

CSDL Informal Technical Note No. 2

**PRINCIPAL COMPONENT DIRECTION CURRENT EVENT
ANALYSIS: PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION**

Silver Spring, Maryland
June 2002



**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Service
Coast Survey Development Laboratory**

NOTICE

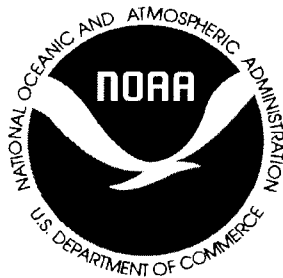
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COMMERCE**

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Atmospheric Administration

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Coast Survey Development
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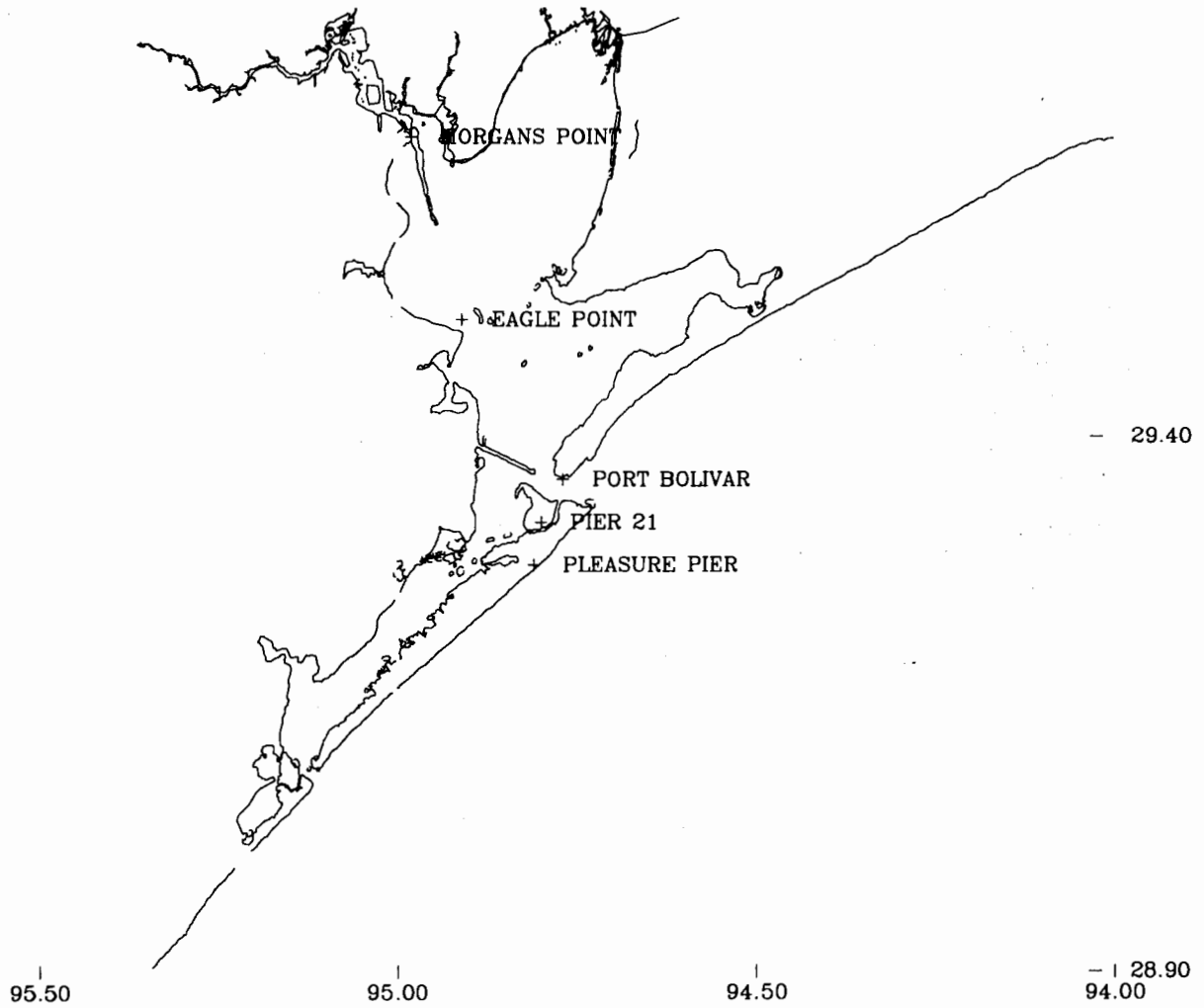
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GALVESTON BAY BASE MAP

- 29.90



Galveston Bay area base map showing locations mentioned in this report.

ABSTRACT

The National Ocean Service (NOS), as part of its Houston/Galveston Physical Oceanographic Real Time System (PORTS), is developing a nowcast/forecast system to predict water level and currents within Galveston Bay and the Houston Ship Channel. Preliminary nowcast/forecast requirements are for a daily 36 hour forecast initiated from a continuous 24 hour nowcast as outlined by Schmalz and Richardson (1996). To assess the forecast of both flood and ebb current speeds along the principal component direction, a set of seven programs has been developed. The set of programs focuses on the ability to forecast an “event” situation. An “event” occurs when the observed current speed rises above a specified high level value on flood, or falls below a specified low level value on ebb. The programs are described and a sample application for September 2000 is presented. In Appendix A, the complete job control and program control files are provided.

1. INTRODUCTION

A Physical Oceanographic Real Time System (PORTS) has been installed in Galveston Bay to provide the navigation community with real time water level and current information (Frey, 1991; Bethem and Frey, 1991). The development of the PORTS is in response to the results of a mini-project conducted by NOS in 1988, in which NOS current predictions within the Bay were found to be outside the range of NOS standards (Williams et al., 1990). The present PORTS consists of five tide gauges and two permanent Acoustic Doppler Current Profilers (ADCP). Conductivity/temperature measurement systems have been installed at several tide gauges.

To complement the PORTS a nowcast/forecast system has been designed (Schmalz and Richardson, 1996) based on the National Ocean Service (NOS) Galveston Bay three-dimensional hydrodynamic model (Schmalz and Richardson, 1998a) and the National Weather Service (NWS) Aviation atmospheric model. To simulate currents within the Houston Ship Channel (HSC), a finer resolution three-dimensional HSC model has been developed. The Galveston Bay model is used to provide Bay wide water level and near entrance current forecasts as well as to directly provide water levels, density, and turbulence quantities to the HSC model for use in a one-way coupling. The combined model set forms the initial hydrodynamic component of the nowcast/forecast system (Schmalz and Richardson, 1998b).

The present nowcast/forecast system is used to provide experimental daily 24 hour nowcasts and 36 hour forecasts of water levels, currents, salinity and temperature at the locations of the PORTS instruments. The evaluation of forecast inputs has been considered by Richardson and Schmalz (1999). Here, a set of seven programs has been developed to evaluate nowcast/forecast principal component direction current speeds to assess the ability to forecast an "event" situation. An "event" occurs when the observed current speed rises above a specified high level value on flood, or falls below a specified low level value on ebb.

When forecasting events, there are three possible outcomes. A "success" occurs when the model successfully predicts an observed event. A "failure" occurs when the model fails to predict an observed event. A "false alarm" occurs when the model predicts an event not seen in the observed data. When the forecast model performs well, the number of successes should be high, and the number of failures and false alarms should be low.

The seven programs are described below.

1. Reform_ports.f was written to read PORTS (observed) current data, then to reformat into standard component format for analysis. PORTS current data is acquired from the PORTS-INFOHUB internet site (<http://ports-infohub.nos.noaa.gov>).

2. Regap.f was created to check for gaps in the PORTS current data and then to fill those gaps.

3. Reform2.f was created to select hourly values from six minute observed current data. The program will handle data with non-uniform time intervals.

4. Read_NF.curr.f was developed to read current speed and direction results from the NOS Galveston Bay/Houston Ship Channel model. The program reads current data from the 00z files in the form of U and V components. These curvilinear U and V components are converted to U and V with respect to the X,Y axis. The U, V components are then written to both nowcast and forecast output files for stations included in the analysis.

5. Match.event.f was originally written to perform a one year water level event comparison between the East Coast Ocean Forecast System (ECOFS) and the NWS Techniques Development Laboratory (TDL) surge model. The program was revised slightly to evaluate the Houston/Galveston nowcast/forecast water level model results and further revised herein to analyze current data, and renamed match.evnt_crnt.f. For observed and model data, the program reads the U and V components of current velocity. A call is made to subroutine prDirection to calculate the current speed along the principal direction (particular to each station). After the principal component speed has been determined, the program follows the same algorithm as match.event.f, the water level version.

6. Curr.prdir.pro is written in the IDL programming language, and will plot the observed and model current speed along the principal component direction. Also plotted are two lines which depict the critical high and low level values (Flood and Ebb, respectively). Curr.prdir.pro generates only one plot per page.

7. Curr.multcurv.pro, also an IDL program, was created to generate plots of observed versus nowcast and observed versus predicted current speeds on one page, then observed versus forecast and observed versus adjusted forecast current speeds on the second page.

Reform_ports.f, regap.f, reform2.f, read_NF.curr.f, and match.evnt_crnt.f are written in FORTRAN, and are run on the OPSEA system. Curr.prdir.pro and curr.multcurv.pro are written in IDL and are also run on the OPSEA system.

In Chapter 2, descriptions of each program are provided as well as program listings. In Chapter 3, a sample application for September 2000 is discussed in terms of output tables and plots. In Chapter 4, recommendations for the operational use of these assessment programs are presented. In addition, possible future enhancements to the programs are discussed. In Appendix A, the job control and control files for each of the seven programs are provided.

2. PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

2.1. Program Reform_ports.f

This program reads PORTS current data and reformats the data. The listing for reform_ports.f is given in Program Listing 2.1. The raw current data filename is read in from the control file. Line number 110 is the read statement. The program reads the month, day, year, hour, and minute, the time zone, then reads the current speed and direction. The calendar month and day are converted to Julian day (number of days elapsed since the beginning of the year) with a call to subroutine conctj, a standard routine. The speed and direction values are converted to U (East) and V (North) components by subroutine calc_uv. Statement 146 writes the U and V component values to output.

Reform_ports.f assumes the current data to be on a fixed six-minute interval. Data are decimated to form an hourly interval dataset for further analysis. Reform_ports.f was used to reformat PORTS data obtained from the PORTS-INFOHUB during September and October 2000. For data sets where there are gaps and the data interval is not on uniform six-minute intervals, two other programs, regap.f and reform2.f, are available. These programs are discussed in sections 2.2 and 2.3.

```

1      c Program Name : reform_ports.f
2      c
3      c Purpose : To read PORTS (observed) current data, then
4      c             to reformat in standard CFS U,V component (1x,3f9.4)
5      c             format. Current speeds are recorded in knots
6      c             in PORTS data file. Conversion factor (knts_mps)
7      c             converts current speed to m/s.
8      c             PORTS current data is acquired off the internet
9      c             from the ports-infohub site.
10     c
11     c Location : /usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/
12     c
13     c Subroutines Called : conctj, calc_uv
14     c
15     c Author : Phil Richardson
16     c
17     c Version Date : Ncvember 20, 2000
18
19     *****
20
21     character*3  timezn
22     character*15 filenm,fileout
23     character*40 line
24
25     *****
26
27     c Read from Control file:
28     c
29     c     strt_time - start time
30
31
32     read(5,*)idebug
33     read(5,*)strt_time
34     read(5,1)filenm
35     write(6,1)filenm
36     read(5,1)fileout
37     write(6,1)fileout
38
39     c     Conversion factor ! convert knots to m/s
40     rknts_mps = 0.5144
41
42
43     1 format(1x,a15)
44
45     *****
46
47     c Open PORTS data file to read current speed and direction,
48     c then open output file.
49
50     lun = 8
51     open(lun,file=filenm,form='formatted',
52     *     status='old')
53
54     lunout = 9
55     open(lunout,file=fileout,form='formatted')
56

```

Program Listing 2.1. Reform_ports.f

```

57 *****
58
59 c Position PORTS file to start time, read first value
60
61     50 continue
62         read(lun,11)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,timezn,
63         *           speed,idir
64
65         if(imonth.eq.0.and.iday.eq.0)goto 50
66         call conctj(jday,imonth,iday,iyear)
67         rjday = float(jday) + float(ihour)/24.0 +
68         *           float(imin)/1440.0
69         if(rjday.lt.strt_time)then
70             goto 50
71         else
72             write(6,14)strt_time,rjday,imonth,iday,iyear,
73             *           ihour,imin,speed,idir
74             if(imin.ne.58)then
75                 write(6,*)'start time not on hour'
76                 stop
77             endif
78             ihour = ihour + 1
79             imin = imin - 58
80             rjday = float(jday) + float(ihour)/24.0 +
81             *           float(imin)/1440.0
82             write(6,15)rjday
83
84             speed = speed * rknts_mps
85             call calc_uv(speed,idir,ucom,vcom)
86             write(lunout,21)rjday,ucom,vcom
87         endif
88
89
90     14 format(/,' start time =',f9.4,
91     *           ', time of start record is',f9.4,/,
92     *           1x,i3,'/',i2,'/',i4,2x,i2,':',i2,
93     *           /,' speed = ',f7.3,', dir = ',i4)
94     15 format(' Adjusted start time PORTS file ',f8.3)
95
96 !-----
97
98 c Read remaining values
99
100
101     write(6,99)
102
103     ncnt = 0
104     100 continue
105 c Account for 6 minute data by reading every 10th value
106     do l=1,9
107         read(lun,101,end=120)line
108     enddo
109
110     read(lun,11)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,timezn,
111     *           speed,idir
112     if(idebug.eq.1)then

```

Program Listing 2.1. Reform_ports.f (continued)

```

113         write(6,102)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,
114         *           speed,idir
115         endif
116
117
118         if(imonth.eq.0.and.iday.eq.0)then
119             write(6,104)
120             read(lun,11)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,timezn,
121             *           speed,idir
122             write(6,102)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,speed,idir
123             backspace lun
124             imin = imin - 4
125             iflag = 1
126         else
127             if(imin.ne.58)then
128                 write(6,103)
129             110         continue
130                 read(lun,11)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,timezn,
131                 *           speed,idir
132                 write(6,102)imonth,iday,iyear,ihour,imin,speed,
133                 *           idir
134                 if(imin.ne.58)goto 110
135             endif
136             ihour = ihour + 1
137             imin = imin - 58
138         endif
139
140         call conctj(jday,imonth,iday,iyear)
141         rjday = float(jday) + float(ihour)/24.0
142         write(6,*)rjday
143
144         speed = speed * rknts_mps
145         call calc_uv(speed,idir,ucom,vcom)
146         write(lunout,21)rjday,ucom,vcom
147
148
149         ncnt = ncnt + 1
150         goto 100
151
152     120 continue
153
154
155     99 format(/)
156     101 format(a40)
157     102 format(1x,i2,'/',i2,'/',i4,2x,i2,':',i2,f8.3,i5)
158     103 format(' time of record not on hour, go to next',
159     *         ' record which is on hour')
160     104 format('Program has read a blank record, go to next',
161     *         ' record')
162
163     !-----
164
165     11 format(i2,1x,i2,1x,i4,1x,i2,1x,i2,1x,a3,f7.3,1x,i3)
166     21 format(1x,3f9.4)
167
168     *****

```

Program Listing 2.1. Reform_ports.f (continued)


```
169
170     stop
171     end
```

Program Listing 2.1. Reform_ports.f (continued)

```

1          SUBROUTINE CONCTJ (IJD,IMON,IDAY,IYR)
2
3          C**** THIS SUBROUTINE CONVERTS CALENDER TO JULIAN DAY (IJD)
4          C
5          DIMENSION   IDTBLE(12),ILTBLE(12)
6          C
7          DATA (IDTBLE(I),I=1,12)/1,32,60,91,121,152,182,213,244,
8          1          274,305,335/
9          DATA (ILTBLE(I),I=1,12)/1,32,61,92,122,153,183,214,245,
10         1          275,306,336/
11         C
12         C**** TEST FOR LEAP YEAR
13         C
14         ISW = 1
15         IF (MOD(IYR,4).EQ.0)   ISW = 2
16
17         GO TO (9,10)   ISW
18         9 IJD = IDTBLE(IMON) + IDAY - 1
19         RETURN
20        10 IJD = ILTBLE(IMON) + IDAY - 1
21         RETURN
22         END

```

```

1          subroutine calc_uv(sp,idr,u,v)
2
3          c          Purpose : Given current speed and direction,
4          c          calculate U and V components.
5          c
6          c          Date : July 9, 2001
7
8
9
10         c          Input Arguments :
11         c
12         c          speed - current speed
13         c          idr - current direction
14
15         *****
16
17         dir = float(idr)
18         rwd = dir/57.2958
19         v = cos(rwd) * sp
20         u = sin(rwd) * sp
21
22         return
23         end

```

Program Listing 2.1. Reform_ports.f (continued)

2.2. Program regap.f

Regap.f was created to read PORTS current data, check for gaps and then to fill the gaps with a null value (9.99). This program assumes the data to be in GMT, and converts the times to local standard time. The listing of regap.f is given in Program Listing 2.2.

```

1      c      Program Name : regap.f
2      c
3      c      Author : Phil Richardson
4      c
5      c      Purpose : This program is run on the OPSEA to
6      c                  check for gaps in Galveston observed (PORTS)
7      c                  current data. The program is written to
8      c                  fill the gaps in the six minute data with
9      c                  the null value (9.99).
10     c                  This particular current data was acquired
11     c                  from Karen Earwaker. Karen's data is in
12     c                  GMT and must be converted to local time.
13     c
14     c      Language : FORTRAN 77
15     c
16     c      Version date : July 6, 2001
17
18     *****
19
20     character*3  option
21     character*9  filefix
22     character*16 filenm
23
24     *****
25
26     c      Variables read from control :
27     c
28     c          lun - logical unit number
29     c          filenm() - filename (with path)
30     c          filefix - name of file with null values
31     c                  inserted in gaps
32
33
34     read(5,*)lun
35     read(5,23)filenm
36     read(5,24)filefix
37     read(5,*)adjust
38
39
40     19 format(lx,a3)
41     23 format(a16)
42     24 format(a9)
43
44     *****
45
46     c      Open output (filefix) file.
47
48     lunfix = 9
49     open(lunfix,file=filefix,form='formatted')
50
51     *****
52
53     c      Constant Values :
54     c
55     c          spdnull - null value for current speed
56     c          idirnull - null value for current direction

```

Program Listing 2.2. Regap.f

```

57      c      time_dif - time difference (to be compared with)
58      c      between new and old time values
59      c      amount - decimal value for portion of day
60      c      equivalent to 6 minutes
61      c      adjust - 6 hrs, 0.25 of day
62      c
63      c Initialization -
64
65      spdnull = 9.99
66      idirnull = 999
67      time_dif = 0.0042
68      amount = 1.0/240.0
69
70
71      ngap = 0
72
73      open(lun,file=filenm,form='formatted',
74      *      status='old')
75
76      c      Read first line of data file
77      read(lun,*)time_lnl,sp,idir
78      time_adj = time_lnl + adjust
79      write(lunfix,105)time_adj,sp,idir
80
81      time_lnljd = time_lnl
82
83      time_old = time_lnl
84      time_oldjd = time_old
85
86
87      10 continue
88
89      read(lun,*,end=20)time_read,sp,idir
90      time_adjust = time_read + adjust
91      time_new = time_read
92      time_newjd = time_read
93      diff = time_new - time_old
94      if(diff.lt.0.001)then
95          write(6,*)time_read
96          write(6,*)time_old
97      endif
98      iyr = iyear_ref
99
100     if(diff.lt.time_dif)then
101         write(lunfix,105)time_adjust,sp,idir
102     endif
103
104     if(diff.ge.time_dif)then
105         ngap = ngap + 1
106         if(ngap.eq.1)write(6,111)filenm
107
108         write(6,112)time_old,time_new
109         rnlne = diff * 240.0
110         nline = nint(rnlne) - 1
111         write(6,115)nline
112         time_hrsav = time_old

