

NOAA Technical Report NOS CS 5

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# MECCA2 PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION

Silver Spring, Maryland  
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**nood** National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

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Coast Survey Development Laboratory

Office of Coast Survey  
National Ocean Service  
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Kurt Hess

January 2000



**noaa** National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the latest version of the MECCA (Model for Estuarine and Coastal Circulation Assessment) code that was originally published by Hess (1989) and hereafter referred to as M1. The new version of the code was developed in response to demands for a hindcast model for Chesapeake Bay (Bosley, 1996; Bosley and Hess, 1998), and to a lesser extent, to provide a version which corrected some of the errors in the first release. The original code is still operable, provided a few corrections to the code are made as described in the errata sheet (Appendix A).

MECCA was originally developed to meet several shortcomings not found in existing models: (1) extensive documentation including step-by-step development of the applicable equations and their conversion into finite difference form; (2) creation of a standardized form for the input that requires little explanation, can be adapted to most regional applications, and minimizes recoding; (3) provision of a model with internal switches to selectively eliminate various terms in the equations for sensitivity purposes; and (4) the inclusion of imbedded, one-dimensional flow to better represent river and channel flows. This philosophy has not changed.

With the new version comes additional philosophic goals: (1) to provide a basic, streamlined (less code) version which requires the user to do more outside coding and (2) reading data from similar, external files to provide time series values for boundary conditions. For example, the new version reads all data files two records at a time; fewer values are stored at any time, but with linear interpolation the user needs to add more points in time to create a smooth curve - there is no cubic interpolation (which requires four time points). Other improvements include variable array sizes, corrections to the original code, and several other changes (see Section 3).

The model has been requested, distributed, and used numerous times. The author has completed several applications including the estimation of Chesapeake Bay's natural period (Hess, 1988a), sediment transport (Hess, 1988b), and crab larval drift (Johnson and Hess, 1990). It has been used for the Gulf of Maine (Brooks, 1992; Brooks and Churchill, 1992; Brooks, 1994) and in Australian coastal waters (Galloway et al., 1996 - but see Section 4; King et al., 1998). It has been applied to coastal flows in France (Smaoui, 1996; Berthet, 1996).

This report is intended to describe the new features with a short review of the previous version (see M1 for details). The report covers a brief overview of the model in Section 2, a description of new features in Section 3, and an overview of applications to Chesapeake Bay and Rattray Island, Australia, in Section 4. Appendix A contains an errata sheet for the original version of MECCA. Appendix B has a new sample Geography File and Appendix C has a new sample Control File. Appendix D contains a listing of the MECCA2 code.





## 2. MODEL ATTRIBUTES

The following is a brief discussion of MECCA attributes as discussed in M1 which serves as a refresher in preparation to the description of the modifications in Section 3.

### Numerical Code

The MECCA code solves the hydrodynamic equations of momentum, mass, salinity, and temperature conservation. It is three-dimensional in space, uses a vertical sigma coordinate, has a time-varying free surface, and incorporates non-linear horizontal momentum advection. It includes a three-dimension time variable horizontal diffusion based on Smagorinsky (see Tag et al., 1979) and includes vertical turbulent diffusion based on a mixing length and Richardson number-dependent reduction (Munk and Anderson, 1948). For the horizontal momentum equations, the external gravity wave mode is split apart from the internal mode.

Variables are placed on an Arakawa C-grid with square cells in the horizontal and at uniform intervals along a sigma-stretched vertical coordinate. External-mode momentum is solved with an alternating-direction, semi-implicit method in the horizontal. The salinities, temperatures, and internal-mode velocities are solved with a semi-implicit method in the vertical.

The sigma vertical coordinate is defined here as

$$\sigma = \frac{z - \eta}{d - \eta} \quad (2.1)$$

where  $\eta$  is water level departure from the reference surface ( $z = 0$ ) and  $d$  is the depth relative to the reference surface. In recent years, some modelers have encountered certain problems with sigma coordinate systems (Haney, 1991). These problems arose from accurately representing the horizontal pressure gradient due to density, and can be overcome by using uniformly-spaced sigma levels and by subtracting the spatially-averaged density before computing the horizontal gradient. MECCA has both these features.

The model is coded in Fortran with a modest amount of vectorization. Constants are read in from a Control File, and basin attributes are stored in a Geography File. Output is saved at the end of the run to provide a restart capability.

### Model Variables

Two-dimensional variables include mean sea level depth (D), water level (SE, SEP, SEPP), vertically-integrated velocities (UH, UHP, VH, VHP), bottom stress (TBX, TBY), wind (WX, WY), surface stress (TSX, TSY), vertically-integrated horizontal turbulent viscosity (AH), and velocity departure functions (THETA1, THETA2, THETA3, THETSU, THETSV), cell status (IFIELD), time-integrated variables (SOLD, UHOLD, VHOLD), channel width (BX, BY), flow indices (MFLUX, NFLUX), edge parameter (FEDGE), relative cell area (AREA), vertically-averaged horizontal diffusivity (AH and AHC), and imbedded channel widths (BX, BY).

Three-dimensional variables include internal mode velocities (U, V, W), vertical viscosity (AV), vertical diffusivity (DV), salinity (S), temperature (T), Richardson Number (R), and horizontal viscosity (AH3). All units are metric unless otherwise stated.

### Model Grid

Variables in the numerical grid are indexed by M in the x direction, N in the y direction and L in the -q direction. Placement of variables in grid cells are shown in Figure 2.1.

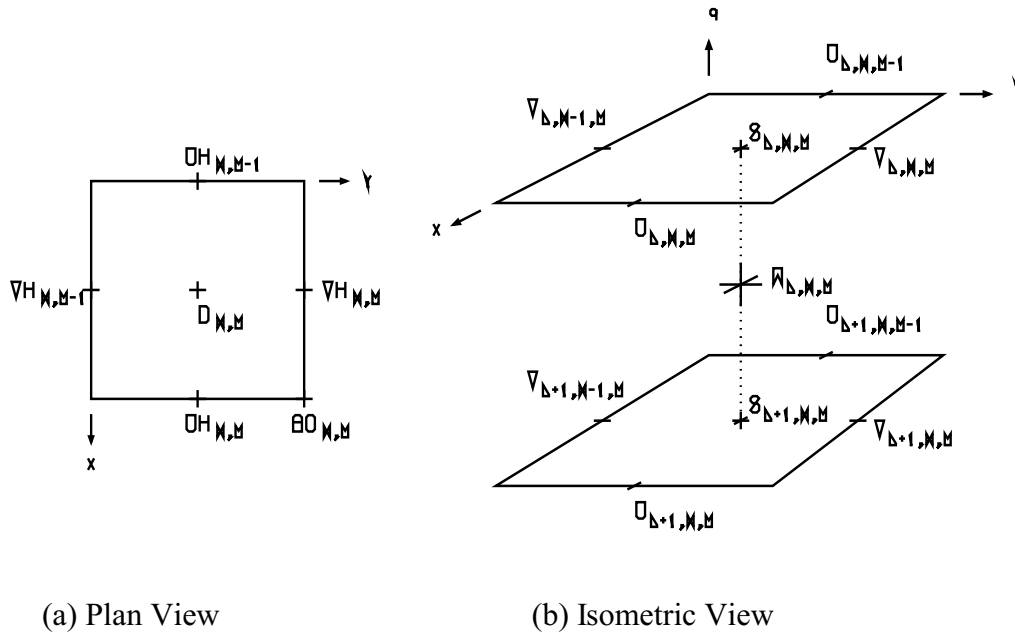
The positions of cell boundaries in the grid's horizontal plane determined by

$$x = N\Delta \text{ and } y = M\Delta, \tag{2.2}$$

where  $\Delta$  is the grid size in meters. Position in the vertical is determined by

$$z = (1-L)\delta, \tag{2.3}$$

where  $\delta = 1/(\text{LBOT} - 1)$  and LBOT is the number of the level that correspond to the bottom.



**Figure 2.1.** Plan View (a) and Isometric View (b) of grid cells showing placement of variables. The Plan View shows the two-dimensional variables. At D there are also SE, AH, FEDGE, AREA, PHI, WX, WY, IFIELD, FX, FY, TSX, TSY, and SOLD. At UH there are also U, UHOLD, UE, MFLUX, TBX, BX, GSTARX, THETA1, THETSU. At VH there are also V, VHOLD, VE, NFLUX, TBY, BY, GSTARY, THETA2, and THETSV. At AC (which is AHC) there is also THETA3. The Isometric View (b) shows the location of three-dimensional variables. At U there is also GRX and at V there is also GRY. At S there is also T and AH3. At W there is also AV and DV.

The grid is oriented to the surface of the earth by the following variables in the Geography File (Appendix B): BSNANG, BSNLAT, BSNLON, NCOR, and MCOR. The lower corner (i.e., closest to the origin) of cell ( $n = \text{NCOR}$ ,  $m = \text{MCOR}$ ) is at latitude BSNLAT and longitude BSNLON. The lower corner corresponds to location  $x = (\text{NCOR} - 1)\Delta$  and  $y = (\text{MCOR} - 1)\Delta$ , where  $\Delta$  is the grid size. The y axis is oriented at an angle BSNANG clockwise from due east. Suppose  $\mu_x$  is the Mercator transform from degrees longitude to X and  $\mu_y$  is the Mercator transform from degrees latitude to Y. Then the Mercator coordinates of any cell's lower corner are

$$\begin{aligned} X &= \mu_x\{\text{BSNLON}\} - (M - \text{MCOR})\Delta'\sin\{\text{BSNANG}\} + (N - \text{NCOR})\Delta'\cos\{\text{BSNANG}\} \\ Y &= \mu_y\{\text{BSNLAT}\} - (M - \text{MCOR})\Delta'\cos\{\text{BSNANG}\} - (N - \text{NCOR})\Delta'\sin\{\text{BSNANG}\} \end{aligned} \quad (2.4)$$

where

$$\Delta' = \mu_y\left\{\text{BSNLAT} + \frac{\Delta}{2}\right\} - \mu_y\left\{\text{BSNLAT} - \frac{\Delta}{2}\right\} \quad (2.5)$$

and  $\Delta^\circ$  is the grid size converted to degrees of latitude

$$\Delta^\circ = \frac{\Delta}{1852 \times 60} \quad (2.6)$$

The grid for Chesapeake Bay is shown in Figure 4.2 (Bosley and Hess, 1998; Bosley, 1996). Simulations are being made on a grid with bathymetry that was previously developed at the U.S. Naval Academy (Hoff, 1990). The grid cell size ( $\Delta$ ) is 5,606 m and the model was run in barotropic mode.

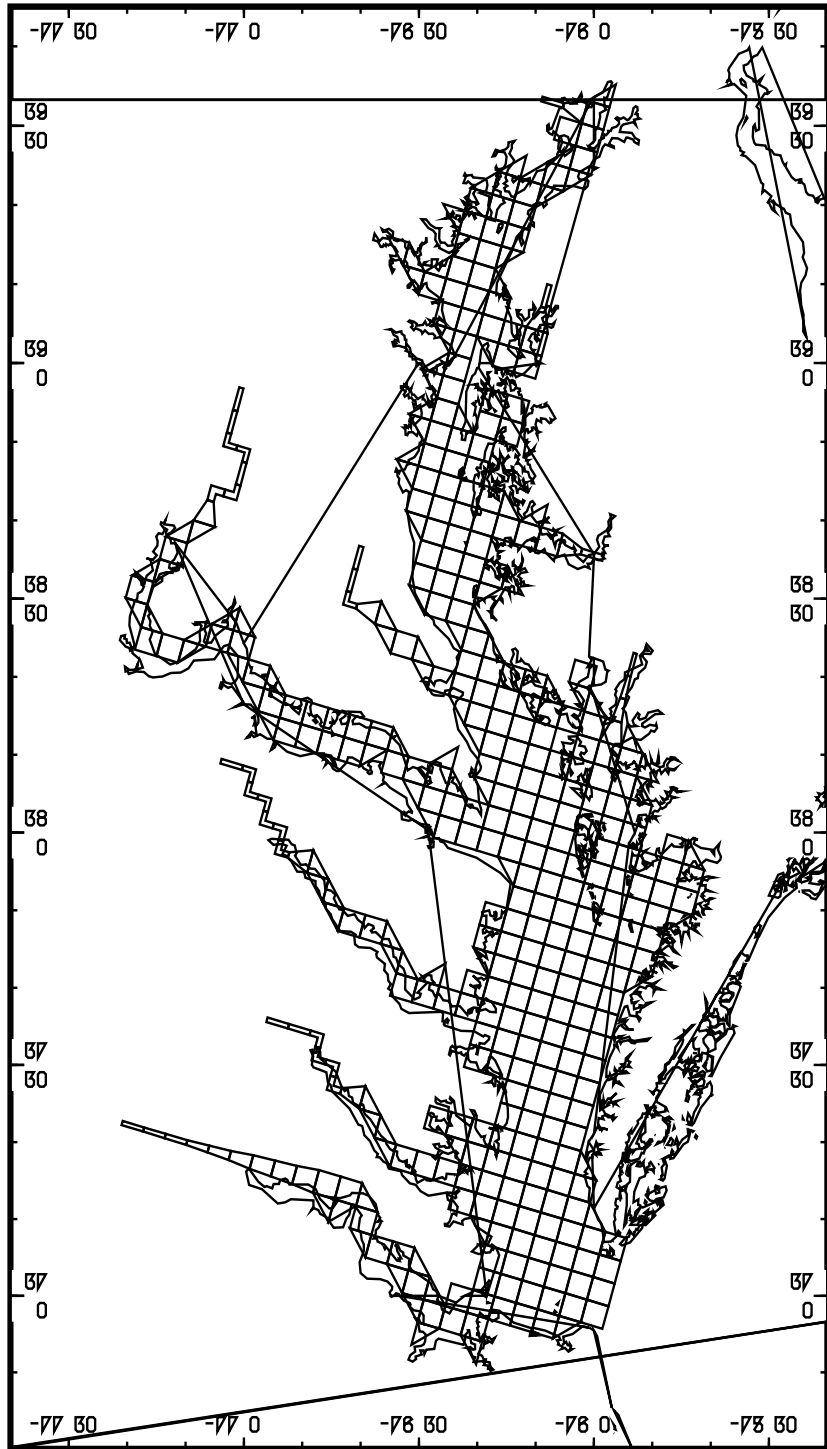
### Cell Attribute Codes

Each cell in the Geography File (Appendix B) is tagged with a two-digit number that defines certain attributes. The entire status of the cell is stored in the two-dimensional array IFIELD, where

$$\text{IFIELD} = 10(I) + J \quad (2.7)$$

For example, a cell may represent either land or water, and if water it may be an ocean or river boundary cell. It may also be either a full or half (triangular) cell, although boundary cells must be full. This is the cell's geographic status, and is coded in the single-digit integer I. For example,

I =	1 denotes a triangle
	2 denotes a full water cell
	5 denotes an ocean boundary cell
	6 denotes a river boundary cell



**Figure 2.2.** Chesapeake Bay model grid showing water cells. Cells are 5606 m on a side. Upper reaches of rivers are modeled as narrow channels.

A second cell feature is the potential existence of a physical barrier that prevents flow in either or both directions, and is coded in the single-digit integer J. For example,

J =	0 denotes no barriers
	1 denotes a barrier in x-direction
	2 denotes a barrier in y-direction
	3 denotes barriers in both the x- and y-directions

The program uses IFIELD primarily to skip over land cells and to enforce zero flux at barriers.

NOTE: because MECCA sometimes makes calculations at cells near the edge of the grid, it is desirable to have extra rows and columns of non-water cells at the outer boundaries of the grid.

### **Atmospheric Heat Flux**

The atmospheric heat flux formulation in M1 was tested with data for Tampa Bay (Hess, 1994) and found to be satisfactory. There are only a few minor changes to the code. Bottom heat flux has been removed since it had little effect on computed water temperatures.

### **Input and Output Files**

MECCA is tailored for a specific application by reading data from a set of input files. Time step, printing, and other data, as well as the names of all other input files, are read in from the Control File. The grid, depths, orientation, and cell size are read from the Geography File. Environmental, or driving, data are read from additional files (see Section 3). If the run is restarted from a previous run, an Initialization File is read.

MECCA output is put into another set of files. These are the Screen File, which lists current timestep, the Print File, which contains top views and side views of various variables, and the Graphing File, which contains date and time series values at selected locations. A Save File is created which can be used for an Initialization File.



### 3. IMPROVEMENTS

#### Corrections to Previous Version

The previous version of the code (M1) is still very usable, provided a few corrections, especially one to the non-linear calculations in the internal-mode module, are made. A table showing the suggested changes appears in Appendix A.

#### Input Data Files

The boundary condition data are now read from separate input files, not from the Control File. In addition, to reduce array storage requirements, MECCA now stores only two records of data at a time; values needed in the program are based on a linear interpolation between the two values read in.

The following are, in the order they are read in the .CON file, the seven input data file types that can be read in MECCA:

- Ocean Water Levels or Flowrates
- Winds or Stresses and (Optional) Pressures Gradients
- River Flowrates
- Ocean Salinities
- Ocean Temperatures
- River Temperatures
- Additional Meteorological Data

In the .CON file, for each of the above seven types, MECCA reads (1) a text file description (not used in computation), (2) the number of signals (NSIGS) in the file to be read, and (3) the file name. If NSIGS is 0, the file name is not read and therefore no data are read (all array values for that variable are zero).

For all files (except the wind/stress file), each record has a fixed format. A typical record contains the four-digit year, the day in year, and a number (=NSIGS) of values. The form is

YYYY DDD.DDDD V1 V2 V2 V3 V5

where YYYY is the 4-digit year, DDD.DDDD is a day-in-year date, and V1, V2, etc. are a set of values corresponding to that time given. Spaces or commas should separate all numbers. For example, a typical Additional Meteorological Data file is

1994	3.5000	12.04	0.50	0.32	1013.80
1994	3.6250	13.25	0.56	0.44	1014.10
1994	3.7500	12.72	0.63	0.30	1014.30
1994	3.8750	12.03	0.61	0.22	1014.20
1994	4.0000	10.86	0.59	0.29	1014.20

which contains the year, day, air temperature, relative humidity, cloud cover, and air pressure.

The time values are converted to a year-based time,  $YT$ , using the universal time coordinate ( $UT$ ) and the number of days in the year,  $D$ . Note that noon on January 1 corresponds to  $UT = 1.5$ .

$$YT = (YEAR - 1900) + \frac{UT - 1}{D} \quad (3.1)$$

Wind data, unlike the other data types which are in ASCII, are stored in a binary file. These data require two unformatted records per time which contain:

YEAR, UTC, ITYPE1, ITYPE2, ITYPE3, NX, MX  
FX, FY, (DPADX, DPADY)

Here YEAR and UTC are the date stamp; ITYPE1, ITYPE2, and ITYPE3 are indices (see below); and NX and MX are array sizes. The arrays  $FX(NX, MX)$  and  $FY(NX, MX)$  contain either wind speeds or wind stresses (per unit water density). DPADX and DPADY are atmospheric pressure gradients (mb/km). The indices are as follows: for FX and FY containing winds, ITYPE1 = 1; for FX and FY containing stresses, ITYPE1 = 2. For no atmospheric pressure gradient values to be read, ITYPE2 = 0; for values to be read, ITYPE2 = 1. For ITYPE3 = 0, model coordinate directions are used for winds, stresses, and pressure gradients. For ITYPE3 = 1, earth coordinate directions (east, north) are used.

For a wind with eastward and northward components WE and WN respectively, the components can be converted to model directions by

$$WX = -WN \cos\{BSNANG\} - WE \sin\{BSNANG\} \quad (3.2a)$$

$$WY = WE \cos\{BSNANG\} - WN \sin\{BSNANG\} \quad (3.2b)$$

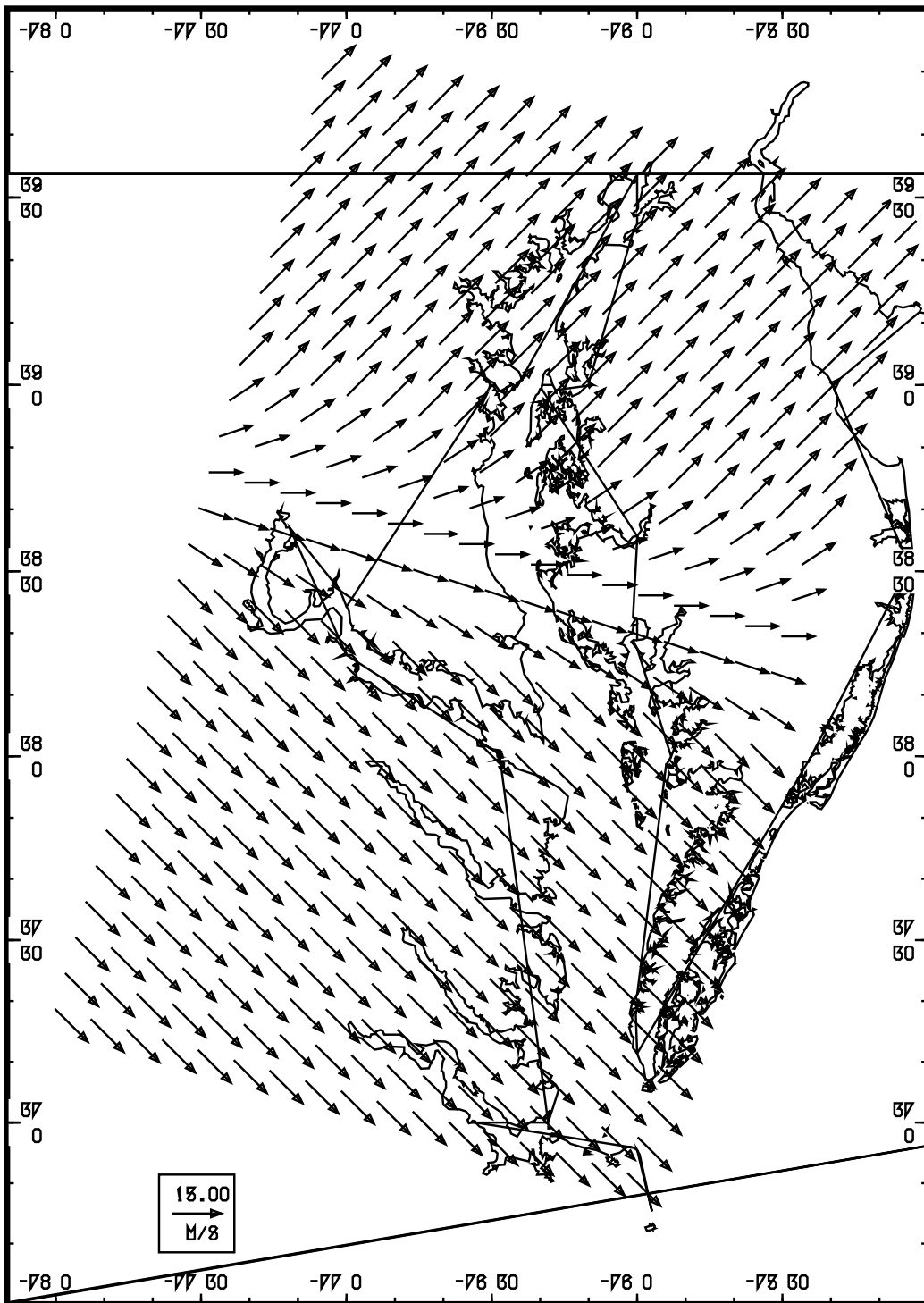
The components can be converted back to earth coordinates by

$$WE = -WX \sin\{BSNANG\} + WY \cos\{BSNANG\} \quad (3.3a)$$

$$WN = -WX \cos\{BSNANG\} - WY \sin\{BSNANG\} \quad (3.3b)$$

A sample wind field for Chesapeake Bay is shown in Figure 3.1.





**Figure 3.1.** Wind vectors over the Chesapeake Bay grid. The wind vectors generated by applying the spatial interpolation scheme to a northeasterly wind of 14 m/s at Thomas Point and a southeasterly wind of 14 m/s at CBBT. Vectors at every other cell are plotted.

## Ocean and River Boundaries

Ocean and river boundaries are defined in a new way. For an ocean boundary, as specified in the Geography File (Appendix B), the indices are

MB1, MB2, NB1, NB2, ITPO, JTPO, ISET1, ISET2

For an ocean boundary, the cells located at  $MB1 \leq M \leq MB2$  and  $NB1 \leq N \leq NB2$ . The direction of outflow is set by ITPO, where

ITPO =            1 denotes flow in +x direction  
                     -1 denotes flow in -x direction  
                     2 denotes flow in +y direction  
                     -2 denotes flow in -y direction

The type is set in JTPO, where

JTPO =            1 denotes a water level  
                     2 denotes a flowrate per unit width.  
                     3 denotes an Orlanski radiation condition  
                     4 denotes a Riemann invariant condition

The Orlanski (1976) radiation condition is

$$\frac{\partial \eta}{\partial t} + c \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x_n} = 0 \quad (3.4)$$

and the Riemann invariant condition (Wurtele et al., 1971) is

$$\eta + \frac{H}{c} (u^2 + v^2)^{1/2} = 0 \quad (3.5)$$

where  $c$  is the shallow water wave speed,  $H$  is total water depth, and  $x_n$  is the outward normal direction.

ISET1 and ISET2 are ocean signal numbers; water level at any cell is linearly interpolated in space between the present (time-interpolated) value in signal ISET1 at (NB1, MB1) and the value in signal ISET2 at (NB2, MB2).

For a river boundary, the indices are

MR1, MR2, NR1, NR2, ITPR, JTPR, ISETR

The direction of inflow, ITPR, is set analogously to ITPO, except that for example +1 means inflow in the +x direction (not outflow). The type is set in JTPR, where

JTPR =           1 denotes simple flowrate  
                   2 denotes water falls

ISETR is river signal number, so that the first river so defined used signal ISETR in the river flowrate and temperature files. Also, there is a revised water falls condition. Unlike before (see M1, p. II-12 to II-15), the boundary water level increment and temperature are introduced directly into the river cell, not into the adjacent cell.

Ocean boundaries may have one or more of the following variables assigned as a boundary condition: water level, salinity, and temperature. River boundaries may have one or more of the following variables assigned as a boundary condition: flowrate, salinity, and temperature.

### Vertical and Horizontal Diffusivity

Vertical mixing is handled in a more complex way and allows for negative Richardson Number (R) values. Negative values occur when the density is unstably stratified, and the new scheme causes large vertical diffusivities. The approach is based on that of Munk and Anderson (1948). As before, viscosity and diffusivity are related to a potential,  $A_z$  as follows:

$$A_z = (\kappa H q^{C_0} (1 + q))^2 \left[ \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2} \quad (3.6)$$

$$A_v = A_{vo} + f_A A_z \quad (3.7)$$

$$D_v = D_{vo} + f_D A_z \quad (3.8)$$

where  $\kappa$  is von Karman's constant,  $A_{vo}$  and  $D_{vo}$  are small (molecular scale) values, and the functions  $f_A$  and  $f_D$  adjust for stratification.

Negative values of R, which imply denser water lying above lighter water, now create augmented mixing. For vertical momentum viscosity

$$\begin{aligned} f_A &= C_1 (1 + C_2 R)^{C_3} & \text{for } R \geq 0 \\ &= C_1 (1 + C_4 R^2) & \text{for } R < 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3.9)$$

And for vertical diffusivity,

$$\begin{aligned} f_D &= C_5 (1 + C_6 R)^{C_7} & \text{for } R \geq 0 \\ &= C_5 (1 + C_8 R^2) & \text{for } R < 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3.10)$$

Also, the values of R are bounded:

$$R_{\min} < R \leq R_{\max} \quad (3.11)$$

The 13 mixing variables ( $A_{vo}$ ,  $D_{vo}$ ,  $R_{\min}$ ,  $R_{\max}$ ,  $C_0 - C_8$ ) are coded as (AV0, DV0, RIMIN, RIMAX, CR0, CRICH(1) - CRICH(8)) and have the nominal values (0.00001, 0.000005, -0.05, 1000., 1.0, 0.4, 10.0, 0.5, 20000., 0.1, 3.33, 1.5, 20000.). There is now no subroutine MIXUP, which (in M1) created a neutral density distribution.

Horizontal diffusivity has been improved by making it three dimensional. Horizontal diffusivity is the product of the input parameter DHDA and the viscosity, AH3.

### Shallow Water Wind Stress Reduction

Wind stress is reduced in shallow water to avoid high velocities. In the code, wind stress is now multiplied by the factor  $f_\tau$ , where

$$\begin{aligned} f_\tau &= 1 & d_2 &\leq H \\ &= \frac{H - d_1}{d_2 - d_1} & d_1 &< H \leq d_2 \\ &= 0 & H &< d_1 \end{aligned} \quad (3.12)$$

and H is the total water depth. The values ( $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ ) are coded as (DTAU1, DTAU2) and have values (0.10, 1.0).

### Internal-Mode Velocity Boundary Conditions

There is a new upper boundary condition on internal-mode velocity. At the upper surface, a one-sided approximation may be used by setting ITOPV=3. In that case, horizontal velocity is computed by setting the upper surface's vertical diffusion and advection to zero and reducing volume-related terms by half (as is done for the upper salinity and temperature boundary conditions: see M1, p I-77). In the new version of MECCA, the bottom stress per unit density is defined as the product of a friction factor and a representative velocity by the generalized form

$$\frac{\tau_b}{\rho} = \Phi [U + \gamma u_{LBOT} + (1 - \gamma) u_{LBOT-1}] \quad (3.13)$$

where  $\Phi$  is the friction factor, U is the external-mode velocity, and u is the internal-mode velocity. For the general case,

$$\Phi = C_{DWB1} + C_{DWB2} |U + u_{LBOT}| \quad (3.14)$$

and  $\gamma = 1$ .

A new feature is the specification of a bottom logarithmic boundary layer with velocity

$$u(z) = \frac{1}{\kappa} \left( \frac{\tau_b}{\rho} \right)^{1/2} \ln \left( \frac{z}{z_o} \right) \quad (3.15)$$

The roughness height  $z_o$  is defined in the bottom stress subroutine as 0.003 m. At mid-depth in the bottom layer (which is at a distance of  $H\delta/2$  above the bottom), we set the boundary layer velocity to be equal to the mean of the lowest two sigma level velocities. Squaring each side and rearranging gives

$$\frac{\tau_b}{\rho} = \left( \frac{\kappa}{\ln \left\{ \frac{H\delta}{2z_o} \right\}} \right)^2 \left( U + \frac{1}{2}u_{LBOT} + \frac{1}{2}u_{LBOT-1} \right)^2 \quad (3.16)$$

Therefore,  $\Phi$  is determined to be

$$\Phi = \left( \frac{\kappa}{\ln \left\{ \frac{H\delta}{2z_o} \right\}} \right)^2 \left| U + \frac{1}{2}u_{LBOT} + \frac{1}{2}u_{LBOT-1} \right| \quad (3.17)$$

and  $\gamma = 0.5$ . The log-layer bottom boundary condition is activated by setting IBOTV=3.

Another bottom condition, which was included in the older version of MECCA, is one of no slip, or

$$U + u_{LBOT} = 0. \quad (3.18)$$

In this case, the bottom stress is set equal to the product of the viscosity at the mid-level of the lowest layer and the velocity gradient

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\tau_b}{\rho} &= \frac{A_v}{H\delta} \left( (U + u_{LBOT-1}) - (U + u_{LBOT}) \right) \\ &= \frac{A_v}{H\delta} (U + u_{LBOT-1}) \end{aligned} \quad (3.19)$$

In the new version, the above expression is recast in the form of (3.13) by setting

$$\Phi = \frac{A_v}{H\delta} \quad (3.20)$$

and  $\gamma = 0$ . The no slip bottom boundary condition is activated by setting IBOTV=0.

## Density Function and Gradients

Although there is a function for water density, there is no longer a separate function for difference in density. As before,

$$\rho = 10^3 (1 + FRHO\{S, T\}) \quad (3.21)$$

The density difference is now computed directly by the difference in values of FRHO. This allows other density formulations to be used.

When either salinity or temperature are not being updated (c.f., KONCEN), they are set to their respective constant default values SAL0 (30 ppt) and TMP0 (10 C). If either salinity or temperature are being updated and a boundary file is missing, boundary values are set to the respective default values. This allows the full density equation (3.21) to be used with representative salinity or temperature values.

Vertical and horizontal density gradients can now be excluded selectively. For ICOUPL=0, both the vertical and the horizontal gradients are set to zero. For ICOUPL=1, only vertical gradients are included. For ICOUPL=2, both vertical and horizontal gradients are included.

## Output for Graphing

The output file containing time series of model values at successive times has a new format. The first value in each record is the year, the second is the Julian day, and subsequent values are the selected modeled values. This makes them identical to the input data files.

