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## Fisheries Statistics Division

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## FISHERIES OF THE UNITED STATES, 2006

This publication is a preliminary report for 2006 on commercial and recreational fisheries of the United States with landings from the U.S. territorial seas, the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), and on the high seas. This annual report provides timely answers to frequently asked questions.

## SOURCES OF DATA

Information in this report came from many sources. Field offices of the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), with the generous cooperation of the coastal states, collected and compiled data on U.S. commercial landings and processed fishery products.
The NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division in Silver Spring, MD , managed the collection and compilation of recreational statistics, in cooperation with various States and Interstate Fisheries Commissions, and tabulated and prepared all data for publication. Sources of other data appearing in this publication are: U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Coast Guard, U.S. Customs Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) of the United Nations.

## PRELIMINARY AND FINAL DATA

Data on U.S. commercial landings, employment, prices, production of processed products, and recreational catches are preliminary for 2006. Final data will be published in other NMFS Current Fishery Statistics publications.

The Fisheries Statistics Division of NMFS takes this opportunity to thank states, industry, and foreign nations who provided the data that made this publication possible. Program leaders of the field offices were: Gregory Power for the New England, Middle Atlantic, and Chesapeake;ScottNelson, U.S. Geological Survey, Great Lakes States; David Gloeckner, Guy Davenport, and Jay Boulet for the South Atlantic and Gulf States; Trisha Culver, for California; David Hamm, for Hawaii and Pacific Islands; William Despit, data extracted from PacFIN for Oregon and Washington; and Robert Ryznar and Camille Kohler of the Alaska Fisheries Information Network for Alaska.

## NOTES

The time series of U.S. catch by species and distance from shore included in this year's "Fisheries of the U.S." is estimated by the National Marine Fisheries Service.

As in past issues of this publication, the units of quantity and value are defined as follows unless otherwise noted: U.S. landings are shown in round weight (except mollusks which are in meat weight); quantities shown for U.S. imports and exports are in product weight, as reported by the U.S. Bureau of the Census; the value of the U.S. domestic commercial landings is exvessel; in the Review Section on important species, deflated exvessel prices are shown. The deflated value was computed using the Gross Domestic Products Implicit Price Deflator using a base year 2000; the value for U.S. imports is generally the market value in the foreign (exporting) country and, therefore, excludes U.S. import duties, freight charges and insurance from the foreign country to the United States. The value for exports is generally the value at the U.S. port of export, based on the selling price, including inland freight, insurance, and other charges. Countries and territories shown in the U.S. foreign trade section are established for statistical purposes in the TariffSchedules of the United States Annotated (International Trade Commission) and reported by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

## SUGGESTIONS

The Fisheries Statistics Division wishes to provide the kinds of data sought by users of fishery statistics, and welcomes comments or suggestions that will improve this publication.

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## U.S. LANDINGS

Commercial landings (edible and industrial) by U.S. fishermen at ports in the 50 states were 9.5 billion pounds or 4.3 million metric tons valued at $\$ 4.0$ billion in 2006 a decrease of 218.2 million pounds (down 2 percent) and an increase of $\$ 51.0$ million (up 1 percent) compared with 2005. Finfish accounted for 88 percent of the total landings, but only 48 percent of the value. The 2006 average exvessel price paid to fishermen was 42 cents compared to 41 cents in 2005.

Catches of Alaska pollock, Pacific whiting and other Pacific groundfish that are processed at-sea aboard U.S. vessels in the northeastern Pacific are credited as "landings" to the state nearest to the area of capture. Information on landing port or percentage of catch transferred to transport ships for delivery to foreign ports is unavailable. These at-sea processed fishery products, on a round (live) weight basis, exceeded 1.3 million metric tons in 2006 and comprised more than 31 percent of the total domestic landings in the 50 states.
Commercial landings by U.S. fishermen at ports outside the 50 states along with Internal Water Processing (IWP) agreements (see glossary) provided an additional 153.8 million pounds ( 70,000 metric tons) valued at $\$ 61.2$ million. This was an increase of 16 percent, or 21.5 million pounds ( 9,800 metric tons) in quantity and $\$ 7.6$ million (14 percent) in value compared with 2005. Most of these landings consisted of tuna, and swordfish landed in American Samoa and other foreign ports.

Edible fish and shellfish landings in the 50 states were 7.8 billion pounds ( 3.5 million metric tons) in 2006-a decrease of 188.0 million pounds ( 85,297 metric tons) compared with 2005.

Landings for reduction and other industrial purposes were 1.7 billion pounds ( 761,911 metric tons) in 2006a decrease of 2 percent compared with 2005.

The 2006 U.S. marine recreational finfish catch (including fish kept and fish released (discarded)) on the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts was an estimated 475.7 million fish taken on an estimated 89.3 million fishing trips. The harvest (fish kept or released dead) was estimated at 213.5 million fish weighing 257.1 million pounds.

## WORLD LANDINGS

In 2005, the most recent year for which data are available, world commercial fishery landings and aquaculture production were 141.4 million metric tons-an increase of 1.1 million metric tons (an increaseof less than 1 percent) compared with 2004.

China was the leading nation with 35.0 percent of the total harvest; Peru, second with 6.7 percent; India, third with 4.5 percent; Indonesia, fourth with 3.9 percent; and United States, fifth with 3.7 percent.

## PRICES

The 2006 annual exvessel price index for edible fish increased by 27 percent, shellfish decreased 7 percent and industrial stayed the same when comparing with 2005. Exvessel price indices increased for 17 out of 33 species groups being tracked, decreased for 14 species groups, and unchanged for 2 species groups. The bluefin tuna price index had the largest increase (83 percent) while snow crabs price index showed the largest decrease (35 percent).

## PROCESSED PRODUCTS

The estimated value of the 2006 domestic production of edible and nonedible fishery products was $\$ 8.4$ billion, $\$ 608.7$ million more than in 2005 . The value of edible products was $\$ 7.9$ billion-an increase of $\$ 476.6$ million compared with 2005. The value of industrial products was $\$ 495.2$ million in 2006-an increase of $\$ 132.1$ thousand compared with 2005.

## FOREIGN TRADE

The total import value of edible and nonedible fishery products was $\$ 27.7$ billion in 2006-an increase of $\$ 2.6$ billion compared with 2005. Imports of edible fishery products (product weight) were 5.4 billion pounds valued at $\$ 13.4$ billion in 2006-an increase of 285.2 million pounds and $\$ 1.3$ billion compared with 2006. Imports of nonedible (i.e., industrial) products were $\$ 14.3$ billion-an increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion compared with 2005.

## Review

Total export value of edible and nonedible fishery products was $\$ 17.8$ billion in 2006 -an increase of $\$ 2.4$ billion compared with 2005 . United States firms exported 3.0 billion pounds of edible products valued at $\$ 4.2$ billion-an increase of 37.9 million pounds and $\$ 164.0$ million compared with 2005 . Exports of nonedible products were valued at $\$ 13.5$ billion, $\$ 2.1$ billion more than 2005.

## SUPPLY

The U.S. supply of edible fishery products (domestic landings plus imports, round weight equivalent, minus exports) was 12.3 billion pounds in 2006 -an increase of 541.1 million pounds compared with 2005 . The supply of industrial fishery products was 945.1 million pounds in 2006-an increase of 523.4 million pounds compared with 2005.

## PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION

U.S. consumption of fishery products was 16.5 pounds of edible meat per person in 2006, up 0.3 pound from the 2005 per capita consumption of 16.2 pounds.

## CONSUMER EXPENDITURES

U.S. consumers spent an estimated $\$ 69.5$ billion for fishery products in 2006. The 2006 total includes $\$ 46.6$ billion in expenditures at food service establishments (restaurants, carry-outs, caterers, etc.); \$22.7 billion in retail sales for home consumption; and $\$ 318.1$ million for industrial fish products. By producing and marketing a variety of fishery products for domestic and foreign markets, the commercial marine fishing industry contributed $\$ 35.1$ billion (in value added) to the U.S. Gross National Product.

Volume of U. S. Domestic Finfish and Shellfish Landings
1990-2006


Value of U.S. Domestic Finfish and Shellfish Landings 1990-2006


Alaska led all states in volume with landings of 5.4 billion pounds, followed by Louisiana 844.0. million pounds; Washington 538.8 million pounds; Virginia 426.2 million pounds; and Massachusetts 383.5 million pounds.
Alaska led all states in value of landings with $\$ 1.3$ billion, followed by Massachusetts, $\$ 436.9$ million; Maine, $\$ 361.9$ million; Louisiana, $\$ 201.7$ million; and Texas $\$ 196.8$ million.

Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, Alaska, was the leading U.S. port in quantity of commercial fishery landings, followed by; Intracoastal City, Louisiana; Reedville, Virginia; Kodiak, Alaska; Empire-Venice, Louisiana; and Pascagoula-Moss Point, Mississippi.

New Bedford, Massachusetts was the leading U.S. port in terms of value, followed by; Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, Alaska; Kodiak, Alaska; Honolulu, Hawaii; and Key West, Florida
Tuna landings by U.S.-flag vessels at ports outside the continental United States amounted to 153.8 million pounds.

## Major U.S. Domestic Species Landed in 2006 Ranked By Quantity and Value

(Numbers in thousands)

| Rank | Species | Pounds |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 1 | Pollock | $3,400,812$ |
| 2 | Menhaden | $1,304,208$ |
| 3 | Salmon | 663,044 |
| 4 | Hakes | 587,534 |
| 5 | Cod | 531,321 |
| 6 | Flatish | 517,634 |
| 7 | Herring.(sea) | 364,879 |
| 8 | Crabs | 322,498 |
| 9 | Shrimp | 292,236 |
| 10 | Sardines | 193,174 |


| Rank | Species | Dollars |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Lobster | 430,047 |
| 2 | Crabs | 428,799 |
| 3 | Shrimp | 419,280 |
| 4 | Scallops | 387,206 |
| 5 | Flatfish | 351,324 |
| 6 | Pollock | 337,719 |
| 7 | Salmon | 310,486 |
| 8 | Cod | 217,696 |
| 9 | Clams | 165,627 |
| 10 | Sablefish | 132,159 |

## ALASKA POLLOCK AND OTHER PACIFIC TRAWL FISH

U.S. landings of Pacific trawl fish (Pacific cod, flounders, hake, Pacific ocean perch, Alaska pollock, and rockfishes) were 5 billion pounds valued at $\$ 672.3$ millionan increase of less than 1 percent in quantity and an increase of 17 percent in value compared with 2005.

Landings of Alaska pollock ( 3.4 billion) decreased from 2005 and were 71.4 million pounds over their 2001 20055 - year average. Landings of Pacific cod were 518.7 million pounds - a decrease of 5 percent from 548.7 million in 2005. Pacific hake (whiting) landings were 570.5 million pounds (upless than 1 percent) valued at $\$ 35.2$ million (up 21 percent) compared to 2005. Landings of rockfishes were 29.9 million pounds (down less than 1 percent) and valued at $\$ 14.1$ million (up 16 percent) compared to 2005 .

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1997-2006 Alaska Pollock, Other Pacific Trawl Fish


[^0]2005. The Pacific fishery accounted for all but 42,000 pounds of the 2006 total halibut catch. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 2.79$ compared with $\$ 2.33$ in 2005.

## SEA HERRING

U.S. commercial landings of sea herring were 364.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 33.1$ million-an increase of 62 million pounds ( 20 percent), but a decrease of over $\$ 1.1$ million ( 3 percent) compared with 2005. Landings of Atlantic sea herring were 282.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 25.1$ million-an increase of 67.4 million pounds (over 31 percent), and $\$ 4.6$ million ( 23 percent) compared with 2005.

Landings of Pacific sea herring were 81.9 million pounds valued at more than $\$ 8$ million-a decrease of 5.4 million pounds ( 6 percent), and $\$ 5.8$ million ( 42 percent) compared with 2005. Alaska landings accounted for 97 percent of the Pacific coast with 79.8 million pounds valued at $\$ 7.5$ million-a decrease of 5.9 million pounds ( 7 percent), and $\$ 6$ million ( 44 percent) compared with 2005.


## JACK MACKEREL

California accounted for 99 percent, Oregon and Washington for 1 percent of the U.S. landings of jack mackerel in 2006. Total landings were 2.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 203,000$-an increase of 1.9 million pounds ( 300 percent), but a decrease of $\$ 14,000$ (more than 6 percent) compared with 2005. The 2006 average exvessel price per pound was 8 cents.

## MACKEREL, ATLANTIC

U.S. landings of Atlantic mackerel were 124.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 23.8$ million-an increase of 31.8 million pounds ( 34 percent), and $\$ 12.8$ million (120 percent) compared with 2005. Massachusetts with 89.5 million pounds and New Jersey with 25 million pounds accounted for 92 percent of the total landings. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was 19 cents compared with 12 cents in 2005.

## MACKEREL, CHUB

Landings of chub mackerel were more than 14.5 million pounds valued at $\$ 894,000-$ an increase of 6.6 million pounds ( 84 percent), and $\$ 318,000$ ( 55 percent) compared with 2005. California accounted for 90 percent of the total landings. The average exvessel price in 2006 was 6 cents compared with 7 cents in 2005

## MENHADEN

The U.S. menhaden landings were 1.3 billion pounds valued at $\$ 66.2$ million-an increase of 60.5 million pounds ( 5 percent), and $\$ 3.8$ million ( 6 percent) compared with 2005. Landings decreased by 22.9 million pounds ( 5 percent) in the Atlantic states, while increasing by 83.4 million pounds ( 10 percent) in the Gulf states compared with 2005. Landings along the Atlantic coast were 405.3 million pounds valued at $\$ 25$ million. Gulf region landings were 898.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 41.2$ million.

Menhaden are used primarily for the production of meal, oil, and solubles, while small quantities are used for bait.


## NORTH ATLANTIC TRAWL FISH

Landings of butterfish, Atlantic cod, cusk, flounders (winter/blackback, summer/fluke, yellowtail and other), haddock, red and white hake, ocean perch, pollock and whiting (silver hake) in the North Atlantic (combination of New England, Middle Atlantic, and Chesapeake Regions) were 79.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 105.7$ million-a decrease of 30.5 million pounds ( 28 percent), and $\$ 14.7$ million ( 12 percent) compared with 2005 . Of these species, flounders led in total value in the North Atlantic, accounting for 50 percent of the total; followed by cod, 19 percent; and haddock, 11 percent.

The 2006 landings of Atlantic cod were 12.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 20.5$ million-a decrease of 1.3 million pounds (10 percent), and $\$ 374,000$ ( 2 percent) compared with 2005 . The exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 1.62$ compared with $\$ 1.50$ in 2005 .

Landings of yellowtail flounder were 4.3 million-a decrease of 4.1 million pounds ( 53 percent) from 2005 and were over 67 percent lower than the 5 -year average.

Haddock landings decreased to 7.2 million pounds (down 57 percent) and $\$ 11.4$ million (down 40 percent) compared to 2005.

North Atlantic pollock landings were 13.4 million pounds valued at $\$ 7.8$ million-a decrease of 1 million pounds (7 percent), and \$54,000 (1 percent) compared with 2005.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1997-2006
North Atlantic Trawl Fish


## PACIFIC SALMON

U.S. commercial landings of salmon were 663 million pounds valued at more than $\$ 310.5$ million-a decrease of 236.4 million pounds ( 26 percent) and over $\$ 20.2$ million ( 6 percent) compared with 2005. Alaska accounted for 96 percent of total landings; Washington, 3 percent; California, Oregon, and the Great Lakes accounted for 1 percent of the catch. Sockeye salmon landings were 238.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 159.4$ million-a decrease of 25.6 million pounds ( 10 percent) and $\$ 27.8$ million ( 15 percent) compared with 2005. Chinook salmon landings decreased to 16.9 million pounds-down 6.9 million pounds ( 29 percent) from 2005. Pink salmon landings were 221.8 million pounds-a decrease of 272.9 million ( 55 percent); chum salmon landings were 150.8 million-an increase of 70.2 million ( 87 percent); and coho salmon decreased to 35 million-a decrease of 1.2 million ( 3 percent) compared with 2005.

Alaska landings were 634.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 276.5$ million-a decrease of 238.1 million pounds ( 27 percent) and $\$ 17$ million ( 6 percent) compared with 2005. The distribution of Alaska salmon landings by species in 2006 was: sockeye, 234.5 million pounds ( 37 percent); pink, 221.8 million pounds ( 35 percent); chum, 136.5 million pounds ( 22 percent); coho, 31 million pounds ( 5 percent); and chinook, 10.5 million pounds ( 2 percent). The average price per pound for all species in Alaska was 44 cents in 2006-an increase of 10 cents from 2005.

Washington salmon landings were 25.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 23.7$ million-an increase of 8.4 million pounds ( 49 percent) and $\$ 9.9$ million ( 72 percent) compared with 2005. The biennial fishery for pink salmon went from 1.5 million in 2005 to 2,000 pounds in 2006. Washington landings of chum salmon were 14.3 million (up 130 percent); followed by sockeye, 4.1 million pounds (up 290 percent); chinook, 4 million pounds (down 5 percent); and coho, 3.3 million pounds (down 21 percent). The average exvessel price per pound for all species in Washington increased from 80 cents in 2005 to 92 cents in 2006.

Oregon salmon landings were 1.8 million pounds valued at $\$ 4.9$ million-a decrease of 2.9 million pounds ( 62 percent) and $\$ 5.5$ million ( 53 percent) compared with 2005. Chinook salmon landings were 1.3 million pounds valued at $\$ 4.3$ million; coho landings were 504,000
pounds valued at $\$ 679,000$; sockeye landings were less than 500 pounds valued at less than $\$ 500$; pink landings were less than 500 pounds valued at less than $\$ 500$; and chum landings were less than 500 pounds valued at less than $\$ 500$. The average exvessel price per pound for Chinook salmon in Oregon increased from $\$ 2.47$ in 2005 to $\$ 3.34$ in 2006.

California salmon landings were 1.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 5.2$ million- a decrease of 3.8 million pounds ( 76 percent) and $\$ 7.6$ million ( 59 percent) compared with 2005. Chinook salmon were the principal species landed in the state. The average exvessel price per pound paid to fishermen in 2006 was $\$ 4.42$ compared with $\$ 2.58$ in 2005.

U.S. commercial landings of sablefish were over 47.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 132.2$ million-a decrease of 3.9 million pounds ( 8 percent) and $\$ 4.1$ million ( 3 percent) compared with 2005. Landings decreased in Alaska to 33.5 million pounds- a decrease of 10 percent compared with 2005. Landings increased in Washington to 3 million pounds (up less than 1 percent) and $\$ 8.3$ million (up 12 percent). The 2006 Oregon catch was 5.8 million pounds (up less than 1 percent), and $\$ 9.8$ million (up 13 percent) compared with 2005. California landings of 3.6 million pounds and $\$ 4.9$ million represent a decrease of 1 percent in quantity but an increase of 14 percent in value from 2005. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 2.80$ compared with $\$ 2.67$ in 2005 .

## TUNA

Landings of tuna by U.S. fishermen at ports in United States, American Samoa, other U.S. territories, and foreign ports were over 202.3 million pounds valued at more than $\$ 145.4$ million-an increase of 26.2 million pounds ( 15 percent) and $\$ 7$ million ( 5 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound of all species of tuna in 2006 was 72 cents compared with 79 cents in 2005.

Bigeye landings in 2006 were 23 million pounds-a decrease of 3.9 million pounds ( 15 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound was $\$ 1.86$ in 2006, compared to $\$ 1.67$ in 2005.

Skipjack landings were 122.9 million pounds-an increase of 27.8 million pounds ( 29 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound was 38 cents in 2006, unchanged from 2005.

Yellowfin landings were 26.2 million pounds-a decrease of 4.9 million pounds ( 16 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound was $\$ 1.02$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 0.93$ in 2005.

Bluefin landings were 566,000 pounds-a decrease of 1 million pounds ( 65 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 6.50$ compared with $\$ 3.56$ in 2005.


## CLAMS

Landings of all species yielded more than 108.5 million pounds of meats valued at $\$ 165.6$ million-an increase of 2.8 million pounds ( 3 percent), but a decrease of over $\$ 8$ million ( 5 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 1.53$ compared with $\$ 1.64$ in 2005.

Surf clams yielded 59.9 million pounds of meats valued at $\$ 35.9$ million-an increase of 651,000 pounds ( 1 percent) and $\$ 2.8$ million ( 8 percent) compared with 2005. New Jersey was the leading state with 43.6 million pounds (up 12 percent compared with 2005), followed by New York, 6.9 million pounds (down 42 percent); and Massachusetts, 2.5 million pounds (down 38 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was 60 cents in 2006, up 4 cents from 2005.
The ocean quahog fishery produced 31.9 million pounds of meats valued at more than $\$ 19.4$ million-an increase of 1.5 million pounds ( 5 percent) and $\$ 863,000$ ( 5 percent) compared with 2005. Massachusetts had landings of 16.8 million pounds (up 16 percent compared with 2005) valued at $\$ 8.3$ million (up 17 percent) while New Jersey production was 11.6 million pounds (up 7 percent) valued at $\$ 5.9$ million (up 7 percent). Together, Massachusetts and New Jersey accounted for over 89 percent of total ocean quahog production in 2006. The average exvessel price per pound of meats was 61 cents in 2006, unchanged from 2005.


The hard clam fishery produced 8.7 million pounds of meats valued at $\$ 51.8$ million-an increase of 140,000 pounds ( 2 percent) and $\$ 1.6$ million (3 percent) compared with 2005. Landings in the New England region were 4.2 million pounds of meats (up 10 percent); Middle Atlantic, 3.6 million pounds (up more than 1 percent); Chesapeake, 175,000 pounds (down 12 percent); and the South Atlantic region, 721,000 pounds (down 16 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats increased from $\$ 5.85$ in 2005 to $\$ 5.95$ in 2006.

Soft clams yielded 3.8 million pounds of meats valued at $\$ 23$ million-an increase of 437,000 pounds ( 13 percent) and $\$ 908,000$ (4 percent) compared with 2005. Maine was the leading state with 1.9 million pounds of meats (up 1 percent), followed by Massachusetts, 950,000 pounds (up 55 percent), and New York, 393,000 pounds (up 46 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was $\$ 6.06$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 6.57$ in 2005.

## CRABS

Landings of all species of crabs were 322.5 million pounds valued at $\$ 428.8$ million-an increase of 23.4 million pounds ( 8 percent) and $\$ 13.7$ million ( 3 percent) compared with 2005.

Hard blue crab landings were 144.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 106.1$ million-a decrease of 9.3 million pounds ( 6 percent) and $\$ 17.1$ million ( 14 percent) compared with 2005. Louisiana landed 25 percent of the total U.S. landings followed by: Maryland, 20 percent; North Carolina, 17 percent; and Virginia, 15 percent. Hard blue crab landings in the Chesapeake region were 50.1 million pounds-a decrease of 15 percent; the South Atlantic with 35.7 million pounds decreased 1 percent; and the Gulf region with 9.6 million pounds decreased less than 1 percent. The Middle Atlantic region with 9.5 million pounds valued at $\$ 10$ million had a decrease of 110,000 pounds ( 1 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound of hard blue crabs was 73 cents in 2006, compared with 80 cents in 2005.
Dungeness crab landings were 88.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 149$ million-an increase of over 23.2 million pounds ( 35 percent) and $\$ 47.1$ million ( 46 percent) compared with 2005. Oregon landings of 33.3 million pounds (up 88 percent from 2005) led all states with 37 percent of the total landings. California landings were 26.2 million pounds (up 140 percent) or 29 percent of the total landings. Washington landings were 24.6 million
pounds (down 23 percent) and Alaska landings were 4.8 million pounds (down 3 percent). The average exvessel price per pound was $\$ 1.68$ in 2006, compared with \$1.55 in 2005.
U.S. landings of king crab were 21.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 67.1$ million-a decrease of 2.3 million pounds ( 10 percent) and $\$ 24$ million ( 26 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound in 2006 was $\$ 3.10$ compared with $\$ 3.80$ in 2005.

Snow crab landings were 38 million pounds valued at $\$ 30.5$ million-an increase of 13.2 million pounds ( 53 percent), but a decrease of $\$ 12.3$ million (29 percent) compared with 2005 . The average exvessel price per pound was 80 cents in 2006, down from $\$ 1.72$ in 2005.


American lobster landings were 92.5 million pounds valued at $\$ 394.7$ million-an increase of 4.5 million pounds ( 5 percent), but a decrease of $\$ 21.9$ million ( 5 percent) compared with 2005. Maine led in landings for the 25th consecutive year with 72.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 297.2$ million-an increase of 3.7 million pounds ( 5 percent) compared with 2005. Massachusetts, the second leading producer, had landings of 10.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 52.4$ million-an increase of 1.1 million pounds ( 11 percent) compared with 2005. Together, Maine and Massachusetts produced 90 percent of the total national landings. The average exvessel price per pound was $\$ 4.27$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 4.73$ in 2005.

## LOBSTERS, SPINY

U.S. landings of spiny lobster were 5.6 million pounds valued at over $\$ 35.3$ million-an increase of 1.5 million pounds ( 35 percent) and $\$ 12.5$ million ( 55 percent) compared with 2005 . Florida, with landings of 4.7 million pounds valued at over $\$ 27.2$ million, accounted for 84 percent of the total catch and 77 percent of the value. This was an increase of over 1.3 million pounds (39 percent) and $\$ 10.5$ million ( 63 percent) compared with 2005. Overall the average exvessel price per pound was $\$ 6.30$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 5.50$ in 2005.

## OYSTERS

U.S. oyster landings yielded over 27.3 million pounds valued at $\$ 121.7$ million-a decrease of 6.6 million pounds (19 percent), but an increase of $\$ 11$ million (10 percent) compared with 2005 . The Gulf region led in production with 16.6 million pounds of meats, 61 percent of the national total; followed by the Pacific Coast region with 8.5 million pounds ( 31 percent), principally Washington, with 8.3 million pounds ( 97 percent of the region's total volume); and the South Atlantic region with 786,000 pounds ( 3 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was $\$ 4.45$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 3.26$ in 2005.

## SCALLOPS

U.S. landings of bay and sea scallops totaled 59.1 million pounds valued at over $\$ 387.2$ million-an increase of 2.3 million pounds (4 percent), but a decrease of $\$ 47.5$ million (11 percent) compared with 2005 . The average exvessel price per pound of meats decreased from $\$ 7.65$ in 2005 to $\$ 6.55$ in 2006.

Bay scallop landings were 93,000 pounds valued at over $\$ 1.2$ million-a decrease of 4,000 pounds (4 percent) and $\$ 1,000$ (less than 1 percent) compared with 2005. The average exvessel price per pound of meats was $\$ 13.27$ in 2006, compared with $\$ 12.73$ in 2005.

Sea scallop landings were 59 million pounds valued at $\$ 386$ million-an increase of 2.3 million pounds (4 percent), but a decrease of $\$ 47.5$ million ( 11 percent) compared with 2005. Massachusetts and New Jersey were the leading states in landings of sea scallops with 36.1 million and 8.4 million pounds of meats, respectively, representing 76 percent of the national total. The
average exvessel price per pound of meats in 2006 was $\$ 6.54$ compared with $\$ 7.65$ in 2005.

U.S. landings of shrimp were 292.2 million pounds valued at over $\$ 419.3$ million-an increase of 31.4 million pounds ( 12 percent) and $\$ 12.9$ million ( 3 percent) compared with 2005. Shrimp landings by region were: New England up 9 percent; South Atlantic up 36 percent; Gulf up 15 percent; and Pacific down 23 percent. The average exvessel price per pound of shrimp decreased to $\$ 1.43$ in 2006 from $\$ 1.56$ in 2005. Gulf region landings were the nation's largest with 245.8 million pounds and 84 percent of the national total. Texas led all Gulf states with 104.1 million pounds (up 48 percent compared with 2005); followed by Louisiana, 95.4 million pounds

(down 8 percent); Alabama, 24 million pounds (up 47 percent); Florida West Coast, 13.8 million pounds (down 16 percent); and Mississippi, 8.5 million pounds (up 8 percent). In the Pacific region, Oregon had landings of 12.2 million pounds (down 23 percent compared with 2005); Washington had landings of 6.8 million pounds (down 5 percent); and Alaska, 1.1 million pounds (down 29 percent).

## SQUID

U.S. commercial landings of squid were 179 million pounds valued at $\$ 63.1$ million-a decrease of 10.5 million pounds ( 6 percent) and $\$ 5.9$ million ( 8 percent) compared with 2005. California was the leading state with 108.3 million pounds ( 61 percent) and was followed by Rhode Island with 21.3 million pounds (12
percent of the national total). The Pacific Coast region landings were 113.3 million pounds (down 10 percent compared with 2005); followed by New England, 43.4 million pounds (up 2 percent); followed by the Middle Atlantic region with 20.4 million pounds (up 10 percent); followed by the South Atlantic region with 957,000 pounds (down 37 percent); and the Chesapeake region with 853,000 pounds (up 2 percent). The average exvessel price per pound for squid was 35 cents in 2006, compared with 36 cents in 2005.
U.S. Commercial Landings
U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Species | 2005(2) |  |  | 2006 |  |  | Average (2001-2005) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds |
| Alewife | 805 | 365 | 197 | 315 | 143 | 99 | 1,512 |
| Anchovies | 25,163 | 11,414 | 1,127 | 28,567 | 12,958 | 1,334 | 19,623 |
| Atka mackerel | 129,482 | 58,733 | 14,893 | 130,814 | 59,337 | 15,703 | 109,313 |
| Bluefish | 7,187 | 3,260 | 2,493 | 7,113 | 3,226 | 2,530 | 7,735 |
| Blue runner | 345 | 156 | 208 | 282 | 128 | 201 | 416 |
| Bonito | 122 | 55 | 145 | 5,542 | 2,514 | 1,601 | 256 |
| Butterfish | 1,513 | 686 | 944 | 2,519 | 1,143 | 1,192 | 4,220 |
| Catfish and bullheads | 8,542 | 3,875 | 3,868 | 6,560 | 2,976 | 3,824 | 12,869 |
| Chubs | 1,711 | 776 | 1,086 | 1,844 | 836 | 1,308 | 1,825 |
| Cod: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 13,920 | 6,314 | 20,828 | 12,588 | 5,710 | 20,453 | 23,154 |
| Pacific | 548,746 | 248,910 | 150,738 | 518,733 | 235,296 | 197,243 | 538,295 |
| Crevalle (jack) | 420 | 191 | 320 | 563 | 255 | 415 | 544 |
| Croaker: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 24,129 | 10,945 | 8,990 | 20,845 | 9,455 | 9,034 | 26,578 |
| Pacific (white) | 83 | 38 | 68 | 86 | 39 | 63 | 179 |
| Cusk | 215 | 98 | 115 | 144 | 65 | 110 | 269 |
| Dolphinfish | 2,072 | 940 | 4,665 | 2,062 | 935 | 5,018 | 2,124 |
| Eels, American | 893 | 405 | 2,902 | 775 | 352 | 2,044 | 822 |
| Flatfish: <br> Atlantic and Gulf |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American plaice | 2,976 | 1,350 | 3,992 | 2,440 | 1,107 | 4,163 | 5,880 |
| Summer flounder | 17,262 | 7,830 | 29,356 | 13,932 | 6,320 | 28,619 | 14,949 |
| Winter flounder | 8,084 | 3,667 | 10,688 | 6,051 | 2,745 | 12,117 | 12,038 |
| Witch flounder | 5,847 | 2,652 | 8,815 | 4,108 | 1,863 | 8,088 | 6,574 |
| Yellowtail flounder | 9,078 | 4,118 | 10,631 | 4,266 | 1,935 | 7,089 | 13,041 |
| Other | 2,650 | 1,202 | 4,221 | 3,014 | 1,367 | 5,478 | 3,654 |
| Total, Atlantic/Gulf | 45,897 | 20,819 | 67,703 | 33,811 | 15,337 | 65,554 | 56,136 |
| Pacific |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arrowtooth flounder | 47,082 | 21,356 | 3,680 | 53,047 | 24,062 | 3,928 | 37,310 |
| Dover sole | 15,610 | 7,081 | 5,717 | 13,527 | 6,136 | 5,000 | 16,013 |
| Flathead sole | 31,946 | 14,491 | 5,255 | 36,205 | 16,422 | 7,011 | 30,922 |
| Petrale sole | 6,027 | 2,734 | 5,545 | 5,749 | 2,608 | 5,827 | 4,544 |
| Rock sole | 62,285 | 28,252 | 15,439 | 75,500 | 34,247 | 19,561 | 59,296 |
| Yellowfin sole | 188,105 | 85,324 | 23,485 | 199,673 | 90,571 | 33,714 | 147,850 |
| Other | 22,478 | 10,196 | 8,352 | 28,275 | 12,825 | 10,239 | 21,701 |
| Total, Pacific | 373,533 | 169,433 | 67,473 | 411,976 | 186,871 | 85,280 | 317,636 |
| Halibut | 76,263 | 34,593 | 177,593 | 71,847 | 32,590 | 200,490 | 79,171 |
| Total, flatfish | 495,693 | 224,845 | 312,769 | 517,634 | 234,797 | 351,324 | 452,943 |
| Goosefish (monkfish) | 42,113 | 19,102 | 42,419 | 32,147 | 14,582 | 33,564 | 49,613 |
| Groupers | 12,713 | 5,767 | 29,990 | 10,644 | 4,828 | 31,063 | 13,262 |
| Haddock | 16,714 | 7,581 | 19,137 | 7,201 | 3,266 | 11,424 | 15,868 |
| Hakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific (whiting) | 569,381 | 258,270 | 29,145 | 570,489 | 258,772 | 35,234 | 403,658 |
| Red | 947 | 430 | 479 | 998 | 453 | 390 | 1,985 |
| Silver (Atl.whiting) | 16,561 | 7,512 | 8,284 | 12,281 | 5,571 | 6,687 | 20,139 |
| White | 5,923 | 2,687 | 4,991 | 3,766 | 1,708 | 4,278 | 7,680 |
| Herring: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sea: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 215,565 | 97,780 | 20,467 | 282,947 | 128,344 | 25,095 | 192,486 |
| Pacific | 87,295 | 39,597 | 13,799 | 81,932 | 37,164 | 8,039 | 81,332 |

See notes at end of table.
(Continued)
U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006 (1) - Continued

| Species | 2005(2) |  |  | 2006 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Average } \\ (2001-2005) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish - Continued: | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds |
| Thread | 2,008 | 911 | 604 | 515 | 234 | 93 | 3,129 |
| Jack mackerel | 655 | 297 | 218 | 2,590 | 1,175 | 203 | 2,912 |
| Lingcod | 453 | 205 | 466 | 576 | 261 | 583 | 444 |
| Mackerels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 93,055 | 42,209 | 10,956 | 124,871 | 56,641 | 23,755 | 71,434 |
| Chub | 7,853 | 3,562 | 576 | 14,486 | 6,571 | 894 | 9,865 |
| King and cero | 5,528 | 2,507 | 8,477 | 5,683 | 2,578 | 8,713 | 5,107 |
| Spanish | 5,328 | 2,417 | 3,762 | 5,278 | 2,394 | 3,586 | 4,562 |
| Menhaden: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 428,228 | 194,243 | 29,527 | 405,333 | 183,858 | 24,992 | 478,684 |
| Gulf | 815,495 | 369,906 | 32,938 | 898,875 | 407,727 | 41,243 | 1,087,860 |
| Total, menhaden | 1,243,723 | 564,149 | 62,465 | 1,304,208 | 591,585 | 66,235 | 1,566,544 |
| Mullets | 11,947 | 5,419 | 8,131 | 13,044 | 5,917 | 9,047 | 15,718 |
| Pollock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 14,376 | 6,521 | 7,892 | 13,357 | 6,059 | 7,840 | 10,615 |
| Walleye (Alaska) | 3,411,307 | 1,547,359 | 306,972 | 3,400,812 | 1,542,598 | 329,879 | 3,329,399 |
| Rockfishes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocean perch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic (redfish) | 1,243 | 564 | 715 | 1,101 | 499 | 798 | 905 |
| Pacific | 42,935 | 19,475 | 5,755 | 51,130 | 23,192 | 10,539 | 43,998 |
| Other | 29,991 | 13,604 | 12,200 | 29,910 | 13,567 | 14,108 | 35,313 |
| Total, rockfishes | 74,169 | 33,643 | 18,670 | 82,141 | 37,259 | 25,445 | 80,216 |
| Sablefish | 51,086 | 23,172 | 136,231 | 47,226 | 21,422 | 132,159 | 47,359 |
| Salmon: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinook | 23,822 | 10,806 | 48,709 | 16,881 | 7,657 | 43,699 | 24,369 |
| Chum | 80,626 | 36,572 | 19,780 | 150,836 | 68,419 | 44,938 | 103,271 |
| Coho | 36,166 | 16,405 | 25,964 | 34,966 | 15,860 | 34,668 | 38,355 |
| Pink | 494,614 | 224,355 | 49,041 | 221,761 | 100,590 | 27,751 | 352,818 |
| Sockeye | 264,229 | 119,853 | 187,205 | 238,600 | 108,228 | 159,430 | 201,650 |
| Total, salmon | 899,457 | 407,991 | 330,699 | 663,044 | 300,755 | 310,486 | 720,463 |
| Sardines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific | 190,440 | 86,383 | 10,194 | 190,923 | 86,602 | 9,491 | 185,434 |
| Spanish | 1,006 | 456 | 245 | 2,251 | 1,021 | 374 | 1,506 |
| Scup or porgy | 10,061 | 4,564 | 7,728 | 9,494 | 4,306 | 8,706 | 8,495 |
| Sea bass: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black (Atlantic) | 3,350 | 1,520 | 7,774 | 3,493 | 1,584 | 8,642 | 3,772 |
| White (Pacific) | 307 | 139 | 763 | 403 | 183 | 798 | 362 |
| Sea trout or weakfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gray | 1,294 | 587 | 1,062 | 1,062 | 482 | 1,053 | 2,930 |
| Spotted | 285 | 129 | 451 | 438 | 199 | 658 | 309 |
| Sand (white) | 64 | 29 | 32 | 52 | 24 | 34 | 103 |
| Shads: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 1,284 | 582 | 719 | 968 | 439 | 756 | 2,065 |
| Hickory | 233 | 106 | 52 | 86 | 39 | 25 | 174 |
| Sharks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dogfish | 5,075 | 2,302 | 1,268 | 7,601 | 3,448 | 1,874 | 6,400 |
| Other | 6,645 | 3,014 | 4,761 | 7,951 | 3,607 | 6,937 | 8,160 |
| Sheephead (Atlantic) | 1,734 | 787 | 732 | 826 | 375 | 531 | 2,300 |
| Skates | 53,939 | 24,467 | 7,040 | 54,895 | 24,900 | 9,266 | 48,285 |
| Smelts | 768 | 348 | 335 | 1,162 | 527 | 558 | 1,334 |

See notes at end of table.
(Continued)
U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006 (1) - Continued

| Species | 2005(2) |  |  | 2006 |  |  | $\frac{\text { Average }}{(2001-2005)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish - Continued: | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds |
| Snappers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Red | 4,237 | 1,922 | 11,723 | 4,165 | 1,889 | 12,183 | 4,298 |
| Vermilion | 2,777 | 1,260 | 6,100 | 1,596 | 724 | 3,906 | 2,075 |
| Unclassified | 2,732 | 1,239 | 7,007 | 3,496 | 1,586 | 9,957 | 4,203 |
| Spearfish | 2,665 | 1,209 | 2,941 | 2,858 | 1,296 | 2,975 | 2,034 |
| Spot | 5,117 | 2,321 | 3,193 | 3,203 | 1,453 | 2,617 | 6,005 |
| Striped bass | 7,862 | 3,566 | 15,303 | 6,603 | 2,995 | 14,336 | 6,816 |
| Swordfish | 6,978 | 3,165 | 17,223 | 6,089 | 2,762 | 14,479 | 8,155 |
| Tenpounder (ladyfish) | 1,920 | 871 | 1,021 | 1,770 | 803 | 1,119 | 1,387 |
| Tilefish | 2,621 | 1,189 | 5,317 | 3,090 | 1,402 | 6,753 | 3,210 |
| Trout, rainbow | 306 | 139 | 373 | 392 | 178 | 480 | 354 |
| Tuna: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | 20,844 | 9,455 | 22,189 | 28,960 | 13,136 | 25,101 | 28,770 |
| Bigeye | 11,542 | 5,235 | 37,983 | 11,188 | 5,075 | 37,691 | 9,946 |
| Bluefin | 1,616 | 733 | 5,756 | 565 | 256 | 3,679 | 2,186 |
| Little tunny | 462 | 210 | 114 | 643 | 292 | 201 | 822 |
| Skipjack | 2,123 | 963 | 1,431 | 976 | 443 | 1,239 | 1,836 |
| Yellowfin | 7,646 | 3,468 | 18,292 | 6,961 | 3,157 | 18,178 | 9,088 |
| Unclassified | 83 | 38 | 157 | 52 | 24 | 105 | 143 |
| Total, tuna | 44,316 | 20,102 | 85,922 | 49,345 | 22,383 | 86,194 | 52,791 |
| Whitefish, lake | 8,541 | 3,874 | 6,769 | 9,356 | 4,244 | 6,754 | 8,863 |
| Wolffish, Atlantic | 266 | 121 | 149 | 179 | 81 | 122 | 341 |
| Yellow perch | 1,791 | 812 | 2,898 | 1,743 | 791 | 3,683 | 1,614 |
| Other marine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| finfishes | 33,648 | 15,263 | 32,232 | 27,696 | 12,563 | 25,690 | 44,918 |
| Other freshwater |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| finfishes | 11,013 | 4,995 | 3,935 | 8,908 | 4,041 | 3,279 | 17,361 |
| Total, fish | 8,462,473 | 3,838,553 | 1,836,448 | 8,349,316 | 3,787,225 | 1,932,418 | .-- |
| Crustaceans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crabs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blue: Hard | 154,145 | 69,920 | 123,192 | 144,853 | 65,705 | 106,072 | 161,672 |
| Soft and peeler | 5,064 | 2,297 | 16,684 | 3,494 | 1,585 | 11,475 | 5,715 |
| Dungeness | 65,661 | 29,784 | 101,844 | 88,886 | 40,318 | 148,959 | 61,610 |
| Jonah | 7,181 | 3,257 | 3,536 | 6,695 | 3,037 | 3,057 | 4,046 |
| King | 23,939 | 10,859 | 91,042 | 21,641 | 9,816 | 67,060 | 20,350 |
| Snow (Tanner): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Opilio | 24,865 | 11,279 | 42,761 | 38,019 | 17,245 | 30,454 | 26,558 |
| Bairdi | 3,518 | 1,596 | 6,179 | 4,502 | 2,042 | 6,262 | 1,940 |
| Other | 14,764 | 6,697 | 29,819 | 14,408 | 6,535 | 55,460 | 23,447 |
| Total, crabs | 299,137 | 135,688 | 415,057 | 322,498 | 146,284 | 428,799 | 305,338 |
| Crawfish (freshwater) | 15,246 | 6,916 | 8,461 | 1,604 | 728 | 1,463 | 11,619 |
| Lobsters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 88,032 | 39,931 | 416,597 | 92,515 | 41,965 | 394,711 | 80,746 |
| Spiny | 4,144 | 1,880 | 22,790 | 5,605 | 2,542 | 35,336 | 4,839 |
| Shrimp: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | 4,159 | 1,887 | 2,420 | 4,535 | 2,057 | 1,687 | 2,641 |
| South Atlantic | 15,511 | 7,036 | 29,246 | 21,102 | 9,572 | 47,797 | 23,030 |
| Gulf | 214,363 | 97,234 | 356,219 | 245,805 | 111,496 | 354,447 | 242,309 |
| Pacific | 26,850 | 12,179 | 18,457 | 20,794 | 9,432 | 15,349 | 37,341 |
| Other | 1 | 0 | 2 | - | - |  | 2 |
| Total, shrimp | 260,884 | 118,336 | 406,344 | 292,236 | 132,557 | 419,280 | 305,323 |
| Total, crustaceans | 667,443 | 302,750 | 1,269,249 | 714,458 | 324,076 | 1,279,589 | -- |

See notes at end of table.
(Continued)
U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006 (1) - Continued

| Species | 2005(2) |  |  | 2006 |  |  | $\\| \begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ (2001-2005) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shellfish - Continued | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ |
| Mollusks: Clams: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quahog (hard) | 8,576 | 3,890 | 50,185 | 8,716 | 3,954 | 51,818 | 10,198 |
| Geoduck (Pacific) | 2,476 | 1,123 | 30,697 | 2,504 | 1,136 | 20,957 | 2,011 |
| Manila (Pacific) | 1,262 | 572 | 17,963 | 893 | 405 | 13,145 | 941 |
| Ocean quahog | 30,408 | 13,793 | 18,556 | 31,882 | 14,462 | 19,420 | 37,910 |
| Softshell | 3,365 | 1,526 | 22,116 | 3,802 | 1,725 | 23,025 | 3,238 |
| Surf (Atlantic) | 59,264 | 26,882 | 33,123 | 59,914 | 27,177 | 35,909 | 66,414 |
| Other | 289 | 131 | 1,015 | 745 | 338 | 1,353 | 427 |
| Total, clams | 105,640 | 47,918 | 173,655 | 108,456 | 49,195 | 165,627 | 121,139 |
| Conch (snails) | 1,738 | 788 | 3,971 | 2,188 | 992 | 7,230 | 2,150 |
| Mussels, blue (sea) | 4,224 | 1,916 | 9,143 | 3,460 | 1,569 | 5,141 | 4,325 |
| Oysters | 33,963 | 15,406 | 110,679 | 27,344 | 12,403 | 121,720 | 35,358 |
| Scallops: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bay | 98 | 44 | 1,234 | 93 | 42 | 1,235 | 32 |
| Sea | 56,702 | 25,720 | 433,512 | 59,006 | 26,765 | 385,971 | 55,345 |
| Squid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illex | 25,797 | 11,701 | 8,391 | 30,505 | 13,837 | 8,030 | 22,189 |
| Loligo | 37,405 | 16,967 | 28,843 | 35,051 | 15,899 | 27,805 | 33,170 |
| Unclassified | 220 | 100 | 152 | 177 | 80 | 91 | 345 |
| Pacific: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loligo | 122,814 | 55,708 | 31,446 | 108,406 | 49,173 | 26,959 | 132,044 |
| Unclassified | 3,293 | 1,494 | 155 | 4,906 | 2,225 | 243 | 1,845 |
| Total, Squid | 189,529 | 85,970 | 68,987 | 179,045 | 81,214 | 63,128 | 189,593 |
| Total, mollusks | 391,894 | 177,762 | 801,181 | 379,592 | 172,182 | 750,052 | -- |
| Other shellfish | 16,503 | 7,486 | 13,630 | 13,946 | 6,326 | 13,298 | 19,429 |
| Total, Shellfish | 1,075,840 | 487,998 | 2,084,060 | 1,107,996 | 502,584 | 2,042,939 | -- |
| Horseshoe $\frac{\text { Other }}{\text { crab }}$ | 1,662 | 754 | 700 | 1,520 | 689 | 792 | 2,269 |
| Sea urchins | 16,347 | 7,415 | 12,502 | 15,686 | 7,115 | 10,279 | 21,545 |
| Seaweed, unclassified | 150,058 | 68,066 | 376 | 13,753 | 6,238 | 289 | 103,866 |
| Kelp (with herring eggs) | - | - |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 87 |
| Worms | 895 | 406 | 8,290 | 758 | 344 | 6,651 | 1,014 |
| Total, other | 168,962 | 76,641 | 21,868 | 31,719 | 14,388 | 18,013 | -- |
| Grand Total, U.S. | 9,707,275 | 4,403,191 | 3,942,376 | 9,489,031 | 4,304,196 | 3,993,370 | -- |

(1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). Landings for Missisippi River drainage are not available.
(2) Revised.

