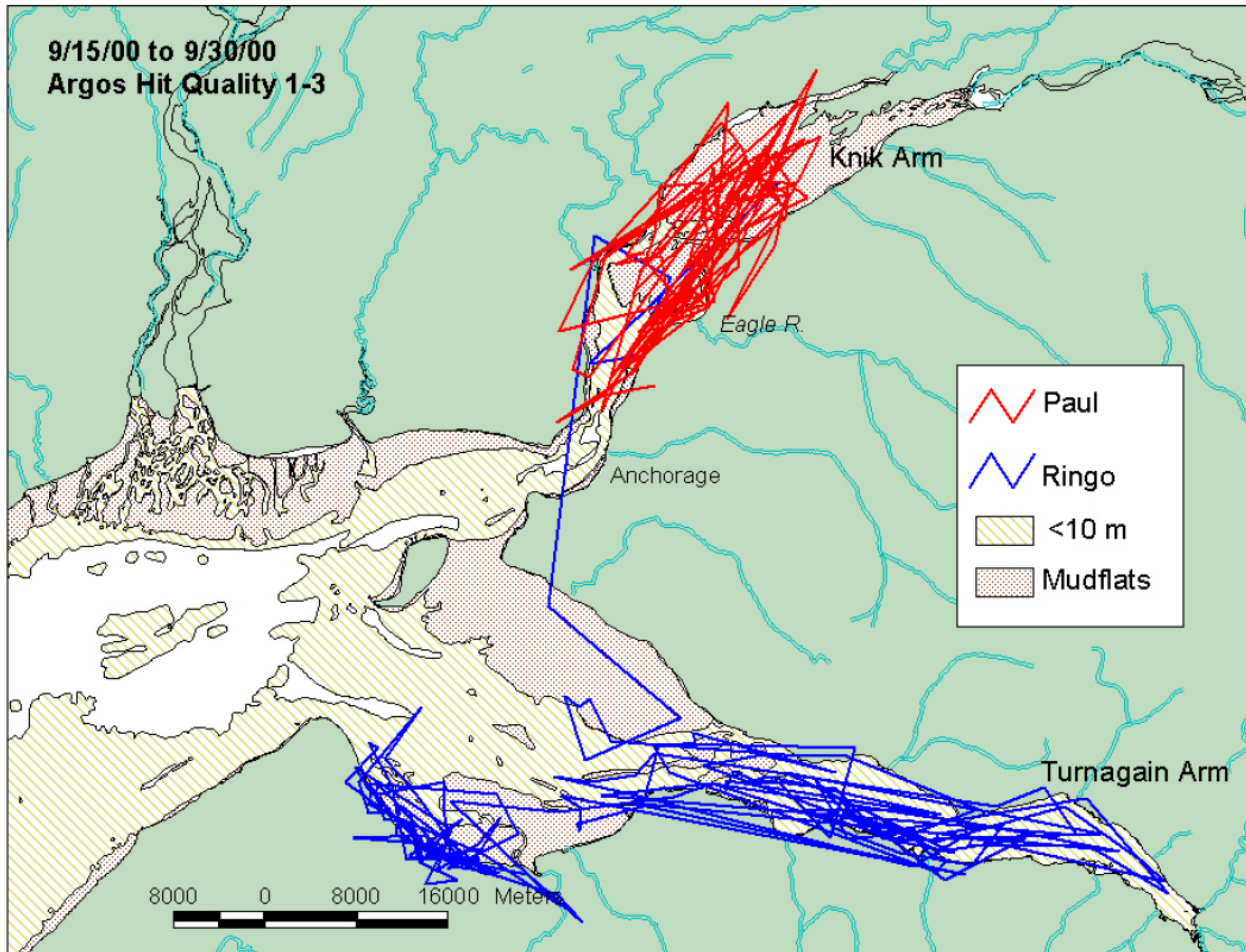
The satellite tag on Ringo transmitted data for approximately 113 days (the last position was received 3 January 2001), while the satellite tag deployed on Paul transmitted for 115 days (until 18 January 2001). Between mid-September and mid-January, the two whales remained in upper Cook Inlet, although not together. Ringo spent most of his time in Chickaloon Bay, with a few excursions to Knik Arm and the Susitna River. Paul, however, traveled widely in the upper inlet spending most of her time in the Susitna River delta and Knik Arm, going as far south as Redoubt Bay. Based on these preliminary results, it appears that at least some belugas stay in Cook Inlet through early winter and move about freely in areas that sometimes include heavy ice cover.

What we learn from these two whales will help the National Marine Fisheries Service and several Alaska native organizations in the Cook Inlet region understand the movement patterns of these animals, as well as their surfacing and diving behavior. These data are important to estimating the stock size of this distinct population of belugas and to identifying the critical habitat areas that they depend on.

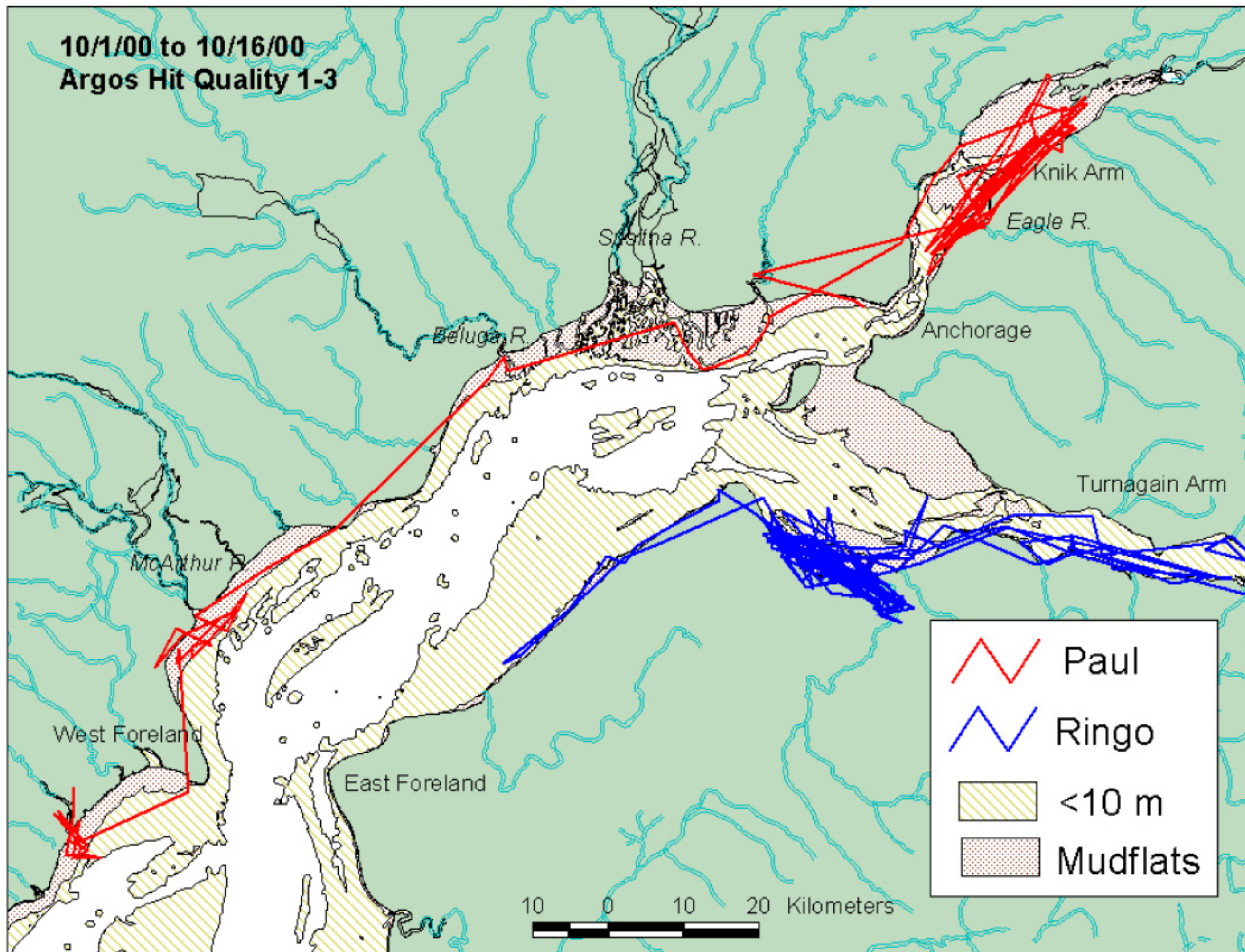
The following figures show the satellite determined positions of the tagged whales.