Other attributes of the graphical file are selected by the parameters IGPH, NSTGPH, and IGHPOP (see Appendix C, Sample Control file). IGPH is the number of variables (as denoted by location L, N, M and ITYP) to be saved (up to 20). NSTGPH is the interval, in internal-mode time steps, that data are to be saved. IGHPOP (when set to 0) causes the graphical file header information not to be printed.

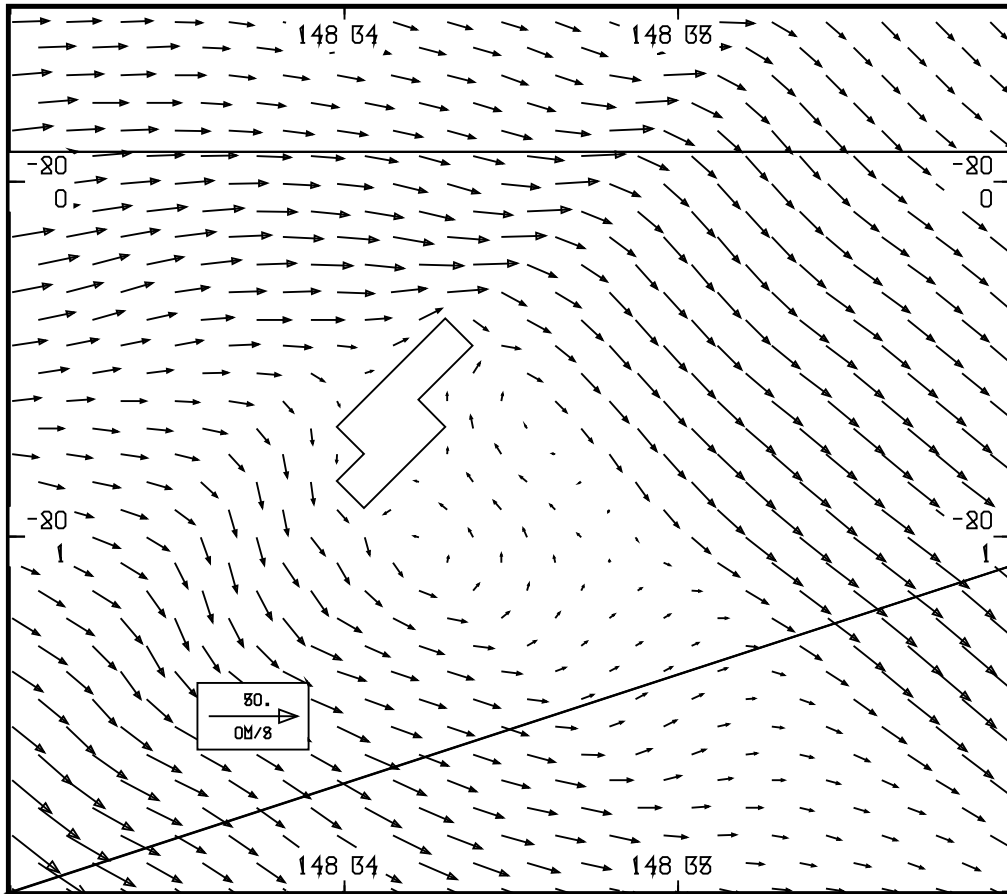
## Non-Linear Horizontal Advection

The new code contains the corrected versions of the non-linear horizontal momentum advection terms in the internal mode calculations. For the terms affected, see Appendix A. These terms are approximated by upstream differencing as follows:

$$\frac{\partial uu}{\partial x} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\Delta} \left[ \left(1 - \frac{u_m}{|u_m|}\right) (u_{m+1}^2 - u_m^2) + \left(1 + \frac{u_m}{|u_m|}\right) (u_m^2 - u_{m-1}^2) \right] \quad (3.22)$$

The original code was corrected in about 1990 although the older version apparently did not affect

the Gulf of Maine simulations (Brooks, 1992; Brooks and Churchill, 1992; Brooks, 1994). However, MECCA was used for a model inter-comparison study (Galloway et al., 1996). They simulated tidal flow around Rattray Island on Australia's east coast in an attempt to reproduce lee eddies that have been observed. Unfortunately, the authors were not successful in producing eddying flow with MECCA because they did not obtain a corrected version of the model. Although the authors were given an updated version of the code and plots showing the lee eddies, this information arrived too late to be in their paper. Nevertheless, MECCA did produce eddies (Figure 3.2) that are virtually identical to those produced by the other three-dimensional models.



**Figure 3.2.** Instantaneous surface currents around Rattray Island, Australia.

#### **4. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The author is indebted to Dr. Thor Aarup, who has been instrumental in modernizing portions of the code to make it more flexible. He has also assisted greatly in disseminating the code to other interested parties. Dr. Hassan Smaoui diligently checked the code and provided key corrections in the velocity calculations. He has also extended the model's capabilities by introducing a turbulence closure scheme for the diffusivity. Dr. Kathryn Bosley has also greatly spurred development of the new version by creating the specific needs of the Chesapeake Area Forecasting Experiment, in testing the model in a variety of scenarios, and in critically assessing the model's performance and assumptions.



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## APPENDIX A. ERRATA SHEET

This section contains some of the errors in the MECCA NESDIS report (Hess, 1989) in both the text (Part I) and the code (Part III).

### Text Errors

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No. Page	Comments
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1. I-20 In Eq. 3.34, there should be no negative sign.

2. I-24 In Eq. 4.16,  $\Theta_{sv}$  should be  $H\Theta_{sv}$

3. I-33 Add the definition for  $F_{n,m}$  (Eq. 4.8)

$$F_{n,m} = (\Phi_{n,m+1} + \Phi_{n,m}) / (2H_{n,m}) + \beta_c \text{THETSU}_{n,m}$$

where  $\Phi_{n,m}$  is evaluated at the cell center by Eq. 4.7 and

$$\text{THETSU}_{n,m} = C_{\text{drgws}} | \text{UE}_{n,m} | / (\Delta L \text{BX}_{n,m}) \sum_{k=1}^{\text{LBOT}-1} [ \text{CI}_k (1 + \text{U}_{n,m,k} / \underline{\text{UE}}_{n,m}) | (1 + \text{U}_{n,m,k} / \underline{\text{UE}}_{n,m}) | ]$$

$$\text{And } \underline{\text{UE}}_{n,m} = \text{sign}(\text{UE}_{n,m}) \max(|\text{UE}_{n,m}|, 0.001)$$

$$\text{and } \text{CI}_k = 1 / (\text{LBOT} - 1)$$

$$\text{Add } C_{4A} = 2\Delta T / \Delta L^2$$

Then in Eqs. 5.28 and 5.29,  $C_4$  should be replaced by  $C_{4A}$ .

4. I-42 Add the definition for  $F_{n,m}$

$$F_{n,m} = (\Phi_{n+1,m} + \Phi_{n,m}) / (2H_{n,m}) + \beta_c \text{THETSV}_{n,m}$$

where

$$\text{THETSV}_{n,m} = C_{\text{drgws}} | \text{VE}_{n,m} | / (\Delta L \text{BY}_{n,m}) \sum_{k=1}^{\text{LBOT}-1} [ \text{CI}_k (1 + \text{V}_{n,m,k} / \underline{\text{VE}}_{n,m}) | (1 + \text{V}_{n,m,k} / \underline{\text{VE}}_{n,m}) | ]$$

$$\text{And } \underline{\text{VE}}_{n,m} = \text{sign}(\text{VE}_{n,m}) \max(|\text{VE}_{n,m}|, 0.001)$$

5. I-43 In Eqs. 6.20 and 6.21,  $C_4$  should be replaced by  $C_{4A}$ .
  6. I-54 In Eq. 8.33, the term  $BHI_{n,m}$  (in first line) should be multiplied by 2.  
Therefore, Eq. 8.34 should be revised to read:  $C_3 = \Delta T / \Delta L^2$  (also applies to p. I-64, but text reads correctly)
  7. I-55 In Eq. 8.45, the term multiplying  $\beta_a$  (first line) should be multiplied by 4.  
Therefore, add a new variable:  $C_{7A} = \Delta T / (4\Delta L)$
  8. I-56 In first line of Eq. 8.49, replace  $C_7$  by  $C_{7A}$ .
  9. I-63 In Eq. 9.3,  $\Theta_{sv}$  should be  $H\Theta_{sv}$
  10. I-65 In first line of Eq. 9.26, replace  $C_7$  by  $C_{7A}$ .
- 

## Program Errors

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No.	Page	Comments
1.	III-70	Line 325, add $CX9=2.*DT/DL**2$ . Lines 393, 394: change CX4 to CX9.
	III-70	Line 357, change 10. to 0.1/RHOW
	III-71	Line 413, the variable should be AHDUYY
	III-72	Line 477, change 10. to 0.1/RHOW
	III-73	Lines 513 and 515: change CX4 to CX9.
2.		Non-linear terms in Subroutine UPVP
	III-80	After Line 312, add $B8=DTT/(4.*DL)$
	III-81	Lines 388 and 389, change B7 to B8. Line 410, change UPM(L,M) to UPM(L,N)
	III-83	Lines 509 and 510, change =HI.. to =B8*HI.. Line 540, change VPMM to VPM.

---





26 16 0.20 1.00 0.20  
25 28 1.00 0.15 0.15  
26 28 1.00 0.15 0.15  
27 28 1.00 0.15 0.15  
34 12 0.20 1.00 0.20  
34 13 0.20 0.20 0.20  
35 13 0.20 0.20 0.20  
35 14 0.20 0.20 0.20  
36 14 0.22 0.22 0.22  
36 15 0.22 0.22 0.22  
37 15 0.24 0.24 0.24  
37 16 0.25 1.00 0.25  
44 17 0.20 1.00 0.20  
44 18 0.20 1.00 0.20  
44 19 0.22 0.22 0.22  
45 19 0.22 0.22 0.22  
45 20 0.24 0.24 0.24  
46 20 0.25 0.25 0.25  
50 12 0.18 1.00 0.18  
50 13 0.19 1.00 0.19  
50 14 0.20 1.00 0.20  
50 15 0.21 1.00 0.21  
50 16 0.22 1.00 0.22  
50 17 0.23 1.00 0.23  
50 18 0.24 1.00 0.24  
50 19 0.25 1.00 0.25

(NANTICOKE)

(RAPPAHANNOCK)

(YORK)

(JAMES)

----- END OF FILE -----





# APPENDIX C. SAMPLE CONTROL FILE

MECCA2 Control File. Asterisks in rightmost column denote lines that differ from the original version.

```

MECCA VERSION 2.0
fullbay20.geo
0 1 1
----- MODEL CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS -----
RUN PARAMETERS
240.0 24.00 0.0 24. HRRMAX, HROUT, HROUT0, HRSAVE *
TIMESTEP(external), SPLIT, NUMBER OF LAYERS
225.00 4 9 DTE, ISPLIT, LAYRS
TURBULENCE VARIABLES
1.0 1.0 .01 1.0 -.05 1.E+3 AH00, AH0, CAH, DHAH, RIMIN, RIMAX*
.003 .000010 .40 10.00 0.5 2.E+4 AV00, AV0, CRICH(1 - 4) *
.001 .000005 .10 3.33 1.5 2.E+4 DV00, DV0, CRICH(5 - 8) *
1 1 1.0 IHVISC, IVISC, CRO *
DRAG COEFFICIENTS
.0007 .0000 .000 .0008 .000065 CDWB1, CDWB2, CDRWS, CDRG1, CDRG2
HEATING CONSTANTS
0.10 6.0 ALB, D10PCT *
SWITCHES
1 1 1 1 ICOR, IBETAA, IBETAP, IBETAH
1 0 0 0 IEXTRN, INTER, KONCEN, ICOUPL
3 2 0 0 ITOPV, IBOTV, IHEAT, ICPOS *
----- PRINT PARAMETERS-----
PLAN VIEW VARIABLES (s=surface, b=bottom)
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 SE, UE, VE, Us, Vs, Ss, Sb, Ts, Tb, AH, AV, Wx, Wy*
PAGE FORMATS
2 1 KPRNT1 (DIGIT, CHAR), 2 (NEW PG)
CELLS WITH PRINT AT ALL LEVELS M*1000+N
2
035026 047022 NPRMN
CELLS IN LONGITUDINAL SECTION M*1000+N
1 ISLICE: JSLICE, MSNS
10 006017 019017 020018 023018 026021 028021 030023 031023 035027 038027
CELLS FOR LATER GRAPHING
13 4 0 IGPH, NSTGPH, IGPHOP *
1 50 34 1 ocean boundary L, M, N, ITYP
1 52 32 1 cbbt
1 32 18 1 Colonial Beach
1 11 13 1 baltimore
1 33 21 1 lewisetta
1 48 32 1 kiptopeake
1 48 24 1 Gloucester Pt
1 28 20 1 Solomons
1 15 16 1 Annapolis
1 52 32 7 x-stress # 1 (CBBT)
1 11 13 7 x-stress # 2 (Thomas Point)
1 52 32 8
1 11 13 8
----- TIME-VARIABLE BOUNDARY INPUTS-----
STARTING DATE
1994 1 1 00 00 IYEAR, MONTH, IDAY, HOUR, MIN
=OCEAN WATER LEVELS
1 *
wl.dat *
=WINDS *
1 *
wind.dat.binary *
=RIVER FLOWRATES *
9 *
rv.dat *
=OCEANIC SALINITIES *
10 *
ocean_sal.dat *
=OCEANIC TEMPERATURES *
10 *
ocean_tmp.dat *
=RIVER TEMPERATURES *
1 *
river_tmp.dat *
=ADDITIONAL MET DATA *
4 *
meto.dat *
=INITIAL CONDITIONS *

```

```
0 *
----- OUTPUT FILE NAMES----- *
FPRINT :m20.prn *
FGRAPH :m20.gph *
FMED :MECMED.DAT *
=====END OF FILE =====
```

# APPENDIX D. CODE LISTING

Code listing for program MECCA2. Common blocks appear at the end.

```

1 PROGRAM MECCA2
2 CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
3
4 Model for Estuarine and Coastal Circulation Assessment II
5
6 PURPOSE - TO RUN A THREE-DIMENSIONAL (X-, Y-, Q-DIRECTION)
7 HYDRO MODEL WITH NON-LINEAR ADVECTIVE TERMS AND
8 VARIABLE DENSITY. USES NUMERICAL SCHEME OF ABBOTT
9 FOR THE EXTERNAL (2-D) MODE, AND ANOTHER SCHEME FOR
10 THE INTERNAL (BAROCLINIC) MODE. INCLUDES THOR
11 AARUP'S VARIABLE ARRAY FEATURES.
12
13 LOGICAL UNITS USED
14
15 Unit Name No. Used for Generic
16 -----
17 INPUT: LUON 2 READ CONTROL FILE FCON 129 C
18 READ GEOGRAPHY FILE FGEO 130 C
19 READ INITIAL COND'S FILES FINIT 131 C
20 LUKB 5 KEYBOARD - 132 C
21 LUTID 21 TIDE BC - 133 C
22 LUWND 22 GRIDDED WIND FILES - 134 C
23 LURIV 23 RIVER FLOWRATES - 135 C
24 LUSAL 24 OCEAN SALINITY BC - 136 C
25 LUOCT 25 OCEAN TEMPERATURE BC - 137 C
26 LURVT 26 RIVER TEMPERATURES - 138 C
27 LUMET 27 AIR PRESS,TMP,HUMIDITY - 139 C
28
29 OUTPUT: ISCR 6 CRT SCREEN - 141 C
30 IO 10 LINE PRINTER FPRINT 142 C
31 LUGRF 11 DATA AT GRAPH POINTS FGRAPH 143 C
32 LUMED 12 INTERMEDIATE,FINAL VALUES FMED 144 C
33
34 CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
35 FLOW CHART FOR MAIN PROGRAM
36
37 MAIN
38 :
39 :
40 : -----YTIMES
41 : -----NYEAR
42 :
43 : -----READZ-----ZEROS
44 : RDCON1 156 C
45 : RDCON2-----JULIAN 157 C
46 : RDCON3 158 C
47 : IRR 159 C
48 : RDGEO-----CHECKS 160 C
49 : RDICS 161 C
50 :
51 : -----INITS-----SETUP-----FLAGS 163 C
52 : -----BSTATE-----RR 164 C
53 : THETAS 165 C
54 : WVERT 166 C
55 :
56 : -----OUTPUT-----PRNCON 168 C
57 : PRNBCG 169 C
58 : MEDSAV 170 C
59 : FGRAPH 171 C
60 : PRINTA-----PRINTH-----DATES 172 C
61 : PRINTX-----PRNCHR 173 C
62 C<BEGIN LOOP> PRINTI-----GRADP-----FRHO 174 C
63 : PSLICE 175 C
64 :
65 : -----FORCES-----ATMOS-----RDWIND 177 C
66 : BSTRES 178 C
67 : ALGRAD 179 C
68 :
69 : -----EXMODE-----THETAS 181 C
70 : BNDRY1-----RR 182 C
71 : HORVIS 183 C
72 : UHVH 184 C
73 :
74 : -----INTRNL-----BNDRY2 186 C
75 : VERVIS 187 C
76 : UPVP-----GRADP-----FRHO 188 C
77 : WVERT GETCJ 189 C
78 :
79 : -----CONCZ-----BNDRY3-----BSTATE-----RR 191 C
80 : BNDRY4 RR 192 C
81 : HEAT1 193 C
82 : GFLUX-----HEATZ 194 C
83 :
84 : -----ANALYS 196 C
85 :
86 : -----OUTPUT-----PRNCON 198 C
87 : PRNBCG 199 C
88 : MEDSAV 200 C
89 : FGRAPH 201 C
90 : PRINTA-----PRINTH-----DATES 202 C
91 : PRINTX-----PRNCHR 203 C
92 C<END LOOP> PRINTI-----GRADP-----FRHO 204 C
93 : PSLICE 205 C
94 :
95 (END)
96
97 CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
98 VARIABLES
99
100 AG = GRAVITATIONAL ACCELERATION (M/S**2) 211 C
101 AH(,) = HORIZONTAL EDDY VISCOSITY (M**2/S) TIMES DEPTH 212 C
102 AH(,) AT GRID CENTER 213 C
103 AH(,) = HORIZONTAL EDDY VISCOSITY (M**2/S) TIMES DEPTH 214 C
104 AT GRID CORNER 215 C
105 AH3(,,) = 3-D HORIZONTAL EDDY VISCOSITY (M**2/S) TIMES DEPTH 216 C
106 AT GRID CENTER 217 C
107 AHMAX = MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE VALUE FOR AH(,) 218 C
108 AH00 = INITIAL VALUE OF HORIZONTAL EDDY VISCOSITY 219 C
109 AREA(,) = FRACTION OF AREA OF GRID THAT IS WATER 220 C
110 AV(,,) = VERTICAL EDDY VISCOSITY (M**2/S) 221 C
111 AV00 = INITIAL VALUE OF VERTICAL EDDY VISCOSITY 222 C
112 BSNANG = ANGLE BASIN GRID MUST BE ROTATED CLOCKWISE TO BE 223 C
113 C
114 CORRECTLY ORIENTED ON EARTH'S SURFACE
115 BSNLAT,BSNLON = NORTH LATITUDE, WEST LONGITUDE OF BASIN GRID POI
116 BX(,),BY(,) = WIDTH FACTOR IN X- Y-DIRECTION
117 CAW1,CAW2 = AIR-WATER INTERFACIAL DRAG COEFFICIENTS
118 CRICH(1)-CRICH(8) = PARAMETERS IN RICHARDSON NUMBER REDUCTION OF
119 DIFFUSION
120 CWB1,CWB2 = WATER-BOTTOM INTERFACIAL DRAG COEFFICIENTS
121 D(,) = MEAN SEA LEVEL DEPTH (M)
122 DENRAT = RATIO OF AIR DENSITY TO WATER DENSITY
123 DFDM,DFDN = CHANGE IN CORIOLIS PARAMETER PER UNIT CHANGE
124 IN GRID INDEX M, N (TIMES .25*DTE)
125 DHAH = RATIO OF DH(N,M) TO AH(N,M)
126 DHMAX = MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE VALUE FOR DH(,)
127 DL = GRID LENGTH (M)
128 DMAX = MAX. DEPTH IN COMPUTATIONAL REGION
129 DPADX,DPADY = ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE GRADIENT (MB/KM)
130 DQ = DIMENSIONLESS VERTICAL GRID INTERVAL
131 DTE = TIMESTEP (S) FOR EXTERNAL MODE
132 DTI = TIMESTEP (S) FOR INTERNAL MODE
133 DTEMAX = MAX. TIMESTEP (S) FOR EXTERNAL MODE
134 DTIMAX = MAX. TIMESTEP (S) FOR INTERNAL MODE. UPDATED
135 EACH TIME NEW TURBULENT VISCOSITY IS COMPUTED.
136 DV(,,) = VERTICAL MASS EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT
137 DV00 = INITIAL VALUE OF EDDY DIFFUSIVITY
138 E = SMALL AMOUNT ADDED TO PREVENT ZERO DIVIDE
139 FA(,),FB(,) = RECURSION ARRAYS USED FOR THE IMPLICIT SCHEME
140 FEDGE(,) = EDGE FUNCTION TO RAMP UP FORCES AT OCEAN BOUNDAR
141 GA(,),GB(,) = ARRAYS USED FOR THE IMPLICIT SCHEME
142 HRCONC = TIME (HRS) WHICH MUST ELAPSE BEFORE S, T
143 ARE UPDATED
144 HR = HOURS ELAPSED IN THIS SEGMENT
145 HR0 = ELAPSED TIME (HRS) FROM PREVIOUS RUNS
146 HR1 = TOTAL ELAPSED TIME (HRS) = CUM HOURS
147 IBETA = INDEX FOR INCLUSION OF NON-LINEAR ADVECTION
148 TERMS: (0 = NO, 1=YES)
149 IBETAH = INDEX FOR NON-LINEAR FINITE-DEPTH TERMS (0=NO,
150 1=YES)
151 IBETAP = INDEX TO INCLUDE HORIZONTAL PRESSURE GRADIENT
152 DUE TO DENSITY STRUCTURE (0=NO, 1=YES)
153 IBOTV = INDEX FOR BOTTOM BC FOR THE INTERNAL-MODE VELL.
154 0 = U IS ZERO AT BOTTOM
155 1 = TAU=1ST-ORDER DU/DZ (DEFAULT WHEN INTER=0)
156 2 = TAU=2ND-ORDER DU/DZ
157 3 : AVDU/DZ = TAU log-layer, mid-level
158 ICOUPL = INDEX TO INCLUDE DENSITY VARIATIONS
159 0 = NO COUPLING
160 1 = VERTICAL VARIATIONS ONLY (AV,DV)
161 2 = VERT AND HORIZ (GRAD, GRX, GSTARX)
162 ICPOS = INDEX TO INSURE ZERO OR POSITIVE CONCENTRATIONS:
163 0 = NO, OTHERWISE = YES
164 ICOL(,),IROW(,) = ARRAYS OF COLUMN AND ROW FLAG NUMBERS
165 ICOR = INDEX FOR CORIOLIS ACCEL (0 OR LESS=NONE,
166 1=CONSTANT F, 2 OR MORE=BETA PLANE APPX.)
167 IEXTRN = INDEX FOR DOING THE EXTERNAL MODE CALCS (0=NO,
168 OTHERWISE YES)
169 IFIELD(,) = INDEX FOR COMPUTATIONAL GRID=IJ
170 I = STATUS:0=LAND,1=HALF FULL,2=FULL,3=WATER
171 LEVEL B.C., 4=RIVER FLOW B.C.
172 J = BARRIER INDEX:0=X & Y FLOW, 1=NO X FLOW,
173 2=NO Y FLOW, 3=NO X, NO Y FLOW.
174 IGPH = NUMBER OF QUANTITIES TO BE GRAPHED
175 IHEAT = INDEX FOR ATMOSPHERIC HEATING:
176 0=NO HEAT FLUX
177 1=HEAT FLUX BUT WITH DAY OF YEAR CONSTANT (=NDAY)
178 2=NORMAL HEATING
179 IHVISC = INTERVAL FOR UPDATING HORIZONTAL TURBULENT
180 VISCOSITY (DTE TIMESTEPS)
181 ILFT = INDEX FOR LEFT-MOST BOUNDARY CONDITION:
182 0 = WATER LEVEL (TIDE OR RADIATION CONDITION)
183 1 = FLOWRATE (RIVER)
184 2 = ZERO FLOWRATE (SOLID WALL)
185 INTER = INDEX FOR COMPUTING INTERNAL MODE VARIABLES
186 (0=NO, OTHERWISE = YES)
187 IO = PRINT OUTPUT CHANNEL NUMBER
188 IRGT = INDEX FOR RIGHT-MOST BOUNDARY CONDITION:
189 0 = WATER LEVEL (TIDE OR RADIATION CONDITION)
190 1 = FLOWRATE (RIVER)
191 2 = ZERO FLOWRATE (SOLID WALL)
192 ISCR = CRT SCREEN OUTPUT CHANNEL NUMBER
193 ISPLIT = NO. OF EXTERNAL TIMESTEPS PER INTERNAL TIMESTEP
194 ITOPV = INDEX FOR TOP B.C. FOR INTERNAL MODE VELOCITY
195 (1;TAU=1ST-ORDER DU/DZ, 2;TAU=2ND-ORDER DU/DZ)
196 ITPO() = DIRECTION OF OUTFLOW: 1=X, -1=-X, 2=Y, -2=-Y
197 JTPO() = TYPE OF OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITION
198 1 : WATER LEVEL SPECIFICATION
199 2 : RADIATION OUTFLOW
200 3 : RADIATION CONDITION, ORLANSKI
201 4 : RADIATION CONDITION, RIEMANN
202 ITPR() = RIVER DIRECTION TYPE: 1=FLOW IN X, 2=FLOW IN Y
203 (-=FLOW IN POSITIVE DIRECTION, -=FLOW IN NEG. DIR)
204 ITYP() = TYPE OF QUANTITY TO BE GRAPHED AT LGPH, MGPH,
205 NGPH:
206 1 : WATER LEVEL
207 2 : UE
208 3 : VE
209 4 : UE + U
210 5 : VE + V
211 6 : W
212 7 : WIND STRESS IN X DIRECTION
213 8 : WIND STRESS IN Y DIRECTION
214 9 : SALINITY
215 10 : TEMPERATURE (CELSIUS)
216 11: AH3/H
217 12: THETA1
218 13: THETA2
219 14: THETA3
220 15: AV
221 16: DV
222 17: RI
223 18: WIND IN X DIRECTION
224 19: WIND IN Y DIRECTION
225 20: UHOLD/H