Note:-Data are preliminary. Totals may not add due to rounding. Total U.S. Domestic landings include Alaska pollock, Pacific whiting and other Pacific groundfish that are caught in the U.S. EEZ off Washington, Oregon and Alaska and processed at-sea aboard U.S. vessels. Data do not include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico or other ports outside the 50 States. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

DISPOSITION OF U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, 2005 AND 2006

| End Use | 2005(1) |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million | Thousand | Percent | Million | Thousand | Percent |
| Fresh and frozen: | pounds | metric tons |  | pounds | metric tons |  |
| For human food | 7,293 | 3,308 | 75.1 | 7,289 | 3,306 | 76.8 |
| For bait and animal food | 483 | 219 | 5.0 | 463 | 210 | 4.9 |
| Total | 7,776 | 3,527 | 80.1 | 7,752 | 3,516 | 81.7 |
| Canned: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For human food | 544 | 247 | 5.6 | 411 | 186 | 4.3 |
| For bait and animal food | 19 | 9 | 0.2 | 52 | 24 | 0.5 |
| Total | 563 | 255 | 5.8 | 463 | 210 | 4.9 |
| Cured for human food | 160 | 73 | 1.6 | 108 | 49 | 1.1 |
| Reduction to meal, oil, other | 1,208 | 548 | 12.4 | 1,166 | 529 | 12.3 |
| Grand total | 9,707 | 4,403 | 100.0 | 9,489 | 4,304 | 100.0 |

(1) Revised. NOTE:--Data are preliminary. Table may not add due to rounding.

DISPOSITION OF U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY MONTH, 2006

| Month | Landings for human food |  |  | Landings for industrial purposes (1) |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Million }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | Thousand metric tons | Percent | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { pounds } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Thousand metric tons | Percent | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Million }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | Thousand metric tons | Percent |
| January | 658 | 298 | 8.4 | 39 | 18 | 2.3 | 697 | 316 | 7.3 |
| February | 1,040 | 472 | 13.3 | 24 | 11 | 1.4 | 1,064 | 482 | 11.2 |
| March | 760 | 345 | 9.7 | 18 | 8 | 1.1 | 778 | 353 | 8.2 |
| April | 251 | 114 | 3.2 | 74 | 34 | 4.4 | 325 | 147 | 3.4 |
| May | 367 | 166 | 4.7 | 130 | 59 | 7.7 | 497 | 225 | 5.2 |
| June | 674 | 306 | 8.6 | 230 | 104 | 13.7 | 904 | 410 | 9.5 |
| July | 1,298 | 589 | 16.6 | 287 | 130 | 17.1 | 1,585 | 719 | 16.7 |
| August | 1,137 | 516 | 14.6 | 327 | 148 | 19.5 | 1,464 | 664 | 15.4 |
| September | 812 | 368 | 10.4 | 292 | 132 | 17.4 | 1,104 | 501 | 11.6 |
| October | 550 | 249 | 7.0 | 167 | 76 | 9.9 | 716 | 325 | 7.5 |
| November | 147 | 67 | 1.9 | 39 | 18 | 2.3 | 186 | 84 | 2.0 |
| December | 116 | 53 | 1.5 | 53 | 24 | 3.2 | 169 | 77 | 1.8 |
| Total | 7,809 | 3,542 | 100.0 | 1,680 | 762 | 100.0 | 9,489 | 4,304 | 100.0 |

(1) Processed into meal, oil, solubles, and shell products, or used as bait and animal food.
U.S. COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1997-2006 (1)

| Year | Landings for <br> human food |  |  | Landings for industrial <br> purposes (2) |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ | $\underline{\text { Thousand }}$ | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ | $\underline{\text { Thousand }}$ | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ | $\underline{\text { Thousand }}$ | $\underline{\text { Million }}$ |
| 1997 | 7,244 | 3,286 | 3,285 | 2,598 | 1,178 | 163 | 9,842 | 4,464 | 3,448 |
| 1998 | 7,173 | 3,254 | 3,009 | 2,021 | 917 | 119 | 9,194 | 4,170 | 3,126 |
| 1999 | 6,832 | 3,099 | 3,265 | 2,507 | 1,137 | 202 | 9,339 | 4,236 | 3,467 |
| 2000 | 6,912 | 3,135 | 3,398 | 2,157 | 978 | 152 | 9,069 | 4,114 | 3,550 |
| 2001 | 7,311 | 3,316 | 3,064 | 2,178 | 988 | 154 | 9,489 | 4,304 | 3,218 |
| 2002 | 7,205 | 3,268 | 2,940 | 2,192 | 994 | 152 | 9,397 | 4,262 | 3,092 |
| 2003 | 7,521 | 3,412 | 3,185 | 1,986 | 901 | 157 | 9,507 | 4,312 | 3,347 |
| 2004 | 7,794 | 3,535 | 3,611 | 1,889 | 857 | 145 | 9,683 | 4,392 | 3,756 |
| $2005(3)$ | 7,997 | 3,627 | 3,825 | 1,710 | 776 | 117 | 9,707 | 4,403 | 3,942 |
| 2006 | 7,809 | 3,542 | 3,881 | 1,680 | 762 | 112 | 9,489 | 4,304 | 3,993 |

(1) Statistics on landings are shown in round weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are shown in weight of meats (excluding the shell):
(2) Processed into meal, oil, solubles, and shell products, or used as bait or animal food. (3) Revised.
*Record. Record-For industrial purposes 1983, 3,201 million lb.
NOTE:-Data are preliminary. Data do not include landings outside the 50 States or products of aquaculture, except oysters and clams.
U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY REGION AND BY STATE, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Regions and States | 2005(3) |  |  | 2006 |  |  | Record Landings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric Tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | Metric Tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | Year | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ |
| New England: | 684,090 | 310,301 | 971,663 | 752,387 | 341,281 | 954,676 | - | - |
| Maine | 214,820 | 97,442 | 393,222 | 234,275 | 106,266 | 361,862 | 1950 | 356,266 |
| New Hampshire | 21,281 | 9,653 | 22,187 | 10,295 | 4,670 | 18,970 | - | (2) |
| Massachusetts | 337,214 | 152,959 | 426,886 | 383,466 | 173,939 | 436,903 | 1948 | 649,696 |
| Rhode Island | 97,147 | 44,066 | 91,796 | 112,605 | 51,077 | 100,049 | 1957 | 142,080 |
| Connecticut | 13,628 | 6,182 | 37,570 | 11,746 | 5,328 | 36,892 | 1930 | 88,012 |
| Middle Atlantic: | 199,937 | 90,691 | 221,505 | 212,960 | 96,598 | 209,198 | - | (2) |
| New York | 38,123 | 17,292 | 56,411 | 32,819 | 14,887 | 57,646 | 1880 | 335,000 |
| New Jersey | 156,961 | 71,197 | 158,980 | 175,759 | 79,724 | 145,850 | 1956 | 540,060 |
| Delaware | 4,854 | 2,202 | 6,114 | 4,380 | 1,987 | 5,692 | 1953 | 367,500 |
| Pennsylvania | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | 11 |  |  |
| Chesapeake: | 508,953 | 230,860 | 218,933 | 477,433 | 216,562 | 163,570 | - | - |
| Maryland | 67,460 | 30,600 | 63,670 | 51,216 | 23,231 | 53,546 | 1890 | 141,607 |
| Virginia | 441,493 | 200,260 | 155,263 | 426,217 | 193,331 | 110,024 | 1990 | 786,794 |
| South Atlantic: | 122,422 | 55,530 | 125,117 | 113,842 | 51,638 | 149,878 | - | - |
| North Carolina | 79,154 | 35,904 | 59,825 | 68,641 | 31,135 | 71,886 | 1981 | 432,006 |
| South Carolina | 10,459 | 4,744 | 16,237 | 11,112 | 5,040 | 24,088 | 1965 | 26,611 |
| Georgia | 9,697 | 4,399 | 13,465 | 7,747 | 3,514 | 10,798 | 1927 | 47,607 |
| Florida, East Coast | 23,113 | 10,484 | 35,591 | 26,342 | 11,949 | 43,107 | - | (2) |
| Gulf: | 1,196,355 | 542,663 | 620,987 | 1,285,691 | 583,185 | 662,938 | - | - |
| Florida, West Coast | 70,230 | 31,856 | 132,781 | 68,913 | 31,259 | 194,023 | - | (2) |
| Alabama | 24,032 | 10,901 | 39,888 | 34,052 | 15,446 | 48,566 | 1973 | 36,744 |
| Mississippi | 167,609 | 76,027 | 23,386 | 221,838 | 100,625 | 21,751 | 1984 | 476,997 |
| Louisiana | 850,194 | 385,646 | 252,596 | 844,027 | 382,848 | 201,742 | 1984 | 1,931,027 |
| Texas | 84,289 | 38,233 | 172,337 | 116,860 | 53,007 | 196,856 | 1960 | 237,684 |
| Pacific Coast: | 6,950,647 | 3,152,793 | 1,700,927 | 6,602,297 | 2,994,782 | 1,772,753 | - | - |
| Alaska | 5,651,307 | 2,563,416 | 1,287,887 | 5,421,263 | 2,459,069 | 1,342,294 | 1993 | 5,905,638 |
| Washington | 544,314 | 246,899 | 207,042 | 538,791 | 244,394 | 193,109 | 2005 | 544,314 |
| Oregon | 312,659 | 141,821 | 88,191 | 300,670 | 136,383 | 107,421 | 2005 | 312,659 |
| California | 442,366 | 200,656 | 117,807 | 341,573 | 154,936 | 129,929 | 1936 | 1,760,193 |
| Great Lakes: | 16,732 | 7,590 | 12,434 | 18,401 | 8,347 | 13,576 | - | - |
| Illinois | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2) |
| Michigan | 8,677 | 3,936 | 6,184 | 9,351 | 4,241 | 5,977 | 1930 | 35,580 |
| Minnesota | 307 | 139 | 186 | 308 | 140 | 178 | - | (2) |
| New York | 43 | 20 | 51 | 15 | 7 | 22 | - |  |
| Ohio | 3,900 | 1,769 | 3,312 | 4,242 | 1,924 | 4,169 | 1936 | 31,083 |
| Pennsylvania | 18 | 8 | 39 | 36 | 16 | 85 | - | (2) |
| Wisconsin | 3,787 | 1,718 | 2,662 | 4,449 | 2,018 | 3,145 | - | (2) |
| Hawaii | 28,139 | 12,764 | 70,811 | 26,021 | 11,803 | 66,780 | 1999 | 36,907 |
| Total, United States | 9,707,275 | 4,403,191 | 3,942,376 | 9,489,031 | 4,304,196 | 3,993,370 | --- | --- |

(1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). Landings for Mississippi River drainage area States are not available.
(2) Data not available. (3) Revised.

NOTE:-Data are preliminary. Landings of Alaska pollock, Pacific whiting, and other Pacific groundfish that are caught in waters off Washington, Oregon and Alaska and are processed at-sea aboard U.S. vessels are credited to the State nearest to the area of capture. Totals may not add due to roundings. Data do not include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 States. Therefore, they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" beginning on page 8. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

COMMERCIAL FISHERY LANDINGS AND VALUE AT MAJOR U.S. PORTS, 2005-2006

| Port | Quantity |  | Port | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2006 |  | 2005 | 2006 |
|  | Million pounds |  |  | Million dollars |  |
| Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, AK | 887.6 | 911.3 | New Bedford, MA | 282.5 | 281.2 |
| Intracoastal City, LA | 464.0 | 400.7 | Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, AK | 166.1 | 165.2 |
| Reedville, VA | 373.4 | 372.5 | Kodiak, AK | 95.8 | 101.4 |
| Kodiak, AK | 337.2 | 332.8 | Honolulu, HI | 57.2 | 54.6 |
| Empire-Venice, LA | 170.8 | 285.7 | Key West, FL | 35.1 | 54.4 |
| Pascagoula-Moss Point, MS | 159.1 | 212.1 | Sitka, AK | 44.7 | 53.2 |
| New Bedford, MA | 153.4 | 169.9 | Brownsville-Port Isabel, TX | 45.0 | 52.0 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 139.7 | 164.5 | Naknek-King Salmon, AK | 54.3 | 51.4 |
| Astoria, OR | 164.7 | 164.1 | Hampton Roads Area, VA | 85.1 | 51.0 |
| Gloucester, MA | 124.2 | 148.4 | Seward, AK | 52.2 | 51.0 |
| Westport, WA | 122.8 | 141.3 | Gloucester, MA | 46.0 | 47.4 |
| Naknek-King Salmon, AK | 105.3 | 105.7 | Point Judith, RI | 38.3 | 46.9 |
| Newport, OR | 110.0 | 93.6 | Cape May-Wildwood, NJ | 68.4 | 46.3 |
| Cape May-Wildwood, NJ | 74.6 | 89.2 | Port Arthur, TX | 36.2 | 42.8 |
| Portland, ME | 56.8 | 70.9 | Cordova, AK | 46.5 | 41.8 |
| Moss Landing, CA | 37.8 | 59.3 | Empire-Venice, LA | 39.4 | 41.1 |
| Petersburg, AK | 94.9 | 58.2 | Bayou La Batre, AL | 28.4 | 41.0 |
| Ketchikan, AK | 102.5 | 50.3 | Galveston, TX | 32.3 | 40.7 |
| Sitka, AK | 38.1 | 46.9 | Homer, AK | 35.9 | 40.2 |
| Point Judith, RI | 41.8 | 45.9 | Intracoastal City, LA | 37.8 | 38.6 |
| Cordova, AK | 111.2 | 45.8 | Dulac-Chauvin, LA | 54.6 | 35.7 |
| Port Hueneme-Oxnard-Ventura, CA | 62.3 | 43.7 | Petersburg, AK | 37.1 | 35.4 |
| Ilwaco-Chinook, WA | 30.1 | 40.8 | Stonington, ME | 32.3 | 34.3 |
| Atlantic City, NJ | 31.8 | 36.8 | Newport, OR | 24.7 | 33.0 |
| Seward, AK | 60.5 | 36.8 | Astoria, OR | 30.3 | 33.0 |
| Rockland, ME | 34.6 | 36.2 | Apalachicola, FL | 8.7 | 33.0 |
| Dulac-Chauvin, LA | 42.6 | 30.8 | Palacios, TX | 29.3 | 32.6 |
| Brownsville-Port Isabel, TX | 20.1 | 30.5 | Los Angeles, CA | 26.6 | 30.2 |
| Coos Bay-Charleston, OR | 25.7 | 29.0 | Portland, ME | 34.6 | 27.8 |
| Bayou La Batre, AL | 17.3 | 28.0 | Westport, WA | 36.7 | 27.7 |
| Wanchese-Stumpy Point, NC | 27.2 | 26.5 | Tampa Bay-St. Petersburg, FL | 17.8 | 27.6 |
| Point Pleasant, NJ | 24.8 | 25.8 | Long Beach-Barnegat, NJ | 26.7 | 25.5 |
| Lafitte-Barataria, LA | 23.2 | 25.7 | Bellingham, WA | 19.2 | 25.2 |
| Port Arthur, TX | 17.8 | 25.0 | Atlantic City, NJ | 18.5 | 24.2 |
| Stonington, ME | 15.5 | 23.5 | Reedville, VA | 27.1 | 23.7 |
| Palacios, TX | 7.0 | 22.3 | Lafitte-Barataria, LA | 25.7 | 23.1 |
| Galveston, TX | 15.1 | 22.0 | Juneau, AK | 24.2 | 23.0 |
| Honolulu, HI | 22.2 | 20.9 | Crescent City, CA | 6.5 | 22.8 |
| Juneau, AK | 18.5 | 19.0 | Point Pleasant, NJ | 21.7 | 22.6 |
| Eureka, CA | 14.9 | 18.7 | Wanchese-Stumpy Point, NC | 19.6 | 21.7 |
| Bellingham, WA | 17.0 | 18.1 | Fort Myers, FL | 15.3 | 21.0 |
| Golden Meadow-Leeville, LA | 24.2 | 17.9 | Newport, RI | 14.5 | 20.8 |
| Cresent City, CA | 7.0 | 17.8 | Golden Meadow-Leeville, LA | 32.1 | 20.7 |
| Homer, AK | 17.9 | 15.6 | Provincetown-Chatham, MA | 20.0 | 20.5 |
| Provincetown-Chatham, MA | 12.7 | 14.3 | Coos Bay-Charleston, OR | 17.7 | 20.2 |
| Hampton Roads Area, VA | 23.5 | 13.2 | Ilwaco-Chinook, WA | 11.8 | 19.8 |
| Key West, FL | 14.0 | 13.2 | Ketchikan, AK | 23.1 | 19.5 |
| Tampa Bay-St. Petersburg, FL | 10.0 | 11.9 | Montauk, NY | 16.5 | 16.8 |
| Kenai, AK | 15.9 | 11.7 | Shelton, WA | 27.3 | 16.0 |
| Montauk, NY | 12.4 | 10.9 | Yakutat, AK | 6.6 | 13.6 |

Notes:-To avoid disclosure of private enterprise certain leading ports have not been included to preserve confidentiality. Catches of Alaska pollock, Pacific whiting and other Pacific groundfish caught in the northeast Pacific EEZ of the U.S. and processed at-sea are not attributed to a specific U.S. port. The record landings for quantity Dutch HarborUnalaska, Ak. 911.3 million pounds in 2006 and for value New Bedford $\$ 282.5$ million in 2005.
COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | TotalU.S.Landings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Alewife | 315 | 143 | 99 | - |  |  | - |  |  | 315 | 143 | 99 |
| Anchovies | 15,598 | 7,075 | 738 | 12,969 | 5,883 | 596 | - | - |  | 28,567 | 12,958 | 1,334 |
| Atka mackerel | 94 | 3,940 | 9 | 130,720 | 59,294 | 15,694 | - | - |  | 130,814 | 59,337 | 15,703 |
| Bluefish | 3,629 | 1,646 | 1,408 | 3,484 | 1,580 | 1,122 | - | - |  | 7,113 | 3,226 | 2,530 |
| Blue runner | 160 | 73 | 107 | 122 | 55 | 94 | - | - |  | 282 | 128 | 201 |
| Bonito | 2,288 | 1,038 | 677 | 3,254 | 1,476 | 924 | - | - |  | 5,542 | 2,514 | 1,601 |
| Butterfish | 377 | 171 | 269 | 2,142 | 972 | 923 | - | - |  | 2,519 | 1,143 | 1,192 |
| Catish \& bullheads | 6,560 | 2,976 | 3,824 | - |  |  | - | - |  | 6,560 | 2,976 | 3,824 |
| Chubs | 1,844 | 836 | 1,308 | - |  |  | - | - | - | 1,844 | 836 | 1,308 |
| Cod: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 501 | 227 | 828 | 12,087 | 5,483 | 19,625 | - | - |  | 12,588 | 5,710 | 20,453 |
| Pacific | 55,377 | 25,119 | 21,062 | 463,356 | 210,177 | 176,181 | - | - |  | 518,733 | 235,296 | 197,243 |
| Crevalle (jack) | 532 | 241 | 393 | 31 | 14 | 22 | - | - | - | 563 | 255 | 415 |
| Croaker: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 9,476 | 4,299 | 5,449 | 11,369 | 5,157 | 3,585 | - | - |  | 20,845 | 9,455 | 9,034 |
| Pacific (white) | 17 | 8 | 13 | 69 | 31 | 50 | - | - |  | 86 | 39 | 63 |
| Cusk | 4 | 2 | 3 | 140 | 64 | 107 | - | - |  | 144 | 65 | 110 |
| Dolphinfish | 128 | 58 | 351 | 1,571 | 713 | 3,765 | 366 | 166 | 905 | 2,065 | 937 | 5,021 |
| Eel, American | 771 | 350 | 2,037 | 4 | 2 | 7 | - | - |  | 775 | 352 | 2,044 |
| Flatfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic and Gulf |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American plaice | 144 | 65 | 250 | 2,296 | 1,041 | 3,913 | - | - |  | 2,440 | 1,107 | 4,163 |
| Summer flounder | 2,556 | 1,160 | 5,848 | 11,376 | 5,160 | 22,771 | - | - | - | 13,932 | 6,320 | 28,619 |
| Winter flounder | 1,145 | 519 | 2,268 | 4,906 | 2,225 | 9,849 | - | - | - | 6,051 | 2,745 | 12,117 |
| Witch flounder | 140 | 64 | 272 | 3,968 | 1,800 | 7,816 | - | - | - | 4,108 | 1,863 | 8,088 |
| Yellowtail flounder | 118 | 54 | 197 | 4,148 | 1,882 | 6,892 | - | - | - | 4,266 | 1,935 | 7,089 |
| Other | 2,759 | 1,252 | 5,230 | 255 | 116 | 248 | - | - | - | 3,014 | 1,367 | 5,478 |
| Total, Atlantic/Gulf | 6,862 | 3,113 | 14,065 | 26,949 | 12,224 | 51,489 | - | - | - | 33,811 | 15,337 | 65,554 |
| Pacific |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arrowtooth flounder | 2,460 | 1,116 | 129 | 50,587 | 22,946 | 3,799 | - | - |  | 53,047 | 24,062 | 3,928 |
| Dover sole | 3,292 | 1,493 | 1,251 | 10,235 | 4,643 | 3,749 | - | - |  | 13,527 | 6,136 | 5,000 |
| Flathead sole | 610 | 277 | 55 | 35,595 | 16,146 | 6,956 | - | - |  | 36,205 | 16,422 | 7,011 |

See footnotes at end of table.
COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | Total U.S. Landings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish - Continued | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Flatfish - Continued: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petrale sole | 1,448 | 657 | 1,452 | 4,301 | 1,951 | 4,375 | - | - | - | 5,749 | 2,608 | 5,827 |
| Rock sole | 44 | 20 | 10 | 75,456 | 34,227 | 19,551 | - | - | - | 75,500 | 34,247 | 19,561 |
| Yellowfin sole | (2) | (2) | (2) | 199,673 | 90,571 | 33,714 | - | - | - | 199,673 | 90,571 | 33,714 |
| Other | 2,385 | 1,082 | 2,604 | 25,890 | 11,744 | 7,635 | - | - | - | 28,275 | 12,825 | 10,239 |
| Total Pacific | 10,239 | 4,644 | 5,501 | 401,737 | 182,227 | 79,779 | - | - | - | 411,976 | 186,871 | 85,280 |
| Halibut | 2,368 | 1,074 | 6,639 | 69,479 | 31,515 | 193,851 | - | - |  | 71,847 | 32,590 | 200,490 |
| Total flatfish | 19,469 | 8,831 | 26,205 | 498,165 | 225,966 | 325,119 | - | - | - | 517,634 | 234,797 | 351,324 |
| Goosefish (monkfish) | 1,154 | 523 | 1,208 | 30,993 | 14,058 | 32,356 | - | - | - | 32,147 | 14,582 | 33,564 |
| Groupers | 101 | 46 | 339 | 10,543 | 4,782 | 30,724 | - | - | - | 10,644 | 4,828 | 31,063 |
| Haddock | 119 | 54 | 186 | 7,082 | 3,212 | 11,238 | - | - | - | 7,201 | 3,266 | 11,424 |
| Hakes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific (whiting) | - | - | - | 570,489 | 258,772 | 35,234 | - | - | - | 570,489 | 258,772 | 35,234 |
| Red | 39 | 18 | 15 | 959 | 435 | 375 | - | - |  | 998 | 453 | 390 |
| Silver (Att. whiting) | 157 | 71 | 76 | 12,124 | 5,500 | 6,611 | - | - | - | 12,281 | 5,571 | 6,687 |
| White | 63 | 29 | 70 | 3,703 | 1,680 | 4,208 | - | - | - | 3,766 | 1,708 | 4,278 |
| Herring: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sea: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 57,029 | 25,868 | 5,659 | 225,918 | 102,476 | 19,436 | - | - | - | 282,947 | 128,344 | 25,095 |
| Pacific | 81,932 | 37,164 | 8,039 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 81,932 | 37,164 | 8,039 |
| Thread | 515 | 234 | 93 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 515 | 234 | 93 |
| Jack mackerel | 2,501 | 1,134 | 194 | 89 | 40 | 9 | - | - | - | 2,590 | 1,175 | 203 |
| Lingcod | 187 | 85 | 204 | 389 | 176 | 379 | - | - | - | 576 | 261 | 583 |
| Mackerels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 23,127 | 10,490 | 2,782 | 101,744 | 46,151 | 20,973 | - | - | - | 124,871 | 56,641 | 23,755 |
| Chub | 13,835 | 6,276 | 852 | 651 | 295 | 42 | - | - | - | 14,486 | 6,571 | 894 |
| King and cero | 1,339 | 607 | 1,926 | 4,344 | 1,970 | 6,787 | - | - | - | 5,683 | 2,578 | 8,713 |
| Spanish | 2,993 | 1,358 | 2,136 | 2,285 | 1,036 | 1,450 | - | - | - | 5,278 | 2,394 | 3,586 |
| Menhaden: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 199,323 | 90,412 | 12,622 | 206,010 | 93,445 | 12,370 | - | - | - | 405,333 | 183,858 | 24,992 |
| Gulf | 447,447 | 202,961 | 19,773 | 451,428 | 204,766 | 21,470 | - | - |  | 898,875 | 407,727 | 41,243 |
| Total menhaden | 646,770 | 293,373 | 32,395 | 657,438 | 298,212 | 33,840 | - | - |  | 1,304,208 | 591,585 | 66,235 |

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | Total U.S. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish - Continued | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Mullets | 12,995 | 5,894 | 9,023 | 49 | 22 | 24 | - | - |  | 13,044 | 5,917 | 9,047 |
| Pollock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 109 | 49 | 64 | 13,248 | 6,009 | 7,776 | - | - | - | 13,357 | 6,059 | 7,840 |
| Walleye (Alaska) | 66,297 | 30,072 | 6,431 | 3,334,515 | 1,512,526 | 323,448 | - | - |  | 3,400,812 | 1,542,598 | 329,879 |
| Rockfishes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ocean perch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic (redfish) | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1,097 | 498 | 795 | - | - | - | 1,101 | 499 | 798 |
| Pacific | 41 | 19 | 6 | 51,089 | 23,174 | 10,533 | - | - |  | 51,130 | 23,192 | 10,539 |
| Other | 3,050 | 1,383 | 3,688 | 26,860 | 12,184 | 10,420 | - | - |  | 29,910 | 13,567 | 14,108 |
| Total rockfishes | 3,095 | 1,404 | 3,697 | 79,046 | 35,855 | 21,748 | - | - |  | 82,141 | 37,259 | 25,445 |
| Sablefish | 7,515 | 3,409 | 16,815 | 39,711 | 18,013 | 115,344 | - | - | - | 47,226 | 21,422 | 132,159 |
| Salmon: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinook or king | 15,465 | 7,015 | 39,344 | 1,416 | 642 | 4,355 | - | - |  | 16,881 | 7,657 | 43,699 |
| Chum or keta | 150,828 | 68,415 | 44,935 | 8 | 4 | 3 | - | - |  | 150,836 | 68,419 | 44,938 |
| Coho | 34,276 | 15,548 | 33,698 | 690 | 313 | 970 | - | - |  | 34,966 | 15,860 | 34,668 |
| Pink | 221,156 | 100,315 | 27,686 | 605 | 274 | 65 | - | - |  | 221,761 | 100,590 | 27,751 |
| Sockeye | 238,597 | 108,226 | 159,426 | 3 | 1 | 4 | - | - |  | 238,600 | 108,228 | 159,430 |
| Total salmon | 660,322 | 299,520 | 305,089 | 2,722 | 1,235 | 5,397 | - | - |  | 663,044 | 300,755 | 310,486 |
| Sardines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific | 181,682 | 82,410 | 9,032 | 9,241 | 4,192 | 459 | - | - | - | 190,923 | 86,602 | 9,491 |
| Spanish | 2,121 | 962 | 354 | 130 | 59 | 20 | - | - | - | 2,251 | 1,021 | 374 |
| Scup or porgy | 4,467 | 2,026 | 4,112 | 5,027 | 2,280 | 4,594 | - | - | - | 9,494 | 4,306 | 8,706 |
| Sea bass: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black (Atlantic) | 939 | 426 | 2,566 | 2,554 | 1,158 | 6,076 | - | - | - | 3,493 | 1,584 | 8,642 |
| White (Pacific) | 141 | 64 | 279 | 262 | 119 | 519 | - | - | - | 403 | 183 | 798 |
| Sea trout or weakfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gray | 841 | 381 | 822 | 221 | 100 | 231 | - | - | - | 1,062 | 482 | 1,053 |
| Spotted | 428 | 194 | 645 | 10 | 5 | 13 | - | - | - | 438 | 199 | 658 |
| Sand (white) | 43 | 20 | 25 | 9 | 4 | 9 | - | - | - | 52 | 24 | 34 |
| Shads: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 966 | 438 | 755 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 968 | 439 | 756 |
| Hickory | 86 | 39 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 86 | 39 | 25 |

See footnotes at end of table.
COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | Total U.S. Landings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish - Continued | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Sharks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dogfish | 2,948 | 1,337 | 670 | 4,653 | 2,111 | 1,204 | - | - |  | 7,601 | 3,448 | 1,874 |
| Other | 2,155 | 978 | 1,412 | 5,711 | 2,791 | 5,495 | 135 | 61 | 82 | 8,001 | 3,629 | 6,989 |
| Sheepshead (Atlantic) | 811 | 368 | 524 | 15 | 7 | 7 | - | - |  | 826 | 375 | 531 |
| Skates | 9,704 | 4,402 | 1,858 | 45,191 | 20,499 | 7,408 | - | - |  | 54,895 | 24,900 | 9,266 |
| Smelts | 1,162 | 527 | 558 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,162 | 527 | 558 |
| Snappers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Red | 21 | 10 | 72 | 4,144 | 1,879 | 12111 | - | - |  | 4,165 | 1,889 | 12,183 |
| Vermillion | 22 | 10 | 62 | 1,574 | 714 | 3844 | - | - |  | 1,596 | 724 | 3,906 |
| Unclassified | 873 | 396 | 2,529 | 2,623 | 1,190 | 7428 | - | - |  | 3,496 | 1,586 | 9,957 |
| Spearfish | 33 | 15 | 34 | 1,576 | 715 | 1,568 | 1,249 | 567 | 1,373 | 2,858 | 1,296 | 2,975 |
| Spot | 3,180 | 1,442 | 2,607 | 23 | 11 | 10 | - | - |  | 3,203 | 1,453 | 2,617 |
| Striped bass | 6,603 | 2,995 | 14,336 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 6,603 | 2,995 | 14,336 |
| Swordfish | 75 | 34 | 201 | 4,122 | 1,870 | 10,584 | 2,672 | 1,870 | 5,568 | 6,869 | 3,116 | 16,353 |
| Tenpounder (ladyfish) | 1,393 | 632 | 859 | 377 | 171 | 260 | - | - |  | 1,770 | 803 | 1,119 |
| Tilefish | 5 | 2 | 12 | 3,085 | 1,399 | 6,741 | - | - |  | 3,090 | 1,402 | 6,753 |
| Trout, rainbow | 392 | 178 | 480 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 392 | 178 | 480 |
| Tuna: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | 383 | 174 | 455 | 28,233 | 12,806 | 24,051 | 345 | 156 | 596 | 28,961 | 13,137 | 25,102 |
| Bigeye | 16 | 7 | 36 | 6,262 | 2,840 | 19,518 | 16,692 | 7,571 | 23,059 | 22,970 | 10,419 | 42,613 |
| Bluefin | 4 | 2 | 17 | 561 | 254 | 3,662 | - | - |  | 565 | 256 | 3,679 |
| Little tunny | 416 | 188 | 134 | 227 | 103 | 67 | - | - |  | 643 | 292 | 201 |
| Skipjack | 36 | 16 | 55 | 800 | 363 | 1,114 | 122,112 | 55,390 | 45,793 | 122,948 | 55,769 | 46,962 |
| Yellowfin | 217 | 98 | 517 | 5,719 | 2,594 | 15,134 | 20,234 | 9,178 | 11,102 | 26,170 | 11,871 | 26,753 |
| Unclassified | 4 | 2 | 7 | 48 | 22 | 98 | - | - |  | 52 | 24 | 105 |
| Total tuna | 1,076 | 488 | 1,221 | 41,850 | 18,983 | 63,644 | 159,383 | 72,296 | 80,550 | 202,309 | 91,767 | 145,415 |
| Whitefish, lake | 9,356 | 4,244 | 6,754 | - |  | - | - | - |  | 9,356 | 4,244 | 6,754 |
| Wolffish, Atlantic | 3 | 1 | 2 | 176 | 80 | 120 | - | - |  | 179 | 81 | 122 |
| Yellow perch | 1,743 | 791 | 3,683 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 1,743 | 791 | 3,683 |
| Other marine finfishes | 17,635 | 7,999 | 13,349 | 8,541 | 3,875 | 9,386 | 1,520 | 689 | 2,956 | 27,696 | 12,563 | 25,691 |
| Other freshwater finfishes | 8,908 | 4,041 | 3,279 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 8,908 | 4,041 | 3,279 |
| Total finfish | 1,959,146 | 888,663 | 535,190 | 6,378,642 | 2,893,333 | 1,366,945 | 165,325 | 74,991 | 91,434 | 8,503,113 | 856,987 | 1,993,569 |

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | Total U.S. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shellfish | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Crustaceans: Crabs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blue: Hard | 144,853 | 65,705 | 106,072 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 144,853 | 65,705 | 106,072 |
| Soft or peeler | 3,494 | 1,585 | 11,475 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 3,494 | 1,585 | 11,475 |
| Dungeness | 76,390 | 34,650 | 128,753 | 12,496 | 5,668 | 20,206 | - | - |  | 88,886 | 40,318 | 148,959 |
| Jonah | 3,606 | 1,636 | 1,547 | 3,089 | 1,401 | 1,510 | - | - |  | 6,695 | 3,037 | 3,057 |
| King | 1,261 | 572 | 3,709 | 20,380 | 9,244 | 63,351 | - | - |  | 21,641 | 9,816 | 67,060 |
| Snow (tanner): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Opilio | - | - | - | 38,019 | 17,245 | 30,454 | - | - | - | 38,019 | 17,245 | 30,454 |
| Bairdi | 2,228 | 1,011 | 3,181 | 2,274 | 1,031 | 3,081 | - | - | - | 4,502 | 2,042 | 6,262 |
| Other | 8,403 | 3,812 | 33,783 | 6,005 | 2,724 | 21,677 | - | - | - | 14,408 | 6,535 | 55,460 |
| Total crabs | 240,235 | 108,970 | 288,520 | 82,263 | 37,314 | 140,279 | - | - | - | 322,498 | 146,284 | 428,799 |
| Crawfish, freshwater | 1,604 | 728 | 1,463 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,604 | 728 | 1,463 |
| Lobsters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 81,826 | 37,116 | 343,186 | 10,689 | 4,848 | 51,525 | - | - | - | 92,515 | 41,965 | 394,711 |
| Spiny | 5,023 | 2,278 | 31,938 | 582 | 264 | 3,398 | - | - | - | 5,605 | 2,542 | 35,336 |
| Shrimp: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England | 2,252 | 1,022 | 824 | 2,283 | 1,036 | 863 | - | - | - | 4,535 | 2,057 | 1,687 |
| South Atlantic | 12,516 | 5,677 | 26,555 | 8,586 | 3,895 | 21,242 | - | - | - | 21,102 | 9,572 | 47,797 |
| Gulf | 127,551 | 57,856 | 157,574 | 118,254 | 53,640 | 196,873 | - | - | - | 245,805 | 111,496 | 354,447 |
| Pacific | 8,112 | 3,680 | 8,549 | 12,682 | 5,753 | 6,800 | - | - | - | 20,794 | 9,432 | 15,349 |
| Other | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| Total shrimp | 150,431 | 68,235 | 193,502 | 141,805 | 64,322 | 225,778 | - | - | - | 292,236 | 132,557 | 419,280 |
| Total crustaceans | 479,119 | 217,327 | 858,609 | 235,339 | 106,749 | 420,980 | - | - | - | 714,458 | 324,076 | 1,279,589 |
| Mollusks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clams: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quahog (hard) | 8,716 | 3,954 | 51,818 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,716 | 3,954 | 51,818 |
| Geoduck (Pacific) | 2,504 | 1,136 | 20,957 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,504 | 1,136 | 20,957 |
| Manila (Pacific) | 893 | 405 | 13,145 | - |  | - | - | - | - | 893 | 405 | 13,145 |
| Ocean quahog | 10,928 | 4,957 | 6,448 | 20,954 | 9,505 | 12,972 | - | - | - | 31,882 | 14,462 | 19,420 |
| Softshell | 3,802 | 1,725 | 23,025 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,802 | 1,725 | 23,025 |

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 2006 (1)

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  | High Seas or off Foreign Shores |  |  | TotalU.S.Landings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 3 miles |  |  | 3-200 miles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shellfish - Continued | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars | Pounds | Tons | Dollars |
| Surf (Atlantic) | 17,624 | 7,995 | 10,250 | 42,290 | 19,183 | 25,659 |  |  |  | 59,914 | 27,177 | 35,909 |
| Other | 745 | 338 | 1,353 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 745 | 338 | 1,353 |
| Total clams | 45,212 | 20,508 | 126,996 | 63,244 | 28,687 | 38,631 |  | - |  | 108,456 | 49,195 | 165,627 |
| Conch (snails) | 2,188 | 992 | 7,230 |  |  |  |  | - |  | 2,188 | 992 | 7,230 |
| Mussels, blue (sea) | 3,460 | 1,569 | 5,141 |  | - |  |  | - |  | 3,460 | 1,569 | 5,141 |
| Oysters | 27,344 | 12,403 | 121,720 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 27,344 | 12,403 | 121,720 |
| Scallops: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bay | 93 | 42 | 1,235 | - | - |  |  | - |  | 93 | 42 | 1,235 |
| Sea | 114 | 52 | 934 | 58,892 | 26,714 | 385,037 | - | - |  | 59,006 | 26,765 | 385,971 |
| Squid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 ex | 407 | 185 | 147 | 30,098 | 13,652 | 7,883 |  |  |  | 30,505 | 13,837 | 8,030 |
| Loligo | 5,151 | 2,336 | 4,299 | 29,900 | 13,563 | 23,506 |  | - |  | 35,051 | 15,899 | 27,805 |
| Unclassified | 41 | 19 | 34 | 136 | 62 | 57 | - | - |  | 177 | 80 | 91 |
| Pacific: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loligo | 101,905 | 46,197 | 25,342 | 6,501 | 2,949 | 1,617 | - | - |  | 108,406 | 49,173 | 26,959 |
| Unclassified | 117 | 53 | 32 | 4,789 | 2,172 | 211 | - | - |  | 4,906 | 2,225 | 243 |
| Total, squid | 107,621 | 48,817 | 29,854 | 71,424 | 32,398 | 33,274 |  | - |  | 179,045 | 81,214 | 63,128 |
| Total, mollusks | 186,032 | 84,384 | 293,110 | 193,560 | 87,798 | 456,942 | - | - |  | 379,592 | 172,182 | 750,052 |
| Other shellfish | 12,709 | 5,765 | 10,066 | 1,237 | 561 | 3,232 |  | - |  | 13,946 | 6,326 | 13,298 |
| Total shellfish | 677,860 | 307,475 | 1,161,785 | 430,136 | 195,108 | 881,154 | . | - |  | 1,107,996 | 502,584 | 2,042,939 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horseshoe crab | 1,520 | 689 | 792 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 1,520 | 689 | 792 |
| Sea urchins | 15,686 | 7,115 | 10,279 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 15,686 | 7,115 | 10,279 |
| Seaweed, unclassified | 13,753 | 6,238 | 289 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 13,753 | 6,238 | 289 |
| Kelp (with herring eggs) | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Worms | 758 | 344 | 6,651 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 758 | 344 | 6,651 |
| Total other | 31,719 | 14,388 | 18,013 | - | - |  | - | - |  | 31,719 | 14,388 | 18,013 |
| Grand total, 2006 | 2,668,725 | 1,210,526 | 1,714,988 | 6,808,778 | 3,088,441 | 2,248,099 | 165,325 | 74,991 | 91,434 | 9,642,828 | 4,373,958 | 4,054,521 |
| Grand total, 2005(3) | 3,137,172 | 1,423,012 | 1,734,741 | 6,556, | 2,973,99 | 175,465 | 145,895 | 66,177 | 85,762 | 39,5 | 3,1 | 5,9 |