```

Program Listing 2.2. Regap.f (continued)

```

113         time_dysav = time_old
114     do 120 nl=1,nline
115         nhr = mod(nl,10)
116         ndy = mod(nl,240)
117         write(6,*)nl,nhr
118         if(ndy.eq.00)then
119             timefix = time_dysav + 1.0
120             time_hrsav = timefix
121             time_dysav = timefix
122             time_old = timefix
123             timefix_adj = timefix + adjust
124             write(lunfix,105)timefix_adj,spdnnull,idirnull
125             goto 120
126         endif
127         if(nhr.eq.0)then
128             timefix = time_hrsav + 1.0/24.0
129             time_hrsav = timefix
130             time_old = timefix
131             timefix_adj = timefix + adjust
132         else
133             timefix = time_old + amount
134             time_old = timefix
135             timefix_adj = timefix + adjust
136         endif
137         write(lunfix,105)timefix_adj,spdnnull,idirnull
138     120     continue
139         write(lunfix,105)time_adjust,sp,idir
140     endif
141
142         time_old = time_new
143         time_oldjd = time_newjd
144         goto 10
145
146     20     continue
147
148         write(6,123)time_read
149         write(6,124)ngap
150
151
152
153     102 format(1x,'file start time ',f8.3,2x,i2,'/',i2,'/',i2)
154     105 format(1x,f9.5,f5.2,1x,i3)
155     111 format(1x,'Gaps in file : ',/,1x,a16,/)
156     112 format(1x,'old time',f9.4,' new time',f10.4)
157     114 format(1x,'Gap ends ',i2,'/',i2,'/',i2)
158     115 format(1x,'Gap of ',i4,' lines')
159     123 format(/,1x,'file stop time ',f8.3)
160     124 format(1x,i3,' gaps')
161
162     *****
163
164
165     stop
166     end

```

Program Listing 2.2. Regap.f (continued)

2.3. Program reform2.f

Reform2.f was created to select hourly values from the output of regap.f. The current data output from regap.f is six minute data, but not necessarily on a uniform time interval. The listing for reform2.f is given in Program Listing 2.3.

```

1      c Program Name : reform2.f
2      c
3      c Author : Phil Richardson
4      c
5      c Purpose : This program is run to pick out hourly values
6      c             from 6 minute current data.
7      c
8      c Location : /usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/
9      c
10     c Version Date : July 11, 2001
11
12     *****
13
14         parameter (ndatpts=700,nstreams=50)
15
16         character*15 fileout
17         character*16 filenm
18
19         dimension rjtime(ndatpts),crnt_speed(ndatpts),
20         *             icrnt_dir(ndatpts)
21
22     *****
23
24     c Read from control file:
25
26         read(5,*)idebug
27         read(5,'(a16)')filenm
28         write(6,1)filenm
29         read(5,'(a15)')fileout
30         read(5,*)start_time
31         read(5,*)end_time
32
33     c Conversion factor
34         rknts_mps = 0.5144
35
36         t1hr = 0.04167
37         tldy = 1.0
38         day_time = start_time
39         hour_time = start_time
40
41
42         1 format(' Input data filename : ',a16)
43
44     *****
45
46     c Open input data file, then open output file
47
48
49         lun = 8
50
51         open(lun,file=filenm,form='formatted',
52         *             status='old')
53
54
55         lunout = 9
56

```

Program Listing 2.3. Reform2.f


```

57         open(lunout,file=fileout,form='formatted')
58
59 *****
60
61 c Locate start time for input data file
62
63     100 continue
64         read(lun,*)rtime,speed,idir
65         if(rtime.lt.start_time)then
66             goto 100
67         endif
68
69         write(6,101)rtime
70
71 c     write(6,111)rtime,speed,idir
72         if(idebug.eq.1)write(lunout,111)rtime,speed,idir
73         if(idir.gt.900)then
74             ucom = 99.99
75             vcom = 99.99
76         else
77             speed = speed * rknts_mps
78
79             call calc_uv(speed,idir,ucom,vcom)
80         endif
81         write(lunout,112)rtime,ucom,vcom
82
83         day_time = day_time + tldy
84         hour_time = hour_time + tlhr
85
86
87     110 continue
88         read(lun,*,end=125)rtime,speed,idir
89         if(rtime.gt.end_time)then
90             write(6,*)'End Time reached'
91             goto 125
92         endif
93         if(rtime.ge.day_time) then
94             write(6,111)rtime,speed,idir
95             backspace lun
96             backspace lun
97
98             read(lun,*)rtime1,speed1,idir1
99             read(lun,*)rtime2,speed2,idir2
100            write(6,112)rtime1,rtime2
101
102            diff1 = abs(rtime1 - day_time)
103            diff2 = abs(rtime2 - day_time)
104            write(6,112)diff1,diff2
105
106            if(diff1.lt.diff2)then
107                rtime = rtime1
108                speed = speed1 * rknts_mps
109                idir = idir1
110                write(6,111)rtime1,speed1,idir1
111            endif
112            if(diff2.lt.diff1)then

```

Program Listing 2.3. Reform2.f (continued)

```

113         rtime = rtime2
114         speed = speed2 * rknts_mps
115         idir = idir2
116     endif
117
118     if(idir.gt.900)then
119         ucom = 99.99
120         vcom = 99.99
121     else
122         call calc_uv(speed, idir, ucom, vcom)
123     endif
124
125     write(lunout, 112) rtime, ucom, vcom
126     hour_time = day_time + t1hr
127     day_time = day_time + t1dy
128     goto 110
129 endif
130
131
132     if(rtime.lt.hour_time)then
133         goto 110
134     endif
135     if(rtime.ge.hour_time)then
136         hour_check = abs(rtime - day_time)
137         if(hour_check.lt.0.03)then
138             goto 110
139         endif
140         write(6, 111) rtime, speed, idir
141         if(idir.gt.900)then
142             ucom = 99.99
143             vcom = 99.99
144         else
145             speed = speed * rknts_mps
146
147             call calc_uv(speed, idir, ucom, vcom)
148         endif
149         write(lunout, 112) rtime, ucom, vcom
150         hour_time = hour_time + t1hr
151         goto 110
152     endif
153
154
155
156     125 continue
157
158     *****
159
160     101 format(' start time at ', f9.5)
161     111 format(1x, f10.5, 2x, f5.2, 5x, i3)
162     112 format(1x, 3f9.4)
163     113 format(1x, 3f10.5)
164
165     stop
166     end

```

Program Listing 2.3. Reform2.f (continued)

```

1      subroutine calc_uv(sp,idr,u,v)
2
3      c      Purpose : Given current speed and direction,
4      c                      calculate U and V components.
5      c
6      c      Date : July 9, 2001
7
8
9
10     c      Input Arguments :
11     c
12     c      speed - current speed
13     c      idr - current direction
14
15     *****
16
17     dir = float(idr)
18     rwd = dir/57.2958
19     v = cos(rwd) * sp
20     u = sin(rwd) * sp
21
22     return
23     end

```

Program Listing 2.3. Reform2.f (continued)

2.4 Program Read_NF.curr.f

The computer listing for Program Read_NF.curr.f is given in Computer Listing 2.2. For each of the stations included in our analysis, the program first reads nowcast and forecast output filenames from the control file. Also read is mlevel, the model level used for analysis. Line 85 begins the loop in which the daily 00z files are read. Nfiledays is the number of daily files to be read (30 for the September 2000 sample application). The Galveston Bay model (GBM) 00z files are stored in filename_gbm(nf), while the Houston Ship Channel model (HSCM) 00z files are stored in filename_hsc(nf).

Read_NF.curr.f accounts for days in which a 00z file is missing in either the GBM or the HSCM. Read from the control file are nmiss_gbm and nmiss_hsc, the number of missing 00z files for each. The program then dummy reads over the particular days that 00z files are missing for both the GBM and HSCM. For periods of time of missing data, the program substitutes a null value.

In order to convert U,V components of current velocity from the model's curvilinear coordinates to U and V with respect to the X-East axis and Y-North axis, respectively, model grid longitude and latitude data must be read for both the GBM grid and the HSCM grid. An angle is calculated for each grid cell which corresponds to a station location. The conversion calculation is carried out with a call to subroutine calc_uvnew.

The 500 loop, which begins on line 216, loops through the days of the month from nf equals one through nfiledays. Both the GBM and the HSCM 00z files are opened. The program first reads through 24 hours of nowcast current data. Lines 272 through 288 read the nowcast U,V component values from the GBM output file. Lines 320 through 328 read U,V component values from the HSCM output file. The program is set up to read the Port Bolivar results from the GBM, the Morgans Point results from the GBM, then read the Morgans Point results from the HSCM, and the Port Bolivar data from the HSCM.

The program will read the first 24 hours of forecast data. The 200 loop begins on line 381, where nhr ranges from 1 through 24. As with the nowcast data, U and V component values are read from the GBM output file and from the HSCM output file. A call is made to subroutine calc_uvnew to convert the U,V components (curvilinear) to U,V with respect to the X-East,Y-North system.

At the end of the 500 loop, the GBM 00z file and the HSCM 00z file are closed for that day.

```

1      c Program Name : read_NF.curr.f
2      c
3      c Purposes : Read model output of u and v components of current
4      c                velocity from both the GBM and HSC forecast output.
5      c                Reformat into standard CFS format.
6      c
7      c Language : FORTRAN
8      c
9      c Subroutines Called : calc_uvnew
10     c
11     c Author : Phil Richardson
12     c
13     c Version Date : October 30, 2000
14
15     *****
16
17         parameter(numdays=31,nstat=4)
18         parameter(im=181,jm=101,kb=6,kbml=kb-1)
19         parameter(imm=71,jmm=211)
20         parameter(nstatarr=34)
21
22         character*52 filegbm,filehsc
23         character*56 filenm_gbm(numdays),filenm_hsc(numdays)
24         character*60 line
25         character*10 filenow(nstat),fileforc(nstat)
26
27         dimension lunnow(nstat),lunforc(nstat)
28         dimension z(kb),zz(kb),dz(kb),dzz(kb)
29         dimension hz(kb),hzz(kb),hdz(kb),hdzz(kb)
30         dimension dx(im,jm),dy(im,jm),art(im,jm),aru(im,jm),
31         *           arv(im,jm),cor(im,jm),h(im,jm),fsm(im,jm),
32         *           dum(im,jm),dvm(im,jm)
33         dimension ang_gbm(im,jm),alon(im,jm),alat(im,jm)
34         dimension ang_hsc(imm,jmm),halon(imm,jmm),halat(imm,jmm)
35         dimension ndaymiss_gbm(numdays),ndaymiss_hsc(numdays)
36         dimension u3gbm(nstatarr),v3gbm(nstatarr),
37         *           u3hsc(nstatarr),v3hsc(nstatarr)
38         dimension beta_gbm(2),beta_hsc(2)
39
40     *****
41
42     c Read from control file :
43     c
44     c     idebug - debug switch;
45     c     idebug = 1, write raw data (time, U and V components)
46     c     lunnow() - logical unit number for nowcast files
47     c     filenow() - filenames for nowcast files
48     c     lunforc() - logical unit number for forecast files
49     c     fileforc() - filenames for forecast files
50     c     mlevel - model level
51     c     nfiledays - number of daily 00z files to be opened/read
52     c     filenm_gbm - GBM model current data
53     c     filenm_hsc - HSC model current data
54
55
56         read(5,*)istrtrday

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f

```

57         read(5,*)idebug
58
59         nstations = 4
60         do ns=1,nstations
61             read(5,*)lunnow(ns)
62             read(5,32)filenow(ns)
63             read(5,*)lunforc(ns)
64             read(5,32)fileforc(ns)
65         enddo
66
67         read(5,*)mlevel
68
69         read(5,*)nfiledays
70         read(5,*)nmiss_gbm
71         do nm=1,nmiss_gbm
72             read(5,*)ndaymiss_gbm(nm)
73             write(6,*)ndaymiss_gbm(nm)
74         enddo
75         read(5,*)nmiss_hsc
76         do nm=1,nmiss_hsc
77             read(5,*)ndaymiss_hsc(nm)
78             write(6,*)ndaymiss_hsc(nm)
79         enddo
80
81
82         nmgbm = 1
83         nmhsc = 1
84
85         do nf=1,nfiledays
86             if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_gbm(nmgbm))then
87                 read(5,31)filenm_gbm(nf)
88                 write(6,31)filenm_gbm(nf)
89             else
90                 nmgbm = nmgbm + 1
91             endif
92             if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_hsc(nmhsc))then
93                 read(5,31)filenm_hsc(nf)
94                 write(6,31)filenm_hsc(nf)
95             else
96                 nmhsc = nmhsc + 1
97             endif
98         enddo
99
100
101     c Initialization
102
103         lungbm = 7
104         lunhsc = 8
105
106         small = .001
107         valnull = 99.99
108
109
110         31 format(a56)
111         32 format(a10)
112

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)


```

113 *****
114
115 c Open GBM model grid data file, read grid data
116
117 c   Variables :
118 c   fsm - land/water indicator; fsm = 1.0, water
119 c           fsm = 0.0, land
120
121     pi = 3.141593
122     rad = pi/180.0
123
124     filegbm = '/usr/people/philr/galves/model_grid/grid.06M'
125     lungrd_gbm = 17
126     open(lungrd_gbm,file=filegbm,access='sequential',
127 *       form='unformatted',status='old')
128
129     read(17)z,zz,dz,dzz,alon,alat,dx,dy,art,aru,arv,cor
130     read(17)h,fsm,dum,dvm
131
132
133 c Calculate angle of curvigrid
134
135     do 50 i=1,im-1
136     do 55 j=1,jm
137         dlon = (alon(i+1,j) - alon(i,j)) * cos(alat(i,j)*rad)
138         dlat = alat(i+1,j) - alat(i,j)
139         dlnt = (dlon**2 + dlat**2)**0.5
140         ang_gbm(i,j) = asin(dlat/dlnt)
141     55 continue
142     50 continue
143     do j=1,jm
144         ang_gbm(im,j) = ang_gbm(im-1,j)
145     enddo
146
147 !-----
148
149 c Open HSC model grid data file, read grid data
150
151     filehsc =
152 *   '/usr/people/philr/galves/model_grid/grid.cn.ce.1.bin'
153     lungrd_hsc = 18
154     open(lungrd_hsc,file=filehsc,form='unformatted',
155 *       status='old')
156
157     read(18)hz,hzz,hdz,hdzz,halon,halat,hdx,hdy,hart,haru,
158 *       harv,hcor
159     read(18)hh,hfsm,hdum,hdvm
160
161
162 c Calculate angle of curvigrid
163
164     do 60 i=1,imm-1
165     do 65 j=1,jmm
166         dlon = (halon(i+1,j) - halon(i,j)) * cos(halat(i,j)*rad)
167         dlat = halat(i+1,j) - halat(i,j)
168         dlnt = (dlon**2 + dlat**2)**0.5

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

169         ang_hsc(i,j) = asin(dlat/dlnt)
170     65     continue
171     60     continue
172     do j=1,jmm
173         ang_hsc(imm,j) = ang_hsc(imm-1,j)
174     enddo
175
176
177     c Assign value of ang(i,j) to variable beta in order to
178     c convert U and V components from curvilinear to U and V
179     c with respect to the X,Y axis.
180
181         beta_gbm(1) = ang_gbm(86,34)
182         beta_gbm(2) = ang_gbm(80,76)
183         write(6,198)beta_gbm(1)
184         write(6,198)beta_gbm(2)
185
186         beta_hsc(1) = ang_hsc(33,151)
187         beta_hsc(2) = ang_hsc(44,20)
188         write(6,199)beta_hsc(1)
189         write(6,199)beta_hsc(2)
190
191     *****
192
193     c Open nowcast and forecast output files
194
195     do ns=1,nstations
196         open(lunnow(ns),file=filenow(ns),form='formatted')
197         write(lunnow(ns),41)mlevel ! write model level
198
199         open(lunforc(ns),file=fileforc(ns),form='formatted')
200         write(lunforc(ns),41)mlevel ! write model level
201     enddo
202
203
204     41 format('Model Level',i2)
205
206     *****
207
208     c Read header information from GBM and HSC files
209
210
211     nmgbm = 1
212     nmhsc = 1
213
214     rday = float(istrtday) - 2.0 + 0.7083
215
216     do 500 nf=1,nfiledays
217         rtime = rday + float(nf-1)
218         if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_gbm(nmgbm))then
219             open(lungbm,file=filenm_gbm(nf),form='formatted',
220             *           status='old')
221
222             read(lungbm,20)line
223             write(6,19)line
224             read(lungbm,*)iyyear

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)


```

225         write(6,*)iyear
226
227         read(lungbm,21)nsta
228         read(lungbm,22)l1,l2
229         write(6,*)l1,l2
230         do l=1,2
231             read(lungbm,20)line
232             write(6,*)line
233         enddo
234     endif
235     if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_hsc(nmhsc))then
236         open(lunhsc,file=filenm_hsc(nf),form='formatted',
237             *           status='old')
238
239         read(lunhsc,20)line
240         write(6,*)line
241         read(lunhsc,*)iyear
242         write(6,*)iyear
243         read(lunhsc,21)nsta
244         read(lunhsc,20)line
245         read(lunhsc,25)l1,l2
246         write(6,*)l1,l2
247         do l=1,2
248             read(lunhsc,20)line
249             write(6,*)line
250         enddo
251     endif
252
253
254
255     19 format(/,a60)
256     20 format(a60)
257     21 format(3x,i2,2x,i3,2x,i3)
258     22 format(35x,2i5)
259
260     !-----
261
262     c Read first 24 hours, nowcast data. Call subroutine
263     c calc_uvnew to convert U,V components with respect to
264     c curvilinear grid to U,V with respect to X,Y plane.
265
266
267     do 100 nhr=1,24 ! Loop thru hours 1 - 24.
268         rtime = rtime + float(nhr)/24.0
269         if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_gbm(nmgbm))then
270             read(lungbm,*,end=125)rtimeGBM
271
272             do ns=1,24
273                 if(mlevel.eq.3)then
274                     read(lungbm,23)u3gbm(ns)
275                 endif
276                 if(mlevel.eq.1)then
277                     read(lungbm,26)u3gbm(ns)
278                 endif
279             enddo
280

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

281      do ns=1,24
282          if(mlevel.eq.3)then
283              read(lungbm,23)v3gbm(ns)
284          endif
285          if(mlevel.eq.1)then
286              read(lungbm,26)v3gbm(ns)
287          endif
288      enddo
289
290
291      betagbm = beta_gbm(1)
292      call calc_uvnew(betagbm,u3gbm(12),v3gbm(12),u3new,v3new)
293
294      write(lunnow(1),24)rtimeGBM,u3new,v3new
295
296
297      betagbm = beta_gbm(2)
298      call calc_uvnew(betagbm,u3gbm(19),v3gbm(19),u3new,v3new)
299
300      write(lunnow(2),24)rtimeGBM,u3new,v3new
301
302
303      do nt=1,9
304          read(lungbm,*)rtimesp
305          do l=1,48
306              read(lungbm,20)line
307          enddo
308      enddo
309
310      else
311          write(lunnow(1),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
312          write(lunnow(2),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
313      endif
314
315
316
317      if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_hsc(nmhsc))then
318          read(lunhsc,*,end=125)rtimeHSC
319
320          do ns=1,34
321              if(mlevel.eq.3)read(lunhsc,23)u3hsc(ns)
322              if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lunhsc,26)u3hsc(ns)
323          enddo
324
325          do ns=1,34
326              if(mlevel.eq.3)read(lunhsc,23)v3hsc(ns)
327              if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lunhsc,26)v3hsc(ns)
328          enddo
329
330
331          betahsc = beta_hsc(1)
332          call calc_uvnew(betahsc,u3hsc(19),v3hsc(19),u3new,v3new)
333
334          unewhsc = u3new
335          vnewhsc = v3new
336