```

```
225 C      21: VHOLD/H
226 C      IVISC = INTERVAL FOR UPDATING VERTICAL TURBULENT
227 C      VISCOSITY (DTI TIMESTEPS)
228 C      JPRINT() = INDICES FOR PRINTING OUT THE EXTERNAL FIELDS
229 C      JFPR() = RIVERINE CONDITION: 1=FLUME, 2=WATER FALLS
230 C      KONCEN = INDEX FOR UPDATING THE CONCENTRATIONS
231 C      0=NO UPDATE, USE S=SALO, T=TMP0
232 C      1=UPDATE ONLY SALINITY, T=TMP0
233 C      2=UPDATE ONLY TEMP., S=SALO
234 C      3=UPDATE BOTH SALINITY AND TEMP.
235 C      KPRNT1,2 = PRINT INDICES: KPRNT1 : 1 PRINTS NUMBERS,
236 C      2 PRINTS CHARACTERS IN PRINTX. KPRNT2 : 2 SKIPS
237 C      TO TOP OF PAGE IN PRINTX, PRINTI
238 C      L = INDEX FOR VERTICAL LEVELS (1=TOP, LBOT=BOTTOM)
239 C      LAYRS = NUMBER OF LAYERS (LEVELS=LAYRS+1)
240 C      LBOT = NUMBER OF LEVELS, OR LEVEL OF BOTTOM (LBOT=LAYRS+1)
241 C      M = HORIZONTAL GRID NUMBER IN X DIRECTION
242 C      MA = FIRST COMPUTATIONAL GRID IN COLUMN
243 C      MAM = MA - 1, AND NUMBER OF LOWER B.C. GRID
244 C      N = HORIZONTAL GRID NUMBER IN Y DIRECTION
245 C      NA = FIRST COMPUTATIONAL GRID IN ROW
246 C      NAM = MA - 1, AND NUMBER OF LOWER B.C. GRID IN ROW
247 C      NB = LAST COMPUTATIONAL GRID IN ROW
248 C      NEGS = NUMBER OF EVENTS WHERE COMPUTED TOTAL WATER
249 C      DEPTH IN CELLS IS NEGATIVE. WATER DEPTH RESET
250 C      TO 0.10 M.
251 C      NSTE = INDEX FOR THE EXTERNAL TIMESTEP
252 C      NSTET = TOTAL NUMBER OF EXTERNAL TIMESTEPS
253 C      NSTIT = TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERNAL TIMESTEPS
254 C      NSTIMX = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF INTERNAL TIMESTEPS
255 C      NSTEMX = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF EXTERNAL TIMESTEPS PER NSTI
256 C      OMEGA = EARTH'S ROTATION RATE (RAD/SECS)
257 C      PHI(,) = EFFECTIVE BOTTOM DRAG COEFFICIENT
258 C      PT = 3.1415927
259 C      Q = DIMENSIONLESS VERTICAL VARIABLE (0=TOP, -1=BOT)
260 C      RATE(,) = RIVER FLOW RATE (M**3/S)
261 C      RHOW = REFERENCE WATER DENSITY
262 C      RI(,,) = RICHARDSON NUMBER
263 C      RICHNO = RICHARDSON NUMBER
264 C      S(,,) = SALINITY (PPT)
265 C      SALO = DEFAULT SALINITY
266 C      CSE(,), SEP(,), SEPP(,) = INITIAL, UPDATED VALUES OF SEA LEVEL ABOVE MSL
267 C      SOLD(,) = WATER LEVEL AT START OF INTERNAL TIMESTEP
268 C      T(,,) = WATER TEMPERATURE (C)
269 C      TBX(,), TBY(,) = INTERFACIAL WATER-BOTTOM STRESS (M**2/S**2) IN
270 C      X-, Y-DIRECTION
271 C      TSX(,), TSY(,) = WIND STRESS PER UNIT WATER DENSITY (M**2/S**2)
272 C      IN X-, Y-DIRECTION
273 C      THETA1(,) = (INTEGRAL OF (1 + U(,)/UE(,))**2 OVER q) *BX*UE
274 C      THETA2(,) = (INTEGRAL OF (1 + V(,)/VE(,))**2 OVER q) *BY*VE
275 C      THETA3(,) = (INTEGRAL OF (1 + U/UE) * (1+V/VE) OVER q) *UE*VE
276 C      THETA4(,) = (INTEGRAL OF (1+U/UE) *ABS(1+U/UE) OVER q)
277 C      THETA5(,) = (INTEGRAL OF (1+V/VE) *ABS(1+V/VE) OVER q)
278 C      THP0 = DEFAULT WATER TEMPERATURE
279 C      UT = UNIVERSAL TIME COORD (JULIAN TIME)
280 C      UT0 = JULIAN TIME OF START OF VERY FIRST SEGMENT
281 C      UT1 = JULIAN TIME OF START OF THIS SEGMENT
282 C      U(,,) = INTERNAL MODE HORIZONTAL VELOCITY
283 C      (M/S) IN X-DIRECTION
284 C      UE(,)/VE(,) = EXTERNAL MODE VELOCITY (EXCLUDES VARIABLE WIDTH
285 C      FACTOR)
286 C      UH(,)/VH(,) = ORIGINAL, UPDATED HORIZONTAL FLOWRATE (M**2/S)
287 C      IN X-, Y-DIRECTION
288 C      UHOLD(,)/VHOLD(,) = INTEGRATED FLOWRATE OVER INTERNAL-MODE TIMESTEP (M
289 C      V(,,) = INTERNAL MODE HORIZONTAL VELOCITY
290 C      (M/S) IN X-DIRECTION
291 C      VH(,)/VH(,) = ORIGINAL, UPDATED HORIZONTAL FLOWRATE (M**2/S)
292 C      IN Y-DIRECTION
293 C      VONKAR = VON KARMAN'S CONSTANT
294 C      W10 = WIND SPEED AT 10 METERS
295 C      W(,,) = VERTICAL VELOCITY IN Q-COORDINATE (S**-1) TIMES
296 C      THE LOCAL TOTAL DEPTH (M/S)
297 C      WX(,)/WY(,) = WIND SPEEDS IN X-, Y-DIRECTION
298 C      YEAR = PRESENT YEAR AT EACH TIMESTEP
299 C      YEAR0 = YEAR AT START OF FIRST SEGMENT
300 C      YEAR1 = YEAR AT START OF THIS SEGMENT
301 C
302 C      CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
303 C
304 C      PLAN      +-----+ Y(n)      ELEVATION      q(l)
305 C      VIEW      |         |          VIEW          |-----| U1,n,m---+
306 C      |         |         |         |         |         |         |
307 C      |         | Dn,m | Vn,m |         |         | W1,n,m |         |
308 C      |         |-----|-----|         |         |-----|-----| U1+1,n,m+
309 C      |         | X(m) |         |         |         |         |
310 C      AT D: SE, AH,AH3, S, T, AV, AREA, FEDGE,        AT U: V,AH3,S,T
311 C      PHI, TSX, TSY, WX, WY, W, SOLD, RI, IFIELD        AT W: RI, AV, DV
312 C      FX, FY, SEP, SEPP
313 C      AT U: UH, TBX, BX, GSTARX, GRX, UHOLD,
314 C      UE, THETA1, THETA2, THETA3, MFLUX, UHP
315 C      AT V: VH, TBY, BY, GSTARY, GRV, VHOLD,
316 C      VE, THETA2, THETA3, NFLUX, VHP
317 C      AT AHC: THETA3
318 C      CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
319 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
320 C      SET INTERNAL CONSTANTS
321 C      DATA AG/9.81, OMEGA/7.29E-5, VONKAR/ .40, E/1.E-10, PT/3.1415927//,
322 C      1 SOLAR/1353., PA/101400., SB/5.67E-8, EPSLN/.622, RHOM/1000./,
323 C      2 CNATER/4186./, RHOA/1.2/, CPAIR/1004./, ALV/2.6E+06, CDGRWS/0./,
324 C      3 RAD/.0174532927/, NEGS/0/, SALO, TMP0/30., 10./, NDAYMO/
325 C      4 31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31,30,31,30,31, HRCONC, HRCONC2/0.48./,
326 C      5 DTAU1, DTAU2/0.10,1.00/, TTEST/0/, VERS/1.00/, UT00/0.0/
327 C      LOGICAL UNIT NUMBERS
328 C      DATA LUON,LUKE, ISCR/2, 5, 6/, IO, IUGRF, LUMED/10, 11,12/, IUTID,
329 C      1 LUWND, LURIV, LUSAL, LUOCT, LUURV, LUMET/21,22,23,24,25,26,27/
330 C
331 C      INITIATION PHASE
332 C
333 C      A. READ FILES
334 C      CALL READZ
335 C
336 C      B. SET RUN PARAMETERS
337 C      UT=UT1
338 C      CALL YTIMES (YT, UT, YEAR1)
339 C      CALL INITS
340 C      NSTIMX=HRMAX*3600./DTI+0.5
341 C      IHR=MAX1(1.,3600./DTI)
342 C
343 C      C. PRINT INITIAL VALUES
344 C      CALL OUTPUT
345 C
346 C      ITERATION PHASE
347 C
348 C      DO 300 NSTI=1,NSTIMX
349 C      IPRNT1=0
350 C      IF (NSTI.LE.IHR) IPRNT1=1
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351      IF (MOD (NSTI,2*IHR) .EQ.0.AND.NSTI.LT.24*IHR)IPRNT1=1
352      IF (MOD (NSTI,12*IHR) .EQ.0) IPRNT1=1
353      NSTI=NSTET+1
354      DO 150 NSTE=1, ISPLIT
355      NSTET=NSTET+1
356 C      time at end of steps NSTE
357      HR=(FLOAT (NSTI-1)*DTI+FLOAT (NSTE)*DTE)/3600.
358      HRI=HR+HR0
359      CUMDAY=HRI/24.
360      UT=UT1+HR/24.-UT00
361      CALL NYEAR(UT, YEAR, UT00)
362      CALL YTIMES (YT, UT, YEAR)
363      IF (NSTI.EQ.1.AND.NSTE.EQ.1)WRITE (ISCR,110)UT
364 C      FORMAT(/,X,'BEGIN COMPUTATIONS: UT=',F10.4)
365 C      D. GET TOP AND BOTTOM STRESSES
366 C      CALL FORCES
367 C      E. CALCULATE THE EXTERNAL-MODE FLOWRATES AND WATER LEVELS
368 C      IF (IEXTRN.NE.0)CALL EXMODE
369 C      CONTINUE
370 C      F. GET VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL INTERNAL MODE VELOCITIES
371 C      IF (INTER.NE.0)CALL INTRNL
372 C      G. UPDATE CONCENTRATIONS
373 C      IF (KONCEN.NE.0)CALL CONCZ
374 C      H. ANALYZE AND USE RESULTS
375 C      CALL ANALYS
376 C      I. PRINT OUT VALUES
377 C      IF (MOD (NSTI, IHR) .EQ.0)WRITE (ISCR,200)HR, HRI, CUMDAY
378 C      FORMAT (5X, 'HOURS COMPLETED =', F8.1, ' TOTAL HOURS =', F8.1,
379 C      1 5X, 'CUM.DAY =', F7.2)
380 C      CALL OUTPUT
381 C      LOOK FOR ABNORMAL STOP
382 C      IF (ISTOP.EQ.1)GOTO 320
383 C      CONTINUE
384 C      STOP
385 C      END
386 C-----
387 C      SUBROUTINE NYEAR (UT, YEAR, UT00)
388 C      Increase year if Julian days exceed number in year
389 C      IYEAR=YEAR
390 C      IDAYS=365
391 C      IF (MOD (IYEAR, 4) .EQ.0.AND. (.NOT. (MOD (IYEAR, 100) .EQ.0.AND.
392 C      1 MOD (IYEAR, 400) .NE.0))) IDAYS=366
393 C      IF (IYTX (UT) .LE. IDAYS) RETURN
394 C      UT00=UT00+UT-1.
395 C      UT=UT-IDAYS
396 C      YEAR=YEAR+1.
397 C      RETURN
398 C      END
399 C-----
400 C      MECCA FILE : INITS
401 C-----
402 C      SUBROUTINE INITS
403 C      JULY 1965 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
404 C      PURPOSE - TO SET UP INITIAL GRID ARRAYS
405 C      VARIABLES -
406 C      ICS = INDEX FOR READ INITIAL CONDITIONS:0=NO, 1=YES
407 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
408 C      PRINT OUT INITIAL VALUES
409 C      WRITE (ISCR,100)HRMAX,HR0UT,HRCONC
410 C      FORMAT (5X, 'INITS: HRMX=', F6.1, ' HR0UT=', F7.2, ' HRCONC=', F7.1)
411 C      INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
412 C      CALL SETUP
413 C      INITIALIZE DIAGNOSTIC VARIABLES
414 C      IF (KONCEN.GT.0)CALL SETSTP
415 C      IF (ICS.EQ.1)CALL THETAS
416 C      IF (ICS.EQ.1)CALL WVERT
417 C      RETURN
418 C      END
419 C-----
420 C      SUBROUTINE FLAGS
421 C      MAX I=194 K. W. HESS TDL IBM
422 C      PURPOSE - TO PROCESS THE FIELD ARRAY AND SET UP THE ROW AND
423 C      COLUMN IDENTIFIERS.
424 C      VARIABLES -
425 C      ICOL(K,L) = I-LTH SET OF FLAG NUMBERS FOR A GRID COLUMN
426 C      K=1 : COLUMN NUMBER, N
427 C      K=2 : FIRST COMPUTATIONAL ROW, MA
428 C      K=3 : LAST COMPUTATIONAL ROW, MB
429 C      K=4 : LOWER END BOUNDARY CONDITION:
430 C      0= WATER LEVEL
431 C      1= FLOWRATE
432 C      2= ZERO FLOW
433 C      K=5 : UPPER END BOUNDARY CONDITION (SEE K=4)
434 C      IFIELD(N,M) = FIELD SPECIFICATION ARRAY = IJ =10*I+J, WHERE
435 C      I=0 : LAND GRID
436 C      1 : HALF LAND, HALF WATER GRID
437 C      2,5,6 : WATER GRID(S)
438 C      JFIELD(N,M) = FIELD SPECIFICATION ARRAY = IJ =10*I+J, WHERE
439 C      I=0 : LAND GRID
440 C      1 : HALF LAND, HALF WATER GRID
441 C      2 : NON-BOUNDARY WATER GRID
442 C      3 : BOUNDARY GRID FOR WATER LEVEL
443 C      4 : BOUNDARY GRID FOR FLOWRATE
444 C      5 : BOUNDARY GRID FOR WATER FALLS
445 C      KOCNBC : OCEANIC BOUNDARY CONDITION GRID (=5)
446 C      KRIVBC : RIVERINE BOUNDARY CONDITION GRID=KOCNBC+1
447 C      J=0 : X-, Y-FLOW
448 C      1 : NO X-FLOW
449 C      2 : NO Y-FLOW
450 C      3 : NO X-, Y-FLOW
451 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
452 C      DIMENSION NUM(NSIZE), JFIELD (NSIZE, MSIZE)
453 C      KRIVBC=KOCNBC+1
454 C      KFALLS=KOCNBC-1
455 C      DO 100 N=1, NMAX
456 C      NUM(N)=N
457 C      DO 100 M=1, NMAX
458 C      JFIELD (N,M)=IFIELD (N,M)
459 C      RESET JFIELD AT BOUNDARIES: 3=WATER LEVEL 4=FLOWRATE 5=WATER FA
460 C      IF (NUMBC.LE.0)GOTO 120
461 C      DO 110 I=1, NUMBC
462 C      DO 110 M=MB1(I), MB2(I)
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477 DO 110 N=NB1(I),NB2(I)
478 JFIELD(N,M)=30-MOD(JFIELD(N,M),10)
479 IF(JTPO(I).EQ.2)JFIELD(N,M)=40+MOD(JFIELD(N,M),10)
480 CONTINUE
481 C RIVERS
482 120 IF(NUMRIV.LE.0)GOTO 140
483 DO 130 I=1,NUMRIV
484 DO 130 M=NR1(I),NR2(I)
485 DO 130 N=NR1(I),NR2(I)
486 IF(JTPR(I).EQ.1)JFIELD(N,M)=40+MOD(JFIELD(N,M),10)
487 IF(JTPR(I).EQ.2)JFIELD(N,M)=20+MOD(JFIELD(N,M),10)
488 CONTINUE
489
490 C FIND THE ICOL PARAMETERS
491 140 DO 150 J=1,NM2SIZ
492 DO 150 I=1,5
493 ICOL(I,J)=0
494 150 IROW(I,J)=0
495 ICOUNT=0
496 NCOL=0
497 DO 190 N=1,NMAX
498 ISTART=0
499 DO 190 M=1,MMAX
500 IC=JFIELD(N,M)/10
501 IF(IC.EQ.0.OR.IC.GE.3)GOTO 190
502 C INSERT GRID LINE SPECS IF THIS GRID STARTS A LINE
503 IF(ISTART.EQ.1)GOTO 170
504 ISTART=1
505 NCOL=NCOL+1
506 C DO A FIX-UP IF NCOL IS TOO LARGE FOR ARRAY
507 IF(NCOL.LE.NM2SIZ)GOTO 160
508 NCOL=NM2SIZ
509 ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
510 160 ICOL(1,NCOL)=N
511 ICOL(2,NCOL)=M
512 C DETERMINE LOWER END BOUNDARY CONDITION
513 ICOL(4,NCOL)=2
514 IF(M.EQ.1)GOTO 170
515 I=JFIELD(N,M-1)/10
516 J=JFIELD(N,M-1)-10*I
517 IF(J.EQ.1.OR.J.EQ.3)GOTO 170
518 IF(I.EQ.3)ICOL(4,NCOL)=0
519 IF(I.EQ.4)ICOL(4,NCOL)=1
520 IF(I.EQ.5)ICOL(4,NCOL)=2
521 C CHECK FOR UPPER END BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
522 170 ICOL(3,NCOL)=M
523 ICOL(5,NCOL)=2
524 IF(M.EQ.MMAX)GOTO 180
525 J=JFIELD(N,M)-10*(JFIELD(N,M)/10)
526 IF(J.EQ.1.OR.J.EQ.3)GOTO 180
527 IP=JFIELD(N,M+1)/10
528 IF(IP.GT.0.AND.IP.LT.3)GOTO 190
529 IF(IP.EQ.3)ICOL(5,NCOL)=0
530 IF(IP.EQ.4)ICOL(5,NCOL)=1
531 IF(IP.EQ.5)ICOL(5,NCOL)=2
532 180 ISTART=0
533 190 CONTINUE
534 C FIND THE IROW PARAMETERS
535 200 JCOUNT=0
536 NROW=0
537 DO 240 M=1,MMAX
538 ISTART=0
539 DO 240 N=1,NMAX
540 IC=JFIELD(N,M)/10
541 IF(IC.EQ.0.OR.IC.GE.3)GOTO 240
542 C BEGIN TO INSERT LINE SPECS
543 IF(ISTART.GT.0)GOTO 220
544 ISTART=1
545 NROW=NROW+1
546 C DO A FIX-UP IF NECESSARY
547 IF(NROW.LE.NM2SIZ)GOTO 210
548 NROW=NM2SIZ
549 JCOUNT=JCOUNT+1
550 210 IROW(1,NROW)=M
551 IROW(2,NROW)=N
552 C DETERMINE LOWER END BOUNDARY CONDITION
553 IROW(4,NROW)=2
554 IF(N.EQ.1)GOTO 220
555 I=JFIELD(N-1,M)/10
556 J=JFIELD(N-1,M)-10*I
557 IF(J.EQ.2.OR.J.EQ.3)GOTO 220
558 IF(I.EQ.3)IROW(4,NROW)=0
559 IF(I.EQ.4)IROW(4,NROW)=1
560 IF(I.EQ.5)IROW(4,NROW)=2
561 C CHECK FOR UPPER END BOUNDARY
562 220 IROW(3,NROW)=N
563 IROW(5,NROW)=2
564 IF(N.EQ.NMAX)GOTO 230
565 J=JFIELD(N,M)-10*(JFIELD(N,M)/10)
566 IF(J.EQ.2.OR.J.EQ.3)GOTO 230
567 IP=JFIELD(N+1,M)/10
568 IF(IP.GT.0.AND.IP.LT.3)GOTO 240
569 IF(IP.EQ.3)IROW(5,NROW)=0
570 IF(IP.EQ.4)IROW(5,NROW)=1
571 IF(IP.EQ.5)IROW(5,NROW)=2
572 230 ISTART=0
573 240 CONTINUE
574 C CHECK THE COUNTS
575 280 IF(ICOUNT.GT.0)WRITE(IO,290)NM2SIZ,ICOUNT
576 290 FORMAT(5X,'*** ERROR IN FLAGS: NUMBER OF ROW STRINGS EXCEEDS ',I4,
577 1 ' BY ',I4)
578 IF(JCOUNT.GT.0)WRITE(IO,295)NM2SIZ,JCOUNT
579 295 FORMAT(5X,'*** ERROR IN FLAGS: NUMBER OF COLUMN STRINGS EXCEEDS ',
580 1 ' BY ',I4)
581 C GET FIRST, LAST COLUMN IN EACH ROW.
582 DO 310 M=1,MMAX
583 NA=NMAX+1
584 NB=1
585 DO 300 N=1,NMAX
586 IF(IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.0)GOTO 300
587 NA=MINO(N,NA)
588 NB=MAXO(N,NB)
589 300 CONTINUE
590 NAB(M)=1000*NA-NB
591 310 CONTINUE
592 C
593 C CREATE NEW IFIELD BY INSERTING RIGHT SIDE AND
594 C BOTTOM SIDE BARRIERS IN WATER CELLS
595 DO 320 M=1,MMAX
596 DO 320 N=1,NMAX
597 IF(IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.0)GOTO 320
598 C IF(IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC)GOTO 320
599 C IF(IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KRIVBC)GOTO 320
600 IX=0
601 IF(M.EQ.MMAX.OR.IFIELD(N,MINO(M+1,MMAX))/10.EQ.0)IX=1
602 IF(MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10).EQ.1.OR.MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10).EQ.3)IX=1
603 IY=0
604 IF(N.EQ.NMAX.OR.IFIELD(MINO(N+1,NMAX),M)/10.EQ.0)IY=2
605 IF(MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10).EQ.2.OR.MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10).EQ.3)IY=2
606 IFIELD(N,M)=10*(IFIELD(N,M)/10)+IX+IY
607 CONTINUE
608 C OCEAN BOUNDARY CELLS
609 IF(NUMOBC.LE.0)GOTO 400
610 DO 390 I=1,NUMOBC
611 IX=0
612 IY=0
613 IF(IABS(ITPO(I)).EQ.1)THEN
614 IY=2
615 IF(ITPO(I).GT.0.AND.IFIELD(N,M+1).LT.9)IX=1
616 ENDFIF
617 IF(IABS(ITPO(I)).EQ.2)THEN
618 IX=1
619 IF(ITPO(I).GT.0.AND.IFIELD(N+1,M).LT.9)IY=2
620 ENDFIF
621 DO 390 M=MB1(I),MB2(I)
622 DO 390 N=NB1(I),NB2(I)
623 390 IFIELD(N,M)=10*KOCNBC+IX+IY
624 C RIVERS
625 400 IF(NUMRIV.LE.0)GOTO 430
626 DO 420 I=1,NUMRIV
627 IF(JTPR(I).NE.2)GOTO 420
628 IX=0
629 IY=0
630 IF(IABS(ITPR(I)).EQ.1)IY=2
631 IF(IABS(ITPR(I)).EQ.2)IX=1
632 DO 410 M=NR1(I),NR2(I)
633 DO 410 N=NR1(I),NR2(I)
634 410 IFIELD(N,M)=10*KRIVBC+IX+IY
635 420 CONTINUE
636 430 CONTINUE
637 C NFLUX(,) = INDEX FOR MASS FLUX IN X-DIRECTION (0=NO, 1=YES)
638 C NPLUX(,) = INDEX FOR MASS FLUX IN Y-DIRECTION (0=NO, 1=YES)
639 C LOOP DOWN THE LINES
640 DO 450 M=1,MMAX
641 MP=MINO(MMAX,M+1)
642 DO 450 N=1,NMAX
643 NP=MINO(NMAX,N+1)
644 I=MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10)
645 IX=1
646 IF(IFIELD(N,M).LT.10.OR.IFIELD(N,MP).LT.10)IX=0
647 IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.3.OR.M.EQ.MMAX)IX=0
648 NPLUX(N,M)=IX
649 IY=1
650 IF(IFIELD(N,M).LT.10.OR.IFIELD(NP,M).LT.10)IY=0
651 IF(I.EQ.2.OR.I.EQ.3.OR.N.EQ.NMAX)IY=0
652 NPLUX(N,M)=IY
653 450 CONTINUE
654 RETURN
655 END
656 C
657 C-----
658 C SUBROUTINE SETUP
659
660
661 C MAY 1984 (REVISED APRIL 88) K. W. HESS
662 C PURPOSE - TO INITIALIZE THE PARAMETERS AFTER ALL INPUT
663 C FILES HAVE BEEN READ IN.
664 C VARIABLES -
665 C DPADX = GRADIENT OF ATMOS. PRESSURE IN X-DIRECTION
666 C (UNITS = MB/KM = (100 N/M**2)/(1000 M)
667 C SO DPADX*(.1/SHOW) HAS MKS UNITS
668 C ICS = INDEX FOR READ IN OF INITIAL CONDITIONS
669 C (0=NO, 1=YES)
670
671 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
672 C CHECK BOTTOM DRAG
673 IF(INTER.EQ.0)IBOTV=1
674 C SET CORIOLIS PARAMETERS
675 COR=0.0
676 IF(ICOR.NE.0)COR=2.*OMEGA*SIN(RAD*BSNLAT)
677 FCOR0=DTE*COR
678 DFDm=0.0
679 DFDN=0.0
680 IF(IABS(ICOR).GE.2)THEN
681 CC=DPE*2.*OMEGA*COS(BSNLAT*RAD)*DL*RAD/60./1852.
682 DFDm=CC*COS(BSNANG*RAD)
683 DFDN=CC*SIN(BSNANG*RAD)
684 END IF
685 C SET DENSITY COUPLING
686 ICOUPL=MINO(MAXO(0,ICOUPL),2)
687 C COMPUTE VERTICAL GRID PARAMETERS
688 DQ=1./FLOAT(LAYERS)
689 HALFDQ=.5*DQ
690 TWODQ=2.*DQ
691 LBOT=LAYS+1
692 C GET IFIELD
693 CALL FLAGS ! newest version
694 C INITIALIZE VISCOSITIES AND GET MAX, MIN CELL DEPTHS
695 DMAX=0.0
696 DMIN=1.E+10
697 DO 130 M=1,MMAX
698 DO 130 N=1,NMAX
699 IF(IFIELD(N,M).LT.10)GOTO 130
700 DMAX=AMAXI(DMAX,D(N,M))
701 DMIN=AMINI(DMIN,D(N,M))
702 IF(ICS.EQ.1)GOTO 130
703 AH(N,M)=D(N,M)*AH00
704 AHC(N,M)=D(N,M)*AH00
705 DO 120 L=1,LBOT
706 AH3(L,N,M)=AH(N,M)
707 S(L,N,M)=SALO
708 T(L,N,M)=TMP0
709 IF(L.LT.LBOT)DV(L,N,M)=DV00
710 IF(L.LT.LBOT)AV(L,N,M)=AV00
711 130 CONTINUE
712
713 C GET VERTICAL INTEGRATION COEFFICIENT FOR LEVELS (NOT LAYERS)
714 148 DO 160 L=1,LBOT
715 CI(L)=1.0/FLOAT(LBOT-1)
716 IF(L.EQ.1.OR.L.EQ.LBOT)CI(L)=0.5/FLOAT(LBOT-1)
717 160 CONTINUE
718 C EDGE FUNCTION
719 DO 250 M=1,MMAX
720 DO 250 N=1,NMAX
721 FEDGE(N,M)=1.0
722 II=IFIELD(N,M)/10
723 IF(II.EQ.KOCNBC)FEDGE(N,M)=0.0
724 IF(M.EQ.1.OR.N.EQ.NMAX)GOTO 250
725 IF(N.EQ.1.OR.N.EQ.NMAX)GOTO 250
726 IF(II.EQ.KOCNBC)GOTO 250
727 IF(IFIELD(N,M+1)/10.EQ.KOCNBC.OR.IFIELD(N,M-1)/10.EQ.KOCNBC.
728 1 OR.IFIELD(N+1,M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC.OR.IFIELD(N-1,M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC)

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729 2 FEDGE(N,M)=0.5
730 250 CONTINUE
731 RETURN
732 END
733 C-----
734 C MECCA FILE : MPRINT
735 C-----
736 C
737 C SUBROUTINE OUTPUT
738 C APRIL 1988 HESS MEAD VAX
739 C PURPOSE - TO PRINT OUT VARIABLES AT START, OTHER SELECTED TIMES
740 C AND END
741 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
742 C
743 C INITIAL PRINTOUTS
744 C IF (NSTI.EQ.0) CALL PRNCON(1)
745 C IF (NSTI.EQ.0) CALL PRNRCG(1)
746 C SAVE INTERMEDIATE RESULTS EACH HRSAVE HOURS
747 C IF (NSTI.GT.0.AND.MOD(NSTI,IHR*IFIX(HRSAVE)).EQ.0) CALL MEDSAV
748 C STORE VALUES FOR GRAPHING
749 C CALL PGRAPH
750 C CALL PRINTX
751 C END OF RUN
752 C IF (ISTOP.EQ.1) GOTO 120
753 C IF (NSTI.LT.NSTIMX) GOTO 700
754 C WRITE HOURS TO CONSOLE
755 C 120 NRS=NN-IFX(HRO)
756 C CALL PRNCON(0)
757 C WRITE(IO,525)
758 C
759 C 525 FORMAT(/,IX,'VII. RUN COMPLETION',55('-',/))
760 C WRITE(IO,520)NEGS
761 C 520 FORMAT(5X,'NO. OF TIMES A WATER TOTAL DEPTH WENT NEGATIVE=',I4)
762 C WRITE(IO,530)FPRIN,FMED
763 C WRITE(ISCR,530)FPRIN,FMED
764 C 530 FORMAT(5X,'PRINT OUTPUT IS IN FILE : ',A40,/
765 C 1 5X,'VELOCITY DATA IS IN FILE : ',A40)
766 C IF (IGPH.GT.1) WRITE(ISCR,540)FGRAPH
767 C IF (IGPH.GT.1) WRITE(IO,540)FGRAPH
768 C 540 FORMAT(5X,'GRAPHING OUTPUT IS IN : ',A40)
769 C 620 WRITE(ISCR,630)
770 C 630 FORMAT(1X,'RUN COMPLETE')
771 C IF (IO.NE.ISCR) WRITE(IO,640)
772 C 640 FORMAT(1X,'RUN COMPLETE',/,IX,74('-',))
773 C WRITE(IO,*)'ISTOP=',ISTOP
774 C WRITE(ISCR,*)'ISTOP=',ISTOP
775 C 700 CONTINUE
776 C RETURN
777 C
778 C
779 C-----
780 C
781 C SUBROUTINE MEDSAV
782 C PURPOSE - TO SAVE RESULTS TO AN INTERMEDIATE FILE
783 C
784 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
785 C NOTIFY PRINT FILE
786 C WRITE(IO,110)NSTI,UT
787 C 110 FORMAT(/,IX,'MEDSAV: NSTI=',IS,' UT=',F10.4)
788 C OPEN FILES
789 C CALL FUOPEN(LUMED,FMED)
790 C WRITE TO DATA FILE
791 C K=10+KONCEN
792 C WRITE(LUMED)NMAX,MMAX,LBOT,NSTET,UT,YEAR,K
793 C WRITE(LUMED)SE,UE,VE,SOLD,UHOLD,VHOLD,AH,AV,PHI,TBX,TBY,
794 C 1 U,V,W,THETA1,THETA2,THETA3
795 C WRITE(LUMED)AH3,WX,WZ,TSX,TSY
796 C IF (KONCEN.GT.0) WRITE(LUMED)S,T,DV,RI,NSTINF
797 C CLOSE FILES
798 C CLOSE(LUMED)
799 C 120 RETURN
800 C END
801 C
802 C-----
803 C
804 C SUBROUTINE PRINTA
805 C 1986 MEAD K.HESS VAX
806 C PURPOSE - TO CALL THE VARIOUS OCCASIONAL PRINTING SUBROUTINES
807 C VARIABLES
808 C HROUTO = HOUR OF FIRST P/O
809 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
810 C NOUTO=AMAX1(1.,HROUTO*3600.01/DTI)
811 C NOUTI=AMAX1(1.,HROUT*3600.01/DTI)
812 C IF (HRI.LT.HROUTO) GOTO 120
813 C 120 (NSTI.EQ.NSTIMX.OR.MOD(NSTI-NOUTO,NOUTI).EQ.0.OR.
814 C IF (.NOT.(NSTI.EQ.NSTIMX.OR.MOD(NSTI,NOUTI).EQ.0.OR.
815 C 1 NSTI.EQ.0.OR.ISTOP.EQ.1)) GOTO 110
816 C write(6,*)'PRINTA: NOUTO,NOUTI=',nout0,nout1
817 C IF (NSTI.EQ.0) WRITE(IO,100)
818 C 100 FORMAT(/,IX,'IV. INITIAL FIELDS',55('-',))
819 C PRINT (B) TOP VIEW OF EXTERNAL MODE
820 C CALL PRINTX
821 C PRINT (C) ALONG A SLICE
822 C CALL PSLICE
823 C PRINT (D) AT ALL LEVELS AT ONE CELL
824 C CALL PRINTI
825 C 110 CONTINUE
826 C 120 CONTINUE
827 C IF (NSTI.EQ.0) WRITE(IO,130)
828 C 130 FORMAT(/,IX,'V. RUN-TIME OUTPUT',55('-',))
829 C RETURN
830 C END
831 C
832 C-----
833 C
834 C SUBROUTINE PRINTI
835 C MAY 1984 K. W. HESS
836 C PURPOSE - TO PRINT OUT THE INTERNAL-MODE VARIABLES.
837 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
838 C DIMENSION RJ(7),FPX(LSIZE),FPY(LSIZE),WT(LSIZE),TRAD(LSIZE)
839 C CHECK FOR PRINT
840 C IF (NPRMN.LE.0) GOTO 450
841 C WRITE(IO,100)UT
842 C 100 FORMAT(/,IX,'D. INTERNAL MODE VARIABLES AT ALL LEVELS IN A CELL',
843 C 1 ' AT UT=',F9.4)
844 C WFACT=10.**NINT(ALOG10(DL/DMAX/DQ))
845 C GET ROW OR COLUMN INDICES
846 C DO 440 I=1,NPRMN
847 C M=IPRNM(I)/1000
848 C N=IPRNM(I)-1000*M
849 C MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
850 C NP=MING(M+1,MMAX)
851 C CHECK FOR CELL INSIDE WATER FIELD
852 C IF (N.GE.1.AND.M.GE.1.AND.N.LE.NMAX.AND.M.LE.MMAX) GOTO 120
853 C WRITE(IO,110)N,M
854 C 110 FORMAT(3X,'ERROR: CELL N=',I2,' M=',I2,' IS OUTSIDE GRIDMESH')

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855 GOTO 440
856 120 IF (IFIELD(N,M).GE.10) GOTO 140
857 WRITE(IO,130)N,M
858 130 FORMAT(3X,'ERROR: CELL N=',I3,' M=',I3,' IS NOT WATER')
859 GOTO 440
860 140 CONTINUE
861 WRITE(IO,150)N,M,UT,NSTI,WFACT
862 150 FORMAT(/,X,'N=',I3,' M=',I3,' UT=',F10.4,' NSTI=',I6,
863 C 1 7X,'F=',E10.4,/,IX,
864 C 1 'L=',E6,'UTM',7X,'UTp',7X,'VTm',7X,'VTp',7X,'WxF',7X,
865 C 2 'S',7X,'T')
866 C IF (M.LE.0.OR.N.LE.0) GOTO 440
867 C VELOCITIES
868 C DHDT1=(SE(N,M)-SOLD(N,M))/DTI
869 C DO 160 L=1,LBOT
870 C RJ(1)=UE(N,M-1)+U(L,N,M-1)
871 C RJ(2)=UE(N,M)+U(L,N,M)
872 C RJ(3)=VE(N-1,M)+V(L,N-1,M)
873 C RJ(4)=VE(N,M)+V(L,N,M)
874 C Q=FLOAT(1-L)*DQ
875 C WT(L)=W(L,N,M)+(1.+Q)*DHDT1
876 C RJ(5)=W(L,N,M)*WFACT
877 C RJ(6)=L(L,N,M)
878 C RJ(7)=T(L,N,M)
879 C WRITE(IO,155)L,(RJ(K),K=1,7)
880 C 155 FORMAT(2X,I2,7F10.3,F10.4)
881 C 160 CONTINUE
882 C INTERNAL HEATING
883 C FS=0.0
884 C FQ=0.0
885 C IF (NSTI.GT.ISPLIT.AND.IHEAT.GT.0.AND.KONCEN.GE.2)
886 C 1 CALL HEATZ(N,M,TRAD,FTSURF)
887 C WRITE(IO,170)
888 C 170 FORMAT(1X,'L',4X,'10+4 Av',2X,'10+4 Dv',5X,'R1',7X,
889 C 1 'TRAD',6X,'AH3',6X,'Rho',5X,'10+6 Tau')
890 C DIFFUSIVITY, DENSITY, STRESS
891 C DZ=2.*DQ*(D(N,M)+SE(N,M))
892 C DO 195 L=1,LAYRS
893 C RJ(1)=AV(L,N,M)*10000.
894 C RJ(2)=DV(L,N,M)*10000.
895 C RJ(3)=RI(L,N,M)
896 C TRAD(L)=0
897 C TW=T(L,N,M)
898 C RJ(4)=TRAD(L)
899 C RJ(5)=AH3(L,N,M)/(D(N,M)+SE(N,M))
900 C RJ(6)=RHOW+1000.*FRHO(S(L,N,M),T(L,N,M))