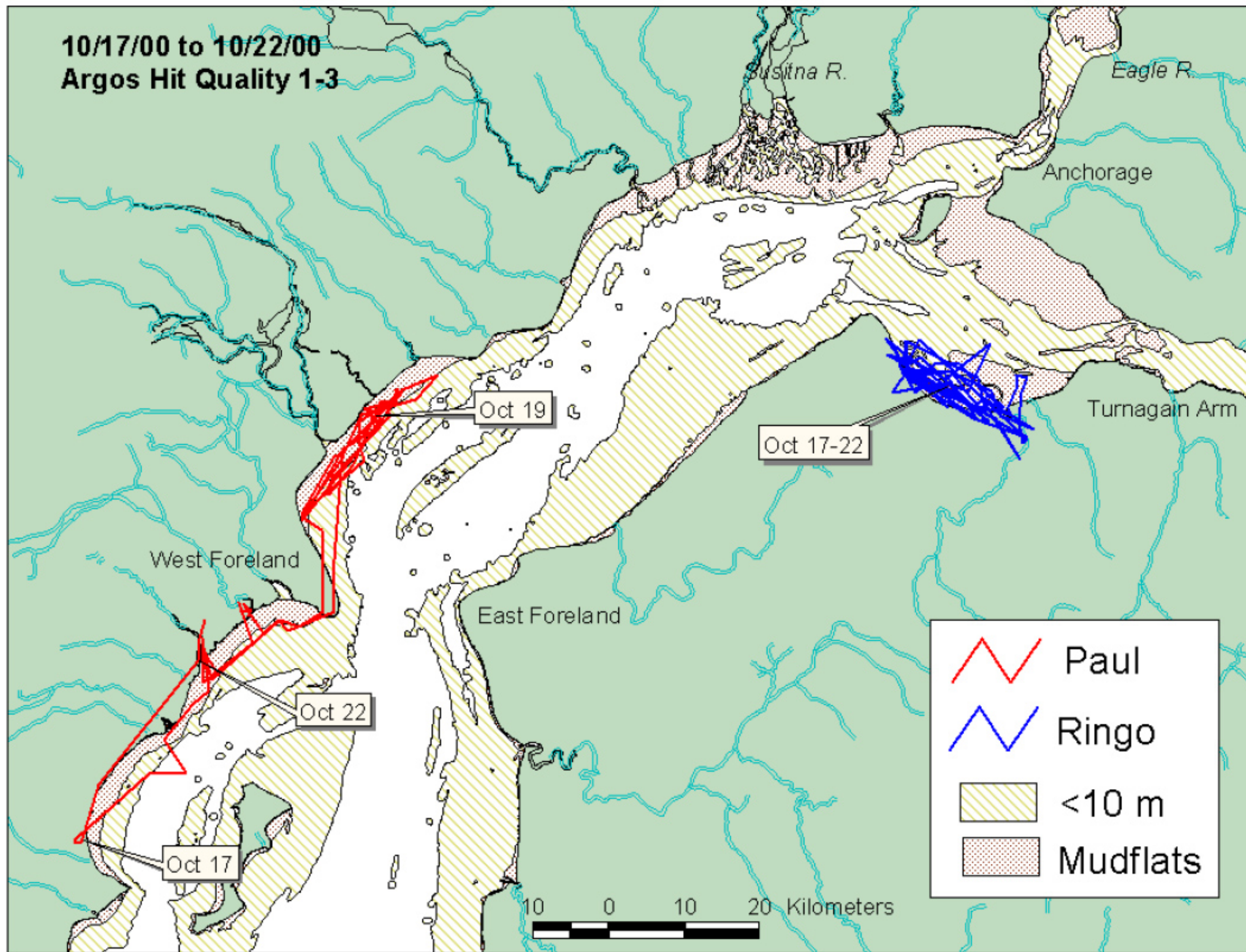
9/15/00 to 9/30/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



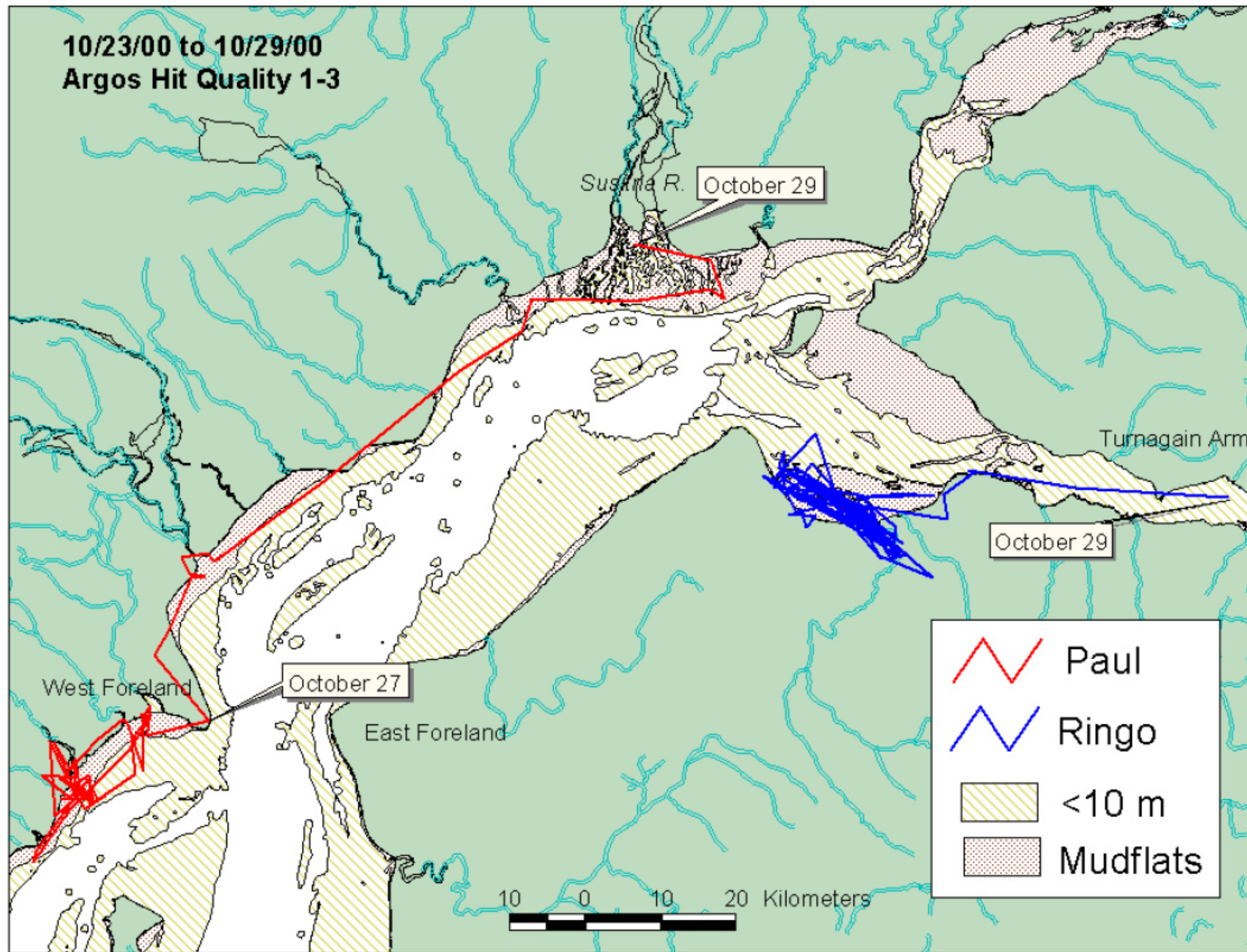
10/1/00 to 10/16/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