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

337         write(lunnow(3),24)rtimeHSC,unewhsc,vnewhsc
338
339
340         betahsc = beta_hsc(2)
341         call calc_uvnew(betahsc,u3hsc(3),v3hsc(3),u3new,v3new)
342
343         unewhsc = u3new
344         vnewhsc = v3new
345
346         write(lunnow(4),24)rtimeHSC,unewhsc,vnewhsc
347
348
349         do nt=1,9
350             read(lunhsc,*)rtimesp
351             do l=1,68
352                 read(lunhsc,20)line
353             enddo
354         enddo
355         else
356             write(lunnow(3),24)rtimenll,valnull,valnull
357             write(lunnow(4),24)rtimenll,valnull,valnull
358         endif
359
360     c         timediff = rtimeGBM - rtimeHSC
361     c         if(timediff.gt.small)then
362     c             write(6,101)
363     c             stop
364     c         endif
365
366
367     100 continue
368
369     125 continue
370
371
372     101 format('Program stopped, times not in agreement')
373
374     !-----
375
376     c Read 2nd 24 hours, forecast data
377
378
379         rtime = rtime + 1.0
380
381         do 200 nhr=1,24 ! Loop thru hours 1 - 24.
382             rtimehll = rtime + float(nhr)/24.0
383             if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_gbm(nmgbm))then
384                 read(lungbm,*,end=125)rtimeGBM
385
386                 do ns=1,24
387                     if(mlevel.eq.3)then
388                         read(lungbm,23)u3gbm(ns)
389                     endif
390                     if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lungbm,26)u3gbm(ns)
391                 enddo
392

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

393
394     do ns=1,24
395         if(mlevel.eq.3)read(lungbm,23)v3gbm(ns)
396         if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lungbm,26)v3gbm(ns)
397     enddo
398
399
400     if(idebug.eq.1)write(6,201)rtimeGBM,u3gbm(12),
401 *         v3gbm(12)
402
403     betagbm = beta_gbm(1)
404     call calc_uvnew(betagbm,u3gbm(12),v3gbm(12),u3new,v3new)
405
406     write(lunforc(1),24)rtimeGBM,u3new,v3new
407
408
409     betagbm = beta_gbm(2)
410     call calc_uvnew(betagbm,u3gbm(19),v3gbm(19),u3new,v3new)
411
412     write(lunforc(2),24)rtimeGBM,u3new,v3new
413
414
415     do nt=1,9
416         read(lungbm,*)rtimesp
417         do l=1,48
418             read(lungbm,20)line
419         enddo
420     enddo
421
422     else
423         write(lunforc(1),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
424         write(lunforc(2),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
425         if(nhr.eq.24)then
426             nmgbm = nmgbm + 1
427         endif
428     endif
429
430
431     if(nf.ne.ndaymiss_hsc(nmhsc))then
432         read(lunhsc,*,end=125)rtimeHSC
433
434         do ns=1,34
435             if(mlevel.eq.3)then
436                 read(lunhsc,23)u3hsc(ns)
437             endif
438             if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lunhsc,26)u3hsc(ns)
439         enddo
440
441
442         do ns=1,34
443             if(mlevel.eq.3)read(lunhsc,23)v3hsc(ns)
444             if(mlevel.eq.1)read(lunhsc,26)v3hsc(ns)
445         enddo
446
447
448         if(idebug.eq.1)write(6,202)rtimeHSC,u3hsc(19),

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

449      *                v3hsc(19)
450
451      betahsc = beta_hsc(1)
452      call calc_uvnew(betahsc,u3hsc(19),v3hsc(19),u3new,v3new)
453
454      write(lunforc(3),24)rtimeHSC,u3new,v3new
455
456
457      betahsc = beta_hsc(2)
458      call calc_uvnew(betahsc,u3hsc(3),v3hsc(3),u3new,v3new)
459
460      write(lunforc(4),24)rtimeHSC,u3new,v3new
461
462
463      do nt=1,9
464          read(lunhsc,*)rtimesp
465          do l=1,68
466              read(lunhsc,20)line
467          enddo
468      enddo
469
470      else
471          write(lunforc(3),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
472          write(lunforc(4),24)rtimenll, valnull, valnull
473          if(nhr.eq.24)then
474              nmhsc = nmhsc + 1
475          endif
476      endif
477
478      200 continue
479
480      close (lungbm)
481      close (lunhsc)
482
483      500 continue
484
485
486      198 format(/,'angle of curvigrd angle (GBM) = ',f8.5,
487      *          ' radians')
488      199 format('angle of curvigrd angle (HSC) = ',f8.5,
489      *          ' radians',/)
490      201 format(1x,3f9.4,' (GBM)')
491      202 format(1x,3f9.4,' (HSC)')
492
493      *****
494
495      23 format(20x,f10.4)
496      24 format(1x,3f9.4)
497      25 format(25x,2i5)
498      26 format(f10.4)
499
500      *****
501
502      stop
503      end

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

```

1      subroutine calc_uvnew(beta,u3,v3,u3new,v3new)
2
3      c      Purpose : To convert U,V components with respect to
4      c      curvilinear grid to U,V components with respect to
5      c      X,Y plane.
6      c
7      c      Version Date : Dec 20, 2000
8
9      *****
10
11      u3new = u3 * cos(beta) - v3 * sin(beta)
12
13      v3new = u3 * sin(beta) + v3 * cos(beta)
14
15
16      return
17      end

```

Program Listing 2.4. Read_NF.curr.f (continued)

2.5. Program Match.evnt_cmt.f

The listing for Program Match.evnt_cmt.f is given in Program Listing 2.5. After the parameter and dimension statements and after the character variables are declared, match.evnt_cmt.f will read necessary information from the control file. Variables read from the control file include ideo, monyr, headr1, headr2, endjd. Ideo can be set from 0 to 5 for various debug options. Monyr is the month and year for output files. Headr1 and headr2 are the headers for output files. Endjd is the end time of the analysis in Julian days (days elapsed from the beginning of the year). The next variable read is option. Option designates whether the type of data to be compared with the observed is nowcast, forecast, or astronomic tidal current along the principal component. Next is nsta, the number of stations included in the analysis. For each station, a station name is read, a start time is read in Julian days (see above), then the observed (PORTS) and model filenames are read. The next variables read are crlevel and prdir. Crlevel designates the lower (ebb) and upper (flood) critical current speed values and can be different for each station. Prdir designates the principal component direction by station. For the forecast adjustment option, the gain and bias are read separately for flood and ebb.

The 100 loop is the station loop, where ns is equal to 1 through nsta (nsta being the number of stations). First, the observed and model current data files are opened for each station and both files are positioned to the correct start time.

The model data and the observed data are read simultaneously. If either the model data point, or the observed data point, are greater than the specified critical value for flood, or less than the specified critical value for ebb, then nc2sig is incremented and the current speed values, model and observed, are stored in speedm and speedo, respectively. The corresponding times are stored in time_m and time_o, although the model time and the observed time should be very close to equal. Each point is flagged as to whether it is part of a flood event or an ebb event.

The 190 loop, which begins on line 426, loops through all extreme points, from 1 through nc2sig. All extreme points are grouped into events. These events are identified as being either flood events or ebb events. The number of points in the event, nevent, is incremented. Iflg is set to 1 for a flood event, or set to 0 for an ebb event. For a flood event, nevent_flood is incremented. For an ebb event, nevent_ebb is incremented.

The 200 loop, which begins on line 519, loops through events from 1 through nevent, where nevent is the number of events for that station. The 210 loop, loops through the points of each event, from 1 through nh(ns,np), where ns is the station number and np is the event number. The 210 loop determines the peak speed of each flood and ebb event. Also, the initial extreme point of each event is identified.

Finally, the 440 loop writes the output to the monthly table file, table2.out. Match.event_cmt.f does not produce a table.out file as does match.event.f, the version used for water levels. Table2.out includes information on each forecast of an event. The events are grouped by the outcome of the

forecast: success, failure, or false alarm. The information for each “success” includes the success number, the event number, the difference in start time between model and observed, and the difference in the duration of the event between model and observed. For failure and false alarm, the difference in start time and event duration are not applicable. Dpeak time is the time difference of the model peak current speed and the observed peak current speed in hours. Also included are the model peak current speed, the observed peak current speed, and the time (Julian date) of the observed peak. Dspeed is the absolute value of the difference between the model and the observed peak current speed in cm/s. The mean dspeed for each outcome (success, failure, false alarm) is calculated and presented in the table. Also included, in table2, is a summary, by station, of the total number of successes, failures, and false alarms for that month. The program generates two other tables. Table_flood provides information on the flood events, while table_ebb provides information on the ebb events.


```

1      c      Program Name : Match.evnt_crnt.f
2      c
3      c      Author : Phil Richardson
4      c
5      c      Version Date : Nov 14, 2000
6      c
7      c      Purpose : To search for current values > crlevel,
8      c      where values are current speed with respect to a
9      c      specified direction (by station), and where
10     c      crlevel is a critical value read in. The program
11     c      will read through model and observed data simultan-
12     c      eously. Match.event.f was originally written
13     c      to assist Eddie Shih with his COFS vs. TDL water
14     c      level analysis. Later, it was revised to evaluate
15     c      Houston/Galveston forecast and nowcast water level
16     c      data. In particular, this program will evaluate the
17     c      system with regard to current speed event situations.
18     c      Output includes table2 with success, failure, and
19     c      false alarm statistics by station for each month.
20     c
21     c      Revision : Dec 8, 2000
22     c              Creates plot data files for both forecast
23     c              and PORTS; plots of current speed along
24     c              principal direction.
25     c
26     c      Subroutines called : conctj, timehi, jdgreg, prDirection
27     c
28     c      Location : OPSEA -
29     c              /usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/
30
31     *****
32
33     parameter(npts=745,npeaks=80,nstat=6)
34
35     character*1  formfd
36     character*3  plt_option
37     character*5  istation_id
38     character*8  option
39     character*10 filetab2,file23
40     character*11 file22
41     character*14 stanam(nstat),monyr
42     character*17 fileplotM(nstat),fileplotO(nstat)
43     character*50 filegrid
44     character*60 headr1,file2sig
45     character*25 headr2
46     character*71 fileports(nstat),filesumm
47     character*72 filemod(nstat)
48
49     dimension nh(nstat,npeaks),npt_ospk(nstat,npeaks),
50     *          npt_modpk(nstat,npeaks),iflg(npeaks),
51     *          iflag(npts),iflag_sta(nstat,npeaks),
52     *          i_flag(3,npeaks)
53     dimension nevent_sta(nstat),crlevel(nstat),
54     *          gain_flood(nstat),gain_ebb(nstat),
55     *          bias_flood(nstat),bias_ebb(nstat)
56     dimension time_o(npts),time_m(npts),speedo(npts),

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f

```

57      *          speedm(npts)
58      dimension time_peako(nstat,npeaks,npts),
59      *          time_peakm(nstat,npeaks,npts),
60      *          value_evnto(nstat,npeaks,npts),
61      *          value_evntm(nstat,npeaks,npts)
62      dimension tm_pkval(nstat,2,npeaks),
63      *          tm_pkvalWr(nstat,2,npeaks),
64      *          wl_pkval(nstat,2,npeaks),
65      *          wl_pkvalWr(nstat,2,npeaks),
66      *          cald_pkval(nstat,2,npeaks)
67      dimension tm_lstval(nstat,2,npeaks)
68      dimension idel_strtm(3,npeaks),idel_peaktm(3,npeaks),
69      *          ievent(3,npeaks),idel_duration(npeaks),
70      *          obs_wl(3,npeaks),delta_wl(3,npeaks),
71      *          forc_wl(3,npeaks),tm_obspeak(3,npeaks)
72      dimension startjd(nstat),mlevel(nstat)
73
74      common/headrs/headr1,headr2,monyr,option,startjd,
75      *          endjd,crlevel
76      common/debug/idebug
77      common/prindir/prdir(nstat)
78
79      *****
80
81      c  Read from input :
82      c
83      c  idebug - debug switch
84      c  idebug = 1, write input files to 6
85      c  idebug = 2, events
86      c          = 3, points above critical current speed value
87      c          = 4, check for tdiff (time difference)
88      c          = 5, calculations of current speed with respect
89      c              to principal direction
90      c  monyr - month and year
91      c  headr - header for output files
92      c  startjd() - Julian start time by station
93      c  endjd - ending time
94      c  option - forecast, nowcast, or prediction
95      c  nsta - number of stations
96      c  stanam() - station name
97      c  fileports() - file containing observed water level data
98      c  filemod() - file containing model water level data
99      c  crlevel() - critical value for current speed by station
100     c  prdir() - principal direction (by station)
101     c  gain_flood - gain applied to flood values
102     c  gain_ebb - gain applied to ebb values
103     c  plt_option - option to write plot data (time and current
104     c              speed with respect to principal direction)
105     c  fileplotM - time and speed data for plot file (model)
106     c  fileplotO - time and speed data for plot file (obs)
107
108     read(5,*)idebug
109     read(5,1039)monyr
110     read(5,31)headr1,headr2
111     read(5,*)endjd
112     write(6,33)endjd

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmnt.f (continued)

```

113
114     read(5,'(a8)')option
115
116     read(5,*)nsta
117     do ls=1,nsta
118         read(5,1039)stanam(ls)
119         if(idebug.eq.1)write(6,1040)stanam(ls)
120         read(5,*)startjd(ls)
121         read(5,34)fileports(ls)
122         if(idebug.eq.1)write(6,34)fileports(ls)
123         read(5,35)filemod(ls)
124         if(idebug.eq.1)write(6,35)filemod(ls)
125         read(5,*)crlevel(ls)
126         read(5,*)prdir(ls)
127         if(option.eq.'forecast')then
128             read(5,*)gain_flood(ls),gain_ebb(ls)
129             read(5,*)bias_flood(ls),bias_ebb(ls)
130         endif
131     enddo
132
133     read(5,'(a3)')plt_option
134     if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
135         do ls=1,nsta
136             read(5,39)fileplotM(ls)
137             read(5,39)fileplotO(ls)
138         enddo
139     endif
140
141     dayspl = endjd - startjd(1)
142 c     initialization
143     formfd = CHAR(12)
144     small = 0.01
145     tlhour = 0.0417
146
147
148 c     Set time check interval for peak values
149
150     nh_ch = 1
151     peak_intrvl = float(nh_ch) * tlhour + .002
152     write(6,36)peak_intrvl
153     big_value = 99999.9999
154     write(6,37)
155
156
157     lunplotF = 9
158     lunplotP = 10
159
160
161     31 format(a60,/,a25)
162     33 format('Julian stop time from control file ',f8.2,/)
163     34 format(a71)
164     35 format(a72)
165     36 format(/,'Peak time interval = ',f8.4)
166     37 format(//)
167     38 format(a8)
168     39 format(a17)

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

169
170 *****
171
172 c   Open output files
173
174 c   Filenames :
175 c
176 c   filetab2 - table of event information;
177 c             includes success, failure, false alarm
178 c             summary
179
180
181         filetab2 = 'table2.out'
182         file22 = 'table_flood'
183         file23 = 'table_ebb'
184
185
186         open(21,file=filetab2,form='formatted')
187         open(22,file=file22,form='formatted')
188         open(23,file=file23,form='formatted')
189
190
191         42 format(//,' station      crlevel')
192
193 *****
194
195 c   Begin station loop (100).  Open observed and
196 c   model water level files.
197
198
199         lunobs = 7
200         lunmod = 8
201
202         do 100 ns=1,nsta
203             write(6,1040)stanam(ns)
204             open(lunobs,file=fileports(ns),form='formatted',
205 *             status='old')
206             open(lunmod,file=filemod(ns),form='formatted',
207 *             status='old')
208
209             read(lunmod,101)mlevel(ns)
210
211
212             if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
213                 open(lunplotF,file=fileplotM(ns),form='formatted')
214                 open(lunplotP,file=fileplotO(ns),form='formatted')
215             endif
216
217
218         101 format(11x,i2)
219
220 !-----
221
222 c   Position obs file to start time
223
224         610 continue

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

225         read(lunobs,*,end=615)t,u,v
226         if(t.lt.startjd(ns))goto 610
227     615     continue
228         write(6,121)t
229         backspace lunobs
230
231
232     c         Position mod file to start time
233
234     620     continue
235
236         if(option.eq.'forecast'.or.option.eq.'nowcast*')then
237             read(lunmod,*,end=625)t,u,v
238         endif
239         if(option.eq.'astronom')then
240             read(lunmod,125,end=625)istation_id,iyear,imonth,
241             *         iday,ihr,imin
242             write(6,125)istation_id,iyear,imonth,iday,ihr,imin
243             call conctj(jday,imonth,iday,iyear)
244             rday = float(jday) + float(ihr)/24.0
245             t = rday
246         endif
247
248         if(t.lt.startjd(ns))goto 620
249     625     continue
250         write(6,122)t
251         backspace lunmod
252
253
254     121 format('Start time observed (PORTS) current data ',
255     *         f7.2)
256     122 format('Start time model current data',f10.2)
257
258     !-----
259
260     c Read forecast U,V values and PORTS U,V values. Values
261     c are read in units of m/s (Subroutine prDirection later
262     c converts values to cm/s). Then determine which points
263     c are above crlevel.
264     c
265     c     Variables :
266     c     crlevel - current speed critical value
267     c     nc2sig - counter for number of values above
268     c             or below specified critical value
269     c     tdiff - time check, time difference between
270     c             observed and model
271     c     speedo - observed water level (extreme)
272     c     time_o - time which corresponds to the observed
273     c             extreme value
274     c     speedm - model water level (extreme)
275     c     time_m - time which corresponds to the model
276     c             extreme value
277     c     iflag() - identifies each point as to flood/ebb
278
279
280

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)


```

281         nc2sig = 0
282         tm_old = 0.0
283
284         write(6,1001)
285
286
287     175     continue
288         if(option.eq.'forecast'.or.option.eq.'nowcast*')then
289             read(lunmod,*,end=180)t_mod,umod,vmod
290             if(umod.lt.99.90)then
291                 if(idebug.eq.5)then
292                     write(6,132)t_mod,umod,vmod
293                 endif
294                 call prDirection(ns,umod,vmod,value_mod)
295                 if(idebug.eq.5)then
296                     write(6,134)t_mod,value_mod
297                 endif
298                 if(option.eq.'forecast')then
299                     if(value_mod.gt.0.0)then
300                         value_mod = value_mod * gain_flood(ns) +
301 *                             bias_flood(ns)
302                     endif
303                     if(value_mod.lt.0.0)then
304 *                         value_mod = value_mod * gain_ebb(ns) +
305                             bias_ebb(ns)
306                     endif
307                 endif
308                 if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
309                     write(lunplotF,138)t_mod,value_mod
310                 endif
311             endif
312         endif
313         if(option.eq.'astronom')then
314             read(lunmod,125,end=180)istation_id,iyear,imonth,
315 *             iday,ihr,imin,value_mod
316             if(idebug.eq.5)then
317                 write(6,*)iyear,imonth,iday,ihr,imin,value_mod
318             endif
319             call conctj(jday,imonth,iday,iyear)
320             rday = float(jday) + float(ihr)/24.0
321             t_mod = rday
322             value_mod = value_mod * 100.0
323             if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
324                 write(lunplotF,138)t_mod,value_mod
325             endif
326         endif
327
328
329     176     read(lunobs,*,end=180)t_obs,uobs,vobs
330
331
332         if(idebug.eq.5)then
333             write(6,133)t_obs,uobs,vobs
334         endif
335         if(uobs.lt.99.90)then
336             call prDirection(ns,uobs,vobs,value_obs)