901 C RJ(7)=1.-F+AV(L,N,M)*U(L,N,M)+U(L+1,N,M)+U(L,N,M-1)
902 C 1-U(L-1,N,M-1)+V(L,N,M)+V(L-1,N,M)+V(L,N-1,M)-V(L+1,N-1,M)/DZ
903 C WRITE(IO,180)L,(RJ(K),K=1,7)
904 C 180 FORMAT(2X,I2,5F10.3,3X,F10.4)
905 C 195 FORMAT(2X,I2,7F10.3)
906 C 195 CONTINUE
907 C
908 C TWO-DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES
909 C MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
910 C NP=MING(M+1,MMAX)
911 C H1=0.5*(D(N,M)+SE(N,M)+D(N,MP)+SE(N,MP)+E)
912 C H2=0.5*(D(N,M)+SE(N,M)+D(NP,M)+SE(NP,M)+E)
913 C PRINT OTHER VARIABLES, LIKE DEPTH AND BOTTOM STRESSES
914 C FKH=AH(N,M)/(D(N,M)+SE(N,M))
915 C UO=UHOLD(N,M)/H1
916 C VO=VHOLD(N,M)/H2
917 C UBOT=U(LBOT,N,M)
918 C VBOT=V(LBOT,N,M)
919 C LMID=MAX0(1,LBOT/2)
920 C PHIX=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(N,M+1))
921 C PHIY=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(N+1,M))
922 C WRITE(IO,250)SE(N,M),UE(N,M),VE(N,M),D(N,M),TBX(N,M),TBY(N,M),
923 C 1 QI,QA,QB,QS,QE,
924 C 2 GSTARX(N,M),GSTARY(N,M),AREA(N,M),BX(N,M),BY(N,M),
925 C 3 PHI(N,M),UO,VO,SOLD(N,M),FAH,
926 C 4 THETA1(N,M),THETA2(N,M),THETA3(N,M),
927 C 5 THETSU(N,M),THETSV(N,M),EDGE(N,M),
928 C 6 UBOT,VBOT,LMID,W(LMID,N,M),TSX(N,M),TSY(N,M),
929 C 7 DPADX,DPADY,SE(N,MP),SE(NP,M),AHC(N,M),PHIX,PHIY
930 C 250 FORMAT(3X,'SE=',F8.5,' UE,VE=',2F8.5,
931 C 1 ' D=',F7.2,' TBX,Y=',2E11.4,/,3X,' QI=',E9.3,
932 C 2 ' QI,QB,QS,QE=',E9.3,/,3X,' QI,QB,QS,QE=',E9.3,
933 C 3 ' GSTARX,Y=',2E11.4,' AREA=',F5.3,
934 C 4 ' BX=',F5.3,' BY=',F5.3,/,3X,' PHI=',F7.5,
935 C 5 ' UHOLD/D=',F7.3,' VHOLD/D=',F7.3,' SOLD=',F6.3,' AH/D=',F9.3,
936 C 6 ' U,V',F7.2,/,3X,' THETA1,2,3=',3F7.3,' THETSU,V=',2E10.3,' EDG=',F3.1,/,
937 C 7 3X,' U,VBOT=',2E11.4,' W(I,2)',F10.4,' TSX,Y=',2E9.2,
938 C 8 ' DPADX,DPADY=',2E9.2,' Semp,Sempn=',F7.4,F8.4,' AHC=',F9.3,
939 C 9 ' X,Y',F10.4,' PHIX,Y=',2F10.7)
940 C 440 CONTINUE
941 C 450 RETURN
942 C END
943 C-----
944 C
945 C SUBROUTINE PRINTX
946 C MAY 1984 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX11/750
947 C PURPOSE - TO PRINT OUT THE TOP VIEWS OF EXTERNAL VARIABLES
948 C VARIABLES -
949 C I = VARIABLE INDEX
950 C 1 = WATER LEVEL
951 C 2 = U MEAN VELOCITY
952 C 3 = V MEAN VELOCITY
953 C 4 = TOTAL SURFACE X VELOCITY
954 C 5 = TOTAL SURFACE Y VELOCITY
955 C 6 = SURFACE SALINITY
956 C 7 = BOTTOM SALINITY
957 C 8 = SURFACE TEMPERATURES (C)
958 C 9 = BOTTOM TEMPERATURES (C)
959 C 10 = HORIZONTAL VISCOSITY
960 C 11 = VERTICAL VISCOSITY
961 C 12 = WX
962 C 13 = WY
963 C 14 = WZ
964 C JPRNT() = PRINT INDEX: IF=1, PRINT
965 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
966 C DIMENSION NUM(NSIZE),NO(NSIZE),JFIELD(NSIZE)
967 C CHARACTER*1 ANUM(3*NSIZE)
968 C CHARACTER*43 QTITLE(13)
969 C DATA QTITLE/
970 C 1 'WATER LEVELS (CM) ',
971 C 2 'X-DIR VERTICALLY-AVERAGED VELOCITIES (CM/S) ',
972 C 3 'Y-DIR VERTICALLY-AVERAGED VELOCITIES (CM/S) ',
973 C 4 'X-DIR TOTAL SURFACE VELOCITIES (CM/S) ',
974 C 5 'Y-DIR TOTAL SURFACE VELOCITIES (CM/S) ',
975 C 6 'SURFACE SALINITIES (PPT) ',
976 C 7 'BOTTOM SALINITIES (PPT) ',
977 C 8 'SURFACE TEMPERATURES (DEG. C) ',
978 C 9 'BOTTOM TEMPERATURES (DEG. C) ',
979 C 10 'HORIZONTAL VISCOSITY (M**2/S) ',
980 C 11 'VERTICAL VISCOSITY x 100 (M**2/S ) '

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981      5 'WX (M/S)
982      5 'WY (M/S)
983      DIMENSION LEV(13),ISEL(13),FAC(13)
984      DATA LEV/1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1/
985      DATA FAC/100.,100.,100.,100.,100.,100.,1,1,1,1,1,1,100.,1,1,1/
986      DATA ISEL/1,2,3,4,5,9,9,10,10,11,15,18,19/
987      LEV(7)=LBOT-1
988      LEV(9)=LBOT-1
989      LEV(11)=LBOT/2
990      NMAX=3*NMAX
991      DO 100 N=1,NMAX
992      NO(N)=N
993 C      LOOP THRU THE VARIABLES
994      ICALL=0
995      DO 250 I=1,13
996      IF (JPRNT(I).NE.1)GOTO 250
997 C      PRINT PAGE FORM
998      IF (KPRNT2.NE.2)WRITE (IO,110)
999      110 FORMAT (1X)
1000     IF (KPRNT2.EQ.2) WRITE (IO,120)
1001     120 FORMAT (1H1)
1002 C      WRITE DESCRIPTOR LINE
1003     ICALL=ICALL+1
1004     IF (ICALL.EQ.1)WRITE (IO,125)
1005     125 FORMAT (/,1X,'B. TOP VIEW OF SELECTED VARIABLE FIELDS')
1006 C      WRITE (IO,130)OTITLE(I),UT,NSTI,HR,HRI,CUMDAY
1007     130 FORMAT (2X,A43,/,1X,'UT=',F10.4,' NSTI=',I5,' HR=',F8.2,' CUM.HR='
1008     RELDAYS=HR/24
1009     WRITE (IO,130)OTITLE(I),YEAR,UT,RELDAY,CUMDAY,NSTI
1010     130 FORMAT (2X,A43,/,1X,'YR=',F5.0,' UT=',F10.4,
1011     1 ' REL.DAYS=',F8.2,' CUM.DAYS=',F8.2,' NSTI=',I5)
1012     NPL=25 ! number per line
1013     KMAX=1+(NMAX-1)/NPL
1014     DO 220 K=1,KMAX
1015     N1=NPL*(K-1)
1016     N2=MINO(NMAX,N1+NPL-1)
1017     WRITE (IO,134) (NO(N),N=N1,N2)
1018     134 FORMAT (4X,40I3,3(/,5X,40I3))
1019 C      LOOP THRU ARRAY AND GET VALUE
1020     DO 180 M=1,MMAX
1021     DO 160 I=1,NMAX
1022     136 NUM(N)=0
1023     DO 140 N=N1,N2
1024     JFIELD(N)=IFIELD(N,M)
1025     140 NUM(N)=NINT (FAC(I)*SELECT (ISEL(I),LEV(I),N,M))
1026 C      OPTION 1: PRINT OUT VECTOR AS STRAIGHT NUMBERS
1027     IF (KPRNT1.EQ.2)GOTO 160
1028     WRITE (IO,150)M, (NUM(N),N=N1,N2)
1029     150 FORMAT (1X,13,40I5,3(/,4X,40I5))
1030     GOTO 180
1031 C      OPTION 2: PRINT OUT VECTORS AS CHARACTERS, WITH "." FOR LAND
1032     160 CALL PRNCHR(3,NUM,JFIELD,ANUM,NMAX)
1033     N1=3*(N1-1)
1034     N2=MINO(3*NMAX,N1A-1+3*NPL)
1035     WRITE (IO,170)M, (ANUM(N),N=N1A,N2A)
1036     170 FORMAT (1X,13,140A1,3(/,5X,140A1))
1037     180 CONTINUE
1038     220 CONTINUE
1039     250 CONTINUE
1040     RETURN
1041     END
1042 C
1043 C-----
1044 C
1045     SUBROUTINE PRNCHR (MAXDIG,NUM,JFIELD,ANUM,KMAX)
1046 C      OCTOBER 1964 K. W. HESS MEAD VAK11/750
1047 C      PURPOSE - TO CONVERT NUMERIC VALUES TO CHARACTER VALUES.
1048 C      IT'S ASSUMED THAT THE OUTPUT NUMBER IS AT MOST
1049 C      3 (=MAXDIG) DIGITS LONG.
1050     INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1051     DIMENSION NUM (NPM5I2),IMAX(4),JFIELD (NPM5I2)
1052     CHARACTER*1 ANUM (3*NPM5I2)
1053     CHARACTER*1 DIGIT(10),CHAR(5)
1054     DATA DIGIT/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/
1055     DATA CHAR/' ','0','-','*','.'/
1056     DATA IMAX/9,99,999,9999/
1057 C      LOOP THRU THE NUMBERS
1058     DO 200 N=1,KMAX
1059     NO=NUM(N)
1060     IS=1
1061     IF (NO.LT.0)IS=-1
1062     NO=NO*IS
1063     IF (JFIELD(N).GT.9)GOTO 110
1064 C      LAND GRD SQUARES
1065     DO 100 I=1,MAXDIG
1066     II=I+MAXDIG*(N-1)
1067     ANUM (II)=CHAR(1)
1068     IF (I.EQ.MAXDIG)ANUM (II)=CHAR(5)
1069     100 CONTINUE
1070     GOTO 200
1071 C      NUMBERS TOO LARGE: PRINT ****
1072     110 IF (NO.LE.IMAX (MAXDIG).AND.IS*NO.GT.
1073     1 -IMAX (MAXDIG)/10)GOTO 130
1074     DO 120 I=1,MAXDIG
1075     II=I+MAXDIG*(N-1)
1076     120 ANUM (II)=CHAR(4)
1077     GOTO 200
1078 C      WATER GRID SQUARES: FIRST INSERT BLANKS
1079     130 DO 140 I=1,MAXDIG
1080     II=I+MAXDIG*(N-1)
1081     140 ANUM (II)=CHAR(1)
1082 C      INSPECT GRIDS FROM LEFT TO RIGHT
1083     DO 150 J=1,MAXDIG
1084     I=MAXDIG+1-J
1085     II=I+MAXDIG*(N-1)
1086     IDIG=(NO-10**(MAXDIG+1-I))*(NO/(10**(MAXDIG+1-I)))
1087     1 /10**(MAXDIG-I)
1088     ANUM (II)=DIGIT (IDIG+1)
1089 C      LEADING BLANKS
1090     IF (NO.GT.10**DTI-1.OR.J.EQ.MAXDIG)GOTO 150
1091     ANUM (II-1)=CHAR(1)
1092 C      SIGN CHARACTER
1093     IF (IS.LT.1)ANUM (II-1)=CHAR(3)
1094     GOTO 200
1095     150 CONTINUE
1096     200 CONTINUE
1097     RETURN
1098     END
1099 C
1100 C-----
1101 C
1102     SUBROUTINE PRNCON (INDEXO)
1103 C
1104 C      PURPOSE - TO PRINT MOST OF THE RUN PARAMETERS IN A COMPACT FOR
1105 C      VARIABLES -
1106 C      INDEXO = PARAMETER TO SPECIFY PRINTOUT OF SECONDARY

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1233 C      INDEX = PARAMETER TO SPECIFY PRINTOUT OF SECONDARY
1234 C      VARIABLES LIKE DEPTHS (0=NO, 1=YES). USUALLY
1235 C      INDEX=1 AT START OF RUN, 0 LATER.
1236
1237 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1238 DIMENSION TITLX(3),DAVG(NPMSIZ),NUMM(NPMSIZ),
1239 1 NUMM(NPMSIZ),NMBRN(MSIZE),NMBRN(NSIZE),ICELL(5),JFIELD(NSIZE)
1240 CHARACTER*10 TITLX
1241 CHARACTER*2 TITLY(3)
1242 CHARACTER*4 ANUM(3*NSIZE)
1243 DATA TITLY,'D',' ',' ' /
1244 DATA TITLX/'AREA*100.','BX*100.','BY*100.' /
1245 DATA ICELL/5*0/
1246 C      PRINT INPUT DATA
1247 IF (INDEX.NE.1) RETURN
1248 WRITE (IO,100)
1249 100 FORMAT (//,IX,'I. TIME-VARIABLE INPUT',55(1H-),/IX,
1250 1 'A. REFERENCE DATE ')
1251 C      ENVIRONMENTAL DATA
1252 110 WRITE (IO,120) IYEAR,MONTH,IDAY,IHOUR,IMIN,UTO
1253 120 FORMAT (IX,'STARTING DATE: IYEAR=',I4,' MONTH=',I2,' IDAY=',I2,
1254 1 ' IHOUR=',I4,' IMIN=',I3,' UTCU=',F10.4)
1255 C      PRINT WATER LEVEL DATA (TIDES)
1256 150 WRITE (IO,150) NSIGT
1257 150 FORMAT (/IX,'B. OCEAN WATER LEVEL DATA: NSIGT=',I2)
1258 IF (NSIGT.GT.0) THEN
1259 DO I=1,2
1260 WRITE (IO,180) I,YTID(I),DTID(I), (TDLEV(I,N),N=1,NSIGT)
1261 180 FORMAT (5X,'RECORD=',I2,F8.1,F10.4,20F10.2)
1262 ENDDO
1263 C      PRINT WINDS AND AIR TEMPERATURE
1264 WRITE (IO,170) NSIGW
1265 170 FORMAT (/IX,'C. WIND DATA: NSIGW=',I2)
1266 C      PRINT RIVER FLOW
1267 WRITE (IO,190) NSIGR
1268 190 FORMAT (/IX,'D. RIVER FLOW RATE DATA: NSIGR=',I2)
1269 IF (NSIGR.GT.0) THEN
1270 DO I=1,2
1271 WRITE (IO,180) I,YRIV(I),DRIV(I), (QRIV(I,N),N=1,NSIGR)
1272 ENDDO
1273 C      PRINT OCEAN BOUNDARY SALINITY
1274 210 WRITE (IO,210) NSIGS
1275 210 FORMAT (/IX,'E. OCEANIC BOUNDARY SALINITY: NSIGS=',I2)
1276 IF (NSIGS.GT.0) THEN
1277 DO I=1,2
1278 WRITE (IO,180) I,YSAL(I),DSAL(I), (SALOCN(I,N),N=1,NSIGS)
1279 ENDDO
1280 C      PRINT OCEAN BOUNDARY TEMPERATURE
1281 230 WRITE (IO,230) NSIGTO
1282 230 FORMAT (/IX,'F. OCEANIC BOUNDARY TEMPERATURE: NSIGTO=',I2)
1283 IF (NSIGTO.GT.0) THEN
1284 DO I=1,2
1285 WRITE (IO,180) I,YOTP(I),DOTP(I), (TMOPCN(I,N),N=1,NSIGTO)
1286 ENDDO
1287 C      PRINT RIVER BOUNDARY TEMPERATURE
1288 250 WRITE (IO,250) NSIGRT
1289 250 FORMAT (/IX,'G. RIVER BOUNDARY TEMPERATURE: NSIGRT=',I2)
1290 IF (NSIGRT.GT.0) THEN
1291 DO I=1,2
1292 WRITE (IO,180) I,YRVT(I),DRVT(I), (TRIV(I,N),N=1,NSIGRT)
1293 ENDDO
1294 C      PRINT ADDITIONAL MET DATA
1295 260 WRITE (IO,260) NSIGM
1296 260 FORMAT (/IX,'H. ADDITIONAL MET DATA: NSIGM=',I2)
1297 IF (NSIGM.GT.0) THEN
1298 DO I=1,2
1299 WRITE (IO,180) I,YMET(I),DMET(I), (VMET(I,N),N=1,NSIGM)
1300 ENDDO
1301 C      BOUNDARY LOCATIONS
1302 410 IF (NUMOBC+NUMRIV.GT.0) WRITE (IO,410)
1303 410 FORMAT (/IX,'BOUNDARY SPECIFICATIONS IN GEO FILE')
1304 IF (NUMOBC.GT.0) THEN
1305 DO 420 N=1,NUMOBC
1306 420 WRITE (IO,430) N,MB1(N),MB2(N),NB1(N),NB2(N),ITPO(N),JTPO(N),
1307 1 ISET1(N),ISET2(N)
1308 430 FORMAT (IX,'OCEAN BND. ',I2,' MB1,2=',2I4,' NB1,2=',2I4,
1309 1 ' ITPO=',I2,' JTPO=',I2,' ISET1,2=',2I4)
1310 ENDDO
1311 IF (NUMRIV.GT.0) THEN
1312 DO 440 N=1,NUMRIV
1313 440 WRITE (IO,450) N,MR1(N),MR2(N),NR1(N),NR2(N),ITPR(N),JTPR(N),
1314 1 ISETR(N)
1315 450 FORMAT (IX,'RIVER BND. ',I2,' MR1,2=',2I4,' NR1,2=',2I4,
1316 1 ' ITPR=',I2,' JTPR=',I2,' ISETR=',I2)
1317 ENDDO
1318 C      CATEGORIES OF IFIELD VARIABLES
1319 480 DO 490 N=1,NMAX
1320 490 NMBRN(N)=N
1321 DO 492 M=1,MMAX
1322 492 NMBRM(M)=M
1323 DO 495 N=1,NMAX
1324 IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10) ICELL(1)=ICELL(1)+1
1325 IF (IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.1) ICELL(2)=ICELL(2)+1
1326 IF (IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.2) ICELL(3)=ICELL(3)+1
1327 IF (IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KOENBC) ICELL(4)=ICELL(4)+1
1328 IF (IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KOENBC+1) ICELL(5)=ICELL(5)+1
1329 495 CONTINUE
1330 ISUM=0
1331 DO 496 I=1,5
1332 ISUM=ISUM+ICELL(I)
1333 496 JSUM=NMAX*MMAX
1334 C      PRINT IFIELD
1335 KPI=KOCNBC+1
1336 WRITE (IO,500) KOCNBC,KPI,BSNANG,BSNLAT,BSNLON,DL,MCOR,MCOR
1337 500 FORMAT (//,IX,'III. GEOGRAPHY DATA',60(1H-),//,
1338 1 IX,'A. IFIELD CELL CODES: ',/4X,
1339 2 ' LAND=0 TRIANGULAR=10 WATER=20 OCEAN BND=',I1,'0 RIVER BND=',
1340 3 I1,'0',/IX,' WATER & NO X-FLOW=21',
1341 4 4X,' WATER & NO Y-FLOW=22 WATER & NO X- OR Y-FLOW=23',/4X,
1342 5 IX,' BSNANG=',F8.3,' BSNLAT=',F8.3,' BSNLON=',F8.3,' DL=',
1343 6 F9.2,' MCOR=',I2,' NCOR=',I2)
1344 WRITE (IO,510) (ICELL(J),J=1,5),ISUM,JSUM
1345 510 FORMAT (/IX,'CELL COUNTS: LAND=',I6,'/2X,'WATER:TRIANGULAR=',I6,'/
1346 1 6X,'WATER:SQUARE=',I6,'/9X,'OCEAN BND=',I6,'/9X,'RIVER BND=',I6,
1347 2 '/10X,'CELL SUM=',I6,' VS. NMAX*MMAX=',I6)
1348 C      PRINT DEPTHS
1349 530 NPERL=24
1350 KMAX=1+(NMAX-1)/NPERL
1351 WRITE (IO,531)
1352 531 FORMAT (/IX,'C. DEPTHS (M) AT MSL')
1353 DO 563 K=1,KMAX
1354 N1=1+(K-1)*NPERL
1355 N2=MINO(NMAX,N1+NPERL-1)
1356 WRITE (IO,532) (NMBRN(N),N=N1,N2)
1357 532 FORMAT (2X,' M N=',I2,30I3)
1358 DO 550 M=1,MMAX
1359 NUMM(M)=1
1360 540 IF (IFIELD(N,M).GT.0) NUMM(N)=D(N,M)
1361 WRITE (IO,560) M, (NUMM(N),N=N1,N2)
1362 560 FORMAT (1X,I3,2X,30I3)
1363 CONTINUE
1364 563 CONTINUE
1365 C      COMPUTE AVERAGE DEPTHS
1366 DO 570 M=1,MMAX
1367 NUMM(M)=M
1368 NN=0
1369 SUM=0
1370 DO 565 N=1,NMAX
1371 IF (D(N,M).LT.E) GOTO 565
1372 NN=NN+1
1373 SUM=SUM+D(N,M)
1374 565 CONTINUE
1375 DAVG(M)=SUM/(E+FLOAT(NN))
1376 WRITE (IO,580)
1377 580 FORMAT (/IX,'MEAN OF NON-ZERO DEPTHS')
1378 NPL=5
1379 KMAX=1+(MMAX-1)/NPL
1380 DO 600 K=1,KMAX
1381 M1=1+(K-1)*NPL
1382 M2=MINO(MMAX,M1+NPL-1)
1383 595 WRITE (IO,591) (NUMM(M),DAVG(M),M=M1,M2)
1384 591 FORMAT (1X,4(' ','M=',I3,' D=',F8.2,' '))
1385 591 FORMAT (1X,'M,D=',5(I3,F8.2,2X))
1386 CONTINUE
1387 C      VARIABLE WIDTHS
1388 IF (NUMEXY.LE.0) GOTO 660
1389 N3MAX=3*NMAX
1390 DO 650 J=1,3
1391 WRITE (IO,610) TITLY(J),TITLX(J)
1392 610 FORMAT (/IX,A2,' VARIABLE-WIDTH PARAMETERS: ',A10)
1393 NPL=25 ! number per line
1394 KMAX=1+(NMAX-1)/NPL
1395 DO 640 K=1,KMAX
1396 N1=1+NPL*(K-1)
1397 N2=MINO(MMAX,N1+NPL-1)
1398 WRITE (IO,612) (NMBRN(N),N=N1,N2)
1399 612 FORMAT (4X,40I3)
1400 DO 630 M=1,MMAX
1401 DO 620 N=N1,N2
1402 IF (J.EQ.1) F1=AREA(N,M)
1403 IF (J.EQ.2) F2=BX(N,M)
1404 IF (J.EQ.3) F3=BY(N,M)
1405 JFIELD(N)=IFIELD(N,M)
1406 NUMM(N)=F1*100.
1407 CALL FRNCHR(3,NUMM,N,JFIELD,ANUM,NMAX)
1408 N1A=1+3*(N1-1)
1409 N2A=MINO(3*NMAX,N1A-1+3*NPL)
1410 WRITE (IO,635) M, (ANUM(N),N=N1A,N2A)
1411 635 FORMAT (1X,I3,120A1,3(/5X,120A1))
1412 630 CONTINUE ! end mmax
1413 640 CONTINUE ! end k
1414 650 CONTINUE ! end j
1415 C      PRINT FLAGS
1416 DO 670 N=1,NSIZE
1417 NUMM(N)=N
1418 C      WRITE OUT THE TAGS
1419 NX=NMAX(1,NCOL,NROW)
1420 WRITE (IO,675)
1421 675 FORMAT (/IX,'E. ROW/COLUMN FLAGS: ',/4X,'B.C. FOR IL/IR: 0=WATER',
1422 1 ' LEVEL, 1=FLOWRATE, 2=ZERO FLOW',/12X,2('ICOL',14X,'IROW',
1423 2 ,18X),/2X,2(' I',4X,'N MA MB IL IR',4X,' M NA NB IL IR',3X))
1424 2 ,18X),/2X,2(' I',4X,'N MA MB L R',4X,' M NA NB L R',3X))
1425 NM=1+NMX*J/2
1426 DO 680 N=1,NXM
1427 M=N+NXM
1428 680 WRITE (IO,690) N, (ICOL(K,N),K=1,5), (IROW(K,N),K=1,5), M)
1429 1 (ICOL(K,M),K=1,5), (IROW(K,M),K=1,5)
1430 690 FORMAT (1X,2(I3,' ',3I4,2I2,2X,3I4,2I2,2X))
1431 C      PRINT OUT NEW IFIELD (WITH BARRIERS)
1432 NPL=30 ! number per line
1433 KMAX=1+(NMAX-1)/NPL
1434 DO 730 K=1,KMAX
1435 N1=1+NPL*(K-1)
1436 N2=MINO(MMAX,N1+NPL-1)
1437 692 FORMAT (/IX,'F. MODIFIED IFIELD',/IX,' M NA NB ',40I2,
1438 1 3(/10X,40I2))
1439 DO 700 M=1,MMAX
1440 NA=NAB(M)/1000
1441 NB=MOD(NAB(M),1000)
1442 700 WRITE (IO,710) M,NA,NB, (IFIELD(I,M),I=N1,N2)
1443 710 FORMAT (1X,I3,2I4,2X,40I2,3(/14X,40I2))
1444 730 CONTINUE
1445 DO 780 K=1,KMAX
1446 N1=1+NPL*(K-1)
1447 N2=MINO(MMAX,N1+NPL-1)
1448 WRITE (IO,750) (NUMM(I),I=N1,N2)
1449 750 FORMAT (/IX,'MFLUX',/IX,6X,40I2)
1450 DO 760 M=1,MMAX
1451 760 WRITE (IO,770) M, (MFLUX(I,M),I=N1,N2)
1452 770 FORMAT (1X,I3,2X,40I2)
1453 CONTINUE
1454 DO 820 K=1,KMAX
1455 N1=1+NPL*(K-1)
1456 N2=MINO(MMAX,N1+NPL-1)
1457 WRITE (IO,800) (NUMM(I),I=N1,N2)
1458 800 FORMAT (/IX,'NPLUX',/IX,6X,40I2)
1459 DO 810 M=1,MMAX
1460 810 WRITE (IO,770) M, (NPLUX(I,M),I=N1,N2)
1461 820 CONTINUE
1462 RETURN
1463 END
1464 C-----
1465 SUBROUTINE PSLICE
1466 JANUARY 1985 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
1467 PURPOSE - PRINT ALL CONCENTRATIONS OVER DEPTH AT ALL GRID CELLS

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1485 C          ALONG A SLICE OF THE DOMAIN. UP TO
1486 C          5 SLICES ALLOWED, EACH WITH UP TO 10 POINTS.
1487 C
1488 C          VARIABLES
1489 C          ISLICE = NO. OF SLICES
1490 C          ITYPE = TYPE OF VARIABLE
1491 C          JSLICE(I) = NO. OF POINTS IN I-TH SLICE
1492 C          MSLICE(I,J) = J-TH VALUE OF THE M-GRID POINT ON THE I-TH SLICE
1493 C          INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1494 C          DIMENSION NO(NM2SIZ),MO(NM2SIZ),NDAT(LSIZE,NM2SIZ),II(NM2SIZ),
1495 C          1 PSE(NM2SIZ),DP(NM2SIZ),F(LSIZE,NM2SIZ),IITYPE(8)
1496 C          DATA IITYPE/4,5,6,9,10,22,15,16/'UT,VT,W,S,T,AH3,AV,DV
1497 C          CHARACTER*5 ANUM(NM2SIZ),BNUM(NM2SIZ)
1498 C          DO 100 N=1,NM2SIZ
1499 C          II(N)=N
1500 C          ANUM(N)='=====
1501 C          BNUM(N)='-----'
1502 C          LOOP THRU DATA
1503 C          IF (ISLICE.LE.0) RETURN
1504 C          LOOP THRU THE SLICES
1505 C          DO 300 IS=1,ISLICE
1506 C          CONSTRUCT THE SLICE
1507 C          K=0
1508 C          DO 130 J=1,JSLICE(IS)-1
1509 C          NA=NSLICE(J,IS)
1510 C          MA=MSLICE(J,IS)
1511 C          NB=NSLICE(J+1,IS)
1512 C          MB=MSLICE(J+1,IS)
1513 C          GET DIRECTION (INCREASING OR DECREASING)
1514 C          MDIR=ISIGN(1,MB-MA)
1515 C          NDIR=ISIGN(1,NB-NA)
1516 C          IF (NB.EQ.NA) NDIR=0
1517 C          IF (MB.EQ.MA) MDIR=0
1518 C          LINE: save m, n, and depth
1519 C          NN=NA-NDIR
1520 C          MM=MA-MDIR
1521 C          MM=MM+MDIR
1522 C          NN=NN+MDIR
1523 C          IF (K.GT.1.AND.(MM.EQ.MO(K).AND.NN.EQ.NO(K))) GOTO 110
1524 C          K=K+1
1525 C          DP(K)=D(NN,MM)
1526 C          PSE(K)=SE(NN,MM)
1527 C          MO(K)=MM
1528 C          NO(K)=NN
1529 C          IF (MM.EQ.MB.AND.NN.EQ.NB) GOTO 130
1530 C          GOTO 110
1531 C          130 CONTINUE
1532 C          KMAX=K
1533 C          LOOP THRU THE VARIABLES
1534 C          DO 270 IT=1,8
1535 C          LEVS=LBOT
1536 C          IF (IITYPE(IT).EQ.6) LEVS=LAYRS
1537 C          IF (IITYPE(IT).GE.15.AND.IITYPE(IT).LE.17) LEVS=LAYRS
1538 C          FMAX=F
1539 C          DO 140 L=1,LEVS
1540 C          DO 140 K=1,KMAX
1541 C          F(L,K)=SELECT (IITYPE(IT),L,NO(K),MO(K))
1542 C          FMAX=AMAX1 (ABS (F(L,K)),FMAX)
1543 C          scale
1544 C          I1=0
1545 C          IF (FMAX.GT.0) I1=INT (ALOG10 (FMAX)+10.)-13
1546 C          SCL=10.**I1
1547 C          DO 145 L=1,LEVS
1548 C          DO 145 K=1,KMAX
1549 C          NDAT (L,K)=NINT (F(L,K)/SCL)
1550 C          loop thru sets
1551 C          KPERL=14
1552 C          KSET=(KMAX-1)/KPERL+1
1553 C          DO KS=1,KSET
1554 C          WRITE OUT THE HEADER LINE
1555 C          IF (KS.EQ.1) WRITE (IO,150) PTITLE (IITYPE(IT)),SCL,UT,FMAX
1556 C          FORMAT (/,'LK','SECTION':',A10','DIVIDED BY',IPE9.3,'UT=',
1557 C          1 PFI0.4,'FMAX=',E10.4)
1558 C          K1=1+KPERL*(KS-1)
1559 C          K2=MINO (KMAX,K1+KPERL-1)
1560 C          WRITE (IO,152) (II(K),K=K1,K2)
1561 C          FORMAT (4X,'K=',14I5)
1562 C          WRITE (IO,160) (NO(K),K=K1,K2)
1563 C          FORMAT (4X,'N=',14I5)
1564 C          WRITE (IO,170) (MO(K),K=K1,K2)
1565 C          FORMAT (4X,'M=',14I5)
1566 C          depths
1567 C          WRITE (IO,210) (DP(K),K=K1,K2)
1568 C          FORMAT (2X,'D=',14F5.1)
1569 C          WRITE (IO,220) (PSE(K),K=K1,K2)
1570 C          FORMAT (2X,'SE=',14F5.2)
1571 C          WRITE (IO,240) (BNUM(K),K=K1,K2)
1572 C          FORMAT (6X,14A5)
1573 C          RUN DOWN THE COLUMN
1574 C          DO 250 L=1,LEVS
1575 C          WRITE (IO,260) L,NDAT (L,K),K=K1,K2)
1576 C          FORMAT (1X,'L=',I2,1X,14I5)
1577 C          WRITE (IO,265) ANUM(1),(ANUM(K),K=K1,K2)
1578 C          FORMAT (X,15A5)
1579 C          ENDDO ! end set
1580 C          CONTINUE ! end type
1581 C          CONTINUE ! end slice
1582 C          RETURN
1583 C          END
1584 C-----
1585 C
1586 C          SUBROUTINE PGRAPH
1587 C          OCTOBER 1984 K. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
1588 C          PURPOSE - TO SAVE VARIABLES FOR LATER GRAPHING
1589 C          VARIABLES -
1590 C          IO1,IO2 = CHANNEL NUMBERS FOR OUTPUT (20,21).
1591 C          (SET IN SUB. INITS)
1592 C          INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1593 C          DIMENSION XGR (NDGPH),NUM (NDGPH)
1594 C          DATA PTITLE/
1595 C          1 'SE', 'UE', 'VE', 'Utotal', 'Vtotal',
1596 C          2 'W (m/s)', 'TSX*1.E+7', 'TSY*1.E+7', 'S (PPT)', 'T (C)',
1597 C          3 'AH/H', 'THETA1', 'THETA2', 'THETA3', 'AV',
1598 C          4 'DV', 'RI', 'WX', 'WY', 'UHOLD/H',
1599 C          5 'VHOLD/H', 'AH3/H'
1600 C          CHECK FOR NUMBER OF GRAPHING VARIABLES
1601 C          IF (IGPH.LE.0) RETURN
1602 C          CHECK FOR WRITE:
1603 C          IF (.NOT.(NSTI.EQ.0.OR.NSTI.EQ.NSTIMX.OR.NSTI.EQ.NSTGPH).(NSTI/
1604 C          1 NSTGPH)) GOTO 210
1605 C          STORE PRESENT VALUES IN ARRAY "XGR"
1606 C          DO 110 I=1,IGPH
1607 C          IF (I.GT.NDGPH) GOTO 110
1608 C          NUM(I)=I
1609 C          N=NGPH(I)
1610 C          M=MGPH(I)
1611 C          L=LGPH(I)
1612 C          XGR(I)=SELECT (IITYPE(I),L,N,M)
1613 C          CONTINUE
1614 C          LOOP THRU VARIABLES
1615 C          NUMPLN=IGPH
1616 C          KMAX=1+(IGPH-1)/NUMPLN
1617 C          DO 200 K=1,KMAX
1618 C          J1=1+NUMPLN*(K-1)
1619 C          J2=MINO (J1+NUMPLN-1,IGPH)
1620 C          WRITE HEADER: IGXX=FORMAT, IV=INTVEL, NKOLS=NO. COLUMNS HERE
1621 C          IF (NSTI.GT.0.OR.IGPHOP.EQ.0) GOTO 125
1622 C          IGXX=3
1623 C          NKOLS=1+J2-J1
1624 C          WRITE (LUGRF,112) CTITLE,IGPH,NSTIMX,NSTGPH,DTI,YEAR
1625 C          FORMAT (8A10/,/,'1X,317,F9.3,2F9.3)
1626 C          DO 115 J=J1,J2
1627 C          WRITE (LUGRF,120) J,PTITLE (IITYPE(J)),LGPH(J),MGPH(J),NGPH(J)
1628 C          FORMAT (2X,'COLUMN ',I3,' HAS ',A10,6H AT L=,I2,3H M=,I3,3H N=,I3)
1629 C          WRITE (LUGRF,124) (NUM(I),I=J1,J2)
1630 C          FORMAT (4X,'YEAR UT',40I11)
1631 C          PRINT THE VALUES (UP TO 40)
1632 C          WRITE (LUGRF,190) YEAR,UT,XGR (J),J=J1,J2)
1633 C          FORMAT (1X,F6.0,F9.4,40(X,F10.4))
1634 C          WRITE NUMBERS AT END
1635 C          200 IF (NST.EQ.NSTMAX.AND.IGPHOP.EQ.1) WRITE (LUGRF,124) (NUM(I),
1636 C          1 I=J1,J2)
1637 C          RETURN
1638 C          END
1639 C-----
1640 C          FUNCTION SELECT (IITYPE,L,N,M)
1641 C          SELECT VARIABLE BASED ON THE GRAPHING TABLE VALUES
1642 C          IGH ranges from 1 to 21
1643 C          INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1644 C          SELECT=0.0
1645 C          MP=MINO (M+1,MMAX)
1646 C          NP=MINO (N+1,NMAX)
1647 C          GOTO (100,110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180,190,200,210,
1648 C          1 220,230,240,250,260,270,280,290,300,310),IITYPE
1649 C          GOTO 400
1650 C          100 SELECT=SE (N,M) ! 1
1651 C          GOTO 400
1652 C          110 SELECT=UE (N,M)
1653 C          GOTO 400
1654 C          120 SELECT=VE (N,M) ! 3
1655 C          GOTO 400
1656 C          130 SELECT=UE (N,M)+U (L,N,M)
1657 C          GOTO 400
1658 C          140 SELECT=VE (N,M)+V (L,N,M) ! 5
1659 C          GOTO 400
1660 C          150 SELECT=W (L,N,M)
1661 C          GOTO 400
1662 C          160 SELECT=TSX (N,M)*1.E+7 ! 7
1663 C          GOTO 400
1664 C          170 SELECT=TSY (N,M)*1.E+7
1665 C          GOTO 400
1666 C          180 SELECT=S (L,N,M)
1667 C          GOTO 400
1668 C          190 SELECT=T (L,N,M) ! 10
1669 C          GOTO 400
1670 C          200 SELECT=AH (N,M) / (D (N,M)+SE (N,M)+E)
1671 C          GOTO 400
1672 C          210 SELECT=THETA1 (N,M) ! 12
1673 C          GOTO 400