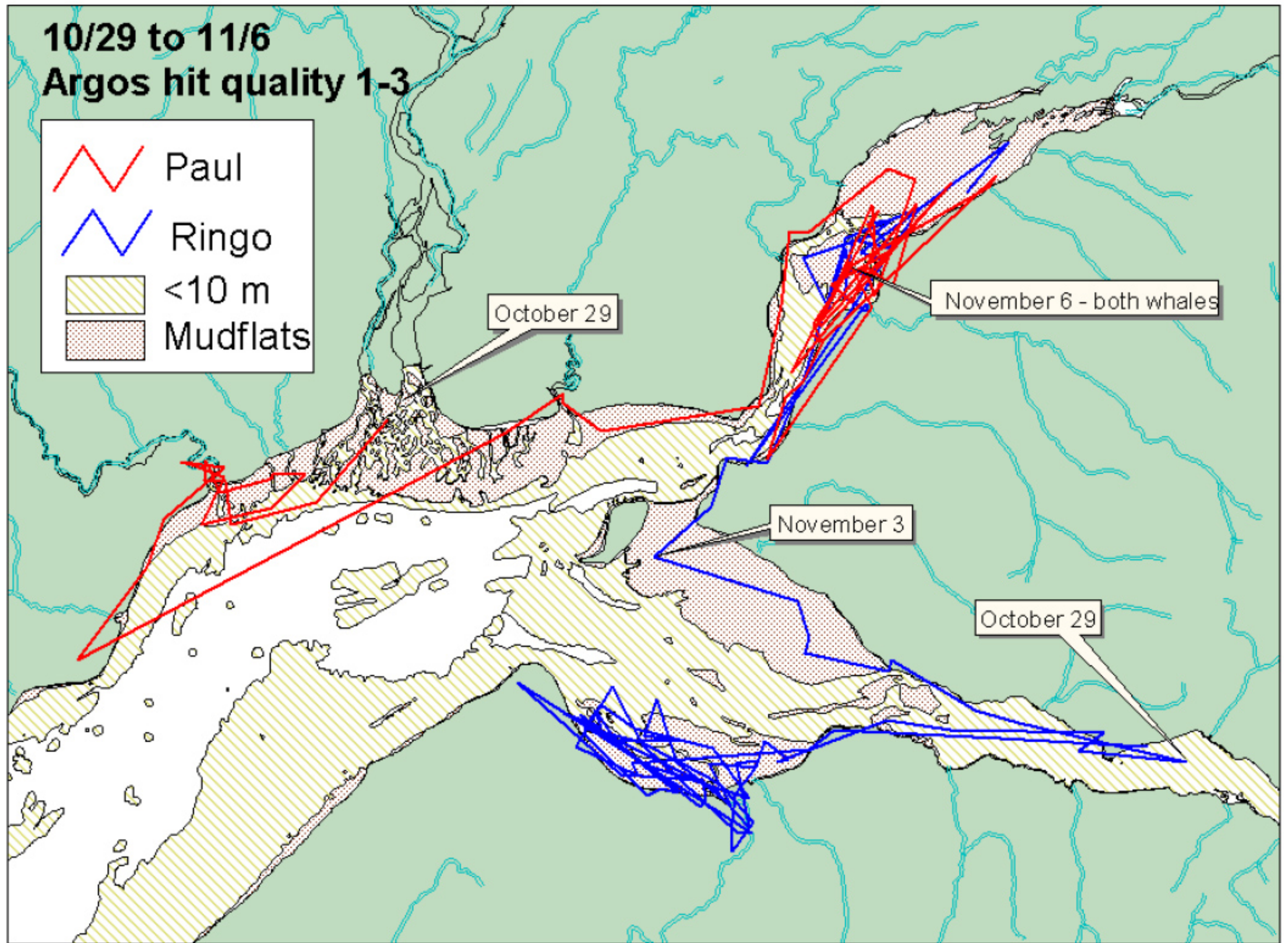
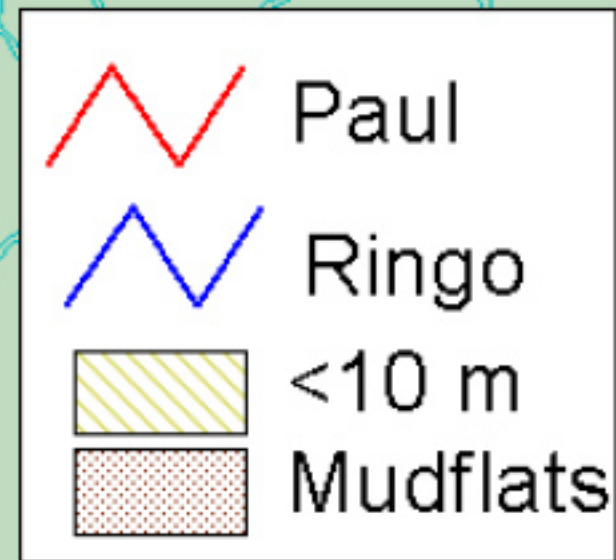
10/17/00 to 10/22/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