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

337         if(idebug.eq.5)then
338             write(6,135)t_obs,value_obs
339         endif
340         if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
341             write(lunplotP,138)t_obs,value_obs
342         endif
343     endif
344
345
346     if(umod.gt.99.90.or.uobs.gt.99.90)then
347         goto 175
348     else
349         if(idebug.eq.5)then
350             write(6,136)value_mod,value_obs
351         endif
352     endif
353
354     if(t_obs.gt.endjd)goto 185
355     tdiff = abs(t_obs-t_mod)
356
357     if(tdiff.gt.small)then
358         write(6,131)t_obs,t_mod,stanam(ns)
359         stop
360     endif
361
362     if(value_obs.ge.crlevel(ns).or.
363        * value_obs.le.-crlevel(ns).or.
364        * value_mod.ge.crlevel(ns).or.
365        * value_mod.le.-crlevel(ns))then
366         nc2sig = nc2sig + 1
367         if(value_obs.ge.crlevel(ns).or.value_mod.ge.
368            * crlevel(ns))then
369             iflag(nc2sig) = 1
370         endif
371         if(value_obs.le.-crlevel(ns).or.value_mod.le.
372            * -crlevel(ns))then
373             iflag(nc2sig) = 0
374         endif
375         time_o(nc2sig) = t_obs
376         speedo(nc2sig) = value_obs
377         time_m(nc2sig) = t_mod
378         speedm(nc2sig) = value_mod
379     endif
380     goto 175
381 180 continue
382     write(6,137)t_mod,t_obs
383 185 continue
384
385
386
387 125 format(1x,a5,3x,i4,4i3,f10.3)
388 131 format(' Program stopped due to time discrepancy',
389        *      ' between obs ',f9.4,/, ' and model ',f9.4,
390        *      ' for station ',a14)
391 132 format(/,1x,3f9.4)
392 133 format(1x,3f9.4)

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

393      134 format(1x,f9.4,f9.3,' forecast')
394      135 format(1x,f9.4,f9.3,' PORTS')
395      136 format(1x,2f9.4)
396      137 format('End of File reached',/,,'forecast time = ',
397      *          f9.4,' observed time = ',f9.4)
398      138 format(1x,f9.4,f10.4)
399
400      !-----
401
402      c      Loop through extreme points from 1 through nc2sig,
403      c      group extreme points together in events. Identify
404      c      events as being either flood (positive) or ebb
405      c      (negative) with iflg.
406
407      c      Variables :
408      c      nevent - counter for number of events (by station)
409      c      nh(ns,nevent) - counts number of points in each event
410      c      time_peako - time which corresponds to observed extreme
411      c      value grouped by station, event no., and
412      c      point number of event
413      c      value_evnto - observed current speed value grouped by
414      c      station, event no., and point number
415      c      time_peakm - time which corresponds to model extreme
416      c      value grouped by station, event no., and
417      c      point number of event
418      c      value_evntm - model current speed value grouped by station,
419      c      event no., and point number
420
421
422      nevent = 0
423      nevent_flood = 0
424      nevent_ebb = 0
425
426      do 190 nt=1,nc2sig
427      c      Look at first 2sigma point
428      if(nt.eq.1)then
429      nevent = 1
430      if(iflag(nt).eq.1)then
431      iflg(nevent) = 1
432      iflag_sta(ns,nevent) = 1
433      if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,192)nevent
434      nevent_flood = 1
435      endif
436      if(iflag(nt).eq.0)then
437      iflg(nevent) = 0
438      iflag_sta(ns,nevent) = 0
439      if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,193)nevent
440      nevent_ebb = 1
441      endif
442      nh(ns,nevent) = 1
443      endif
444
445      c      Look at remainder of extreme points
446      if(nt.gt.1)then
447      tmdiff = time_o(nt) - tm_old
448      if(tmdiff.gt.peak_intervl)then

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmt.f (continued)


```

449 c      if(tmdiff.gt.peak_intrvl.or.iflag(nt).ne.
450 c      *      iflag(nt-1))then
451          nevent = nevent + 1
452          if(iflag(nt).eq.1)then
453              iflg(nevent) = 1
454              iflag_sta(ns,nevent) = 1
455              if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,192)nevent
456              nevent_flood = nevent_flood + 1
457          endif
458          if(iflag(nt).eq.0)then
459              iflg(nevent) = 0
460              iflag_sta(ns,nevent) = 0
461              if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,193)nevent
462              nevent_ebb = nevent_ebb + 1
463          endif
464          nh(ns,nevent) = 1
465      else
466          nh(ns,nevent) = nh(ns,nevent) + 1
467      endif
468  endif
469
470      time_peako(ns,nevent,nh(ns,nevent)) = time_o(nt)
471      value_evnto(ns,nevent,nh(ns,nevent)) = speedo(nt)
472      time_peakm(ns,nevent,nh(ns,nevent)) = time_m(nt)
473      value_evntm(ns,nevent,nh(ns,nevent)) = speedm(nt)
474      tm_old = time_o(nt)
475  190 continue
476
477
478      if(idebug.eq.3)then
479          write(6,191)stanam(ns),nevent
480      endif
481
482      nevent_sta(ns) = nevent
483
484
485      191 format(//,' for station ',a14,/,1x,i4,
486      *      ' events; ')
487      192 format(' Event',i3,' is a flood event')
488      193 format(' Event',i3,' is an ebb event')
489
490  !-----
491
492  c      Loop (200) thru events (1 thru nevent) for each
493  c      station; iflg = 1 denotes flood, iflg = 0 denotes
494  c      ebb. Loop (210) through points (1 thru nh(ns,np))
495  c      for each event to determine the extreme point of each
496  c      flood and ebb. Also, determine initial extreme
497  c      point, model and observed, for flood and ebb.
498
499
500      if(idebug.eq.3)write(6,199)
501
502  c      npt_obschk(ns,np) - number of points in observed event
503  c      npt_modchk(ns,np) - number of points in model event
504  c      time_chk - check for peak value occurring at

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

505      c          start of next month
506      c  tm_lstval(ns,2,np) - time of 1st wl value during
507      c          observed event
508      c  tm_lstval(ns,1,np) - time of 1st wl value during
509      c          model event
510      c      currnt_higho - peak observed water level value
511      c      tm_higho    - time of peak obs water level
512      c      currnt_lowo - low observed water level value
513      c      tm_lowo     - time of low obs water level
514      c      currnt_highm - peak model water level value
515      c      tm_highm    - time of peak model water level
516      c      currnt_lowm  - low model water level value
517      c      tm_lowm     - time of low model water level
518
519      do 200 np=1,nevent
520          npt_ospk(ns,np) = 0
521          npt_modpk(ns,np) = 0
522          if(idebug.eq.3)write(6,201)np
523          currnt_higho = -999.99
524          currnt_lowo = 999.99
525          currnt_highm = -999.99
526          currnt_lowm = 999.99
527          do 210 n=1,nh(ns,np)
528              if(idebug.eq.3)write(6,1006)time_peako(ns,np,n),
529              * value_evnto(ns,np,n),value_evntm(ns,np,n)
530              if(iflg(np).eq.1)then
531                  if(value_evnto(ns,np,n).ge.crlevel(ns))then
532                      if(npt_ospk(ns,np).eq.0)then
533                          tm_lstval(ns,2,np) = time_peako(ns,np,n)
534                      endif
535                      npt_ospk(ns,np) = npt_ospk(ns,np) + 1
536                  endif
537                  if(value_evnto(ns,np,n).gt.currnt_higho)then
538                      currnt_higho = value_evnto(ns,np,n)
539                      tm_higho = time_peako(ns,np,n)
540                  endif
541                  if(value_evntm(ns,np,n).ge.crlevel(ns))then
542                      if(npt_modpk(ns,np).eq.0)then
543                          tm_lstval(ns,1,np) = time_peakm(ns,np,n)
544                      endif
545                      npt_modpk(ns,np) = npt_modpk(ns,np) + 1
546                  endif
547                  if(value_evntm(ns,np,n).gt.currnt_highm)then
548                      currnt_highm = value_evntm(ns,np,n)
549                      tm_highm = time_peakm(ns,np,n)
550                  endif
551              endif
552              if(iflg(np).eq.0)then
553                  if(value_evnto(ns,np,n).le.-crlevel(ns))then
554                      if(npt_ospk(ns,np).eq.0)then
555                          tm_lstval(ns,2,np) = time_peako(ns,np,n)
556                      endif
557                      npt_ospk(ns,np) = npt_ospk(ns,np) + 1
558                  endif
559                  if(value_evnto(ns,np,n).lt.currnt_lowo)then
560                      currnt_lowo = value_evnto(ns,np,n)

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)


```

561         tm_lowo = time_peako(ns,np,n)
562     endif
563     if(value_evntm(ns,np,n).le.-crlevel(ns))then
564         if(npt_modpk(ns,np).eq.0)then
565             tm_lstval(ns,1,np) = time_peakm(ns,np,n)
566         endif
567         npt_modpk(ns,np) = npt_modpk(ns,np) + 1
568     endif
569     if(value_evntm(ns,np,n).lt.currnt_lowm)then
570         currnt_lowm = value_evntm(ns,np,n)
571         tm_lowm = time_peakm(ns,np,n)
572     endif
573     endif
574     210     continue
575
576
577     c     Variables :
578     c     wl_pkval(ns,1,np) - model peak water level value
579     c                          stored in array by event
580     c     tm_pkval(ns,1,np) - time of model peak value stored
581     c                          in array by event
582     c     wl_pkval(ns,2,np) - observed peak water level value
583     c                          stored in array by event
584     c     tm_pkval(ns,2,np) - time of observed peak value
585     c                          stored in array by event
586
587     if(iflg(np).eq.1)then
588         if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,202)currnt_higho,tm_higho
589         call timehi(caldayo,tm_higho,idebug)
590         time_chk = caldayo - 1.000
591         if(abs(time_chk).lt.small.and.tm_higho.gt.
592         *     startjd(ns)+5.0)then
593             caldayo = caldayo + dayspl
594             write(6,204)stanam(ns),np,tm_higho,caldayo
595         endif
596         if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,203)currnt_highm,tm_highm
597         call timehi(caldaym,tm_highm,idebug)
598         time_chk = caldaym - 1.000
599         if(abs(time_chk).lt.small.and.tm_highm.gt.
600         *     startjd(ns)+5.0)then
601             caldaym = caldaym + dayspl
602             write(6,204)stanam(ns),np,tm_highm,caldaym
603         endif
604         if(currnt_highm.ge.crlevel(ns))then
605             tm_pkval(ns,1,np) = tm_highm
606             tm_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = tm_highm
607             cald_pkval(ns,1,np) = caldaym
608             wl_pkval(ns,1,np) = currnt_highm
609             wl_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = currnt_highm
610         else
611             tm_lstval(ns,1,np) = big_value
612             tm_pkval(ns,1,np) = tm_highm
613             tm_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = big_value
614             cald_pkval(ns,1,np) = big_value
615             wl_pkval(ns,1,np) = currnt_highm
616             wl_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = big_value

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

617         endif
618         if(currnt_higho.ge.crlevel(ns))then
619             tm_pkval(ns,2,np) = tm_higho
620             tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = tm_higho
621             cald_pkval(ns,2,np) = caldayo
622             wl_pkval(ns,2,np) = currnt_higho
623             wl_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = currnt_higho
624         else
625             tm_1stval(ns,2,np) = big_value
626             tm_pkval(ns,2,np) = tm_higho
627             tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = big_value
628             cald_pkval(ns,2,np) = big_value
629             wl_pkval(ns,2,np) = currnt_higho
630             wl_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = big_value
631         endif
632     endif
633     if(iflg(np).eq.0)then
634         if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,205)currnt_lowo,tm_lowo
635         call timehi(caldayo,tm_lowo,idebug)
636         time_chk = caldayo - 1.000
637         if(abs(time_chk).lt.small.and.tm_lowo.gt.
638             *           startjd(ns)+5.0)then
639             write(6,204)stanam(ns),np,tm_lowo,caldayo
640             caldayo = caldayo + dayspl
641         endif
642         if(idebug.eq.2)write(6,206)currnt_lowm,tm_lowm
643         call timehi(caldaym,tm_lowm,idebug)
644         time_chk = caldaym - 1.000
645         if(abs(time_chk).lt.small.and.tm_lowm.gt.
646             *           startjd(ns)+5.0)then
647             write(6,204)stanam(ns),np,tm_lowm,caldaym
648         endif
649         if(currnt_lowm.le.-crlevel(ns))then
650             tm_pkval(ns,1,np) = tm_lowm
651             tm_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = tm_lowm
652             cald_pkval(ns,1,np) = caldaym
653             wl_pkval(ns,1,np) = currnt_lowm
654             wl_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = currnt_lowm
655         else
656             tm_1stval(ns,1,np) = big_value
657             tm_pkval(ns,1,np) = tm_lowm
658             tm_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = big_value
659             cald_pkval(ns,1,np) = big_value
660             wl_pkval(ns,1,np) = currnt_lowm
661             wl_pkvalWr(ns,1,np) = big_value
662         endif
663         if(currnt_lowo.le.-crlevel(ns))then
664             tm_pkval(ns,2,np) = tm_lowo
665             tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = tm_lowo
666             cald_pkval(ns,2,np) = caldayo
667             wl_pkval(ns,2,np) = currnt_lowo
668             wl_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = currnt_lowo
669         else
670             tm_1stval(ns,2,np) = big_value
671             tm_pkval(ns,2,np) = tm_lowo
672             tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = big_value

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmnt.f (continued)

```

673             cald_pkval(ns,2,np) = big_value
674             wl_pkval(ns,2,np) = currnt_lowo
675             wl_pkvalWr(ns,2,np) = big_value
676         endif
677     endif
678     200 continue
679
680
681
682     199 format('      Time          obs          model')
683     201 format(' spike #',i3)
684     202 format(' Largest pos current vel (obs) is',f10.4,
685     *         ' occurring at',f10.4)
686     203 format(' Largest pos current vel (mod) is',f10.4,
687     *         ' occurring at',f10.4)
688     204 format(1x,a14,'Peak value event ',i3,2x,'occurs at',,
689     *         2f9.3)
690     205 format(' Largest neg current vel (obs) is',f10.4,
691     *         ' occurring at',f10.4)
692     206 format(' Largest neg current vel (mod) is',f10.4,
693     *         ' occurring at',f10.4)
694
695     !-----
696
697         close (lunobs)
698         close (lunmod)
699
700         if(plt_option.eq.'yes')then
701             close (lunplotF)
702             close (lunplotP)
703         endif
704
705     100 continue
706
707
708     c End of station loop.
709
710     *****
711
712     c      Group events as to success, failure, false.
713
714     c      Variables :
715     c
716     c      tm_pkval(ns,1,np) - time of model extreme value
717     c                          stored in array by event
718     c      tm_pkval(ns,2,np) - time of observed extreme value
719     c                          stored in array by event
720     c
721     c      int_big - integer dummy variable for ihr_diff
722     c      big_value - 99999.9999 (?)
723     c      nsuccess - number of times model successfully
724     c                          predicts observed event.
725     c      nfailure - number of times model fails to predict
726     c                          an observed event.
727     c      nfalse - number of times model predicts event
728     c                          is forecast but not observed

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmnt.f (continued)


```

729 c nevent_sta(ns) - number of events for each station
730 c           dtime - time difference (real) between
731 c           observed and model event peaks
732 c   idel_strtm() - time difference in hours between
733 c           observed and model event start times
734 c           ihr_diff - time difference in hours between
735 c           observed and model event peaks
736 c           dwl - difference in water level between
737 c           observed and model event peaks
738
739
740 c   Initialization :
741 c   int_big = 999999
742 c   small = 0.01
743
744
745 c   Write header information to each output file
746
747 c   write(21,420)headrl,headr2
748 c   write(21,1040)monyr
749 c   write(22,421)headrl
750 c   write(22,1040)monyr
751 c   write(23,422)headrl
752 c   write(23,1040)monyr
753
754
755 c   420 format(a60,/,a15)
756 c   421 format(a60,/, 'Event Analysis (Flood)')
757 c   422 format(a60,/, 'Event Analysis (Ebb)')
758
759 c   !-----
760
761 c   Loop 440 is the station loop. 450 loops through
762 c   events by station.
763
764
765 c   do 440 ns=1,nsta
766
767 c   Initialization :
768 c   nsuccess = 0
769 c   nsuccess_flood = 0
770 c   nsuccess_ebb = 0
771 c   nfailure = 0
772 c   nfail_flood = 0
773 c   nfail_ebb = 0
774 c   nfalse = 0
775 c   nfalse_flood = 0
776 c   nfalse_ebb = 0
777 c   dwlS_total = 0.0
778 c   dwlS_totalFl = 0.0
779 c   dwlS_totalEbb = 0.0
780
781 c   dwlFail_total = 0.0
782 c   dwlFail_totFl = 0.0
783 c   dwlFail_totEbb = 0.0
784 c   dwlFalse_total = 0.0

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

785         dwlFalse_totFl = 0.0
786         dwlFalse_totEbb = 0.0
787
788     c       Write header information to tables 21, 22, 23
789             write(21,411)stanam(ns),mlevel(ns)
790             write(21,416)prdir(ns)
791             write(21,412)crlevel(ns)
792             if(option.eq.'forecast')then
793                 write(21,413)gain_flood(ns),bias_flood(ns),
794                 *           gain_ebb(ns),bias_ebb(ns)
795             endif
796             write(21,419)startjd(ns)
797
798             write(22,411)stanam(ns)
799             write(22,412)crlevel(ns)
800             write(23,411)stanam(ns)
801             write(23,412)crlevel(ns)
802             if(option.eq.'forecast')then
803                 write(22,414)gain_flood(ns),bias_flood(ns)
804                 write(23,415)gain_ebb(ns),bias_ebb(ns)
805             endif
806             write(22,419)startjd(ns)
807             write(23,419)startjd(ns)
808
809
810             do 450 np=1,nevent_sta(ns)
811                 dtime = tm_pkval(ns,1,np) - tm_pkval(ns,2,np)
812                 hr_diff = dtime * 24.0
813                 ihr_diff = nint(hr_diff)
814                 del_strttm = (tm_lstval(ns,1,np)-
815                 *           tm_lstval(ns,2,np)) * 24.0
816
817     c       Case 1 : Success
818             if(tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np).lt.90000.0.and.tm_pkvalWr
819             *   (ns,1,np).lt.90000.0)then
820                 nsuccess = nsuccess + 1
821                 dwlS = wl_pkval(ns,1,np) - wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
822                 ievent(1,nsuccess) = np
823                 idel_peaktm(1,nsuccess) = ihr_diff
824                 idei_strttm(1,nsuccess) = nint(del_strttm)
825                 id_duration = npt_modpk(ns,np) -
826                 *           npt_obsPk(ns,np)
827                 idel_duration(nsuccess) = id_duration
828                 forc_wl(1,nsuccess) = wl_pkval(ns,1,np)
829                 obs_wl(1,nsuccess) = wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
830                 tm_obspeak(1,nsuccess) = tm_pkval(ns,2,np)
831                 delta_wl(1,nsuccess) = dwlS
832                 dwlS_total = dwlS_total + abs(dwlS)
833                 if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.1)then
834                     i_flag(1,nsuccess) = 1
835                     nsuccess_flood = nsuccess_flood + 1
836                     dwlS_totalFl = dwlS_totalFl + abs(dwlS)
837                 endif
838                 if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.0)then
839                     i_flag(1,nsuccess) = 0
840                     nsuccess_ebb = nsuccess_ebb + 1