[^1]U.S. Commercial Landings

DOMESTIC LANDINGS FOR U.S. TERRITORIAL POSSESSIONS, 2006 (1)

| Group / Species | American Samoa |  |  | Guam |  |  | Northern Marianas Islands |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish | Pounds | Kilograms | Dollars | Pounds | Kilograms | Dollars | Pounds | Kilograms | Dollars |
| Barracudas | 2,166 | 982 | 4,930 | 2,454 | 1,113 | 4,655 | 26 | 12 | 51 |
| Billfishes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marlin | 9,019 | 4,091 | 10,265 | 22,880 | 10,378 | 26,657 | 1,101 | 499 | 1,810 |
| Sailfish | 2,350 | 1,066 | 2,350 | 1,596 | 724 | 2,315 | 248 | 112 | 463 |
| Swordfish | 46,298 | 21,001 | 103,271 | 169 | 77 | 422 |  |  | - |
| Dolphinfish | 29,793 | 13,514 | 52,188 | 58,078 | 26,344 | 89,801 | 13,500 | 6,124 | 28,208 |
| Emperors | 722 | 327 | 1,728 | 3,252 | 1,475 | 7,991 | 4,826 | 2,189 | 12,274 |
| Goatish | 5 | 2 | 16 | 141 | 64 | 362 | 411 | 186 | 1,139 |
| Groupers | 1,031 | 468 | 2,174 | 939 | 426 | 2,568 | 1,035 | 469 | 3,546 |
| Jacks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amberjack | 2,174 | 986 | 4589 | 589 | 267 | 1810 | 134 | 61 | 419 |
| Bigeye Scad | 45 | 20 | 79 | 4,055 | 1,839 | 11,203 | 10,993 | 4,986 | 29,876 |
| Black jack | 184 | 83 | 344 | 186 | 84 | 448 | 189 | 86 | 477 |
| Rainbow runner | 107 | 49 | 217 | 2,456 | 1,114 | 4,486 | 3,008 | 1,364 | 5,414 |
| Other | 98 | 44 | 197 | 1,910 | 866 | 4,869 | 1,554 | 705 | 3,688 |
| Parrotishes | 7,669 | 3,479 | 18,214 | 501 | 227 | 1,272 | 16,396 | 7,437 | 50,708 |
| Rabbitfish | - |  | - | 614 | 279 | 1,906 | 6,527 | 2,961 | 20,841 |
| Snappers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blue lined snapper | 210 | 95 | 523 | - | - | - | 1,372 | 622 | 3,511 |
| Ehu | 949 | 430 | 2,828 | 410 | 186 | 1,600 | 497 | 225 | 1,691 |
| Gindai (flower snapper) | 364 | 165 | 884 | 293 | 133 | 1,135 | 1,470 | 667 | 4,946 |
| Gray jobfish | 489 | 222 | 815 | - |  |  | 181 | 82 | 482 |
| Humpback | 532 | 241 | 1,087 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lehi (silverjaw) | 227 | 103 | 276 | 484 | 220 | 1,872 | 234 | 106 | 753 |
| Onaga | 259 | 117 | 357 | 5,096 | 2,312 | 23,989 | 1,497 | 679 | 6,490 |
| Opakapaka | 127 | 58 | 355 | 421 | 191 | 1,588 | 1,164 | 528 | 3,164 |
| Snappers, other | 1,768 | 802 | 4,640 | 2,395 | 1,086 | 6,261 | 2,323 | 1,054 | 6,119 |
| Total snappers | 4,925 | 2,234 | 11,765 | 9,099 | 4,127 | 36,445 | 8,738 | 3,964 | 27,156 |
| Squirrelfish | 366 | 166 | 792 | 626 | 284 | 1593 | 37 | 17 | 92 |
| Surgeonfishes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unicornfishes | 574 | 260 | 1,161 | 23,793 | 10,792 | 61,565 | 136 | 62 | 332 |
| Other | 4,593 | 2,083 | 9,388 | 9,809 | 4,449 | 25,026 | 5,923 | 2,687 | 11,937 |
| Tunas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | 9,196,421 | 4,171,469 | 9,238,595 | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| Bigeye | 438,357 | 198,837 | 486,683 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Skipjack | 472,709 | 214,419 | 265,572 | 39,870 | 18,085 | 45,160 | 208,806 | 94,714 | 313,018 |
| Yellowfin | 1,092,871 | 495,723 | 1,034,351 | 19,724 | 8,947 | 42,925 | 32,997 | 14,967 | 63,898 |
| Other | 501 | 227 | 962 | 3,230 | 1,465 | 3,971 | 9,532 | 4,324 | 15,371 |
| Total, tuna | 11,200,859 | 5,080,676 | 11,026,163 | 62,824 | 28,497 | 92,056 | 251,335 | 114,005 | 392,287 |
| Wahoo | 613,530 | 278,295 | 372,915 | 34,251 | 15,536 | 68,312 | 2,449 | 1,111 | 5,095 |
| Wrasses | - | - | - | 3,765 | 1,708 | 10,357 | 112 | 51 | 327 |
| Other marine finfishes | 7,375 | 3,345 | 11,672 | 79,890 | 36,238 | 237,023 | 76,522 | 34,710 | 195,209 |
| Total fish Shellfish, et al | 11,933,883 | 5,413,174 | 11,634,418 | 323,877 | 146,910 | 693,142 | 405,200 | 183,798 | 791,349 |
| Crabs | 24 | 11 | 48 | 24 | 11 | 62 | - | - | - |
| Lobster, spiny | 5,380 | 2,440 | 22,723 | 4,789 | 2,172 | 17,733 | 3,451 | 1,565 | 16,895 |
| Octopus | 1,788 | 811 | 4,329 | 4,383 | 1,988 | 11,529 | 3,341 | 1,515 | 6,754 |
| Shelfish, other | 571 | 259 | 1362 | - | - | - | 19 | 9 | 110 |
| Total shellfish, et al. | 7,763 | 3,521 | 28,462 | 9,196 | 4,171 | 29,324 | 6,811 | 3,089 | 23,759 |
| Grand total | 11,941,646 | 5,416,695 | 11,662,880 | 333,073 | 151,081 | 722,466 | 412,011 | 186,887 | 815,108 |

(1) Data in this table are preliminary and represent the latest information available.
U.S. Commercial Landings

DOMESTIC LANDINGS FOR U.S. TERRITORIAL POSSESSIONS, 2006 (1)

| Group / Species | Puerto Rico |  |  | U.S. Virgin Islands(2) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fish | Pounds | Kilograms | Dollars | Pounds | Kilograms | Dollars |
| Ballyhoo | 16,225 | 7,360 | 16,958 | - | - | - |
| Barracuda | 5,058 | 2,294 | 9,097 | 15,892 | 7,209 | 63,566 |
| Dolphinfish | 47,801 | 21,682 | 97,039 | 69,074 | 31,332 | 413,725 |
| Goatfish | 4,729 | 2,145 | 9,521 | 5,996 | 2,720 | 25,118 |
| Groupers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Red hind | 22,298 | 10,114 | 46,734 | - | - | - |
| Nassau | 1,753 | 795 | 2,977 | - |  | - |
| Other | 25,182 | 11,422 | 56,177 | 102,805 | 46,632 | 572,027 |
| Grunts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 51,767 | 23,481 | 84,069 | 89,402 | 40,552 | 442,374 |
| Hogfish | 28,427 | 12,894 | 76,299 | 1,243 | 564 | 6215 |
| Jacks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bar Jack | 16,695 | 7,573 | 20,769 | - | - |  |
| Horse-eye Jack | 998 | 453 | 1,274 | - | - | - |
| Other | 9,014 | 4,089 | 13,437 | 54,455 | 24,701 | 226,664 |
| Mackerel, king and cero | 60,797 | 27,577 | 117,542 | 32,211 | 14,611 | 168,667 |
| Mojarra | 2,104 | 954 | 3,432 | - | - | - |
| Mullet | 12,812 | 5,811 | 16,570 | - | - |  |
| Parrotfish | 31,922 | 14,480 | 53,594 | 453,697 | 205,796 | 1,823,623 |
| Scup or porgy | 8,989 | 4,077 | 15,861 | 28,153 | 12,770 | 116,317 |
| Sharks, other | 24,231 | 10,991 | 47,176 | 85 | 39 | 298 |
| Snappers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lane | 88,319 | 40,061 | 201,970 | - | - |  |
| Mutton | 25,576 | 11,601 | 59,134 | - | - | - |
| Silk | 83,399 | 37,830 | 289,041 | - | - | - |
| Yellowtail | 95,261 | 43,210 | 222,204 | - | - | - |
| Other | 132,692 | 60,189 | 422,726 | 328,313 | 148,922 | 1,806,139 |
| Total snappers | 425,247 | 192,891 | 1,195,075 | 328,313 | 148,922 | 1,806,139 |
| Snook | 10,919 | 4,953 | 20,557 | - | - | - |
| Squirrelfish | 4,528 | 2,054 | 6,325 | 2,995 | 1,359 | 8236 |
| Surgeonfish | - | - | - | 86,031 | 39,023 | 338,773 |
| Tarpon | 32 | 15 | 34 | - |  | - |
| Triggerfish | 27,621 | 12,529 | 43,875 | 99,062 | 44,934 | 377,127 |
| Trunkfish (boxfish) | 40,057 | 18,170 | 78,270 | - | - | - |
| Tuna: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | 899 | 408 | 639 | - | - | - |
| Blackfin | 20,492 | 9,295 | 25,177 | - | - | - |
| Little(Tunny) | 8,614 | 3,907 | 8,389 | - | - | - |
| Skipjack | 22,491 | 10,202 | 20,538 | - | - | - |
| Yellowfin | 20,743 | 9,409 | 25,551 | - | - | - |
| Unclassified | 3,174 | 1,440 | 5,246 | 57,431 | 26,051 | 343,114 |
| Total tuna | 76,413 | 34,661 | 85,540 | 57,431 | 26,051 | 343,114 |
| Wahoo | 4,391 | 1,992 | 7,675 | 22,206 | 10,073 | 132,527 |
| Other marine finfishes | 25,160 | 11,413 | 40,838 | 63,073 | 28,610 | 222,851 |
| Total fish Shellfish, et al | 985,170 | 446,870 | 2,166,715 | 1,512,124 | 685,895 | 7,087,361 |
| Crabs | 7,092 | 3,217 | 39,931 | - | - | - |
| Lobster, spiny | 169,713 | 76,981 | 993,431 | 273,039 | 123,850 | 2,177,513 |
| Conch (snail) meats | 153,684 | 69,711 | 502,863 | 231,429 | 104,976 | 1368817 |
| Octopus | 20,208 | 9,166 | 60,536 | - | - | - |
| Shellfish, other | 5,553 | 2,519 | 23,095 | 38,782 | 17,591 | 110,434 |
| Total shellfish, et al. | 356,250 | 161,594 | 1,619,856 | 543,250 | 246,416 | 3,656,764 |
| Grand total | 1,341,420 | 608,464 | 3,786,571 | 2,055,374 | 932,311 | 10,744,125 |

(1) Data in this table are preliminary and represent the latest information available.
(2) U.S. Virgin Island landings are for July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006 fishing year.

ESTIMATED U.S. AQUACULTURE PRODUCTION, 2000-2005

| Species | 2000 |  |  | 2001 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Thousand dollars | Thousand | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Metric } \\ \text { tons } \end{gathered}$ | Thousand dollars |
| Finfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baitfish | 13,954 | 6,329 | 45,790 | 13,954 | 6,329 | 45,790 |
| Catfish | 593,603 | 269,257 | 445,919 | 597,108 | 270,846 | 386,329 |
| Salmon | 49,372 | 22,395 | 99,208 | 45,787 | 20,769 | 72,019 |
| Striped bass | 11,237 | 5,097 | 29,513 | 10,903 | 4,946 | 28,520 |
| Tilapia | 20,000 | 9,072 | 30,000 | 17,600 | 7,983 | 30,000 |
| Trout | 59,164 | 26,837 | 63,690 | 56,908 | 25,813 | 64,482 |
| Shellfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clams | 9,929 | 4,504 | 32,595 | 9,975 | 4,525 | 35,404 |
| Crawfish | 17,025 | 7,722 | 27,626 | 30,527 | 13,847 | 40,545 |
| Mussels | 424 | 192 | 525 | 669 | 303 | 1,169 |
| Oysters | 16,822 | 7,630 | 42,419 | 16,818 | 7,629 | 39,886 |
| Shrimp | 4,782 | 2,169 | 14,559 | 7,953 | 3,607 | 27,808 |
| Miscellaneous Totals | $\begin{array}{r} 26,207 \\ \mathbf{8 2 2 , 5 1 9} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,887 \\ 373,092 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140,989 \\ 972,833 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,741 \\ \mathbf{8 1 8 , 9 4 3} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,872 \\ 371,470 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 162,714 \\ 934,666 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Species |  | 2002 |  |  | 2003 |  |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Finfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baitfish | 13,954 | 6,329 | 45,790 | 13,954 | 6,329 | 45,790 |
| Catfish | 630,601 | 286,039 | 358,082 | 661,504 | 300,056 | 384,305 |
| Salmon | 28,073 | 12,734 | 27,756 | 35,967 | 16,315 | 54,706 |
| Striped bass | 10,490 | 4,758 | 27,879 | 11,447 | 5,192 | 30,423 |
| Tilapia | 19,841 | 9,000 | 35,715 | 19,841 | 9,000 | 37,699 |
| Trout | 54,451 | 24,699 | 58,334 | 50,716 | 23,005 | 55,361 |
| Shellfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clams | 9,861 | 4,473 | 41,809 | 10,790 | 4,894 | 53,966 |
| Crawfish | 61,343 | 27,825 | 50,358 | 73,851 | 33,498 | 48,515 |
| Mussels | 1,382 | 627 | 3,186 | 645 | 293 | 3,521 |
| Oysters | 18,547 | 8,413 | 53,505 | 20,440 | 9,272 | 63,574 |
| Shrimp | 8,994 | 4,080 | 27,588 | 10,200 | 4,627 | 19,891 |
| Miscellaneous | 9,755 | 4,425 | 152,025 | 16,949 | 7,688 | 163,222 |
| Totals | 867,291 | 393,401 | 882,027 | 926,304 | 420,169 | 960,973 |
| Species |  | 2004 |  |  | 2005 |  |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Finfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baitfish | 13,954 | 6,329 | 45,790 | - | - | 38,018 |
| Catfish | 630,450 | 285,970 | 439,158 | 607,933 | 275,757 | 429,245 |
| Salmon | 33,416 | 15,157 | 56,679 | 20,726 | 9,401 | 37,439 |
| Striped bass | 11,500 | 5,216 | 31,353 | 10,970 | 4,976 | 27,655 |
| Tilapia | 20,000 | 9,072 | 40,000 | 17,203 | 7,803 | 29,620 |
| Trout | 54,976 | 24,937 | 57,082 | 60,636 | 27,504 | 65,469 |
| Shellfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clams | 20,967 | 9,511 | 73,339 | 12,564 | 5,699 | 72,783 |
| Crawfish | 70,383 | 31,926 | 42,836 | 35,933 | 16,299 | 21,143 |
| Mussels | 593 | 269 | 3,956 | 962 | 436 | 4,990 |
| Oysters | 26,214 | 11,890 | 80,075 | 13,711 | 6,219 | 92,602 |
| Shrimp | 10,513 | 4,769 | 21,280 | 8,037 | 3,646 | 18,684 |
| Miscellaneous Totals | $\begin{array}{r} 5,452 \\ 898.418 \end{array}$ | 2,473 407,519 | $\begin{array}{r} 173,828 \\ 1,065,376 \end{array}$ | 788,675 | 357,741 | $\begin{array}{r} 254,738 \\ 1.092 .386 \end{array}$ |

Note:--Table may not add due to rounding. Clams, oysters and mussels are reported as meat weights (excludes shell) while all other species such as shrimp and finfishes are reported as whole (live) weights. Some clam and oyster production are reported with U.S. commercial landings. Weights and values represent the final sales of products to processors and dealers. The "Miscellaneous" includes ornamental/tropical fish, alligators, algae, aquatic plants, eels, scallops, crabs, and others. The high value and low production of "Miscellaneous" occurs because production value, but not weight, are reported for many species such as ornamental fishes.

## U.S. Commercial Landings

Commercial Fishery Landings at Major U.S. Ports 2006


Commercial Fishery Value at Major U.S. Ports 2006


Volume of Domestic Commercial Landings and Aquaculture Production
Note: The 2006 aquaculture production is estimated


Value of Domestic Commercial Landings and Aquaculture Production


## U.S. Commercial Landings

Comparisons between the top ten species in descending order of abundance by weight for U.S. commercial landings and recreational fish harvests. Does not include data for Alaska because no NMFS recreational surveys are conducted in those state. Menhaden, Pacific Hake, Atlantic Sea Herring, Pacific Sardine and Anchovy were excluded from commercial landings because they are industrial fisheries and recreational anglers do not target them.

Top Ten Recreational Species - Harvest (A1 + B1)
Versus Commecial Harvest - 2006


Top Ten Commercial Species
Versus Recreational Harvest - 2006

(1) Less than 1 percent

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries

DATA COLLECTION. Detailed information on marine recreational fishing is required to support a variety of fishery management and development purposes and is mandated by the Sustainable Fisheries Act, 1996 (PL 104-297) and the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Reauthorization Act, 2007 (PL 109-479). In 1981, following 2 years of preliminary surveys, the NMFS began a comprehensive survey of marine recreational fisheries covering all fishing modes (private/rental boat, party/charter boat, and shore), and including estuarine and brackish water. Although the annual recreational harvest is only about 8 percent of the total U.S. harvest of finfish for states covered by this program, the fishing activities of millions of anglers are important to monitor because they are directed at relatively few species. Marine recreational fishing significantly impacts the stocks of many finfish species, and recreational catches surpass commercial landings of some species (see figure on preceding page).

METHODS. On the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the US, the marine recreational fisheries statistics program consists of a coastal household telephone survey (CHTS), a telephone survey of for-hire fishing vessel operators (charter and party boats; FHS), and a field intercept survey of angler fishing trips. Additional information is also obtained from state or regional logbook programs and is used to supplement survey data to produce more robust catch and effort estimates. The CHTS collects data on the number of marine recreational fishing trips by residents of coastal counties. The intercept survey collects data on the proportion of fishing trips by residents of non-coastal counties, the species composition of catches, catch rates by species, and lengths and weights of landed fish. These data are combined to produce estimates of catch and effort. Catch estimates are separated into two categories - harvested catch and catch released alive. Harvested catch includes landed fish and catch reported as dead. Whenever possible, field interviewers identify, count, weigh, and measure landed fish that are available in whole form. Angler reports are obtained for catch released alive and for all other harvested catch, such as catch released dead, used for bait, or filleted fish. Catch estimates are stratified by subregion, state, wave (bimonthly sampling period), species, fishing mode (private/rental boat, party/ charter boat, and shore), primary area fished, and catch type. In addition, estimates of participation are produced. Texas estimates are from Texas Parks and Wildlife Department recreational survey data.

On the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, California, and Washington's Puget Sound, effort for the party/charter fishing mode is now estimated through For-Hire Surveys (FHS). These surveys differ from the CHTS because they use a telephone survey of boats as the primary method for estimating fishing effort. The weekly survey uses directories of charter boats and party/headboats as the sampling frames. These telephone surveys estimate the number of angler-trips on boats included in the sampling frames. Dockside and on-board angler-intercept surveys collect catch data. The total catch of any one species is calculated as the product of the adjusted estimate of total angler trips and the estimated mean catch per trip. Although the FHS produces separate estimates for charter boat and party boats on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, for-hire fishing vessels are not designated by type in California or Puget Sound. This effort methodology was initiated in 2000 on the Gulf coast, in 2001 on the Pacific coast, and in 2005 on the Atlantic coast. FHS numbers are included here for the Atlantic and Gulf coasts and California but not for Puget Sound.

In place of the CHTS, Oregon and Washington conduct ocean boats surveys to produce catch and effort estimates. Oregon's Ocean Recreational BoatSurvey (ORBS) and Washington's Ocean Sampling Program (OSP) consist of a field intercept survey for effort and catch of passenger and private boats. Estimates of mean catch per boat, catch per angler, total angler trips and boat trips are produced for each port inlet or port group stratified by time period, type of boat, type of trip and water area. Catch estimates in numbers of fish and weight are produced for each species of fish.

COVERAGE. In 2006, the recreational fishing statistics program conducted by the NMFS included the Atlantic coast (ME-East FL), Gulf coast (LA-West FL), Puerto Rico and Hawaii. Detailed information and access to the data are available on the Fisheries Statistics web page (www.st.nmfs.gov/st1). Care is advised when comparing catch estimates across an extended time series because of differences in sampling coverage through the years.

In the South Atlantic and Gulf sub-regions (NC- LA) head boat catch data have not been collected since 1985, so estimates for these sub-regions only include charter boats in the for-hire sector. Marine recreational fishing in Texas is monitored by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department and has not been surveyed by the NMFS' survey program since 1985. Prior to 1998, on the Pacific

## U.S. |Marine Recreational Fisheries

coast, ocean boat trips and salmon trips were not sampled during certain waves because they were surveyed by state natural resource agencies. Alaska conducts an annual mail survey in place of the NMFS' program. Harvest, effort and participation data are included, but not available for the current year. West Pacific U.S. territories have not been included in the national survey program since 1981. Hawaii was not surveyed between 1981 and 2002. The U.S. Caribbean was not surveyed between 1981 and 2000. The numbers reported for Washington and Oregon for 2005 \& 2006 include only private boat and for-hire-fisheries. Data from other NMFS and state surveys are not included in this report.

Historically, only about five percent of the annual recreational catch on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts is taken during Wave 1 (Jan/Feb). Costs to sample these months are very high due to low fishing activity. Therefore, in Jan/Feb of 1981 the surveys were not conducted in any region. In 1982, Jan/Feb data collection resumed on the Pacific and Gulf coasts and also on the Atlantic coast of Florida. With a few exceptions the marine recreational statistics program has not collected data in Jan/Feb on the Atlantic coast north of Florida since 1980.

Time periods when the marine recreational statistics program has not been conducted: Nov/Dec (ME \& NH) - 1987 to present; Mar/Apr (ME \& NH) - 1986 to present; Jan/Feb (Northern CA \& OR) - 1994; Jan/Feb (Southern CA \& OR) - 1995 Nov/Dec (OR) - 1994; Nov/Dec (WA shore modes) - 2003; July - Dec (OR shore modes) - 2003; All Waves (CA - WA) - 1990 to 1993, 2004 to present; All Waves (WA) - 1993 to 1994.

DATA TABLES. The estimated harvests (numbers and weight of fish) for the continental U.S. and Hawaii are presented. Numbers of fish harvested and released alive are also presented for many important species groups. Estimated harvests are presented by subregion and primary fishing area: inland [sounds, rivers, bays], state territorial seas [ocean to 3 miles from shore, except for Florida's Gulf coast, where state territorial seas extend to 10 miles from shore], and Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) [ocean from the outer edge of the state territorial seas to 200 miles from shore]. The total numbers of estimated trips and participants are presented by state.

2006 MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHING DATA. In 2006, nearly 13 million anglers made more than 89 million marine recreational fishing trips on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts. The estimated total marine recreational catch was almost 476 million fish, of which 55 percent were released alive. The estimated total weight of harvested catch was 257 million pounds. The Atlantic coast accounted for the majority of trips (more than 61 percent) and catch (over 53 percent). The Gulf coast accounted for nearly 28 percent of trips, and more than 40 percent of the catch. The Pacific coast accounted for almost 7 percent of trips, and 5 percent of the catch. Nationally, most (nearly 59 percent in numbers of fish) of the recreational catch came from inland waters, over 32 percent from state territorial seas, and nearly 9 percent from the EEZ. The majority of Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific trips fished primarily in inland waters.

ATLANTIC. In 2006, nearly 7.8 million residents participated in marine recreational fishing. All participants, including visitors, took nearly 55 million trips and caught a total of 253 million fish. Nearly 24 percent of the trips were made in east Florida, followed by over 13 percent in New Jersey, over 13 percent in North Carolina, nearly 10 percent in New York, almost 9 percent in Massachusetts, 7 percent in Virginia, and almost 7 percent in Maryland. Together, South Carolina, Rhode Island, and Connecticut accounted for almost 11 percent of the trips, and Maine, Delaware, Georgia, and New Hampshire accounted for the remaining percentage. The most commonly caught non-bait species (in numbers of fish) were striped bass, summer flounder, Atlantic croaker, bluefish, and spot. The largest harvests by weight were striped bass, bluefish, summer flounder, dolphinfish, and Atlantic croaker.

From 1997 to 2006, total annual catch of striped bass has averaged almost 19 million fish. Catch increased overall from more than 17 million fish (1997) to almost 29 million fish (2006). From the total catch in 2006 (almost 29 million fish), almost 91 percent were released alive. Annual Atlantic croaker catch has been generally stable. At almost 22 million fish, 2006 Atlantic croaker catch was below the 10-year mean of 23 million. The species most commonly caught on Atlantic coast trips that fished primarily in federally managed waters were black sea

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries

bass, summer flounder, bluefish, dolphinfish, and striped bass. Over 30 percent of the total Atlantic catch came on saltwater trips that fished primarily in the state territorial seas, and over 59 percent came on trips that fished primarily in inland waters.

GULF OF MEXICO. In 2006, 3.6 million residents participated in marine recreational fishing. All participants, including visitors, took nearly 25 million trips and caught almost 193 million fish. About 65 percent of the trips were made in west Florida, followed by 18 percent in Louisiana, almost 9 percent in Alabama, over 4 percent in Texas, and 4 percent in Mississippi. The most commonly caught non-bait species (numbers of fish) were spotted seatrout, red drum, Spanish mackerel, Spanish sardine, and sand seatrout. The largest harvests by weight were for spotted seatrout, red drum, sheepshead, king mackerel, red snapper, and Spanish mackerel.

Annual red snapper catch has fluctuated ranging from a low of almost 2.3 million fish (2000) to a high of 3.6 million fish (2006) with no clear trend. At 3.6 million fish, 2006 red snapper catch was above the 10-year mean of 3 million. From 1997 to 2006, total annual catch of spotted seatrout has averaged more than 27 million fish. Catch increased overall from nearly 25 million fish (1997) to more than 37 million fish (2006). From the total catch in 2006 (more than 37 million fish), almost 56 percent were released alive. The species most commonly caught on Gulf of Mexico trips that fished primarily in federally managed waters were red snapper, gag, red grouper, white grunt, and gray snapper. Nearly 28 percent of the total Gulf catch came on trips that fished primarily in the state territorial seas, and almost 65 percent came on trips that fished primarily in inland waters.

PACIFIC. In 2006, nearly 1.5 million marine recreational fishing participants took 6 million trips and caught a total of nearly 24 million fish. Nearly 95 percent of the trips were made in California, followed by almost 3 percent in Oregon, and more than 2 percent in Washington. The most commonly caught non-bait species (in numbers of fish) were barred surfperch, Pacific sardine, black rockfish, blue rockfish, and kelp bass. By weight, the largest harvests were black rockfish,
lingcod, Pacific halibut, blue rockfish, yellowtail, and albacore.

Over the last ten years, the total annual catch of lingcod increased until 2002 but has decreased in subsequent years. In 2006, lingcod catch (nearly 318,000 fish) was more than 42 percent below the 10-year average of almost 553,000 fish. Annual catch of black rockfish has varied between 595,000 fish and 1.4 million fish over the last ten years, with an average catch of over 1 million fish per year. Of the over 808,000 caught in 2006 , more than 63,000 fish (nearly $8 \%$ ) were released alive. The most commonly caught Pacific coast species in federally managed waters were California scorpionfish, barred sandbass, Pacific bonito, Pacific sanddab, and yellowtail. Almost 81 percent of the total Pacific catch came from trips that fished primarily in the state territorial seas, and almost 18 percent came from trips that fished primarily in inland waters.

ALASKA. In 2005, 492,000 marine recreational fishing participants took 1.5 million trips and caught a total of almost 2.6 million fish. Commonly caught fishes included pacific halibut, rockfishes, lingcod, pacific cod, and the salmons: chinook, chum, coho, pink and sockeye. The most abundantly harvested of the salmons were coho salmon and sockeye salmon. Current year statistics are not available.

HAWAII. In 2006, more than 396,000 marine recreational participants took 2.6 million trips and caught a total of nearly 5.2 million fish. The most commonly caught non-bait species (in numbers of fish) were yellowstripe goatfish, convicttang, bluefin trevally, mackerel scad, and dolphinfish. By weight, the largest harvests were yellowfin tuna, dolphinfish, wahoo, skipjack tuna, bluefin trevally, and giant trevally.

PUERTO RICO. In 2006, 213,000 marine recreational participants took 955,000 trips and caught a total of almost 847,000 fish. The most commonly caught nonbait species (in numbers of fish) were dolphinfish, lane snapper, yellowtail snapper, false pilchard, and redear sardine. By weight, the largest harvests were dolphinfish, king mackerel, crevalle jack, wahoo, little tunny/Atlantic bonito, and lane snapper.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ (2002-2006) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { (thousandsers) } \end{aligned}$ | Thousand | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Total <br> Numbers (thousands) | Thousand |
| Anchovies ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northern Anchovy | 40 | 18 | 1,958 | 72 | 33 | 1,266 | 27 |
| Other Anchovies | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | 406 | 2 |
| Barracudas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific Barracuda | 300 | 136 | 60 | 232 | 105 | 50 | 926 |
| Other Barracudas | 631 | 286 | 95 | 604 | 274 | 110 | 844 |
| Bluefish | 18,431 | 8,360 | 8,902 | 17,273 | 7,835 | 7,833 | 15,483 |
| Smallmouth Bonefish | 60 | 27 | 25 | 232 | 105 | 63 | 140 |
| Cartilaginous Fishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skates/Rays ** | 177 | 80 | 126 | 113 | 51 | 208 | 180 |
| Spiny Dogfish | 6 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 23 |
| Other Sharks ** | 2,296 | 1,041 | 351 | 2,831 | 1,284 | 270 | 1,884 |
| Catfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater Catfishes | 306 | 139 | 266 | 213 | 97 | 162 | 563 |
| Saltwater Catfishes | 1,049 | 476 | 632 | 1,169 | 530 | 736 | 923 |
| Cods And Hakes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Cod | 3,397 | 1,541 | 732 | 1,926 | 874 | 267 | 3,808 |
| Pacific Cod | 31 | 14 | 4 | (1) | (1) | 1 | 22 |
| Pacific Hake | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1 |
| Pacific Tomcod | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Pollock | 726 | 329 | 157 | 763 | 346 | 175 | 621 |
| Red Hake | 180 | 82 | 118 | 140 | 64 | 113 | 73 |
| Walleye Pollock | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Other Cods/Hakes | 1,245 | 565 | 506 | 1,438 | 652 | 379 | 806 |
| Damselfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blackspot Sergeant | 11 | 5 | 45 | 5 | 2 | 39 | 9 |
| Other Damselfishes | 16 | 7 | 57 | 25 | 11 | 117 | 12 |
| Dolphinfishes ** | 14,104 | 6,397 | 1,681 | 16,820 | 7,630 | 1,831 | 15,167 |
| Drums |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Croaker | 10,847 | 4,920 | 12,440 | 9,786 | 4,439 | 11,760 | 9,783 |
| Black Drum | 3,041 | 1,380 | 742 | 4,384 | 1,989 | 1,142 | 3,986 |
| California Corbina | 47 | 21 | 40 | 78 | 35 | 64 | 33 |
| Kingfishes | 3,634 | 1,648 | 6,644 | 2,966 | 1,345 | 5,618 | 2,938 |
| Queenfish | 47 | 21 | 332 | 54 | 25 | 287 | 45 |
| Red Drum | 11,792 | 5,349 | 2,887 | 15,495 | 7,028 | 3,461 | 14,111 |
| Sand Seatrout | 881 | 400 | 1,876 | 1,559 | 707 | 2,760 | 1,370 |
| Silver Perch | 62 | 28 | 371 | 46 | 21 | 309 | 47 |
| Spot | 3,581 | 1,624 | 8,894 | 4,163 | 1,888 | 11,431 | 3,744 |
| Spotted Seatrout | 13,674 | 6,203 | 12,204 | 20,583 | 9,336 | 18,273 | 14,324 |
| Weakfish ** | 1,587 | 720 | 1,504 | 913 | 414 | 743 | 1,297 |
| White Croaker | 116 | 53 | 313 | 80 | 36 | 205 | 130 |
| Other Drum | 417 | 189 | 805 | 443 | 201 | 822 | 508 |
| Eels** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conger Eels | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Moray Eels | - | - | 15 | - | - | 9 | - |
| Other Eels | 3 | 2 | 14 | 18 | 8 | 24 | 9 |
| Hawaiian Flagtail | 69 | 31 | 193 | 75 | 34 | 145 | 88 |
| Flounders |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California Halibut ** | 866 | 393 | 80 | 434 | 197 | 48 | 1,054 |
| Gulf Flounder | 265 | 120 | 163 | 377 | 171 | 163 | 300 |
| Rock Sole | 1 | (1) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 |

[^2]U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  | Average $(2002-2006)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | Numbers (thousands) | pounds | tons | Numbers (thousands) | pounds |
| Sanddabs | 72 | 33 | 472 | 43 | 20 | 194 | 232 |
| Southern Flounder | 1,463 | 664 | 1,003 | 1,671 | 758 | 1,092 | 1,644 |
| Starry Flounder | 13 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 15 |
| Summer Flounder | 10,675 | 4,842 | 4,110 | 11,684 | 5,300 | 4,214 | 10,609 |
| Winter Flounder | 283 | 129 | 246 | 363 | 165 | 309 | 496 |
| Other Flounders ** | 534 | 242 | 91 | 800 | 363 | 141 | 575 |
| Goatfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manybar Goatfish | 17 | 8 | 35 | 42 | 19 | 43 | 22 |
| Whitesaddle Goatfish | - | - | 9 | 8 | 4 | 9 | 18 |
| Yellowstripe Goatfish | (1) | (1) | 322 | 123 | 56 | 723 | 130 |
| Other Goatfishes | 60 | 27 | 81 | 18 | 8 | 37 | 51 |
| Greenlings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kelp Greenling | 29 | 13 | 25 | 37 | 17 | 27 | 90 |
| Lingcod | 1,064 | 483 | 145 | 1,224 | 555 | 154 | 1,585 |
| Other Greenlings | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 13 |
| Grunts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pigfish | 246 | 112 | 726 | 192 | 87 | 533 | 310 |
| White Grunt | 1,798 | 815 | 2,002 | 942 | 427 | 1,052 | 1,788 |
| Other Grunts | 191 | 87 | 750 | 172 | 78 | 544 | 157 |
| Herrings ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific Herring | 1 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 46 | 65 |
| Other Herrings | 921 | 418 | 37,667 | 892 | 405 | 62,901 | 795 |
| Jacks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bigeye Scad | 40 | 18 | 683 | 101 | 46 | 587 | 83 |
| Bigeye Trevally | 1 | (1) | (1) | - | - | - | 3 |
| Blue Runner | 858 | 389 | 993 | 2,934 | 1,331 | 3,252 | 1,827 |
| Bluefin Trevally | 595 | 270 | 182 | 784 | 356 | 133 | 463 |
| Crevalle Jack | 960 | 435 | 538 | 734 | 333 | 543 | 1,049 |
| Florida Pompano | 737 | 334 | 676 | 672 | 305 | 573 | 752 |
| Giant Trevally | 248 | 113 | 35 | 782 | 355 | 49 | 374 |
| Greater Amberjack | 1,770 | 803 | 104 | 1,907 | 865 | 93 | 2,534 |
| Island Jack | 25 | 11 | 15 | 38 | 17 | 19 | 38 |
| Mackerel Scad | 7 | 3 | 44 | 37 | 17 | 225 | 28 |
| Whitemouth Trevally | - | - | - | - | - | - | 41 |
| Yellowtail | 225 | 102 | 15 | 763 | 346 | 74 | 676 |
| Other Jacks | 424 | 192 | 1,328 | 737 | 334 | 1,485 | 639 |
| Mullets ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Striped Mullet | 3 | 1 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 81 | 17 |
| Other Mullets | 2,775 | 1,259 | 7,203 | 3,883 | 1,762 | 9,171 | 3,221 |
| Porgies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pinfishes | 1,598 | 725 | 7,487 | 1,077 | 488 | 7,553 | 2,223 |
| Red Porgy | 125 | 57 | 117 | 154 | 70 | 126 | 128 |
| Scup ** | 2,543 | 1,153 | 2,393 | 2,947 | 1,337 | 2,796 | 4,367 |
| Sheepshead | 7,034 | 3,190 | 2,659 | 5,565 | 2,524 | 1,984 | 6,472 |
| Other Porgies ** | 167 | 76 | 206 | 84 | 38 | 186 | 148 |
| Puffers | 58 | 26 | 248 | 28 | 13 | 92 | 106 |
| Rockfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Rockfish | 2,127 | 965 | 737 | 1,756 | 797 | 745 | 2,122 |
| Blue Rockfish | 455 | 206 | 381 | 770 | 349 | 651 | 634 |
| Bocaccio | 84 | 38 | 38 | 97 | 44 | 38 | 128 |
| Brown Rockfish | 146 | 66 | 92 | 186 | 85 | 139 | 189 |

[^3]U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ (2002-2006) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Total <br> Numbers (thousands) | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Total <br> Numbers (thousands) | Thousand pounds |
| Canary Rockfish | 21 | 10 | 12 | 30 | 14 | 19 | 45 |
| Chilipepper Rockfish | 8 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 22 |
| Copper Rockfish | 124 | 56 | 64 | 127 | 57 | 66 | 104 |
| Gopher Rockfish | 92 | 42 | 106 | 124 | 56 | 134 | 170 |
| Greenspotted Rockfish | 38 | 17 | 41 | 15 | 7 | 18 | 20 |
| Olive Rockfish | 130 | 59 | 86 | 136 | 62 | 85 | 132 |
| Quillback Rockfish | 23 | 10 | 9 | 45 | 21 | 21 | 36 |
| Widow Rockfish | 7 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 15 |
| Yellowtail Rockfish | 88 | 40 | 51 | 106 | 48 | 71 | 131 |
| Other Rockfishes ** | 774 | 351 | 582 | 738 | 335 | 493 | 882 |
| Sablefishes | 3 | 1 | (1) | 5 | 2 | (1) | 18 |
| Scorpionfishes | 61 | 28 | 57 | 104 | 47 | 90 | 155 |
| Sculpins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cabezon | 162 | 73 | 34 | 125 | 56 | 26 | 181 |
| Other Sculpins | 1 | (1) | 10 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 4 |
| Sea Basses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barred Sand Bass | 605 | 274 | 369 | 261 | 118 | 175 | 1,333 |
| Black Sea Bass | 2,785 | 1,263 | 2,282 | 2,846 | 1,291 | 2,422 | 3,529 |
| Epinephelus Groupers** | 1,879 | 852 | 398 | 1,718 | 779 | 218 | 2,177 |
| Groupers | 11 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 10 |
| Kelp Bass | 284 | 129 | 190 | 288 | 131 | 194 | 566 |
| Mycteroperca Groupers ** | 4,342 | 1,970 | 587 | 2,825 | 1,282 | 376 | 4,314 |
| Spotted Sand Bass | 51 | 23 | 40 | 28 | 13 | 22 | 48 |
| Other Sea Basses | 185 | 84 | 545 | 152 | 69 | 519 | 149 |
| Sea Chubs ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halfmoon | 20 | 9 | 27 | 26 | 12 | 37 | 52 |
| Highfin Rudderfish | - | - | 25 | - | - | 39 | 114 |
| Opaleye | 32 | 14 | 70 | 30 | 14 | 57 | 40 |
| Other Sea Chubs | 9 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 33 | 31 |
| Searobins | 70 | 32 | 193 | 33 | 15 | 123 | 102 |
| Silversides |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jacksmelt | 245 | 111 | 564 | 418 | 190 | 1,104 | 246 |
| Other Silversides | 20 | 9 | 376 | 45 | 20 | 567 | 25 |
| Smelts ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surf Smelt | 1 | (1) | 7 | 4 | 2 | 30 | 92 |
| Other Smelts | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | (1) |
| Snappers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blacktail Snapper | - | - | 25 | 4 | 2 | 33 | 8 |
| Bluestripe Snapper | 78 | 35 | 100 | 6 | 3 | 47 | 35 |
| Gray Snapper | 2,481 | 1,126 | 1,464 | 2,593 | 1,176 | 1,486 | 2,402 |
| Green Jobfish | 242 | 110 | 36 | 89 | 40 | 21 | 148 |
| Lane Snapper | 297 | 135 | 418 | 223 | 101 | 269 | 278 |
| Pink Snapper | 107 | 48 | 24 | 48 | 22 | 28 | 185 |
| Red Snapper | 3,584 | 1,626 | 933 | 3,477 | 1,577 | 1,081 | 4,092 |
| Vermilion Snapper | 610 | 277 | 611 | 813 | 369 | 668 | 638 |
| Yellowtail Snapper | 474 | 215 | 473 | 503 | 228 | 533 | 490 |
| Other Snappers ** | 615 | 279 | 299 | 975 | 442 | 397 | 775 |
| Squirrel/Soldierfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bigscale Soldierfish | 4 | 2 | 25 | 1 | (1) | 6 | 3 |
| Squirrel Fishes | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Whitetip Soldierfish | - | - | 38 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 4 |

[^4]U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  | Average $(2002-2006)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | Numbers <br> (thousands) | pounds | tons | Numbers <br> (thousands) | pounds |
| Other Soldierfishes | - | - | 8 | - | - | 14 | (1) |
| Sturgeons | 45 | 20 | 3 | 49 | 22 | 2 | 353 |
| Surfperches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barred Surfperch | 184 | 83 | 307 | 366 | 166 | 611 | 230 |
| Black Perch | 86 | 39 | 145 | 82 | 37 | 130 | 61 |
| Pile Perch | 7 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 19 |
| Redtail Surfperch | 29 | 13 | 27 | 37 | 17 | 35 | 50 |
| Shiner Perch | 19 | 8 | 257 | 12 | 5 | 186 | 12 |
| Silver Surfperch | 3 | 1 | 12 | 13 | 6 | 24 | 7 |
| Striped Seaperch | 39 | 17 | 44 | 16 | 7 | 14 | 47 |
| Walleye Surfperch | 45 | 20 | 202 | 34 | 15 | 157 | 33 |
| White Seaperch | 18 | 8 | 22 | 11 | 5 | 32 | 10 |
| Other Surfperches | 28 | 13 | 67 | 31 | 14 | 83 | 40 |
| Surgeonfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Convict Tang | 118 | 53 | 417 | 74 | 33 | 420 | 66 |
| Goldring Sureonfish | 2 | 1 | 108 | 4 | 2 | 111 | 3 |
| Unicornfishes | 12 | 5 | 30 | 3 | 1 | 22 | 9 |
| Other Surgeonfishes | 27 | 12 | 87 | 8 | 3 | 44 | 36 |
| Temperate Basses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Striped Bass | 26,334 | 11,945 | 2,469 | 29,772 | 13,505 | 2,745 | 25,174 |
| White Perch | 1,107 | 502 | 2,672 | 1,142 | 518 | 3,037 | 967 |
| Other Temperate Basses | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | (1) |
| Toadfishes | 1 | (1) | 20 | (1) | (1) | 7 | 1 |
| Triggerfishes/Filefishes | 992 | 450 | 514 | 625 | 284 | 322 | 932 |
| Tunas And Mackerels |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 13 |
| Atlantic Mackerel | 2,278 | 1,033 | 3,131 | 3,600 | 1,633 | 4,851 | 2,319 |
| Chub Mackerel | 907 | 412 | 1,647 | 1,398 | 634 | 3,512 | 896 |
| Kawakawa | 17 | 8 | 10 | 59 | 27 | 6 | 20 |
| King Mackerel ** | 5,682 | 2,577 | 691 | 8,475 | 3,844 | 1,031 | 7,331 |
| Little Tunny/Atl. Bonito ** | 1,079 | 489 | 181 | 2,152 | 976 | 267 | 1,855 |
| Pacific Bonito ** | 117 | 53 | 71 | 658 | 299 | 297 | 349 |
| Skipjack Tuna | 1,611 | 731 | 302 | 1,479 | 671 | 201 | 1,908 |
| Spanish Mackerel | 3,254 | 1,476 | 2,278 | 4,063 | 1,843 | 2,777 | 4,260 |
| Wahoo | 1,123 | 509 | 54 | 1,545 | 701 | 62 | 1,760 |
| Yellowfin Tuna | 4,513 | 2,047 | 231 | 6,639 | 3,012 | 124 | 6,807 |
| Other Tunas/Mackerels ** | 14,326 | 6,498 | 616 | 14,818 | 6,721 | 727 | 15,057 |
| Wrasses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California Sheephead | 50 | 23 | 19 | 56 | 25 | 23 | 97 |
| Cunner | 25 | 11 | 112 | 9 | 4 | 14 | 37 |
| Hawaiian Hogfish | 14 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Razorfishes | 158 | 72 | 187 | 84 | 38 | 129 | 144 |
| Tautog | 2,372 | 1,076 | 613 | 4,037 | 1,831 | 1,049 | 3,588 |
| Other Wrasses | 234 | 106 | 180 | 117 | 53 | 109 | 194 |
| Other Fishes ** | 12,164 | 5,517 | 4,307 | 7,095 | 3,218 | 4,833 | 11,130 |
| Grand Total | 233,895 | 106,093 | 172,382 | 257,148 | 116,640 | 213,493 | 251,768 |

NOTES: (1) Number or pounds less than 1,000 or less than 1 metric ton.
** Fish included in these groups are not equivalent to those with similar names listed in the commercial tables.
Texas harvest is estimated by numbers only (no weight) and includes only private and for-hire fisheries.
Alaska data not included.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY DISTANCE FROM SHORE AND SPECIES GROUP, 2006