1674 C          220 SELECT=THETA2 (N,M)
1675 C          GOTO 400
1676 C          230 SELECT=THETA3 (N,M)
1677 C          GOTO 400
1678 C          240 SELECT=AV (L,N,M)*1.E+4 ! 15
1679 C          GOTO 400
1680 C          250 SELECT=DV (L,N,M)*1.E+4
1681 C          GOTO 400
1682 C          260 SELECT=RI (L,N,M)
1683 C          GOTO 400
1684 C          270 SELECT=WX (N,M) ! 18
1685 C          GOTO 400
1686 C          280 SELECT=RY (N,M)
1687 C          GOTO 400
1688 C          290 SELECT=UHOLD (N,M) / (D (N,M)+SE (N,M)+D (NP,M)+SE (NP,M)) ! 20
1689 C          GOTO 400
1690 C          300 SELECT=VHOLD (N,M) / (D (N,M)+SE (N,M)+D (NP,M)+SE (NP,M)) ! 21
1691 C          GOTO 400
1692 C          310 SELECT=AH3 (L,N,M) / (D (N,M)+SE (N,M)+E) ! 22
1693 C          GOTO 400
1694 C          CONTINUE
1695 C          RETURN
1696 C          END
1697 C-----
1698 C          MECCA FILE : EXMODE.FOR
1699 C-----
1700 C          SUBROUTINE EXMODE
1701 C          JANUARY 1986 K.W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
1702 C          PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE EXTERNAL-MODE FLOWRATES AND WATER LEVELS
1703 C          FROM REVISED EQUATIONS FOR VARIABLE GRID WIDTH (TO
1704 C          MODEL NARROW RIVER WIDTHS).
1705 C          INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1706 C          UPDATE THETA FUNCTIONS
1707 C          CALL THETAS
1708 C          SET THE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
1709 C          CALL BNDRY1
1710 C          UPDATE HORIZONTAL VISCOSITY COEFFICIENTS
1711 C          CALL HORVIS
1712 C          STORE PREVIOUS WATER LEVELS FOR THE SALINITY AND TEMP. CALCS.
1713 C          IF (NSTE.GT.1) GOTO 150
1714 C          DO 130 N=1,NMAX
1715 C          DO 130 M=1,MMAX
1716 C          UHOLD (N,M)=UH (N,M)
1717 C          VHOLD (N,M)=VH (N,M)
1718 C          130 SOLD (N,M)=SE (N,M)
1719 C          CONTINUE
1720 C          COMPUTE VELOCITIES
1721 C          CALL UHWH
1722 C          RETURN
1723 C          END
1724 C-----
1725 C          SUBROUTINE BNDRY1
1726 C          OCTOBER 1984 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX11/750
1727 C          PURPOSE - TO SET THE EXTERNAL-MODE OPEN BOUNDARY WATER LEVEL OR
1728 C          FLOWRATE CONDITIONS.
1729 C          VARIABLES -
1730 C          VAL = TIDAL ELEVATION/FLOWRATE AT ENDS OF OCEAN BOUNDARY
1731 C          FT = TIME PAST PREVIOUS HI/LO (HR)
1732 C          IS = GRID INCREMENT FOR RADIATION TO SET VELOCITY AT

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1737 C      OUTSIDE EQUAL TO VELOCITY IN INTERIOR.
1738 C      ITPO = DIRECTION OF OUTFLOW: 1=X, -1=-X, 2=Y, -2=-Y
1739 C      JTPO = TYPE OF OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITION
1740 C      1 : WATER LEVEL SPECIFICATION
1741 C      2 : TRANSPORT OUTFLOW
1742 C      3 : ORLANSKI RADIATION OUTFLOW (REQUIRES WL)
1743 C      4 : REIMANN INVARIANT RADIATION OUTFLOW (REQUIRES
1744 C      ITPR = DIRECTION OF RIVER INFLOW: 1=X, -1=-X, 2=Y, -2=-Y
1745 C      JTPR = RIVERINE CONDITION: 1=FLUME, 2=WATER FALLS
1746 C      J = GRID INCREMENT FOR TIDES TO SET VELOCITY AT
1747 C      OUTSIDE EQUAL TO VELOCITY IN INTERIOR.
1748 C      NUMOBC = NUMBER OF TIDAL BOUNDARIES
1749 C      QRIV = RIVER FLOWRATE (M**3/S)
1750 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1751 C      DIMENSION FINAL (NDTID2), QRATE (NDRIV2)
1752 C      CI=DTE/DL
1753 C      ITEST=IPRNT1
1754 C      IF (NSTI.GT.10.AND.NSTE.GT.1) ITEST=0
1755 C      IF (ITEST.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,100) UT,NSTI,NSTE,NUMOBC,NUMRIV
1756 C      100 FORMAT (/,'X','BNDRY1':UT=' ,F10.4,' NSTI=' ,I6,' NSTE=' ,I2,
1757 C      1 ' NUMOBC=' ,I2,' NUMRIV=' ,I2)
1758 C      RAMPT=AMINI(1.0,CUMDAY)
1759 C      RAMPR=AMINI(1.0,CUMDAY)
1760 C      IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 220
1761 C      LOOP THRU OCEANIC BOUNDARIES
1762 C      DO 200 IB=1,NUMOBC
1763 C      FIND THE LATEST VALUES FROM INPUT DATA
1764 C      CALL RR (YT,ISCR,LUTID,IENDTD,DTID,YTID,NSIGT,NDTID2,TDLEV,FINAL)
1765 C      F1=ISIGN(1,ITPO (IB))
1766 C      IUH=- (ISIGN(1,ITPO (IB)) +1) /2
1767 C      ISE=-ISIGN(1,ITPO (IB))
1768 C      IDIR=IABS (ITPO (IB))
1769 C      IF (ITEST.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,110) IB,F1,ISE,IUH,IDIR,JTPO (IB),FINAL (IB)
1770 C      110 FORMAT (X,'IB=' ,I2,' F1,ISE,IUH,IDIR,JTPO=' ,F4.1,4I3,
1771 C      1 ' VAL=' ,E12.4)
1772 C      RUN ACROSS BOUNDARY AND SET CONDITIONS
1773 C      KMAX=IABS (MB1 (IB) -MB2 (IB)) +IABS (NB1 (IB) -NB2 (IB))
1774 C      K=0
1775 C      DO 200 N=NB1 (IB),NB2 (IB)
1776 C      DO 200 M=MB1 (IB),MB2 (IB)
1777 C      K=K+1
1778 C      EL=RAMPT*FINAL (ISET1 (IB))
1779 C      IF (KMAX.GT.0) EL=RAMPT*(FLOAT (K-1)*FINAL (ISET2 (IB)) +
1780 C      1 FLOAT (KMAX+1-K)*FINAL (ISET1 (IB))) /FLOAT (KMAX)
1781 C      GOTO (120,130,140,150),JTPO (IB)
1782 C      1. SIMPLE WATER LEVEL
1783 C      120 SEPP (N,M)=EL
1784 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1785 C      GOTO 190
1786 C      2. OUTWARD TRANSPORT
1787 C      130 IF (IABS (ITPO (IB)) .EQ.1) THEN
1788 C      UHP (N,M+IUH)=F1*EL
1789 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N,M+ISE)
1790 C      ELSE
1791 C      VHP (N+IUH,M)=F1*EL
1792 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N+ISE,M)
1793 C      ENDIF
1794 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1795 C      GOTO 190
1796 C      3. RADIATION CONDITION, ORLANSKI
1797 C      140 IF (IABS (ITPO (IB)) .EQ.2) GOTO 145
1798 C      DELSE=SE (N,M) -SE (N,M+ISE)
1799 C      IF (D (N,M+2*ISE) .GT.0.) DELSE=1.5*SE (N,M) -2.*SE (N,M+ISE)
1800 C      1 +.5*SE (N,M+2*ISE)
1801 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N,M) -CI*SQRT (E+AG)*.5*(D (N,M)+D (N,M+ISE))
1802 C      1. DELSE (N,M)+SE (N,M+ISE)) ) /DELSE
1803 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1804 C      GOTO 190
1805 C      145 DELSE=SE (N,M) -SE (N,M+ISE)
1806 C      IF (D (N+2*ISE,M) .GT.0.) DELSE=1.5*SE (N,M) -2.*SE (N+ISE,M)
1807 C      1 +.5*SE (N+2*ISE,M)
1808 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N,M) -CI*SQRT (E+AG)*.5*(D (N,M)+D (N+ISE,M)
1809 C      1 +SE (N,M)+SE (N+ISE,M)) /DELSE
1810 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1811 C      GOTO 190
1812 C      4. RADIATION CONDITION, RIEMANN INVARIANT
1813 C      150 IF (IABS (ITPO (IB)) .EQ.2) GOTO 155
1814 C      SEPP (N,M)=EL+F1*UH (N,M+IUH) /SQRT (E+AG)*.5*(D (N,M)+D (N,M+ISE)
1815 C      1 +SE (N,M)+SE (N,M+ISE)) )
1816 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1817 C      GOTO 190
1818 C      Y-DIRECTION
1819 C      155 SEPP (N,M)=EL+F1*VH (N+IUH,M) /SQRT (E+AG)*.5*(D (N,M)+D (N+ISE,M)
1820 C      1 +SE (N,M)+SE (N+ISE,M)) )
1821 C      SEP (N,M)=-.5*(SE (N,M)+SEPP (N,M))
1822 C      190 CONTINUE
1823 C      IF (ITEST.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,210) N,M,EL,SEPP (N,M)
1824 C      210 FORMAT (3X,'N,M=' ,2I4,' EL=' ,F7.4,' SEPP=' ,F7.4)
1825 C      200 CONTINUE
1826 C
1827 C      RIVER FLOW BOUNDARIES
1828 C      220 IF (NUMRIV.EQ.0) RETURN
1829 C      IF (NSTE.EQ.1.AND.IPRNT1.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,221) NSTI,NSTE,RAMPR
1830 C      221 FORMAT (1X,'BNDRY1: RIVER BOUNDARIES AT NSTI=' ,I6,' NSTE=' ,I6,
1831 C      1 ' RAMPR=' ,F4.2)
1832 C      CALL RR (YT,ISCR,LURIV,IENDRV,DRIV,YRIV,NSIGR,NDRIV2,QRIV,QRATE)
1833 C      DO N=1,NSIGR
1834 C      RATE (N)=QRATE (ISETR (N)) *RAMPR
1835 C      IF (NSTE.EQ.1.AND.IPRNT1.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,225) N,ITPR (N),JTPR (N),
1836 C      1 ISETR (N),RATE (N)
1837 C      225 FORMAT (1X,'NR=' ,I2,' ITPR,JTPR=' ,2I2,' ISETR=' ,I2,
1838 C      1 ' RATE x RAMPR (m**3/s)' ,F12.3)
1839 C      ENDDO
1840 C      DO 350 NR=1,NSIGR
1841 C      IS=0
1842 C      IF (ITPR (NR) .LT.0) IS=-1
1843 C      ISS=1+2*IS
1844 C      F1=FLOAT (ISS) /DL
1845 C      DO 350 M=MR1 (NR),MR2 (NR)
1846 C      DO 350 N=NB1 (NR),NB2 (NR)
1847 C      IF (JTPR (NR) .EQ.1) GOTO 330
1848 C      WATER FALLS CONDITION
1849 C      SE (N,M)=SE (N,M)+DTE*RATE (NR) / (AREA (N,M)*DL*DL)
1850 C      F2=DTE*RATE (NR) / (AREA (N,M)*DL*DL)
1851 C      IF (NSTE.EQ.1.AND.IPRNT1.GT.0) WRITE (ISCR,*)
1852 C      1 ' WATER FALLS AT N,M=' ,N,M,' DEL=' ,F2
1853 C      GOTO 350
1854 C      330 IF (IABS (ITPR (NR)) .EQ.2) GOTO 340
1855 C      INPUT FLOW, X-DIRECTION
1856 C      IBARR=MOD (IFIELD (N,M+IS),10)
1857 C      IF (IBARR.EQ.1.OR.IBARR.EQ.3) GOTO 350
1858 C      IF (NSTE.GT.1) UH (N,M+IS)=UHP (N,M+IS)
1859 C      UHP (N,M+IS)=F1*RATE (NR) /BX (N,M+IS)
1860 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N,M+ISS)
1861 C      SE (N,M)=SE (N,M+ISS)
1862 C      GOTO 350
1863 C      INPUT FLOW, Y-DIRECTION
1864 C      340 IBARR=MOD (IFIELD (N+IS,M),10)
1865 C      IF (IBARR.EQ.2.OR.IBARR.EQ.3) GOTO 350
1866 C      IF (NSTE.GT.1) VH (N+IS,M)=VHP (N+IS,M)
1867 C      VHP (N+IS,M)=F1*RATE (NR) /BY (N+IS,M)
1868 C      SEPP (N,M)=SE (N+ISS,M)
1869 C      SE (N,M)=SE (N+ISS,M)
1870 C      350 CONTINUE
1871 C      360 RETURN
1872 C      END
1873 C
1874 C -----
1875 C
1876 C      SUBROUTINE HORVIS
1877 C      APRIL 1986 K. HESS MEAD VAX-11/750 (REV 9/87)
1878 C      PURPOSE = TO UPDATE THE HORIZONTAL EDDY VISCOSITY
1879 C      VARIABLES =
1880 C      AH (, ) = ARRAY TO STORE PRODUCT OF HORIZONTAL
1881 C      VISCOSITY AND DEPTH, AT GRID CENTER
1882 C      AH=AH0+CAH*DL*SQRT2 (U,X)**2+2 (V,Y)**2+(U+V,X
1883 C      AH0 = BACKGROUND VISCOSITY
1884 C      CAH = FACTOR FOR VISCOSITY
1885 C
1886 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
1887 C      DIMENSION UL (LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),VL (LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE)
1888 C      DATA ISMAG,ALFA/2,1./
1889 C      skip if necessary
1890 C      IF (IHVISC.LE.0.OR.MOD (NSTET,IHVISC) .NE.0) GOTO 180
1891 C      save 3-d velocity field
1892 C      DO M=1,MMAX
1893 C      DO N=1,NMAX
1894 C      DO L=1,LBOT
1895 C      UL (L,N,M)=UE (N,M)+ALFA*U (L,N,M)
1896 C      VL (L,N,M)=VE (N,M)+ALFA*V (L,N,M)
1897 C      ENDDO
1898 C      ENDDO
1899 C      LOOP OVER THE INTERIOR CELLS
1900 C      KOCN=10*(KOCN-1)
1901 C      DO 120 M=1,MMAX
1902 C      NA=NAB (M) /1000
1903 C      NB=MOD (NAB (M),1000)
1904 C      IF (NA.GT.NB) GOTO 120
1905 C      MM=MAXO (M-1,1)
1906 C      MP=MINO (M+1,MMAX)
1907 C      DO 110 N=NA,NB
1908 C      IF (IFIELD (N,M) .LT.10.OR.IFIELD (N,M) .GE.KOCN) GOTO 110
1909 C      NM=MAXO (N-1,1)
1910 C      NP=MINO (N+1,MMAX)
1911 C      H=D (N,M)+SE (N,M)
1912 C      AH1=0.
1913 C      INTERIOR CELLS
1914 C      DO 100 L=1,LBOT
1915 C      IF (LINTER.EQ.0) GOTO 90
1916 C      IF (ISMAG.EQ.1) THEN
1917 C      DUDY=-.25*( (UL (L,NP,M)+UL (L,N,M))*AMAXO (NFLUX (N,M),NFLUX (N,MP))
1918 C      1 - (UL (L,N,M)+UL (L,NM,M))*AMAXO (NFLUX (NM,M),NFLUX (NM,MP))
1919 C      2 + (UL (L,NP,MM)+UL (L,N,MM))*AMAXO (NFLUX (N,MM),NFLUX (N,M))
1920 C      3 - (UL (L,N,MM)+UL (L,NM,MM))*AMAXO (NFLUX (NM,MM),NFLUX (NM,M)) )
1921 C      DVDX=.25*( (VL (L,N,M)+VL (L,N,MP))*AMAXO (MFLUX (N,M),MFLUX (N,MP))
1922 C      1 - (VL (L,N,M)+VL (L,N,MM))*AMAXO (MFLUX (N,MM),MFLUX (N,MM))
1923 C      2 + (VL (L,NM,MP)+VL (L,NM,M))*AMAXO (MFLUX (NM,M),MFLUX (NM,M))
1924 C      3 - (VL (L,NM,M)+VL (L,NM,MM))*AMAXO (MFLUX (NM,MM),MFLUX (NM,MM)) )
1925 C      ELSE
1926 C      DUDY=-.25*(ABS (UL (L,NP,M) -UL (L,N,M)) +ABS (UL (L,N,M) -UL (L,NM,M))
1927 C      1 +ABS (UL (L,NP,MM) -UL (L,N,MM)) +ABS (UL (L,N,MM) -UL (L,NM,MM)) )
1928 C      DVDX=.25*(ABS (VL (L,N,MP) -VL (L,N,M)) +ABS (VL (L,N,M) -VL (L,N,MM))
1929 C      1 +ABS (VL (L,NM,MP) -VL (L,NM,M)) +ABS (VL (L,NM,M) -VL (L,NM,MM)) )
1930 C      ENDDIF
1931 C      ARG=2.* ( (UL (L,N,M) -UL (L,N,MM)) **2 + (DUDY+DVDX) **2
1932 C      1 ( (VL (L,N,M) -VL (L,NM,M)) **2) + (DUDY+DVDX) **2)
1933 C      UPDATED VALUE
1934 C      90 AMM=AH0+CAH*DL*SQRT (ARG)
1935 C      IF (AH3 (L,N,M) .EQ.0) AH3 (L,N,M)=AMM*H
1936 C      IF (AH3 (L,N,M) .GT.0) AH3 (L,N,M)=SQRT (AH3 (L,N,M)*AMM*H)
1937 C      100 AH1=AH1+CI (L)*AH3 (L,N,M)
1938 C      AH (N,M)=AH1
1939 C      110 CONTINUE
1940 C      120 CONTINUE
1941 C      BOUNDARY CELLS
1942 C      IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 140
1943 C      DO 130 IB=1,NUMOBC
1944 C      IDIR=IABS (ITPO (IB))
1945 C      IS=-ISIGN (1,ITPO (IB))
1946 C      DO 130 M=MB1 (IB),MB2 (IB)
1947 C      DO 130 N=NB1 (IB),NB2 (IB)
1948 C      H=D (N,M)+SE (N,M)
1949 C      x-direction
1950 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.1) THEN
1951 C      F1=H/ (D (N,M+IS)+SE (N,M+IS))
1952 C      AH (N,M)=AH (N,M+IS) *F1
1953 C      DO L=1,LBOT
1954 C      AH3 (L,N,M)=AH3 (L,N,M+IS) *F1
1955 C      ENDDO
1956 C      ENDDIF
1957 C      y-direction
1958 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.2) THEN
1959 C      F2=H/ (D (N+IS,M)+SE (N+IS,M))
1960 C      AH (N,M)=AH (N+IS,M) *F2
1961 C      DO L=1,LBOT
1962 C      AH3 (L,N,M)=AH3 (L,N+IS,M) *F2
1963 C      ENDDO
1964 C      ENDDIF
1965 C      130 CONTINUE
1966 C      RIVER BOUNDARIES
1967 C      140 IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 160
1968 C      DO 150 IB=1,NUMRIV
1969 C      IDIR=IABS (ITPR (IB))
1970 C      IS=ISIGN (1,ITPR (IB))
1971 C      DO 150 M=MR1 (IB),MR2 (IB)
1972 C      DO 150 N=NB1 (IB),NB2 (IB)
1973 C      H=D (N,M)+SE (N,M)
1974 C      x-direction
1975 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.1) THEN
1976 C      F1=H/ (D (N,M+IS)+SE (N,M+IS))
1977 C      AH (N,M)=AH (N,M+IS) *F1
1978 C      DO L=1,LBOT
1979 C      AH3 (L,N,M)=AH3 (L,N,M+IS) *F1
1980 C      ENDDO
1981 C      ENDDIF
1982 C      y-direction
1983 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.2) THEN
1984 C      F2=H/ (D (N+IS,M)+SE (N+IS,M))
1985 C      AH (N,M)=AH (N+IS,M) *F2
1986 C      DO L=1,LBOT
1987 C      AH3 (L,N,M)=AH3 (L,N+IS,M) *F2
1988 C      ENDDO

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1989      ENDIF
1990      150 CONTINUE
1991      C      CORNER VALUES
1992      160 DO 170 M=1,MMAX
1993      MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
1994      DO 170 N=1,NMAX
1995      NP=MINO(N+1,NMAX)
1996      IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10)GOTO 170
1997      AHC(N,M)=.25*(AH(N,M)+AH(N,MP)+AH(NP,M)+AH(NP,MP))
1998      170 CONTINUE
1999      180 RETURN
2000      END
2001      C
2002      -----
2003      C
2004      SUBROUTINE UHVH
2005      JANUARY 1997      K.W. HESS
2006      PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE EXTERNAL-MODE FLOWRATES AND WATER LEVELS
2007      FROM REVISED EQUATIONS FOR VARIABLE GRID WIDTH (TO
2008      MODEL NARROW RIVER WIDTHS) .
2009      C
2010      C      VARIABLES
2011      C      BX = GRID WIDTH FOR FLOW IN X DIRECTION
2012      C      BY = GRID WIDTH FOR FLOW IN Y DIRECTION
2013      C      THETA1 = INTEGRAL OF (1+U/UB)**2 TIMES UE*BX
2014      C      THETA2 = INTEGRAL OF (1+V/VB)**2 TIMES VE*BY
2015      C      THETA3 = VERTICAL INTEGRAL OF UB*VB*(1+U/UB)*(1+V/VB)
2016      C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
2017      C      BETAH=MAXO(0,MINO(1,BETAH))
2018      C      BETAM=MAXO(0,MINO(1,BETAM))
2019      C      CX1=.25*DTE/DL
2020      C      CX2=.5*AG*DTE/DL
2021      C      CX3=DTE/DL
2022      C      CX4=DTE/DL**2
2023      C      CX5=.5*DTE/DL
2024      C      CX6=.25*AG*DTE/DL
2025      C      CX7=1./CX1
2026      C      CX8=1./CX5
2027      C      CX9=2.*DTE/DL**2      ! additional constant
2028      C      GAMMA=1.0
2029      C      IF (TBOV.EQ.0) GAMMA=.0
2030      C      IF (TBOV.EQ.3) GAMMA=.5
2031      C
2032      C      X-DIRECTION SWEEP
2033      C
2034      DO 220 NC=1,NCOL
2035      N=ICOL(1,NC)
2036      MA=ICOL(2,NC)
2037      MB=ICOL(3,NC)
2038      ILFT=ICOL(4,NC)
2039      IRGT=ICOL(5,NC)
2040      MAM=MA-1
2041      MM=MAXO(M-1,1)
2042      NP=MINO(N+1,NMAX)
2043      C      SWEEP DOWN THE COLUMN
2044      DO 200 M=MM,MB
2045      MM=MAXO(M-1,1)
2046      MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
2047      MPP=MINO(M+2,MMAX)
2048      HS=D(N,M)+BETAH*SE(N,M)+E
2049      HP=D(N,MP)+BETAH*SE(N,MP)+E
2050      HM=D(N,MM)+BETAH*SE(N,MM)+E
2051      HPP=D(N,MPP)+BETAH*SE(N,MPP)+E
2052      HB=.5*(HS+HP)
2053      AREAP=AREA(N,M)
2054      HH=CX6*(HS+HP)
2055      C      TOTAL STRESS FORMULATION
2056      FBAR=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(N,MP))
2057      EDGE=AMIN1(FEDGE(N,M),FEDGE(N,MP))
2058      XDT=DTE*(EDGE*(.5*(TSX(N,M)+TSX(N,MP))-CX10*HB*DPADX-HB*
2059      1 GSTARX(N,M))-FBAR*(GAMMA*(LBOT,N,M)+(1.-GAMMA)*U(LBOT-1,N,M)))
2060      C      CHANNEL: NO:BETAC=0      YES:BETAC=1
2061      BETAC=1-IFIX(BX(N,M))
2062      DTFNM=DTE*(FBAR/HB+BETAC*THETSU(N,M))
2063      C      LOWER END BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2064      IF (M.GT.MM)GOTO 160
2065      AREAP=AREA(N,MP)
2066      DMP=AREAP*SE(N,MP)-CX1*(BX(N,MP)*UH(N,MP)-BX(N,M)*UH(N,M)
2067      1 +2.*(BY(N,MP)*VH(N,MP)-BY(NM,MP)*VH(NM,MP)))
2068      C      WATER LEVEL CONDITION
2069      IF (ILFT.GT.0)GOTO 150
2070      DENOM=1./(1.+DTFNM)
2071      FA(M)=(UH(N,M)+XDT+HH*SEP(N,M))*DENOM
2072      FB(M)=HH*DENOM
2073      GOTO 200
2074      C      FLOWRATE CONDITION
2075      150 FA(M)=UHP(N,M)
2076      FB(M)=0.0
2077      GOTO 200
2078      C      INTERIOR COMPUTATIONAL GRIDS: MASS RECURSION
2079      160 AREAX=AREAP
2080      DENOM=1./(AREAX+CX1*(BX(N,MM)*FB(MM))
2081      GA(M)=(DMP+CX1*(BX(N,MM)*FA(MM))*DENOM
2082      GB(M)=CX1*(BX(N,M))*DENOM
2083      C      CHECK FOR UPPER BOUNDARY (M=MB)
2084      IF (M.EQ.MB)GOTO 180
2085      C      START COMPUTING THE MOMENTUM RECURSION ARRAYS
2086      VB=(VH(N,M)+VH(N,MP)+VH(NM,M)+VH(NM,MP))/ (FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)+
2087      1 NFLUX(N,MP)+NFLUX(NM,M)+NFLUX(NM,MP))+E)
2088      FCOR=EDGE*(FCOR0+DFDM*FLOAT(M-MCOR)+DFDN*FLOAT(N-NCOR))
2089      AREAP=AREA(N,MP)
2090      DMP=AREAP*SE(N,MP)-CX1*(BX(N,MP)*UH(N,MP)-BX(N,M)*UH(N,M)
2091      1 +2.*(BY(N,MP)*VH(N,MP)-BY(NM,MP)*VH(NM,MP)))
2092      BXI=1.0/BX(N,M)
2093      BP=CX9*(1.+BX(N,MP)*BXI)*AH(N,MP)
2094      BM=CX9*(1.+BX(N,MM)*BXI)*AH(N,MM)
2095      C      NON-LINEAR TERMS
2096      AUV=BETAA*CX3*(THETA3(N,M)-THETA3(NM,M))
2097      CU=SIGN(1.0,UH(N,M))
2098      FN1=BETAA*CX5*(1.+CU)*BXI*THETA1(N,MM)
2099      FN2=BETAA*CX5*(1.-CU)-(1.-CU))*BXI*THETA1(N,M)
2100      FN3=BETAA*CX5*(1.-CU)*BXI*THETA1(N,MP)
2101      C      LATERAL VISCOSITY TERM
2102      AHDUYV=CX4*(AHC(N,M)*(UE(NP,M)-UE(N,M)+VE(N,MP)-VE(N,M))-
2103      1 AHC(NM,M)*(UE(N,M)-UE(NM,M)+VE(NM,MP)-VE(NM,M)))*(1.-BETAC)
2104      C      SET RECURSION ARRAY HERE
2105      F1=-BM/(HS+HM)-FN1
2106      F2=1.+DTFNM*(BP+BM)/(HS+HP)+FN2
2107      F3=-BP/(HP+HPP)+FN3
2108      F4=UH(N,M)+XDT+AHDUYV+FCOR*VB-AUV
2109      BXIP=F3/BX(N,MP)
2110      DENOM=1./(GB(M)*(HH+F1*FB(NM))+F2+BXI*FB(N,M)*BXIP)
2111      FA(M)=(F4-F1*FA(NM)+GA(M))*(F1*FB(NM)+HH)-DMP*CX7*BXIP)*DENOM
2112      FB(M)=(HH-AREAX*CX7*BXIP)*DENOM
2113      GOTO 200
2114      C      UPPER END BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2115      180 IF (IRGT.GT.0)GOTO 190
2116      DENOM=1./(1.+HH*GB(N)+DTFNM)
2117      FA(N)=(UH(N,M)+XDT+HH*GA(N))*DENOM
2118      FB(N)=HH*DENOM
2119      F1=UH(N,M)+XDT+HH*GA(N)
2120      GOTO 200
2121      190 FA(M)=UHP(N,M)
2122      FB(M)=0.0
2123      200 CONTINUE
2124      C      LOOP BACK DOWN THE COLUMN, CALCULATING FLOWRATE & WATER LEVEL
2125      DO 210 MM=MM,MB
2126      M=MA+MB-MM
2127      UHP(N,M)=FA(M)-FB(M)*SEP(N,M+1)
2128      SEP(N,M)=GA(M)-GB(M)*UHP(N,M)
2129      C      MAKE SURE DEPTH IS POSITIVE
2130      IF (SEP(N,M)+D(N,M).GT.0.0)GOTO 210
2131      NEGS=NEGS+1
2132      SEP(N,M)=0.10-D(N,M)
2133      CONTINUE
2134      UHP(N,MM)=FA(MAM)-FB(MAM)*SEP(N,MA)
2135      210 CONTINUE
2136      C
2137      C      Y-DIRECTION SWEEP
2138      C
2139      280 DO 370 NR=1,NROW
2140      M=IROW(1,NR)
2141      NA=IROW(2,NR)
2142      NB=IROW(3,NR)
2143      ILFT=IROW(4,NR)
2144      IRGT=IROW(5,NR)
2145      NAM=NA-1
2146      MM=MAXO(M-1,1)
2147      MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
2148      C      SWEEP ACROSS ROWS
2149      DO 350 N=MM,MB
2150      NP=MINO(N+1,NMAX)
2151      NPP=MINO(N+2,NMAX)
2152      HS=D(N,M)+BETAH*SE(N,M)+E
2153      HP=D(N,MP)+BETAH*SE(N,MP)+E
2154      HM=D(N,MM)+BETAH*SE(N,MM)+E
2155      HPP=D(N,NPP)+BETAH*SE(N,NPP)+E
2156      HB=.5*(HS+HP)
2157      AREAP=AREA(N,M)
2158      HH=CX6*(HS+HP)
2159      C      EXTERNAL FORCES
2160      FBAR=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(NP,M))
2161      EDGE=AMIN1(FEDGE(N,M),FEDGE(NP,M))
2162      YDT=DTE*(EDGE*(.5*(TSY(N,M)+TSY(NP,M))-CX10*HB*DPADY-HB*
2163      1 GSTARY(N,M))-FBAR*(GAMMA*(LBOT,N,M)+(1.-GAMMA)*V(LBOT-1,N,M)))
2164      C      CHANNEL: NO:BETAC=0      YES:BETAC=1
2165      BETAC=1-IFIX(BY(N,M))
2166      DTFNM=DTE*(FBAR/HB+BETAC*THETSV(N,M))
2167      C      CHECK FOR LOWER END BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2168      IF (N.GT.NM)GOTO 310
2169      AREAP=AREA(N,MP)
2170      DNP=AREAP*SEP(NP,M)-CX1*(BX(NP,M)*(UHP(NP,M)+UH(NP,M))
2171      1 -BX(NP,MM)*(UHP(NP,MM)+UH(NP,MM)))
2172      C      WATER LEVEL CONDITION
2173      IF (ILFT.GT.0)GOTO 300
2174      DENOM=1./(1.+DTFNM)
2175      FA(N)=(VH(N,M)+YDT+HH*(SEPP(N,M)-SE(NP,M)+SE(N,M)))*DENOM
2176      FB(N)=HH*DENOM
2177      GOTO 350
2178      C      FLOWRATE CONDITION
2179      300 FA(N)=VHP(N,M)
2180      FB(N)=0.0
2181      GOTO 350
2182      C      INTERIOR COMPUTATIONAL GRIDS: MASS RECURSION
2183      310 AREAX=AREAP
2184      DENOM=1./(AREAX+CX5*(BY(NM,M)*FB(NM))
2185      GA(N)=(DNP+CX5*(BY(NM,M)*FA(NM))*DENOM
2186      GB(N)=CX5*(BY(N,M))*DENOM
2187      C      CHECK FOR UPPER END (N=NB)
2188      IF (N.EQ.NB)GOTO 330
2189      C      START COMPUTING THE MOMENTUM RECURSION ARRAYS
2190      UB=(UH(N,M)+UH(NP,M)+UH(N,MM)+UH(NP,MM))/ (FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)+
2191      1 MFLUX(NP,M)+MFLUX(N,MM)+MFLUX(NP,MM))+E)
2192      FCOR=EDGE*(FCOR0+DFDM*FLOAT(M-MCOR)+DFDN*FLOAT(N-NCOR))
2193      AREAP=AREA(N,MP)
2194      DNP=AREAP*SEP(NP,M)-CX1*(BX(NP,M)*(UHP(NP,M)+UH(NP,M))
2195      1 -BX(NP,MM)*(UHP(NP,MM)+UH(NP,MM)))
2196      BYI=1.0/BY(N,M)
2197      BP=CX9*(1.+BY(NP,M)*BYI)*AH(NP,M)
2198      BM=CX9*(1.+BY(NM,M)*BYI)*AH(NM,M)
2199      C      NON-LINEAR TERMS
2200      AUV=BETAA*CX3*(THETA3(N,M)-THETA3(NM,M))
2201      CV=SIGN(1.0,VH(N,M))
2202      FN1=BETAA*CX5*(1.+CV)*BYI*THETA2(NM,M)
2203      FN2=BETAA*CX5*(1.-CV)-(1.-CV))*BYI*THETA2(N,M)
2204      FN3=BETAA*CX5*(1.-CV)*BYI*THETA2(NP,M)
2205      C      LATERAL VISCOSITY TERM
2206      AHDVXV=CX4*(AHC(N,M)*(UE(NP,M)-UE(N,M)+VE(N,MP)-VE(N,M))-
2207      1 AHC(N,MM)*(UE(NP,MM)-UE(N,MM)+VE(N,M)-VE(N,MM)))*(1.-BETAC)
2208      C      SET RECURSION ARRAY HERE
2209      F1=-BM/(HS+HM)-FN1
2210      F2=1.+DTFNM*(BP+BM)/(HS+HP)+FN2
2211      F3=-BP/(HP+HPP)+FN3
2212      F4=VH(N,M)+YDT+AHDVXV-FCOR*UB-AUV-HH*(SE(NP,M)-SE(N,M))
2213      BYIP=F3/BY(NP,M)
2214      DENOM=1./(GB(N)*(HH+F1*FB(NM))+F2+BYI*FB(N,M))
2215      FA(N)=(F4-F1*FA(NM)+GA(N))*(HH+F1*FB(NM))-DNP*CX8*BYIP)*DENOM
2216      FB(N)=(HH-AREAX*CX7*BYIP)*DENOM
2217      GOTO 350
2218      C      UPPER END BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2219      330 IF (IRGT.GT.0)GOTO 340
2220      DENOM=1./(1.+HH*GB(N)+DTFNM)
2221      FA(N)=(VH(N,M)+YDT+HH*(GA(N)-SE(NP,M)+SE(N,M)))*DENOM
2222      FB(N)=HH*DENOM
2223      GOTO 350
2224      340 FA(N)=VHP(N,M)
2225      FB(N)=0.0
2226      350 CONTINUE
2227      C      LOOP BACK DOWN THE ROW, CALCULATING FLOWRATE AND WATER LEVEL
2228      DO 360 NN=NA,NB
2229      N=N+NB-NN
2230      VHP(N,M)=FA(N)-FB(N)*SEPP(N+1,M)