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

841         dwlS_totalEbb = dwlS_totalEbb + abs(dwlS)
842     endif
843     dwl = dwlS
844 endif
845
846 c     Case 2 : Failure
847     if(tm_pkvalWr(ns,1,np).gt.90000.0)then
848         nfailure = nfailure + 1
849         dwlFail = wl_pkval(ns,1,np) - wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
850         ievent(2,nfailure) = np
851         idel_peaktm(2,nfailure) = ihr_diff
852         ihr_diff = int_big
853         forc_wl(2,nfailure) = wl_pkval(ns,1,np)
854         obs_wl(2,nfailure) = wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
855         tm_obspeak(2,nfailure) = tm_pkval(ns,2,np)
856         delta_wl(2,nfailure) = dwlFail
857         dwlFail_total = dwlFail_total + abs(dwlFail)
858         if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.1)then
859             i_flag(2,nfailure) = 1
860             nfail_flood = nfail_flood + 1
861             dwlFail_totF1 = dwlFail_totF1 + abs(dwlFail)
862         endif
863         if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.0)then
864             i_flag(2,nfailure) = 0
865             nfail_ebb = nfail_ebb + 1
866             dwlFail_totEbb = dwlFail_totEbb + abs(dwlFail)
867         endif
868         dwl = big_value
869     endif
870
871 c     Case 3 : false alarm
872     if(tm_pkvalWr(ns,2,np).gt.90000.0)then
873         nfalse = nfalse + 1
874         dwlFalse = wl_pkval(ns,1,np) - wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
875         ievent(3,nfalse) = np
876         idel_peaktm(3,nfalse) = ihr_diff
877         ihr_diff = int_big
878         forc_wl(3,nfalse) = wl_pkval(ns,1,np)
879         obs_wl(3,nfalse) = wl_pkval(ns,2,np)
880         tm_obspeak(3,nfalse) = tm_pkval(ns,2,np)
881         delta_wl(3,nfalse) = dwlFalse
882         dwlFalse_total = dwlFalse_total + abs(dwlFalse)
883         if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.1)then
884             i_flag(3,nfalse) = 1
885             nfalse_flood = nfalse_flood + 1
886             dwlFalse_totF1 = dwlFalse_totF1 + abs(dwlFalse)
887         endif
888         if(iflag_sta(ns,np).eq.0)then
889             i_flag(3,nfalse) = 0
890             nfalse_ebb = nfalse_ebb + 1
891             dwlFalse_totEbb = dwlFalse_totEbb + abs(dwlFalse)
892         endif
893         dwl = big_value
894     endif
895
896

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmnt.f (continued)


```

897     402 format(/,20x,'Model data',15x,'Observed data',
898         *      /,6x,'event#   jul day   cal day   wl',
899         *      4x,'jul day   cal day   wl   Dt(hour) Dwl(m)')
900     411 format(//,lx,a14,lx,'; Model Level',i2)
901     412 format(' critical value (current speed along principal',
902         *      ' direction)',/,',f7.2,' cm/s')
903     413 format(' Flood : gain =',f7.2,', bias =',f7.2,
904         *      /,', Ebb : gain =',f7.2,', bias =',f7.2)
905     414 format(' Flood : gain =',f7.2,', bias =',f7.2)
906     415 format(' Ebb : gain =',f7.2,', bias =',f7.2)
907     416 format(' Principal Direction :',f6.1,' degr')
908     419 format(' Julian start time from control file',
909         *      f8.2)
910
911 !-----
912
913     450 continue
914
915 *****
916
917 c Write output to table2.out.
918 c Calculate mean water level differences for three cases.
919 c
920 c Variables :
921 c
922 c     dwlS_mean - mean water level difference (success)
923 c     dwlFail_mean - mean water level difference (failure)
924 c     dwlFalse_mean - mean water level difference (false)
925
926
927     437 format('High water critical level,',f10.3)
928
929 !-----
930
931 c     Case 1 : Success
932
933
934         if(nsucces.gt.0)write(21,431)
935         if(nsucces_flood.gt.0)write(22,431)
936         if(nsucces_ebb.gt.0)write(23,431)
937
938         do 455 n=1,nsucces
939             write(21,447)n,ievent(1,n),idel_strtm(1,n),
940                 *         idel_duration(n),idel_peaktm(1,n),
941                 *         forc_wl(1,n),obs_wl(1,n),delta_wl(1,n),
942                 *         tm_obspeak(1,n)
943             if(i_flag(1,n).eq.1)then
944                 write(22,447)n,ievent(1,n),idel_strtm(1,n),
945                 *         idel_duration(n),idel_peaktm(1,n),
946                 *         forc_wl(1,n),obs_wl(1,n),delta_wl(1,n),
947                 *         tm_obspeak(1,n)
948             endif
949             if(i_flag(1,n).eq.0)then
950                 write(23,447)n,ievent(1,n),idel_strtm(1,n),
951                 *         idel_duration(n),idel_peaktm(1,n),
952                 *         forc_wl(1,n),obs_wl(1,n),delta_wl(1,n),

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

953      *          tm_obspeak(1,n)
954      endif
955 455  continue
956
957      if(nsucces.gt.0)then
958          dwls_mean = dwls_total/float(nsucces)
959          write(21,461)dwls_mean
960      endif
961
962      if(nsucces_flood.gt.0)then
963          dwls_meanFl = dwls_totalFl/float(nsucces_flood)
964          write(22,464)nsucces_flood,dwls_meanFl
965      endif
966      if(nsucces_ebb.gt.0)then
967          dwls_meanEbb = dwls_totalEbb/float(nsucces_ebb)
968          write(23,465)nsucces_ebb,dwls_meanEbb
969      endif
970
971
972  c 431 format(/,'success event dstart delta dpeak',
973  c * ' forecast observed dspeed obs peak',/,
974  c * ' number number time duration time ',
975  c * ' spd(cm/s) spd(cm/s) (cm/s) time(jd)')
976 431 format(/,'success event dstart delta dpeak',
977  * ' model observed dspeed obs peak',/,
978  * ' number number time duration time ',
979  * ' spd(cm/s) spd(cm/s) (cm/s) time(jd)')
980 447 format(1x,i3,4(3x,i5),2(1x,f10.4),f9.3,f9.3)
981 461 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds for',
982  * /,' "success" forecasts is',f8.3,' cm/s')
983 464 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
984  * ' flood events)',/,
985  * ' for "success" forecasts is', f8.3,'cm/s')
986 465 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
987  * ' ebb events)',/,
988  * ' for "failure" forecasts is',f8.3,'cm/s')
989
990  !-----
991
992  c Case 2 : Failure
993
994
995      if(nfailure.gt.0)write(21,432)
996      if(nfail_flood.gt.0)write(22,432)
997      if(nfail_ebb.gt.0)write(23,432)
998
999      do 456 n=1,nfailure
1000         write(21,448)n,ievent(2,n),idel_peaktm(2,n),
1001         * forc_wl(2,n),obs_wl(2,n),delta_wl(2,n),
1002         * tm_obspeak(2,n)
1003         if(i_flag(2,n).eq.1)then
1004             write(22,448)n,ievent(2,n),idel_peaktm(2,n),
1005             * forc_wl(2,n),obs_wl(2,n),delta_wl(2,n),
1006             * tm_obspeak(2,n)
1007         endif
1008         if(i_flag(2,n).eq.0)then

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

1009         write(23,448)n,ievent(2,n),idel_peaktm(2,n),
1010         *         forc_wl(2,n),obs_wl(2,n),delta_wl(2,n),
1011         *         tm_obspeak(2,n)
1012         endif
1013 456 continue
1014
1015         if(nfailure.gt.0)then
1016             dwlFail_mean = dwlFail_total/float(nfailure)
1017             write(21,462)dwlFail_mean
1018         endif
1019         if(nfail_flood.gt.0)then
1020             dwlFail_meanFl = dwlFail_totFl/float(nfail_flood)
1021             write(22,466)nfail_flood,dwlFail_meanFl
1022         endif
1023         if(nfail_ebb.gt.0)then
1024             dwlFail_meanEbb = dwlFail_totEbb/float(nfail_ebb)
1025             write(23,467)nfail_ebb,dwlFail_meanebb
1026         endif
1027
1028
1029 c 432 format(/,
1030 c * 'failure event dpeak forecast observed ',
1031 c * ' dspeed obs peak',/,
1032 c * ' number number time speed(cm/s) speed(cm/s)',
1033 c * ' (cm/s) time(jd)')
1034 432 format(/,
1035 * 'failure event dpeak model observed ',
1036 * ' dspeed obs peak',/,
1037 * ' number number time speed(cm/s) speed(cm/s)',
1038 * ' (cm/s) time(jd)')
1039 462 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds for',
1040 *         /,' "failure" forecasts is',f8.3,' cm/s')
1041 466 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
1042 *         ' flood events)',/,
1043 *         ' for failure forecasts is',f8.3,' cm/s')
1044 467 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
1045 *         ' ebb events)',/,
1046 *         ' for failure forecasts is',f8.3,' cm/s')
1047
1048 !-----
1049
1050 c Case 3 : False
1051
1052
1053         if(nfalse.gt.0)write(21,433)
1054         if(nfalse_flood.gt.0)write(22,433)
1055         if(nfalse_ebb.gt.0)write(23,433)
1056
1057
1058         do 457 n=1,nfalse
1059             write(21,448)n,ievent(3,n),idel_peaktm(3,n),
1060             *         forc_wl(3,n),obs_wl(3,n),delta_wl(3,n),
1061             *         tm_obspeak(3,n)
1062             if(i_flag(3,n).eq.1)then
1063                 write(22,448)n,ievent(3,n),idel_peaktm(3,n),
1064                 *         forc_wl(3,n),obs_wl(3,n),delta_wl(3,n),

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)


```

1065      *          tm_obspeak(3,n)
1066      endif
1067      if(i_flag(3,n).eq.0)then
1068          write(23,448)n,ievent(3,n),idel_peaktm(3,n),
1069      *          forc_wl(3,n),obs_wl(3,n),delta_wl(3,n),
1070      *          tm_obspeak(3,n)
1071      endif
1072 457  continue
1073
1074      if(nfalse.gt.0)then
1075          dwlFalse_mean = dwlFalse_total/float(nfalse)
1076          write(21,463)dwlFalse_mean
1077      endif
1078      if(nfalse_flood.gt.0)then
1079          dwlFalse_meanFl = dwlFalse_totFl/float(nfalse_flood)
1080          write(22,468)nfalse_flood,dwlFalse_meanFl
1081      endif
1082      if(nfalse_ebb.gt.0)then
1083          dwlFalse_meanEbb = dwlFalse_totEbb/float(nfalse_ebb)
1084          write(23,469)nfalse_ebb,dwlFalse_meanEbb
1085      endif
1086
1087      write(21,471)nsuccess,nfailure,nfalse
1088 440 continue
1089
1090
1091 c 433 format(/,
1092 c      * ' false      event  dpeak  forecast      observed ',
1093 c      * ' dspeed  obs peak',/,
1094 c      * ' number  number time  speed(cm/s)  speed(cm/s)',
1095 c      * ' (cm/s)  time(jd)')
1096 433 format(/,
1097      * ' false      event  dpeak  model      observed ',
1098      * ' dspeed  obs peak',/,
1099      * ' number  number time  speed(cm/s)  speed(cm/s)',
1100      * ' (cm/s)  time(jd)')
1101 463 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds for',
1102      *      /,' "false" forecasts is',f8.3,' cm/s')
1103 468 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
1104      *      ' flood events)',/,
1105      *      ' for "false" forecasts is',f8.3)
1106 469 format(' mean difference of peak current speeds (',i3,
1107      *      ' ebb events)',/,
1108      *      ' for "false" forecasts is',f8.3)
1109
1110 !-----
1111
1112 446 format(7x,i3,' total points in event;',
1113      *      i3,' model points',',i3,' observed')
1114 448 format(1x,i3,3x,i5,3x,i4,1x,f11.4,f13.4,1x,f8.3,f9.3)
1115 471 format(/,' Success Failure false',/,
1116      *      8x,i5,2(4x,i4)/)
1117 451 format(' for ',i3,' high water events, mean difference',
1118      *      /,' of the peak water levels is ',f7.4,' meters')
1119 452 format(' for ',i3,' low water events, mean difference',
1120      *      /,' of the peak water levels is ',f7.4,' meters')

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmnt.f (continued)

```
1121
1122 *****
1123
1124     1001 format(/)
1125     1003 format(a28)
1126     1039 format(a14)
1127     1040 format(/,1x,a14)
1128     1006 format(1x,3f10.4)
1129
1130
1131         stop
1132         end
```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmt.f (continued)

```

1      subroutine prDirection(n,u,v,val)
2
3      c      Purpose : Given U and V components of current,
4      c                  to calculate current speed with respect to
5      c                  the specified principal direction. Current
6      c                  speed values (val) are converted from
7      c                  m/s to cm/s.
8
9
10     c      Input Arguments :
11     c
12     c      n - station number
13     c      u - U component
14     c      v - V component
15
16     *****
17
18     common/debug/idbug
19     common/prindir/prdir(5)
20
21     *****
22
23     rad = 57.29578
24
25     xmag = sqrt(u**2 + v**2)
26     if(idbug.eq.5)write(6,1)xmag
27     angle = atan2(v,u)
28     angle_deg = angle * rad
29     if(idbug.eq.5)then
30         write(6,2)angle,angle_deg
31     endif
32     dir = 90.0 - angle_deg
33     if(idbug.eq.5)write(6,3)dir
34     kdir = dir/360.0
35     if(kdir.gt.0)then
36         write(6,*)kdir
37         dir = dir - kdir*360.0
38         write(6,*)dir
39     endif
40
41     val = xmag * (cos(dir/rad)*cos(prdir(n)/rad)
42     *      + sin(dir/rad)*sin(prdir(n)/rad))
43     val = val * 100.0
44
45     *****
46
47     1 format(' magnitude of current velocity = ',f7.4)
48     2 format(' angle = ',f7.4,' radians, ',f8.4,' degrees')
49     3 format(' direction (rel to 0 deg North) = ',f9.4)
50
51     return
52     end

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evt_crnt.f (continued)

```

1      SUBROUTINE CONCTJ (IJD,IMON,IDAY,IYR)
2      C
3      C**** THIS SUBROUTINE CONVERTS CALENDER TO JULIAN DAY (IJD)
4      C
5      DIMENSION IDTBLE(12),ILTBLE(12)
6      C
7      DATA (IDTBLE(I),I=1,12)/1,32,60,91,121,152,182,213,244,
8      1 274,305,335/
9      DATA (ILTBLE(I),I=1,12)/1,32,61,92,122,153,183,214,245,
10     1 275,306,336/
11     C
12     C**** TEST FOR LEAP YEAR
13     C
14     ISW = 1
15     IF (MOD(IYR,4).EQ.0) ISW = 2
16
17     GO TO (9,10) ISW
18     9 IJD = IDTBLE(IMON) + IDAY - 1
19     RETURN
20     10 IJD = ILTBLE(IMON) + IDAY - 1
21     RETURN
22     END

```

```

1      subroutine timehi(caldy,tmmax,ibug)
2
3      c      Purpose : To take the real value julian day
4      c      and convert to calendar day with fraction.
5      c      Version date : November 1, 1997
6
7      *****
8
9      itmhi = tmmax
10     rtmhi = float(itmhi)
11     tmdiff = tmmax - rtmhi
12
13
14     call jdgreg(rtmhi,imonth,iday,iyear)
15
16     caldy = float(iday) + tmdiff
17     if(ibug.eq.2)then
18         write(6,101)imonth,iday,iyear,caldy
19     endif
20
21
22     101 format(1x,i2,'/',i2,'/',i4,' Calendar Day ',f9.4,/)
23
24     return
25     end

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)

```

1      ! SUBROUTINE NAME : JDGREG
2      !
3      ! PURPOSE : This subroutine converts the Julian date
4      !           to Gregorian date.
5      !
6      !
7      !   VARIABLE NAMES :
8      !   DOUBLE PRECISION RJD  - - - - - Julian date
9      !   DIMENSION JDAY(13)   - - - - - Non-leap year
10     !   DIMENSION JDAYL(13)  - - - - - Leap year
11     !
12     !-----
13
14     SUBROUTINE JDGREG(rjdy,imon,ida,iyr)
15
16
17     !:   DOUBLE PRECISION RJD
18     !:   DIMENSION JDAY(13), JDAYL(13)
19
20     DATA JDAY/0,31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273,304,334,365/
21     DATA JDAYL/0,31,60,91,121,152,182,213,244,274,305,335,366/
22
23     iyr = 2000
24
25     rjd = rjdy
26     IDA = INT(RJD)
27
28
29     IF(MOD(IYR,4).EQ.0.AND.MOD(IYR,100).NE.0
30     &   .OR. MOD(IYR,400) .EQ. 0)THEN
31
32     ! Find the month for IDAY --- leap year calender
33     !
34     ILEAP = 1
35     DO I = 1,12
36     IF (IDA.GT.JDAYL(I)) IMO = I
37     END DO
38
39     ! Day of the month
40
41     IDY = IDA - JDAYL(IMO)
42     ELSE
43
44     ! Find the month for IDAY --- non-leap year
45
46     ILEAP = 0
47     DO I=1,12
48     IF(IDA.GT.JDAY(I)) IMO = I
49     ENDDO
50
51     ! Day of the month
52
53     IDY = IDA-JDAY(IMO)
54     ENDIF
55
56     IMON = IMO

```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_crnt.f (continued)


```
57         IDA = IDY
58
59     RETURN
60 END
```

Program Listing 2.5. Match.evnt_cmt.f (continued)

2.6. Program Curr.prdir.pro

The listing for Curr.prdir.pro is given in Program Listing 2.6. This is an plot program used to plot a month of observed, forecast, and nowcast current speed data. In addition to plotting the current speed, the program will plot two lines which designate the low critical current speed and the high critical current speed. A value more negative than the low critical current speed is part of an ebb event, while a value greater than the high critical current speed is part of a flood event.

The plots are annotated with a title, station name, and a legend. More than one current speed signal can be put on one plot, if desired. The program generates only one plot per page.

```

1      ; Program : curr.prdir.pro
2      ;
3      ; Purpose : This program, written in the IDL programming
4      ; language, was developed to help evaluate Houston/Galveston
5      ; nowcast/forecast current data. The program will plot
6      ; the observed (PORTS) and model current speeds with respect
7      ; to a principal direction. This is a revision of the program
8      ; wl.sigma.pro. This version of the program accounts for
9      ; gaps in the data stream.
10     ;
11     ;
12     ; Language : IDL
13     ;
14     ; Location : /usr/people/philr/galves/nowforc_eval/currents/plot
15     ;
16     ; Version date : January 18, 2001
17     ;
18     ; Author : Phil Richardson
19
20     ;*****
21
22     im = 1500
23     nsig = 2
24     nline = 12
25
26
27     ;Initialize character strings
28     line = ' '
29     wltitle = ' '
30     filedata = ' '
31     legend = ' '
32     cntrl_file = ' '
33     time_axis = ' '
34     stat_name = ' '
35     ptype=' '
36     plotype = ' '
37
38     ;Initialize integer variables
39     ideo = 0
40     iyear = 0
41     ncurve = 0
42     lun = 0
43
44     ;Dimension arrays
45     ilun=intarr(nsig)
46     numb_pts = intarr(nsig)
47     ncg = intarr(nline)
48     ncntg = intarr(nline)
49
50     filedat = strarr(2)
51     legnd = strarr(2)
52     ravg = strarr(2)
53
54     t=fltarr(im,nline)
55     wlplt = fltarr(im,nline)
56     xl=fltarr(2,2)

```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.prdir.pro

```

57     yl=fltarr(2)
58     xpos = fltarr(2)
59     time_strt = fltarr(2)
60     xline = fltarr(2)
61     crlevel_high = fltarr(2)
62     crlevel_low = fltarr(2)
63
64
65 ; Initialize Real variables
66
67     small = 0.001
68     crlevel = 0.0
69     hr_intrvl = 0.09
70
71 ;*****
72
73 ; Open control file, read from control file
74
75 ;     ptype - x, ps, or tek
76 ;     idebug = 1, times (Julian dates)
77 ;             = 2, EOF result
78 ;     stat_name - station name
79 ;     tmin - start point for time (x) axis
80 ;     strttime - start time (Julian date)
81 ;     tmax - end point for time (x) axis
82 ;     endtime - end time (Julian date)
83 ;     iyear - year of plot
84 ;     ncurve - number of curves to plot
85 ;     legnd(nc) - character string, for legend
86 ;     filedat(nc) - data filenames
87 ;     time_axis - time axis name
88 ;     crlevel - critical value
89
90
91     print,'Enter name of control file '
92     read,cntrl_file
93 ; cntrl_file = 'cntrl.bolvr_forc'
94     openr,1,cntrl_file
95
96
97     readf,1,ptype
98     if(ptype eq 'ps')then begin
99         readf,1,plotype
100     endif
101     readf,1,idebug
102     print,idebug,format='(2x,"idebug = ",i3)'
103
104     readf,1,stat_name
105     readf,1,tmin
106     readf,1,strttime
107     readf,1,tmax
108     readf,1,endtime
109     readf,1,iyear
110     readf,1,ncurve
111     print,ncurve,format='(1x,i2," curves to be plotted",/)'
112     ncurvml = ncurve - 1