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Grand Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { to } 3 \text { miles }(2,3) \\ \text { (State Territorial Sea) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 3 to 200 miles(Exclusive Economic Zone) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousand | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Total(thousbersNums) | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }} \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Metric } \\ & \text { tons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { Total } \\ \text { (thousbers } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Thousand | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Total(thousbersNums) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anchovies ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northern Anchovy | 13 | 6 | 430 | 59 | 27 | 836 |  |  |  | 72 | 33 | 1,266 |
| Other Anchovies |  |  |  | - | - | 406 |  |  | - |  | - | 406 |
| Barracudas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific Barracuda | 2 | 1 | 2 | 168 | 76 | 35 | 62 | 28 | 12 | 232 | 105 | 50 |
| Other Barracudas | 41 | 19 | 9 | 220 | 100 | 63 | 342 | 155 | 37 | 604 | 274 | 110 |
| Bluefish | 9,819 | 4,454 | 4,170 | 6,226 | 2,824 | 2,925 | 1,228 | 557 | 739 | 17,273 | 7,835 | 7,833 |
| Smallmouth Bonefish | 9 | 4 | 7 | 206 | 93 | 54 | 17 | 8 | 3 | 232 | 105 | 63 |
| Cartilaginous Fishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skates/Rays ** | 33 | 15 | 85 | 80 | 36 | 119 |  |  | 5 | 113 | 51 | 208 |
| Spiny Dogfish | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 8 | 4 |  |
| Other Sharks ** | 386 | 175 | 85 | 1,607 | 729 | 89 | 837 | 380 | 97 | 2,831 | 1,284 | 270 |
| Catishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater Catishes | 213 | 97 | 162 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 213 | 97 | 162 |
| Saltwater Catishes | 809 | 367 | 482 | 357 | 162 | 252 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1,169 | 530 | 736 |
| Cods And Hakes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Cod | 15 | 7 | 3 | 166 | 76 | 42 | 1,745 | 792 | 222 | 1,926 | 874 | 267 |
| Pacific Cod | - | - | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1 | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | 1 |
| Pacific Hake | - |  |  | (1) | (1) | (1) |  |  | - | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Pacific Tomcod |  |  |  | (1) | (1) | (1) |  |  | - | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Pollock | 195 | 88 | 74 | 42 | 19 | 23 | 525 | 238 | 78 | 763 | 346 | 175 |
| Red Hake | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4 | 140 | 63 | 109 | 140 | 64 | 113 |
| Other Cods/Hakes | (1) | (1) | 6 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 1,432 | 649 | 366 | 1,438 | 652 | 379 |
| Damselfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blackspot Sergeant | - | - | - | 5 | 2 | 39 |  |  | - | 5 | 2 | 39 |
| Other Damselfishes | 8 | 3 | 31 | 18 | 8 | 86 |  |  |  | 25 | 11 | 117 |
| Dolphinfishes ** | - | - | - | 1,779 | 807 | 182 | 15,042 | 6,823 | 1,649 | 16,820 | 7,630 | 1,831 |
| Drums |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Croaker | 9,300 | 4,219 | 11,012 | 321 | 145 | 546 | 165 | 75 | 202 | 9,786 | 4,439 | 11,760 |
| Black Drum | 3,827 | 1,736 | 806 | 546 | 248 | 332 | 11 | 5 | 4 | 4,384 | 1,989 | 1,142 |
| California Corbina |  | 1 | 1 | 76 | 35 | 62 |  |  |  | 78 | 35 | 64 |
| Kingfishes | 1,328 | 602 | 2,370 | 1,595 | 724 | 3,171 | 42 | 19 | 77 | 2,966 | 1,345 | 5,618 |
| Queenfish | 2 | 1 | 14 | 52 | 24 | 272 |  |  |  | 54 | 25 | 287 |
| Red Drum | 13,204 | 5,989 | 3,083 | 1,998 | 906 | 344 | 293 | 133 | 34 | 15,495 | 7,028 | 3,461 |
| Sand Seatrout | 1,182 | 536 | 2,181 | 343 | 155 | 538 | 35 | 16 | 40 | 1,559 | 707 | 2,760 |
| Silver Perch | 37 | 17 | 166 | 9 | 4 | 143 |  |  |  | 46 | 21 | 309 |
| Spot | 2,611 | 1,184 | 6,857 | 1,545 | 701 | 4,557 | 7 | 3 | 17 | 4,163 | 1,888 | 11,431 |
| Spotted Seatrout | 17,198 | 7,801 | 15,827 | 3,101 | 1,407 | 2,246 | 284 | 129 | 200 | 20,583 | 9,336 | 18,273 |
| Weakfish** | 740 | 336 | 596 | 151 | 68 | 133 | 22 | 10 | 14 | 913 | 414 | 743 |
| White Croaker | 16 | 7 | 41 | 62 | 28 | 159 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 80 | 36 | 205 |

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries-

U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY DISTANCE FROM SHORE AND SPECIES GROUP, 2006

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Grand Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland |  |  | 0 to 3 miles $(2,3)$(State Territorial Sea) |  |  | 3 to 200 miles(Exclusive Economic Zone) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Metric } \\ & \text { tons } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }}$ (thousands) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Thousand } \\ \text { pounds } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }}$ (thousands) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | Total (thousbers Nous) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { pounds } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\underbrace{\text { Numbers }}_{\text {(thousbends) }}}$ |
| Other Drum | 78 | 35 | 205 | 365 | 166 | 616 | 1 | (1) |  | 443 | 201 | 822 |
| Eels ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conger Eels | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Moray Eels | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| Other Eels | 14 | 6 | 20 | 1 | (1) | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 8 | 24 |
| Hawaiian Flagtail | 2 | 1 | 9 | 74 | 33 | 136 | - | - | - | 75 | 34 | 145 |
| Flounders |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California Halibut ** | 128 | 58 | 13 | 304 | 138 | 34 | 2 | 1 | (1) | 434 | 197 | 48 |
| Gulf Flounder | 112 | 51 | 70 | 63 | 29 | 51 | 202 | 91 | 41 | 377 | 171 | 163 |
| Rock Sole | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Sanddabs | 9 | 4 | 41 | 28 | 13 | 130 | 6 | 3 | 23 | 43 | 20 | 194 |
| Southern Flounder | 1,272 | 577 | 892 | 363 | 165 | 181 | 36 | 16 | 19 | 1,671 | 758 | 1,092 |
| Starry Flounder | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | (1) | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Summer Flounder | 6,300 | 2,858 | 2,454 | 3,836 | 1,740 | 1,365 | 1,547 | 702 | 395 | 11,684 | 5,300 | 4,214 |
| Winter Flounder | 277 | 126 | 229 | 83 | 38 | 79 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 363 | 165 | 309 |
| Other Flounders ** | 9 | 4 | 73 | 790 | 358 | 66 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 800 | 363 | 141 |
| Goatfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manybar Goatfish | 5 | 2 | 9 | 36 | 16 | 30 | (1) | (1) | 4 | 42 | 19 | 43 |
| Whitesaddle Goattish | - | - | - | 8 | 4 | 9 | - | - | (1) | 8 | 4 | 9 |
| Yellowstripe Goatfish | 53 | 24 | 151 | 70 | 32 | 566 | - | - | 6 | 123 | 56 | 723 |
| Other Goatfishes | - | - | - | 18 | 8 | 31 | - | - | 6 | 18 | 8 | 37 |
| Greenlings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kelp Greenling | 5 | 2 | 3 | 32 | 15 | 24 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 37 | 17 | 27 |
| Lingcod | 26 | 12 | 3 | 1,191 | 540 | 150 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1,224 | 555 | 154 |
| Other Greenlings | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Grunts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pigfish | 158 | 72 | 443 | 31 | 14 | 80 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 192 | 87 | 533 |
| White Grunt | 49 | 22 | 60 | 259 | 117 | 318 | 635 | 288 | 674 | 942 | 427 | 1,052 |
| Other Grunts | 68 | 31 | 152 | 65 | 30 | 217 | 39 | 18 | 175 | 172 | 78 | 544 |
| Herrings ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific Herring | 7 | 3 | 46 | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - | 7 | 3 | 46 |
| Other Herrings | 487 | 221 | 39,112 | 232 | 105 | 19,590 | 173 | 79 | 4,199 | 892 | 405 | 62,901 |
| Jacks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bigeye Scad | 81 | 37 | 430 | 12 | 5 | 97 | 8 | 4 | 60 | 101 | 46 | 587 |
| Blue Runner | 121 | 55 | 168 | 2,582 | 1,171 | 2,859 | 230 | 104 | 225 | 2,934 | 1,331 | 3,252 |
| Bluefin Trevally | 20 | 9 | 11 | 759 | 344 | 120 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 784 | 356 | 133 |
| Crevalle Jack | 425 | 193 | 292 | 297 | 135 | 239 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 734 | 333 | 543 |
| Florida Pompano | 186 | 85 | 110 | 482 | 219 | 462 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 672 | 305 | 573 |
| Giant Trevally | 84 | 38 | 6 | 663 | 301 | 42 | 35 | 16 | 2 | 782 | 355 | 49 |
| Greater Amberjack | - | - | - | 98 | 44 | 5 | 1,810 | 821 | 88 | 1,907 | 865 | 93 |

[^5]U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY DISTANCE FROM SHORE AND SPECIES GROUP, 2006

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Grand Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland |  |  | 0 to 3 miles $(2,3)$(State Territorial Sea) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \text { to } 200 \text { miles } \\ \text { (Exclusive Economic Zone) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand | Metric | Total | Thousand | Metric | Total |
|  | pounds | tons | $\frac{\text { (thousbers }}{\text { (thos) }}$ | pounds | tons | Numbers (thousands) | pounds | tons | $\frac{\text { (thousbers }}{\text { (thous) }}$ | pounds | tons | $\underset{\text { (thousands) }}{\text { Numbers }}$ |
| Island Jack | 6 | 3 |  | 29 | 13 | 15 | 2 | 1 |  | 38 | 17 | 19 |
| Mackerel Scad | 3 | 1 | 17 | 19 | 9 | 51 | 15 | 7 | 156 | 37 | 17 | 225 |
| Yellowtail |  |  |  | 622 | 282 | 62 | 141 | 64 | 12 | 763 | 346 | 74 |
| Other Jacks | 59 | 27 | 101 | 229 | 104 | 942 | 449 | 204 | 442 | 737 | 334 | 1,485 |
| Mullets ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Striped Mullet | 2 | 1 | 75 | - |  | 6 | - |  |  | 2 | 1 | 81 |
| Other Mullets | 3,229 | 1,464 | 7,225 | 619 | 281 | 1,768 | 36 | 16 | 178 | 3,883 | 1,762 | 9,171 |
| Porgies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pinfishes | 568 | 258 | 4,189 | 393 | 178 | 2,818 | 116 | 53 | 546 | 1,077 | 488 | 7,553 |
| Red Porgy |  |  |  | 9 | 4 |  | 144 | 65 | 117 | 154 | 70 | 126 |
| Scup ** | 2,045 | 928 | 1,855 | 764 | 346 | 783 | 139 | 63 | 158 | 2,947 | 1,337 | 2,796 |
| Sheepshead | 3,627 | 1,645 | 1,398 | 1,622 | 736 | 519 | 316 | 143 | 67 | 5,565 | 2,524 | 1,984 |
| Other Porgies ** | 5 | 2 | 50 | 47 | 21 | 81 | 32 | 14 | 56 | 84 | 38 | 186 |
| Puffers | 17 | 8 | 45 | 11 | 5 | 47 | (1) | (1) | 1 | 28 | 13 | 92 |
| Rockfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black Rockfish | 110 | 50 | 38 | 1,646 | 746 | 706 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1,756 | 797 | 745 |
| Blue Rockfish | 2 | 1 | 1 | 768 | 348 | 649 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 770 | 349 | 651 |
| Bocaccio | (1) | (1) | (1) | 79 | 36 | 30 | 17 | 8 | 8 | 97 | 44 | 38 |
| Brown Rockfish | 5 | 2 | 6 | 177 | 80 | 129 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 186 | 85 | 139 |
| Canary Rockfish | 2 | 1 | (1) | 28 | 13 | 18 | - |  |  | 30 | 14 | 19 |
| Chilipepper Rockish | - | - |  | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | (1) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Copper Rockfish | 3 | 1 | , | 121 | 55 | 64 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 127 | 57 | 66 |
| Gopher Rockfish | 1 | (1) | 1 | 123 | 56 | 133 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 124 | 56 | 134 |
| Greenspotted Rockfish | - | - |  | 11 | 5 | 14 | 4 | 2 | , | 15 | 7 | 18 |
| Olive Rockfish | - | - |  | 134 | 61 | 84 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 136 | 62 | 85 |
| Quillback Rockfish | 3 | 1 | 1 | 42 | 19 | 19 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 45 | 21 | 21 |
| Widow Rockfish |  |  |  | 9 | 4 | 6 | 1 | (1) | 1 | 9 | 4 | 6 |
| Yellowtail Rockfish | 6 | 3 | 2 | 99 | 45 | 69 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 106 | 48 | 71 |
| Other Rockfishes ** | 15 | 7 | 16 | 698 | 316 | 450 | 26 | 12 | 27 | 738 | 335 | 493 |
| Sablefishes | - | - | - | 5 | 2 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | 5 | 2 | (1) |
| Scorpionfishes | 2 | 1 | 3 | 60 | 27 | 53 | 42 | 19 | 34 | 104 | 47 | 90 |
| Sculpins |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cabezon | 5 | 2 | 1 | 119 | 54 | 25 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 125 | 56 | 26 |
| Other Sculpins | (1) | (1) | 15 | (1) | (1) | 2 | 1 | (1) | (1) | 2 | 1 | 18 |
| Sea Basses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barred Sand Bass | 24 | 11 | 18 | 192 | 87 | 127 | 44 | 20 | 30 | 261 | 118 | 175 |
| Black Sea Bass | 208 | 94 | 219 | 597 | 271 | 426 | 2,041 | 926 | 1,778 | 2,846 | 1,291 | 2,422 |
| Epinephelus Groupers ** |  | - |  | 68 | 31 | 24 | 1,650 | 748 | 195 | 1,718 | 779 | 218 |
| Groupers | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 8 | 3 | 4 |
| Kelp Bass | 4 | 2 | 5 | 278 | 126 | 185 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 288 | 131 | 194 |

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries

U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY DISTANCE FROM SHORE AND SPECIES GROUP, 2006

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Grand Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland |  |  | 0 to 3 miles $(2,3)$(State Territorial Sea) |  |  | 3 to 200 miles(Exclusive Economic Zone) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Total (thousands) | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }}$ (thousands) | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Total <br> Numbers <br> (thousands) | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Total <br> (thousbers(thos) |
| Mycteroperca Groupers ** | 152 | 69 | 21 | 320 | 145 | 48 | 2,354 | 1,068 | 306 | 2,825 | 1,282 | 376 |
| Spotted Sand Bass | 16 | 7 | 13 | 12 | 5 | 9 | - | - | - | 28 | 13 | 22 |
| Other Sea Basses | 25 | 11 | 96 | 70 | 32 | 260 | 57 | 26 | 163 | 152 | 69 | 519 |
| Sea Chubs ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halfmoon | 1 | 1 | 2 | 25 | 11 | 35 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 26 | 12 | 37 |
| Highfin Rudderfish | - | - | 2 | - | - | 37 |  | - | - | - | - | 39 |
| Opaleye | 6 | 3 | 9 | 24 | 11 | 48 | - | - | - | 30 | 14 | 57 |
| Other Sea Chubs | (1) | (1) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 29 | - | - | (1) | 2 | 1 | 33 |
| Searobins | 27 | 12 | 93 | 6 | 3 | 23 | (1) | (1) | 7 | 33 | 15 | 123 |
| Silversides |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jacksmelt | 264 | 120 | 708 | 155 | 70 | 396 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 418 | 190 | 1,104 |
| Other Silversides | 22 | 10 | 276 | 23 | 10 | 290 | - | - | - | 45 | 20 | 567 |
| Smelts ** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surf Smelt | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4 | 2 | 30 | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 30 |
| Other Smelts | - | - | ) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Snappers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blacktail Snapper | 4 | 2 | 23 | - | - | 7 | - | - | 3 | 4 | 2 | 33 |
| Bluestripe Snapper | 1 | (1) | 2 | 5 | 2 | 41 | (1) | (1) | 3 | 6 | 3 | 47 |
| Gray Snapper | 810 | 368 | 771 | 406 | 184 | 329 | 1,376 | 624 | 387 | 2,593 | 1,176 | 1,486 |
| Green Jobfish | 9 | 4 | 1 | 63 | 29 | 17 | 18 | 8 | 3 | 89 | 40 | 21 |
| Lane Snapper | 18 | 8 | 28 | 98 | 45 | 138 | 106 | 48 | 103 | 223 | 101 | 269 |
| Pink Snapper | - | - | - | 28 | 13 | 9 | 21 | 9 | 18 | 48 | 22 | 28 |
| Red Snapper | 33 | 15 | 12 | 523 | 237 | 189 | 2,921 | 1,325 | 881 | 3,477 | 1,577 | 1,081 |
| Vermilion Snapper | - | - | - | 35 | 16 | 35 | 778 | 353 | 633 | 813 | 369 | 668 |
| Yellowtail Snapper | 56 | 25 | 72 | 198 | 90 | 220 | 248 | 113 | 241 | 503 | 228 | 533 |
| Other Snappers ** | 48 | 22 | 22 | 662 | 300 | 280 | 266 | 121 | 95 | 975 | 442 | 397 |
| Squirrel/Soldierfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bigscale Soldierfish | 1 | (1) | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | (1) | 6 |
| Squirrel Fishes | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Whitetip Soldierfish | - | - | - | 5 | 2 | 6 | - | - | 4 | 5 | 2 | 10 |
| Other Soldierfishes | - | - | - | - | - | 14 | - | - | - | - | - | 14 |
| Sturgeons | 49 | 22 | 2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - | 49 | 22 | 2 |
| Surfperches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barred Surfperch | 8 | 4 | 14 | 358 | 162 | 597 | - | - | - | 366 | 166 | 611 |
| Black Perch | 57 | 26 | 96 | 24 | 11 | 34 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 82 | 37 | 130 |
| Pile Perch | 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 5 | - | - | - | 9 | 4 | 8 |
| Redtail Surfperch | 3 | 1 | 2 | 34 | 16 | 33 | - | - | - | 37 | 17 | 35 |
| Shiner Perch | 6 | 3 | 88 | 6 | 3 | 98 | - | - | - | 12 | 5 | 186 |
| Silver Surfperch | (1) | (1) | (1) | 13 | 6 | 24 | - | - | - | 13 | 6 | 24 |
| Striped Seaperch | 2 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 6 | 12 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 16 | 7 | 14 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries

U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1), BY DISTANCE FROM SHORE AND SPECIES GROUP, 2006

| Species | Distance from U.S. shores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Grand Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland |  |  | 0 to 3 miles $(2,3)$(State Territorial Sea) |  |  | 3 to 200 miles(Exclusive Economic Zone) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousand | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Metric } \\ \text { tons } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }}$ (thousands) | Thousand | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{\text { Total }}{\text { Numbers }} \\ \text { (thousands) } \end{gathered}$ | Thousand | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Total }}{\text { (thousands) }}$ | Thousand | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Total Numbers (thousands) |
| Walleye Surfperch | 4 | 2 | 19 | 30 | 14 | 137 | - | - | - | 34 | 15 | 157 |
| White Seaperch | 6 | 3 | 14 | 5 | 2 | 18 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 11 | 5 | 32 |
| Other Surfperches | 12 | 6 | 24 | 19 | 8 | 59 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 31 | 14 | 83 |
| Surgeonfishes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Convict Tang | - | - | - | 74 | 33 | 420 | - | - | - | 74 | 33 | 420 |
| Goldring Sureonfish | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 111 | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 111 |
| Unicornfishes | - | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | 19 | - | - | (1) | 3 | 1 | 22 |
| Other Surgeonfishes | 4 | 2 | 12 | 4 | 2 | 32 | - | - | (1) | 8 | 3 | 44 |
| Temperate Basses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Striped Bass | 14,423 | 6,542 | 1,689 | 13,664 | 6,198 | 915 | 1,686 | 765 | 141 | 29,772 | 13,505 | 2,745 |
| White Perch | 1,141 | 518 | 3,031 | 1 | 1 | 6 | - | - | - | 1,142 | 518 | 3,037 |
| Other Temperate Basses |  | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Toadfishes | (1) | (1) | 5 | (1) | (1) | 2 | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | 7 |
| Triggerfishes/Filefishes | 22 | 10 | 11 | 199 | 90 | 106 | 405 | 184 | 205 | 625 | 284 | 322 |
| Tunas And Mackerels |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Mackerel | 942 | 427 | 1,350 | 2,160 | 980 | 2,845 | 498 | 226 | 655 | 3,600 | 1,633 | 4,851 |
| Chub Mackerel | 107 | 49 | 282 | 1,287 | 584 | 3,222 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 1,398 | 634 | 3,512 |
| Kawakawa | - | - | - | 3 | 2 |  | 55 | 25 | 5 | 59 | 27 | 6 |
| King Mackerel ** | 669 | 303 | 119 | 2,720 | 1,234 | 356 | 5,086 | 2,307 | 557 | 8,475 | 3,844 | 1,031 |
| Little Tunny/Atl. Bonito ** | 53 | 24 | 6 | 953 | 432 | 119 | 1,146 | 520 | 141 | 2,152 | 976 | 267 |
| Pacific Bonito ** | 19 | 9 | 10 | 614 | 278 | 278 | 26 | 12 | 9 | 658 | 299 | 297 |
| Skipjack Tuna | 6 | 3 | 1 | 129 | 58 | 20 | 1,344 | 610 | 180 | 1,479 | 671 | 201 |
| Spanish Mackerel | 1,058 | 480 | 742 | 2,460 | 1,116 | 1,750 | 545 | 247 | 285 | 4,063 | 1,843 | 2,777 |
| Wahoo | 27 | 12 | 1 | 364 | 165 | 16 | 1,154 | 524 | 45 | 1,545 | 701 | 62 |
| Yellowfin Tuna | 15 | 7 | (1) | 113 | 51 | 4 | 6,512 | 2,954 | 119 | 6,639 | 3,012 | 124 |
| Other Tunas/Mackerels ** | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1,180 | 535 | 110 | 13,632 | 6,183 | 615 | 14,818 | 6,721 | 727 |
| Wrasses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California Sheephead | - | - | - | 50 | 23 | 21 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 56 | 25 | 23 |
| Cunner | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 11 | 9 | 4 | 14 |
| Hawaiian Hogfish | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Razorfishes | - | - | 1 | 78 | 35 | 114 | 5 | 2 | 14 | 84 | 38 | 129 |
| Tautog | 2,567 | 1,165 | 678 | 779 | 353 | 188 | 690 | 313 | 183 | 4,037 | 1,831 | 1,049 |
| Other Wrasses | 2 | 1 | 15 | 50 | 23 | 60 | 66 | 30 | 34 | 117 | 53 | 109 |
| Other Fishes ** | 1,543 | 700 | 2,767 | 2,845 | 1,290 | 1,505 | 2,708 | 1,228 | 561 | 7,095 | 3,218 | 4,833 |
| Grand Total | 105,166 | 47,703 | 121,946 | 76,031 | 34,487 | 71,237 | 75,951 | 34,451 | 20,309 | 257,148 | 116,640 | 213,493 |

[^6](3) Includes all Oregon harvest (where distance from shore is unknown).
${ }_{* *}$ Fish included in these groups are not equivalent to those with similar names listed in the commercial tables.
Texas harvest is estimated by numbers only (no weight) and includes only private and for-hire fisheries. Alaska data not included.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1) AND TOTAL LIVE RELEASES (B2), BY SPECIES GROUP, 1997-2006

| Year | Barracudas |  |  | Bluefish |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 3,419 | 536 | 912 | 14,559 | 5,585 | 7,609 |
| 1998 | 3,221 | 600 | 1,150 | 12,778 | 4,430 | 5,340 |
| 1999 | 3,180 | 562 | 869 | 8,612 | 3,856 | 8,022 |
| 2000 | 2,572 | 526 | 912 | 10,945 | 5,048 | 11,594 |
| 2001 | 2,422 | 490 | 853 | 13,930 | 7,016 | 14,142 |
| 2002 | 2,862 | 570 | 1,190 | 11,752 | 5,495 | 10,273 |
| 2003 | 2,181 | 409 | 725 | 13,525 | 6,243 | 9,461 |
| 2004 | 2,037 | 377 | 601 | 16,433 | 7,521 | 12,326 |
| 2005 | 931 | 154 | 325 | 18,431 | 8,902 | 14,034 |
| 2006 | 836 | 160 | 307 | 17,273 | 7,833 | 13,707 |
| Year | Cartilaginous Fishes |  |  | Catfishes |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 4,050 | 574 | 6,794 | 1,886 | 923 | 8,573 |
| 1998 | 3,312 | 546 | 6,805 | 1,663 | 988 | 7,961 |
| 1999 | 3,109 | 358 | 6,182 | 998 | 725 | 7,703 |
| 2000 | 3,765 | 570 | 8,871 | 1,470 | 951 | 11,331 |
| 2001 | 2,544 | 546 | 11,640 | 1,149 | 772 | 12,271 |
| 2002 | 1,718 | 458 | 9,863 | 925 | 719 | 9,943 |
| 2003 | 1,832 | 420 | 12,306 | 2,141 | 1,457 | 13,562 |
| 2004 | 1,458 | 360 | 12,116 | 1,627 | 876 | 12,257 |
| 2005 | 2,479 | 479 | 13,723 | 1,355 | 897 | 12,596 |
| 2006 | 2,952 | 480 | 13,306 | 1,383 | 898 | 12,347 |
| Year | Cods And Hakes |  |  | Dolphinfishes |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 3,652 | 1,042 | 782 | 22,796 | 2,291 | 232 |
| 1998 | 3,551 | 849 | 1,049 | 11,923 | 1,876 | 186 |
| 1999 | 2,978 | 781 | 974 | 13,413 | 2,083 | 217 |
| 2000 | 6,501 | 1,507 | 2,062 | 18,044 | 2,649 | 310 |
| 2001 | 9,010 | 1,702 | 2,367 | 17,861 | 2,224 | 311 |
| 2002 | 5,752 | 1,036 | 1,624 | 14,797 | 1,825 | 142 |
| 2003 | 5,926 | 1,102 | 1,760 | 14,939 | 2,088 | 272 |
| 2004 | 5,137 | 1,282 | 1,303 | 15,177 | 1,710 | 179 |
| 2005 | 5,579 | 1,517 | 2,055 | 14,104 | 1,681 | 322 |
| 2006 | 4,268 | 936 | 1,180 | 16,820 | 1,831 | 348 |

See footnotes at end of table.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1) AND TOTAL LIVE RELEASES (B2), BY SPECIES GROUP, 1997-2006

| Year | Drums |  |  | Flounders |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\substack{\text { Released } \\ \text { (thousands) }}}$ (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\text { Released }}$ (thousands) |
| 1997 | 45,157 | 42,184 | 51,395 | 16,972 | 10,352 | 16,850 |
| 1998 | 41,683 | 38,568 | 44,496 | 16,619 | 9,287 | 19,215 |
| 1999 | 44,505 | 41,934 | 50,438 | 12,908 | 6,629 | 19,855 |
| 2000 | 61,041 | 51,027 | 63,757 | 22,870 | 11,827 | 21,998 |
| 2001 | 56,748 | 51,947 | 50,790 | 16,991 | 8,524 | 27,178 |
| 2002 | 45,659 | 41,412 | 51,551 | 13,221 | 8,820 | 17,204 |
| 2003 | 52,789 | 47,638 | 58,599 | 16,702 | 7,464 | 18,848 |
| 2004 | 52,849 | 48,523 | 55,902 | 15,195 | 7,258 | 19,365 |
| 2005 | 49,729 | 49,051 | 64,594 | 14,172 | 6,174 | 25,548 |
| 2006 | 60,550 | 56,875 | 68,708 | 15,376 | 6,165 | 20,708 |
| Year | Greenlings |  |  | Grunts |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 1,062 | 299 | 244 | 2,597 | 4,559 | 6,798 |
| 1998 | 1,410 | 271 | 299 | 1,904 | 3,436 | 5,805 |
| 1999 | 1,516 | 270 | 249 | 2,038 | 3,259 | 7,210 |
| 2000 | 1,494 | 323 | 551 | 2,333 | 3,918 | 6,471 |
| 2001 | 1,189 | 294 | 593 | 3,345 | 4,847 | 8,647 |
| 2002 | 2,461 | 474 | 1,174 | 2,765 | 4,448 | 6,803 |
| 2003 | 2,938 | 529 | 863 | 2,581 | 4,200 | 6,912 |
| 2004 | 680 | 114 | 260 | 2,388 | 3,503 | 6,896 |
| 2005 | 1,095 | 171 | 198 | 2,235 | 3,478 | 4,568 |
| 2006 | 1,265 | 183 | 178 | 1,307 | 2,129 | 2,928 |
| Year | Herrings |  |  | Jacks |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\text { Released }}$ (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 1,913 | 36,824 | 3,966 | 8,181 | 4,955 | 7,178 |
| 1998 | 964 | 26,927 | 7,316 | 10,229 | 4,203 | 7,958 |
| 1999 | 649 | 23,278 | 7,625 | 6,969 | 3,435 | 6,776 |
| 2000 | 630 | 31,564 | 8,000 | 9,123 | 5,553 | 7,780 |
| 2001 | 1,193 | 34,872 | 7,311 | 9,372 | 7,978 | 10,248 |
| 2002 | 1,393 | 50,067 | 7,722 | 7,366 | 7,144 | 7,094 |
| 2003 | 814 | 48,530 | 8,564 | 9,642 | 8,688 | 7,967 |
| 2004 | 273 | 54,602 | 10,150 | 8,994 | 6,756 | 8,691 |
| 2005 | 923 | 37,676 | 3,308 | 5,890 | 4,612 | 6,054 |
| 2006 | 899 | 62,948 | 10,128 | 9,487 | 7,032 | 7,876 |

See footnotes at end of table.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1) AND TOTAL LIVE RELEASES (B2), BY SPECIES GROUP, 1997-2006

| Year | Mullets |  |  | Porgies |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) | Pounds <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 2,474 | 2,857 | 401 | 8,498 | 13,153 | 14,589 |
| 1998 | 2,670 | 3,240 | 516 | 7,735 | 10,828 | 13,803 |
| 1999 | 2,241 | 5,710 | 904 | 8,397 | 10,576 | 12,630 |
| 2000 | 2,846 | 7,097 | 2,188 | 13,508 | 16,678 | 17,078 |
| 2001 | 3,728 | 7,445 | 2,022 | 13,179 | 17,172 | 19,944 |
| 2002 | 2,490 | 9,768 | 1,843 | 10,924 | 14,813 | 16,961 |
| 2003 | 3,405 | 9,713 | 2,206 | 17,789 | 19,263 | 17,030 |
| 2004 | 3,615 | 10,406 | 3,132 | 16,689 | 17,005 | 19,180 |
| 2005 | 2,778 | 7,220 | 1,735 | 11,467 | 12,863 | 14,670 |
| 2006 | 3,885 | 9,253 | 2,068 | 9,826 | 12,645 | 17,036 |
| Year | Puffers |  |  | Rockfishes |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 153 | 284 | 762 | 3,797 | 2,987 | 680 |
| 1998 | 63 | 148 | 615 | 5,594 | 4,136 | 736 |
| 1999 | 59 | 175 | 1,117 | 6,195 | 4,943 | 478 |
| 2000 | 117 | 242 | 1,194 | 6,621 | 4,719 | 612 |
| 2001 | 181 | 349 | 1,597 | 5,520 | 3,914 | 786 |
| 2002 | 196 | 355 | 1,427 | 6,166 | 4,270 | 1,165 |
| 2003 | 177 | 257 | 1,454 | 5,180 | 3,329 | 1,391 |
| 2004 | 69 | 148 | 1,339 | 3,540 | 2,062 | 556 |
| 2005 | 58 | 248 | 1,049 | 4,117 | 2,211 | 668 |
| 2006 | 28 | 92 | 1,110 | 4,143 | 2,489 | 926 |
| Year | Sculpins |  |  | Sea Basses |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) | Pounds <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 213 | 138 | 468 | 11,318 | 7,927 | 15,895 |
| 1998 | 312 | 130 | 319 | 8,483 | 3,562 | 11,886 |
| 1999 | 222 | 102 | 228 | 9,352 | 3,865 | 14,627 |
| 2000 | 220 | 80 | 457 | 15,598 | 8,016 | 26,777 |
| 2001 | 232 | 117 | 401 | 13,139 | 6,998 | 24,064 |
| 2002 | 233 | 122 | 542 | 15,203 | 7,903 | 26,498 |
| 2003 | 268 | 98 | 303 | 12,550 | 6,981 | 22,038 |
| 2004 | 134 | 42 | 111 | 14,591 | 6,110 | 19,705 |
| 2005 | 163 | 44 | 100 | 10,142 | 4,420 | 17,140 |
| 2006 | 126 | 44 | 189 | 8,126 | 3,930 | 16,360 |

[^7]
## U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1) AND TOTAL LIVE RELEASES (B2), BY SPECIES GROUP, 1997-2006

| Year | Sea Chubs |  |  | Searobins |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 66 | 58 | 12 | 242 | 238 | 5,528 |
| 1998 | 87 | 108 | 47 | 106 | 202 | 3,796 |
| 1999 | 92 | 82 | 14 | 78 | 122 | 5,950 |
| 2000 | 137 | 125 | 72 | 96 | 170 | 7,689 |
| 2001 | 208 | 191 | 96 | 138 | 143 | 8,176 |
| 2002 | 217 | 214 | 83 | 156 | 200 | 7,763 |
| 2003 | 651 | 267 | 32 | 77 | 195 | 7,989 |
| 2004 | 78 | 135 | 34 | 172 | 207 | 3,661 |
| 2005 | 60 | 130 | 43 | 70 | 193 | 4,287 |
| 2006 | 59 | 166 | 53 | 33 | 123 | 4,910 |
| Year | Silversides |  |  | Smelts |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\underline{\text { Harvested }}}$ | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\text { Released }}$ (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\underline{\text { Harvested }}}$ | $\frac{\underbrace{\text { Released }}_{\text {Number }}}{\text { (thousands) }}$ |
| 1997 | 169 | 711 | 438 | 120 | 1,629 | 35 |
| 1998 | 154 | 463 | 194 | 358 | 4,837 | 10 |
| 1999 | 129 | 396 | 147 | 28 | 1,223 | 9 |
| 2000 | 127 | 613 | 163 | 140 | 1,965 | 8 |
| 2001 | 210 | 904 | 241 | 319 | 3,667 | 78 |
| 2002 | 184 | 644 | 328 | 312 | 4,181 | 25 |
| 2003 | 273 | 1,219 | 469 | 143 | 1,597 | 143 |
| 2004 | 166 | 706 | 348 | (1) | 8 | 5 |
| 2005 | 265 | 940 | 594 | , | 8 | 1 |
| 2006 | 463 | 1,671 | 785 | 4 | 30 | (1) |
| Year | Snappers |  |  | Surfperches |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number }}{\text { Released }}$ (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 7,587 | 3,619 | 8,259 | 640 | 1,180 | 755 |
| 1998 | 7,100 | 3,465 | 7,360 | 1,007 | 1,436 | 489 |
| 1999 | 7,344 | 3,447 | 7,331 | 415 | 700 | 356 |
| 2000 | 7,086 | 3,480 | 8,187 | 345 | 811 | 428 |
| 2001 | 7,804 | 3,782 | 6,995 | 426 | 954 | 524 |
| 2002 | 8,290 | 3,603 | 7,998 | 431 | 902 | 637 |
| 2003 | 9,496 | 4,529 | 10,059 | 655 | 1,062 | 1,044 |
| 2004 | 9,878 | 4,630 | 8,648 | 380 | 795 | 650 |
| 2005 | 8,488 | 4,384 | 9,860 | 458 | 1,089 | 1,202 |
| 2006 | 8,732 | 4,562 | 8,939 | 610 | 1,281 | 1,787 |

See footnotes at end of table.
U.S. RECREATIONAL HARVEST (A+B1) AND TOTAL LIVE RELEASES (B2), BY SPECIES GROUP, 1997-2006

| Year | Temperate Basses |  |  | Toadfishes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 17,682 | 4,315 | 20,155 | (1) | 33 | 1,119 |
| 1998 | 14,084 | 3,324 | 18,576 | 2 | 10 | 994 |
| 1999 | 14,839 | 2,564 | 15,527 | (1) | 9 | 911 |
| 2000 | 19,054 | 3,847 | 21,360 | - | 4 | 1,481 |
| 2001 | 20,209 | 2,748 | 15,428 | (1) | 7 | 2,094 |
| 2002 | 19,629 | 3,283 | 16,050 | 1 | 19 | 1,590 |
| 2003 | 24,510 | 5,279 | 19,346 | 2 | 18 | 1,591 |
| 2004 | 28,212 | 4,265 | 21,219 | 3 | 15 | 1,760 |
| 2005 | 27,441 | 5,142 | 25,400 | 1 | 20 | 1,428 |
| 2006 | 30,915 | 5,785 | 31,139 | (1) | 7 | 1,773 |
| Year | Triggerfishes/Filefishes |  |  | Tunas And Mackerels |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number <br> Released (thousands) |
| 1997 | 1,086 | 515 | 232 | 41,198 | 11,608 | 6,654 |
| 1998 | 775 | 395 | 233 | 30,355 | 7,265 | 4,116 |
| 1999 | 757 | 393 | 196 | 33,935 | 8,380 | 3,916 |
| 2000 | 649 | 319 | 200 | 41,738 | 10,286 | 5,464 |
| 2001 | 649 | 364 | 242 | 42,120 | 11,451 | 7,302 |
| 2002 | 920 | 456 | 312 | 31,092 | 9,821 | 6,623 |
| 2003 | 978 | 526 | 275 | 52,255 | 9,576 | 6,257 |
| 2004 | 1,144 | 644 | 403 | 39,204 | 8,973 | 5,685 |
| 2005 | 992 | 514 | 351 | 34,908 | 9,210 | 4,662 |
| 2006 | 625 | 322 | 288 | 44,885 | 13,859 | 7,252 |
| Year | Wrasses |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested (thousands) | Number Harvested (thousands) | Number Released (thousands) |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 2,597 | 930 | 1,820 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 1,756 | 573 | 2,053 |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 2,958 | 951 | 3,101 |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 3,773 | 1,108 | 2,468 |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 3,051 | 1,031 | 3,062 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 5,808 | 1,731 | 3,598 |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 2,909 | 1,270 | 2,076 |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 4,307 | 1,807 | 2,945 |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 2,853 | 1,118 | 2,422 |  |  |  |
| 2006 | 4,306 | 1,329 | 3,112 |  |  |  |

NOTES: (1) Number or pounds less than 1,000 or less than 1 metric ton.
Texas only estimates harvest (no weight or release data) and includes only private and for-hire fisheries. Alaska data are not included.

## U.S. RECREATIONAL FINFISH HARVEST (A+B1) AND RELEASED (B2), BY STATE, 2005 and 2006

| State | 2005 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Pounds Harvested }}{\text { (thousands) }}$ | Number Harvested (thousands) | $\frac{\text { Number Released }}{\text { (thousands) }}$ |
| California | 10,152 | 10,764 | 9,430 |
| Oregon | 2,182 | 559 | 44 |
| Washington | 2,786 | 478 | 96 |
| Connecticut | 4,837 | 1,610 | 4,696 |
| Maine | 1,377 | 988 | 3,332 |
| Massachusetts | 14,351 | 5,063 | 10,646 |
| New Hampshire | 1,726 | 632 | 938 |
| Rhode Island | 4,072 | 1,573 | 2,828 |
| Delaware | 2,213 | 1,677 | 4,062 |
| Maryland | 8,608 | 6,458 | 16,337 |
| New Jersey | 19,033 | 7,825 | 26,194 |
| New York | 13,155 | 5,492 | 17,862 |
| Virginia | 15,737 | 13,218 | 18,844 |
| Florida | 51,439 | 73,247 | 78,785 |
| Georgia | 1,641 | 1,342 | 3,647 |
| North Carolina | 23,933 | 13,355 | 16,423 |
| South Carolina | 3,120 | 3,555 | 5,386 |
| Alabama | 6,810 | 3,368 | 5,165 |
| Louisiana | 24,288 | 13,209 | 18,642 |
| Mississippi | 1,506 | 1,068 | 2,195 |
| Hawaii | 18,954 | 4,230 | 508 |
| Texas | - | 1,745 | - |
| Alaska | - | 2,573 | - |
| Puerto Rico | 1,974 | 924 | 233 |
| Grand Total | 233,895 | 174,895 | 246,296 |
| State | 2006 |  |  |
|  | Pounds Harvested | Number Harvested | Number Released |
|  | (thousands) | (thousands) | (thousands) |
| California | 10,989 | 13,290 | 9,506 |
| Oregon | 1,848 | 491 | 58 |
| Washington | 2,670 | 489 | 81 |
| Connecticut | 5,629 | 1,499 | 4,686 |
| Maine | 1,077 | 598 | 4,470 |
| Massachusetts | 15,728 | 6,689 | 14,032 |
| New Hampshire | 1,714 | 481 | 1,161 |
| Rhode Island | 3,721 | 1,334 | 4,582 |
| Delaware | 2,569 | 1,670 | 4,327 |
| Maryland | 8,306 | 7,626 | 15,476 |
| New Jersey | 20,596 | 7,226 | 22,031 |
| New York | 14,097 | 5,317 | 18,009 |
| Virginia | 17,131 | 13,237 | 14,277 |
| Florida | 55,731 | 100,410 | 80,084 |
| Georgia | 1,747 | 1,529 | 3,766 |
| North Carolina | 24,878 | 11,956 | 20,683 |
| South Carolina | 4,132 | 5,291 | 9,209 |
| Alabama | 6,766 | 5,445 | 7,205 |
| Louisiana | 35,596 | 20,125 | 25,351 |
| Mississippi | 2,172 | 1,439 | 2,622 |
| Hawaii | 17,648 | 4,721 | 454 |
| Texas | - | 1,964 | - |
| Alaska | - | - | - |
| Puerto Rico | 2,402 | 665 | 182 |
| Grand Total | 257,148 | 213,493 | 262,250 |

NOTE: Texas only estimates harvest (no weight or release data) and includes only private and for-hire fisheries. Oregon and Washington estimates include only private and for-hire fisheries. Alaska estimates not available for current year.

## U.S. Marine Recreational Fisheries

U.S. RECREATIONAL NUMBERS OF ANGLERS AND TRIPS BY STATES, 2005 AND 2006

| State | 2005 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Out-of- } \\ \text { State } \\ \text { Anglers } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | In-State Anglers |  | Number of Angler Trips |
|  |  | From Coastal Counties | From Non-Coastal Counties |  |
|  |  | - - Numbers in | housands |  |
| California | - | - | - | 4,341 |
| Oregon | - | - | - | 172 |
| Washington | - | - | - | 135 |
| Connecticut | 77 | 323 | - | 1,594 |
| Maine | 173 | 190 | 20 | 1,089 |
| Massachusetts | 391 | 585 | 135 | 4,439 |
| New Hampshire | 84 | 105 | 14 | 520 |
| Rhode Island | 241 | 145 | - | 1,611 |
| Delaware | 191 | 120 | - | 1,074 |
| Maryland | 425 | 620 | 49 | 3,180 |
| New Jersey | 471 | 818 | 39 | 6,649 |
| New York | 110 | 885 | 27 | 6,073 |
| Virginia | 511 | 559 | 137 | 3,841 |
| Florida | 2,952 | 3,654 | - | 27,538 |
| Georgia | 43 | 135 | 67 | 851 |
| North Carolina | 1,280 | 685 | 285 | 6,786 |
| South Carolina | 448 | 230 | 120 | 2,126 |
| Alabama | 161 | 231 | 93 | 1,566 |
| Louisiana | 138 | 706 | 68 | 3,926 |
| Mississippi | 39 | 108 | 29 | 891 |
| Hawaii | 166 | 204 | - | 2,470 |
| Texas | - | - | - | 987 |
| Alaska | - | 492 | - | 1,504 |
| Puerto Rico | 33 | 109 | - | 867 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  | 84,230 |
| State | 2006 |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Out-of- } \\ & \text { State } \\ & \text { Anglers } \end{aligned}$ | In-State Anglers |  | Number of Angler Trips |
|  |  | From Coastal Counties | From Non-Coastal Counties |  |
|  | Numbers in thousands - |  |  |  |
| California | - | - | - | 5,645 |
| Oregon | - | - | - | 162 |
| Washington | - | - | - | 144 |
| Connecticut | 44 | 336 | - | 1,478 |
| Maine | 285 | 182 | 22 | 1,200 |
| Massachusetts | 484 | 623 | 151 | 4,728 |
| New Hampshire | 82 | 90 | 15 | 546 |
| Rhode Island | 291 | 177 | - | 1,705 |
| Delaware | 205 | 137 | - | 1,178 |
| Maryland | 447 | 733 | 84 | 3,596 |
| New Jersey | 481 | 693 | 25 | 7,287 |
| New York | 114 | 735 | 25 | 5,396 |
| Virginia | 364 | 578 | 90 | 3,908 |
| Florida | 2,923 | 3,744 | - | 29,345 |
| Georgia | 33 | 121 | 66 | 799 |
| North Carolina | 1,374 | 588 | 265 | 7,276 |
| South Carolina | 617 | 234 | 146 | 2,670 |
| Alabama | 320 | 233 | 184 | 2,143 |
| Louisiana | 198 | 868 | 108 | 4,491 |
| Mississippi | 27 | 143 | 23 | 998 |
| Hawaii | 224 | 173 | - | 2,644 |
| Texas | - | - | - | 1,063 |
| Alaska | - | - | - | - |
| Puerto Rico | 20 | 193 | - | 955 |
| Grand Total |  |  |  | 89,358 |

NOTE: All counties in $\mathrm{HI}, \mathrm{PR}, \mathrm{RI}, \mathrm{CT}$, DE, and FL are considered coastal.
CA, OR, WA and TX angler data not available.
All AK estimates are presented as coastal, estimates not available for current year.
Out-of-state angler estimates are not additive across states.