2231      SEPP(N,M)=GA(N)-GB(N)*VHP(N,M)
2232      C      MAKE SURE DEPTHS ARE POSITIVE
2233      IF (SEPP(N,M)+D(N,M).GT.0.0)GOTO 360
2234      NEGS=NEGS+1
2235      SEPP(N,M)=0.10-D(N,M)
2236      CONTINUE
2237      360 VHP(NAM,M)=FA(NAM)-FB(NAM)*SEPP(N,M)
2238      CONTINUE
2239      370 CONTINUE
2240      C

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2241 C      UPDATE AND SAVE VARIABLES
2242      F1=2.
2243      F2=1.
2244      IF (NSTE.EQ.ISPLIT) THEN
2245      F1=1.
2246      F2=.5/FLOAT (ISPLIT)
2247      END IF
2248      DO 390 N=1,MMAX
2249      DO 390 M=1,MMAX
2250      UH(N,M)=UHE(N,M)
2251      VH(N,M)=VHE(N,M)
2252      SE(N,M)=SEPP(N,M)
2253      UHOLD(N,M)=F2*(UHOLD(N,M)+F1*UH(N,M))
2254      VHOLD(N,M)=F2*(VHOLD(N,M)+F1*VH(N,M))
2255 C      COMPUTE EXTERNAL-MODE VELOCITY
2256      DO 400 N=1,MMAX
2257      NP=MINO(N+1,MMAX)
2258      DO 400 M=1,MMAX
2259      MP=MINO(M+1,MMAX)
2260      UE(N,M)=UH(N,M)*(1.+FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)))/
2261      1*(D(N,M)+D(N,MP)+BETAH*(SE(N,M)+SE(N,MP))+E)
2262      VE(N,M)=VH(N,M)*(1.+FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)))/
2263      1*((D(N,M)+D(NP,M)+BETAH*(SE(N,M)+SE(NP,M))+E)
2264      400 CONTINUE
2265 C
2266      RETURN
2267      END
2268 C=====
2269 C      FILE INTRNL.FOR
2270 C-----
2271 C
2272      SUBROUTINE INTRNL
2273 C      MAY 1988      K. W. HESS      TDL
2274 C      PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE INTERNAL MODE VARIABLES WITH VARIABLE
2275 C      WIDTH. THESE ARE THE VERTICAL VELOCITIES, EDDY VISCOS
2276 C      AND HORIZONTAL VELOCITY DEPARTURES FROM THE VERTICAL
2277 C      MEAN.
2278 C      VARIABLES -
2279 C      ISKIP = INDEX FOR SKIPPING THE UPDATE OF THE EDDY VISCO
2280 C
2281 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
2282 C      CHECK FOR SKIPPING ALL INTERNAL-MODE CALCS
2283 C      IF (INTER.EQ.0) GOTO 100
2284 C      GET INTERNAL-MODE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR NON-WATERFALLS
2285 C      CALL BNDRY2
2286 C      UPDATE TURBULENT MOMENTUM TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS.
2287 C      IF (VIST.GE.0.AND.(NSTI.LE.IHR.OR.MOD(NSTI,IVISC).EQ.0))
2288 C      1 CALL WVERT
2289 C      GET INTERNAL-MODE VELOCITIES
2290 C      CALL UPVP
2291 C      GET VERTICAL VELOCITY
2292 C      CALL WVERT
2293 C      GET UPDATED THETA'S
2294 C      100 CONTINUE
2295      RETURN
2296      END
2297 C-----
2298 C
2299 C      SUBROUTINE BNDRY2
2300 C      OCTOBER 1984      K. W. HESS      MEAD      VAX11/750
2301 C      PURPOSE - TO SET THE RIVER'S INTERNAL-MODE VELOCITY BOUNDARY
2302 C      CONDITIONS FOR NON-FALLS CONDITION.
2303 C      VARIABLES -
2304 C      QRIV = RIVER FLOWRATE (M**3/S)
2305 C      JFPR(1) = RIVERINE CONDITION: 1=FLUME, 2=WATER FALLS
2306 C      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
2307 C      RIVER FLOW BOUNDARIES
2308 C      IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 130
2309 C      LOOP THRU THE RIVERS
2310 C      DO 120 NR=1,NUMRIV
2311 C      DO 110 L=1,LBOT
2312 C      IF (JFPR(NR).EQ.2) GOTO 120
2313 C      FLUME CONDITIONS: SET DIRECTION AND SENSE
2314 C      IDIR=IABS(ITPR(NR))
2315 C      IS=0
2316 C      IF (ITPR(NR).LT.0) IS=-1
2317 C      F1=1.
2318 C      IF (ITPR(NR).LE.0) F1=-1.
2319 C      F1=ISIGN(1,ITPR(NR))
2320 C      IS=(1-ISIGN(1,ITPR(NR)))/2
2321 C      LOOP THRU CELLS AT BOUNDARY
2322 C      UTOP=0.
2323 C      DO 110 M=MR1(NR),MR2(NR)
2324 C      DO 110 N=NR1(NR),NR2(NR)
2325 C      SET NEW VELOCITIES
2326 C      F2=F1*UTOP
2327 C      IBARR=0
2328 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.1) IBARR=MOD(IFIELD(N,M+IS),10)
2329 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.2) IBARR=MOD(IFIELD(N+IS,M),10)
2330 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.1.AND.(IBARR.EQ.1.OR.IBARR.EQ.3)) F2=0.0
2331 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.2.AND.IBARR.GE.2) F2=0.0
2332 C      F3=PI*DQ
2333 C      DO 100 L=1,LBOT
2334 C      FVE=COS(F3*FLOAT(L-1))
2335 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.1) U(L,N,M+IS)=F2*FVE
2336 C      IF (IDIR.EQ.2) V(L,N+IS,M)=F2*FVE
2337 C      100 CONTINUE
2338 C      110 CONTINUE
2339 C      120 CONTINUE
2340 C      130 RETURN
2341      END
2342 C-----
2343 C
2344 C      FUNCTION FRHO(SAL,TMP)
2345 C      JUNE 1996      K. W. HESS      CE0B      SGI
2346 C      PURPOSE - TO GENERATE THE ADDED WATER DENSITY DUE TO SALINITY
2347 C      (S) AND TEMPERATURE (T) DEG. C. THAT IS,
2348 C      RHO = RHOH + 1000*FRHO(S,T)      kg/m**3
2349 C      MMAREV FORMULATION
2350 C      SS=AMAX1(SAL,0.0)
2351 C      TT=AMAX1(TMP,0.0)
2352 C      FRHO = 7.E-5+SS*(8.02E-4-2.0E-6*TT)-TT*(3.5E-6+4.69E-6*TT)
2353 C      RETURN
2354 C      END
2355 C-----
2356 C
2357 C      FUNCTION FRHO2(S1,T1)
2358 C      UNESCO FORMULATION
2359 C      DATA RHO0/1000./
2360 C      TR=AMAX1(0.0,T1)
2361 C      SR=AMAX1(0.0,S1)
2362 C      RHOR = 999.842594 + 6.793952E-2*TR
2363 C      $      - 9.095290E-3*TR**2 + 1.001685E-4*TR**3
2364 C      $      - 1.120083E-6*TR**4 + 6.536332E-9*TR**5

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2493 TH2=TH2+CI(L) * (1.+V(L,N,M) *VBI) **2
2494 TH3=TH3+CI(L) * .25 * (UE(N,M) +U(L,N,M) +UE(N+1,M) +U(L,N+1,M) ) *
2495 1 (VE(N,M) +V(L,N,M) +VE(N,M+1) +V(L,N,M+1) ) *
2496 180 1 IF (BX(N,M) .LT. 1.0) TS1=TS1+CI(L) * (1.+U(L,N,M) *UBI) *ABS(1.+
2497 1 U(L,N,M) *UBI)
2498 1 IF (BY(N,M) .LT. 1.0) TS2=TS2+CI(L) * (1.+V(L,N,M) *VBI) *ABS(1.+
2499 1 V(L,N,M) *VBI)
2500 200 CONTINUE
2501 C CHECK MAGNITUDES OF NON-LINEAR TERM INTEGRALS
2502 210 IF (IBETAA.EQ.0) GOTO 230
2503 THETA1(N,M) = .5 * (THETA1(N,M) +AMIN1(10.0,TH1) *UE(N,M) *BX(N,M) )
2504 THETA2(N,M) = .5 * (THETA2(N,M) +AMIN1(10.0,TH2) *VE(N,M) *BY(N,M) )
2505 TH3=SIGN(AMIN1(ABS(TH3),10.0),TH3)
2506 IF (MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10) .GT. 0 .OR. IFIELD(N+1,M) .LT. 10 .OR.
2507 1 IFIELD(N,M+1) .LT. 10 .OR. IFIELD(N+1,M+1) .LT. 10) TH3=0.0
2508 C THETA3(N,M) = .5 * (THETA3(N,M) +TH3)
2509 C SIDE FRICTION TERMS
2510 230 THETSU(N,M) =CDRGWS*TS1*ABS(UE(N,M)) / (DL*BX(N,M) )
2511 THETSV(N,M) =CDRGWS*TS2*ABS(VE(N,M)) / (DL*BY(N,M) )
2512 250 CONTINUE
2513 RETURN
2514 END
2515 C
-----
2516 C
2517 C
2518 SUBROUTINE GETCJ(CJ,CI,LBOT,LSIZE,IBOTV)
2519 C FACTOR TO REDISTRIBUTE ANY NON-ZERO INTERNAL-MODEL VELOCITY,
2520 C MAINTAINING SAME BOTTOM VELOCITY IF IBOTV=0.
2521 DIMENSION CJ(LSIZE),CI(LSIZE)
2522 SUM=0.
2523 DO L=1,LBOT
2524 CJ(L)=1.
2525 IF (IBOTV.EQ.0) CJ(L)=MAX0(MIN0(LBOT-L,2),0)
2526 SUM=SUM+CI(L)*CJ(L)
2527 ENDDO
2528 DO L=1,LBOT
2529 CJ(L)=CJ(L)/SUM
2530 ENDDO
2531 RETURN
2532 END
2533 C
2534 C
2535 C
-----
2536 SUBROUTINE UPVP
2537 MARCH 1996 K. W. HESS CEOB
2538 C PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE INTERNAL MODE VARIABLES WITH VARIABLE
2539 C WIDTH. THESE ARE THE VERTICAL VELOCITIES, EDDY VISCOSES
2540 C AND HORIZONTAL VELOCITY DEPARTURES FROM THE VERTICAL
2541 C (SEE MECCA PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION, PART B).
2542 C INCLUDES NON-LINEAR TERMS W/O IF STATEMENTS AND
2543 C HAS 3-D HORIZONTAL VISCOSITY.
2544 C
2545 C VARIABLES
2546 C IBOTV = BOTTOM B.C. INDEX:
2547 C 0 : U=0
2548 C 1 : AvDU/DZ = TBX first order DU/DZ
2549 C 2 : AvDU/DZ = TBX second order DU/DZ
2550 C 3 : AvDU/DZ = TBX log-layer, mid-level
2551 C ITOPV = ORDER OF TOP B.C. DERIVATIVE
2552 C 1 : FIRST ORDER DU/DZ
2553 C 2 : SECOND
2554 C 3 : FIRST-ORDER TOTAL
2555 C
2556 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
2557 DIMENSION UP(LSIZE),UPM(LSIZE,NSIZE),UPMM(LSIZE,NSIZE),VP(LSIZE),
2558 2 VPM(LSIZE,NSIZE),VPM(LSIZE,NSIZE),FBC(LSIZE),CJ(LSIZE)
2559 CALL GETCJ(CJ,CI,LBOT,LSIZE,IBOTV)
2560 C NONLINEAR TERMS: INCLUDE IF IBETAA=1
2561 FNONL0=0.
2562 IF (IBETAA.EQ.0) FNONL0=1.
2563 C NONLINEAR TERMS:FOR NONL, 1=NO, 2=YES
2564 BETAH=MAX0(0,MIN0(1,IBETAH))
2565 KOCN=10*KOCNCS
2566 KRIV=10*(KOCNCS+1)
2567 LAYRM=LAYRS-1
2568 DIFF=0.0
2569 C
2570 B1=DTI/(8.*DO)
2571 B2=DTI/(2.*DO**2)
2572 B3=DTI/(2.*DL**2)
2573 B4=DTI/DL**2
2574 B5=DTI/(2.*DL)
2575 B6=DTI/DL
2576 B7=DTI/(16.*DL)
2577 B8=DTI/(4.*DL)
2578 B9=2./3.
2579 B10=4./3.
2580 FSPPLIT=ISPLIT
2581 C
2582 DO 90 L=1,LBOT
2583 FBC(L)=0.0
2584 90 IF (ITOPV.EQ.2) FBC(L)=0.33333
2585 C
2586 C BEGIN LOOP THRU THE MESH
2587 DO 550 M=1,MMAX
2588 C STORE THE PRESENT VELOCITIES
2589 DO 120 N=1,MMAX
2590 DO 120 L=1,LBOT
2591 IF (M.GT.1) GOTO 100
2592 UPM(L,N)=0.0
2593 VPM(L,N)=0.0
2594 GOTO 110
2595 UPM(L,N)=UP(L,N)
2596 IF (M.EQ.1) UPM(L,N)=2.*UPM(L,M)-U(L,N,M+1)
2597 VPM(L,N)=VPM(L,N)
2598 110 UPM(L,N)=U(L,N,M)
2599 VPM(L,N)=V(L,N,M)
2600 IF (N.EQ.1) VPM(L,M)=2.*V(L,N,M)-V(L,N+1,M)
2601 120 CONTINUE
2602 C REFINED THE COLUMN LIMITS
2603 NA=NAB(M)/1000
2604 NB=NAB(M)-1000*NA
2605 IF (NA.GT.NB) GOTO 550
2606 DO 545 N=NB,NB
2607 II=IFIELD(N,M)
2608 IF (II.LT.10) GOTO 540
2609 IBARR=MOD(II,10)
2610 IF (IBARR.EQ.3) GOTO 540
2611 C GET THE INTERNAL PRESSURE GRADIENT
2612 CALL GRADP(N,M,1)
2613 MM=MAX0(M-1,1)
2614 NP=MIN0(M+1,MMAX)
2615 NM=MAX0(M-1,1)
2616 NP=MIN0(N+1,MMAX)
2617 C
2618 C X-DIRECTION HORIZONTAL VELOCITY DEPARTURE

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2745 GOTO (290, 300, 290), ITOPV
2746 UP (1)=FA (1)+FB (1)*UP (2)
2747 GOTO 310
2748 300 UP (1)=FB (1)*UP (2)-.33333*UP (3)+FA (1)
2749 310 UNET=UNET+HALFDQ*UP (1)
2750 C ENFORCE ZERO NET INTERNAL-MODE FLOW
2751 DO 320 L=1, LBOT
2752 U (L, N, M)=UP (L)-UNET*CJ (L)
2753 C
2754 C Y-DIRECTION INTERNAL MODE VELOCITY
2755 C
2756 330 IF (IBARR.GE.2)GOTO 540
2757 IF (N.EQ.NMAX)GOTO 540
2758 IF (IFIELD (N, M).EQ.KOCN.AND.IFIELD (NP, M).EQ.KOCN)GOTO 540
2759 C CHECK FOR NON-LINEAR TERMS
2760 EDGE=AMINI (FEDGE (N, M), FEDGE (NP, M))
2761 FNONL=FNONL0
2762 IF (EDGE.LT.0.55)FNONL=0.
2763 C CHECK FOR CHANNEL:NO=0, YES=1.
2764 BETAC=1-IFIX (BY (N, M))
2765 C DEPTH VARIABLES
2766 HS=D (N, M)+BETAH*SE (N, M)
2767 HP=D (NP, M)+BETAH*SE (NP, M)
2768 HPP=HP
2769 IF (NP.LT.NMAX)HPP=D (NP+1, M)+BETAH*SE (NP+1, M)
2770 HB=.5*(HS+HP)
2771 HI=1./(HB+H)
2772 CFS=DTI*BETAC*CDRGS/(DL*V (N, M))
2773 C TOTAL EXTERNAL RETARDING FORCE
2774 YDT=DTI*( (DBY (N, M))-5*(TSY (N, M)+TSY (NP, M))) *HI+EDGE*GSTARY (N, M)
2775 1+( (THETSV (N, M)) *V (N, M))
2776 HISQ=B2*HI**2
2777 DELH=.25*(SEFP (N, M)+SEFP (NP, M)-SOLD (N, M)-SOLD (NP, M))*HI
2778 FAVG=1./ (E-FLOAT (MFLUX (N, M))+FLOAT (MFLUX (N, MM)))
2779 1+FLOAT (MFLUX (NP, M))+FLOAT (MFLUX (NP, MM)))
2780 FCOR=EDGE*FSPPLIT*(FCOR+DFDM*FLOAT (M-MCOR)+DFDM*FLOAT (M-NCOR))
2781 RAP=B3*HI/BY (N, M)*(BY (N, M)+BY (NP, M))
2782 RAM=B3*HI/BY (N, M)*(BY (N, M)+BY (NP, M))
2783 RBP=B4*HI
2784 RBP=B4*HI
2785 C NON-LINEAR TERMS
2786 CV=SIGN (1.0, VH (N, M))
2787 IF (FNONL.EQ.0.)THEN
2788 ANA=0.
2789 ELSE
2790 F1=B7*HI/BY (N, M)
2791 HBVM=F1*BY (NP, M)*(HS+D (NP, M)+BETAH*SE (NP, M))
2792 HBV=F1*BY (N, M)*(HS+HP)
2793 HBVP=F1*BY (NP, M)*(HS+HPP)
2794 HCP=B8*HI*(HS+HP+D (NP, M))+D (NP, M)+BETAH*(SE (NP, M)+SE (NP, M))
2795 HCM=B8*HI*(HS+HP+D (NP, M))+D (NP, M)+BETAH*(SE (NP, M)+SE (NP, M))
2796 ANA=B5*HI/BY (N, M)*( (1.-CV)*(THETA2 (NP, M)*VH (NP, M))
2797 1-THETA2 (N, M)*VH (N, M))+ (1.-CV)*(THETA2 (N, M)*VH (N, M))
2798 2-THETA2 (N, M)*VH (NP, M))+B6*HI*(THETA3 (N, M)-THETA3 (N, MM))
2799 ENDIF
2800 C APPLY TOP BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2801 IF (ITOPV.EQ.1)THEN
2802 FA (1)=HB*DQ/(AV (1, N, M)+AV (1, NP, M))*(TSY (N, M)+TSY (NP, M))
2803 FB (1)=1.0
2804 ELSE IF (ITOPV.EQ.2)THEN
2805 FA (1)=.66667*HB*DQ/(AV (1, N, M)+AV (1, NP, M))*(TSY (N, M)+TSY (NP, M))
2806 FB (1)=1.33333
2807 ELSE IF (ITOPV.EQ.3)THEN
2808 DP=HISQ*(AV (1, N, M)+AV (1, NP, M))
2809 GP=FNONL*B1*HI*(W (2, N, M)+W (2, NP, M)+W (1, N, M)+W (1, NP, M))
2810 DIF=RAP*AH3 (1, NP, M)*V (1, NP, M)-VPM (1, NP, M))
2811 1-RAM*AH3 (1, N, M)*V (1, N, M)-VPM (1, NM))
2812 2+(1.-BETAC)*(RBP*(U (1, NP, M)-UPM (1, N)+V (1, NP, M)-V (1, N, M))
2813 3*.25*(AH3 (1, N, M)+AH3 (1, NP, M)+AH3 (1, NP, M)+AH3 (1, NP, MM))
2814 4-RBM*(UPM (1, NP)-UPM (1, N)+V (1, N, M)-VPM (1, N))
2815 5*.25*(AH3 (1, N, M)+AH3 (1, NP, M)+AH3 (1, N, MM)+AH3 (1, NP, MM))
2816 VCNEN=V (L, N, M)+V (N, M)
2817 UB=UPM (1, N)+UPM (1, N)+UPM (1, NP)+UPM (1, NP)) *FAVG
2818 ANB=FNONL*( (1.-CV)*(HBVP*(V (1, NP, M)+V (NP, M))*2-HBY*(VCEN)**2)
2819 1+(1.+CV)*(HBY*(VCEN)**2-HBYM*(VPM (1, NM)+V (NM, M))*2)
2820 2+HCP*(U (1, N, M)+U (N, M)+U (1, NP, M)+U (NP, M))*VCEN
2821 3+V (1, N, M)+V (N, M)+HCM*(UPM (1, N)+U (N, M)+UPM (1, NP))
2822 4+U (NP, MM)*(VCEN+VPM (1, N)+V (NP, MM))
2823 YDTI*(TSY (N, M)+TSY (NP, M))*HI/DQ
2824 DENOM=1./ (1.-DELH+2.*(DP-GP)+CFS*ABS (VCEN))
2825 FA (1)=(VPM (1, N)*(1.-DELH)+YDT-CFS*ABS (VCEN))*VE (N, M)
2826 1-EDGE*DTI*GRY (1)-FCOR*UB+DIFF+ANA-ANB)+YDTI)*DENOM
2827 FB (1)=2.*(GP+DP)*DENOM
2828 ENDF
2829 C
2830 C LOOP THRU THE LAYERS
2831 390 DO 430 L=2, LAYRS
2832 DP=HISQ*(AV (L, N, M)+AV (L, NP, M))
2833 DM=HISQ*(AV (L-1, N, M)+AV (L-1, NP, M))
2834 UB=(UPM (L, N)+UPM (L, N)+UPM (L, NP)+UPM (L, NP))*FAVG
2835 C HORIZONTAL DIFFUSION OF MOMENTUM
2836 DIF=RAP*AH3 (L, NP, M)*V (L, NP, M)-V (L, N, M))
2837 1-RAM*AH3 (L, N, M)*V (L, N, M)-VPM (L, NM))
2838 2+(1.-BETAC)*(RBP*(U (L, NP, M)-UPM (L, N)+V (L, NP, M)-V (L, N, M))
2839 3*.25*(AH3 (L, N, M)+AH3 (L, NP, M)+AH3 (L, NP, M)+AH3 (L, NP, MM))
2840 4-RBM*(UPM (L, NP)-UPM (L, N)+V (L, N, M)-VPM (L, N))
2841 5*.25*(AH3 (L, N, M)+AH3 (L, NP, M)+AH3 (L, N, MM)+AH3 (L, NP, MM))
2842 C NON-LINEAR TERMS
2843 VCNEN=V (L, N, M)+V (N, M)
2844 ANB=FNONL*( (1.-CV)*(HBVP*(V (L, NP, M)+V (NP, M))*2-HBY*(VCEN)**2)
2845 1+(1.+CV)*(HBY*(VCEN)**2-HBYM*(VPM (L, NM)+V (NM, M))*2)
2846 2+HCP*(U (L, N, M)+U (N, M)+U (L, NP, M)+U (NP, M))*VCEN
2847 3+V (L, N, M)+V (N, M)+HCM*(UPM (L, N)+U (N, M)+UPM (L, NP))
2848 4-HCM*(UPM (L, N)+U (N, M)+UPM (L, NP)+U (NP, MM))*VCEN
2849 5*(VCEN+VPM (L, N)+V (N, MM))
2850 GM=FNONL*B1*HI*(W (L-1, N, M)+W (L-1, NP, M)+W (L, N, M)+W (L, NP, M))
2851 GP=FNONL*B1*HI*(W (L+1, N, M)+W (L+1, NP, M)+W (L, N, M)+W (L, NP, M))
2852 C COMPUTE THE RECURSIVE ARRAYS
2853 F1=GM-DM
2854 F2=ABS (VCEN)
2855 F2=1.+DELH*GM-GP+DM+DP+FS
2856 F3=GP-DF
2857 F4=VPM (L, N)*(1.-DELH)+YDT-FS*VE (N, M)-EDGE*DTI*GRY (L)-FCOR*UB+DIFF
2858 1+ANA-ANB
2859 DENOM=1./ (F2+F1*FB (L-1))
2860 FA (L)=(F4-F1*FA (L-1))*DENOM
2861 FB (L)=(FBC (L)*F1-F3)*DENOM
2862 430 CONTINUE
2863 C APPLY BOTTOM BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
2864 IF (IBOTV.EQ.0)THEN
2865 VP (LBOT)=-VE (N, M)
2866 ELSE IF (IBOTV.EQ.1)THEN ! FIRST ORDER
2867 RR=DQ*HB*(PHI (N, M)+PHI (NP, M))/(AV (LAYRS, N, M)+AV (LAYRS, NP, M))
2868 VP (LBOT)=(FA (LAYRS)-RR*VE (N, M))/(1.+RR*FB (LAYRS))
2869 ELSE IF (IBOTV.EQ.2)THEN ! SECOND ORDER
2870 RR=DQ*HB*(PHI (N, M)+PHI (NP, M))/(AV (LAYRS, N, M)+AV (LAYRS, NP, M))

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2871 VP (LBOT)=(2.*RR*VE (N, M)+FA (LAYRS-1)-(4.-FB (LAYRS
2872 1.-1))*FA (LAYRS))/( (4.-FB (LAYRS-1))*FB (LAYRS)-3.-2.*RR)
2873 F1=SE IF (IBOTV.EQ.3)THEN 1 STRESS AT MID-LEVEL
2874 F1=.25*(PHI (N, M)+PHI (NP, M))
2875 F2=.50*(AV (LAYRS, N, M)+AV (LAYRS, NP, M))/(DQ*HB)
2876 VP (LBOT)=(FA (LAYRS)*(F2-F1)-2.*F1*VE (N, M))/(F1+F2
2877 1-FB (LAYRS)*(F2-F1))
2878 END IF
2879 C FIND UPDATED VELOCITY AND NET VELOCITY
2880 UNET=HALFDQ*VP (LBOT)
2881 DO 490 I=1, LAYRM
2882 VP (LBOT-I)=FA (LBOT-I)+VP (LBOT-I+1)
2883 490 UNET=UNET+DQ*VP (LBOT-I)
2884 GOTO (500, 510, 500), ITOPV
2885 500 VP (1)=FA (1)+FB (1)*VP (2)
2886 GOTO 520
2887 510 VP (1)=FB (1)*VP (2)-.33333*VP (3)+FA (1)
2888 520 UNET=UNET+HALFDQ*VP (1)
2889 C ENFORCE ZERO NET FLO
2890 DO 530 L=1, LBOT
2891 V (L, N, M)=VP (L)-UNET*CJ (L)
2892 C
2893 540 CONTINUE
2894 545 CONTINUE
2895 550 CONTINUE
2896 C
2897 660 CONTINUE
2898 RETURN
2899 END
2900 C
2901 C-----
2902 C
2903 SUBROUTINE VERVIS
2904 C SEPTEMBER 1987 MEAD K.W.HESS VAX 11/780
2905 C PURPOSE - TO UPDATE ALL VERTICAL EXCHANGE COEFFICIENTS.
2906 C USE THE MONK AND ANDERSON FORMULATION.
2907 C
2908 C VARIABLES -
2909 C INDEX = RUN UPDATE INDEX:0=RESTART CONDITION,1=NORMAL
2910 C RICHNO = RICHARDSON NUMBER = (D(RHO)/DZ)/( (DU/DZ)**2)*RHO*G)
2911 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
2912 COMMON/CDTMAX
2913 BETAH=MAXO (0, MINO (1, IBETAH))
2914 IF (NSTI.EQ.1)DTIMAX=1.E+10
2915 C SET VERTICAL DENSITY CHANGE (GM/CC) PER METER
2916 DO 130 M=1, MMAX
2917 DO 120 N=1, NMAX
2918 IF (IFIELD (N, M).LE.0)GOTO 120
2919 AVMAX=0.0
2920 MM=MAXO (M-1, 1)
2921 MP=MINO (M+1, MMAX)
2922 NM=MAXO (N-1, 1)
2923 NP=MINO (N+1, NMAX)
2924 HS=AMAX1 (1.0, D (N, M)+BETAH*SE (N, M))
2925 F1=-AG/(HS*DQ)
2926 F2=1./ (HS*DQ)
2927 C ESTABLISH WEIGHTING FACTORS FOR VELOCITY
2928 FD=1./AMAX1 (1.414, FLOAT (MFLUX (N, M)+MFLUX (N, MM)))
2929 FX1=FLOAT (MFLUX (N, M))*FD
2930 IF (M.EQ.1)FX1=1.0
2931 FX2=FLOAT (MFLUX (N, MM))*FD
2932 FD1=1./AMAX1 (1.414, FLOAT (NFLUX (N, M)+NFLUX (NM, M)))
2933 FY1=FLOAT (NFLUX (N, M))*FD
2934 IF (N.EQ.1)FY1=1.0
2935 FY2=FLOAT (NFLUX (NM, M))*FD
2936 C LOOP THRU LAYERS
2937 DO 100 L=1, LAYRS
2938 FAV=0.
2939 FDV=0.
2940 Q=ABS (FLOAT (1-L)*DQ-HALFDQ)
2941 C mixing length for momentum diffusivity
2942 Z1=VONKAR*HS*(1.-Q)*Q*CR0
2943 C GET VELOCITY GRADIENT
2944 DUM=U (L, N, MM)-U (L+1, N, MM)
2945 IF (M.EQ.1)DUM=0.0
2946 DVM=V (L, NM, M)-V (L+1, NM, M)
2947 IF (N.EQ.1)DVM=0.0
2948 DELU=FX1*(U (L, N, M)-U (L+1, N, M))+FX2*(DUM)
2949 DELV=FY1*(V (L, N, M)-V (L+1, N, M))+FY2*(DVM)
2950 DUDZ=SQRT (DELU**2+DELV**2)*2+1
2951 C GET DENSITY GRADIENT PER UNIT DENSITY
2952 IF (ICOUPL.GT.0)THEN
2953 DELTA=FRHO (S (L, N, M), T (L, N, M))-FRHO (S (L+1, N, M), T (L+1, N, M))
2954 ELSE
2955 DELRHO=0.0000
2956 DELTA=DELRHO*HS*DQ
2957 END IF
2958 C NEW RICHARDSON NUMBER: ALLOWS FOR NEGATIVE RI
2959 RICHNO=RAMPG*F1*DELTA/(DUDZ**2)
2960 RICHNO=AMAX1 (RICHNO, AMINI (RIMAX, RICHNO))
2961 RI (L, N, M)=RICHNO
2962 IF (RICHNO.GT.0.0)THEN
2963 FAV=CRICH (1)*(1.+CRICH (2)*RICHNO)**(-CRICH (3))
2964 FDV=CRICH (5)*(1.+CRICH (6)*RICHNO)**(-CRICH (7))
2965 ELSE
2966 FAV=CRICH (1)*(1.+CRICH (4)*RICHNO**2)
2967 FDV=CRICH (5)*(1.+CRICH (8)*RICHNO**2)
2968 90 VISNEW=AV0+FAV*DUDZ*Z1**2
2969 DIFNEW=DV0+FDV*DUDZ*Z1**2
2970 C UPDATE
2971 IF (AV (L, N, M).EQ.0.0)THEN
2972 AV (L, N, M)=VISNEW
2973 ELSE
2974 AV (L, N, M)=SQRT (AV (L, N, M)*VISNEW)
2975 END IF
2976 IF (DV (L, N, M).EQ.0.0)THEN
2977 DV (L, N, M)=DIFNEW
2978 ELSE
2979 DV (L, N, M)=SQRT (DV (L, N, M)*DIFNEW)
2980 END IF
2981 100 IF (L.GT.1)AVMAX=AMAX1 (AVMAX, AV (L, N, M))
2982 C UPDATE SCALE EXPLICIT INTERNAL-MODE TIMESTEP BASED ON DIFFUSION
2983 IF (HR.GT.HRCON2.AND.AVMAX.GT.0.0)DTIMAX=AMINI (DTIMAX,
2984 1 .25*(DQ*HS)**2/AVMAX)
2985 120 CONTINUE
2986 130 CONTINUE
2987 C LOOP THRU OCEANIC BOUNDARIES
2988 IF (NUMOBC.LE.0)RETURN
2989 DO 200 IB=1, NUMOBC
2990 DO 200 NB=1 (IB), NB2 (IB)
2991 DO 200 MB=1 (IB), MB2 (IB)
2992 MP=MB
2993 IF (IABS (ITPO (IB)).EQ.1)MP=MB-ISIGN (1, ITPO (IB))
2994 NP=N
2995 IF (IABS (ITPO (IB)).EQ.2)NP=MB-ISIGN (1, ITPO (IB))
2996 DO L=1, LAYRS

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2997 AV(L,N,M)=AV(L,NP,MP)
2998 DV(L,N,M)=DV(L,NP,MP)
2999 ENDDO
3000 200 CONTINUE
3001 IF (IPRNT1.GT.0)WRITE (ISCR,*) 'UT=' ,UT, ' DTIMAX=' ,DTIMAX
3002 IF (IPRNT1.GT.0)WRITE (ISCR,*) 'AVMAX=' ,AVMAX
3003 RETURN
3004 END
3005 C
3006 C-----
3007 C
3008 SUBROUTINE WVERT
3009 C MARCH 1986 K.W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
3010 C PURPOSE - TO CALCULATE W, THE PRODUCT OF H AND DQ/DTI
3011 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3012 C SET CONSTANTS
3013 C F1=.25*DQ/DL
3014 C KOCN=10*KOCNBC
3015 C LOOP THRU THE GRID MESH
3016 C DO 140 M=1,MMAX
3017 C NA=NAB(M)/1000
3018 C NB=NAB(M)-1000*NA
3019 C MM=MAX0(M-1,1)
3020 C MP=MIN0(M+1,MMAX)
3021 C IF (NA.GT.NB)GOTO 140
3022 C DO 130 N=NA,NB
3023 C IF (IFIELD(N,M)/10.LT.1.OR.IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC)GOTO 130
3024 C WATER GRID HERE
3025 C HC=D(N,M)+SE(N,M)
3026 C F2=F1/AREA(N,M)
3027 C HMP=F2*BX(N,M)*(HC+D(N,MP))+SE(N,MP)
3028 C HMM=F2*BX(N,MM)*(HC+D(N,MM))+SE(N,MM)
3029 C NP=MIN0(N+1,MMAX)
3030 C NM=MAX0(N-1,1)
3031 C HNF=F2*BY(N,M)*(HC+D(NP,M))+SE(NP,M)
3032 C HNM=F2*BY(NM,M)*(HC+D(NM,M))+SE(NM,M)
3033 C WC IS THE PRODUCT OF THE DEPTH AND THE DIMENSIONLESS VERT. VEL.
3034 C WC(LBOT)=0.0
3035 C DO 100 L=LAYRS,1,-1
3036 C 100 WC(L)=WC(L+1)-(HMP*(U(L,N,M)+U(L+1,N,M))-HMM*(U(L,N,MM)
3037 C 1+(U(L,N,MM)))+HNF*(V(L,N,M)+V(L+1,N,M))-HNM*(V(L,NM,M)
3038 C 2+V(L+1,NM,M)))
3039 C GET THE ADJUSTED DIMENSIONLESS VERTICAL VELOCITY
3040 C DO 110 L=L,LBOT
3041 C 110 W(L,N,M)=WC(L)-WC(L+1)*FLOAT(LBOT-L)*DQ
3042 C 130 CONTINUE
3043 C 140 CONTINUE
3044 C RETURN
3045 C END
3046 C=====
3047 C MECCA: FORCES
3048 C-----
3049 C
3050 C SUBROUTINE FORCES
3051 C
3052 C APRIL 1988 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX11/750
3053 C PURPOSE - TO SET THE INTERFACIAL STRESS TERMS:
3054 C BOTTOM STRESS AND WIND STRESS AND AIR TEMPERATURE
3055 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3056 C GET WIND STRESS AND AIR TEMPERATURE
3057 C IF (NSTE.EQ.1)CALL ATMOS
3058 C UPDATE BOTTOM STRESS
3059 C CALL BSTRES
3060 C UPDATE EXTERNAL PRESSURE GRADIENTS
3061 C CALL ALGRAD
3062 C RETURN
3063 C END
3064 C-----
3065 C
3066 C SUBROUTINE ATMOS
3067 C APRIL 1986 K. W. HESS CEBB SGI/IRIS
3068 C PURPOSE - TO SET THE WIND STRESS AND AIR TEMPERATURE
3069 C VARIABLES -
3070 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3071 C COMMON/METOX,TMET8(2),ITYPE1
3072 C REAL*8 TMET8,FA8,FB8
3073 C RAMPW=AMIN1(1.0,CUMDAY)
3074 C INITIALIZE
3075 C IF (NSIGW.GT.0.AND.IENDWN.EQ.0)GOTO 100
3076 C DPADX=0.0
3077 C DPADY=0.0
3078 C DO N=1,MMAX
3079 C DO M=1,MMAX
3080 C TSX(N,M)=0
3081 C TSY(N,M)=0
3082 C ENDDO
3083 C ENDDO
3084 C IF (NSIGW.EQ.0)RETURN
3085 C IF (IENDWN.EQ.1)THEN
3086 C WRITE(6,*) ' NO MORE GRIDDED WIND DATA'
3087 C RETURN
3088 C ENDIF
3089 C check for time of available data
3090 C CONTINUE
3091 C 100 IF (IPRNT1.EQ.1)WRITE(6,105)TMET8(1),YT,TMET8(2)
3092 C 105 FORMAT(5X,'TMET8(1)=' ,F12.7, ' YT=' ,F12.7, ' TMET8(2)=' ,F12.7)
3093 C 110 IF (YT.GT.TMET8(2))THEN
3094 C save
3095 C TMET8(1)=TMET8(2)
3096 C DO N=1,MMAX
3097 C DO M=1,MMAX
3098 C FX(1,N,M)=FX(2,N,M)
3099 C FY(1,N,M)=FY(2,N,M)
3100 C ENDDO
3101 C ENDDO
3102 C set default values
3103 C DO N=1,MMAX
3104 C DO M=1,MMAX
3105 C FX(2,N,M)=0
3106 C FY(2,N,M)=0
3107 C ENDDO
3108 C ENDDO
3109 C read next array
3110 C I=2
3111 C CALL ROWIND(I,IEND)
3112 C IF (IEND.EQ.1)RETURN
3113 C IF (IPRNT1.EQ.1)WRITE(6,105)TMET8(1),YT,TMET8(2)
3114 C GOTO 110
3115 C ENDIF
3116 C get interpolated stress
3117 C FB8=(YT-TMET8(1))/(TMET8(2)-TMET8(1))
3118 C F2=FB8
3119 C FA8=1.-FB8
3120 C F1=FA8
3121 C IF (IPRNT1.EQ.1)WRITE(6,*) ' F1,2, ITYPE1=' ,F1,F2,ITYPE1
3122 C
3123 C DO N=1,MMAX
3124 C DO M=1,MMAX
3125 C TSX(N,M)=RAMPW*(F1*FX(1,N,M)+F2*FX(2,N,M))
3126 C TSY(N,M)=RAMPW*(F1*FY(1,N,M)+F2*FY(2,N,M))
3127 C IF (ITYPE1.EQ.1)THEN
3128 C W1=TSX(N,M)
3129 C W2=TSY(N,M)
3130 C W10=SQRT(W1**2+W2**2)
3131 C CDRGAW=CDR1+CDR2*W10
3132 C TSX(N,M)=DENRAT*CDRGAW*W10*W1
3133 C TSY(N,M)=DENRAT*CDRGAW*W10*W2
3134 C WX(N,M)=W1
3135 C WY(N,M)=W2
3136 C ENDDO
3137 C ENDDO
3138 C adjust atmospheric pressure gradient
3139 C DPADX=RAMPW*DPADX
3140 C DPADY=RAMPW*DPADY
3141 C adjust for shallow water
3142 C IF (DTAU2.LT.0.0)GOTO 130
3143 C DO 120 M=1,MMAX
3144 C DO 120 N=1,MMAX
3145 C IF (MFLUX(N,M).EQ.1)THEN
3146 C DEFF=AMIN1(D(N,M)+SE(N,M),D(N,M+1)+SE(N,M+1))
3147 C FACTOR=AMAX1(0.0,AMIN1(1.0,(DEFF-DTAU1)/(DTAU2-DTAU1)))
3148 C TSX(N,M)=TSX(N,M)*FACTOR
3149 C ENDDO
3150 C IF (NFLUX(N,M).EQ.1)THEN
3151 C DEFF=AMIN1(D(N,M)+SE(N,M),D(N+1,M)+SE(N+1,M))
3152 C FACTOR=AMAX1(0.0,AMIN1(1.0,(DEFF-DTAU1)/(DTAU2-DTAU1)))
3153 C TSY(N,M)=TSY(N,M)*FACTOR
3154 C ENDDO
3155 C CONTINUE
3156 C 120 CONTINUE
3157 C 130 CONTINUE
3158 C RETURN
3159 C END
3160 C-----
3161 C
3162 C SUBROUTINE BSTRES
3163 C SEPTEMBER 1996 K. W. HESS
3164 C PURPOSE - TO UPDATE THE BOTTOM STRESS. TBX IS AT LOCATION