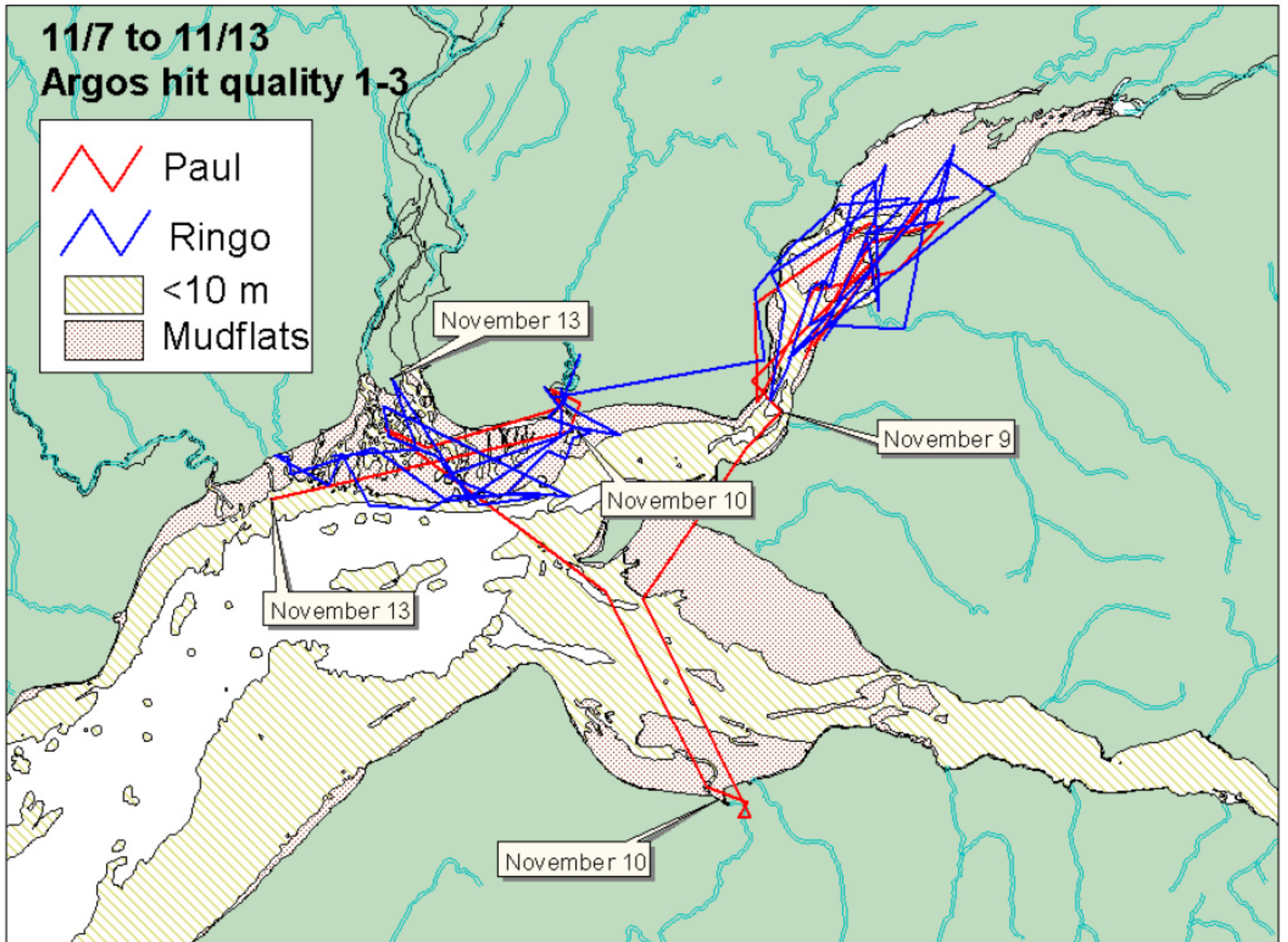
10/23/00 to 10/29/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