WORLD AQUACULTURE AND COMMERCIAL CATCHES, 1996-2005

| Year | World aquaculture |  |  | World commercial catch |  |  | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inland | Marine | Total | Inland | Marine | Total |  |
|  | ---------- Metric tons <br> Live weight |  |  | --------- - Metric tons <br> Live weight |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 15,308,188 | 11,283,883 | 26,592,071 | 7,457,526 | 86,281,275 | 93,738,801 | 120,330,872 |
| 1997 | 16,984,933 | 11,621,125 | 28,606,058 | 7,631,398 | 86,579,591 | 94,210,989 | 122,817,047 |
| 1998 | 17,929,825 | 12,557,494 | 30,487,319 | 8,058,743 | 79,515,400 | 87,574,143 | 118,061,462 |
| 1999 | 19,463,919 | 13,917,059 | 33,380,978 | 8,530,276 | 85,093,636 | 93,623,912 | 127,004,890 |
| 2000 | 20,421,859 | 15,055,588 | 35,477,447 | 8,819,066 | 86,790,541 | 95,609,607 | 131,087,054 |
| 2001 | 21,672,740 | 16,282,443 | 37,955,183 | 8,806,716 | 84,239,099 | 93,045,815 | 131,000,998 |
| 2002 | 23,091,364 | 17,297,508 | 40,388,872 | 8,697,504 | 84,500,490 | 93,197,994 | 133,586,866 |
| 2003 | 24,149,138 | 18,533,015 | 42,682,153 | 8,936,915 | 81,417,057 | 90,353,972 | 133,036,125 |
| 2004 | 26,310,965 | 19,613,317 | 45,924,282 | 8,889,184 | 85,474,451 | 94,363,635 | 140,287,917 |
| 2005 | 27,696,587 | 20,453,205 | 48,149,792 | 9,535,304 | 83,718,042 | 93,253,346 | 141,403,138 |

Note:--Data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded.
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

WORLD AQUACULTURE AND COMMERCIAL CATCHES OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, 2004-2005

| Species group | 2004 |  |  | 2005 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aquaculture | Catch | Total | Aquaculture | Catch | Total |
|  | Live-weight |  |  | -Metric tons-Live-weight |  |  |
| Herrings, sardines, anchovies |  | 23,047,541 | 23,047,541 | - | 22,404,769 | 22,404,769 |
| Carps, barbels, cyprinids | 18,702,802 | 594,392 | 19,297,194 | 19,541,921 | 648,160 | 20,190,081 |
| Cods, hakes, haddocks | 3,881 | 9,398,780 | 9,402,661 | 8,194 | 8,964,873 | 8,973,067 |
| Tunas, bonitos, billfishes | 24,362 | 6,160,868 | 6,185,230 | 22,915 | 6,243,122 | 6,266,037 |
| Salmons, trouts, smelts | 1,989,346 | 880,261 | 2,869,607 | 1,986,213 | 1,031,141 | 3,017,354 |
| Tilapias | 1,899,000 | 754,395 | 2,653,395 | 2,025,560 | 753,372 | 2,778,932 |
| Flatish | 109,842 | 862,162 | 972,004 | 135,782 | 900,012 | 1,035,794 |
| Sharks, rays, chimaeras |  | 819,012 | 819,012 | - | 771,105 | 771,105 |
| Shads | 56 | 569,160 | 569,216 | 708 | 605,548 | 606,256 |
| River eels | 248,274 | 10,746 | 259,020 | 242,067 | 10,463 | 252,530 |
| Sturgeons, paddlefish | 15,385 | 1,450 | 16,835 | 19,648 | 1,333 | 20,981 |
| Other fishes | 5,750,961 | 37,440,194 | 43,191,155 | 6,318,490 | 37,235,699 | 43,554,189 |
| Shrimp | 2,446,192 | 3,542,438 | 5,988,630 | 2,675,336 | 3,416,533 | 6,091,869 |
| Crabs | 203,066 | 1,369,389 | 1,572,455 | 222,447 | 1,375,680 | 1,598,127 |
| Lobsters | 39 | 233,825 | 233,864 | 29 | 231,233 | 231,262 |
| Krill |  | 118,164 | 118,164 |  | 127,034 | 127,034 |
| Other crustaceans | 1,004,825 | 839,695 | 1,844,520 | 1,063,388 | 862,094 | 1,925,482 |
| Clams, cockles, arkshells | 4,109,653 | 835,150 | 4,944,803 | 4,175,907 | 705,649 | 4,881,556 |
| Oysters | 4,607,566 | 150,088 | 4,757,654 | 4,615,400 | 166,145 | 4,781,545 |
| Squids, cuttlefishes, octopus | 12 | 3,807,189 | 3,807,201 | 16 | 3,892,145 | 3,892,161 |
| Mussels | 1,770,356 | 188,359 | 1,958,715 | 1,795,779 | 143,182 | 1,938,961 |
| Scallops | 1,162,792 | 790,887 | 1,953,679 | 1,274,843 | 711,342 | 1,986,185 |
| Abalones, winkles, conchs | 287,632 | 133,240 | 420,872 | 333,947 | 120,400 | 454,347 |
| Other mollusks | 1,207,347 | 1,416,063 | 2,623,410 | 1,252,857 | 1,464,836 | 2,717,693 |
| Sea urchins, other echinoderms | 60,852 | 115,831 | 176,683 | 71,899 | 100,063 | 171,962 |
| Miscellaneous | 320,041 | 284,356 | 604,397 | 366,446 | 367,413 | 733,859 |
| Total | 45,924,282 | 94,363,635 | 140,287,917 | 48,149,792 | 93,253,346 | 141,403,138 |

Note:--Data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded.
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

WORLD AQUACULTURE AND COMMERCIAL CATCHES BY COUNTRY OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, 2004-2005

| Country | 2004 |  |  | 2005 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aquaculture | Catch | Total | Aquaculture | Catch | Total |
|  |  | -Metric tons |  |  | -Metric tons- | -- |
|  |  | Live-weight |  |  | Live-weight |  |
| China | 30,612,602 | 16,892,793 | 47,505,395 | 32,414,084 | 17,053,191 | 49,467,275 |
| Peru | 22,259 | 9,604,528 | 9,626,787 | 27,468 | 9,388,662 | 9,416,130 |
| India | 2,794,636 | 3,391,009 | 6,185,645 | 2,837,751 | 3,481,136 | 6,318,887 |
| Indonesia | 1,045,051 | 4,642,379 | 5,687,430 | 1,197,109 | 4,381,260 | 5,578,369 |
| United States | 606,549 | 4,959,826 | 5,566,375 | 471,958 | 4,888,621 | 5,360,579 |
| Chile | 665,421 | 4,918,683 | 5,584,104 | 698,214 | 4,330,325 | 5,028,539 |
| Japan | 776,421 | 4,311,848 | 5,088,269 | 746,221 | 4,072,895 | 4,819,116 |
| Thailand | 1,259,983 | 2,839,612 | 4,099,595 | 1,144,011 | 2,599,387 | 3,743,398 |
| Viet Nam | 1,198,617 | 1,879,488 | 3,078,105 | 1,437,300 | 1,929,900 | 3,367,200 |
| Russian Federation | 109,802 | 2,941,533 | 3,051,335 | 114,752 | 3,190,946 | 3,305,698 |
| Norway | 636,802 | 2,524,464 | 3,161,266 | 656,636 | 2,392,934 | 3,049,570 |
| Philippines | 512,220 | 2,216,037 | 2,728,257 | 557,251 | 2,246,352 | 2,803,603 |
| Burma | 400,360 | 1,586,660 | 1,987,020 | 474,510 | 1,742,956 | 2,217,466 |
| Bangladesh | 914,752 | 1,187,274 | 2,102,026 | 882,091 | 1,333,866 | 2,215,957 |
| South Korea | 405,748 | 1,575,335 | 1,981,083 | 436,232 | 1,639,069 | 2,075,301 |
| Iceland | 8,868 | 1,728,101 | 1,736,969 | 8,256 | 1,661,031 | 1,669,287 |
| Mexico | 104,354 | 1,258,973 | 1,363,327 | 117,514 | 1,304,830 | 1,422,344 |
| Malaysia | 171,270 | 1,335,764 | 1,507,034 | 175,834 | 1,214,183 | 1,390,017 |
| China - Taipei | 318,273 | 980,106 | 1,298,379 | 304,756 | 1,017,243 | 1,321,999 |
| Canada | 145,018 | 1,176,212 | 1,321,230 | 154,083 | 1,080,982 | 1,235,065 |
| All others | 3,215,276 | 22,413,010 | 25,628,286 | 3,293,761 | 22,303,577 | 25,597,338 |
| Total | 45,924,282 | 94,363,635 | 140,287,917 | 48,149,792 | 93,253,346 | 141,403,138 |

Note:--For the United States the weight of clams, oysters, scallops, and other mollusks includes the shell weight. This weight is not included in U.S. landings shown elsewhere. Data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded. Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

## WORLD AQUACULTURE AND COMMERCIAL CATCHES BY AREA

OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, 2004-2005


Note:--Data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded.
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

WORLD IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF SEVEN FISHERY COMMODITY GROUPS, BY LEADING COUNTRIES, 2001-2005

| Country | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IMPORTS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japan | $\begin{aligned} & 13,453,375 \\ & 10,289,325 \end{aligned}$ | 13,646,071 | 12,395,943 | 14,559,508 | 14,438,337 |
| United States |  | 10,065,328 | 11,655,429 | 11,966,731 | 11,982,336 |
| Spain | 3,715,332 | 3,852,942 | 4,904,151 | 5,222,348 | 5,632,087 |
| France | 3,055,859 | 3,206,511 | 3,771,152 | 4,176,418 | 4,562,629 |
| Italy | 2,716,373 | 2,906,007 | 3,558,950 | 3,903,779 | 4,224,081 |
| China | 1,787,242 | 2,197,793 | 2,388,590 | 3,125,631 | 3,979,232 |
| Germany | 2,349,088 | 2,419,534 | 2,635,070 | 2,804,924 | 3,234,841 |
| United Kingdom | $2,236,944$$1,733,545$ | 2,327,559 | 2,507,661 | 2,811,525 | 3,174,317 |
| Denmark |  | 1,805,598 | 2,084,466 | 2,286,337 | 2,554,663 |
| South Korea | 1,626,906 | 1,861,093 | 1,934,998 | 2,233,243 | 2,350,709 |
| Other Countries | 16,750,473 | 17,315,812 | 19,522,215 | 22,345,305 | 25,396,051 |
| Total | 59,714,462 | 61,604,248 | 67,358,625 | 75,435,749 | 81,529,283 |
| EXPORTS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| China | 3,999,274 | 4,485,274 | $5,243,459$ | $6,636,839$ | $7,519,357$ |
| Norway | 3,363,955 | 3,569,243 | 3,624,193 | 4,132,147 | 4,885,226 |
| Thailand | 4,039,127 | 3,676,427 | 3,906,384 | 4,034,002 | 4,465,767 |
| United States | 3,316,056 | 3,260,168 | 3,398,939 | 3,850,629 | 4,232,041 |
| Denmark | 2,660,563 | 2,872,438 | 3,213,465 | 3,566,149 | 3,685,243 |
| Canada | 2,797,933 | 3,044,403 | 3,300,313 | 3,487,477 | 3,595,693 |
| Chile | 1,939,295 | 1,869,123 | 2,134,382 | 2,483,628 | 2,966,917 |
| Netherlands | $\begin{aligned} & 1,420,513 \\ & 1,781,785 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,802,893 \\ & 2,030,320 \end{aligned}$ | 2,182,588 | 2,451,904 | 2,820,138 |
| Viet Nam |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,201,878 \\ & 2,224,326 \end{aligned}$ | 2,402,781 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,741,127 \\ & 2,579,057 \end{aligned}$ |
| Spain | $\begin{aligned} & 1,781,785 \\ & 1,822,355 \end{aligned}$ | 1,889,482 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,564,977 \\ 35,998,609 \end{array}$ |  |
| Other Countries | 29,204,916 | 29,858,893 | 32,343,984 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 38,928,015 \\ \mathbf{7 8 , 4 1 8 , 5 8 1} \end{array}$ |
| Total | 56,345,772 | 58,358,664 | 63,773,911 | 71,609,142 |  |

Note:-- Data for 2001-2004 are revised. Data on imports and exports cover the international trade of 176 countries or areas. The total value of exports is consistently less than the value of imports, probably because charges for insurance, freight, and similar expenses were included in the import value, but not in the export value. The seven fishery commodity groups covered by this table are: 1. Fish, fresh, chilled or frozen; 2. Fish, dried, salted, or smoked; 3. Crustaceans and mollusks, fresh, dried, salted, etc.; 4. Fish products and preparations, whether or not in airtight containers; 5. Crustacean and mollusk products preparations, whether or not in airtight containers; 6. Oils and fats, crude or refined, of aquatic animal origin; and 7. Meals, solubles, and similar animal foodstuffs of aquatic animal origin.
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).
DISPOSITION OF WORLD AQUACULTURE AND COMMERCIAL CATCHES, 2001-2005

| Item | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ercent of Total --- |  |  |  |  |
| Marketed fresh | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 38.9 | 39.4 |
| Frozen | 19.9 | 19.5 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 19.69.1 |
| Canned | 8.8 | 8.88.0 | 9.58.4 | 9.1 |  |
| Cured | 8.7 |  |  | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Reduced to meal and oil (1) | 18.2 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 18.2 | 16.6 |
| Miscellaneous purposes | 5.3100.0 | 5.7100.0 | 6.4100.0 | $\begin{gathered} 6.4 \\ 100.0 \end{gathered}$ | 7.0 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 100.0 |

Note:-- Data for 2001-2004 are revised. Data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded. (1) Only whole fish destined for the manufacture of oils and meals are included. Raw material for reduction derived from fish primarily destined for marketing fresh, frozen, canned, cured, and miscellaneous purposes is excluded; such waste quantities are included under the other disposition channels. Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).

## Processed Fishery Products

## FRESH AND FROZEN

FISH FILLETS AND STEAKS. In 2006 the U.S. production of raw (uncooked) fish fillets and steaks, including blocks, was 629.6 million pounds -14.2 million pounds more than the 615.4 million pounds in 2005. These fillets and steaks were valued at $\$ 1.3$ billion. Alaska pollock fillets and blocks led all species with 398.0 million pounds-63 percent of the total. Production of groundfish fillets and steaks (see Glossary Section-Groundfish) was 498.8 million pounds.

FISH STICKS AND PORTIONS. The combined production of fish sticks and portions was 237.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 363.2$ million compared with the 2005 production of 242.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 399.0$ million. The total production of fish sticks amounted to 59.3 million pounds valued at $\$ 61.9$ million. The total production of fish portions amounted to 178.4 million pounds valued at $\$ 301.3$ million.

BREADED SHRIMP. The production of breaded shrimp in 2006 was 139.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 345.1$ million, compared with the 2005 production of 120.1 million pounds valued at $\$ 277.6$ million.

## CANNED PRODUCTS

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS. The pack of canned fishery products in the 50 states, American Samoa, and Puerto Rico was 1.1 billion pounds valued at $\$ 1.3$ billion-a decrease of 1.3 million pounds and an increase of $\$ 119.0$ million compared with the 2005 pack. The 2006 pack included 721.0 million pounds valued at $\$ 1.1$ billion for human consumption and 360.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 229.1$ million for bait and animal food.

CANNED SALMON. The 2006 U.S. pack of salmon was 151.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 250.1$ million, compared with 218.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 301.0$ million packed in 2005.

CANNED TUNA. The U.S. pack of tuna was 444.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 704.7$ million-a decrease of 1.4 million pounds in quantity and an increase of $\$ 77.1$ million in value compared with the 2005 pack. The pack
of albacore tuna was 168.5 million pounds comprising 38 percent of the tuna pack in 2006. Lightmeat tuna (bigeye, bluefin, skipjack, and yellowfin) comprised the remainder with a pack of 276.2 million pounds.

CANNED CLAMS. The 2006 U.S. pack of clams (whole, minced, chowder, juice, and specialties) was 112.0 million pounds valued at $\$ 122.4$ million. The pack of whole and minced clams was 33.6 million pounds and accounted for 30 percent of the total clam pack. Clam chowder and clam juice was 76.1 million pounds and made up the majority of the pack.
OTHER CANNED ITEMS. The pack of pet food was 360.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 229.1$ million-an increase of 80.0 million pounds compared with the 2005 pack.

## INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS

INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS. The value of the domestic production of industrial fishery products was $\$ 246.0$ million-an increase of $\$ 39.2$ million compared with the 2005 value of $\$ 206.8$ million

FISH MEAL. The domestic production of fish and shellfish meal was 582.9 million pounds valued at $\$ 151.9$ million-an increase of 17.7 million pounds and $\$ 28.5$ million compared with 2005. Fish meal production was 578.2 million pounds valued at $\$ 151.5$ million-an increase of 17.1 million pounds and $\$ 28.5$ million from the 2005 production. Shellfish meal production was 4.7 million pounds-an increase of 0.6 million pounds from the 2005 level.

FISH OILS. The domestic production of fish oils was 142.7 million pounds valued at $\$ 33.8$ million-a decrease of 14.9 million pounds and an increase of $\$ 2.9$ million in value compared with 2005 production.

OTHER INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS. Oyster shell products, together with agar-agar, animal feeds, crab and clam shells processed for food serving, fish pellets, Irish moss extracts, kelp products, dry and liquid fertilizers, and mussel shell buttons were valued at $\$ 60.3$ million.

VALUE OF PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 2005 AND 2006
(Processed from domestic catch and imported products)

| Item | 2005 (1) |  | 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand dollars | Percent of total | Thousand dollars | Percent of total |
| Edible: |  |  |  |  |
| Fresh and frozen | 6,214,334 | 79 | 6,714,626 | 80 |
| Canned | 1,081,457 | 14 | 1,100,516 | 13 |
| Cured | 167,782 | 2 | 125,029 | 1 |
| Total edible | 7,463,573 | 95 | 7,940,171 | 94 |
| Industrial: |  |  |  |  |
| Bait and animal food | 156,251 | 2 | 249,137 | 3 |
| Meal and oil | 154,335 | 2 | 185,712 | 2 |
| Other | 52,496 | 1 | 60,327 | 1 |
| Total industrial | 363,082 | 5 | 495,176 | 6 |
| Grand total | 7,826,655 | 100 | 8,435,347 | 100 |

(1) Revised. Value is based on selling price at the plant.
U.S. PRODUCTION OF FISH STICKS, FISH PORTIONS, AND BREADED SHRIMP, 1997-2006

| Year | Fish sticks |  |  | Fish portions |  |  | Breaded shrimp |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric <br> tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | Metric <br> tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | Thousand dollars |
| 1997 | 69,167 | 31,374 | 64,298 | 195,554 | 88,703 | 285,348 | 117,471 | 53,284 | 334,939 |
| 1998 | 68,778 | 31,197 | 63,473 | 184,681 | 83,771 | 211,356 | 109,481 | 49,660 | 333,257 |
| 1999 | 65,019 | 29,492 | 63,396 | 203,279 | 92,207 | 269,125 | 119,149 | 54,046 | 351,891 |
| 2000 | 39,925 | 18,110 | 42,549 | 182,736 | 82,889 | 233,368 | 121,399 | 55,066 | 375,453 |
| 2001 | 43,014 | 19,511 | 41,539 | 189,186 | 85,814 | 235,460 | 152,205 | 69,040 | 539,705 |
| 2002 | 47,587 | 21,585 | 51,060 | 186,748 | 84,708 | 237,426 | 146,724 | 66,554 | 463,781 |
| 2003 | 31,484 | 14,281 | 34,743 | 162,103 | 73,529 | 226,915 | 152,032 | 68,961 | 465,347 |
| 2004 | 59,697 | 27,078 | 71,419 | 138,125 | 62,653 | 208,579 | 110,462 | 50,105 | 306,456 |
| 2005 | 61,751 | 28,010 | 75,654 | 180,840 | 82,028 | 323,353 | 120,097 | 54,476 | 277,613 |
| 2006 | 59,329 | 26,911 | 61,872 | 178,357 | 80,902 | 301,309 | 139,228 | 63,153 | 345,055 |

## PRODUCTION OF FRESH AND FROZEN FILLETS AND STEAKS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | 2005 (1) |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Fillets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amberjack | 48 | 22 | 185 | 52 | 24 | 238 |
| Anglerfish | 1,422 | 645 | 5,571 | 1,542 | 699 | 6,015 |
| Bluefish | 79 | 36 | 233 | 78 | 35 | 222 |
| Cod | 46,919 | 21,282 | 115,758 | 41,285 | 18,727 | 119,394 |
| Cusk | 82 | 37 | 304 | 74 | 34 | 294 |
| Dolphinfish | 3,986 | 1,808 | 17,560 | 4,003 | 1,816 | 18,161 |
| Drum | 8 | 4 | 43 | 4 | 2 | 30 |
| Flounders | 19,936 | 9,043 | 64,947 | 18,695 | 8,480 | 74,082 |
| Groupers | 1,737 | 788 | 13,024 | 2,061 | 935 | 14,109 |
| Haddock | 24,250 | 11,000 | 89,435 | 15,684 | 7,114 | 69,455 |
| Hake | 26,983 | 12,239 | 22,306 | 40,605 | 18,418 | 38,566 |
| Halibut | 4,849 | 2,199 | 26,909 | 5,508 | 2,498 | 37,683 |
| Lingcod | 144 | 65 | 372 | 175 | 79 | 389 |
| Marlins | 30 | 14 | 97 | 29 | 13 | 118 |
| Ocean perch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 1,475 | 669 | 4,080 | 1,059 | 480 | 2,802 |
| Pacific | 486 | 220 | 953 | 444 | 201 | 873 |
| Pollock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 2,502 | 1,135 | 5,769 | 1,600 | 726 | 3,574 |
| Alaska | 383,310 | 173,868 | 404,269 | 398,040 | 180,550 | 487,548 |
| Rockfishes | 3,359 | 1,524 | 7,530 | 2,016 | 914 | 5,072 |
| Sablefish | 109 | 49 | 436 | 137 | 62 | 549 |
| Salmon | 49,741 | 22,562 | 150,073 | 56,190 | 25,488 | 204,633 |
| Sea bass | 931 | 422 | 7,901 | 928 | 421 | 7,602 |
| Sea trout | 236 | 107 | 912 | 241 | 109 | 896 |
| Shark | 353 | 160 | 976 | 373 | 169 | 1,259 |
| Snapper | 891 | 404 | 6,523 | 639 | 290 | 5,740 |
| Swordfish | 2,387 | 1,083 | 16,742 | 2,645 | 1,200 | 20,103 |
| Tilapia | 4,485 | 2,034 | 11,230 | 3,570 | 1,619 | 9,286 |
| Tuna | 6,971 | 3,162 | 49,100 | 7,149 | 3,243 | 56,742 |
| Wahoo | 269 | 122 | 1,828 | 349 | 158 | 2,224 |
| Whitefish | 36 | 16 | 165 | 35 | 16 | 192 |
| Wolffish | 30 | 14 | 83 | 49 | 22 | 185 |
| Unclassified | 13,352 | 6,056 | 64,514 | 10,431 | 4,731 | 57,475 |
| Total | 601,396 | 272,791 | 1,089,828 | 615,690 | 279,275 | 1,245,511 |
| Steaks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halibut | 3,177 | 1,441 | 18,078 | 3,016 | 1,368 | 17,426 |
| Salmon | 1,121 | 508 | 4,974 | 998 | 453 | 4,561 |
| Swordfish | 1,302 | 591 | 4,546 | 1,323 | 600 | 4,802 |
| Tuna | 3,199 | 1,451 | 10,460 | 3,064 | 1,390 | 10,574 |
| Unclassified | 5,210 | 2,363 | 8,223 | 5,510 | 2,499 | 10,570 |
| Total | 14,009 | 6,354 | 46,281 | 13,911 | 6,310 | 47,933 |
| Grand total | 615,405 | 279,146 | 1,136,109 | 629,601 | 285,585 | 1,293,444 |

(1) Revised

Note:--Some fillet products were futher processed into frozen blocks

PRODUCTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS,
BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006

| Species | Pounds per case | 2005 (1) |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Standard cases | Thousand pounds | Thousand dollars | Standard cases | Thousand pounds | Thousand dollars |
| For human consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Herring | 23.4 | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Salmon: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinook | 44.25 | 1,627 | 72 | 299 | 1,198 | 53 | 292 |
| Chum | 44.25 | 57,085 | 2,526 | 2,002 | 160,452 | 7,100 | 6,686 |
| Pink | 44.25 | 3,624,836 | 160,399 | 160,945 | 2,010,847 | 88,980 | 98,648 |
| Coho | 44.25 | 14,169 | 627 | 1,372 | 25,989 | 1,150 | 2,223 |
| Sockeye | 44.25 | 1,248,927 | 55,265 | 136,392 | 1,229,944 | 54,425 | 142,266 |
| Total salmon |  | 4,946,644 | 218,889 | 301,010 | 3,428,429 | 151,708 | 250,115 |
| Specialties | 48 | 18,688 | 897 | 5,425 | 16,688 | 801 | 3,521 |
| Sardines, Maine | 23.4 | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Tuna: (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid | 18 | 9,108,222 | 163,948 | 304,606 | 7,907,722 | 142,339 | 355,389 |
| Chunk | 18 | 1,204,889 | 21,688 | 39,099 | 1,454,722 | 26,185 | 50,356 |
| Total albacore |  | 10,313,111 | 185,636 | 343,705 | 9,362,444 | 168,524 | 405,745 |
| Lightmeat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solid | 18 | 324,500 | 5,841 | 10,688 | 429,944 | 7,739 | 11,624 |
| Chunk | 18 | 14,145,833 | 254,625 | 273,216 | 14,915,278 | 268,475 | 287,356 |
| Total lightmeat |  | 14,470,333 | 260,466 | 283,904 | 15,345,222 | 276,214 | 298,980 |
| Total tuna |  | 24,783,444 | 446,102 | 627,609 | 24,707,667 | 444,738 | 704,725 |
| Specialties | 48 | 63 | 3 | 12 | 83 | 4 | 27 |
| Other | 48 | 235,354 | 11,297 | 15,087 | 219,167 | 10,520 | 16,151 |
| Total fish | -- | 29,984,193 | 677,188 | 949,143 | 28,372,034 | 607,771 | 974,539 |
| Shellfish: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clam and clam products: (3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whole and minced | 15 | 1,938,200 | 29,073 | 61,989 | 2,239,333 | 33,590 | 70,820 |
| Chowder and juice | 30 | 2,859,100 | 85,773 | 56,098 | 2,535,133 | 76,054 | 48,691 |
| Specialties | 48 | 176,833 | 8,488 | 8,436 | 49,458 | 2,374 | 2,907 |
| Total clams | -- | 4,974,133 | 123,334 | 126,523 | 4,823,925 | 112,018 | 122,418 |
| Crabs, natural | 20 | 308 | 6 | 65 | 513 | 10 | 59 |
| Lobster meat and specialties | 48 | 2,000 | 96 | 418 | 3,167 | 152 | 488 |
| Oyster, specialties | 48 | 4,521 | 217 | 420 | 4,458 | 214 | 415 |
| Shrimp, natural (4) | 6.75 | 97,333 | 657 | 3,365 | 36,148 | 244 | 1,211 |
| Other | 48 | 15,229 | 731 | 1,523 | 12,083 | 580 | 1,386 |
| Total shellfish | -- | 5,093,524 | 125,041 | 132,314 | 4,880,294 | 113,218 | 125,977 |
| Total for human consumption | -- | 35,077,717 | 802,229 | 1,081,457 | 33,252,328 | 720,989 | 1,100,516 |
| For bait and animal food | 48 | 5,838,917 | 280,268 | 129,215 | 7,505,021 | 360,241 | 229,109 |
| Grand total | -- | 40,916,634 | 1,082,497 | 1,210,672 | 40,757,349 | 1,081,230 | 1,329,625 |

(1) Revised.
(2) Flakes included with chunk.
(3) "Cut out" or "drained" weight of can contents are given for whole or minced clams, and net contents
for other clam products.
(4) Drained weight.
(5) Confidential included with 'Other.'

PRODUCTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1997-2006

| Year | For human consumption |  |  | For animal food and bait |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1997 | 952,755 | 432,167 | 1,361,437 | 612,320 | 277,747 | 231,756 | 1,565,075 | 709,913 | 1,593,193 |
| 1998 | 988,693 | 448,468 | 1,425,564 | 544,328 | 246,906 | 349,765 | 1,533,021 | 695,374 | 1,775,329 |
| 1999 | 1,100,329 | 499,106 | 1,521,880 | 796,769 | 361,412 | 339,548 | 1,897,098 | 860,518 | 1,861,428 |
| 2000 | 1,008,098 | 457,270 | 1,334,012 | 738,821 | 335,127 | 291,992 | 1,746,919 | 792,397 | 1,626,004 |
| 2001 | 858,388 | 389,362 | 1,110,426 | 775,698 | 351,854 | 289,941 | 1,634,086 | 741,217 | 1,400,367 |
| 2002 | 952,624 | 432,107 | 1,150,224 | 364,546 | 165,357 | 139,618 | 1,317,170 | 597,464 | 1,289,842 |
| 2003 | 858,065 | 389,216 | 1,075,916 | 437,209 | 198,317 | 162,691 | 1,295,274 | 587,532 | 1,238,607 |
| 2004 | 761,562 | 345,442 | 966,715 | 343,895 | 155,990 | 133,038 | 1,105,457 | 501,432 | 1,099,753 |
| 2005 | 802,229 | 363,889 | 1,081,457 | 280,268 | 127,129 | 129,215 | 1,082,497 | 491,017 | 1,210,672 |
| 2006 | 720,989 | 327,038 | 1,100,516 | 360,241 | 163,404 | 229,109 | 1,081,230 | 490,443 | 1,329,625 |

Production of Canned Fishery Products, 1997-2006


PRODUCTION OF MEAL AND OIL, 2005 AND 2006

| Product | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars |
| Dried scrap and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fish | 561,117 | 254,521 | 123,083 | 578,207 | 262,273 | 151,545 |
| Shellfish | 4,052 | 1,838 | 338 | 4,693 | 2,129 | 400 |
| Total, scrap and meal | 565,169 | 256,359 | 123,421 | 582,900 | 264,402 | 151,945 |
| Body oil, total | 157,680 | 71,523 | 30,914 | 142,747 | 64,750 | 33,767 |

Note:--To convert pounds of oil to gallons divide by 7.75 .
The above data includes products in American Samoa and Puerto Rico.

PRODUCTION OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS, 1997-2006

| Year | Scrap and meal |  | Marine animal oil |  | Meal and | Other industrial | Grand total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Metric |  |  |  |
|  | pounds | tons | pounds | tons |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 724,668 | 328,707 | 283,379 | 128,540 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 613,434 | 278,252 | 222,697 | 101,015 | 172,574 | 60,800 | 233,374 |
| 1999 | 686,250 | 311,281 | 286,182 | 129,811 | 188,854 | 79,325 | 268,179 |
| 2000 | 638,244 | 289,506 | 192,348 | 87,248 | 135,815 | 83,023 | 218,838 |
| 2001 | 643,989 | 292,111 | 279,416 | 126,742 | 173,908 | 82,770 | 256,678 |
| 2002 | 637,930 | 289,363 | 210,867 | 95,649 | 181,129 | 51,886 | 233,015 |
| 2003 | 602,833 | 273,443 | 195,699 | 88,768 | 168,446 | 53,514 | 221,960 |
| 2004 | 571,012 | 259,009 | 179,400 | 81,375 | 187,801 | 14,642 | 202,443 |
| 2005 | 565,169 | 256,359 | 157,680 | 71,523 | 154,335 | 52,496 | 206,831 |
| 2006 | 582,900 | 264,402 | 142,747 | 64,750 | 185,712 | 60,327 | 246,039 |

Note:--Does not include the value of imported items that may be further processed.

## IMPORTS

U.S. imports of edible fishery products in 2006 were valued at a record $\$ 13.4$ billion, $\$ 1.3$ billion more than in 2005. The quantity of edible imports was 5.4 billion pounds, 285.2 million pounds more than the quantity imported in 2005.

Edible imports consisted of 4.5 billion pounds of fresh and frozen products valued at $\$ 11.7$ billion, 723.8 million pounds of canned products valued at $\$ 1.3$ billion, 87.3 million pounds of cured products valued at $\$ 206.5$ million, 7.3 million pounds of caviar and roe products valued at $\$ 32.4$ million, and 52.7 million pounds of other products valued at $\$ 119.4$ million.

The quantity of shrimp imported in 2006 was 1.3 billion pounds, 135.5 million pounds more than the quantity imported in 2005. Valued at $\$ 4.1$ billion, shrimp imports accounted for 31 percent of the value of total edible imports. Imports of fresh and frozen salmon, including fillets, were 507.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 1.5$ billion in 2006. Imports of fresh and frozen tuna were 429.0 million pounds, 35.4 million pounds more than the 393.7 million pounds imported in 2005 . Imports of canned tuna were 419.9 million pounds, 32.1 million pounds less than in 2005. Imports of fresh and frozen fillets and steaks amounted to 1.2 billion pounds, an increase of 66.8 million pounds from 2005. Regular and minced block imports were 117.2 million pounds, a decrease of 21.8 million pounds from 2005.

Imports of nonedible fishery products were valued at $\$ 14.4$ billion, an increase of $\$ 1.3$ billion compared with 2005. The total value of edible and nonedible products was $\$ 27.7$ billion in 2006, $\$ 2.6$ billion more than in 2005 when $\$ 25.1$ billion of fishery products were imported.

## EXPORTS

U.S. exports of edible fishery products were 3.0 billion pounds valued at $\$ 4.2$ billion, an increase of 37.9 million pounds and $\$ 164.0$ million when compared with 2005. Fresh and frozen items were 2.6 billion pounds valued at $\$ 3.3$ billion, an increase of 61.6 million pounds and an increase of $\$ 188.2$ million compared with 2005 . In terms of individual items, fresh and frozen exports consisted principally of 254.4 million pounds of salmon valued at $\$ 367.4$ million, 397.9 million pounds of surimi valued at $\$ 366.7$ million and 64.0 million pounds of lobsters valued at $\$ 371.3$ million.

Canned items were 195.4 million pounds valued at $\$ 255.7$ million. Salmon was the major canned item exported, with 115.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 182.1$ million. Cured items were 12.0 million pounds valued at $\$ 24.4$ million. Caviar and roe exports were 121.5 million pounds valued at $\$ 526.5$ million.

Exports of nonedible products were valued at $\$ 13.5$ billion, an increase of $\$ 2.2$ billion when compared with 2005. Exports of fish meal amounted to 260.6 million pounds valued at $\$ 80.1$ million. The total value of edible and nonedible exports was $\$ 17.8$ billion, an increase of $\$ 2.3$ billion compared with 2005.

## U.S. Trade in Edible Fishery Products, 2006

Thousand Dollars


FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, BY PRINCIPAL ITEMS, 2005 AND 2006

| Item | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Edible fishery products: | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
| Fresh and frozen: | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Whole or eviscerated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater | 165,964 | 75,281 | 136,481 | 171,652 | 77,861 | 157,464 |
| Flatfish | 31,107 | 14,110 | 80,845 | 24,330 | 11,036 | 89,153 |
| Groundfish | 58,969 | 26,748 | 54,629 | 53,329 | 24,190 | 62,542 |
| Salmon | 171,476 | 77,781 | 365,696 | 199,889 | 90,669 | 493,717 |
| Tuna (1) | 393,691 | 178,577 | 589,026 | 429,050 | 194,616 | 611,238 |
| Other | 260,438 | 118,134 | 471,108 | 266,962 | 121,093 | 510,930 |
| Fillets and steaks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater | 240,958 | 109,298 | 461,373 | 335,562 | 152,210 | 626,651 |
| Flatfish | 69,549 | 31,547 | 143,289 | 57,487 | 26,076 | 126,069 |
| Groundfish | 271,355 | 123,086 | 471,449 | 269,248 | 122,130 | 508,826 |
| Salmon | 316,118 | 143,390 | 759,554 | 307,700 | 139,572 | 976,994 |
| Other | 248,564 | 112,748 | 585,078 | 243,319 | 110,369 | 603,142 |
| Blocks and slabs | 139,009 | 63,054 | 169,033 | 117,201 | 53,162 | 145,299 |
| Surimi | 2,041 | 926 | 1,272 | 1,737 | 788 | 1,027 |
| Crabs | 168,733 | 76,537 | 651,718 | 186,278 | 84,495 | 703,408 |
| Crabmeat | 27,641 | 12,538 | 134,128 | 24,645 | 11,179 | 120,504 |
| Lobster: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 66,561 | 30,192 | 561,611 | 67,220 | 30,491 | 579,062 |
| Spiny | 26,524 | 12,031 | 352,427 | 26,365 | 11,959 | 348,686 |
| Shrimp | 1,162,655 | 527,377 | 3,632,585 | 1,297,001 | 588,316 | 4,104,213 |
| Scallops (meats) | 50,664 | 22,981 | 226,477 | 59,339 | 26,916 | 238,062 |
| Squid | 118,497 | 53,750 | 150,173 | 143,189 | 64,950 | 189,063 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 228,458 | 103,628 | 507,576 | 247,495 | 112,263 | 541,665 |
| Total, fresh and frozen | 4,218,974 | 1,913,714 | 10,505,528 | 4,529,000 | 2,054,341 | 11,737,715 |
| Canned: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anchovy | 7,654 | 3,472 | 26,245 | 8,003 | 3,630 | 25,012 |
| Herring | 6,111 | 2,772 | 8,179 | 6,226 | 2,824 | 8,576 |
| Mackerel | 20,311 | 9,213 | 16,215 | 23,027 | 10,445 | 20,176 |
| Salmon | 18,252 | 8,279 | 39,383 | 20,024 | 9,083 | 51,120 |
| Sardines | 50,349 | 22,838 | 59,723 | 50,247 | 22,792 | 60,021 |
| Tuna | 452,066 | 205,056 | 533,378 | 419,948 | 190,487 | 525,598 |
| Clams | 15,584 | 7,069 | 17,878 | 14,989 | 6,799 | 19,260 |
| Crabmeat | 61,067 | 27,700 | 379,588 | 60,999 | 27,669 | 380,653 |
| Lobsters | 309 | 140 | 3,603 | 201 | 91 | 2,343 |
| Oysters | 12,705 | 5,763 | 28,134 | 13,126 | 5,954 | 28,116 |
| Shrimp | 3,217 | 1,459 | 6,478 | 4,372 | 1,983 | 11,038 |
| Balls, cakes, and puddings | 24,601 | 11,159 | 33,461 | 25,218 | 11,439 | 33,839 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 75,832 | 34,397 | 79,517 | 77,421 | 35,118 | 93,540 |
| Total, canned | 748,058 | 339,317 | 1,231,782 | 723,801 | 328,314 | 1,259,292 |
| Cured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dried | 14,859 | 6,740 | 45,417 | 14,691 | 6,664 | 45,843 |
| Pickled or salted | 49,403 | 22,409 | 75,220 | 52,187 | 23,672 | 85,211 |
| Smoked or kippered | 18,514 | 8,398 | 65,704 | 20,448 | 9,275 | 75,449 |
| Total, cured | 82,776 | 37,547 | 186,341 | 87,326 | 39,611 | 206,503 |
| Caviar and roe | 7,751 | 3,516 | 40,501 | 7,315 | 3,318 | 32,418 |
| Prepared meals | 13,589 | 6,164 | 50,159 | 14,209 | 6,445 | 39,730 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 43,788 | 19,862 | 85,013 | 38,446 | 17,439 | 79,636 |
| Total edible products | 5,114,937 | 2,320,120 | 12,099,324 | 5,400,097 | 2,449,468 | 13,355,294 |
| Nonedible products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meal and scrap | 133,394 | 60,507 | 40,431 | 129,403 | 58,697 | 41,183 |
| Fish oils | 66,921 | 30,355 | 45,131 | 44,363 | 20,123 | 58,039 |
| Other | - | - | 12,935,192 | - | - | 14,257,447 |
| Total nonedible products | - | - | 13,020,754 | - | - | 14,356,669 |
| Grand total | - | - | 25,120,078 | - | - | 27,711,963 |

(1) Includes loins and discs.