3165 C OF UH, TBY IS AT VH.
3166 C VARIABLES -
3167 C IBOTV = BOTTOM CONDITION INDEX
3168 C 0 = NON-SLIP
3169 C 1 = SLIP, FIRST ORDER
3170 C 2 = SLIP, SECOND ORDER
3171 C 3 = LOG LAYER
3172 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3173 C DIMENSION UTO(NSIZE,MSIZE),VTO(NSIZE,MSIZE)
3174 C DATA Z0/0.003/
3175 C SELECT WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR OLD VS. NEW STRESS
3176 C FNEW=1.
3177 C FOLD=1.-FNEW
3178 C COMPUTE THE WEIGHTING FACTORS FOR NO-SLIP AND LOG-LAYER STRESS
3179 C GAMMA=1.
3180 C IF (IBOTV.EQ.0)GAMMA=.0
3181 C IF (IBOTV.EQ.3)GAMMA=.5
3182 C COMPUTE THE TOTAL BOTTOM VELOCITY
3183 C DO M=1,MMAX
3184 C DO N=1,MMAX
3185 C UTO(N,M)=UE(N,M)+GAMMA*U(LBOT,N,M)+(1.-GAMMA)*U(LBOT-1,N,M)
3186 C VTO(N,M)=VE(N,M)+GAMMA*V(LBOT,N,M)+(1.-GAMMA)*V(LBOT-1,N,M)
3187 C ENDDO
3188 C ENDDO
3189 C COMPUTE THE EFFECTIVE BOTTOM DRAG COEFFICIENT, PHI
3190 C DO 110 M=1,MMAX
3191 C DO 110 N=1,MMAX
3192 C IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10)GOTO 110
3193 C MM=MAX0(M-1,1)
3194 C NN=MAX0(N-1,1)
3195 C DRAG COEFFICIENT AT GRID CENTER BASED ON LOCAL VELOCITY
3196 C UB=(UTO(N,M)+UTO(N,MM))/(FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)+MFLUX(N,MM))+E)
3197 C VB=(VTO(N,M)+VTO(N,MM))/(FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M)+MFLUX(N,MM))+E)
3198 C zero bottom velocity
3199 C IF (IBOTV.EQ.0)THEN
3200 C PHI(N,M)=AV(LAYRS,N,M)/((D(N,M)+E)*DQ)
3201 C log layer
3202 C ELSE IF (IBOTV.EQ.3)THEN
3203 C PHI(N,M)=(0.4/ALOG(.5*D(N,M)*DQ/Z0))**2*SQRT(UB**2+VB**2)
3204 C ELSE
3205 C PHI(N,M)=CDWB1+CDWB2*SQRT(UB**2+VB**2)
3206 C ENDDO
3207 C CONTINUE
3208 C 110 STRESS
3209 C DO 140 M=1,MMAX
3210 C MP=MIN0(M+1,MMAX)
3211 C DO 140 N=1,MMAX
3212 C IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10)GOTO 140
3213 C NP=MIN0(N-1,MMAX)
3214 C TNEWX=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(N,MP))*UTO(N,M)
3215 C TNEWY=.5*(PHI(N,M)+PHI(NP,M))*VTO(N,M)
3216 C TIME AVERAGE
3217 C TBX(N,M)=FOLD*TBX(N,M)+FNEW*TNEWX
3218 C TBY(N,M)=FOLD*TBY(N,M)+FNEW*TNEWY
3219 C CONTINUE
3220 C 140 CONTINUE
3221 C 150 CONTINUE
3222 C RETURN
3223 C END
3224 C-----
3225 C
3226 C SUBROUTINE ALGRAD
3227 C APRIL 1988 HESS MEAD VAX
3228 C PURPOSE - TO SET ALL HORIZONTAL DENSITY GRADIENTS
3229 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3230 C SET THE INTERNAL PRESSURE RAMP FACTOR
3231 C RAMPFC=AMAX1(0.,AMIN1(1.0,(HR1-HRCON1)/(HRCON2-HRCON1)))
3232 C SET INITIAL DENSITY GRADIENTS
3233 C IF (KONCEN.EQ.0)GOTO 330
3234 C DO 320 M=1,MMAX
3235 C DO 320 N=1,MMAX
3236 C IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10)GOTO 320
3237 C IBARR=MOD(IFIELD(N,M),10)
3238 C IF (IBARR.EQ.3)GOTO 320
3239 C CALL GRADP(N,M,1)
3240 C CONTINUE
3241 C 320 CONTINUE
3242 C 330 CONTINUE
3243 C RETURN
3244 C END
3245 C=====
3246 C MECCA FILE : MREAD
3247 C-----
3248 C

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3249 SUBROUTINE READZ
3250
3251 C APRIL 1988 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
3252 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN RUN-TIME FILE NAMES IN AN INTERACTIVE
3253 C MODE
3254 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3255 C ZERO OUT INITIAL ARRAYS
3256 C CALL ZEROS
3257 C OPEN FILE AND READ THE CONTROL FILE
3258 LUCON=LUCK
3259 RAD=PI/180.
3260 DENRAT=RHOA/RHOW
3261 CALL RDCON1(JTEST, IVER)
3262 CALL RDCON2(JTEST, IVER)
3263 CALL RDCON3(JTEST, IVER)
3264 C OPEN OUTPUT PRINT FILE
3265 CALL FOPEN(IO, FPRINT)
3266 C OPEN GRAPHING FILES
3267 IF (IGPH.GT.0) CALL FOPEN(LUGRF, FGRAPH)
3268 C OPEN GEOGRAPHY FILE
3269 CALL FOPEN(LUCON, FGE0)
3270 CALL RDGEO(LUCON)
3271 CLOSE (LUCON)
3272 C GET INITIAL CONDITIONS
3273 NSTI=0
3274 NSTE=0
3275 NSTIT=0
3276 NSTEF=0
3277 HRO=0.0
3278 UT1=UTO
3279 YEAR1=YEAR
3280 IF (ICS.EQ.1) THEN
3281 CALL RDICS
3282 HRO=FLOAT(NSTET)*DTE/3600.
3283 CUMDAY=HRO/24.
3284 NSTIT=NSTET/ISPLIT
3285 ENDIF
3286 RETURN
3287 END
3288 C
3289 C-----
3290 C
3291 SUBROUTINE RDCON1(JTEST, IVER)
3292 C OCTOBER 1984 K. HESS MEAD VAX 11/70 (REV 8-89)
3293 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN THE CONTROL FILE
3294 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3295 DIMENSION MXNX(NPMSIZ)
3296 C THIS IS FOR CON FILE VERSIONS 4 - 5 (8-89)
3297 JVER1=4
3298 JVER2=5
3299 IUNIT=LUCON
3300 C READ DATA FILE HERE
3301 READ (IUNIT,100) CTITLE
3302 100 FORMAT (8A10)
3303 WRITE (ISCR,101) CTITLE
3304 101 FORMAT (5X,'CON FILE TITLE: ',8A10)
3305 READ (IUNIT,103) FGE0
3306 103 FORMAT (A40)
3307 READ (IUNIT,*) IVER, JTEST, KTEST
3308 WRITE (ISCR,*) IVER, JTEST, KTEST
3309 WRITE (ISCR,105) FGE0
3310 105 FORMAT (5X,'GEOGRAPHY FILE: ',A40)
3311 C
3312 C READ MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA
3313 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,108)
3314 108 FORMAT (1X,'MODEL CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS')
3315 READ (IUNIT,1002)
3316 1002 FORMAT (1X)
3317 1002 FORMAT (/,1X)
3318 1100 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1108) HRMAX, HROUT, HROUT0, HRSAVE
3319 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,HRMAX, HROUT, HROUT0, HRSAVE
3320 GOTO 1109
3321 1108 WRITE (ISCR,1107)
3322 1107 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING HRMAX, ETC. ***')
3323 1109 CONTINUE
3324 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3325 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1118) DTE, ISPLIT, LAYRS
3326 DTI=ISPLIT*DTE
3327 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,DTE, ISPLIT, LAYRS
3328 GOTO 1119
3329 1118 WRITE (ISCR,1117)
3330 1117 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING DTE, ISPLIT, ETC. ***')
3331 1119 CONTINUE
3332 NDZM=LSIZE-1
3333 C IF (LAYRS.GE.3.AND.LAYRS.LE.NDZM)GOTO 1122
3334 C WRITE (ISCR,1120) LAYRS,NDZM
3335 c1120 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: LAYRS=',I3,' IS NOT BETWEEN 3 AND ',I3)
3336 c STOP
3337 1122 CONTINUE
3338 C TURBULENCE VARIABLES
3339 DHAM=1.0
3340 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3341 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1217) AH00, AH0, CAH, DHAH, RIMIN, RIMAX
3342 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,AH00, AH0, CAH, DHAH, RIMIN, RIMAX
3343 GOTO 1220
3344 1217 WRITE (ISCR,1218)
3345 1218 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING AH0, CAH ***')
3346 1220 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1222) AV00, AV0, CRICH (I), I=1,4)
3347 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,AV00, AV0, (CRICH (I), I=1,4)
3348 GOTO 1224
3349 1222 WRITE (ISCR,1223)
3350 1223 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING AV0, CRICH1, ETC ***')
3351 1224 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1226) DV00, DV0, (CRICH (I), I=5,8)
3352 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,DV00, DV0, (CRICH (I), I=5,8)
3353 GOTO 1230
3354 1226 WRITE (ISCR,1227)
3355 1227 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING DV0 CRICH3, ETC ***')
3356 C UPDATE INTERVALS
3357 1230 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1255) IHVISC, IVISC, CRO
3358 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,IHVISC, IVISC, CRO
3359 GOTO 128
3360 1255 WRITE (ISCR,1256)
3361 1256 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING IHVISC, IVISC. ***')
3362 C DRAG COEFFICIENTS
3363 128 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3364 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1231) CDWB1, CDWB2, CDRGWS, CDRI, CDR2
3365 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,CDWB1, CDWB2, CDRGWS, CDRI, CDR2
3366 GOTO 1234
3367 1231 WRITE (ISCR,1232)
3368 1232 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING CDWB1, CDWB2, CDRGWS ***')
3369 C HEATING CONSTANTS
3370 1234 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3371 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1240) ALB, D10PCT
3372 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,ALB, D10PCT
3373 GOTO 1245
3374 1240 WRITE (ISCR,1244)
3375 1244 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING CLOUD, RH ***')
3376 C SWITCHES
3377 1245 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3378 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1260) ICOR, IBETAA, IBETAP, IBETAH
3379 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,ICOR, IBETAA, IBETAP, IBETAH
3380 GOTO 1270
3381 1260 WRITE (ISCR,1262)
3382 1262 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING ICOR, ETC. ***')
3383 1270 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1272) IEXTRN, INTER, KONCEN, ICOUPL
3384 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,IEXTRN, INTER, KONCEN, ICOUPL
3385 GOTO 1280
3386 1272 WRITE (ISCR,1274)
3387 1274 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING IEXTRN, ETC. ***')
3388 1280 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1285) ITOPV, IBOTV, IHEAT, ICPOS
3389 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,ITOPV, IBOTV, IHEAT, ICPOS
3390 GOTO 1290
3391 1285 WRITE (ISCR,1287)
3392 1287 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING IHEAT, ETC. ***')
3393 1290 CONTINUE
3394 C READ PRINT PARAMETERS
3395 136 CONTINUE
3396 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,135)
3397 135 FORMAT (1X,'MODEL PRINT PARAMETERS')
3398 READ (IUNIT,1002)
3399 C PLAN VIEW VARIABLES
3400 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=137) (JPRNT (I), I=1,13)
3401 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,(JPRNT (I), I=1,13)
3402 GOTO 1390
3403 137 WRITE (ISCR,138)
3404 138 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING JPRNT, ETC. ***')
3405 C PAGE FORMATS
3406 1390 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3407 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1392) KPRNT1, KPRNT2
3408 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,KPRNT1, KPRNT2
3409 GOTO 140
3410 1392 WRITE (ISCR,1394)
3411 1394 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING IEXTRN, ETC. ***')
3412 C PRINT AT ALL LEVELS
3413 140 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3414 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=141) NPRMN
3415 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,NPRMN
3416 GOTO 144
3417 141 WRITE (ISCR,142)
3418 142 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING NPRMN, ETC. ***')
3419 144 IF (NPRMN.LE.NDPRN) GOTO 146
3420 WRITE (ISCR,145) NPRMN,NDPRN
3421 145 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: NPRMN=',I2,' GREATER THAN NDPRN=',I2)
3422 STOP
3423 146 CONTINUE
3424 IF (NPRMN.GT.0) READ (IUNIT,*) (IPRNM (J), J=1, NPRMN)
3425 IF (NPRMN.GT.0) PRINT*, (IPRNM (J), J=1, NPRMN)
3426 C CELLS IN LONGITUDINAL SECTION
3427 READ (IUNIT,1001) ISLICE
3428 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1400) ISLICE
3429 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,ISLICE
3430 GOTO 1406
3431 1400 WRITE (ISCR,1402)
3432 1402 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR READING ISLICE ***')
3433 1410 IF (ISLICE.LE.NDSLCL1) GOTO 1406
3434 1410 IF (ISLICE.GE.1404) ISLICE, NDSLCL1
3435 1404 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: ISLICE=',I2,' GREATER THAN NDSLCL1=',I2)
3436 STOP
3437 1406 CONTINUE
3438 IF (ISLICE.EQ.0) GOTO 180
3439 DO 170 I=1, ISLICE
3440 READ (IUNIT,*) JSLICE (I), (MXNX (J), J=1, JSLICE (I))
3441 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*, JSLICE (I), (MXNX (J), J=1, JSLICE (I))
3442 IF (JSLICE (I).LE.NDSLCL2) GOTO 155
3443 WRITE (ISCR,152) JSLICE (I), NDSLCL2
3444 152 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: JSLICE=',I2,' GREATER THAN NDSLCL2=',I2)
3445 STOP
3446 155 NTOTAL=0
3447 DO 160 J=1, JSLICE (I)
3448 MSLICE (J, I)=MXNX (J)/1000
3449 NSLICE (J, I)=MXNX (J)-1000*(MXNX (J)/1000)
3450 IF (J.GT.1) THEN
3451 NDIF=ABS (NSLICE (J, I)-NSLICE (J-1, I))
3452 MDIF=ABS (MSLICE (J, I)-MSLICE (J-1, I))
3453 NTOTAL=NTOTAL+1
3454 IF (.NOT. (MDIF.EQ.0.AND.NDIF.GT.0).OR.
3455 1 (NDIF.EQ.0.AND.MDIF.GT.0).OR.
3456 2 (NDIF.EQ.MDIF))) THEN
3457 WRITE (ISCR,157) I, MDIF, NDIF
3458 157 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: IN SLICE NO.=',I2,' MDIF=',
3459 1 I3,' AND NDIF=',I3)
3460 STOP
3461 END IF
3462 END IF
3463 160 CONTINUE
3464 166 CONTINUE
3465 170 CONTINUE
3466 C CELLS FOR LATER GRAPHING
3467 180 READ (IUNIT,1001)
3468 READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=1411) IGPH, NSTGPH, IGPHOP
3469 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,IGPH, NSTGPH, IGPHOP
3470 GOTO 1420
3471 1411 WRITE (ISCR,1412)
3472 1412 FORMAT (5X,'*** ERROR READING IGPH,NGPH ***')
3473 1420 IF (IGPH.LE.0) GOTO 191
3474 IF (IGPH.LE.NDGP) GOTO 1430
3475 WRITE (ISCR,1424) IGPH,NDGP
3476 1424 FORMAT (1X,'*** ERROR: IGPH=',I2,' GREATER THAN NDGP=',I2)
3477 STOP
3478 1430 JGPH=MNO (IGPH,36)
3479 DO 190 I=1, JGPH
3480 IF (I.GT. JGPH) READ (IUNIT,*) X
3481 IF (I.LE. JGPH) READ (IUNIT,*,ERR=185) LGPH (I), MGPH (I), NGPH (I), ITYP (I)
3482 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*,LGPH (I), MGPH (I), NGPH (I), ITYP (I)
3483 GOTO 190
3484 185 WRITE (ISCR,186)
3485 186 FORMAT (5X,'*** (RDCON) ERROR READING LGPH, MGPH, ETC ***')
3486 190 CONTINUE
3487 191 CONTINUE
3488 IGPH=JGPH
3489 RETURN
3490 END
3491 C
3492 C-----
3493 C
3494 SUBROUTINE RDCON2(JTEST, IVER)
3495
3496 C JUNE 1994 K. HESS CEOB HP9000
3497 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL DATA AS SEPARATE FILES
3498 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3499 C CHARACTER*40 FDATA
3500 IUNIT=LUCON

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3501 IU=LUCON
3502 C READ RUN START DATE
3503 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 90)
3504 90 FORMAT (1X, 'TIME VARIABLE INPUTS')
3505 READ (IUNIT, 1002)
3506 1001 FORMAT (1X)
3507 1002 FORMAT (/, 1X)
3508 READ (IUNIT, *, ERR=95) IYEAR, MONTH, IDAY, IHOURL, IMIN
3509 IF (IYEAR.LT.100) IYEAR=IYEAR+1900
3510 YEAR=IYEAR
3511 YEAR0=YEAR
3512 YEAR1=YEAR
3513 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*, 'YEAR=', IYEAR, MONTH, IDAY, IHOURL, IMIN
3514 GOTO 98
3515 95 WRITE (ISCR, 96)
3516 96 FORMAT (5X, '*** (RDCON) ERROR READING IYEAR, ETC. ***')
3517 STOP
3518 98 CALL JULIAN (IYEAR, MONTH, IDAY, UT, NDAYMO)
3519 UTO=UT+(FLOAT (IHOURL)+FLOAT (IMIN)/60.)/24.
3520 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) PRINT*, 'UTO=', UTO
3521 C
3522 C READ TIDAL WATER LEVEL DATA
3523 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3524 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'WATER LEVEL DATA'
3525 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LUTID, IENDTD, DTID, YTID, NSIGT, NDTID2, TDLEV)
3526 C
3527 C READ WIND DATA:
3528 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3529 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'WIND DATA'
3530 READ (IUNIT, 1001)
3531 READ (IUNIT, *) NSIGW
3532 IENDWN=0
3533 IF (NSIGW.EQ.0) THEN
3534 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3535 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' NO INPUT DATA '
3536 IENDWN=1
3537 GOTO 300
3538 ENDIF
3539 READ (IUNIT, 100) FDATA
3540 100 FORMAT (A40)
3541 WRITE (ISCR, 130) FDATA, NSIGW, LUMND
3542 130 FORMAT (5X, 'FILE NAME=', A40, //, 5X, 'NSIG=', I2, ' LUT=', I2)
3543 CALL FUOPEN (LUMND, FDATA)
3544 DO 220 I=1, 2
3545 220 CALL RDWIND (I, IEND)
3546 IENDWN=IEND
3547 300 CONTINUE
3548 C
3549 C READ IN RIVER FLOWRATE DATA
3550 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3551 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'RIVER FLOWRATE DATA'
3552 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LURIV, IENDRV, DRIV, YRIV, NSIGR, NDRIV2, QRV)
3553 C
3554 C READ IN OCEANIC SALINITY CONCENTRATION
3555 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3556 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'OCEAN SALINITY DATA'
3557 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LUSAL, IENDSO, DSAL, YSAL, NSIGS, NDOCN2, SALOCN)
3558 C
3559 C READ IN OCEANIC TEMPERATURES
3560 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3561 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'OCEAN TEMPERATURE DATA'
3562 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LUOCT, IENDTO, DOTP, YOTP, NSIGTO, NDOCN2, TMOPCN)
3563 C
3564 C READ IN RIVER TEMPERATURES
3565 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3566 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'RIVER TEMPERATURE DATA'
3567 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LURVT, IENDRT, DRVT, YRVT, NSIGRT, NDRIV2, TRIV)
3568 C
3569 C READ IN ADDITIONAL MET DATA
3570 WRITE (ISCR, *) ' '
3571 WRITE (ISCR, *) 'ADDITIONAL MET DATA'
3572 CALL IRR (IU, ISCR, LUMET, IENDMT, DMET, YMET, NSIGM, NDMET2, WMET)
3573 C
3574 C READ IN INITIAL CONDITIONS INDEX AND FILE
3575 READ (IUNIT, 1001)
3576 READ (IUNIT, *) ICS
3577 WRITE (ISCR, 510) ICS
3578 510 FORMAT (/, 1X, 'INITIALIZATION. ICS=', I2)
3579 IF (ICS.EQ.0) GOTO 600
3580 READ (IUNIT, 100) FINIT
3581 WRITE (ISCR, 520) FINIT
3582 520 FORMAT (1X, 'INITIALIZATION FILE NAME=', A40)
3583 600 CONTINUE
3584 RETURN
3585 END
3586 C-----
3587 C
3588 C SUBROUTINE RDCON3 (JTEST, IVER)
3589 C OCTOBER 1984 K. HESS MEAD VAX 11/70 (REV 8-89)
3590 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN THE CONTROL FILE
3591 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3592 DIMENSION MXNX (NPMISZ)
3593 IUNIT=LUCON
3594 C READ OUTPUT FILE NAMES
3595 READ (IUNIT, 1001)
3596 1001 FORMAT (1X)
3597 READ (IUNIT, 440) FPRINT
3598 READ (IUNIT, 440) FGRAPH
3599 READ (IUNIT, 440) FMED
3600 WRITE (6, *) 'OUTPUT FILE NAMES'
3601 WRITE (6, 440) FPRINT
3602 WRITE (6, 440) FGRAPH
3603 WRITE (6, 440) FMED
3604 440 FORMAT (10X, A40)
3605 C READ END OF DATA STATEMENT
3606 READ (IUNIT, 1001)
3607 IF (JTEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 1303)
3608 1303 FORMAT (1X, 'END OF CONTROL FILE READ')
3609 RETURN
3610 END
3611 C-----
3612 C
3613 C SUBROUTINE JULIAN (IY, MO, IDAY, UT)
3614 C JAN 1995 HESS CROB SGI 4D
3615 C purpose - to convert year, month, etc to a Julian date and
3616 C number of hours from start of year
3617 C NOTE: UT IS NOS CONVENTION, SO NOON ON JANUARY 1
3618 C IS UT=1.50
3619 C
3620 DIMENSION NMN (12, 2)
3621 DATA NMN/0, 31, 59, 90, 120, 151, 181, 212, 243, 273, 304, 334,
3622 1, 0, 31, 60, 91, 121, 152, 182, 213, 244, 274, 305, 335/
3623 C
3624 C CONVERT TO 4-DIGIT IF NOT
3625 IYEAR=IYR4 (IY)
3626 C look for leap year
3627 L=1
3628 IF (MOD (IYEAR, 4) .EQ. 0 .AND. (.NOT. (MOD (IYEAR, 100) .EQ. 0 .AND.
3629 1 .MOD (IYEAR, 400) .NE. 0))) L=2
3630 UT=NMN (MO, L) +IDAY
3631 RETURN
3632 END
3633 C-----
3634 C FUNCTION IYR4 (IY)
3635 IYR4=IY
3636 IF (IY.LT.100 .AND. IY.GT.50) IYR4=IY+1900
3637 IF (IY.LT.50) IYR4=IY+2000
3638 RETURN
3639 END
3640 C-----
3641 C SUBROUTINE FFOPEN (IUNIT, FNAME)
3642 C PURPOSE - TO OPEN A FORMATTED FILE
3643 CHARACTER FNAME* (*)
3644 OPEN (UNIT=IUNIT, FILE=FNAME, FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='UNKNOWN',
3645 1 IOSTAT=IER, ERR=110)
3646 GOTO 140
3647 140 WRITE (6, 120) FNAME
3648 120 FORMAT (1X, '***ERROR IN FILE : ', A50, //, x, '***RUN TERMINATED')
3649 STOP
3650 RETURN
3651 END
3652 C-----
3653 C SUBROUTINE FUOPEN (IUNIT, FNAME)
3654 C PURPOSE - TO OPEN A UNFORMATTED FILE
3655 CHARACTER FNAME* (*)
3656 OPEN (UNIT=IUNIT, FILE=FNAME, FORM='UNFORMATTED', STATUS='UNKNOWN',
3657 1 IOSTAT=IER, ERR=110)
3658 GOTO 140
3659 140 WRITE (6, 120) FNAME
3660 120 FORMAT (1X, '***ERROR IN FILE : ', A50, //, x, '***RUN TERMINATED')
3661 STOP
3662 RETURN
3663 END
3664 C-----
3665 C SUBROUTINE RDGEO (IGEO)
3666 C OCTOBER 1984 K. W. HESS ASIC/MEAD VAX 11/750
3667 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN PARAMETERS, PLUS TFIELD, DEPTH, AND
3668 C FLAG DATA.
3669 C VARIABLES -
3670 IAH = INDEX TO READ HORIZ. EDDY VISCOSITY: 0=NO
3671 IGRID = INDEX TO READ STRETCHED GRIDS:0=NO, 1=READ XE, YE
3672 2=READ NSEGX, ETC.
3673 NUMBXY = NUMBER OF CHANNEL GRIDS
3674 NO, NR = NUMBER OF OCEAN, RIVER BOUNDARY CELLS AS
3675 DETERMINED BY IFIELD
3676 NOL, NRVL = NUMBER OF OCEAN, RIVER BOUNDARY CELLS AS
3677 DETERMINED BY NUMOBC, NUMRIV
3678 XC (,) = DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN TO GRID CENTER
3679 XL (,) = DISTANCE TO LOWER SIDE OF GRID M
3680 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3681 DIMENSION NUM (NPMISZ), XL (NPMISZ), YL (NPMISZ)
3682 CHARACTER*10 FORM, GTITLE (6)
3683 DATA NDX, NDY, MSIZE, NSIZE/
3684 THIS IS VERSION 2 (8-89)
3685 JVER=2
3686 C READ IN MECCA FILE HEADER BLOCK
3687 200 READ (IGEO, 202) (GTITLE (N), N=1, 6)
3688 202 FORMAT (1X, 6A10)
3689 READ (IGEO, *) J, ITEST
3690 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 2200) (GTITLE (N), N=1, 6), J
3691 2200 FORMAT (/, 5X, 'GEOGRAPHY FILE', //, 1X, 'TITLE=', 6A10, ' J=', I3)
3692 IF (.NE. JVER) THEN
3693 WRITE (ISCR, 204) J, JVER
3694 204 FORMAT (1X, 'INPUT FILE IS VERSION=', I2, ' RDGEO IS VERSION=', I2,
3695 1 ' RUN IS STOPPED')
3696 STOP
3697 END IF
3698 C GRID PARAMETERS
3699 READ (IGEO, 1002)
3700 1002 FORMAT (1X)
3701 1002 FORMAT (/, 1X)
3702 READ (IGEO, *, ERR=222) NMAX, MMAX, DL
3703 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 2260) NMAX, MMAX, DL
3704 2260 FORMAT (1X, 'NMAX, MMAX, DL=', 2I5, E10.5)
3705 GOTO 224
3706 222 WRITE (ISCR, 224)
3707 224 FORMAT (1X, '*** (RDGEO) ERROR READING NMAX, MMAX, DL ***')
3708 226 IF (MMAX.LE.NDX .AND. NMAX.LE.NDY) GOTO 228
3709 WRITE (ISCR, 227) NMAX, NDY, MMAX, NDX
3710 227 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR: NMAX=', I3, ' GT NDY=', I3, ' OR MMAX=', I3,
3711 1 ' GT NDX=', I3)
3712 STOP
3713 228 CONTINUE
3714 READ (IGEO, 1001)
3715 1001 FORMAT (1X)
3716 READ (IGEO, *, ERR=232) NCOR, MCOR, BSNLAT, BSNLON, BSNANG
3717 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 2260) NCOR, MCOR, BSNLAT, BSNLON, BSNANG
3718 2260 FORMAT (1X, 'NCOR=', 2I5, 3F10.3)
3719 GOTO 234
3720 232 WRITE (ISCR, 233)
3721 233 FORMAT (1X, '**** RDGEO. PROBLEM READING LINE NCOR, MCOR, ETC ****')
3722 RETURN
3723 C OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
3724 234 READ (IGEO, 1001)
3725 READ (IGEO, *) NUMOBC
3726 NUMBC=NUMOBC
3727 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 2340) NUMOBC
3728 2340 FORMAT (1X, 'NUMOBC=', I3)
3729 IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 242
3730 DO 240 I=1, NUMOBC
3731 READ (IGEO, *) MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I), IPTO (I), JTPO (I), ISET1 (I),
3732 1 ISET2 (I)
3733 240 READ (IGEO, *) MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I), IPTO (I), ISET1 (I), ISET2 (I)
3734 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 2360) MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I), ISET1 (I),
3735 1 ISET2 (I)
3736 2360 FORMAT (1X, 'MB1=', 6I5)
3737 IF (.NOT. (MB1 (I) .LE. MB2 (I) .AND. NB1 (I) .LE. NB2 (I))) THEN
3738 WRITE (ISCR, 238) I, MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I)
3739 238 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** ERROR *** AT OCEAN BOUNDARY # ', I2, ' MB1=', I3,
3740 1 ' IS GT MB2=', I3, //, ' OR NB1=', I3, ' IS GT NB2=', I3)
3741 STOP
3742 END IF
3743 IF (.NOT. (MB1 (I) .EQ. MB2 (I) .OR. NB1 (I) .EQ. NB2 (I))) THEN
3744 WRITE (ISCR, 238) I, MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I)
3745 238 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** ERROR *** AT OCEAN BOUNDARY # ', I2, ' MB1=', I3,
3746 1 ' IS .NE. MB2=', I3, //, ' OR NB1=', I3, ' IS .NE. NB2=', I3)
3747 STOP
3748 END IF
3749 IF (.NOT. (MB1 (I) .EQ. MB2 (I) .OR. NB1 (I) .EQ. NB2 (I))) THEN
3750 WRITE (ISCR, 238) I, MB1 (I), MB2 (I), NB1 (I), NB2 (I)
3751 238 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** ERROR *** AT OCEAN BOUNDARY # ', I2, ' MB1=', I3,
3752 1 ' IS .NE. MB2=', I3, //, ' OR NB1=', I3, ' IS .NE. NB2=', I3)