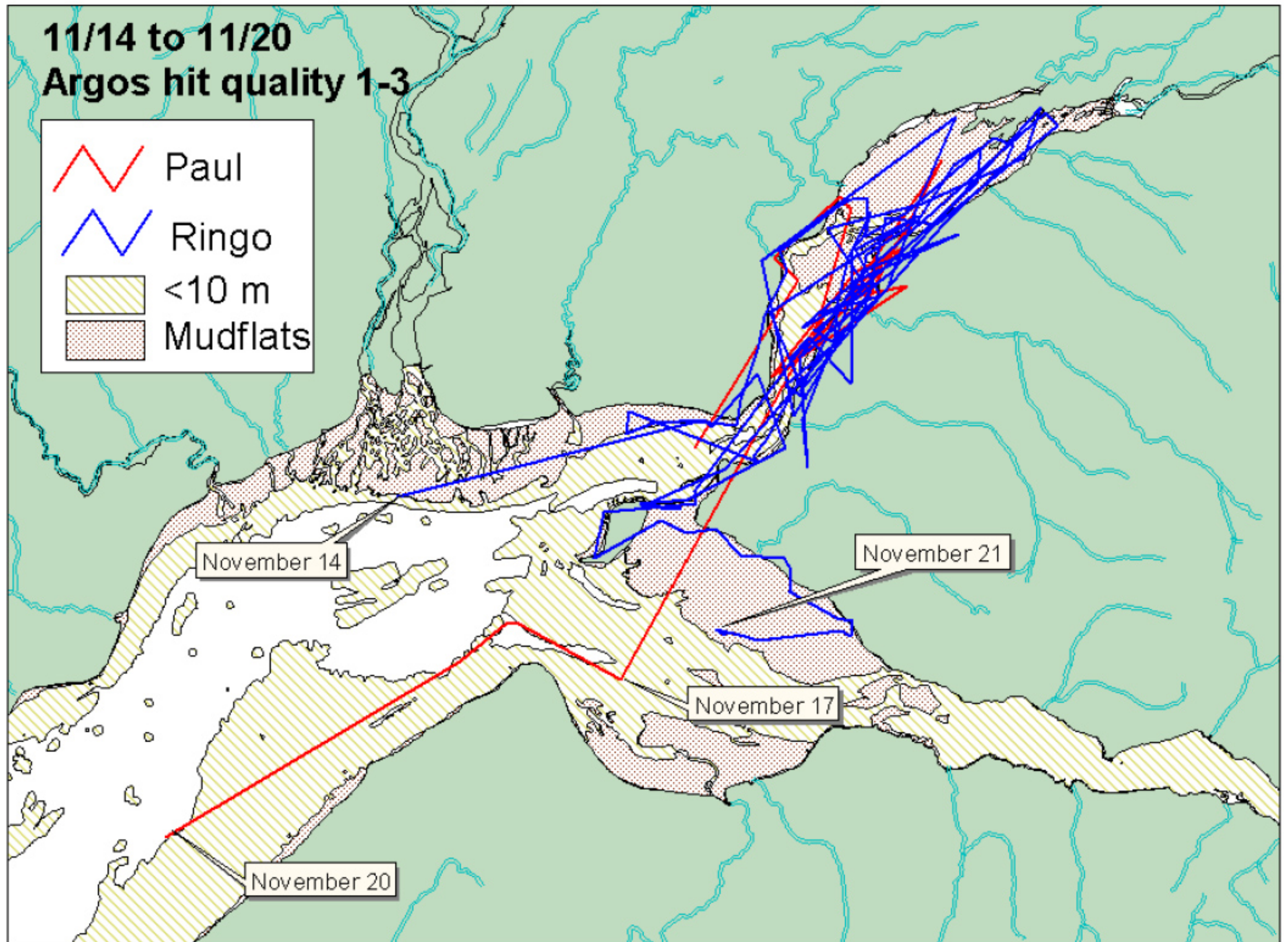
10/29 to 11/6
Argos hit quality 1-3



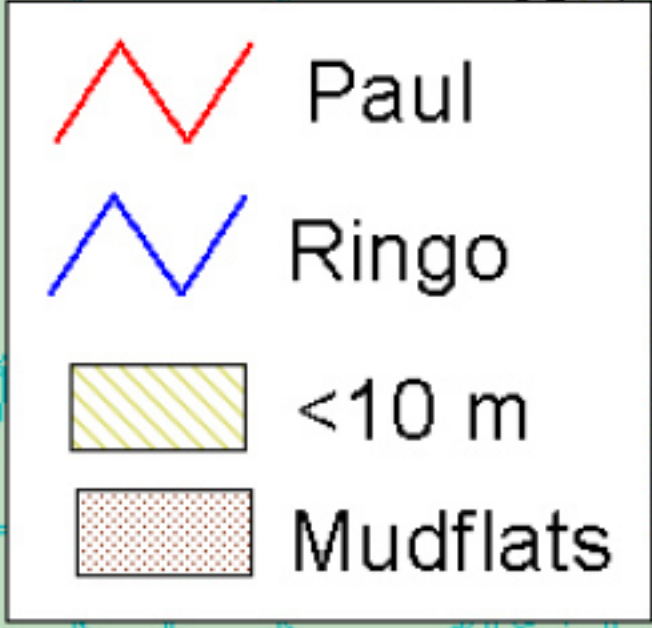
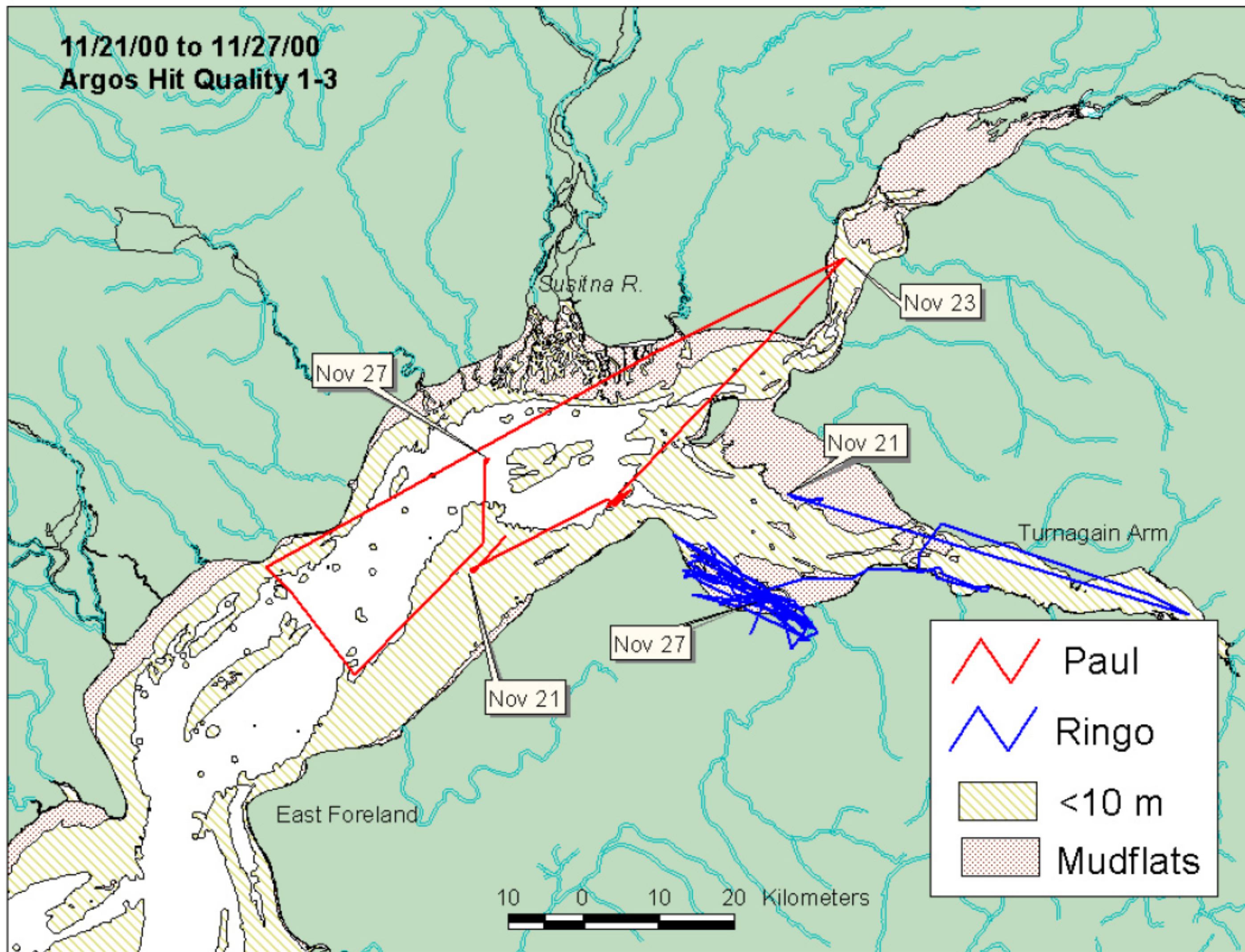
11/7 to 11/13
Argos hit quality 1-3