Note:--Data include imports into the United States and Puerto Rico and landings of tuna by foreign vessels at American Samoa. Statistics on imports are the weight of individual products as exported, i.e., fillets, steaks, headed, etc. Imports and Exports of Fishery Products. Annual Summary, 2006, Current Fishery Statistics No. 2006-2 provides additional information.
Source:-U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, 1997-2006

| Year | Edible |  |  | Nonedible | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric |  |  |  |
|  | pounds | tons | -- -- | usand dollars- |  |
| 1997 | 3,338,849 | 1,514,492 | 7,754,243 | 6,774,083 | 14,528,326 |
| 1998 | 3,647,021 | 1,654,278 | 8,173,185 | 7,459,487 | 15,632,672 |
| 1999 | 3,887,891 | 1,763,536 | 9,013,886 | 8,025,696 | 17,039,582 |
| 2000 | 3,978,243 | 1,804,519 | 10,054,045 | 8,959,391 | 19,013,436 |
| 2001 | 4,101,993 | 1,860,652 | 9,864,431 | 8,682,738 | 18,547,169 |
| 2002 | 4,427,141 | 2,008,138 | 10,121,262 | 9,569,912 | 19,691,174 |
| 2003 | 4,906,553 | 2,225,598 | 11,095,475 | 10,187,079 | 21,282,554 |
| 2004 | 4,950,806 | 2,245,671 | 11,331,325 | 11,617,745 | 22,949,070 |
| 2005 | 5,114,937 | 2,320,120 | 12,099,324 | 13,020,754 | 25,120,078 |
| 2006 | 5,400,097 | 2,449,468 | 13,355,294 | 14,356,669 | 27,711,963 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. Imports from Major Areas, 2006 by Volume
U.S. Imports from Major Exporters, 2006
by Volume


4\%

U.S. Fishery Product Imports


EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, 2006

| Continent and Country | Edible |  |  | Nonedible | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | $\begin{gathered} \text { Metric } \\ \text { tons } \end{gathered}$ |  | ousand dollars |  |
| North America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 687,727 | 311,951 | 2,184,717 | 1,105,720 | 3,290,437 |
| Mexico | 134,066 | 60,812 | 453,914 | 528,990 | 982,904 |
| Dominican Republic | 661 | 300 | 4,930 | 268,717 | 273,647 |
| Honduras | 41,186 | 18,682 | 146,192 | 276 | 146,468 |
| Panama | 33,340 | 15,123 | 103,407 | 5,368 | 108,775 |
| Other | 108,588 | 49,255 | 345,460 | 79,964 | 425,424 |
| Total | 1,005,569 | 456,123 | 3,238,620 | 1,989,035 | 5,227,655 |
| South America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chile | 299,122 | 135,681 | 951,896 | 32,654 | 984,550 |
| Ecuador | 242,731 | 110,102 | 570,465 | 40,343 | 610,808 |
| Brazil | 33,625 | 15,252 | 129,841 | 75,711 | 205,552 |
| Argentina | 68,411 | 31,031 | 92,089 | 29,261 | 121,350 |
| Peru | 27,275 | 12,372 | 53,406 | 67,006 | 120,412 |
| Other | 92,891 | 42,135 | 228,822 | 111,201 | 340,023 |
| Total | 764,055 | 346,573 | 2,026,519 | 356,176 | 2,382,695 |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union: |  |  |  |  |  |
| France | 2,132 | 967 | 11,392 | 1,220,548 | 1,231,940 |
| Italy | 2,200 | 998 | 8,895 | 1,108,366 | 1,117,261 |
| United Kingdom | 19,976 | 9,061 | 58,692 | 393,276 | 451,968 |
| Germany | 2,315 | 1,050 | 5,120 | 352,070 | 357,190 |
| Spain | 17,136 | 7,773 | 47,505 | 281,597 | 329,102 |
| Other | 32,427 | 14,709 | 85,371 | 223,355 | 308,726 |
| Total | 76,187 | 34,558 | 216,975 | 3,579,212 | 3,796,187 |
| Other: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turkey | 844 | 383 | 2,885 | 379,097 | 381,982 |
| Russian Federation | 80,051 | 36,311 | 375,469 | 1,908 | 377,377 |
| Switzerland | 13 | 6 | 64 | 243,421 | 243,485 |
| Norway | 45,926 | 20,832 | 130,989 | 49,670 | 180,659 |
| Iceland | 45,428 | 20,606 | 134,609 | 5,452 | 140,061 |
| Other | 7,908 | 3,587 | 16,254 | 186,379 | 202,633 |
| Total | 180,171 | 81,725 | 660,270 | 865,927 | 1,526,197 |
| Asia: |  |  |  |  |  |
| China | 1,157,675 | 525,118 | 1,937,889 | 1,782,843 | 3,720,732 |
| Thailand | 799,977 | 362,867 | 1,812,402 | 1,079,465 | 2,891,867 |
| India | 106,200 | 48,172 | 321,628 | 2,450,851 | 2,772,479 |
| Indonesia | 254,453 | 115,419 | 778,807 | 228,031 | 1,006,838 |
| Viet Nam | 205,486 | 93,208 | 652,399 | 14,361 | 666,760 |
| Other | 564,289 | 255,960 | 1,173,261 | 1,677,788 | 2,851,049 |
| Total | 3,088,080 | 1,400,744 | 6,676,386 | 7,233,339 | 13,909,725 |
| Oceania: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia | 9,332 | 4,233 | 92,529 | 77,183 | 169,712 |
| New Zealand | 101,427 | 46,007 | 150,200 | 15,001 | 165,201 |
| Fiji | 37,849 | 17,168 | 74,674 | 1,738 | 76,412 |
| Vanuatu | 52,849 | 23,972 | 51,400 | 256 | 51,656 |
| French Polynesia | 401 | 182 | 939 | 45,385 | 46,324 |
| Other | 36,400 | 16,511 | 42,057 | 3,730 | 45,787 |
| Total | 238,258 | 108,073 | 411,799 | 143,293 | 555,092 |
| Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Africa | 9,515 | 4,316 | 33,901 | 112,742 | 146,643 |
| Tunisia | 408 | 185 | 1,946 | 46,178 | 48,124 |
| Mauritius | 16,927 | 7,678 | 36,779 | 6,380 | 43,159 |
| Morocco | 10,487 | 4,757 | 22,989 | 11,755 | 34,744 |
| Reunion | 937 | 425 | 6,486 |  | 6,486 |
| Other | 9,504 | 4,311 | 22,624 | 12,632 | 35,256 |
| Total | 47,778 | 21,672 | 124,725 | 189,687 | 314,412 |
| Grand total | 5,400,097 | 2,449,468 | 13,355,294 | 14,356,669 | 27,711,963 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

REGULAR AND MINCED FISH BLOCKS AND SLABS IMPORTS,
BY SPECIES AND TYPE, 2005 AND 2006

| Species and type | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Regular blocks and slabs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cod | 18,036 | 8,181 | 31,527 | 14,061 | 6,378 | 27,245 |
| Flatfish | 5,117 | 2,321 | 8,463 | 6,358 | 2,884 | 10,398 |
| Haddock | 9,478 | 4,299 | 13,885 | 6,045 | 2,742 | 10,710 |
| Ocean perch | 434 | 197 | 794 | 381 | 173 | 692 |
| Pollock | 57,353 | 26,015 | 50,150 | 41,215 | 18,695 | 37,027 |
| Whiting | 8,858 | 4,018 | 8,151 | 9,837 | 4,462 | 9,549 |
| Other | 10,256 | 4,652 | 24,498 | 11,711 | 5,312 | 23,623 |
| Total | 109,531 | 49,683 | 137,468 | 89,608 | 40,646 | 119,244 |
| Minced blocks and slabs | 29,478 | 13,371 | 31,565 | 27,593 | 12,516 | 26,055 |
| Grand total | 139,009 | 63,054 | 169,033 | 117,201 | 53,162 | 145,299 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau

REGULAR AND MINCED FISH BLOCKS AND SLABS IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 2005 AND 2006

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| China | 85,018 | 38,564 | 87,473 | 76,217 | 34,572 | 84,612 |
| Canada | 14,663 | 6,651 | 11,174 | 9,548 | 4,331 | 9,134 |
| Argentina | 7,430 | 3,370 | 7,697 | 7,533 | 3,417 | 8,844 |
| Iceland | 5,384 | 2,442 | 8,020 | 3,347 | 1,518 | 5,942 |
| Denmark | 2,335 | 1,059 | 4,858 | 1,874 | 850 | 4,613 |
| Chile | 1,914 | 868 | 8,857 | 2,006 | 910 | 4,545 |
| Poland | 1,629 | 739 | 3,180 | 1,442 | 654 | 3,201 |
| Norway | 3,386 | 1,536 | 4,081 | 2,714 | 1,231 | 2,828 |
| Thailand | 2,385 | 1,082 | 4,844 | 1,179 | 535 | 2,483 |
| Other | 14,866 | 6,743 | 28,849 | 11,340 | 5,144 | 19,097 |
| Total | 139,009 | 63,054 | 169,033 | 117,201 | 53,162 | 145,299 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau

GROUNDFISH FILLET AND STEAK IMPORTS, BY SPECIES, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Species | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars |
| Cod | 97,906 | 44,410 | 253,002 | 98,228 | 44,556 | 279,137 |
| Haddock | 23,543 | 10,679 | 67,034 | 25,531 | 11,581 | 77,733 |
| Hake | 3,106 | 1,409 | 3,313 | 10,196 | 4,625 | 9,812 |
| Ocean perch | 14,116 | 6,403 | 25,793 | 13,922 | 6,315 | 29,644 |
| Pollock (2) | 132,684 | 60,185 | 122,307 | 121,370 | 55,053 | 112,500 |
| Total | 271,355 | 123,086 | 471,449 | 269,248 | 122,130 | 508,826 |

[^8]CANNED TUNA NOT IN OIL, QUOTA AND IMPORTS, 1997-2006

| Year | Quota <br> (1) |  | Over quota <br> (2) |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Metric |
|  | pounds | tons | pounds | tons | pounds | tons |
| 1997 | 78,620 | 35,662 | 139,714 | 63,374 | 218,335 | 99,036 |
| 1998 | 67,317 | 30,535 | 176,648 | 80,127 | 243,965 | 110,662 |
| 1999 | 72,086 | 32,698 | 249,016 | 112,953 | 321,102 | 145,651 |
| 2000 | 62,403 | 28,306 | 245,211 | 111,227 | 307,614 | 139,533 |
| 2001 | 65,155 | 29,554 | 220,528 | 100,031 | 285,683 | 129,585 |
| 2002 | 39,947 | 18,120 | 323,042 | 146,531 | 362,990 | 164,651 |
| 2003 | 41,398 | 18,778 | 501,655 | 227,549 | 543,053 | 246,327 |
| 2004 | 50,472 | 22,894 | 377,161 | 171,079 | 427,633 | 193,973 |
| 2005 | 41,965 | 19,035 | 447,133 | 202,818 | 489,097 | 221,853 |
| 2006 | 42,954 | 19,484 | 367,258 | 166,587 | 410,212 | 186,071 |

(1) Imports have been subject to tariff quotas since April 14, 1956. Dutiable in 1956 to 1967 at 12.5 percent ad valorem; 1968, 11 percent; 1969, 10 percent; 1970, 8.5 percent; 1971, 7 percent; and 1972 to 2006, 6 percent.
(2) Dutiable in 1972 to $2006,12.5$ percent.

Note:-Data in this table will not agree with tuna import data released by the U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
Source:-U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service. U.S Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

Canned Tuna Quota and Imports


Imports of Canned Tuna by Major Exporter, 2006 by Volume


CANNED TUNA, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 2005 AND 2006

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Thailand | 213,956 | 97,050 | 261,294 | 204,970 | 92,974 | 250,062 |
| Ecuador | 64,145 | 29,096 | 98,173 | 44,010 | 19,963 | 94,047 |
| Philippines | 98,605 | 44,727 | 81,186 | 80,305 | 36,426 | 70,040 |
| Indonesia | 40,737 | 18,478 | 52,656 | 38,708 | 17,558 | 52,084 |
| Viet Nam | 18,664 | 8,466 | 17,752 | 26,832 | 12,171 | 27,224 |
| China | 3,232 | 1,466 | 2,717 | 12,599 | 5,715 | 11,188 |
| Mexico | 5,838 | 2,648 | 7,447 | 5,547 | 2,516 | 7,003 |
| Malaysia | 2,454 | 1,113 | 4,158 | 1,841 | 835 | 3,462 |
| Trinidad \& Tobago | 520 | 236 | 1,434 | 1,138 | 516 | 2,755 |
| Other | 3,915 | 1,776 | 6,561 | 3,997 | 1,813 | 7,733 |
| Total | 452,066 | 205,056 | 533,378 | 419,948 | 190,487 | 525,598 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

SHRIMP IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 2005 AND 2006

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Honduras | 23,166 | 10,508 | 62,269 | 20,527 | 9,311 | 51,927 |
| Canada | 17,002 | 7,712 | 55,647 | 15,542 | 7,050 | 49,375 |
| Panama | 13,069 | 5,928 | 51,305 | 10,278 | 4,662 | 40,526 |
| Nicaragua | 10,840 | 4,917 | 29,829 | 10,683 | 4,846 | 28,805 |
| Belize | 7,324 | 3,322 | 19,541 | 5,900 | 2,676 | 15,543 |
| Guatemala | 2,937 | 1,332 | 9,453 | 5,366 | 2,434 | 12,903 |
| Costa Rica | 805 | 365 | 3,785 | 428 | 194 | 2,847 |
| Jamaica | 798 | 362 | 1,900 | 626 | 284 | 1,383 |
| Other | 571 | 259 | 1,907 | 672 | 305 | 2,065 |
| Total | 138,449 | 62,800 | 555,840 | 148,017 | 67,140 | 527,230 |
| South America: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ecuador | 109,291 | 49,574 | 272,642 | 130,872 | 59,363 | 324,241 |
| Venezuela | 25,055 | 11,365 | 59,294 | 21,729 | 9,856 | 52,434 |
| Guyana | 18,960 | 8,600 | 32,619 | 17,165 | 7,786 | 32,078 |
| Peru | 9,844 | 4,465 | 25,728 | 11,673 | 5,295 | 31,682 |
| Colombia | 7,648 | 3,469 | 22,671 | 7,218 | 3,274 | 19,912 |
| Suriname | 6,235 | 2,828 | 11,203 | 6,036 | 2,738 | 11,104 |
| Brazil | 6,592 | 2,990 | 12,144 | 1,299 | 589 | 3,692 |
| Chile | 161 | 73 | 713 | 154 | 70 | 661 |
| Argentina |  |  |  | 77 | 35 | 245 |
| Total | 183,784 | 83,364 | 437,014 | 196,223 | 89,006 | 476,049 |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 24 | 11 | 254 | 42 | 19 | 374 |
| Spain | 110 | 50 | 431 | 26 | 12 | 300 |
| Denmark | 547 | 248 | 1,294 | 152 | 69 | 242 |
| Other | 7 | 3 | 21 | 18 | 8 | 86 |
| Total | 688 | 312 | 2,000 | 238 | 108 | 1,002 |
| Other: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norway | 40 | 18 | 96 | 75 | 34 | 226 |
| Iceland | 298 | 135 | 794 | 77 | 35 | 182 |
| Ukraine |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 12 |
| Russian Federation | 4 | 2 | 46 |  |  |  |
| Total | 342 | 155 | 936 | 154 | 70 | 420 |
| Asia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thailand | 354,703 | 160,892 | 980,540 | 427,172 | 193,764 | 1,277,330 |
| Indonesia | 116,052 | 52,641 | 373,690 | 129,474 | 58,729 | 430,257 |
| Viet Nam | 94,685 | 42,949 | 442,171 | 81,742 | 37,078 | 429,753 |
| China | 99,659 | 45,205 | 205,462 | 150,243 | 68,150 | 330,918 |
| India | 78,702 | 35,699 | 313,915 | 60,135 | 27,277 | 252,020 |
| Bangladesh | 34,969 | 15,862 | 136,310 | 42,862 | 19,442 | 188,743 |
| Malaysia | 37,899 | 17,191 | 115,987 | 44,861 | 20,349 | 136,428 |
| Philippines | 4,414 | 2,002 | 14,416 | 4,001 | 1,815 | 14,990 |
| United Arab Emirates | 6,642 | 3,013 | 13,694 | 5,582 | 2,532 | 12,129 |
| Other | 14,200 | 6,441 | 43,340 | 8,874 | 4,025 | 29,379 |
| Total | 841,926 | 381,895 | 2,639,525 | 954,947 | 433,161 | 3,101,947 |
| Oceania | 240 | 109 | 1,853 | 1,224 | 555 | 6,389 |
| Africa | 443 | 201 | 1,895 | 571 | 259 | 2,214 |
| Grand total | 1,165,872 | 528,836 | 3,639,063 | 1,301,373 | 590,299 | 4,115,251 |

[^9]SHRIMP IMPORTS, BY TYPE OF PRODUCT, 2005 AND 2006

| Type of product | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | Thousand | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars |
| Shell-on (heads off) | 547,429 | 248,312 | 1,763,938 | 565,041 | 256,301 | 1,792,653 |
| Peeled: | 3,217 | 1,459 | 6,478 | 4,372 | 1,983 | 11.038 |
| Not breaded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw | 327,718 | 148,652 | 1,060,687 | 360,754 | 163,637 | 1,232,437 |
| Other | 189,245 | 85,841 | 594,009 | 262,625 | 119,126 | 842,564 |
| Breaded | 98,263 | 44,572 | 213,951 | 108,581 | 49,252 | 236,559 |
| Total | 1,165,872 | 528,836 | 3,639,063 | 1,301,373 | 590,299 | 4,115,251 |

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

Shrimp Imports by Major Exporter, 2006
by Volume

Shrimp Imports by Type, 2006
by Volume


FISH MEAL AND SCRAP IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 2005 AND 2006

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Mexico | 24,572 | 11,146 | 6,465 | 60,779 | 27,569 | 17,789 |
| Peru | 31,524 | 14,299 | 8,335 | 24,769 | 11,235 | 7,086 |
| Canada | 19,156 | 8,689 | 6,333 | 16,325 | 7,405 | 5,492 |
| Chile | 14,284 | 6,479 | 3,458 | 12,965 | 5,881 | 5,067 |
| Panama | 1,819 | 825 | 476 | 3,605 | 1,635 | 1,330 |
| China | 1,089 | 494 | 930 | 1,634 | 741 | 1,256 |
| Iceland | 30,655 | 13,905 | 11,610 | 1,325 | 601 | 943 |
| Ecuador | 3,111 | 1,411 | 825 | 3,124 | 1,417 | 860 |
| Japan | 3,485 | 1,581 | 673 | 4,231 | 1,919 | 817 |
| Other | 3,699 | 1,678 | 1,326 | 648 | 294 | 543 |
| Total | 133,394 | 60,507 | 40,431 | 129,403 | 58,697 | 41,183 |

[^10]FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, BY PRINCIPAL ITEMS, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Item | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Edible fishery products: | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
| Fresh and frozen: | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Whole or eviscerated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater | 15,454 | 7,010 | 11,582 | 16,618 | 7,538 | 15,912 |
| Flatfish | 182,217 | 82,653 | 145,073 | 209,366 | 94,968 | 181,195 |
| Groundfish | 340,313 | 154,365 | 315,464 | 361,252 | 163,863 | 369,068 |
| Herring | 84,683 | 38,412 | 47,328 | 70,929 | 32,173 | 31,645 |
| Sablefish | 29,184 | 13,238 | 73,215 | 23,516 | 10,667 | 80,288 |
| Salmon | 293,930 | 133,326 | 416,143 | 254,362 | 115,378 | 367,365 |
| Tuna | 30,373 | 13,777 | 72,634 | 30,080 | 13,644 | 49,066 |
| Other | 445,439 | 202,050 | 385,897 | 503,584 | 228,424 | 394,070 |
| Fillets, and steaks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freshwater | 5,379 | 2,440 | 9,113 | 4,824 | 2,188 | 9,516 |
| Groundfish | 185,786 | 84,272 | 193,338 | 207,790 | 94,253 | 261,213 |
| Other | 61,821 | 28,042 | 123,597 | 54,171 | 24,572 | 155,500 |
| Blocks and slabs | 38,834 | 17,615 | 43,892 | 58,742 | 26,645 | 61,053 |
| Surimi | 454,577 | 206,195 | 424,001 | 397,899 | 180,486 | 366,681 |
| Fish sticks | 46,671 | 21,170 | 62,321 | 44,676 | 20,265 | 66,818 |
| Clams | 6,259 | 2,839 | 25,932 | 7,487 | 3,396 | 30,764 |
| Crabs | 30,781 | 13,962 | 114,742 | 38,067 | 17,267 | 147,021 |
| Crabmeat | 3,907 | 1,772 | 11,487 | 2,458 | 1,115 | 8,103 |
| Lobsters | 57,990 | 26,304 | 348,309 | 64,022 | 29,040 | 371,269 |
| Scallops (meats) | 21,643 | 9,817 | 103,423 | 24,398 | 11,067 | 133,701 |
| Sea urchins | 869 | 394 | 5,479 | 721 | 327 | 4,833 |
| Shrimp | 28,148 | 12,768 | 97,852 | 26,764 | 12,140 | 98,396 |
| Squid | 115,697 | 52,480 | 72,723 | 137,108 | 62,192 | 80,843 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 34,268 | 8,534 | 52,880 | 38,157 | 9,770 | 60,342 |
| Total, fresh and frozen | 2,498,771 | 1,133,435 | 3,156,425 | 2,560,374 | 1,161,378 | 3,344,662 |
| Canned: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salmon | 114,569 | 51,968 | 178,711 | 115,633 | 52,451 | 182,147 |
| Sardines | 43,596 | 19,775 | 18,709 | 27,123 | 12,303 | 11,143 |
| Tuna | 3,005 | 1,363 | 4,022 | 6,444 | 2,923 | 6,348 |
| Abalone | 373 | 169 | 7,412 | 346 | 157 | 5,432 |
| Crabmeat | 2,346 | 1,064 | 7,620 | 2,729 | 1,238 | 8,493 |
| Shrimp | 988 | 448 | 4,385 | 1,459 | 662 | 7,762 |
| Squid | 23,278 | 10,559 | 14,684 | 3,406 | 1,545 | 1,772 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 26,182 | 11,876 | 33,207 | 38,245 | 17,348 | 32,627 |
| Total, canned | 214,336 | 97,222 | 268,750 | 195,387 | 88,627 | 255,724 |
| Cured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dried | 1,885 | 855 | 6,400 | 2,597 | 1,178 | 6,877 |
| Pickled or salted | 8,142 | 3,693 | 12,590 | 7,948 | 3,605 | 10,267 |
| Smoked or kippered | 822 | 373 | 3,554 | 1,490 | 676 | 7,218 |
| Total, cured | 10,849 | 4,921 | 22,544 | 12,035 | 5,459 | 24,362 |
| Caviar and roe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Herring | 12,352 | 5,603 | 25,550 | 11,332 | 5,140 | 12,657 |
| Pollock | 60,796 | 27,577 | 329,040 | 65,997 | 29,936 | 314,328 |
| Salmon | 32,240 | 14,624 | 110,885 | 22,939 | 10,405 | 101,510 |
| Sea urchin | 1,929 | 875 | 35,347 | 1,892 | 858 | 33,447 |
| Other | 19,868 | 9,012 | 50,128 | 19,348 | 8,776 | 64,544 |
| Total, caviar and roe | 127,186 | 57,691 | 550,950 | 121,507 | 55,115 | 526,486 |
| Prepared meals | 8,461 | 3,838 | 18,559 | 9,777 | 4,435 | 21,349 |
| Other fish and shellfish | 69,820 | 31,670 | 56,462 | 68,230 | 30,949 | 65,068 |
| Total edible products | 2,929,422 | 1,328,777 | 4,073,690 | 2,967,310 | 1,345,963 | 4,237,651 |
| Nonedible products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meal and scrap | 363,442 | 164,856 | 99,134 | 260,588 | 118,202 | 80,080 |
| Fish oils | 123,596 | 56,063 | 43,570 | 148,030 | 67,146 | 57,154 |
| Other | - | - | 11,257,848 | - | - | 13,442,206 |
| Total nonedible products | - | - | 11,356,982 | - | - | 13,522,286 |
| Grand total | - | - | 15,430,672 | - | - | 17,759,937 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, 1997-2006 (1)

| Year | Edible |  |  | Nonedible | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric |  |  |  |
|  | pounds | tons | ----- | ousand dollars- | -- |
| 1997 | 2,018,889 | 915,762 | 2,713,082 | 6,640,533 | 9,353,615 |
| 1998 | 1,663,889 | 754,735 | 2,259,727 | 6,437,385 | 8,697,112 |
| 1999 | 1,961,122 | 889,559 | 2,848,548 | 7,158,302 | 10,006,850 |
| 2000 | 2,164,994 | 982,035 | 2,951,717 | 7,829,818 | 10,781,535 |
| 2001 | 2,564,960 | 1,163,458 | 3,194,500 | 8,639,109 | 11,833,609 |
| 2002 | 2,398,208 | 1,087,820 | 3,119,651 | 8,593,789 | 11,713,440 |
| 2003 | 2,395,708 | 1,086,686 | 3,268,333 | 8,730,917 | 11,999,250 |
| 2004 | 2,888,172 | 1,310,066 | 3,708,288 | 9,883,926 | 13,592,214 |
| 2005 | 2,929,422 | 1,328,777 | 4,073,690 | 11,356,982 | 15,430,672 |
| 2006 | 2,967,310 | 1,345,963 | 4,237,651 | 13,522,286 | 17,759,937 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports). Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. Exports to Major Areas, 2006
by Volume
U.S. Exports to Major Importers, 2006 by Volume

U.S. Fishery Product Exports

$\square$ Edible value $\square$ Nonedible value

EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, 2006 (1)

| Continent and Country | Edible |  |  | Nonedible | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric |  |  |  |
|  | pounds | tons |  | usand dollars |  |
| North America: Loun |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 321,433 | 145,801 | 811,257 | 2,472,759 | 3,284,016 |
| Mexico | 55,289 | 25,079 | 76,733 | 1,219,479 | 1,296,212 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 1,307 | 593 | 3,821 | 406,514 | 410,335 |
| Dominican Republic | 4,777 | 2,167 | 6,496 | 246,492 | 252,988 |
| Aruba | 1,281 | 581 | 2,911 | 86,109 | 89,020 |
| Other | 23,325 | 10,580 | 39,606 | 494,545 | 534,151 |
| Total | 407,412 | 184,801 | 940,824 | 4,925,898 | 5,866,722 |
| South America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brazil | 4,974 | 2,256 | 3,326 | 147,849 | 151,175 |
| Venezuela | 7,846 | 3,559 | 5,705 | 104,523 | 110,228 |
| Chile | 1,528 | 693 | 1,983 | 75,858 | 77,841 |
| Colombia | 1,396 | 633 | 2,241 | 74,982 | 77,223 |
| Argentina | 470 | 213 | 924 | 45,799 | 46,723 |
| Other | 11,426 | 5,183 | 12,585 | 104,980 | 117,565 |
| Total | 27,639 | 12,537 | 26,764 | 553,991 | 580,755 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| European Union: |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 64,401 | 29,212 | 117,646 | 1,120,939 | 1,238,585 |
| Germany | 198,522 | 90,049 | 263,971 | 246,153 | 510,124 |
| France | 76,806 | 34,839 | 160,608 | 326,422 | 487,030 |
| Netherlands | 131,529 | 59,661 | 170,247 | 282,703 | 452,950 |
| Belgium | 8,422 | 3,820 | 36,921 | 291,135 | 328,056 |
| Other | 178,277 | 80,866 | 289,226 | 418,937 | 708,163 |
| Total | 657,956 | 298,447 | 1,038,619 | 2,686,289 | 3,724,908 |
| Other: $\quad$ 20, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switzerland | 11,711 | 5,312 | 13,243 | 497,081 | 510,324 |
| Russian Federation | 55,653 | 25,244 | 45,311 | 60,998 | 106,309 |
| Ukraine | 51,424 | 23,326 | 43,938 | 27,452 | 71,390 |
| Turkey | 1,327 | 602 | 1,127 | 49,888 | 51,015 |
| Norway | 20,333 | 9,223 | 27,391 | 11,353 | 38,744 |
| Other | 42,917 | 19,467 | 24,642 | 49,444 | 74,086 |
| Total | 183,365 | 83,174 | 155,652 | 696,216 | 851,868 |
| Asia: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japan | 618,498 | 280,549 | 952,008 | 1,182,330 | 2,134,338 |
| China - Hong Kong | 20,207 | 9,166 | 58,930 | 847,621 | 906,551 |
| China | 505,274 | 229,191 | 451,419 | 367,748 | 819,167 |
| South Korea | 310,648 | 140,909 | 406,951 | 223,337 | 630,288 |
| India | 289 | 131 | 1,321 | 336,013 | 337,334 |
| Other | 89,895 | 40,776 | 121,547 | 1,250,089 | 1,371,636 |
| Total | 1,544,812 | 700,722 | 1,992,176 | 4,207,138 | 6,199,314 |
| Oceania: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia | 77,950 | 35,358 | 46,454 | 276,327 | 322,781 |
| New Zealand | 2,978 | 1,351 | 2,451 | 43,731 | 46,182 |
| French Polynesia | 1,759 | 798 | 1,360 | 1,836 | 3,196 |
| Fiji | 2,227 | 1,010 | 1,166 | 1,080 | 2,246 |
| Nauru | 3,677 | 1,668 | 1,989 | 1 | 1,990 |
| Other | 5,717 | 2,593 | 2,814 | 2,209 | 5,023 |
| Total | 94,308 | 42,778 | 56,234 | 325,184 | 381,418 |
| Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Africa | 5,476 | 2,484 | 5,317 | 49,591 | 54,908 |
| Namibia | 163 | 74 | 199 | 29,198 | 29,397 |
| Egypt | 21,843 | 9,908 | 9,968 | 11,575 | 21,543 |
| Nigeria | 19,828 | 8,994 | 8,047 | 12,855 | 20,902 |
| Mauritus | 214 | 97 | 132 | 5,486 | 5,618 |
| Other | 4,292 | 1,947 | 3,719 | 18,865 | 22,584 |
| Total | 51,817 | 23,504 | 27,382 | 127,570 | 154,952 |
| Grand total | 2,967,310 | 1,345,963 | 4,237,651 | 13,522,286 | 17,759,937 |

[^11]FRESH AND FROZEN SHRIMP EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Metric } \\ & \text { tons } \end{aligned}$ | Thousand | Thousand | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ |
| Canada | 10,075 | 4,570 | 34,138 | 9,583 | 4,347 | 34,403 |
| Mexico | 7,727 | 3,505 | 23,191 | 4,916 | 2,230 | 15,759 |
| China | 1,834 | 832 | 7,172 | 2,352 | 1,067 | 8,358 |
| Thailand | 705 | 320 | 2,731 | 1,444 | 655 | 5,575 |
| Indonesia | 862 | 391 | 3,060 | 741 | 336 | 3,534 |
| Japan | 963 | 437 | 5,270 | 465 | 211 | 2,697 |
| Guatemala | 315 | 143 | 862 | 463 | 210 | 2,077 |
| Ecuador | 368 | 167 | 1,289 | 492 | 223 | 1,970 |
| Viet Nam | 322 | 146 | 1,402 | 278 | 126 | 1,607 |
| Other | 4,976 | 2,257 | 18,737 | 6,030 | 2,735 | 22,416 |
| Total | 28,148 | 12,768 | 97,852 | 26,764 | 12,140 | 98,396 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. Shrimp Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume
U.S. Lobster Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume



FRESH AND FROZEN LOBSTER EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| Canada | 33,292 | 15,101 | 171,249 | 37,730 | 17,114 | 173,352 |
| Italy | 7,083 | 3,213 | 48,673 | 7,427 | 3,369 | 54,211 |
| Spain | 6,506 | 2,951 | 46,773 | 7,220 | 3,275 | 51,267 |
| France | 4,312 | 1,956 | 30,863 | 4,112 | 1,865 | 29,830 |
| Japan | 1,100 | 499 | 9,418 | 1,120 | 508 | 9,354 |
| Afghanistan | - | - | - | 922 | 418 | 7,462 |
| United Kingdom | 767 | 348 | 5,901 | 844 | 383 | 6,677 |
| South Korea | 816 | 370 | 7,017 | 732 | 332 | 6,332 |
| Belgium | 582 | 264 | 4,035 | 688 | 312 | 5,528 |
| Other | 3,532 | 1,602 | 24,380 | 3,228 | 1,464 | 27,256 |
| Total | 57,990 | 26,304 | 348,309 | 64,022 | 29,040 | 371,269 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

FRESH AND FROZEN SALMON EXPORTS, WHOLE OR EVISCERATED, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Metric | Thousand | Thousand | Metric | Thousand |
|  | pounds | tons | dollars | pounds | tons | dollars |
| China | 64,767 | 29,378 | 71,239 | 82,545 | 37,442 | 108,510 |
| Japan | 87,395 | 39,642 | 156,927 | 39,932 | 18,113 | 73,374 |
| Canada | 38,695 | 17,552 | 69,501 | 27,251 | 12,361 | 50,146 |
| Germany | 14,306 | 6,489 | 18,721 | 12,509 | 5,674 | 17,630 |
| France | 13,362 | 6,061 | 15,734 | 11,358 | 5,152 | 16,889 |
| Thailand | 18,327 | 8,313 | 23,005 | 12,595 | 5,713 | 15,008 |
| United Kingdom | 4,043 | 1,834 | 9,064 | 7,330 | 3,325 | 13,490 |
| Netherlands | 11,111 | 5,040 | 8,857 | 6,634 | 3,009 | 8,631 |
| South Korea | 2,000 | 907 | 1,704 | 8,611 | 3,906 | 8,097 |
| Other | 39,925 | 18,110 | 41,391 | 45,598 | 20,683 | 55,590 |
| Total | 293,930 | 133,326 | 416,143 | 254,362 | 115,378 | 367,365 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

CANNED SALMON EXPORTS,
BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | Thousand | Metric tons | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thousand } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ |
| United Kingdom | 42,941 | 19,478 | 73,596 | 40,188 | 18,229 | 68,721 |
| Canada | 41,887 | 19,000 | 66,827 | 35,752 | 16,217 | 57,668 |
| Australia | 14,963 | 6,787 | 19,739 | 17,584 | 7,976 | 25,834 |
| Netherlands | 6,733 | 3,054 | 8,674 | 6,653 | 3,018 | 8,680 |
| Japan | 79 | 36 | 157 | 3,225 | 1,463 | 4,443 |
| China - Hong Kong | 46 | 21 | 52 | 2,008 | 911 | 2,752 |
| China | 461 | 209 | 326 | 2,359 | 1,070 | 2,748 |
| France | 569 | 258 | 581 | 974 | 442 | 1,580 |
| South Africa | 1,146 | 520 | 1,283 | 1,197 | 543 | 1,492 |
| Other | 5,743 | 2,605 | 7,476 | 5,692 | 2,582 | 8,229 |
| Total | 114,569 | 51,968 | 178,711 | 115,633 | 52,451 | 182,147 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

FROZEN SURIMI EXPORTS,
BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Metric }}{\text { tons }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ |
| Japan | 215,149 | 97,591 | 201,711 | 189,203 | 85,822 | 177,316 |
| South Korea | 143,012 | 64,870 | 138,801 | 148,908 | 67,544 | 134,628 |
| Germany | 19,440 | 8,818 | 15,290 | 12,161 | 5,516 | 11,554 |
| Netherlands | 18,710 | 8,487 | 14,995 | 12,125 | 5,500 | 10,735 |
| France | 14,650 | 6,645 | 12,941 | 9,262 | 4,201 | 8,422 |
| Lithuania | 17,652 | 8,007 | 15,725 | 7,108 | 3,224 | 5,899 |
| Spain | 9,063 | 4,111 | 8,772 | 5,287 | 2,398 | 5,041 |
| China | 6,673 | 3,027 | 5,938 | 5,075 | 2,302 | 4,804 |
| China - Taipei | 4,467 | 2,026 | 4,209 | 2,934 | 1,331 | 2,699 |
| Other | 5,761 | 2,613 | 5,619 | 5,838 | 2,648 | 5,583 |
| Total | 454,577 | 206,195 | 424,001 | 397,899 | 180,486 | 366,681 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

FRESH AND FROZEN CRAB EXPORTS,
BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | $\begin{gathered} \text { Metric } \\ \text { tons } \end{gathered}$ | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars |
| Japan | 8,025 | 3,640 | 41,428 | 11,931 | 5,412 | 59,992 |
| Canada | 16,455 | 7,464 | 47,890 | 18,904 | 8,575 | 57,592 |
| China | 5,271 | 2,391 | 21,014 | 6,687 | 3,033 | 26,129 |
| Belgium | 57 | 26 | 260 | 82 | 37 | 549 |
| Mexico | 106 | 48 | 625 | 66 | 30 | 436 |
| China - Hong Kong | 53 | 24 | 267 | 68 | 31 | 409 |
| China - Taipei | 55 | 25 | 381 | 51 | 23 | 363 |
| Malaysia | 4 | 2 | 19 | 22 | 10 | 195 |
| France | 44 | 20 | 240 | 26 | 12 | 166 |
| Other | 710 | 322 | 2,618 | 229 | 104 | 1,190 |
| Total | 30,781 | 13,962 | 114,742 | 38,067 | 17,267 | 147,021 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. Crab Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume

U.S.Crabmeat Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume


FRESH AND FROZEN CRABMEAT EXPORTS,
BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ |
| Thailand | 946 | 429 | 3,151 | 600 | 272 | 1,648 |
| Belgium | - | - | - | 126 | 57 | 888 |
| Russian Federation | 143 | 65 | 527 | 218 | 99 | 813 |
| Canada | 496 | 225 | 1,550 | 179 | 81 | 773 |
| Japan | 952 | 432 | 2,069 | 280 | 127 | 677 |
| Indonesia | 75 | 34 | 512 | 126 | 57 | 513 |
| Turks \& Caicos Islands | 44 | 20 | 367 | 42 | 19 | 324 |
| Viet Nam | 15 | 7 | 16 | 55 | 25 | 248 |
| China | 194 | 88 | 424 | 90 | 41 | 243 |
| Other | 1,041 | 472 | 2,871 | 743 | 337 | 1,976 |
| Total | 3,907 | 1,772 | 11,487 | 2,458 | 1,115 | 8,103 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

FISH MEAL EXPORTS,
BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars | Thousand pounds | Metric tons | Thousand dollars |
| China | 181,857 | 82,490 | 45,458 | 114,339 | 51,864 | 32,408 |
| Canada | 26,629 | 12,079 | 9,716 | 32,864 | 14,907 | 12,703 |
| Mexico | 40,529 | 18,384 | 14,017 | 30,044 | 13,628 | 9,091 |
| Japan | 13,005 | 5,899 | 3,676 | 18,770 | 8,514 | 6,798 |
| China - Taipei | 14,489 | 6,572 | 4,184 | 13,307 | 6,036 | 4,262 |
| South Korea | 6,810 | 3,089 | 2,196 | 8,926 | 4,049 | 3,561 |
| Philippines | 43,215 | 19,602 | 11,583 | 9,667 | 4,385 | 2,940 |
| Belize | 6,969 | 3,161 | 1,545 | 5,000 | 2,268 | 1,753 |
| Bangladesh | 5,523 | 2,505 | 1,285 | 5,397 | 2,448 | 1,046 |
| Other | 24,416 | 11,075 | 5,474 | 22,273 | 10,103 | 5,518 |
| Total | 363,442 | 164,856 | 99,134 | 260,588 | 118,202 | 80,080 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. Fish Meal Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume
U.S. Fish Oil Exports by Major Importer, 2006 by Volume


FISH AND MARINE ANIMAL OIL EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 2005 AND 2006 (1)

| Country | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { pounds }}$ | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ | Thousand | Metric tons | $\frac{\text { Thousand }}{\text { dollars }}$ |
| Canada | 18,510 | 8,396 | 7,730 | 33,142 | 15,033 | 11,790 |
| Japan | 43,270 | 19,627 | 11,598 | 30,410 | 13,794 | 9,116 |
| Netherlands | 4,400 | 1,996 | 1,120 | 19,901 | 9,027 | 8,233 |
| Chile | 2 | 1 | 3 | 17,643 | 8,003 | 4,821 |
| China | 4,475 | 2,030 | 3,678 | 3,768 | 1,709 | 3,954 |
| South Korea | 8,543 | 3,875 | 3,584 | 4,206 | 1,908 | 3,673 |
| Denmark | 11,023 | 5,000 | 3,110 | 13,281 | 6,024 | 3,647 |
| Belgium | - | - | - | 11,019 | 4,998 | 3,286 |
| Australia | 198 | 90 | 399 | 3,441 | 1,561 | 1,259 |
| Other | 33,175 | 15,048 | 12,348 | 11,219 | 5,089 | 7,375 |
| Total | 123,596 | 56,063 | 43,570 | 148,030 | 67,146 | 57,154 |

(1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.
U.S. SUPPLY OF EDIBLE AND INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1997-2006 (Round weight)

| Year | Domestic commercial landings (1) | Imports | Exports | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -------------------- Million pounds---------------------- |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 9,842 | 7,290 | 5,537 | 11,595 |
| 1998 | 9,194 | 7,703 | 4,889 | 12,008 |
| 1999 | 9,339 | 8,039 | 5,207 | 12,171 |
| 2000 | 9,069 | 8,271 | 5,758 | 11,582 |
| 2001 | 9,492 | 8,627 | 7,107 | 11,012 |
| 2002 | 9,397 | 9,631 | 6,979 | 12,049 |
| 2003 | 9,507 | 10,343 | 6,756 | 13,094 |
| 2004 | 9,683 | 10,729 | 8,203 | 12,209 |
| 2005 | 9,707 | 10,905 | 8,420 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,192 \\ & 13,256 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2006 | 9,489 | 11,477 | 7,710 |  |

(1) Preliminary.

Note: The weight of U.S. landings and imports represent the round(live) weight of all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks (conchs, clams, oysters, scallops, etc) which are shown in weight of meats excluding the shell.

## U.S. SUPPLY OF EDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1997-2006

(Round weight)

| Year | Domestic commercial landings (1) | Imports | Exports | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | --------------------- Million pounds------------------------- |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 7,244 | 6,495 | 4,326 | 9,413 |
| 1998 | 7,173 | 7,001 | 3,709 | 10,465 |
| 1999 | 6,832 | 7,630 | 4,129 | 10,333 |
| 2000 | 6,912 | 7,828 | 4,587 | 10,153 |
| 2001 | 7,314 | 7,992 | 5,774 | 9,532 |
| 2002 | 7,205 | 8,802 | 5,587 | 10,420 |
| 2003 | 7,521 | 9,666 | 5,392 | 11,795 |
| 2004 | 7,794 | 9,854 | 6,462 | 11,186 |
| 2005 | 7,997 | 10,158 | 6,385 | 11,770 |
| 2006 | 7,808 | 10,752 | 6,251 | 12,309 |

(1) Preliminary.
U.S. SUPPLY OF INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1997-2006
(Round weight)

| Year | Domestic commercial landings (1) | Imports | Exports | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -------------------- Million pounds---------------------- |  |  |  |
| 1997 | $2,598$ | 795 1,211 |  | 2,182 |
| 1998 | $2,021$ | 702 | 1,180 | 1,543 |
| 1999 | 2,507 | 409 | 1,078 | 1,838 |
| 2000 | $2,157$ | 443 | 1,171 | 1,429 |
| 2001 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,178 \\ & 2,178 \end{aligned}$ | 635 | 1,333 | 1,480 |
| 2002 | 2,192 | 829 | 1,392 | 1,629 |
| 2003 | $1,986$ | 677 | 1,364 | 1,299 |
| 2004 | $1,889$ | 875 | 1,741 | 1,023 |
| 2005 | 1,710 | 747 | 2,035 | 422 |
| 2006 | 1,681 | 725 | 1,459 | 947 |

(1) Preliminary.
U.S. SUPPLY OF COMMERCIAL FINFISH AND SHELLFISH, 2005 and 2006

| Item | Domestic commercial landings |  | Imports |  | Exports |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Edible |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finfish | 6,913,803 | 6,694,192 | 6,652,794 | 6,813,106 | 5,983,337 | 5,825,606 | 7,583,260 | 7,681,692 |
| Shellfish, et al | 1,083,565 | 1,115,131 | 3,504,933 | 3,939,196 | 401,542 | 424,712 | 4,186,956 | 4,629,615 |
| Subtotal | 7,997,368 | 7,809,323 | 10,157,727 | 10,752,302 | 6,384,879 | 6,250,318 | 11,770,216 | 12,311,307 |
| Industrial (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finfish | 1,548,670 | 1,655,124 | 747,005 | 724,659 | 2,035,273 | 1,459,294 | 260,402 | 920,489 |
| Shellfish, et al | 161,237 | 24,584 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) | (2) | 161,237 | 24,584 |
| Subtotal | 1,709,907 | 1,679,708 | 747,005 | 724,659 | 2,035,273 | 1,459,294 | 421,639 | 945,073 |
| Total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finfish | 8,462,473 | 8,349,316 | 7,399,799 | 7,537,765 | 8,018,610 | 7,284,900 | 7,843,662 | 8,602,181 |
| Shellfish, et al | 1,244,802 | 1,139,715 | 3,504,933 | 3,939,196 | 401,542 | 424,712 | 4,348,193 | 4,654,199 |
| Grand total | 9,707,275 | 9,489,031 | 10,904,732 | 11,476,961 | 8,420,152 | 7,709,612 | 12,191,855 | 13,256,380 |

(1) Includes only quantity harvested for fish meal.
NOTE: Total landings shown in this table may not agree with landings reported in other tables due to rounding.
U.S. SUPPLY OF ALL FILLETS AND STEAKS, 1997-2006
(Edible weight)

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { production (1) } \end{gathered}$ | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -------------------------- Thousand pounds ---------- |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 409,652 | 514,805 | 924,457 | 55,014 | 869,443 |
| 1998 | 422,418 | 578,561 | 1,000,979 | 101,016 | 899,963 |
| 1999 | 362,303 | 654,301 | 1,016,604 | 83,557 | 933,047 |
| 2000 | 367,680 | 734,711 | 1,102,391 | 87,511 | 1,014,880 |
| 2001 | 479,870 | 795,525 | 1,275,395 | 235,570 | 1,039,825 |
| 2002 | 519,099 | 922,543 | 1,441,642 | 220,038 | 1,221,604 |
| 2003 | 612,455 | 993,020 | 1,605,475 | 215,682 | 1,389,793 |
| 2004 | 566,576 | 1,069,103 | 1,635,679 | 294,334 | 1,341,345 |
| 2005 | 615,405 | 1,146,544 | 1,761,949 | 252,986 | 1,508,963 |
| 2006 | 629,601 | 1,213,316 | 1,842,917 | 266,785 | 1,576,132 |

(1) Includes fillets used to produce blocks.
U.S. Supply of Fillets and Steaks

U.S. SUPPLY OF GROUNDFISH FILLETS AND STEAKS, 1997-2006
(Edible weight)

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { production (1) } \end{gathered}$ | Imports | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Exports } \\ & (2) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 220,403 | 176,125 | 396,528 | 23,367 | 373,161 |
| 1998 | 255,291 | 186,937 | 442,228 | 63,481 | 378,747 |
| 1999 | 218,765 | 224,944 | 443,709 | 37,474 | 406,235 |
| 2000 | 233,186 | 224,955 | 458,141 | 52,145 | 405,996 |
| 2001 | 336,822 | 194,684 | 531,506 | 162,353 | 369,153 |
| 2002 | 382,712 | 231,450 | 614,162 | 177,501 | 436,661 |
| 2003 | 465,416 | 232,894 | 698,310 | 167,924 | 530,386 |
| 2004 | 455,259 | 255,974 | 711,233 | 237,599 | 473,634 |
| 2005 | 486,007 | 271,355 | 757,362 | 185,786 | 571,576 |
| 2006 | 498,791 | 269,248 | 768,039 | 207,790 | 560,249 |

[^12]U.S. SUPPLY OF FRESH AND FROZEN TUNA, 1997-2006 (Round weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings (1) |  |  | Imports (2) |  |  | Exports total | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ \text { canning } \end{gathered}$ | Other | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ \text { canning } \end{gathered}$ | Other | Total |  |  |
|  | -------------------------------- Thousand pounds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 354,074 | 102,567 | 456,641 | 467,526 | 105,806 | 573,332 | 24,092 | 1,005,881 |
| 1998 | 318,144 | 161,305 | 479,449 | 590,568 | 137,852 | 728,420 | 34,026 | 1,173,843 |
| 1999 | 368,716 | 111,658 | 480,374 | 571,976 | 135,966 | 707,942 | 22,018 | 1,166,298 |
| 2000 | 281,982 | 54,668 | 336,650 | 550,552 | 107,116 | 657,668 | 16,775 | 977,543 |
| 2001 | 230,990 | 100,145 | 331,135 | 434,358 | 124,423 | 558,781 | 30,569 | 859,347 |
| 2002 | 272,086 | 68,824 | 340,910 | 424,894 | 112,925 | 537,819 | 33,735 | 844,994 |
| 2003 | 169,054 | 80,468 | 249,522 | 534,690 | 146,781 | 681,471 | 44,516 | 886,477 |
| 2004 | 148,160 | 72,803 | 220,963 | 466,394 | 140,546 | 606,940 | 41,407 | 786,496 |
| 2005 | 156,930 | 19,279 | 176,209 | 468,308 | 155,138 | 623,446 | 30,373 | 769,282 |
| 2006 | 114,570 | 87,739 | 202,309 | 492,778 | 168,566 | 661,344 | 30,080 | 833,573 |

(1) Includes quantity of fish landed at other ports by U.S.-flag vessels.
(2) Includes landings in American Samoa of foreign-caught fish.