```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.prdir.pro (continued)

```

113
114     readf,1,wlttitle
115
116     for nc=0,ncurvml do begin
117         get_lun,lun
118         ilun(nc) = lun
119         readf,1,legend
120         legnd(nc) = legend
121         readf,1,filedata
122         filedat(nc) = filedata
123     endfor
124
125     readf,1,ymin,ymax,ytcks
126     readf,1,time_axis
127
128     readf,1,crlevel
129
130
131     close,1
132
133     ;-----
134
135     ;set plot type : x, ps, or tek
136     set_plot,ptype
137
138     ;set the plot scaling
139     aspect=1.5
140     isize=1024.
141     jsize=isize*aspect
142
143     if (ptype eq 'x') then window,0,xsize=isize,ysize=jsize
144     xs=8.0
145     ys=8.0*aspect
146
147     if(ptype eq 'ps')then begin
148         if(plotttype eq 'portrait')then begin
149             device, xsize=xs,$
150             ysize=ys,/inch,xoffs=0.25,yoffs=0.
151         endif
152         if(plotttype eq 'landscape')then begin
153             device, ysize=10.0, /landscape,$
154             /inches, xoffs=-2.0
155         endif
156     endif
157
158     ;*****
159
160     ; Open observed wl data file and model wl data file
161
162     ; variables :
163     ;   ndatpts - number of data points
164
165
166     for nc=0,ncurvml do begin
167         openr,ilun(nc),filedat(nc),error=err
168         if(err ne 0) then print, !err_string

```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.prdir.pro (continued)

```

169         print,nc,filedat(nc),    $
170             format='(lx,"Curve ",i2," ; file",a71)'
```

```

171     endfor
172
173 ; -----
174
175 ; Read data from files
176
177     if(idebug eq 1)then openw,4,'time.out'
```

```

178
179     for nc=0,ncurvm1 do begin
180         ncpl1 = nc + 1
181         ncount = 0
182         nlin = 1
183         nlinm1 = nlin - 1
184         if(idebug eq 1)then begin
185             printf,4,filedat(nc),format='(lx,a73)'
```

```

186         endif
187
188         readf,ilun(nc),time
189         print,ncpl1,time,    $
190         format='(/,lx,"file (",i1,") starts at time =",f8.3)'
```

```

191         print,time,strttime
192         point_lun,ilun(nc),0
193
194         READDATA: readf,ilun(nc),time,wlevel
195         result = EOF(ilun(nc))
196         if(idebug eq 2)then print,result
197         if(time lt strttime)then goto, READDATA
198         if(time gt endtime)then begin
199             ncount = ncount - 1
200             ndatpts = ncount + 1
201             goto, ENDLOOP
202         endif
203
204         if(ncount eq 0)then begin
205             time_old = time
206             print,ncpl1,time,    $
207             format='(lx,"start time file (",i1,") = ",f8.3)'
```

```

208             time_strt(nc) = time
209         endif
210
211
212         if(time lt 366.0)then begin
213             jd_offset = 0.0
214         endif
215         time = time - jd_offset
216
217         if(result lt 1)then begin
218             if(idebug eq 1)then printf,4,ncount,time
219             ncount = ncount + 1
220             time_dif = time - time_old
221             if(time_dif gt hr_intrvl)then begin
222                 print,format='("gap in data file)'
```

```

223                 if(idebug eq 1)then begin
224                     printf,4,time_old,time,time_dif,    $
```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.pdir.pro (continued)


```

225             format='(1x,3f9.3,", gap in data file")'
226         endif
227         nlin = nlin + 1
228         nlinml = nlin - 1
229         ncg(nlinml) = 0
230         t(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = time
231         wlplt(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = wlevel
232         ncg(nlinml) = ncg(nlinml) + 1
233     endif
234     if(time_dif lt hr_intrvl)then begin
235         t(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = time
236         wlplt(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = wlevel
237         ncg(nlinml) = ncg(nlinml) + 1
238     endif
239     time_old = time
240     goto, READDATA
241 endif
242
243 ; End of File
244 if(result gt 0)then begin
245     if(idebug eq 1)then printf,4,ncount,time
246     print,ncpl1, $
247     format='(" End of file (" ,i1," ) reached)"'
248 ;     t(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = time
249 ;     wlplt(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = wlevel
250     endif
251 close,ilun(nc)
252 ndatpts = ncount + 1
253 ENDLOOP: print,ndatpts, $
254     format='(i4," data points, End of loop)"'
255 numb_pts(nc) = ncount
256 endfor
257
258
259 print,ncount,format='(/,1x,i4)'
260
261 print,ndatpts,format='(1x,i4)'
262
263 !p.multi=[0,0,1]
264
265 ; -----
266
267 ; make the plot
268
269 !P.CHARSIZE=1.0
270
271
272     ncnt = numb_pts(0)
273     ncntl = ncg(0) - 1
274     print,ncntl
275     nticks = 4
276 @plot01
277     plot,t[0:ncntl],wlplt[0:ncntl,0], $
278     title=wttitle, $
279     yrange=[ymin,ymax], $
280     xtitle=time_axis, $

```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.prdir.pro (continued)

```

281         ytitle='cm/s',           $
282         xmargin=[0,0],          $
283         ymargin=[0,0],          $
284         xstyle=1,ystyle=1,      $
285         linestyle=0,            $
286         xrange=[tmin,tmax],     $
287         xticks = nticks,        $
288         yticks = ytcks,         $
289         position=[0.10,0.52,0.90,0.87]
290     for nl=2,nlin do begin
291         nlm1 = nl - 1
292         ncntg(nlm1) = ncg(nlm1) - 1
293         oplot,t[0:ncntg(nlm1),nlm1],wlplt[0:ncntg(nlm1),nlm1]
294     endfor
295
296
297     xyouts,0.50,0.55,stat_name,size=1.5,/normal,alignment=0.5
298
299     ;*****
300
301     ; Draw Legend
302
303     ; Establish x,y coordinates for legend
304
305
306     x1(0,0) = 0.36
307     x1(0,1) = 0.44
308     y1(0) = 0.825
309     x1(1,0) = 0.62
310     x1(1,1) = 0.67
311     y1(1) = 0.825
312
313     xpos(0) = 0.25
314     xpos(1) = 0.49
315     ypos = 0.83
316
317     for nc=0,ncurvm1 do begin
318         xyouts,xpos(nc),ypos,legnd(nc),size=1.4,/NORMAL
319         if(nc eq 0)then linest = 0
320         if(nc eq 1)then linest = 1
321     endfor
322     plots,[x1(0,0),x1(0,1)],y1,linestyle=0, $
323         /normal
324     ; plots,[x1(1,0),x1(1,1)],y1,psym=2,/normal
325
326     ;-----
327
328     ; Draw solid lines representing low and high critical
329     ; values for events.
330
331     xline(0) = tmin
332     xline(1) = tmax
333
334     crlevel_high(0) = crlevel
335     crlevel_high(1) = crlevel
336     crlevel_low(0) = -crlevel

```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.pdir.pro (continued)


```
337     crlevel_low(1) = -crlevel
338
339
340     plots,xline,crlevel_high
341     plots,xline,crlevel_low
342
343 ;-----
344
345     if(ptype eq 'ps') then device,/close
346
347     ENDPROG:
348
349     end
```

Program Listing 2.6. Curr.prdir.pro (continued)

2.7. Program Curr.multcurv.pro

Curr.multcurv.pro, also an IDL program, is an improved version of curr.prdir.pro. The program will generate plots of observed versus nowcast and observed versus predicted current speeds on one page, then observed versus forecast and observed versus adjusted forecast current speeds on the second page.

```

1      ; Program : curr.multcurv.pro
2      ;
3      ; Purpose : This program, written in the IDL programming
4      ; language, was developed to help evaluate Houston/Galveston
5      ; nowcast/forecast current data. The program will
6      ; produce four separate plots of principal component current
7      ; speed: OBS vs.Nowcast, OBS vs. Predicted, OBS vs. Forecast,
8      ; and OBS vs. adjusted Forecast. On each plot, the high
9      ; and low critical values, which determine events, are depicted.
10     ;
11     ; Language : IDL
12     ;
13     ; Location : /usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/wlevel/plot
14     ;
15     ; Version date : August 6, 2001
16     ;
17     ; Author : Phil Richardson
18
19     ;*****
20
21     im = 1500
22     nline = 12
23     ; nline = 120
24     ncurves = 5
25
26
27     ;Initialize character strings
28     line = ' '
29     crnt_title = ' '
30     filedata = ' '
31     legend = ' '
32     cntrl_file = ' '
33     time_axis = ' '
34     stat_name = ' '
35     ptype=' '
36     plottype = ' '
37     typedata = ' '
38
39     ;Initialize integer variables
40     idebug = 0
41     ncurve = 0
42     lun = 0
43     ncleg = 0
44
45     ;Dimension arrays
46     ; ncg = intarr(nline)
47
48     ilun = intarr(ncurves)
49     numb_pts = intarr(ncurves)
50
51     filedat = strarr(ncurves)
52     typedat = strarr(ncurves)
53     legnd = strarr(ncurves)
54     ravg = strarr(2)
55
56     t = fltarr(im,nline)

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro

```

57     wlplt = fltarr(im,nline)
58     x1=fltarr(ncurves,2)
59     y1=fltarr(2)
60     yll=fltarr(2)
61     xpos = fltarr(ncurves)
62     time_strt = fltarr(ncurves)
63     xline = fltarr(2)
64     crlevel_high = fltarr(2)
65     crlevel_low = fltarr(2)
66
67
68     small = 0.001
69     crlevel = 0.0
70     hr_intrvl = 0.09
71
72     ;*****
73
74     ; Open control file, read from control file
75
76     ;     ptype - x, ps, or tek
77     ;     idebug = 1, times (Julian dates)
78     ;           = 2, EOF result
79     ;     stat_name - station name
80     ;     tmin - start point for time (x) axis
81     ;     strttime - start time (Julian date)
82     ;     tmax - end point for time (x) axis
83     ;     endtime - end time (Julian date)
84     ;     ncurve - number of curves to plot
85     ;     legnd(nc) - character string, for legend
86     ;     filedat(nc) - data filenames
87     ;     ymin, ymax - Y axis
88     ;     time_axis - time axis name
89     ;     crlevel - critical value
90
91
92     print,'Enter name of control file '
93     read,cntrl_file
94     openr,1,cntrl_file
95
96     readf,1,ptype
97     if(ptype eq 'ps')then begin
98         readf,1,plottype
99     endif
100    readf,1,idebug
101    print,idebug,format='(2x,"idebug = ",i3)'
102
103    readf,1,stat_name
104    readf,1,tmin
105    readf,1,strttime
106    readf,1,tmax
107    readf,1,endtime
108    readf,1,ncurve
109    print,ncurve,format='(1x,i2," curves to be plotted",/)'
110    ncurvml = ncurve - 1
111
112    readf,1,crnt_title

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

```

113
114     for nc=0,ncurvm1 do begin
115         get_lun,lun
116         ilun(nc) = lun
117         readf,1,legend
118         legnd(nc) = legend
119         readf,1,typedata
120         readf,1,filedata
121         typedat(nc) = typedata
122         filedat(nc) = filedata
123     endfor
124
125     readf,1,ymin,ymax,ytcks
126     readf,1,time_axis
127
128     readf,1,crlevel
129
130
131 ; close,1
132
133 ;-----
134
135 ;set plot type : x, ps, or tek
136 set_plot,ptype
137
138 ;set the plot scaling
139 aspect=1.5
140 isize=1024.
141 jsize=isize*aspect
142
143 if (ptype eq 'x') then window,0,xsize=isize,ysize=jsize
144 xs=8.0
145 ys=8.0*aspect
146
147 if(ptype eq 'ps')then begin
148     if(plotype eq 'portrait')then begin
149         device, xsize=xs,$
150             ysize=ys,/inch,xoffs=0.25,yoffs=0.
151     endif
152     if(plotype eq 'landscape')then begin
153         device, ysize=10.0, /landscape,$
154             /inches, xoffs=-2.0
155     endif
156 endif
157
158 ;*****
159
160 ; Open observed wl data file and model wl data file
161
162 ; variables :
163 ;   ndatpts - number of data points
164
165
166 for nc=0,ncurvm1 do begin
167     openr,ilun(nc),filedat(nc),error=err
168     if(err ne 0) then print, !err_string

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

```

169         print,nc,filedat(nc),    $
170             format='(1x,"Curve ",i2," ; file",a67)'  

171     endfor  

172  

173 ;-----  

174  

175 ; Read data from files  

176  

177     if(idebug eq 1)then openw,4,'time.out'  

178  

179  

180     for nc=0,ncurvm1 do begin  

181         ncpl1 = nc + 1  

182         nlin = 1  

183         nlinm1 = nlin - 1  

184         ncount = 0  

185         if(idebug eq 1)then begin  

186             printf,4,filedat(nc),format='(1x,a77)'  

187         endif  

188  

189         readf,ilun(nc),time  

190         print,ncpl1,time,          $  

191         format='(/,1x,"file (",il,") starts at time =",f8.3)'  

192         print,time,strtttime  

193         point_lun,ilun(nc),0  

194  

195         READDATA: readf,ilun(nc),time,wlevel  

196         result = EOF(ilun(nc))  

197         if(idebug eq 2)then print,result  

198         if(time lt strtttime)then goto, READDATA  

199         if(time gt endtime)then begin  

200             ncount = ncount - 1  

201             ndatpts = ncount + 1  

202             goto, ENDLOOP  

203         endif  

204         if(ncount eq 0)then begin  

205             time_old = time  

206             print,ncpl1,time,      $  

207             format='(1x,"start time file (",il,") = ",f8.3)'  

208             time_strt(nc) = time  

209         endif  

210  

211  

212         if(time lt 366.0)then begin  

213             jd_offset = 0.0  

214         endif  

215         time = time - jd_offset  

216  

217         if(result lt 1)then begin  

218             if(idebug eq 1)then printf,4,ncount,time  

219             t(ncount,nc) = time  

220             wlplt(ncount,nc) = wlevel  

221             ncount = ncount + 1  

222             time_dif = time - time_old  

223             ; if(time_dif gt hr_intrvl)then begin  

224             ;     print,format='("gap in data file")'  


```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)


```

225 ;           if(idebug eq 1)then begin
226 ;             printf,4,time_old,time,time_dif,      $
227 ;             format='(1x,3f9.3," gap in data file")'
228 ;           endif
229 ;           nlin = nlin + 1
230 ;           nlinml = nlin - 1
231 ;           ncg(nlinml) = 0
232 ;           t(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = time
233 ;           wlplt(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = wlevel
234 ;           ncg(nlinml) = ncg(nlinml) + 1
235 ;         endif
236 ;         if(time_dif lt hr_intrvl)then begin
237 ;           t(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = time
238 ;           wlplt(ncg(nlinml),nlinml) = wlevel
239 ;           wlplt(ncount,nc) = wlevel
240 ;           ncg(nlinml) = ncg(nlinml) + 1
241 ;         endif
242 ;         time_old = time
243 ;         goto, READDATA
244 ;       endif
245 ;       if(result gt 0)then begin
246 ;         if(idebug eq 1)then printf,4,ncount,time
247 ;         print,ilun(nc),      $
248 ;         format='(" End of file (" ,il," ) reached)"
249 ;         t(ncount,nc) = time
250 ;         wlplt(ncount,nc) = wlevel
251 ;       endif
252 ;       close,ilun(nc)
253 ;       ndatpts = ncount + 1
254 ;       ENDLOOP: print,ndatpts,      $
255 ;       format='(i4," data points, End of loop)"
256 ;       numb_pts(nc) = ndatpts - 1
257 ;     endfor
258
259
260
261 !p.multi=[0,0,1]
262
263 ;*****
264
265 ; make the plot
266
267 !P.CHARSIZE=1.0
268
269 ; Variables :
270 ;
271 ;   ytl - Y coordinate (window) of top plot
272 ;   ybl - Y coordinate (window) of bottom of top plot
273 ; ystnmT - Y coordinate of station name (top plot)
274 ; ystnmB - Y coordinate of station name (bottom plot)
275 ;   ypost - Y coordinate of legend (top plot)
276 ;   yposB - Y coordinate of legend (bottom plot)
277 ;   yl - Y coordinate of legend (line), top plot
278 ;   yll - Y coordinate of legend (line), bottom plot
279
280 ; Establish x,y coordinates for legend

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

```

281
282     x1(0,0) = 0.36
283     x1(0,1) = 0.44
284     y1(0) = 0.91
285     y1(0) = 0.71
286     x1(1,0) = 0.62
287     x1(1,1) = 0.70
288     y1(1) = 0.71
289     y11(0) = 0.33
290     y11(1) = 0.33
291
292     xpos(0) = 0.25
293     xpos(1) = 0.49
294     yposT = 0.71
295     yposB = 0.33
296
297
298     xline(0) = tmin
299     xline(1) = tmax
300
301     crlevel_high(0) = crlevel
302     crlevel_high(1) = crlevel
303     crlevel_low(0) = -crlevel
304     crlevel_low(1) = -crlevel
305
306
307     nticks = 5
308     ncnt1 = numb_pts(0)
309     ncnt2 = numb_pts(1)
310     ncnt3 = numb_pts(2)
311     ncnt4 = numb_pts(3)
312     ncnt5 = numb_pts(4)
313     print,ncnt1
314     print,ncnt2
315     print,ncnt3
316     print,ncnt4
317     print,ncnt5
318
319 ;-----
320
321 ; 2 plots per page -
322
323 !P.Multi = [0,1,2,0,0]
324
325
326 ; OBS vs. Nowcast
327
328 @plot01
329
330     yt1 = 0.95
331     yb1 = 0.68
332     ystnmT = 0.70
333
334     plot,t[0:ncnt1,0],wlplt[0:ncnt1,0],          $
335         title=crnt_title,                          $
336         yrange=[ymin,ymax],                          $

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)


```

337         xtitle=time_axis,          $
338         ytitle='cm/s',             $
339         xmargin=[0,0],             $
340         ymargin=[0,0],             $
341         xstyle=1,ystyle=1,         $
342         linestyle=0,               $
343         xrange=[tmin,tmax],        $
344         xticks = nticks,           $
345         yticks = ytcks,            $
346         position=[0.10,yb1,0.90,yt1]
347         oplot,t[0:ncnt2,1],wlp1t[0:ncnt2,1],      $
348         linestyle=2
349
350
351 ; xyouts,0.50,ystnmT,stat_name,size=1.5,/normal,alignment=0.5
352
353 for nc=0,1 do begin
354     xyouts,xpos(nc),yposT,legnd(nc),size=1.4,/NORMAL
355     if(nc eq 0)then linest = 0
356     if(nc eq 1)then linest = 1
357     plots,[x1(nc,0),x1(nc,1)],y1,linestyle=linest, $
358     /NORMAL
359 endfor
360
361 plots,xline,crlevel_high
362 plots,xline,crlevel_low
363
364 ;-----
365
366 ; OBS vs. Predicted
367
368 yt2 = 0.57
369 yb2 = 0.30
370 ystnmB = 0.32
371
372 plot,t[0:ncnt1,0],wlp1t[0:ncnt1,0],          $
373     title=crnt_title,                          $
374     yrange=[ymin,ymax],                        $
375     xtitle=time_axis,                          $
376     ytitle='cm/s',                             $
377     xmargin=[0,0],                              $
378     ymargin=[0,0],                              $
379     xstyle=1,ystyle=1,                          $
380     linestyle=0,                                $
381     xrange=[tmin,tmax],                        $
382     xticks = nticks,                            $
383     yticks = ytcks,                             $
384     position=[0.10,yb2,0.90,yt2]
385     oplot,t[0:ncnt3,2],wlp1t[0:ncnt3,2],      $
386     linestyle=2
387
388 ; xyouts,0.50,ystnmB,stat_name,size=1.5,/normal,alignment=0.5
389
390
391 ; Draw Legend
392