11/14 to 11/20
Argos hit quality 1-3

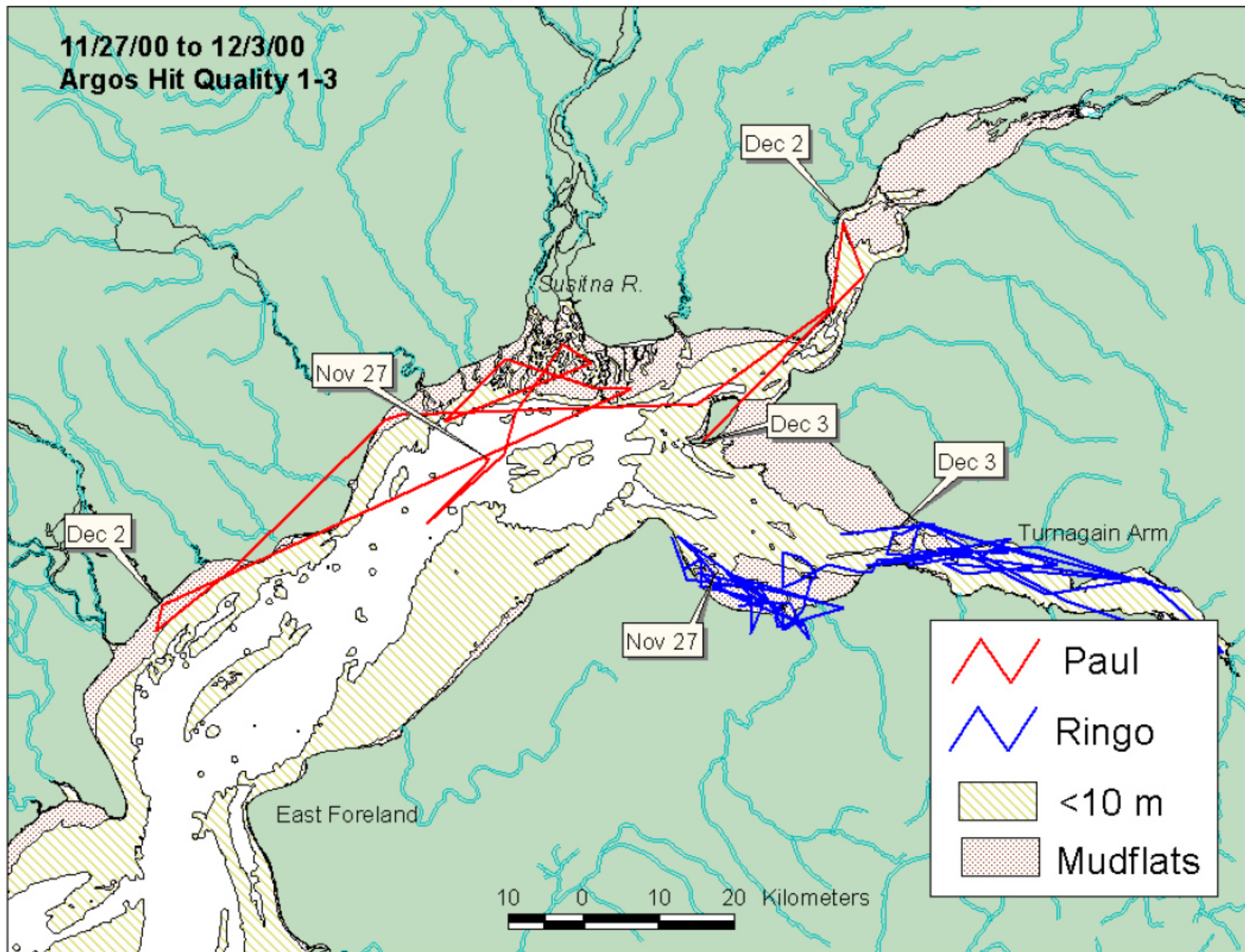


11/21/00 to 11/27/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3

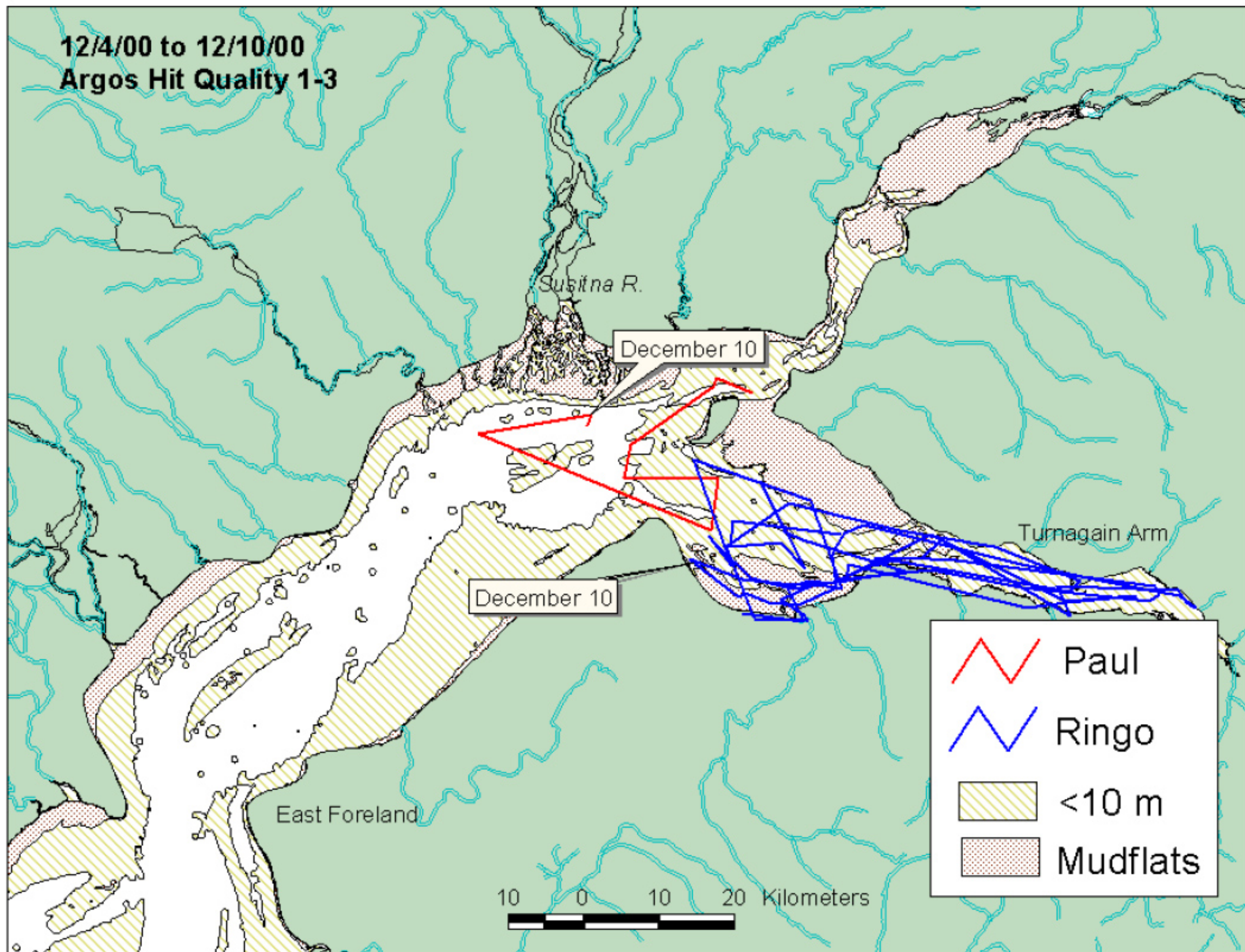


10 0 10 20 Kilometers

11/27/00 to 12/3/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



12/4/00 to 12/10/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3







Subitna R.