## U.S. Supply of Fresh and Frozen Tuna

Thousand pounds

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SARDINES, 1997-2006
(Canned weight)

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { pack } \end{aligned}$ | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 15,976 | 42,771 | 58,747 | 9,321 | 49,426 |
| 1998 | 11,842 | 44,328 | 56,170 | 6,314 | 49,856 |
| 1999 | 12,017 | 48,722 | 60,739 | 3,803 | 56,936 |
| 2000 | (1) | 62,236 | NA | 9,306 | NA |
| 2001 | (1) | 54,758 | NA | 21,248 | NA |
| 2002 | (1) | 48,986 | NA | 35,692 | NA |
| 2003 | (1) | 54,341 | NA | 30,042 | NA |
| 2004 | (1) | 54,914 | NA | 24,899 | NA |
| 2005 | (1) | 50,349 | NA | 43,596 | NA |
| 2006 | (1) | 50,247 | NA | 27,123 | NA |

(1) Data are confidential NA Not available
U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SALMON, 1997-2006
(Canned weight)

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { pack } \end{aligned}$ | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 162,106 | 1,228 | 163,334 | 81,621 | 81,713 |
| 1998 | 158,798 | 1,323 | 160,121 | 77,450 | 82,671 |
| 1999 | 234,155 | 2,229 | 236,384 | 113,726 | 122,658 |
| 2000 | 171,125 | 5,161 | 176,286 | 81,006 | 95,280 |
| 2001 | 184,687 | 6,362 | 191,049 | 110,076 | 80,973 |
| 2002 | 223,708 | 10,013 | 233,721 | 98,563 | 135,158 |
| 2003 | 188,070 | 18,263 | 206,333 | 95,715 | 110,618 |
| 2004 | 199,351 | 16,960 | 216,311 | 118,367 | 97,944 |
| 2005 | 218,889 | 18,252 | 237,141 | 114,569 | 122,572 |
| 2006 | 151,708 | 20,024 | 171,732 | 115,633 | 56,099 |

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED TUNA, 1997-2006
(Canned weight)

U.S. SUPPLY OF KING CRAB, 1997-2006
(Round weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings | Imports <br> (1) | Total | Exports <br> (1) | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 18,027 | 39,666 | 57,693 | 12,516 | 45,177 |
| 1998 | 24,122 | 51,655 | 75,777 | 13,575 | 62,202 |
| 1999 | 16,920 | 46,922 | 63,842 | 11,483 | 52,359 |
| 2000 | 15,098 | 40,233 | 55,331 | 14,578 | 40,753 |
| 2001 | 16,054 | 37,731 | 53,785 | 15,416 | 38,369 |
| 2002 | 16,793 | 42,775 | 59,568 | 13,045 | 46,523 |
| 2003 | 22,886 | 40,456 | 63,342 | 16,604 | 46,738 |
| 2004 | 22,074 | 43,767 | 65,841 | 14,297 | 51,544 |
| 2005 | 23,939 | 72,481 | 96,420 | 18,543 | 77,877 |
| 2006 | 21,641 | 110,793 | 132,434 | 22,504 | 109,930 |

(1) Imports, exports, foreign exports converted to round (live) weight by using these conversion factors: frozen, 1.75; meat, 4.50; and canned, 5.33.

## U.S. SUPPLY OF SNOW (TANNER) CRABS, 1997-2006

## (Round weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings | Imports <br> (1) | Total | Exports <br> (2) | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 118,898 | 41,959 | 160,857 | 50,604 | 110,253 |
| 1998 | 251,831 | 60,166 | 311,997 | 58,366 | 253,631 |
| 1999 | 185,162 | 110,041 | 295,203 | 78,918 | 216,285 |
| 2000 | 34,497 | 119,443 | 153,940 | 32,239 | 121,701 |
| 2001 | 26,844 | 172,581 | 199,425 | 28,589 | 170,836 |
| 2002 | 33,238 | 175,470 | 208,708 | 36,351 | 172,357 |
| 2003 | 28,818 | 190,778 | 219,596 | 21,405 | 198,191 |
| 2004 | 25,209 | 181,885 | 207,094 | 39,492 | 167,602 |
| 2005 | 28,383 | 165,944 | 194,327 | 23,299 | 171,028 |
| 2006 | 42,521 | 173,041 | 215,562 | 28,180 | 187,382 |

(1) Converted to round(live) weight by multiplying fresh and frozen by 1.50; meat, 4.50; and canned, 5.00.
(2) Domestic merchandise converted to round(live) weight by multiplying frozen weight by 2.13 (believed to be mostly sections); meat, 4.50; and canned, 5.33. Foreign exports converted using the same factors as imports.
U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED CRABMEAT, 1997-2006
(Canned weight)

U.S. SUPPLY OF AMERICAN LOBSTERS,1997-2006
(Round weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings | Imports (1) | Total | Exports (2) | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 83,921 | 73,033 | 156,954 | 45,262 | 111,692 |
| 1998 | 79,642 | 73,601 | 153,243 | 42,874 | 110,369 |
| 1999 | 87,469 | 90,830 | 178,299 | 56,755 | 121,544 |
| 2000 | 83,180 | 105,964 | 189,144 | 64,452 | 124,692 |
| 2001 | 73,637 | 111,149 | 184,786 | 59,898 | 124,888 |
| 2002 | 82,252 | 119,594 | 201,846 | 66,827 | 135,019 |
| 2003 | 73,657 | 115,334 | 188,991 | 61,433 | 127,558 |
| 2004 | 88,386 | 107,168 | 195,554 | 57,731 | 137,823 |
| 2005 | 88,032 | 113,555 | 201,587 | 57,373 | 144,214 |
| 2006 | 92,515 | 120,091 | 212,606 | 62,847 | 149,759 |

(1) Only imports from Canada and St. Pierre and Miquelon are considered American lobsters and were converted to round weight by using these conversion factors: 1.00 , whole; 4.50 , meat, and 4.64 , canned.
(2) Domestic exports conversion to live weight by 1.00 , whole; 4.00 , meat; and 4.50 , canned. Foreign exports converted using import factors.
U.S. Supply of Lobster

U.S. SUPPLY OF SPINY LOBSTERS, 1997-2006
(Round weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings | Imports <br> (1) | Total | Exports (2) | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 7,240 | 74,120 | 81,360 | 5,842 | 75,518 |
| 1998 | 5,935 | 95,801 | 101,736 | 1,802 | 99,934 |
| 1999 | 6,692 | 86,240 | 92,932 | 2,346 | 90,586 |
| 2000 | 6,463 | 94,433 | 100,896 | 1,571 | 99,325 |
| 2001 | 4,082 | 76,667 | 80,749 | 2,158 | 78,591 |
| 2002 | 5,188 | 86,923 | 92,111 | 4,890 | 87,221 |
| 2003 | 4,863 | 94,423 | 99,286 | 6,047 | 93,239 |
| 2004 | 5,938 | 94,720 | 100,658 | 7,506 | 93,152 |
| 2005 | 4,144 | 86,987 | 91,131 | 7,766 | 83,365 |
| 2006 | 5,605 | 85,752 | 91,357 | 14,670 | 76,687 |

(1) Imports were converted to round (live) weight by using these conversion factors: 1.00, whole; 3.00, tails; 4.35, other; and 4.50 canned.
(2) Domestic exports converted to round (live) weight by using: 1.00, whole; 3.00, tails; 4.00, other; and 4.50, canned. Foreign exports converted using import factors.

## U.S. SUPPLY OF CLAMS, 1997-2006

(Meat weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings (1) | Imports (2) | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ------------------------ Thousand pounds----------------------------- |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 114,180 | 13,184 | 127,364 | 3,651 | 123,713 |
| 1998 | 107,959 | 15,666 | 123,625 | 4,318 | 119,307 |
| 1999 | 112,230 | 16,315 | 128,545 | 3,898 | 124,647 |
| 2000 | 118,482 | 17,767 | 136,249 | 3,627 | 132,622 |
| 2001 | 122,764 | 19,962 | 142,726 | 4,080 | 138,646 |
| 2002 | 130,076 | 18,256 | 148,332 | 4,348 | 143,984 |
| 2003 | 127,806 | 21,697 | 149,503 | 6,429 | 143,074 |
| 2004 | 119,411 | 20,640 | 140,051 | 8,136 | 131,915 |
| 2005 | 105,640 | 21,252 | 126,892 | 6,725 | 120,167 |
| 2006 | 108,456 | 21,594 | 130,050 | 7,653 | 122,397 |

(1) For species breakout see table on page 4.
(2) Imports and exports were converted to meat weight by using these conversion factors:
0.40 in shell or shucked; 0.30 , canned chowder and juice; and 0.93 , other.

## U.S. SUPPLY OF OYSTERS, 1997-2006

(Meat weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Imports } \\ \text { (1) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 39,652 | 20,533 | 60,185 | 2,191 | 57,994 |
| 1998 | 33,538 | 29,575 | 63,113 | 1,877 | 61,236 |
| 1999 | 26,983 | 30,012 | 56,995 | 2,047 | 54,948 |
| 2000 | 41,146 | 32,735 | 73,881 | 2,447 | 71,434 |
| 2001 | 32,673 | 28,416 | 61,089 | 3,007 | 58,082 |
| 2002 | 34,397 | 30,806 | 65,203 | 2,957 | 62,246 |
| 2003 | 37,103 | 36,677 | 73,780 | 4,398 | 69,382 |
| 2004 | 38,654 | 20,111 | 58,765 | 5,734 | 53,031 |
| 2005 | 33,963 | 19,488 | 53,451 | 6,019 | 47,432 |
| 2006 | 27,344 | 20,795 | 48,139 | 5,899 | 42,240 |

(1) Imports and exports were converted to meat weight by using these conversion factors: 0.93 , canned; 3.12 , canned smoked; and 0.75 , other.
U.S. SUPPLY OF SCALLOPS, 1997-2006
(Meat weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings (1) | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 15,474 | 60,146 | 75,620 | 9,861 | 65,759 |
| 1998 | 13,166 | 52,445 | 65,611 | 7,306 | 58,305 |
| 1999 | 27,178 | 44,079 | 71,257 | 6,982 | 64,275 |
| 2000 | 32,772 | 53,649 | 86,421 | 8,911 | 77,510 |
| 2001 | 46,964 | 39,696 | 86,660 | 10,295 | 76,365 |
| 2002 | 53,078 | 48,210 | 101,288 | 10,117 | 91,171 |
| 2003 | 56,041 | 51,932 | 107,973 | 13,878 | 94,095 |
| 2004 | 64,597 | 44,546 | 109,143 | 15,088 | 94,055 |
| 2005 | 56,800 | 50,664 | 107,464 | 21,643 | 85,821 |
| 2006 | 59,099 | 59,339 | 118,438 | 24,398 | 94,040 |

(1) For species breakout see table on page 4.

## U.S. SUPPLY OF ALL FORMS OF SHRIMP, 1997-2006

(Heads-off weight)

| Year | U.S. commercial landings (1) | Imports (2) | Total | Exports <br> (3) | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ------------------------ Thousand pounds----------------------------- |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 179,084 810,696 989,780 |  |  | 66,674 923,106 |  |
| 1998 | 173,304 | 893,578 1,066,882 |  | 65,302 | 1,001,580 |
| 1999 | 189,112 | 959,915 | 1,149,027 | 65,427 | 1,083,600 |
| 2000 | 218,542 | 1,024,476 | 1,243,018 | 70,383 | 1,172,635 |
| 2001 | 201,428 | 1,178,232 | 1,379,660 | 67,975 | 1,311,685 |
| 2002 | 195,666 | 1,305,172 | 1,500,838 | 71,036 | 1,429,802 |
| 2003 | 196,140 | 1,495,268 | 1,691,408 | 82,935 | 1,608,473 |
| 2004 | 193,004 | 1,544,221 | 1,737,225 | 67,195 | 1,670,030 |
| 2005 | 162,266 | 1,491,108 | 1,653,374 | 94,533 | 1,558,841 |
| 2006 | 182,322 | 1,736,530 | 1,918,852 | 57,149 | 1,861,703 |

(1) Commercial landings were converted to heads-off weight by using these conversion factors: South Atlantic and Gulf, 0.629; and New England, Pacific and other, 0.57.
(2) Imports were converted to heads-off weight by using these conversion factors: breaded, 0.63 ; shell-on, 1.00; peeled raw, 1.28; canned, 2.52; and other, 2.40.
(3) Exports were converted to heads-off weight by using these conversion factors: domestic fresh and frozen, 1.18; canned, 2.02; other, 2.40; foreign--fresh and frozen, 1.00; canned, 2.52; and other, 2.40.
U.S. Supply of Shrimp

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SHRIMP, 1997-2006
(Canned weight)

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { pack } \end{aligned}$ | Imports | Total | Exports | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Total } \\ \text { supply } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 1,168 | 3,620 | 4,788 | 1,470 | 3,318 |
| 1998 | 2,253 | 3,406 | 5,659 | 1,660 | 3,999 |
| 1999 | 1,955 | 2,945 | 4,900 | 2,355 | 2,545 |
| 2000 | 1,910 | 3,655 | 5,565 | 2,549 | 3,016 |
| 2001 | 1,592 | 4,273 | 5,865 | 3,091 | 2,774 |
| 2002 | 1,755 | 4,076 | 5,831 | 3,322 | 2,509 |
| 2003 | 1,051 | 3,907 | 4,958 | 4,592 | 366 |
| 2004 | 1,029 | 3,082 | 4,111 | 1,373 | 2,738 |
| 2005 | 657 | 3,217 | 3,874 | 988 | 2,886 |
| 2006 | 244 | 4,372 | 4,616 | 1,459 | 3,157 |

## U.S. SUPPLY OF FISH MEAL, 1997-2006

(Product weight)

| Year | U.S. <br> production (1) | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 724,668 | 142,049 | 866,717 | 216,289 | 650,428 |
| 1998 | 613,434 | 125,404 | 738,838 | 210,658 | 528,180 |
| 1999 | 686,250 | 73,069 | 759,319 | 192,512 | 566,807 |
| 2000 | 638,244 | 79,013 | 717,257 | 209,177 | 508,080 |
| 2001 | 643,989 | 113,277 | 757,266 | 238,068 | 519,198 |
| 2002 | 637,930 | 147,982 | 785,912 | 248,591 | 537,321 |
| 2003 | 602,833 | 120,988 | 723,821 | 243,558 | 480,263 |
| 2004 | 571,012 | 156,352 | 727,364 | 310,811 | 416,553 |
| 2005 | 565,169 | 133,394 | 698,563 | 363,442 | 335,121 |
| 2006 | 582,900 | 129,403 | 712,303 | 260,588 | 451,715 |

(1) Includes shellfish meal.
U.S. Supply of Fish Meal

U.S. Supply of Fish Oils

Thousand pounds

U.S. SUPPLY OF FISH OILS, 1997-2006
(Product weight)

| Year | U.S. production | Imports | Total | Exports | Total supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 283,379 | 25,622 | 309,001 | 215,255 | 93,746 |
| 1998 | 222,697 | 24,213 | 246,910 | 196,664 | 50,246 |
| 1999 | 286,182 | 25,677 | 311,859 | 232,546 | 79,313 |
| 2000 | 192,348 | 27,220 | 219,568 | 142,221 | 77,347 |
| 2001 | 279,416 | 23,532 | 302,948 | 248,798 | 54,150 |
| 2002 | 210,867 | 33,415 | 244,282 | 212,806 | 31,476 |
| 2003 | 195,699 | 39,008 | 234,707 | 146,996 | 87,711 |
| 2004 | 179,400 | 48,034 | 227,434 | 110,446 | 116,988 |
| 2005 | 157,680 | 66,921 | 224,601 | 123,596 | 101,005 |
| 2006 | 142,747 | 44,363 | 187,110 | 148,030 | 39,080 |

## Per Capita Consumption

The NMFS calculation of per capita consumption is based on a "disappearance" model. The total U.S. supply of imports and landings is converted to edible weight and decreases in supply such as exports are subtracted out. The remaining total is divided by a population value to estimate per capita consumption. Data for the model are derived primarily from secondary sources and are subject to incomplete reporting; changes in source data or invalid model assumptions may each have a significant effect on the resulting calculation.
U.S. per capita consumption of fish and shellfish was 16.5 pounds (edible meat) in 2006 . This total was 0.3 pounds more than the 16.2 pounds consumed in 2005. Per capita consumption of fresh and frozen products was 12.3 pounds, 0.7 pound more than in 2005. Fresh and frozen finfish accounted for 6.5 pounds while fresh and frozen shellfish consumption was 5.8 pounds per capita.

Consumption of canned fishery products was 3.9 pounds per capita in 2006, 0.4 pound less than the 4.3 pounds in 2005. Cured fish accounted for 0.3 pound per capita, the same as in previous years. Imports of edible seafood made up 83 percent of the consumption.

PER CAPITA USE. Per capita use is based on the supply of fishery products, both edible and non-edible (industrial), on a round-weight equivalent basis without considering beginning or ending stocks, defense purchases, or exports. The per capita use of all edible and industrial fishery products in 2006 was 70.0 pounds, up 0.9 pound compared with 2005.

WORLD CONSUMPTION. The FAO calculation for apparent consumption is based on a disappearance model. The three year average considers, on a round weight equivalent basis, a countries landings, imports, and exports. The revised 2001-2003 data indicates that the United States ranks as the third largest consumer of seafood in the world.

Annual per capita consumption of seafood products represents the pounds of edible meat consumed from domestically-caught and imported fish and shellfish adjusted for and exports, divided by the civilian population of the United States as of July 1 of each year.
U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF COMMERCIAL FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1910-2006

| Year | Civilian resident population July 1 (1) | Per capita consumption |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fresh and frozen (2) | Canned <br> (3) | Cured <br> (4) | Total |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { persons } \end{aligned}$ | --------Pounds, edible meat------- |  |  |  |
| 1910 | 92.2 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 11.2 |
| 1920 | 106.5 | 6.3 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 11.8 |
| 1930 | 122.9 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 10.2 |
| 1940 | 132.1 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 0.7 | 11.0 |
| 1950 | 150.8 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 0.6 | 11.8 |
| 1960 | 178.1 | 5.7 | 4.0 | 0.6 | 10.3 |
| 1970 | 201.9 | 6.9 | 4.5 | 0.4 | 11.8 |
| 1980 | 225.6 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 12.5 |
| 1981 | 227.8 | 7.8 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 12.7 |
| 1982 | 230.0 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 12.5 |
| 1983 | 232.1 | 8.4 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 13.4 |
| 1984 | 234.1 | 9.0 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 14.2 |
| 1985 | 236.2 | 9.8 | 5.0 | 0.3 | 15.1 |
| 1986 | 238.4 | 9.8 | 5.4 | 0.3 | 15.5 |
| 1987 | 240.6 | 10.7 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 16.2 |
| 1988 | 242.8 | 10.0 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 15.2 |
| 1989 | 245.1 | 10.2 | 5.1 | 0.3 | 15.6 |
| 1990 | 247.8 | 9.6 | 5.1 | 0.3 | 15.0 |
| 1991 | 250.5 | 9.7 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 14.9 |
| 1992 | 253.5 | 9.9 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 14.8 |
| 1993 | 256.4 | 10.2 | 4.5 | 0.3 | 15.0 |
| 1994 | 259.2 | 10.4 | 4.5 | 0.3 | 15.2 |
| 1995 | 261.4 | 10.0 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 15.0 |
| 1996 | 264.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 0.3 | 14.8 |
| 1997 | 266.4 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 0.3 | 14.6 |
| 1998 | 269.1 | 10.2 | 4.4 | 0.3 | 14.9 |
| 1999 | 271.5 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 15.4 |
| 2000 | 280.9 | 10.2 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 15.2 |
| 2001 | 283.6 | 10.3 | 4.2 | 0.3 | 14.8 |
| 2002 | 287.1 | 11.0 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 15.6 |
| 2003 (5) | 289.6 | 11.4 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 16.3 |
| 2004 | 292.4 | 11.8 | 4.5 | 0.3 | *16.6 |
| 2005 | 295.3 | 11.6 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 16.2 |
| 2006 | 298.2 | *12.3 | 3.9 | 0.3 | 16.5 |

(1) Resident population for 1910 and 1920 and civilian resident population for 1930 to date.
(2) Fresh and frozen fish consumption for 1910 and 1920 is estimated. Beginning in 1973, data include consumption of cultivated catfish.
(3) Canned fish consumption for 1920 is estimated. Beginning in 1921, it is based on production reports, packer stocks, and foreign trade statistics for individual years.
(4) Cured fish consumption for 1910 and 1920 is estimated.
(5) The use of beginning and ending inventories was discontiued as of 2003.
*Record years: Canned--5.8, 1936; Cured--4.0, 1909.
U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1980-2006

| Year | Salmon | Sardines | Tuna | Shellfish | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 4.3 |
| 1981 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.6 |
| 1982 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.3 |
| 1983 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.7 |
| 1984 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 4.9 |
| 1985 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 5.0 |
| 1986 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.4 |
| 1987 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.2 |
| 1988 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.9 |
| 1989 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 3.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 5.1 |
| 1990 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 3.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 5.1 |
| 1991 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 4.9 |
| 1992 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 4.6 |
| 1993 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 4.5 |
| 1994 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.5 |
| 1995 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.7 |
| 1996 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.5 |
| 1997 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 4.4 |
| 1998 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 4.4 |
| 1999 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.7 |
| 2000 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 4.7 |
| 2001 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 4.2 |
| 2002 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.3 |
| 2003 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.6 |
| 2004 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.5 |
| 2005 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.3 |
| 2006 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.9 |

U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF CERTAIN FISHERY ITEMS, 1980-2006

| Year | Fillets and steaks (1) | Sticks and portions | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -------- | unds (2) - |  |
| 1980 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| 1981 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.5 |
| 1982 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 1983 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1984 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| 1985 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| 1986 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| 1987 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| 1988 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 2.4 |
| 1989 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| 1990 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| 1991 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
| 1992 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 2.5 |
| 1993 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
| 1994 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 2.6 |
| 1995 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| 1996 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 2.7 |
| 1998 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 2.8 |
| 1999 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| 2000 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 3.2 |
| 2001 | 3.7 | 0.8 | 3.4 |
| 2002 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 3.7 |
| 2003 | 4.3 | 0.7 | 4.0 |
| 2004 | 4.6 | 0.7 | 4.2 |
| 2005 | 5.0 | 0.9 | 4.1 |
| 2006 | * 5.2 | 0.9 | * 4.4 |

(1) Data include groundfish and other species. Data do not include blocks, but fillets could be made into blocks from which sticks and portions could be produced.
(2) Product weight of fillets and steaks, sticks and portions; edible (meat) weight of shrimp.

* Record

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF FISH AND SHELLFISH FOR HUMAN FOOD,

| Region and Country | Estimated live weight equivalent |  | Region and Country | Estimated live weight equivalent |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kilograms | Pounds |  | Kilograms | Pounds |
| North America: |  |  | Europe - Continued: |  |  |
| Bermuda | 34.7 | 76.5 | Azerbaijan | 1.3 | 2.9 |
| Canada | 23.8 | 52.5 | Belarus | 14.4 | 31.7 |
| Greenland | 85.0 | 187.4 | Belgium | 22.3 | 49.2 |
| Saint Pierre \& Miquelon | 72.0 | 158.7 | Bosnia-Hercegovina | 4.4 | 9.7 |
| United States | 22.6 | 49.8 | Bulgaria | 3.9 | 8.6 |
|  |  |  | Croatia | 13.2 | 29.1 |
| Caribbean: |  |  | Czech Republic | 10.2 | 22.5 |
|  |  |  | Denmark | 22.9 | 50.5 |
| Anguilla | 21.4 | 47.2 | Estonia | 17.4 | 38.4 |
| Antigua | 46.4 | 102.3 | Faeroe Island | 87.5 | 192.9 |
| Aruba | 25.8 | 56.9 | Finland | 32.1 | 70.8 |
| Bahamas | 30.0 | 66.1 | France | 33.5 | 73.9 |
| Barbados | 39.9 | 88.0 | Georgia | 1.1 | 2.4 |
| British Virgin Islands | 2.4 | 5.3 | Germany | 14.3 | 31.5 |
| Cayman Islands | 12.5 | 27.6 | Greece | 21.9 | 48.3 |
| Cuba | 7.5 | 16.5 | Hungary | 4.5 | 9.9 |
| Dominica | 32.5 | 71.6 | Iceland | 91.4 | 201.5 |
| Dominican Republic | 10.8 | 23.8 | Ireland | 20.4 | 45.0 |
| Grenada | 46.6 | 102.7 | Italy | 24.3 | 53.6 |
| Guadeloupe | 23.2 | 51.1 | Kazakhstan | 2.8 | 6.2 |
| Haiti | 2.4 | 5.3 | Kyrgyzstan | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Jamaica | 21.8 | 48.1 | Latvia | 13.4 | 29.5 |
| Martinique | 16.1 | 35.5 | Lithuania | 41.7 | 91.9 |
| Montserrat | 56.6 | 124.8 | Luxembourg | 28.6 | 63.1 |
| Netherland Antilles | 18.2 | 40.1 | Macedonia | 4.7 | 10.4 |
| Puerto Rico | 0.9 | 2.0 | Malta | 30.1 | 66.4 |
| Saint Kitts \& Nevis | 35.0 | 77.2 | Moldova | 6.7 | 14.8 |
| Saint Lucia | 30.6 | 67.5 | Netherlands | 21.7 | 47.8 |
| Saint Vincent | 14.7 | 32.4 | Norway | 49.5 | 109.1 |
| Trinidad \& Tobago | 14.3 | 31.5 | Poland | 8.9 | 19.6 |
| Turks \& Caicos | 40.8 | 89.9 | Portugal | 57.1 | 125.9 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | 12.1 | 26.7 | Romania | 3.5 | 7.7 |
|  |  |  | Russian Federation | 17.3 | 38.1 |
| Latin America: |  |  | Serbia \& Montenegro | 3.0 | 6.6 |
|  |  |  | Slovakia | 7.0 | 15.4 |
| Argentina | 8.3 | 18.3 | Slovenia | 7.8 | 17.2 |
| Belize | 14.4 | 31.7 | Spain | 44.5 | 98.1 |
| Bolivia | 1.9 | 4.2 | Sweden | 29.5 | 65.0 |
| Brazil | 6.4 | 14.1 | Switzerland | 15.7 | 34.6 |
| Chile | 17.9 | 39.5 | Tajikistan | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Colombia | 5.3 | 11.7 | Turkmenistan | 2.8 | 6.2 |
| Costa Rica | 6.7 | 14.8 | Ukraine | 13.6 | 30.0 |
| Ecuador | 4.1 | 9.0 | United Kingdom | 20.4 | 45.0 |
| El Salvador | 5.0 | 11.0 | Uzbekistan | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| Falkland Islands | 28.0 | 61.7 |  |  |  |
| French Guiana | 29.4 | 64.8 | Near East: |  |  |
| Guatemala | 2.0 | 4.4 |  |  |  |
| Guyana | 39.7 | 87.5 | Afghanistan | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Honduras | 3.3 | 7.3 | Bahrain | 14.0 | 30.9 |
| Mexico | 10.9 | 24.0 | Cyprus | 23.3 | 51.4 |
| Nicaragua | 3.0 | 6.6 | Egypt | 14.7 | 32.4 |
| Panama | 10.0 | 22.0 | Iran | 5.3 | 11.7 |
| Paraguay | 4.5 | 9.9 | Iraq | 1.3 | 2.9 |
| Peru | 19.2 | 42.3 | Israel | 21.7 | 47.8 |
| Suriname | 15.7 | 34.6 | Jordan | 4.3 | 9.5 |
| Uruguay | 7.1 | 15.7 | Kuwait | 8.9 | 19.6 |
| Venezuela | 19.2 | 42.3 | Lebanon | 8.2 | 18.1 |
|  |  |  | Libya | 9.9 | 21.8 |
| Europe: |  |  | Oman | 27.2 | 60.0 |
|  |  |  | Qatar | 19.0 | 41.9 |
| Albania | 4.3 | 9.5 | Saudi Arabia | 7.0 | 15.4 |
| Armenia | 0.9 | 2.0 | Sudan | 1.8 | 4.0 |
| Austria | 11.5 | 25.4 | Syria | 2.1 | 4.6 |

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF FISH AND SHELLFISH FOR HUMAN FOOD,

| Region and Country | Estimated live weight equivalent |  | Region and Country | Estimated live weight equivalent |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kilograms | Pounds |  | Kilograms | Pounds |
| Near East - Continued: |  |  | Africa - Continued: |  |  |
| Turkey | 6.9 | 15.2 | Guinea-Bissau | 1.7 | 3.7 |
| United Arab Emirates | 25.4 | 56.0 | Ivory Coast | 15.4 | 34.0 |
| Yemen | 6.7 | 14.8 | Kenya | 3.6 | 7.9 |
|  |  |  | Lesotho | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Far East: |  |  | Liberia | 4.3 | 9.5 |
|  |  |  | Madagascar | 6.9 | 15.2 |
| Bangladesh | 12.9 | 28.4 | Malawi | 3.9 | 8.6 |
| Bhutan | 0.1 | 0.2 | Mali | 7.7 | 17.0 |
| Brunei | 37.2 | 82.0 | Mauritania | 18.4 | 40.6 |
| Burma | 21.5 | 47.4 | Mauritius | 19.4 | 42.8 |
| Cambodia | 26.4 | 58.2 | Morocco | 8.1 | 17.9 |
| China | 25.7 | 56.7 | Mozambique | 3.1 | 6.8 |
| China - Hong Kong | 62.9 | 138.7 | Namibia | 13.0 | 28.7 |
| China - Macao | 46.5 | 102.5 | Niger | 1.6 | 3.5 |
| China - Taipei | 32.2 | 71.0 | Nigeria | 9.8 | 21.6 |
| India | 4.8 | 10.6 | Reunion | 4.5 | 9.9 |
| Indonesia | 21.2 | 46.7 | Rwanda | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Japan | 66.9 | 147.5 | Sao Tome | 20.4 | 45.0 |
| Laos | 17.0 | 37.5 | Senegal | 26.5 | 58.4 |
| Malaysia | 60.6 | 133.6 | Seychelles | 58.7 | 129.4 |
| Maldives | 190.6 | 420.2 | Sierra Leone | 17.1 | 37.7 |
| Mongolia | 0.3 | 0.7 | Somalia | 1.7 | 3.7 |
| Nepal | 1.4 | 3.1 | South Africa | 7.3 | 16.1 |
| North Korea | 9.0 | 19.8 | Saint Helena | 75.1 | 165.6 |
| Pakistan | 2.1 | 4.6 | Swaziland | 3.8 | 8.4 |
| Philippines | 31.0 | 68.3 | Tanzania | 7.0 | 15.4 |
| Singapore | 32.8 | 72.3 | Togo | 8.6 | 19.0 |
| South Korea | 52.6 | 116.0 | Tunisia | 11.0 | 24.3 |
| Sri Lanka | 21.5 | 47.4 | Uganda | 7.7 | 17.0 |
| Thailand | 31.8 | 70.1 | Zambia | 6.5 | 14.3 |
| Viet Nam | 20.5 | 45.2 | Zimbabwe | 1.3 | 2.9 |
| Africa: |  |  | Oceania: |  |  |
| Algeria | 4.8 | 10.6 | American Samoa | 2.5 | 5.5 |
| Angola | 16.9 | 37.3 | Australia | 22.2 | 48.9 |
| Benin | 9.5 | 20.9 | Cook Island | 44.6 | 98.3 |
| Botswana | 3.1 | 6.8 | Fiji | 35.9 | 79.1 |
| Burkina | 1.5 | 3.3 | French Polynesia | 49.5 | 109.1 |
| Burundi | 1.8 | 4.0 | Kiribati | 75.2 | 165.8 |
| Cameroon | 14.4 | 31.7 | Marshall Islands | 11.3 | 24.9 |
| Cape Verde | 19.0 | 41.9 | Micronesia | 46.9 | 103.4 |
| Central African Rep | 4.2 | 9.3 | Nauru | 3.0 | 6.6 |
| Chad | 6.8 | 15.0 | New Caledonia | 22.9 | 50.5 |
| Comoros | 18.7 | 41.2 | New Zealand | 26.5 | 58.4 |
| Congo (Brazzaville) | 18.9 | 41.7 | Palau | 58.8 | 129.6 |
| Congo (Kinshasa) | 5.9 | 13.0 | Papua New Guinea | 13.8 | 30.4 |
| Djibouti | 1.1 | 2.4 | Solomon Islands | 42.6 | 93.9 |
| Equatorial Guinea | 21.1 | 46.5 | Tonga | 49.1 | 108.2 |
| Eritrea | 1.9 | 4.2 | Tuvalu | 40.6 | 89.5 |
| Ethiopia | 0.2 | 0.4 | Vanuatu | 30.2 | 66.6 |
| Gabon | 37.2 | 82.0 | Wallis \& Futuna | 20.0 | 44.1 |
| Gambia | 29.3 | 64.6 | Western Samoa | 57.3 | 126.3 |
| Ghana | 25.5 | 56.2 |  |  |  |
| Guinea | 13.2 | 29.1 | World | 16.4 | 36.2 |

Note:--Data for most countries are tentative. Aquatic plants are included where applicable.
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

Per capita use of commercial fish and shellfish is based on the supply of fishery products, both edible and nonedible (industrial), on a round weight equivalent basis, without considering the beginning or ending stocks, defense purchases, or exports.

Per capita use figures are not comparable with per capita consumption data. Per capita consumption figures represent edible (for human use) meat weight consumption rather than round weight consumption. In addition, per capita consumption includes allowances for beginning and ending stocks and exports, whereas the use does not include such allowances.

Per capita use is derived by using total population including U.S. Armed Forces overseas. The per capita consumption is derived by using civilian resident population.
U.S ANNUAL PER CAPITA USE OF COMMERCIAL FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1960-2006 (1)

| Year | Total population including armed forces overseas July 1 | U.S. supply | Per capita utilization |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Commercial landings | Imports | Total |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Million }}{\text { persons }} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \frac{\text { Million }}{\text { pounds }} \end{aligned}$ | ---------------- Pounds ---------------- |  |  |
| 1960 | 180.7 | 8,223 | 27.3 | 18.2 | 45.5 |
| 1961 | 183.7 | 9,570 | 28.2 | 23.9 | 52.1 |
| 1962 | 186.5 | 10,408 | 28.7 | 27.1 | 55.8 |
| 1963 | 189.2 | 11,434 | 25.6 | 34.8 | 60.4 |
| 1964 | 191.9 | 12,031 | 23.7 | 39.0 | 62.7 |
| 1965 | 194.3 | 10,535 | 24.6 | 29.6 | 54.2 |
| 1966 | 196.6 | 12,469 | 22.2 | 41.2 | 63.4 |
| 1967 | 198.7 | 13,991 | 20.4 | 50.0 | 70.4 |
| 1968 | 200.7 | 17,381 | 20.7 | 65.9 | 86.6 |
| 1969 | 202.7 | 11,847 | 21.4 | 37.0 | 58.4 |
| 1970 | 205.1 | 11,474 | 24.0 | 31.9 | 55.9 |
| 1971 | 207.7 | 11,804 | 24.1 | 32.7 | 56.8 |
| 1972 | 209.9 | 13,849 | 22.9 | 43.1 | 66.0 |
| 1973 | 211.9 | 10,378 | 22.9 | 26.1 | 49.0 |
| 1974 | 213.9 | 9,875 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 46.2 |
| 1975 | 216.0 | 10,164 | 22.6 | 24.5 | 47.1 |
| 1976 | 218.0 | 11,593 | 24.7 | 28.5 | 53.2 |
| 1977 | 220.2 | 10,652 | 23.9 | 24.4 | 48.3 |
| 1978 | 222.6 | 11,509 | 27.1 | 24.6 | 51.7 |
| 1979 | 225.1 | 11,831 | 27.9 | 24.7 | 52.6 |
| 1980 | 227.7 | 11,357 | 28.5 | 21.4 | 49.9 |
| 1981 | 230.0 | 11,353 | 26.0 | 23.4 | 49.4 |
| 1982 | 232.2 | 12,011 | 27.4 | 24.3 | 51.7 |
| 1983 | 234.3 | 12,352 | 27.5 | 25.2 | 52.7 |
| 1984 | 236.3 | 12,552 | 27.3 | 25.8 | 53.1 |
| 1985 | 238.5 | 15,150 | 26.2 | 37.3 | 63.5 |
| 1986 | 240.7 | 14,368 | 25.1 | 34.6 | 59.7 |
| 1987 | 242.8 | 15,744 | 28.4 | 36.4 | 64.8 |
| 1988 | 245.0 | 14,628 | 29.3 | 30.4 | 59.7 |
| 1989 | 247.3 | 15,485 | 34.2 | 28.4 | 62.6 |
| 1990 | 249.9 | 16,349 | 37.6 | 27.8 | 65.4 |
| 1991 | 252.7 | 16,363 | 37.5 | 27.3 | 64.8 |
| 1992 | 255.5 | 16,106 | 37.7 | 25.3 | 63.0 |
| 1993 | 258.2 | 20,334 | 40.6 | 38.2 | 78.8 |
| 1994 | 260.7 | 19,309 | 40.1 | 34.0 | 74.1 |
| 1995 | 263.0 | 16,484 | 37.2 | 25.5 | 62.7 |
| 1996 | 265.3 | 16,474 | 36.1 | 26.0 | 62.1 |
| 1997 | 268.2 | 17,132 | 36.7 | 27.2 | 63.9 |
| 1998 | 270.6 | 16,897 | 34.0 | 28.5 | 62.5 |
| 1999 | 272.9 | 17,378 | 34.2 | 29.5 | 63.7 |
| 2000 | 282.3 | 17,338 | 32.1 | 29.3 | 61.4 |
| 2001 | 285.0 | 18,118 | 33.3 | 30.3 | 63.6 |
| 2002 | 288.4 | 19,028 | 32.6 | 33.4 | 66.0 |
| 2003 | 291.0 | 19,849 | 32.7 | 35.5 | 68.2 |
| 2004 | 293.9 | 20,373 | 32.8 | 36.5 | 69.3 |
| 2005 | 296.9 | 20,529 | 32.4 | 36.7 | 69.1 |
| 2006 | 299.8 | 20,966 | 31.7 | 38.3 | 70.0 |

[^13]SUMMARY OF 2006 VALUE ADDED, MARGINS, AND CONSUMER EXPENDITURES FOR COMMERCIAL MARINE

| Sector or type of activity | Purchase of fishery inputs | Mark-up of fishery inputs |  | Value added as percent of total mark-up | Value <br> added <br> within <br> sector | ```Value of sales by sector``` | Value added contribution | Offshore fleet \& exported fishery products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousand | Percentage | Thousand | Percentage | Thousand | Thousand | Percentage | Thousand |
|  | Dollars | $\frac{\text { of Fishery }}{\text { Inputs }}$ | Dollars |  | Dollars | Dollars | $\frac{\text { of GNP Con- }}{\text { tribution }}$ | Dollars |
| Domestic Harvest: <br> Edible Industrial Harvest not landed in U.S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - | 100.0 | \$3,846,654 | 63.8 | \$2,452,982 | \$3,846,654 | 7.0 | - |
|  | - | 100.0 | \$66,235 | 60.4 | \$40,003 | \$66,235 | 0.1 | - |
|  | - | 100.0 | \$61,151 | 99.8 | \$61,036 | \$61,151 | 0.2 | \$61,151 |
| Imports, Unprocessed | \$5,492,720 | - | - | - | - | \$5,492,720 | - | - |
| Exports, Unprocessed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | \$1,433,578 |
| Primary Wholesale and Processing | \$7,972,031 | 88.4 | \$7,044,931 | 60.2 | \$4,240,579 | \$15,016,963 | 12.1 | - |
| Imports, Processed | \$8,092,095 | - | - | - | - | \$8,092,095 | - | - |
| Exports, Processed | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | \$2,346,916 |
| Secondary Wholesale and Processing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Edible | \$20,566,638 | 62.7 | \$12,897,359 | 28.0 | \$3,616,876 | \$33,463,996 | 10.3 | - |
| Industrial | \$195,504 | 62.7 | \$122,601 | 28.0 | \$34,382 | \$318,104 | 0.1 | - |
| Retail Trade from Food Service | \$16,486,093 | 182.4 | \$30,071,639 | 69.8 | \$20,987,914 | \$46,557,732 | 59.8 | - |
| Retail Trade from Stores | \$16,977,904 | 33.4 | \$5,674,403 | 64.2 | \$3,644,756 | \$22,652,306 | 10.4 | - |
| TOTAL U.S. VALUE ADDED ACTIVITY: |  |  |  |  | \$35,069,527 |  | 100.0 |  |
| CONSUMERS EXPENDITURES (\& WHOLESALE PURCHASES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS) FOR FISHERY PRODUCTS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \$69,528,142 |  |  |

Note.-- The table reports the contribution of commercial marine fishing to the national economy as measured by margin, value added, and sales.
Margin mark-up is the dfence between pice paid for the product
Mare
dockside or exvessel price is considered margin.) Value added is a measure of the factors added to the total worth of a product at each stage
of the production process. It is defined as the gross receipts of firms minus the cost of purchased goods and services needed to fabricate the
products. Gross National Product (GNP) is equal to the sum of the value added of all economic entities in the economy. Value added within
a sector respresents that sector's contribution to GNP.
Value added includes wages, salaries, interest, depreciation, rent, taxes and profit. Consumer expenditures are the final retail value of seafood products sold through stores and food service outlets plus secondary wholesale and processing of industrial products

The Exvessel Price table is an index of changes in the relative dockside value of fish and shellfish sold by fishing vessels. The table indexes the average annual exvessel value (price per pound) received for each species or group to the average price per pound received for the same species or group in the base year 1982.

The exvessel price for each year was obtained by dividing total value for each species or group by its total quantity as reported in the U.S. commercial landings tables on pages 8 thru 13. The index for each species or group was obtained by multiplying the current annual price by the total quantity caught in 1982 (the base year). That
number was then divided by the 1982 value to obtain the final index:

$$
\frac{(100 \times \text { Current price X } 1982 \text { quantity })}{1982 \text { Annual value }}=\text { Index }
$$

Each index number measures price changes from the 1982 reference period when the index equaled 100. A species of fish that sold for $\$ 0.75$ a pound in 1986 and a $\$ 1.00$ a pound in 1982 would have an index of 75 in 1986. In 2006, if the price of the same species increased to $\$ 1.07$, the index in 2006 would be 107 .