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

```

393     for nc=0,1 do begin
394         ncleg = nc * 2
395         xyouts,xpos(nc),yposB,legnd(ncleg),size=1.4,/NORMAL
396         if(nc eq 0)then linest = 0
397         if(nc eq 1)then linest = 1
398         plots,[x1(nc,0),x1(nc,1)],y1,linestyle=linest, $
399             /normal
400     endfor
401
402
403     ; Draw solid lines representing low and high critical
404     ; values for events.
405
406
407     plots,xline,crlevel_high
408     plots,xline,crlevel_low
409
410     ;-----
411
412     ; OBS vs. Forecast
413
414     plot,t[0:ncnt1,0],wlplt[0:ncnt1,0], $
415         title=crnt_title, $
416         yrange=[ymin,ymax], $
417         xtitle=time_axis, $
418         ytitle='cm/s', $
419         xmargin=[0,0], $
420         ymargin=[0,0], $
421         xstyle=1,ystyle=1, $
422         linestyle=0, $
423         xrange=[tmin,tmax], $
424         xticks=nticks, $
425         yticks=ytcks, $
426         position=[0.10,yb1,0.90,yt1]
427     oplot,t[0:ncnt4,3],wlplt[0:ncnt4,3], $
428         linestyle=2
429
430     ; xyouts,0.50,ystnmT,stat_name,size=1.5,/normal,alignment=0.5
431
432     for nc=0,1 do begin
433         ncleg = nc * 3
434         xyouts,xpos(nc),yposT,legnd(ncleg),size=1.4,/NORMAL
435         if(nc eq 0)then linest = 0
436         if(nc eq 1)then linest = 1
437         plots,[x1(nc,0),x1(nc,1)],y1,linestyle=linest, $
438             /normal
439     endfor
440
441     plots,xline,crlevel_high
442     plots,xline,crlevel_low
443
444     ;-----
445
446     ; OBS vs. adjusted Forecast
447
448     plot,t[0:ncnt1,0],wlplt[0:ncnt1,0], $

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

```

449         title=crnt_title,           $
450         yrange=[ymin,ymax],         $
451         xtitle=time_axis,           $
452         ytitle='cm/s',              $
453         xmargin=[0,0],               $
454         ymargin=[0,0],               $
455         xstyle=1,ystyle=1,           $
456         linestyle=0,                 $
457         xrange=[tmin,tmax],          $
458         xticks=nticks,               $
459         yticks=ytcks,                 $
460         position=[0.10,yb2,0.90,yt2]
461         oplot,t[0:ncnt5,4],wlplt[0:ncnt5,4], $
462         linestyle=2
463
464 ; xyouts,0.50,ystnmB,stat_name,size=1.5,/normal,alignment=0.5
465
466     for nc=0,1 do begin
467         ncleg = nc * 4
468         xyouts,xpos(nc),yposB,legnd(ncleg),size=1.4,/NORMAL
469         if(nc eq 0)then linest = 0
470         if(nc eq 1)then linest = 1
471         plots,[xl(nc,0),xl(nc,1)],yll,linestyle=linest, $
472         /normal
473     endfor
474
475     plots,xline,crlevel_high
476     plots,xline,crlevel_low
477
478 ;*****
479
480     spawn, 'lp -dqms2 id1.ps'
481
482 ;*****
483
484     if(ptype eq 'ps') then device,/close
485
486     ENDPROG:
487
488     end

```

Program Listing 2.7. Curr.multcurv.pro (continued)

3. SEPTEMBER 2000 SAMPLE APPLICATION

To perform the principal component direction current event analysis, each program is executed in the order shown in Table 3.1. For each program a separate directory is recommended as shown below, where ~ designates the users home area, galves the project directory, and NF_eval/currents the nowcast/forecast current event evaluation directory.

```
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/reform.ports/reform_ports.f
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/regap.f
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/reform2.f
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/read_NF.curr.f
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/match.evnt_crnt.f
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/plot/curr.prdir.pro
~/galves/NF_eval/currents/plot/curr.multcurv.pro
```

Table 3.1. Job Control, Source File, and Control File Inventory

Job Control	Source File	Control File
reform.jcl	reform_ports.f	reform.(station).n
regap.jcl	regap.f	regap.n
reform2.jcl	reform2.f	reform2.n
readcurr.jcl	read_NF.curr.f	readcrr_sep00.n
match.jcl	match.evnt_crnt.f	match_(station).sep00.n
	curr.prdir.pro	cntrl.(station)_sep00
	curr.multcurv.pro	c.(station)_sep00

Listings for jcl files and control files are provided in Appendix A. The two IDL plot programs do not have job control files. To run the IDL programs, type `idl <return>`, then type `.r filename.pro <return>`.

Program output files for the evaluation of the forecast current speeds at Port Bolivar in lower Galveston Bay and at Morgans Point in upper Galveston Bay are given. For this application, current speeds of 65 cm/s and 45 cm/s or greater at Bolivar Roads and at Morgans Point, respectively, are considered to be flood events. Ebb current events consists of current speeds of opposite sign with the same magnitudes. For September 2000, table2.out, table_flood, and table_ebb are provided for Port Bolivar (GBM), Morgans Point (HSC), and Morgans Point (GBM), for the unadjusted forecasts. To adjust the forecasts, a separate linear regression (requiring specification of gain and bias) is used on flood (positive current values) and on ebb (negative current values). Table2.out, table_flood, and

table_ebb are provided for Morgans Point (HSCM) and Morgans Point (GBM), both adjusted forecasts. The adjusted forecast has a gain of 1.0 for flood values and a gain of 2.0 for ebb values.

Plots of the observed (PORTS) and forecast data from Port Bolivar are presented in Figure 3.1. The forecast at Port Bolivar was of high quality and our attempts to adjust the forecast data did not seem to significantly improve the forecast. Plots of the observed (PORTS), unadjusted forecast (HSCM), and the adjusted forecast (HSCM) data at Morgans Point are presented in Figure 3.2. Plots of the observed (PORTS), unadjusted forecast (GBM), and the adjusted forecast (GBM) data at Morgans Point are presented in Figure 3.3.

Table 3.2a. Table2.out for Port Bolivar (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

September 2000

Bolivar Roads ; Model Level 3
 Principal Direction : 322.0 degr
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 65.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.00

success number	event number	dstart time	delta duration	dpeak time	model spd(cm/s)	observed spd(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	5	1	-2	-1	68.5779	73.8338	-5.256	248.917
2	7	0	-1	-1	68.1463	79.7989	-11.653	250.000
3	8	0	0	0	72.4272	89.0561	-16.629	251.000
4	9	-2	1	-2	72.4322	68.2427	4.189	252.083
5	10	0	0	-1	81.8255	81.3558	0.470	253.042
6	11	0	0	0	65.2592	79.1005	-13.841	253.125
7	12	-2	1	-1	71.0408	78.4170	-7.376	254.083
8	14	-3	1	-3	74.2619	78.1822	-3.920	255.167
9	15	0	0	-1	69.4340	79.5555	-10.121	256.167
10	22	1	-1	1	65.2547	75.2603	-10.006	261.750
11	23	-1	1	0	-69.8492	-65.8917	-3.958	262.542
12	24	0	-1	0	70.7803	76.8547	-6.074	262.792
13	25	0	2	1	-71.7524	-75.3568	3.604	263.500
14	26	-1	2	0	75.6857	72.7120	2.974	263.875
15	27	0	0	0	-70.5719	-69.2458	-1.326	264.500
16	28	0	1	0	-72.0235	-75.7092	3.686	264.583
17	29	0	1	-1	73.4379	86.7661	-13.328	264.958
18	30	0	0	0	-74.9596	-67.9850	-6.975	265.583
19	31	-1	-1	-1	78.6891	95.0360	-16.347	266.000
20	32	0	-2	-1	-68.4796	-80.0462	11.567	266.708
21	33	-1	0	-1	78.2737	80.7464	-2.473	267.042
22	34	0	-1	-1	-74.3544	-77.2811	2.927	267.708
23	35	0	-1	0	69.6401	76.7522	-7.112	273.708

mean difference of peak current speeds for
 "success" forecasts is 7.209 cm/s

Table 3.2a. Table2.out for Port Bolivar (GBM) forecast, unadjusted (continued)

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-38.2003	-65.6662	27.466	245.042
2	2	0	-55.9332	-78.1056	22.172	246.542
3	3	0	58.4141	67.9969	-9.583	246.792
4	4	-2	57.4917	71.3969	-13.905	247.917
5	6	0	-56.2490	-78.0616	21.813	249.625
6	13	-2	15.9248	-81.7844	97.709	254.833
7	16	0	-60.8915	-69.6052	8.714	256.875
8	18	0	54.9804	69.1343	-14.154	258.208
9	19	0	-24.3489	-69.2458	44.897	258.917
10	20	0	50.2201	69.7272	-19.507	259.708
11	36	0	-53.8136	-69.1284	15.315	274.458
12	37	0	55.2503	81.9747	-26.724	274.708

mean difference of peak current speeds for "failure" forecasts is 26.830 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	17	-1	68.3763	59.5663	8.810	257.167
2	21	0	-65.9947	-53.7106	-12.284	261.500

mean difference of peak current speeds for "false" forecasts is 10.547 cm/s

Success	Failure	false
23	12	2

Table 3.2b. Table2.out for Morgans Point (HSC) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans Point ; Model Level 3
 Principal Direction : 341.0 degr
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-18.4786	-41.1084	22.630	246.583
2	2	0	-0.5357	-44.7812	44.245	249.667
3	3	-1	33.8400	44.6761	-10.836	250.083
4	4	1	-13.4174	-42.6960	29.279	259.000
5	7	0	-26.7903	-44.1311	17.341	264.583
6	8	0	-18.8879	-49.0746	30.187	264.667
7	9	0	16.7848	43.3144	-26.530	265.042
8	10	0	-20.1586	-42.1773	22.019	266.667
9	13	0	26.2696	41.4093	-15.140	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds for
 "failure" forecasts is 24.245 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	5	0	40.9380	24.2013	16.737	260.750
2	6	0	48.1970	28.1868	20.010	263.917
3	11	0	45.2810	3.5180	41.763	270.125
4	12	0	42.1037	24.8829	17.221	270.208

mean difference of peak current speeds for
 "false" forecasts is 23.933 cm/s

Success	Failure	false
0	9	4

Table 3.2c. Table2.out for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level
Principal Director
critical

Table 3.2c. Table2.out for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level 3
 Principal Direction : 341.0 degr
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-10.1934	-41.1084	30.915	246.583
2	2	0	-3.9130	-44.7812	40.868	249.667
3	3	-1	11.7809	44.6761	-32.895	250.083
4	4	1	-10.6474	-42.6960	32.049	259.000
5	5	0	-14.7962	-44.1311	29.335	264.583
6	6	0	-11.7411	-49.0746	37.334	264.667
7	7	0	4.6701	43.3144	-38.644	265.042
8	8	0	-11.3975	-42.1773	30.780	266.667
9	9	0	5.7682	41.4093	-35.641	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds for
 "failure" forecasts is 34.273 cm/s

Success	Failure	false
0	9	0

Table 3.3a. Table_flood for Port Bolivar (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

September 2000

Bolivar Roads ; Model Level
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 65.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.00

success number	event number	dstart time	delta duration	dpeak time	model spd(cm/s)	observed spd(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	5	1	-2	-1	68.5779	73.8338	-5.256	248.917
2	7	0	-1	-1	68.1463	79.7989	-11.653	250.000
3	8	0	0	0	72.4272	89.0561	-16.629	251.000
4	9	-2	1	-2	72.4322	68.2427	4.189	252.083
5	10	0	0	-1	81.8255	81.3558	0.470	253.042
6	11	0	0	0	65.2592	79.1005	-13.841	253.125
7	12	-2	1	-1	71.0408	78.4170	-7.376	254.083
8	14	-3	1	-3	74.2619	78.1822	-3.920	255.167
9	15	0	0	-1	69.4340	79.5555	-10.121	256.167
10	22	1	-1	1	65.2547	75.2603	-10.006	261.750
12	24	0	-1	0	70.7803	76.8547	-6.074	262.792
14	26	-1	2	0	75.6857	72.7120	2.974	263.875
17	29	0	1	-1	73.4379	86.7661	-13.328	264.958
19	31	-1	-1	-1	78.6891	95.0360	-16.347	266.000
21	33	-1	0	-1	78.2737	80.7464	-2.473	267.042
23	35	0	-1	0	69.6401	76.7522	-7.112	273.708

mean difference of peak current speeds (16 flood events)
 for "success" forecasts is 8.236cm/s

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
3	3	0	58.4141	67.9969	-9.583	246.792
4	4	-2	57.4917	71.3969	-13.905	247.917
8	18	0	54.9804	69.1343	-14.154	258.208
10	20	0	50.2201	69.7272	-19.507	259.708
12	37	0	55.2503	81.9747	-26.724	274.708

mean difference of peak current speeds (5 flood events)
 for failure forecasts is 16.775 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	17	-1	68.3763	59.5663	8.810	257.167

mean difference of peak current speeds (1 flood events)
 for "false" forecasts is 8.810

Table 3.3b. Table_flood for Morgans Point (HSC) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans Point ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
3	4	-1	33.8400	44.6761	-10.836	250.083
5	10	0	16.7848	43.3144	-26.530	265.042
6	14	0	26.2696	41.4093	-15.140	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds (3 flood events)
 for failure forecasts is 17.502 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
2	6	0	40.9380	24.2013	16.737	260.750
3	7	0	48.1970	28.1868	20.010	263.917
5	12	0	45.2810	3.5180	41.763	270.125
6	13	0	42.1037	24.8829	17.221	270.208

mean difference of peak current speeds (4 flood events)
 for "false" forecasts is 23.933

Table 3.3c. Table_flood for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
3	3	-1	11.7809	44.6761	-32.895	250.083
7	7	0	4.6701	43.3144	-38.644	265.042
9	9	0	5.7682	41.4093	-35.641	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds (3 flood events)
 for failure forecasts is 35.727 cm/s

Table 3.4a. Table_ebb for Port Bolivar (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

Observed (PORTS) current data vs. forecast current data,
Event Analysis (Ebb)

September 2000

Bolivar Roads ; Model Level
critical value (current speed along principal direction)
= 65.00 cm/s
Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
Julian start time from control file 245.00

success number	event number	dstart time	delta duration	dpeak time	model spd(cm/s)	observed spd(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
11	23	-1	1	0	-69.8492	-65.8917	-3.958	262.542
13	25	0	2	1	-71.7524	-75.3568	3.604	263.500
15	27	0	0	0	-70.5719	-69.2458	-1.326	264.500
16	28	0	1	0	-72.0235	-75.7092	3.686	264.583
18	30	0	0	0	-74.9596	-67.9850	-6.975	265.583
20	32	0	-2	-1	-68.4796	-80.0462	11.567	266.708
22	34	0	-1	-1	-74.3544	-77.2811	2.927	267.708

mean difference of peak current speeds (7 ebb events)
for "failure" forecasts is 4.863cm/s

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-38.2003	-65.6662	27.466	245.042
2	2	0	-55.9332	-78.1056	22.172	246.542
5	6	0	-56.2490	-78.0616	21.813	249.625
6	13	-2	15.9248	-81.7844	97.709	254.833
7	16	0	-60.8915	-69.6052	8.714	256.875
9	19	0	-24.3489	-69.2458	44.897	258.917
11	36	0	-53.8136	-69.1284	15.315	274.458

mean difference of peak current speeds (7 ebb events)
for failure forecasts is 34.012 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
2	21	0	-65.9947	-53.7106	-12.284	261.500

mean difference of peak current speeds (1 ebb events)
for "false" forecasts is 12.284

Table 3.4b. Table_ebb for Morgans Point (HSC) forecast, unadjusted

September 2000

Morgans Point ; Model Level
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-18.4786	-41.1084	22.630	246.583
2	2	0	-0.5357	-44.7812	44.245	249.667
4	4	1	-13.4174	-42.6960	29.279	259.000
5	7	0	-26.7903	-44.1311	17.341	264.583
6	8	0	-18.8879	-49.0746	30.187	264.667
8	10	0	-20.1586	-42.1773	22.019	266.667

mean difference of peak current speeds (6 ebb events)
 for failure forecasts is 27.617 cm/s

Table 3.4c. Table_ebb for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, unadjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Ebb : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-10.1934	-41.1084	30.915	246.583
2	2	0	-3.9130	-44.7812	40.868	249.667
4	4	1	-10.6474	-42.6960	32.049	259.000
5	5	0	-14.7962	-44.1311	29.335	264.583
6	6	0	-11.7411	-49.0746	37.334	264.667
8	8	0	-11.3975	-42.1773	30.780	266.667

mean difference of peak current speeds (6 ebb events)
 for failure forecasts is 33.547 cm/s

Table 3.5b. Table2.out for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, adjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level 3
 Principal Direction : 341.0 degr
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Ebb : gain = 2.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-20.3867	-41.1084	20.722	246.583
2	2	0	-7.8259	-44.7812	36.955	249.667
3	3	-1	11.7809	44.6761	-32.895	250.083
4	4	1	-21.2948	-42.6960	21.401	259.000
5	5	0	-29.5925	-44.1311	14.539	264.583
6	6	0	-23.4823	-49.0746	25.592	264.667
7	7	0	4.6701	43.3144	-38.644	265.042
8	8	0	-22.7950	-42.1773	19.382	266.667
9	9	0	5.7682	41.4093	-35.641	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds for
 "failure" forecasts is 27.308 cm/s

Success	Failure	false
0	9	0

Table 3.6a. Table_flood for Morgans Point (HSC) forecast, adjusted

Morgans Point ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
3	4	-1	33.8400	44.6761	-10.836	250.083
5	10	0	16.7848	43.3144	-26.530	265.042
6	14	0	26.2696	41.4093	-15.140	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds (3 flood events)
 for failure forecasts is 17.502 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
2	6	0	40.9380	24.2013	16.737	260.750
3	7	0	48.1970	28.1868	20.010	263.917
5	12	0	45.2810	3.5180	41.763	270.125
6	13	0	42.1037	24.8829	17.221	270.208

mean difference of peak current speeds (4 flood events)
 for "false" forecasts is 23.933

Table 3.6b. Table_flood for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, adjusted

Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Flood : gain = 1.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
3	3	-1	11.7809	44.6761	-32.895	250.083
7	7	0	4.6701	43.3144	-38.644	265.042
9	9	0	5.7682	41.4093	-35.641	270.333

mean difference of peak current speeds (3 flood events)
 for failure forecasts is 35.727 cm/s

Table 3.7a. Table_ebb for Morgans Point (HSC) forecast, adjusted

Morgans Point ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Ebb : gain = 2.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

success number	event number	dstart time	delta duration	dpeak time	model spd(cm/s)	observed spd(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	9	-3	2	-2	-53.5807	-49.0746	-4.506	264.667
2	11	0	0	0	-40.3171	-42.1773	1.860	266.667

mean difference of peak current speeds (2 ebb events)
 for "failure" forecasts is 3.183cm/s

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	2	0	-36.9572	-41.1084	4.151	246.583
2	3	0	-1.0715	-44.7812	43.710	249.667
4	5	1	-26.8347	-42.6960	15.861	259.000

mean difference of peak current speeds (3 ebb events)
 for failure forecasts is 21.241 cm/s

false number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-43.6220	-4.6212	-39.001	245.542
4	8	0	-41.8298	-20.5811	-21.249	264.375

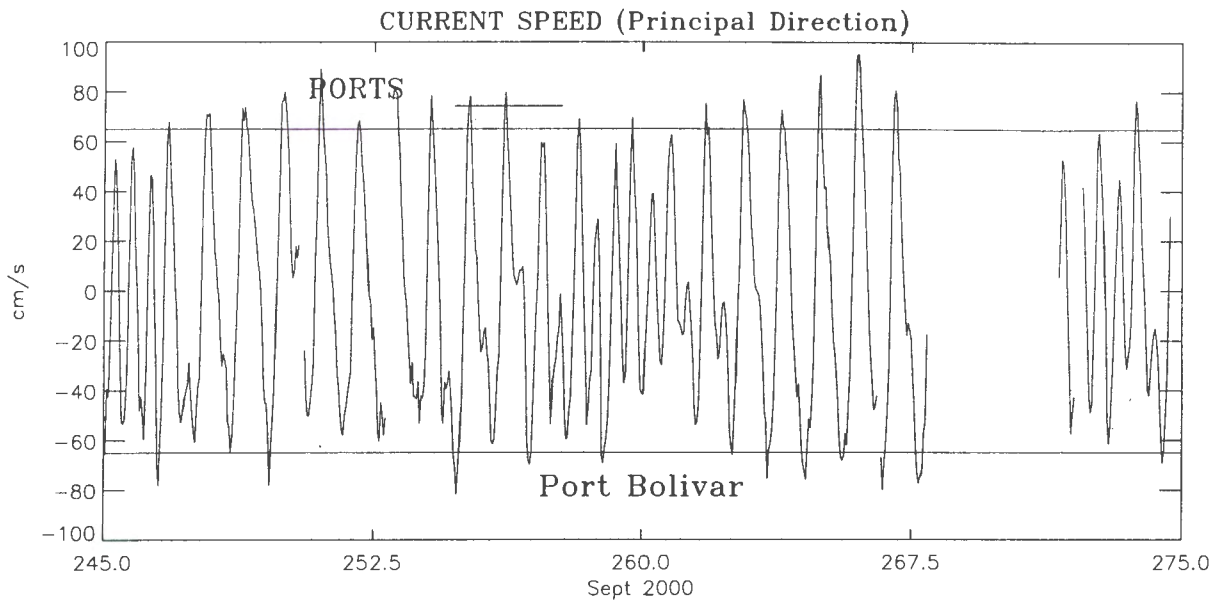
mean difference of peak current speeds (2 ebb events)
 for "false" forecasts is 30.125

Table 3.7b. Table_ebb for Morgans Point (GBM) forecast, adjusted

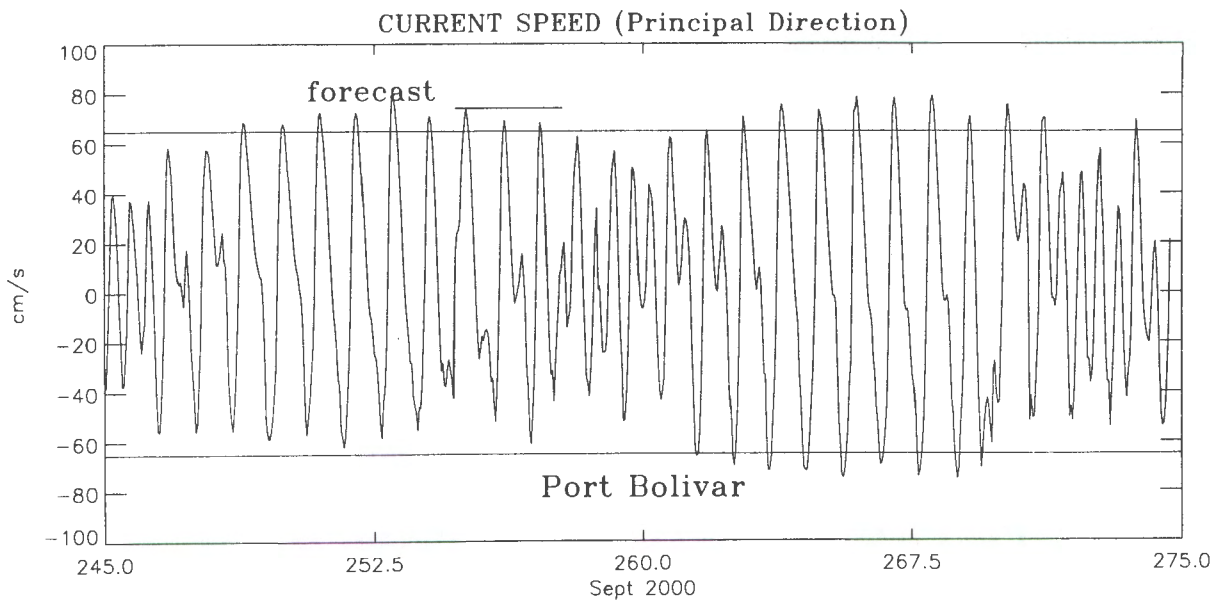
Morgans (GBM) ; Model Level 3
 critical value (current speed along principal direction)
 = 40.00 cm/s
 Ebb : gain = 2.00, bias = 0.00
 Julian start time from control file 245.37

failure number	event number	dpeak time	model speed(cm/s)	observed speed(cm/s)	dspeed (cm/s)	obs peak time(jd)
1	1	0	-20.3867	-41.1084	20.722	246.583
2	2	0	-7.8259	-44.7812	36.955	249.667
4	4	1	-21.2948	-42.6960	21.401	259.000
5	5	0	-29.5925	-44.1311	14.539	264.583
6	6	0	-23.4823	-49.0746	25.592	264.667
8	8	0	-22.7950	-42.1773	19.382	266.667

mean difference of peak current speeds (6 ebb events)
 for failure forecasts is 23.099 cm/s



Observations



unadjusted forecast

Figure 3.1. Event Analysis Plots at Port Bolivar for September 2000

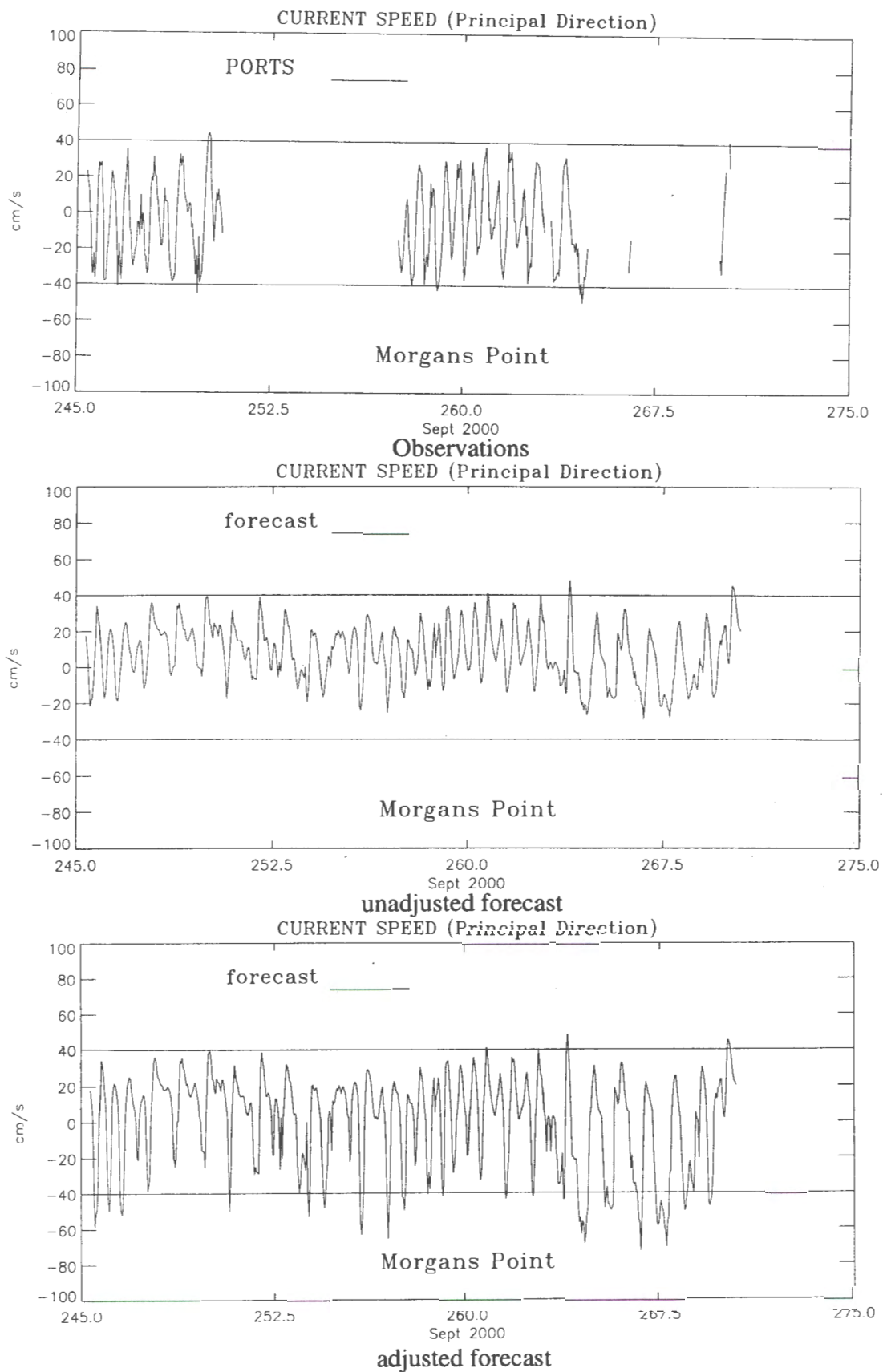


Figure 3.2. Event Analysis Plots at Morgans Point (HSC forecast) for September 2000

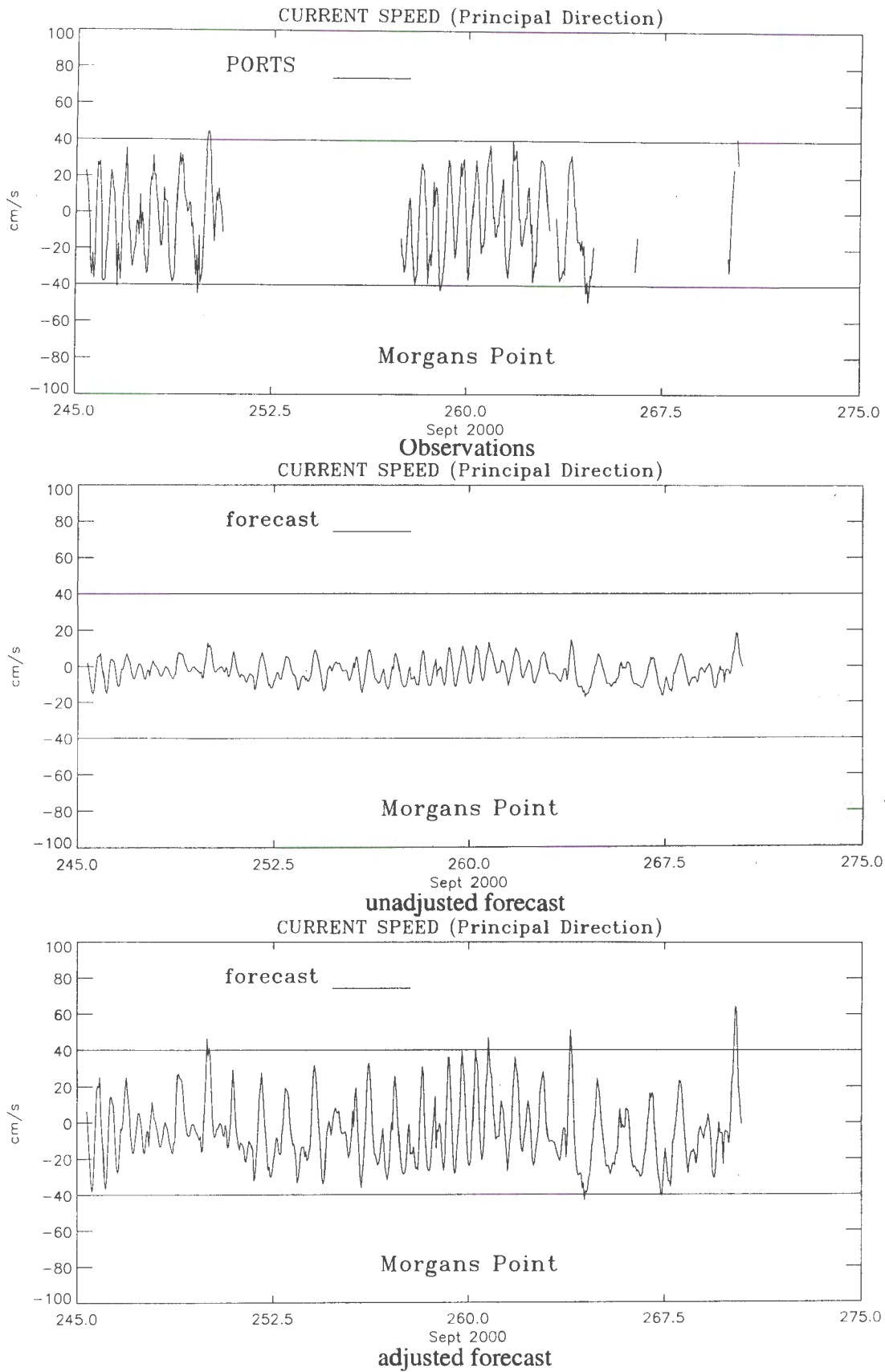


Figure 3.3. Event Analysis Plots at Morgans Point (GBM forecast) for September 2000

4. OPERATIONAL USE AND ENHANCEMENTS

In the nowcast/forecast system operational environment, it will be necessary to evaluate and assess the quality of the current speed forecasts for major ebb and flood events with the associated potential for vessel collision and groundings and oil spills. While the majority of the formal acceptance statistics (NOS, 1999) will be met prior to operations, the ability of the nowcast/forecast system to forecast extreme current events will need to be assessed on an ongoing event by event basis.

It is envisioned that the operational institution will perform the event evaluation on a monthly basis and that this evaluation will be included in the monthly nowcast/forecast system evaluation bulletins. At the end of each year, a yearly summary will be performed based on these monthly bulletins. As a result, programs similar to these documented herein will be required. It is hoped that these programs may be adapted for the final implementation programs.

The specification of critical values to define critical flood and ebb current events may cause failures and false alarms with current speeds which are not significantly different than observed current speeds. As a result, Program Match.evnt_crnt.f provides table2.out tables for failures and false alarms as well as for successes. In these event tables, the differences between the model and observed peak current speeds for each event is given.

As noted herein, separate flood and ebb adjustment factors for both bias and gain are now provided. However, time lags have not yet been considered. The treatment of time lags deserves further study as a means to further improve principal component direction current forecasts.

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Dr. Eddie H. Shih, NOS/COOPS, and formally of NOS/CSDL is especially acknowledged for providing essential design inputs in the development of the program set, which was initially used to assess the East Coast Ocean Forecast System and the NWS/TDL Extratropical Storm Surge Model forecasts at NOS/NWLON water level stations along the East Coast.

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APPENDIX A. JCL AND CONTROL FILES

JCL and control files for each of the seven programs are provided below as shown in Table 3.1.

reform.jcl