December 10

Turnagain Arm

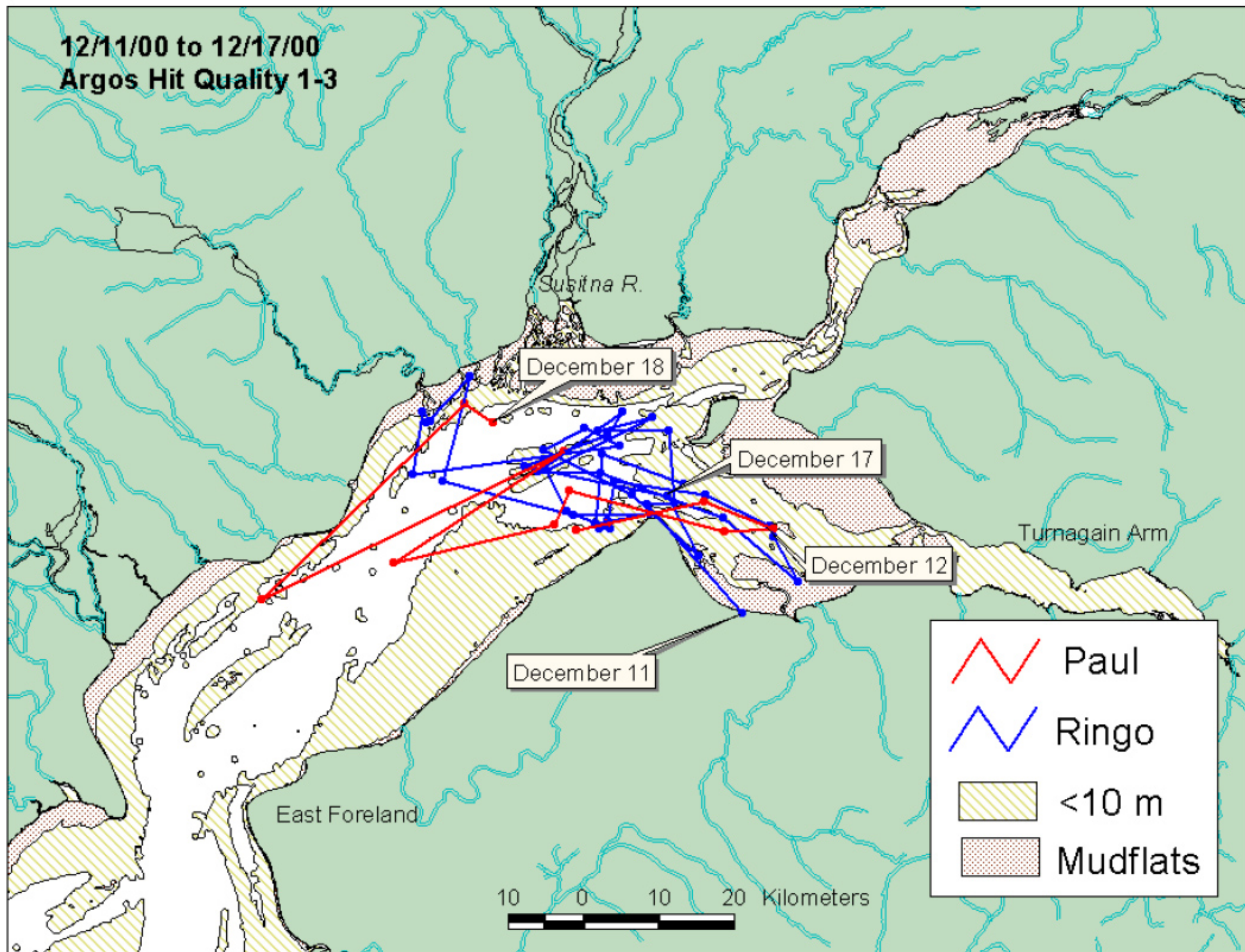
December 10

East Foreland

-  Paul
-  Ringo
-  <10 m
-  Mudflats

10 0 10 20 Kilometers

12/11/00 to 12/17/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



December 18

December 17

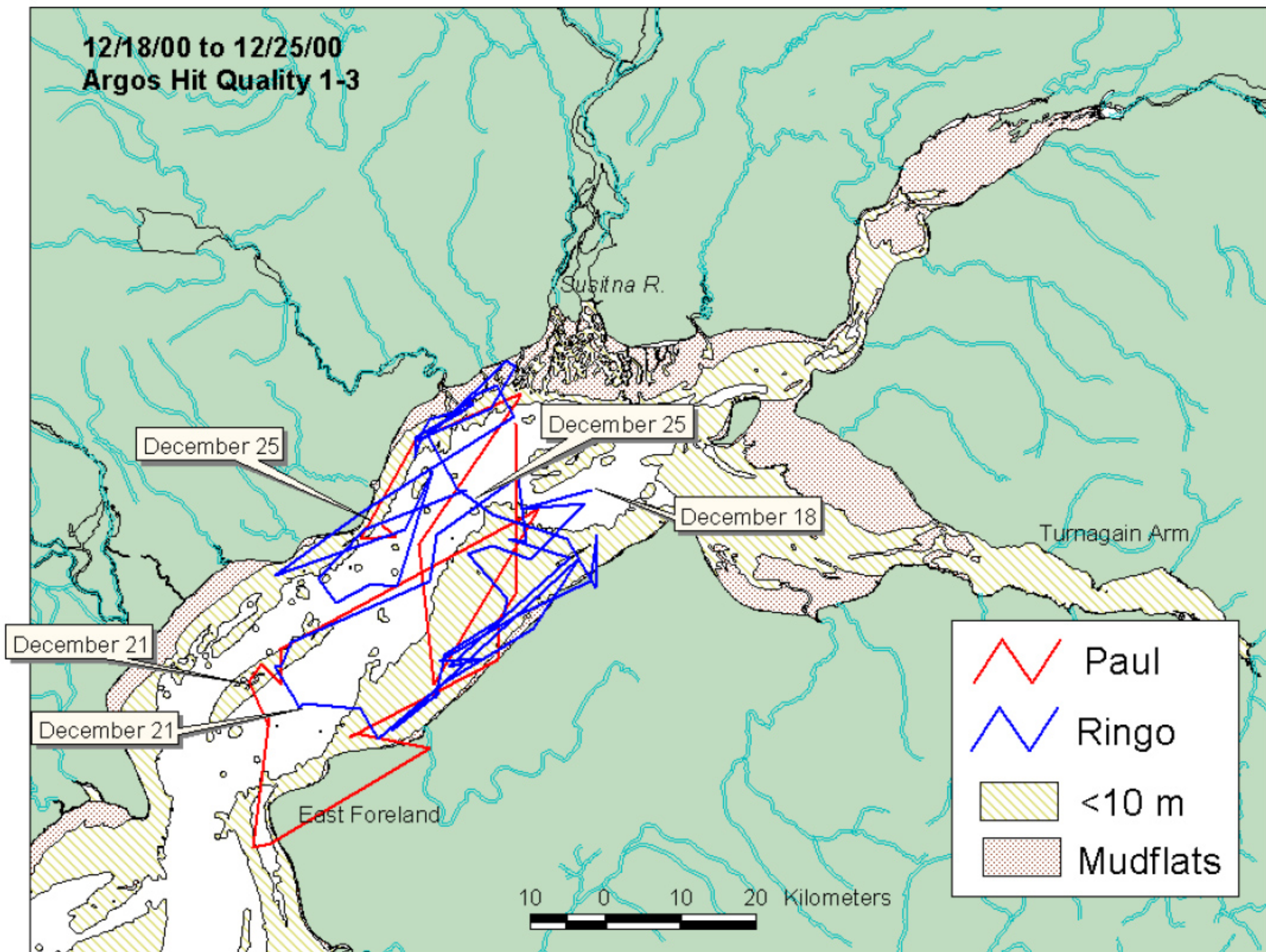
December 12

December 11

- Paul
- Ringo
- <10 m
- Mudflats

10 0 10 20 Kilometers

12/18/00 to 12/25/00
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



December 25

December 18

December 25





December 21

December 21

Subitna R.

