

## Okeanos Explorer ROV Dive Summary

Dive Information			
Dive Map	NAME MARKE MARKE MARKE MARKE MARKE MARKE MARKE		
Site Name	Unnamed Guyot ( nicknamed Batfish Guyot)		
Expedition Coordinator(s)	Brian RC Kennedy		
ROV Lead(s)	Dan Rogers		
Science Team Lead(s)	Chris Kelley and Jasper Konter		
General Area Descriptor	Wake Atoll unit of PRIMNM		
ROV Dive Name			
Cruise	EX-16-06		
Leg	0		

Equipment Deployed			
ROV Deep Discoverer (D2)			
Camera Platform Seirios			
СТР 🛛 СТР	epth	Altitude	
Scanning Sonar 🛛 U	SBL Position	Heading	
ROV Measurements Pitch	oll	HD Camera 1	
HD Camera 2	ow Res Cam 1	Low Res Cam 2	
Low Res Cam 3	ow Res Cam 4	Low Res Cam 5	
Equipment Malfunctions none	none		
Dive Summary: EX1606	5_DIVE13		
In Water: 2016-C	)8-14T21:36:20.4760(	00	
16°, 34	4.897' N ; 166°, 28.310	D' E	
Out Water: 2016-0	Water: 2016-08-15T04:36:40.232000		
16°, 34	4.329' N ; 166°, 27.91	1' E	
BOV Dive Summary 16° 34	2016-08-15T02:49:41.418000 16°. 34.906' N : 166°. 28.304' F		
(from processed ROV data)			
On Bottom: 2016-0 16°, 34	)8-15T01:22:29.4990( 4.861' N ; 166°, 28.317	ЭО 7' Е	
Dive duration: 7:0:19			
Bottom Time: 1:27:1:	Bottom Time: 1:27:11		
Max. depth: 3135.5	5 m		
Special Notes			
Name Affiliati	ion I	Email	
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	The dive plan targeted	a seamount located ~189 n	niles south of Wake Island,	
	and near the southern	boundary of the monument	. We have named the	
	the southeasterly ridge	e around 3100m. and was in	tended to progress upward	
	along the ridge crest. T	he objective of the dive was	similar to other dives	
	conducted on guyot rift	zone ridges, namely to surve	y the deepwater coral and	
Purpose of the Dive	sponge communities. The	his dive differed from the oth	er ridge dives in being deeper	
	than the optimal depth range for Mn crust formation. Furthermore, the intent of			
	communities, which we believe is between 2500-3000 m. The final objective of			
	this dive was to provide	e data and samples for use in	determining the geologic	
	history of this seamoun	t. This geology of the seamou	ints in this area of the Pacific	
	is poorly understood. The dive plan start and end points were at 3109m and 2818			
	This dive was hampered	ed by weather conditions: a	squall directly prior to ROV	
	deployment caused a delay in initial deployment, and a second one forced a			
	holding pattern above the seafloor. Due to increasingly poor weather			
	conditions, the decision was made to not extend the dive as originally planned,			
	the dive. The bottom was reached at 00:43UTC, at 3115m. After careful			
	navigating, it became clear that the multibeam system had not mapped the			
	steep hole or cutout along the ridge that the ROV first reached. We carefully			
Description of the Dive	made our way up the slope, in the direction of the planned dive track, and found clear signs of volcanic structures			
	Given the short amount of bottom time. the dive focused on doing			
	some collections rather quickly, and spending a limited amount of time			
	between collections for exploring. The bottom appeared to consist mostly of			
	pillow and tube lavas, thickly coated in Mn crust. The steep terrain might			
	small clearing was found between the steep rock formations, and a rock was			
	collected, probably a pillow lava fragment (3096m). About an hour into the			

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dive, we observed several near-vertical rock formations that appeared to have cracks running all the way through (left to right). These looked like dikes, and they were oriented up and down the rift zone. The cracks looked somewhat like columnar joints, and the presence of dikes with cooling cracks suggests that a significant amount of material that used to cover these dikes is missing here. The most likely scenario is that the jagged, steep terrain was partly formed or modified by landslides. After the dikes, we reached a slightly more sedimented area that was somewhat level, before the next steep hillside started. A second rock sample was picked up from the cobble and boulder selection at the bottom of the hill (3059m). However, due to time constraints this was the end of the dive track. The dive ended at 2:52, leaving bottom around 3050m. As expected from the depth range, the fauna at >3000m was sparse. However, the relatively short time of the dive and consequently the short distance covered was also partially responsible for a short list of observed animals. Only one fish was seen, a synaphobranchid eel, approximately 100 m off the seafloor. Corals included only 2 species of primnoids (Narella sp and possible Candidella sp), 2 species of antipatharians (Stauropathes sp and Heteropathes sp), an unbranched isidid (collected) and hydroids. Sponges included both demonsponges (Stelodoryx sp? that was collected, a kebab sponge, and a cladorhizid) as well as several species of hexactinellids (Corbitellinae vase, Bolosoma sp, Crateromorpha sp?, Caulophacus (Oxydiscus) sp, Caulophacus (Caulodiscus) sp.). Other animals included shrimp, a brisingid seastar, ophiuroids, and commatulids. **Overall Map of the ROV Dive Area Close-up Map of Main Dive Site** 166°28'0"8 16°37'0 16°36'0 16°35'0 16°34' 1.25 2.5 Ä 0 0.15 0.3 0.6 km Å



Overview of the dive site on Batfish Seamount		Closeup of the dive site showing the actual track.	
Representative Photos of the Dive			
Rugged terrain encountered at the dive site.		Stauropathes sp observed at the dive site.	
Samples Collected			
Sample			
Sample ID	D2_DIVE13_SPEC01GEO		
Date (UTC)	20160815		
Time (UTC)	1:43:20		
Depth (m)	3096.8367		
Temperature (°C)	1.59987		
Field ID(s)	Mn rock		
Comments			
Sample			
Sample ID	D2_DIVE13_SPEC02BIO		
Date (UTC)	20160815		
Time (UTC)	2:15:58		
Depth (m)	3067.6163		
Temperature (°C)	1.56416		
Field ID(s)	Stelodoryx sp.?		
Comments			



Sample		
Sample ID	D2_DIVE13_SPEC03BIO	
Date (UTC)	20160815	
Time (UTC)	2:28:33	
Depth (m)	3065.5112	
Temperature (°C)	1.58107	
Field ID(s)	unbranched octocoral	
Comments		
Sample		
Sample ID	D2_DIVE13_SPEC04GEO	
Date (UTC)	20160815	
Time (UTC)	2:38:50	
Depth (m)	3059.6537	
Temperature (°C)	1.5973	
Field ID(s)	Mn coated rock	
Comments		

## Please direct inquiries to:

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