Percent Changes in the Exvessel Price Index, 2000-2006
(Change Relative to Base Year = 1982)


INDEXES OF EXVESSEL PRICES FOR FISH AND SHELLFISH, BY YEARS, 2000-2006
(1982=100)

| Species | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Groundfish, et al: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cod | 106 | 103 | 81 | 110 | 98 | 106 | 142 |
| Haddock | 264 | 227 | 230 | 228 | 205 | 230 | 319 |
| Pollock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic | 352 | 306 | 351 | 228 | 224 | 245 | 262 |
| Alaska | 109 | 128 | 108 | 107 | 143 | 159 | 171 |
| Flounders | 72 | 81 | 74 | 70 | 93 | 87 | 92 |
| Total groundfish, et al. | 114 | 114 | 105 | 106 | 114 | 118 | 142 |
| Halibut | 225 | 172 | 192 | 253 | 260 | 268 | 325 |
| Sea herring | 51 | 51 | 57 | 51 | 63 | 63 | 51 |
| Salmon: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chinook | 89 | 74 | 62 | 65 | 101 | 112 | 142 |
| Chum | 54 | 67 | 37 | 42 | 45 | 55 | 67 |
| Pink | 58 | 48 | 30 | 209 | 33 | 44 | 55 |
| Sockeye | 86 | 62 | 64 | 8 | 64 | 79 | 75 |
| Coho | 54 | 41 | 35 | 60 | 64 | 72 | 100 |
| Total salmon | 75 | 60 | 52 | 54 | 64 | 76 | 86 |
| Swordfish | 78 | 77 | 72 | 70 | 84 | 90 | 87 |
| Tuna: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albacore | 134 | 132 | 98 | 99 | 126 | 154 | 125 |
| Bluefin | 760 | 706 | 731 | 586 | 701 | 453 | 827 |
| Skipjack | 52 | 74 | 189 | 67 | 82 | 80 | 79 |
| Yellowfin | 122 | 120 | 396 | 156 | 146 | 80 | 180 |
| Total tuna | 109 | 116 | 309 | 128 | 132 | 91 | 152 |
| Total edible finfish | 96 | 90 | 134 | 91 | 99 | 95 | 121 |
| Clams: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hard | 144 | 148 | 128 | 139 | 120 | 175 | 178 |
| Ocean Quahog | 166 | 201 | 204 | 199 | 193 | 196 | 195 |
| Soft | 237 | 295 | 291 | 315 | 346 | 359 | 331 |
| Surf | 106 | 110 | 106 | 109 | 108 | 107 | 115 |
| Total clams | 150 | 167 | 156 | 165 | 160 | 187 | 186 |
| Crabs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blue | 303 | 346 | 298 | 314 | 301 | 316 | 290 |
| Dungeness | 222 | 213 | 173 | 168 | 176 | 164 | 178 |
| King | 137 | 137 | 170 | 155 | 142 | 128 | 104 |
| Snow | 177 | 150 | 132 | 175 | 195 | 163 | 82 |
| Total crabs | 188 | 188 | 184 | 191 | 190 | 176 | 141 |
| American lobster | 157 | 150 | 155 | 172 | 182 | 205 | 185 |
| Oysters | 156 | 176 | 184 | 197 | 205 | 232 | 316 |
| Scallops: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bay | 134 | 288 | 153 | 143 | 287 | 325 | 342 |
| Sea | 137 | 102 | 105 | 112 | 118 | 209 | 178 |
| Total scallops | 121 | 103 | 96 | 101 | 116 | 193 | 169 |
| Shrimp: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gulf and South Atlantic | 111 | 95 | 82 | 66 | 70 | 81 | 73 |
| Other | 144 | 103 | 88 | 99 | 128 | 138 | 138 |
| Total shrimp | 112 | 95 | 83 | 67 | 73 | 84 | 76 |
| Total edible shellfish | 141 | 133 | 126 | 125 | 129 | 143 | 133 |
| Total edible fish and shellfish | 121 | 114 | 130 | 107 | 136 | 122 | 128 |
| Industrial fish, Menhaden | 154 | 154 | 154 | 154 | 128 | 128 | 128 |
| All fish and shellfish | 122 | 116 | 131 | 112 | 116 | 122 | 128 |

PROCESSORS AND WHOLESALERS: PLANTS, AND EMPLOYMENT, 2005

| Area and State | Processing (1) |  | Wholesale (2) |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plants | Employment | Plants | Employment | Plants | Employment |
| New England: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maine | 37 | 823 | 175 | 897 | 212 | 1,720 |
| New Hampshire | 11 | 314 | 17 | 147 | 28 | 461 |
| Massachusetts | 59 | 2,440 | 187 | 2,309 | 246 | 4,749 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 265 | 33 | 183 | 43 | 448 |
| Connecticut | 5 | 107 | 18 | 167 | 23 | 274 |
| Total | 122 | 3,949 | 430 | 3,703 | 552 | 7,652 |
| Mid-Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 21 | 445 | 257 | 1,896 | 278 | 2,341 |
| New Jersey | 20 | 788 | 83 | 938 | 103 | 1,726 |
| Pennsylvania | 8 | 296 | 31 | 495 | 39 | 791 |
| Delaware | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| District of Columbia | - | - | 4 | 93 | 4 | 93 |
| Maryland | 26 | 1,211 | 51 | 522 | 77 | 1,733 |
| Virginia | 59 | 1,735 | 60 | 548 | 119 | 2,283 |
| Total | 134 | 4,475 | 486 | 4,492 | 620 | 8,967 |
| South Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 31 | 827 | 68 | 670 | 99 | 1,497 |
| South Carolina | (3) | (3) | 16 | 116 | 16 | 116 |
| Georgia | 8 | 560 | 30 | 412 | 38 | 972 |
| Florida | 41 | 2,309 | 300 | 2,403 | 341 | 4,712 |
| Total | 80 | 3,696 | 414 | 3,601 | 494 | 7,297 |
| Gulf: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 41 | 2,008 | 20 | 276 | 61 | 2,284 |
| Mississippi | 33 | 3,510 | 32 | 104 | 65 | 3,614 |
| Louisiana | 74 | 1,932 | 126 | 661 | 200 | 2,593 |
| Texas | 26 | 1,525 | 77 | 825 | 103 | 2,350 |
| Total | 174 | 8,975 | 255 | 1,866 | 429 | 10,841 |
| Pacific: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska | 162 | 8,690 | 130 | 183 | 292 | 8,873 |
| Washington | 107 | 6,562 | 141 | 1,114 | 248 | 7,676 |
| Oregon | 25 | 1,029 | 17 | 369 | 42 | 1,398 |
| California | 58 | 2,521 | 284 | 4,194 | 342 | 6,715 |
| Total | 352 | 18,802 | 572 | 5,860 | 924 | 24,662 |
| Inland States, Total | 69 | 3,910 | 208 | 2,435 | 277 | 6,345 |
| Other Areas or States: (4), Total | (3) | (3) | 31 | 351 | 31 | 351 |
| Grand total | 931 | 43,807 | 2,396 | 22,308 | 3,327 | 66,115 |

(1) Data are based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 3117 as reported to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
(2) Data are based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 42446 as reported to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
(3) Included with Inland States.
(4) Includes American Samoa, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

FISHERY PRODUCTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS INSPECTED IN CALENDAR YEAR, 2006

| Region | Edible fishery products |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Establishment <br> (1) | Amount inspected (7) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inplant (3) | Grade <br> A <br> (4) | PUFI <br> (4) | No mark (5) | Lot (6) | Total |
|  | -Average number- |      <br> 23,080 103,099 25,169 395,132 546,480 |  |  |  |  |
| Northeast | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southeast | 93 | 7,992 | 33,726 | 26,085 | 157,208 | 225,010 |
| West | 212 | 20,681 | 13,663 | 15,780 | 1,071,952 | 1,122,076 |
| Total | 377 | 51,753 | 150,487 | 67,034 | 1,624,293 | 1,893,566 |

(1) These establishments are inspected under contract and certified as meeting U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC) regulations for construction and maintenance of facilities and equipment processing techniques, and employment practices.
(3) Sanitarily inspected fish establishments processing fishery products under USDC inspection. As of December 2005, 223 of these were in the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) Quality Management Program.
(4) Products processed under USDC inspection in inspected establishments and labeled with USDC inspection mark as "Processed Under Federal Inspection" (PUFI) and/or "U.S. Grade A."
(5) Products processed under inspection in inspected establishments but bearing no USDC inspection mark.
(6) Lot inspected and marked products checked for quality and condition at the time of examination and located in processing plants, warehouses, cold storage facilities, or terminal markets anywhere in the United States.
(7) Data include product inspected for export. Based on 2005 per capita consumption data, approximately 33 percent of seafood consumed in the U.S. is certified under the auspices of the Seafood Inspection Program.

Note:--Table may not add due to rounding.
Source:--NMFS, Seafood Inspection Program, F/SI.

# The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act 

The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act), amended on January 12, 2007 by Public Law 109-479, provides for the conservation and management of fishery resources within the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ). It also provides for fishery management authority over continental shelf resources and anadromous species beyond the EEZ, except when they are found within a foreign nation's territorial sea or fishery conservation zone (or equivalent), to the extent that such sea or zone is recognized by the United States.

The EEZ extends from the seaward boundary of each of the coastal States (generally 3 nautical miles from shore for all but two States) to 200 nautical miles from shore. The seaward boundaries of Texas, Puerto Rico, and the Gulf coast of Florida are 3 marine leagues (9 nautical miles). The EEZ encompasses approximately 3.36 million square nautical miles.

## GOVERNING INTERNATIONAL FISHERY AGREEMENT

Under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, the Secretary of State, in cooperation with the Secretary of Commerce, negotiates Governing International Fishery Agreements (GIFAs) with foreign nations requesting to fish within the EEZ. After a GIFA is signed, it is transmitted by the President to the Congress for ratification.

## FOREIGN FISHING PERMITS

Title II of the Magnuson-Stevens Act governs foreign fishing in U.S. waters. The process applied to foreign fishing has been described in prior issues of this publication. As U.S. fishing capacity grew, foreign participation diminished in directed fisheries, as well as in foreign joint ventures in which U.S. vessels delivered U.S. harvested fish to permitted foreign vessels in the EEZ. Until 2001, the last directed fishing by foreign vessels occurred in 1991. However, in 2001, a small quantity of Atlantic herring was harvested by foreign vessels. The displacement of directed foreign fishing effort in the EEZ marked the achievement of one of the objectives of the Magnuson-Stevens Act: the development of the U.S. fishing industry to take what were in 1976 underutilized species.

NMFS continues to maintain certain regulations pertaining to foreign fishing should there be a situation in the future in which allowing limited foreign fishing in an underutilized fishery would be advantageous to the U.S. fishing industry.

## FMPs and PMPs

Under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, eight Regional Fishery Management Councils are charged with preparing Fishery Management Plans (FMPs) for the fisheries needing management within their areas of authority. After the Councils prepare FMPs that cover domestic and foreign fishing efforts, the FMPs are submitted to the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) for approval and implementation. The Department, through NMFS agents and the U.S. Coast Guard, is responsible for enforcing the law and regulations.

The Secretary is empowered to prepare FMPs in the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico for highly migratory species. Where no FMP exists, Preliminary Fishery Management Plans (PMPs), which only cover foreign fishing efforts, are prepared by the Secretary for each fishery for which a foreign nation requests a permit. The Secretary is also empowered to produce an FMP for any fishery that a Council has not duly produced. In this latter case, the Secretary's FMP covers domestic and foreign fishing.

The Atlantic swordfish, Atlantic sharks, and Atlantic billfish fisheries are currently being managed by the Secretary under the Magnuson-Stevens Act, and the Western Atlantic bluefin tuna fishery is managed under the Magnuson-Stevens Act and the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act.

Under section 304 of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, all Council-prepared FMPs must be reviewed for approval by the Secretary of Commerce. Approved FMPs are implemented by Federal regulations under section 305 of the Act. As of December 31, 2006, there are 46 FMPs in effect. Of these, two are Secretarial FMPs for Atlantic highly migratory species. The FMPs are listed below, under the responsible Council. FMPs may be amended by the Council and the amendments are submitted for approval under the same Secretarial review process as new FMPs. Most of the FMPs have been amended since initial implementation, and the number of amendments is shown with each plan.

## The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act

Pacific Fishery Management Council

1. Pacific Coast Groundfish FMP -16 amendments
2. Pacific Salmon FMP - 14 amendments
3. Coastal Pelagic Species FMP - 10 amendments
4. U.S. West Coast Fisheries for Highly Migratory Species FMP (New in 2004)

## Western Pacific Fishery Management Council

1. Bottomfish and Seamount Groundfish FMP - 9 amendments
2. Pelagics FMP -11 amendments
3. Precious Corals FMP -6 amendments
4. Crustaceans FMP - 10 amendments
5. Coral Reef Ecosystems FMP (New in 2004)

## Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council

1. Spiny Dogfish FMP (joint with NEFMC)
2. Summer Flounder, Scup, and Black Sea Bass FMP 13 amendments
3. Surf Clam and Ocean Quahog FMP - 13 amendments
4. Atlantic Mackerel, Squid, and Butterfish FMP - 8 amendments
5. Atlantic Bluefish FMP - 1 amendment
6. Tilefish FMP

## South Atlantic Fishery Management Council

1. Pelagic Sargassum Habitat of the South Atlantic Region FMP
2. Snapper Grouper FMP - 15 amendments
3. Dolphin and Wahoo FMP (New in 2004)
4. Shrimp FMP - 6 amendments
5. Atlantic Coast Red Drum FMP - 1 amendment
6. Golden Crab FMP - 2 amendments
7. Coral, Coral Reefs and Live/Hard Bottom Habitats of the South Atlantic Region FMP

## Caribbean Fishery Management Council

1. Spiny Lobster FMP - 1 amendments
2. Corals and Reef-Associated Plants and Invertebrates FMP - 1 amendments
3. Queen Conch FMP
4. Shallow Water Reef Fish FMP - 2 amendments

## Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council

1. Coastal Pelagics FMP (joint with S.Atl.) - 14 amendments
2. Coral and Coral Reefs of the GOM FMP - 4 amendments
3. Red Drum FMP - 3 amendments
4. Stone Crab FMP -8 amendments
5. Shrimp FMP - 12 amendments
6. Spiny Lobster FMP (joint with SAFMC) - 7 amendments
7. Reef Fish FMP - 22 amendments

## New England Fishery Management Council

1. Northeast Multispecies FMP - 13 amendments
2. Northeastern Skate FMP
3. Deep Sea Red Crab FMP
4. Atlantic Herring FMP
5. Atlantic Sea Scallop FMP - 10 amendments
6. Monkfish FMP (join with MAFMC) - 1 amendment
7. Atlantic Salmon FMP - 1 amendment

## North Pacific Fishery Management Council

1. Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Groundfish FMP -65 amendments
2. Gulf of Alaska Groundfish FMP - 55 amendments
3. King and Tanner Crab FMP - 15 amendments
4. Salmon FMP - 6 amendments
5. Alaska Scallop FMP - 7 amendments

## Highly Migratory Species Plans

1. Consolidated Highly Migratory Species Fishery Management Plan

## REGIONAL FISHERY MANAGEMENT COUNCILS

Council<br>NEW ENGLAND<br>MID-ATLANTIC

| Constituent | Telephone <br> States <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Maine, New Hampshire, <br> Massachusetts, Rhode <br> Island, and Connecticut) | FAX: 465-3116 |
|  |  |
| (New York, New Jersey, <br> Delaware, Pennsylvania, <br> Maryland, Virginia, and <br> $\quad$ North Carolina) | FAX: 674-5399 |

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Kitty M. Simonds
1164 Bishop St. Suite 1400
Honolulu, HI 96813

## The Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act

FINAL INITIAL ANNUAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RESEARCH SETASIDE(RSA), IN METRIC TONS (MT), ATLANTIC MARCKEREL, SQUID AND BUTTERFISH FOR THE FISHING YEAR

JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2006

| Item | Loligo squid | Illex squid | Atlantic mackerel | Butterfish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum OY | 26,000 | 24,000 | (1) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 12,175 |
| ABC | 17,000 | 24,000 | 335,000 | 4,545 |
| Initial OY | 16,873 | 24,000 | (2) 115,000 | 1,681 |
| DAH | 16,873 | 24,000 | (3) 115,000 | 1,681 |
| DAP | 16,873 | 24,000 | 100,000 | 1,681 |
| JVP | 0 | 0 | (4) 0 | 0 |
| TALFF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RSA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

(1) Not applicable.
(2) Initial OY may be increased during the year but the total ABC will not exceed $347,000 \mathrm{mt}$.
(3) Includes 15,000 mt of Atlantic mackerel recreational allocation.
(4) JVP may be increased up to $20,000 \mathrm{mt}$ at discretion of Regional Administrator.

Source: NMFS, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, F/SF and NMFS, Northeast Region, F/NER.
NOAA Fisheries Regional Offices and Science Centers


## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

## 14th and Constitution Ave., NW

Washington, DC 20230

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| CODE |  | NUMBER |
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|  | Carlos M. Gutierrez | 202-482-2112 |
| A | Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere Conrad C. Lautenbacher, Jr., Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy (Ret.) | 202-482-3436 |
|  | NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE |  |
|  | 1315 East-West Highway <br> Silver Spring Metro Center \#3 (SSMC \#3) <br> Silver Spring, MD 20910 |  |
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|  | Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs -. Samuel D.Rauch, III | 301-713-2239 |
|  | Deputy Assistant Administrator for Operations -John Oliver | 301-713-2239 |
|  | Director, Scientific Programs \& Chief Science Advisor -Steven A. Murawski, Ph.D. | 301-713-2239 |
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| F/EN | Office of Law Enforcement -Dale Jones | 301-427-2300 |
| F/EN1 | Enforcement Operations Division | 301-427-2300 |
| F/SI | Seafood Inspection Program -Timothy Hansen | 301-713-2351 |
| F/HC | Office of Habitat Conservation -Patricia Montanio | 301-713-2325 |
| F/HCx1 | Chesapeake Bay Program Office | 410-267-5660 |
| F/HC1 | Ecosystem Assessment Division | 301-713-0299 |
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| F/MB 3 | Budget Formulation and Planning Division | 301-713-2370 |
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| F/SF8 | Partnership and Communication Division | 301-713-2334 |
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| F/ST6 | Science Information Division | 301-713-2328 |
| F/ST7 | Marine Ecosystems Division | 301-713-2363 |
| LA11 | Office of Congressional Affairs - Fisheries -Stewart Harris | 202-482-7940 |
| PAF | Office of Public Affairs - Fisheries -Connie Barclay | 301-713-2370 |
| GCF | Office of General Counsel - Fisheries -Adam Issenberg | 301-713-2231 |

## General Administrative Information

## NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE REGIONAL FACILITIES

| $\frac{\text { ROUIL }}{\text { ROUTING }}$ | OFFICE | $\frac{\text { TELEPHONE }}{\text { and FAX }}$ | LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F/NER | Northeast Region One Blackburn Drive Gloucester, MA 01930 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 978-281-9300 } \\ & \text { Fax-281-9371 } \end{aligned}$ | Gloucester, MA |
| F/NEC | Northeast Fisheries Science Center 166 Water St. - Rm. 312 <br> Woods Hole, MA 02543 | $\begin{aligned} & 508-495-2233 \\ & \text { Fax-548-2258 } \end{aligned}$ | Woods Hole, MA |
|  | Woods Hole Laboratory 166 Water St. <br> Woods Hole, MA 02543 | $\begin{aligned} & 508-495-2000 \\ & \text { Fax-495-2258 } \end{aligned}$ | Woods Hole, MA |
|  | Narragansett Laboratory 28 Tarzwell Drive Narragansett, RI 02882 | $\begin{aligned} & 401-782-3200 \\ & \text { Fax-782-3201 } \end{aligned}$ | Narragansett, RI |
|  | Milford Laboratory 212 Rogers Ave. Milford, CT 06460 | $\begin{aligned} & 203-882-6500 \\ & \text { FAX-882-6570 } \end{aligned}$ | Milford, CT |
|  | James J. Howard Marine Science Laboratory 74 Mcgruder Road, Sandy Hook Highlands, NJ 07732 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 732-872-3000 } \\ & \text { FAX-872-3088 } \end{aligned}$ | Highlands, NJ |
|  | NatI. Systematics Laboratory, MRC153 10th \& Constitution Ave., NW Washington, DC 20013-7012 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 202-633-1751 } \\ & \text { FAX-357-2986 } \end{aligned}$ | Washington, DC |
|  | Orono Maine Field Station 17 Godfey Drive-Suite 1 Orono, ME 04473 | $\begin{aligned} & 207-866-7322 \\ & \text { FAX-866-7342 } \end{aligned}$ | Orono, ME |
| F/SER | Southeast Region <br> 263 13th Avenue, South <br> St. Petersburg, FL 33701 | $\begin{aligned} & 727-824-5301 \\ & \text { FAX-824-5300 } \end{aligned}$ | St. Petersburg, FL |
| F/SEC | Southeast Fisheries Science Center 75 Virginia Beach Dr. Miami, FL 33149 | $\begin{aligned} & 305-361-5761 \\ & \text { FAX-361-4219 } \end{aligned}$ | Miami, FL |
| F/SEC4 | Miami Laboratory 75 Virginia Beach Dr. Miami, FL 33149 | $\begin{aligned} & 305-361-4225 \\ & \text { FAX-361-4499 } \end{aligned}$ | Miami, FL |
| F/SEC5 | Mississippi Laboratory 3209 Frederick St., P.O. Drawer 1207 Pascagoula, MS 39567 | $\begin{aligned} & 228-762-4591 \\ & \text { FAX-769-9200 } \end{aligned}$ | Pascagoula, MS |
| F/SEC6 | Panama City Laboratory 3500 Delwood Beach Rd. Panama City, FL 32408 | $\begin{aligned} & 850-234-6541 \\ & \text { FAX-235-3559 } \end{aligned}$ | Panama City, FL |
| F/SEC7 | Galveston Laboratory 4700 Avenue U Galveston, TX 77551 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 409-766-3500 } \\ & \text { FAX-766-3508 } \end{aligned}$ | Galveston, TX |

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| $\frac{\text { ROUTING }}{\text { CODE }}$ | OFFICE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and FAX } \\ & \hline \text { NUMBER } \end{aligned}$ | LOCATION |
| F/SEC9 | Beaufort Laboratory 101 Pivers Island Rd Beaufort, NC 28516 | $\begin{aligned} & 252-728-3595 \\ & \text { FAX- } 728-8784 \end{aligned}$ | Beaufort, NC |
| F/NWR | Northwest Region <br> 7600 Sand Point Way, N.E., Bldg. 1 <br> Seattle, WA 98115 | $\begin{aligned} & 206-526-6150 \\ & \text { FAX-526-6426 } \end{aligned}$ | Seattle, WA |
| F/NWC | Northwest Fisheries Science Center West Bldg. - Rm. 363 2725 Montlake Boulevard, East Seattle, WA 98112 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 206-860-3200 } \\ & \text { FAX-860-3217 } \end{aligned}$ | Seattle, WA |
| F/SWR | Southwest Region <br> 501 West Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200 <br> Long Beach, CA 90802 | $\begin{aligned} & 562-980-4000 \\ & \text { FAX-980-4018 } \end{aligned}$ | Long Beach, CA |
| F/SWC | Southwest Fisheries Science Center 8604 La Jolla Shores Dr. <br> P.O. Box 271 <br> La Jolla, CA 92037 | $\begin{aligned} & 858-546-7000 \\ & \text { FAX-546-7003 } \end{aligned}$ | La Jolla, CA |
| F/SWC3 | Fisheries Ecology Division 110 Shaffer Rd. <br> Santa Cruz, CA 95060 | $\begin{aligned} & 831-420-3900 \\ & \text { FAX-420-3927 } \end{aligned}$ | Santa Cruz, CA |
| F/SWC4 | Environmental Research Division 1352 Lighthouse Ave. <br> Pacific Grove, CA 93950 | $\begin{aligned} & 831-648-8515 \\ & \text { FAX-648-8440 } \end{aligned}$ | Pacific Grove, CA |
| F/AKR | Alaska Region 709 West 9th Street, Room 453 P.O. Box 21668 Juneau, AK 99802 | $\begin{aligned} & 907-586-7221 \\ & \text { FAX-586-7249 } \end{aligned}$ | Juneau, AK |
| F/AKC | Alaska Fisheries Science Center, 7600 Sand Point Way, N.E. P.O. Box 53700 - Bldg. \#4-Rm. 2149 Seattle, WA 98115 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 206-526-4000 } \\ & \text { FAX-526-4004 } \end{aligned}$ | Seattle, WA |
|  | Kodiak Laboratory 301 Research Court Kodiak, AK 99615 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 907-481-1700 } \\ & \text { FAX-481-1701 } \end{aligned}$ | Kodiak, AK |
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| F/PIC | Pacific Islands Fisheries Science Center 2570 Dole Street, Rm. 114 Honolulu, HI 96822 | $\begin{aligned} & 808-983-5300 \\ & \text { FAX-983-2902 } \end{aligned}$ | Honolulu, HI |

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| Chatham | $508-945-5961$ |
|  | FAX:945-3793 |
| (2)Point Judith | $401-783-7797$ |
|  | FAX:782-2113 |

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Gregory R. Power, Fishery Inf. Section, One Blackburn Dr., Blackburn Dr., Gloucester, MA 01930
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John Mahoney, U.S. Custom House, 37 No. Second St., New Bedford, MA 02740
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Walter Anoushian /Chris Zanni / Anthony Morales, 83 State St., 2nd Floor, P.O. Box 547,Narragansett, RI 02882

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|  | FAX:620-3577 | Rm. 701, New York, NY 10014 |
| Patchogue | $631-475-6988$ | David McKernan Social Security Bldg., |
|  | FAX:289-8361 | 50 Maple Ave, P.O. Box 606, Patchoque, L.I., NY 11772 |
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|  | FAX:884-4908 | Cape May, NJ 08204 |
| (2)Hampton | $757-723-3369$ | David Ulmer / Steve Ellis / George Mattingly, 1006N Settlers Landings Rd., |
|  | FAX:728-3947 | P.O. Box 69043, Hampton, VA 23669 |

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|  | FAX:728-8772 |
| Wilmington | $(910) 796-7247$ |
| New Smyrna | $386-427-6562$ |
| Beach | FAX: SAME |
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Renee Roman / Pam Machuga, 263 13th Avenue, South,
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## General Administrative Information

## NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE <br> NATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS OFFICES

## CITY

TELEPHONE
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NUMBER

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|  | FAX: 235-3558 |
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|  | FAX: 769-9200 |
| New Orleans | $504-365-0314$ |
|  | FAX: 363-0297 |
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|  | FAX: SAME |
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|  | $337-291-2117$ |
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## PACIFIC ISLANDS:

| (1) Honolulu | 808-983-5330 <br> FAX:983-2902 | David Hamm, 2570 Dole Street |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
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ANADROMOUS SPECIES. These are species of fish that mature in the ocean, and then ascend streams to spawn in freshwater. In the Magnuson Act, these species include, but are not limited to, Atlantic and Pacific salmons, steelhead trout, and striped bass. See 42 FR 60682, Nov. 28, 1977.

ANALOG PRODUCTS. These include imitation and simulated crab, lobster, shrimp, scallops, and other fish and shellfish products fabricated from processed fish meat (such as surimi).

AQUACULTURE. The farming of aquatic organisms in marine, brackish or fresh water. Farming implies private or corporate ownership of the organism and enhancement of production by stocking, feeding, providing protection from predators, or other management measures. Aquaculture production is reported as the weight and value of cultured organisms at their point of final sale.

BATTER-COATED FISH PRODUCTS. Sticks and portions or other forms of fish or shellfish coated with a batter containing a leavening agent and mixture of cereal products, flavoring, and other ingredients, and partially cooked in hot oil a short time to expand and set the batter.

BOAT, OTHER. Commercial fishing craft not powered by a motor, e.g., rowboat or sailboat, having a capacity of less than 5 net tons. See motorboat.

BREADED FISH PRODUCTS. Sticks and portions or other forms of fish or shellfish coated with a nonleavened mixture containing cereal products, flavorings, and other ingredients. Breaded products are sold raw or partially cooked.
BREADED SHRIMP. Peeled shrimp coated with breading. The product may be identified as fantail (butterfly) and round, with or without tail fins and last shell segment; also known as portions, sticks, steaks, etc., when prepared from a composite unit of two or more shrimp pieces whole shrimp or a combination of both without fins or shells.

BUTTERFLY FILLET. Two skin-on fillets of a fish joined together by the belly skin. See fillets.

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS. Fish, shellfish, or other aquatic animals packed in cans, or other containers, which are hermetically sealed and heat-sterilized. Canned fishery products may include milk, vegetables, or other products. Most, but not all, canned fishery prod-
ucts can be stored at room temperature for an indefinite time without spoiling.

COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An individual who derives income from catching and selling living resources taken from inland or marine waters.

CONSUMPTION OF EDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS. Estimated amount of commercially landed fish, shellfish, and other aquatic animals consumed by the civilian population of the United States. Estimates are on an edible-weight basis and have been adjusted for beginning and ending inventories of edible fishery products. Consumption includes U.S. production of fishery products from both domestically caught and imported fish, shellfish, other edible aquatic plants, animals, and imported products and excludes exports and purchases by the U.S. Armed Forces.
CONTINENTAL SHELF FISHERY RESOURCES. These are living organisms of any sedentary species that at the harvestable stage are either (a) immobile on or under the seabed, (b) unable to move except in constant physical contact with the seabed or subsoil of the continental shelf. The Magnuson Act now lists them as certain abalones, surf clam and ocean quahog, queen conch, Atlantic deep-sea red crab, dungeness crab, stone crab, king crabs, snow (tanner) crabs, American lobster, certain corals, and sponges.
CURED FISHERY PRODUCTS. Products preserved by drying, pickling, salting, or smoking; not including canned, frozen, irradiated, or pasteurized products. Dried products are cured by sun or air-drying; pickled or salted products are those products preserved by applying salt, or by pickling (immersing in brine or in a vinegar or other preservative solution); smoked products are cured with smoke or a combination of smoking and drying or salting.

DEFLATED VALUE. The deflated values referred to in this document are calculated with the Gross Domestic Products Implicit Price Deflator. The base year for this index is 1987.

EDIBLE WEIGHT. The weight of a seafood item exclusive of bones, offal, etc.

EEZ. See U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone.
EL NINO. This anomalous ocean warming of the eastern Equatorial Pacific occurs at time intervals varying from 2-10 years. El Nino conditions result in an accu-
mulation of warm water off South America which reduced the upwelling of nutrient-rich water necessary to support fisheries production. These conditions extended northward to the U.S. Pacific Coast. In addition to affecting the food available for fish, El Nino appears to alter the normal ranges, distributions, and migrations of fish populations.

EUROPEAN UNION. Austria, Belgium and Luxembourg, Denmark, Federal Republic of Germany, Finland, Greece, France, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and United Kingdom.

EXPORT VALUE. The value reported is generally equivalent to f.a.s. (free alongside ship) value at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price, including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation. The value excludes the cost of loading, freight, insurance, and other charges or transportation cost beyond the port of exportation.

EXPORT WEIGHT. The weight of individual products as exported, i.e., fillets, steaks, whole, breaded. etc. Includes both domestic and foreign re-exports data.

EXVESSEL PRICE. Price received by the harvester for fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals.

FISH BLOCKS. Regular fish blocks are frozen blocks or slabs of fillets or pieces of fillets cut or sliced from fish. Minced fish blocks are frozen blocks or slabs of minced flesh produced by a meat and bone separating machine.

FISH FILLETS. The sides of fish that are either skinned or have the skin on, cut lengthwise from the backbone. Most types of fillets are boneless or virtually boneless; some may be labeled as "boneless fillets."

FISH MEAL. A high-protein animal feed supplement made by cooking, pressing, drying, and grinding fish or shellfish.

FISH OIL. An oil extracted from body (body oil) or liver (liver oil) of fish and marine mammals; mostly a byproduct of fish meal production.

FISH PORTION. A piece of fish flesh that is generally of uniform size with thickness of $3 / 8$ of an inch or more and differs from a fish stick in being wider or of a different shape. A fish portion is generally cut from a fish block.

FISH SOLUBLES. A water-soluble protein byproduct of fish meal production. Fish solubles are generally
condensed to 50 percent solids and marketed as "condensed fish solubles."

FISH STEAK. A cross-section slice cut from a large dressed fish. A steak is usually about $3 / 4$ of an inch thick.

FISH STICK. An elongated piece of breaded fish flesh weighing not less than $3 / 4$ of an ounce and not more than 1-1/2 ounces with the largest dimension at least three times that of the next largest dimension. A fish stick is generally cut from a fish block.

FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN (FMP). A plan developed by a Regional Fishery Management Council, or the Secretary of Commerce under certain circumstances, to manage a fishery resource in the U.S. EEZ pursuant to the MFCMA (Magnuson Act).

FISHING CRAFT, COMMERCIAL. Boats and vessels engaged in capturing fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals for sale.

FULL-TIME COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An individual who receives more than 50 percent of his or her annual income from commercial fishing activities, including port activity, such as vessel repair and re-rigging.

GROUNDFISH. Broadly, fish that are caught on or near the sea floor. The term includes a wide variety of bottom fishes, rockfishes, and flatfishes. However, NMFS sometimes uses the term in a narrower sense. In "Fisheries of the United States," the term applies to the following species--Atlantic and Pacific: cod, hake, ocean perch, and pollock; cusk; and haddock.

IMPORT VALUE. Value of imports as appraised by the U.S. Customs Service according to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. It may be based on foreign market value, constructed value, American selling price, etc. It generally represents a value in a foreign country, and therefore excludes U.S. import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing the merchandise to the United States.

IMPORT WEIGHT. The weights of individual products as received, i.e., fillets, steaks, whole, headed, etc.

INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS. Items processed from fish, shellfish, or other aquatic plants and animals that are not consumed directly by humans. These items contain products from seaweeds, fish meal, fish oils, fish solubles, pearl essence, shark and other aquatic animal skins, and shells.

INTERNAL WATER PROCESSING (IWPs). An operation in which a foreign vessel is authorized by the governor of a state to receive and process fish in the internal waters of a state. The Magnuson Act refers to internal waters as all waters within the boundaries of a state except those seaward of the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured.

JOINT VENTURE. An operation authorized under the MFCMA (Magnuson Act) in which a foreign vessel is authorized to receive fish from U.S. fishermen in the U.S. EEZ. The fish received from the U.S. vessel are part of the U.S. harvest.

LANDINGS, COMMERCIAL. Quantities of fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals brought ashore and sold. Landings of fish may be in terms of round (live) weight or dressed weight. Landings of crustaceans are generally on a live-weight basis except for shrimp which may be on a heads-on or heads-off basis. Mollusks are generally landed with the shell on, but for some species only the meats are landed, such as sea scallops. Data for all mollusks are published on a meatweight basis.
MAGNUSON-STEVENS FISHERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT, Public Law 94-265, as amended. The Magnuson-Stevens Act provides a national program for the conservation and management of fisheries to allow for an optimum yield (OY) on a continuing basis and to realize the full potential of the Nation's fishery resources. It established the U.S. Exclusive Economics Zone (EEZ) (formerly the FCZ Fishery Conservation Zone) and a means to control foreign and certain domestic fisheries through PMPs and FMPs. Within the U.S. EEZ, the United States has exclusive management authority over fish (meaning finfish, mollusks, crustaceans, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals, birds, and highly migratory species of tuna). The Magnuson Act provides further exclusive management authority beyond the U.S. EEZ for all continental shelf fishery resources and all anadromous species throughout the migratory range of each such species, except during the time they are found within any foreign nation's territorial sea or fishery conservation zone (or the equivalent), to the extent that such a sea or zone is recognized by the United States.

MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHING. Fishing for pleasure, amusement, relaxation, or home consumption.

MARINE RECREATIONAL CATCH. Quantities of finfish, shellfish, and other living aquatic organisms caught, but not necessarily brought ashore, by marine recreational fisherman.
MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERMEN. Those people who fish in marine waters primarily for recreational purposes. Their catch is primarily for home consumption, although occasionally a part or all of their catch may be sold and enter commercial channels. This definition is used in the NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, and is not intended to represent a NMFS policy on the sale of angler-caught fish.

MAXIMUM SUSTAINABLE YIELD (MSY). MSY from a fishery is the largest annual catch or yield in terms of weight of fish caught by both commercial and recreational fishermen that can be taken continuously from a stock under existing environmental conditions. A determination of MSY, which should be an estimate based upon the best scientific information available, is a biological measure necessary in the development of optimum yield.
METRIC TONS. A measure of weight equal to 1,000 kilograms, 0.984 long tons, 1.1023 short tons, or 2,204.6 pounds.
MOTORBOAT. A motor-driven commercial fishing craft having a capacity of less than 5 net tons, or not officially documented by the Coast Guard. See "boat, other".

NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES ORGANIZATION (NAFO). This convention, entered into force January 1, 1979, replaces ICNAF. NAFO provides a forum for continued multilateral scientific research and investigation of fishery resources that occur beyond the limits of coastal nations' fishery jurisdiction in the northwest Atlantic, and will ensure consistency between NAFO management measures in this area and those adopted by the coastal nations within the limits of their fishery jurisdiction.
OPTIMUM YIELD (OY). In the MFCMA (Magnuson Act), OY with respect to the yield from a fishery, is the amount of fish that (1) will provide the greatest overall benefit to the United States, with particular reference to food production and recreational opportunities; and (2) is prescribed as such on the basis of maximum sustainable yield from such fishery, as modified by any relevant ecological, economic, or social factors.

PART-TIME COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An individual who receives less than 50 percent of his or her annual income from commercial fishing activities.

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION. Consumption of edible fishery products in the United States divided by the total civilian population. In calculating annual per capita consumption, estimates of the civilian resident population of the United States on July 1 of each year are used. These estimates are taken from current population reports, series P-25, published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

PER CAPITA USE. The use of all fishery products, both edible and nonedible, in the United States divided by the total population of the United States.

## PRELIMINARY FISHERY MANAGEMENT

PLAN (PMP). The Secretary of Commerce prepares a PMP whenever a foreign nation with which the United States has made a Governing International Fishery Agreement (GIFA) submits an application to fish in a fishery not managed by an FMP. A PMP is replaced by an FMP as soon as the latter is implemented. A PMP applies only to foreign fishing.

RE-EXPORTS. Re-exports are commodities which have entered the U.S. as imports and are subsequently exported in substantially the same condition as when originally imported.

RETAIL PRICE. The price of fish and shellfish sold to the final consumer by food stores and other retail outlets.

ROUND (LIVE) WEIGHT. The weight of fish, shellfish, or other aquatic plants and animals as taken from the water; the complete or full weight as caught. The tables on world catch found in this publication include, in the case of mollusks, the weight of both the shells and the meats, whereas the tables on U.S. landings include only the weight of the meats.

SURIMI. Minced fish meat (usually Alaska pollock) which has been washed to remove fat and undesirable matters (such as blood, pigments, and odorous substances), and mixed with cryoprotectants, such as sugar and/or sorbitol, for a good frozen shelf life.

TOTAL ALLOWABLE LEVEL OF FOREIGN FISHING (TALFF). The TALFF, if any, with respect to any fishery subject to the exclusive fishery management authority of the United States, is that portion of the optimum yield of such fishery which will not be harvested by vessels of the United States, as determined by provisions of the MFCMA.
U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE (EEZ). The MSFCMA (Magnuson-Stevens Act) defines this zone as contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States and extending seaward 200 nautical miles measured from the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured. This was formerly referred to as the FCZ (Fishery Conservation Zone).
U.S.-FLAG VESSEL LANDINGS. Includes landings by all U.S. fishing vessels regardless of where landed as opposed to landings at ports in the 50 United States. These include landings at foreign ports, U.S. territories, and foreign vessels in the U.S. FCZ under joint venture agreements. U.S. law prohibits vessels constructed or registered in foreign countries to land fish catches at U.S. ports.
U.S. TERRITORIAL SEA. A zone extending 3 nautical miles from shore for all states except Texas and the Gulf Coast of Florida where the seaward boundary is 3 marine leagues ( 9 nautical miles)

USE OF FISHERY PRODUCTS. Estimated disappearance of the total supply of fishery products, both edible and nonedible, on a round-weight basis without considering beginning or ending stocks, exports, military purchases, or shipments to U.S. territories.

VESSEL. A commercial fishing craft having a capacity of 5 net tons or more. These craft are either enrolled or documented by the U.S. Coast Guard and have an official number assigned by that agency.
WHOLESALE FISH AND SHELLFISH PRICES. Those prices received at principal fishery markets by primary wholesalers (processors, importers, and brokers) for customary quantities, free on board (f.o.b.) warehouse.

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## Federal Inspection Marks for Fishery Products

SEAFOOD INSPECTION PROGRAM. The U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC), National Marine Fisheries Service, a part of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, conducts a voluntary seafood inspection program on a fee-for-service basis. A HACCP-based service is also available. Services provided by the program include vessel and plant sanitation, product inspection and grading, label reviews, product specification reviews, laboratory analyses, training, education and information. Inspection and certification services are available nationwide and in U.S. territories for all interested parties. Consultative services are provided in foreign countries. Inspection and certification services are also provided for imported and exported products. The USDC Seafood Inspection Program also provides HACCP training, plan development, implementation assistance, and verification service to industry (domestic and foreign) for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with FDA's HACCP rule (21 CFR Parts 123 and 1240) regarding "Procedures for the Safe and Sanitary Processing and Importing of Fish and Fishery Products" which was implemented December 18, 1997.
USERS OF INSPECTION SERVICES. The users of the voluntary seafood inspection service include vessel owners, processors, distributors, brokers, retailers, food service operators, exporters, importers, and those who have a financial interest in buying and selling seafood products. The U.S. Department of Agriculture recommends that USDC inspected products be purchased for its food feeding programs. The USDC PARTICAPANTS LIST FOR FIRMS, FACILITIES AND PRODUCTS, published bi-annually, provides a listing of products and participants who contract with USDC.
USDC INSPECTION MARKS. These marks designate the level and the type of inspection performed by the federal inspector. The marks can be used in advertising and labeling under the guidelines provided by the Seafood Inspection Program and in accordance with federal and state regulations regarding advertising and labeling. Products bearing the USDC official marks have been certified as being safe, wholesome, and properly labeled.
"US GRADE A" MARK. The U.S. GRADE A mark signifies that a product has been processed under federal inspection in an approved facility and meets the established level of quality of an existing U.S. grade standard. The U.S. Grade A mark indicates that the product is of high quality, uniform in size, practically free from blemishes and defects, in excellent condition and possessing good flavor and odor.
"PROCESSED UNDER FEDERAL INSPECTION" MARK. The PUFI mark or statement signifies that the product is certified to be safe, wholesome and properly labeled, conforms to quality and other criteria in the approved specification, and has been officially inspected in a USDC sanitarily approved facility under Federal inspection.
"LOT INSPECTED" MARK. The USDC Lot Inspected mark identifies products that were officially sampled and inspected to conform to an approved specification or criteria. This mark may be used on retail packages and packaging provided the label and specification are approved.
"RETAIL" MARK. In response to requests made by industry, a new mark has been created for retail or food service establishments. Participants qualify for use of the "Retail Mark" by receiving the USDC HACCP-based service or being under contract for sanitation services and associated product evaluation. Usage of such a mark will give the retail industry the opportunity to advertise on their banners, logos, or menus that their facility has been recognized by USDC for proper sanitation and handling of fishery products.


USDC HACCP MARK. The USDC HACCP-based service is available to all interested parties on a fee-for-service basis. Label approval, record keeping and analytical testing are program requirements. An industry USDC-certified employee trained in HACCP principles is also required for each facility/site in the program. Compliance ratings determine frequency of official visits. Benefits to participants include increased controls through a more scientific approach, use of established marks, increased efficiency of federal inspection personnel, and enhanced consumer confidence. The USDC has made available a HACCP mark and a "banner" to distinguish products that have been produced under the НАССР-based program. The НАССР banner must be used as an attachment to existing inspection grade marks. Establishments meeting HACCP program requirements may use these marks in conjunction with promotional material, packaging, point-of-sale notices, and menus.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION:
U.S. Department of Commerce, NOAA/NMFS
Seafood Inspection Division - F/SI
1315 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, MD 20910
(301) $713-2355$ (FAX: 713-1081)
Toll Free: 1-800-422-2750
Internet: http://seafood.nmfs.gov


[^0]:    ANCHOVIES
    U.S. landings of anchovies were 28.6 million poundsan increase of 3.4 million pounds ( 14 percent) compared with 2005. One percent of all landings were used for animal food or reduction and 99 percent were used for bait. The U.S. imports all edible anchovies.

    ## HALIBUT

    U.S. landings of Atlantic and Pacific halibut were 71.8 million pounds (round weight) valued at $\$ 200.5$ million—a decrease of 4.4 million pounds ( 6 percent) but an increase of $\$ 22.9$ million (13 percent) compared with

[^1]:    1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks, such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are
    reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). The National Marine Fisheries Service estimated the distance-from-shore landings for data collected by the Service and States. Includes landings from the Great Lakes and other inland waters, but excludes Mississippi River Drainage Area States. (2) Less than 500 LB, .5 MT or $\$ 500$. (3) Revised.

    NOTE:-Data are preliminary. Totals may not agree due to roundings. Data include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside 50 States. Therefore, they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" tables beginning on page 1. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters or clams.

[^2]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^3]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^4]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^5]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^6]:    NOTES: (1) Number or pounds less than 1,000 or less than 1 metric ton.

[^7]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^8]:    (1) Does not include data on fish blocks and slabs.
    (2) Includes some quantities of cusk fillets.

    Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau

[^9]:    Note:--Statistics on imports are the weights of the individual products as received, i.e., raw headless, peeled, etc.
    Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

[^10]:    Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

[^11]:    (1) Figures reflect both domestic and foreign (re-exports).

    Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau.

[^12]:    (1) Includes fillets used to produce blocks. Species include cod, cusk, haddock, hake, pollock, and ocean perch.
    (2) Species include: cod and pollock.

[^13]:    (1) Data include U.S. commercial landings and imports of both edible and nonedible (industrial) fishery products on a round weight basis.
    "Total supply" is not adjusted for beginning and ending stocks, defense purchases, or exports.