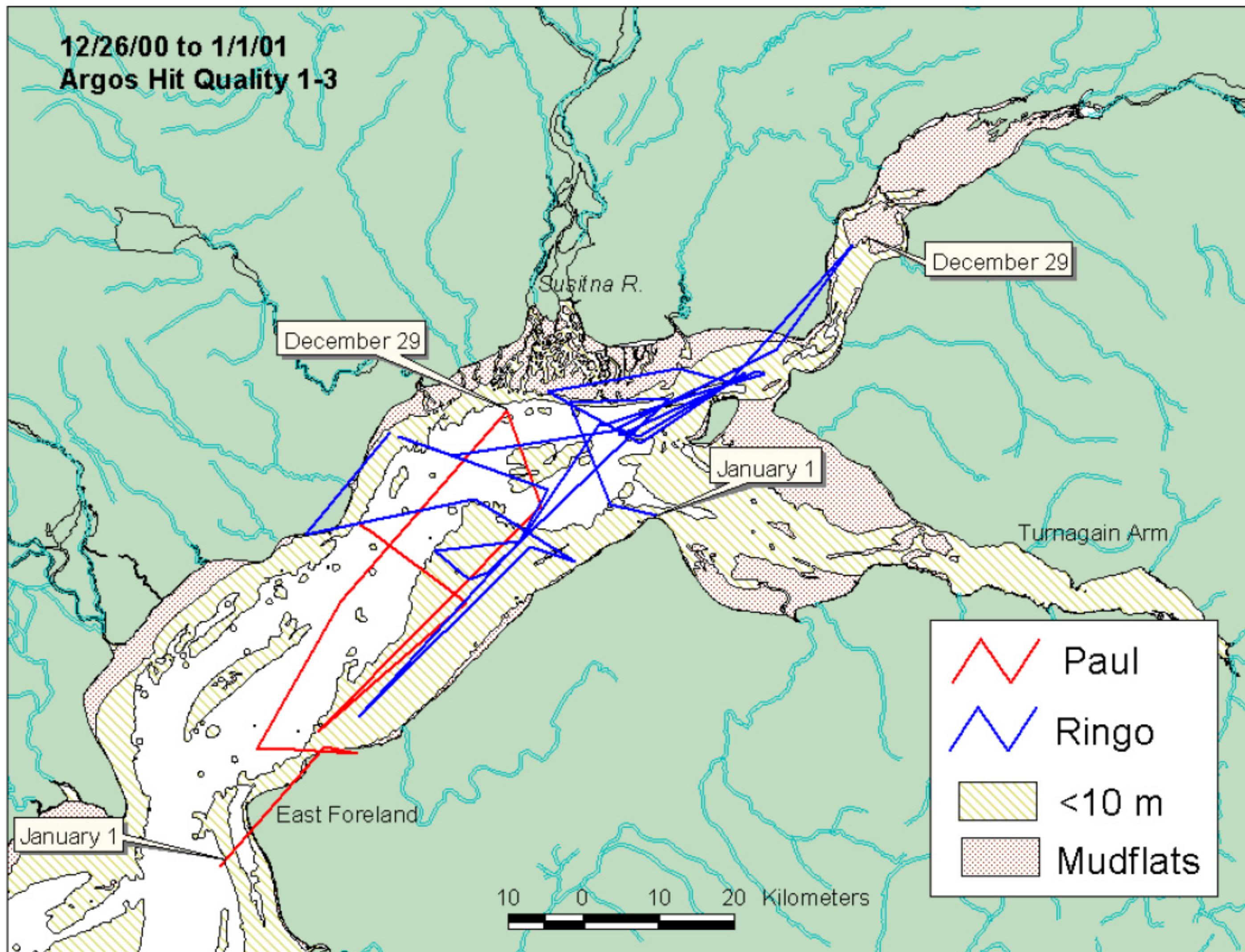
Turnagain Arm

East Foreland

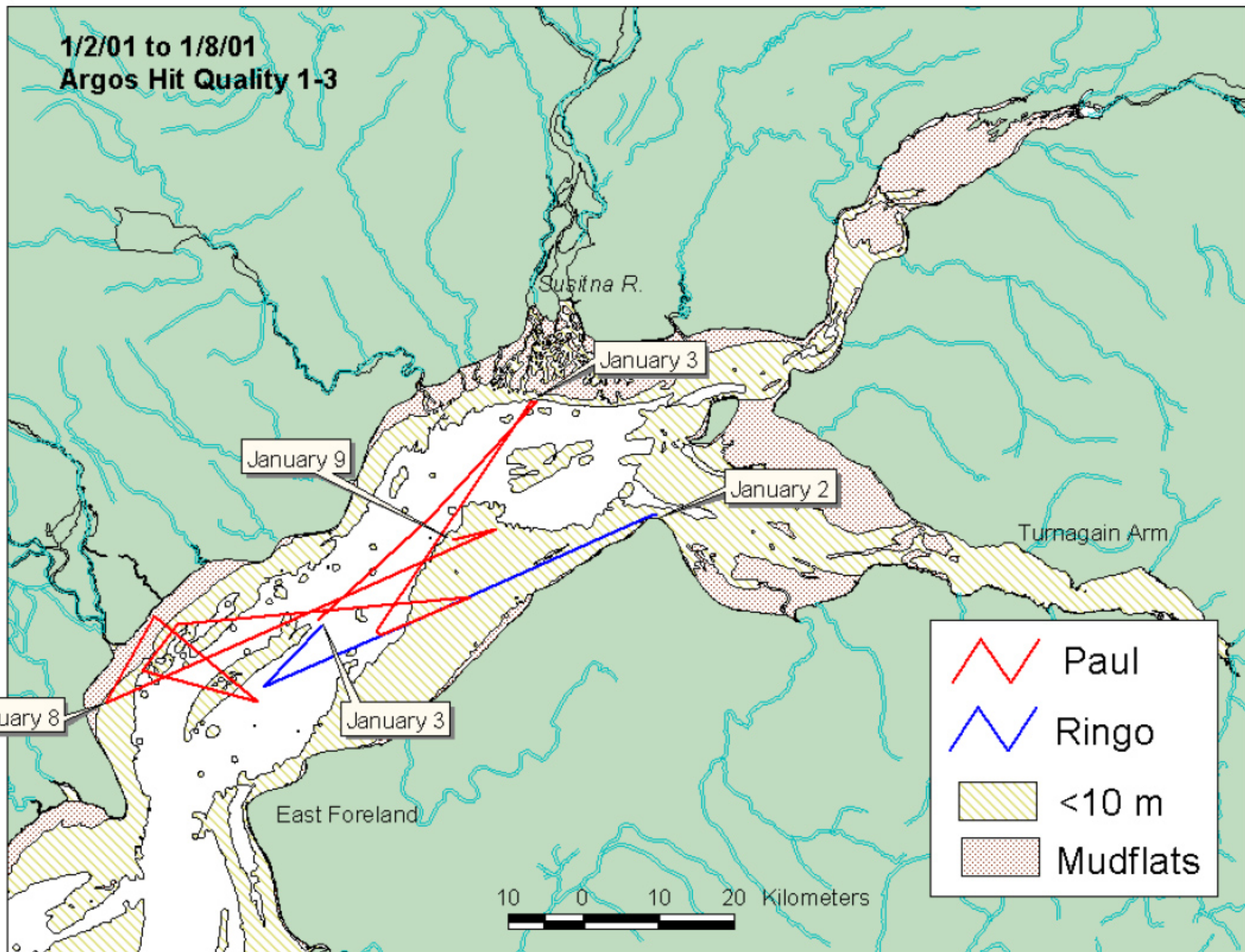
	Paul
	Ringo
	<10 m
	Mudflats

10 0 10 20 Kilometers

12/26/00 to 1/1/01
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



1/2/01 to 1/8/01
Argos Hit Quality 1-3



Subitna R.

January 3

January 9

January 2





Turnagain Arm

January 8

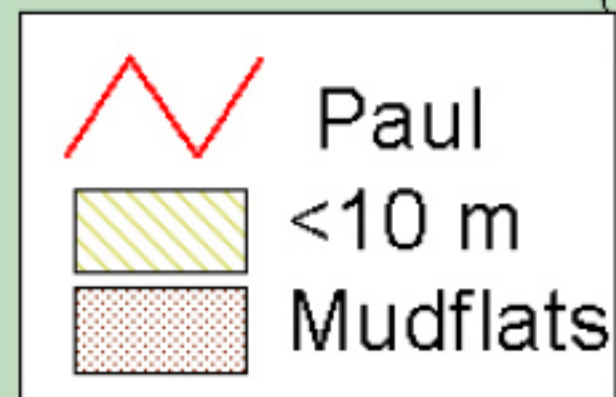
January 3

East Foreland

10 0 10 20 Kilometers

	Paul
	Ringo
	<10 m
	Mudflats

1/9 to 1/16/01 Argos hit quality 1-3



January 13

January 9

January 16