```
f77 reform_ports.f calc_uv.f calcjd.f -o reform_ports
```

```
rm *.o
```

```
reform_ports < reform.morgn.n > out
```

reform.morgn.n

```
0      idebug
305.998
morgn.nov00.raw
morgn.nov00.ex
```

regap.jcl

```
f77 regap.f calc_uv.f -o regap
rm *.o
```

```
regap < regap.nov00.n > out
```

regap.morgn.n

```
8
morgn.dec00.spr10
morgn.dec00.fix
```


reform2.jcl

```
# f77 reform2.f calc_uv.f -o reform
```

```
# rm *.o
```

```
reform < reform2.nov00P.n > out
```

reform2.n

```
0      debug option  
morgn.dec00.fix  
morgn.dec00.obs  
336.0 start time  
367.0 end time
```

readcurr.jcl

```
# f77 read_NF.curr.f calcuvnew.f -o readcurr

# rm *.o

  readcurr < readcrr_sep00.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_oct00.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_nov00.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_dec00.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_jan01.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_feb01.n > out
# readcurr < readcrr_mar01.n > out

# rm *.frc*
  rm *.now*
```

readcrr_sep00.n

```
245
0      idebug
9
bolvr.now3
10
bolvr.frc3
11
morg2.now3
12
morg2.frc3
13
morgn.now3
14
morgn.frc3
15
bolv2.now3
16
bolv2.frcl
  3      model level
30      nfiledays
  0      nmissgbm
  0      nmisshsc
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/gbm2000/200009/20000901/uvb.245.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/hsc2000/200009/20000901/uvb.245.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/gbm2000/200009/20000902/uvb.246.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/hsc2000/200009/20000902/uvb.246.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/gbm2000/200009/20000903/uvb.247.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/hsc2000/200009/20000903/uvb.247.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/gbm2000/200009/20000904/uvb.248.00z
/opseadisk2/HGOPS.dt/hsc2000/200009/20000904/uvb.248.00z
```


match.jcl

```
# f77 match.evnt_crnt.f calcjd.f prdirection.f timehi.f jdgreg.f -o match
# rm *.o

# match < match_currN.feb01.n > out
# match < match_currP.sep00.n > out
# match < match_curr.jan01.n > out
# match < match_morgn.feb01.n > out
# match < match_morg2.sep00.n > out
# match < match_bolvr.feb01.n > out
# match < match_docu2.sep00.n > out

# rm out
# rm table2.out
# rm table_ebb
# rm table_flood
# rm pltO*
# rm pltN*.bolvr.*
# rm pltF*
```

match_crr2.sep00.n

```
0          idebug
September 2000
Observed (PORTS) current data vs. forecast current data,
Event Analysis
275.000    endjd
forecast
  5          number of station comparisons
Bolivar Roads
245.00     startjd
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/bolvr.sep00.obs
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/forcast/bolvr.frc3.sep00
  65.0      crlevel - critical value
  322.0     princpal direction
  1.00 1.00 gain, flood and ebb
-0.0 -0.0 bias, flood and ebb
Morgans Point
245.37     startjd
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/morgn.sep00.obs
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/forcast/morgn.frc3.sep00
  40.0      crlevel
  341.0     principal direction
  1.00 1.00 gain, flood and ebb
  0.0 -00.0 bias, flood and ebb
```

match_crr.sep00.n (continued)

Morgans (GBM)

245.37 startjd

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/morgn.sep00.obs

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/forcast/morg2.frc3.sep00

40.0 crlevel

341.0 principal direction

1.00 1.00 gain, flood and ebb

0.0 -0.0 bias, flood and ebb

Morgans Point

245.37 startjd

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/morgn.sep00.obs

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/forcast/morgn.frc3.sep00

40.0

341.0

1.00 2.00 gain, flood and ebb

0.0 -0.0 bias, flood and ebb

Morgans (GBM)

245.37

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/ports/morgn.sep00.obs

/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/forcast/morg2.frc3.sep00

40.0

341.0

1.00 2.00 gain, flood and ebb

0.0 0.0 bias, flood and ebb

no* plot option

plotFl.bolvr.sep00

plotO.bolvr.sep00

plotFl.morgn.sep00

plotO.morgn.sep00

IDL< curr.pdir.pro

cntrl.morgn_sep00

```
ps
landscape
1      idebug
!17Morgans Point!X
245.00 tmin
244.75 start time
275.00 tmax
274.75 end time
2000
1      number of curves
!17CURRENT SPEED (Principal Direction)!X
!17forecast!X
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/forc/pltF3.morgn.sep00
-100.00 100.00 10 yrange, and number of tick marks
Sept 2000
40.00 crlevel
```

IDL< curr.multcurv.pro

c.morgn_sep00

```
ps
landscape
0      idebug
!17Morgans Point!X
245.00 tmin
245.00 start time
275.00 tmax
274.71 end time
5      number of curves
!17MORGANS POINT CURRENT SPEED (Principal Direction)!X
!17observed!X
observed
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/obs/pltO1.morgn.sep00
!17nowcast!X
nowcast
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/nowc/pltN1.morgn.sep00
!17predicted!X
predicted
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/pred/plotP.morgn.sep00
!17forecast!X
forecast
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/forc/pltF1.morg2.sep00
!17adj fcst!X
forecast
/usr/people/philr/galves/NF_eval/currents/sa.current/plotfiles/forc/pltF1.gbml.sep00
-100.0 100.0 8 yrange, and number of tick marks
September 2000
40.00 crlevel
```