```

```

3753 STOP
3754 END IF
3755 240 CONTINUE
3756 C
3757 C READ IN RIVER BOUNDARIES
3758 242 READ (IGEO,1001)
3759 READ (IGEO,*) NUMRIV
3760 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2450) NUMRIV
3761 2450 FORMAT (1X, 'NUMRIV=', I5)
3762 IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 248
3763 DO 246 I=1, NUMRIV
3764 READ (IGEO,*) MR1 (I), MR2 (I), NR1 (I), NR2 (I), ITPR (I), JTPR (I), ISETR (I)
3765 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2460) MR1 (I), MR2 (I), NR1 (I), NR2 (I), ITPR (I)
3766 1, JTPR (I), ISETR (I)
3767 2460 FORMAT (1X, 'MR1=', I5)
3768 JTPR (I)=MAX0 (1, MIN0 (2, JTPR (I)))
3769 IF (.NOT. (MR1 (I).LE.MR2 (I).AND.NR1 (I).LE.NR2 (I))) THEN
3770 WRITE (ISCR,1238) I, MR1 (I), MR2 (I), NR1 (I), NR2 (I)
3771 1238 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** ERROR *** AT RIVER BOUNDARY # ', I2, ' MB1=', I3,
3772 1 ' IS GT MB2=', I3, /, ' OR NB1=', I3, ' IS GT NB2=', I3)
3773 STOP
3774 END IF
3775 IF (.NOT. (MR1 (I).EQ.MR2 (I).OR.NR1 (I).EQ.NR2 (I))) THEN
3776 WRITE (ISCR,1239) I, MR1 (I), MR2 (I), NR1 (I), NR2 (I)
3777 1239 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** ERROR *** AT RIVER BOUNDARY # ', I2, ' MB1=', I3,
3778 1 ' IS .NE. MB2=', I3, /, ' OR NB1=', I3, ' IS .NE. NB2=', I3)
3779 STOP
3780 END IF
3781 246 CONTINUE
3782 C
3783 C READ THE CELL STATUS FIELD (IFIELD)
3784 248 READ (IGEO,1001)
3785 READ (IGEO,2490, ERR=249) FORM
3786 2490 FORMAT (1X, A10)
3787 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2491) FORM
3788 2491 FORMAT (1X, 'CELL STATUS: FORM=', A10)
3789 GOTO 2494
3790 249 WRITE (ISCR,2492)
3791 2492 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR READING FORM ***')
3792 2494 READ (IGEO,*) NPERL, KOCNBC
3793 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2496) NPERL, KOCNBC
3794 2496 FORMAT (1X, 'NPERL=', I5)
3795 IF (KOCNBC.GE.4.AND.KOCNBC.LE.8) GOTO 2502
3796 WRITE (ISCR,2501) KOCNBC
3797 2501 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR: KOCNBC=', I3, ' NOT BETWEEN 4 AND 8')
3798 STOP
3799 2502 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,*) ' IFIELD'
3800 KMAX=1+(NMAX-1)/NPERL
3801 DO 250 K=1, KMAX
3802 N1=1+(K-1)*NPERL
3803 N2=MIN0 (N1+NPERL-1, NMAX)
3804 DO 250 M=1, MMAX
3805 READ (IGEO, FORM) (IFIELD (N, M), N=N1, N2)
3806 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2497) (IFIELD (N, M), N=N1, N2)
3807 2497 FORMAT (40I2)
3808 250 CONTINUE
3809 C
3810 C READ THE DEPTHS
3811 READ (IGEO,1001)
3812 READ (IGEO,2490) FORM
3813 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2642) FORM
3814 2642 FORMAT (1X, 'DEPTHS: FORM=', A10)
3815 READ (IGEO,*, ERR=264) NCOL2, HMSL, CON2M
3816 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,2643) NCOL2, HMSL, CON2M
3817 2643 FORMAT (1X, 'NCOL2=', I5, '2F10.3)
3818 GOTO 266
3819 264 WRITE (ISCR,265)
3820 265 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR READING NCOL2, HMSL, CON2M ***')
3821
3822 266 NSWEEP=1+(NMAX-1)/NCOL2
3823 DO 285 NN=1, NSWEEP
3824 N1=1+NCOL2*(NN-1)
3825 N2=MIN0 (NMAX, N1+NCOL2-1)
3826 DO 280 M=1, MMAX
3827 READ (IGEO, FORM) (NUM (N), N=N1, N2)
3828 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, FORM) (NUM (N), N=N1, N2)
3829 C CONVERT DEPTHS TO METERS AND ADD HMSL
3830 DO 275 N=N1, N2
3831 D (N, M)=0
3832 275 IF (IFIELD (N, M).GT.0) D (N, M)=FLOAT (NUM (N)) * CON2M + HMSL
3833 280 CONTINUE
3834 285 CONTINUE
3835 C
3836 C SET GRID WIDTHS AND AREA
3837 READ (IGEO,1001)
3838 READ (IGEO,*) M, N, BX (N, M), BY (N, M), F1
3839 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,3301) N, M, BX (N, M), BY (N, M), F1
3840 3301 FORMAT (1X, 'WIDTH DATA: N=BX=BY=', I5)
3841 GOTO 305
3842 301 WRITE (ISCR,302)
3843 302 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR READING NUMBXY ***')
3844 305 CONTINUE
3845 C GRID X, Y COORDINATES
3846 DO 311 I=1, NPMSIZ
3847 XL (I)=I-1
3848 311 YL (I)=I-1
3849 DO 320 M=1, MMAX
3850 DO 320 N=1, NMAX
3851 BX (N, M)=1.0
3852 BY (N, M)=1.0
3853 AREA (N, M)=(XL (M+1)-XL (M)) * (YL (N+1)-YL (N))
3854 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.EQ.1) AREA (N, M)=0.5*AREA (N, M)
3855 320 CONTINUE
3856 C READ THRU THE CHANNEL WIDTHS
3857 IF (NUMBXY.LE.0) GOTO 350
3858 DO 340 J=1, NUMBXY
3859 READ (IGEO,*) M, N, BX (N, M), BY (N, M), F1
3860 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,3111) J, M, N, BX (N, M), BY (N, M), F1
3861 3111 FORMAT (1X, 'J=', I4, ' M,N=', I5, I3F10.4)
3862 AREA (N, M)=AREA (N, M) * F1
3863 340 CONTINUE
3864 350 CONTINUE
3865 C
3866 IF (ITEST.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,3391)
3867 3391 FORMAT (1X, 'END OF GEOGRAPHY DATA FILE')
3868 C CHECK BOUNDARIES
3869 400 CALL CHECKS
3870 RETURN
3871 END
3872 C-----
3873 C
3874 C
3875 C SUBROUTINE CHECKS
3876 C OCTOBER 1986 HESS MEAD VAX 780
3877 C PURPOSE - TO CHECK FOR CONSISTENCY BETWEEN RIVER AND OCEAN
3878 C BOUNDARIES AND THE IFIELD SPECIFICATION
3879 C
3880 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
3881 DIMENSION IFLOWS (6)
3882 DATA NDBNDS/NM2SIZ/
3883 C CHECK FOR TIMESTEP SIZE
3884 PERHR=3600./DTI
3885 IF (ABS (3600.-IFIX (PERHR) * DTI).GT.0.001) THEN
3886 WRITE (ISCR,100) DTI, PERHR
3887 100 FORMAT (1X, '***ERROR: TIMESTEP (SEC) = ', F8.3, ', BUT NUMBER PER',
3888 1 ' HOUR =', F10.4, ' IS NOT AN INTEGER')
3889 STOP
3890 END IF
3891 C CHECK FOR NO DEPTH
3892 NCELL=0
3893 NBAD=0
3894 DO 280 M=1, MMAX
3895 DO 275 N=1, NMAX
3896 IF (IFIELD (N, M).LT.10) GOTO 275
3897 NCELL=NCELL+1
3898 IF (D (N, M).GT.0.0) GOTO 275
3899 NBAD=NBAD+1
3900 WRITE (ISCR,272) M, N, D (N, M)
3901 272 FORMAT (1X, '*** (CHECKS) BAD DEPTH VALUE AT M=', I3, ' N=', I3,
3902 1 ' D=', F8.2)
3903 275 CONTINUE
3904 280 CONTINUE
3905 IF (NBAD.GT.0) THEN
3906 WRITE (ISCR,285)
3907 285 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** BAD DEPTH DATA. RUN ENDED ****')
3908 STOP
3909 END IF
3910 C CHECK OCEAN FLAGS WITH MESH CELLS
3911 NO1=0
3912 NBAD=0
3913 IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 320
3914 DO 310 I=1, NUMOBC
3915 DO 310 M=MB1 (I), MB2 (I)
3916 DO 310 N=NB1 (I), NB2 (I)
3917 NO1=NO1+1
3918 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.NE.KOCNBC) THEN
3919 WRITE (ISCR,305) KOCNBC, N, M
3920 305 FORMAT (1X, '*** IFIELD/10 SHOULD BE ', I1, ' AT N=', I3, ' M=', I3)
3921 NBAD=NBAD+1
3922 END IF
3923 310 CONTINUE
3924 C CHECK RIVER FLAGS WITH MESH CELLS
3925 320 IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 350
3926 DO 330 I=1, NUMRIV
3927 DO 330 M=MR1 (I), MR2 (I)
3928 DO 330 N=NR1 (I), NR2 (I)
3929 NO1=NO1+1
3930 C MAKE SURE IFIELD/10 EQUALS KOCNBC+1
3931 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.NE.KOCNBC+1) THEN
3932 WRITE (ISCR,321) N, M
3933 321 FORMAT (1X, '*** IFIELD SHOULD BE 10*(KOCNBC+1) AT N=', I3, ' M=', I3)
3934 NBAD=NBAD+1
3935 END IF
3936 330 CONTINUE
3937 350 CONTINUE
3938 C CHECK FOR CELLS WITH WRONG INDEX
3939 IF (NBAD.GT.0) THEN
3940 WRITE (ISCR,353) NBAD
3941 353 FORMAT (1X, '***ERROR: NUMBER OF CELLS ON BOUND BAD=', I4)
3942 STOP
3943 END IF
3944 C CHECK FOR TOTAL NUMBER OF BOUNDARY CELLS
3945 IF (NO1.LE.NDBNDS) GOTO 356
3946 WRITE (ISCR,354) NO1, NDBNDS
3947 354 FORMAT (1X, '***ERROR: BOUNDARY CELLS=', I4, ' GT NDBNDS=', I3)
3948 STOP
3949 356 CONTINUE
3950 C CHECK IFIELD SPECIFICATIONS AGAINST BOUNDARY FLAGS
3951 NBAD=0
3952 DO 450 M=1, MMAX
3953 DO 450 N=1, NMAX
3954 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC) GOTO 360
3955 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC+1) GOTO 400
3956 GOTO 450
3957 C OCEAN CHECK
3958 360 IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 390
3959 DO 380 I=1, NUMOBC
3960 M1=MB1 (I)
3961 M2=MB2 (I)
3962 N1=NB1 (I)
3963 N2=NB2 (I)
3964 DO 380 L=M1, M2
3965 DO 380 K=N1, N2
3966 380 IF (L.EQ.M.AND.K.EQ.N) GOTO 450
3967 390 WRITE (ISCR,395) N, M
3968 395 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** WARNING. CELL N=', I3, ' M=', I3, ' IS NOT SET IN',
3969 1 ' ANY OCEANIC BOUNDARY FLAG')
3970 NBAD=NBAD+1
3971 GOTO 450
3972 C RIVER CHECK
3973 400 IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 430
3974 DO 420 I=1, NUMRIV
3975 DO 420 K=MR1 (I), MR2 (I)
3976 DO 420 L=NR1 (I), NR2 (I)
3977 420 IF (K.EQ.N.AND.L.EQ.M) GOTO 450
3978 430 WRITE (ISCR,440) N, M
3979 440 FORMAT (/, 1X, '*** WARNING. CELL AT N=', I3, ' M=', I3, ' IS NOT ',
3980 1 ' SET IN ANY RIVER BOUNDARY FLAG')
3981 NBAD=NBAD+1
3982 450 CONTINUE
3983 C CHECK FOR TOTAL BAD CELLS
3984 IF (NBAD.GT.0) THEN
3985 WRITE (ISCR,455) NBAD
3986 455 FORMAT (1X, '*** ERROR: CELLS IN GRID THAT ARE NOT IN A FLAG=', I4)
3987 STOP
3988 END IF
3989 C
3990 C CHECK TRIANGULAR CELLS FOR LAND/BARRIERS ON TWO ADJACENT SIDES
3991 NBAD=0
3992 DO 500 M=1, MMAX
3993 DO 500 N=1, NMAX
3994 IF (IFIELD (N, M)/10.NE.1) GOTO 500
3995 C X FLOW
3996 IXM=1
3997 IF (M.EQ.1) THEN
3998 IXM=0
3999 ELSE
4000 II=IFIELD (N, M-1)
4001 IF (II.LT.10.OR.MOD (II, 10).EQ.1.OR.MOD (II, 10).EQ.3) IXM=0
4002 END IF
4003 IXP=1
4004 II=IFIELD (N, M)

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4005 IF (IFIELD(N,M+1).LT.10.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.1.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.3) IXP=0
4006 C Y FLOW
4007 IYM=1
4008 IF (N.EQ.1) THEN
4009 IYM=0
4010 ELSE
4011 II=IFIELD(N-1,M)
4012 IF (II.LT.10.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.2.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.3) IYM=0
4013 END IF
4014 IYP=1
4015 II=IFIELD(N,M)
4016 IF (IFIELD(N+1,M).LT.10.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.2.OR.MOD(II,10).EQ.3) IYP=0
4017 C CHECK FOR ADJACENTS
4018 IFLOWS(1)=IXP
4019 IFLOWS(2)=IYP
4020 IFLOWS(3)=IXM
4021 IFLOWS(4)=IYM
4022 IFLOWS(5)=IFLOWS(1)
4023 IFLOWS(6)=IFLOWS(2)
4024 DO 460 I=1,4
4025 IF (IFLOWS(I)+IFLOWS(I+1).EQ.0) GOTO 480
4026 CONTINUE
4027 460 WRITE (ISCR,470) N,M,IXP,IYP,IXM,IYM
4028 470 FORMAT (/,IX,*** WARNING. TRIANGULAR CELL AT N=',I3,', M=',I3,
4029 1 ' HAS INCORRECT SIDES',/,IX,IXP,IYP,IXM,IYM=',4I4)
4030 NBAD=NBAD+1
4031 480 CONTINUE
4032 C CHECK FOR TOTAL TRIANGULAR CELLS NOT WELL DEFINED
4033 IF (NBAD.GT.0) THEN
4034 WRITE (ISCR,495) NBAD
4035 495 FORMAT (IX,***ERROR: TRIANGULAR CELLS NOT WELL DEFINED=',I4)
4036 STOP
4037 END IF
4038 500 CONTINUE
4039 C
4040 C CHECK FOR CORRESPONDANCE BETWEEN (1) BOUNDARIES AND (2) INPUT SIG
4041 WRITE (ISCR,*) ' '
4042 WRITE (ISCR,*) 'CHECK BOUNDARIES AND DATA'
4043 NBAD=0
4044 C ocean boundaries
4045 IF (NUMOBC.GT.0) THEN
4046 IF (NSIGTD.EQ.0) THEN
4047 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO WATER LEVEL SIGNALS AT OCEAN BOUNDARY***'
4048 NBAD=1
4049 ENDIF
4050 IF ((KONCEN.EQ.1.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3).AND.NSIGTS.EQ.0) THEN
4051 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO SALINITY SIGNALS AT OCEAN BOUNDARY***'
4052 NBAD=1
4053 ENDIF
4054 IF ((KONCEN.EQ.2.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3).AND.NSIGTO.EQ.0) THEN
4055 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO TEMPERATURE SIGNALS AT OCEAN BOUNDARY***'
4056 NBAD=1
4057 ENDIF
4058 C river boundaries
4059 IF (NUMRIV.GT.0) THEN
4060 IF (NSIGR.EQ.0) THEN
4061 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO FLOW RATE DATA AT RIVER BOUNDARY***'
4062 NBAD=1
4063 ENDIF
4064 IF ((KONCEN.EQ.2.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3).AND.NSIGRT.EQ.0) THEN
4065 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO TEMPERATURE SIGNALS AT RIVER BOUNDARY***'
4066 NBAD=1
4067 ENDIF
4068 C air-sea boundaries
4069 IF ((KONCEN.EQ.2.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3).AND.NSIGW.EQ.0) THEN
4070 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO WIND DATA AT AIR-SEA BOUNDARY***'
4071 NBAD=1
4072 ENDIF
4073 IF ((KONCEN.EQ.2.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3).AND.NSIGM.EQ.0) THEN
4074 WRITE (ISCR,*) '***NO ADDITIONAL MET DATA AT AIR-SEA BOUNDARY***'
4075 NBAD=1
4076 ENDIF
4077 IF (NBAD.EQ.1) STOP
4078 RETURN
4079 END
4080
4081 C-----
4082 C SUBROUTINE RDICS
4083 C FEBRUARY 1997 K. W. HESS IRIS
4084 C PURPOSE - TO READ IN THE INITIAL CONDITIONS
4085 C INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4086 C READ THE INDICES
4087 C LUICS=LUCCN
4088 C WRITE (ISCR,100) LUICS
4089 C 100 FORMAT (X,'NOW READING THE ICS FILE ON UNIT=',I2)
4090 CALL FUOPEN (LUICS,FINIT)
4091 READ (LUICS) NIX,MIX,LBOT1,NSTET,UT01,YEAR01,K
4092 WRITE (ISCR,110) UT1,YEAR1,NSTET,K
4093 110 FORMAT (5X,'UT1=',F10.4,' YEAR1=',F6.1,' NSTET=',I6,' K=',I2)
4094 READ (LUICS) SE,VE,VE,SOLD,UHOLD,WHOLD,AH,AV,PHI,TEX,TBY,
4095 1 U,V,W,THETA1,THETA2,THETA3
4096 IF (K.GE.10) READ (LUICS) AH3,WX,WY,TSX,TSY
4097 IF (MOD(K,10).GT.0) READ (LUICS) S,T,DV,RI,NSTINF
4098 C RESET SECONDARY VARIABLES
4099 YEAR1=YEAR01
4100 UT1=UT01
4101 DO 120 M=1,MMAX
4102 MP=MIN0 (M+1,MMAX)
4103 DO 120 N=1,MMAX
4104 IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10) GOTO 120
4105 NP=MIN0 (N+1,MMAX)
4106 UH(N,M)=UE(N,M)*.5*(D(N,M)+SE(N,M)+D(N,MP)+SE(N,MP)+E)*BX(N,M)
4107 VH(N,M)=VE(N,M)*.5*(D(N,M)+SE(N,M)+D(NP,M)+SE(NP,M)+E)*BY(N,M)
4108 AHC(N,M)=.25*(AH(N,M)+AH(N,MP)+AH(NP,M)+AH(NP,MP))
4109 CONTINUE
4110 C if no AH3
4111 IF (INTER.GT.0.AND.KONC.LT.10) THEN
4112 DO 140 M=1,MMAX
4113 DO 140 N=1,MMAX
4114 DO 140 L=1,LBOT
4115 AH3(L,N,M)=AH(N,M)
4116 ENDIF
4117 WRITE (ISCR,*) 'COMPLETE RDICS'
4118 CLOSE (LUICS)
4119 RETURN
4120 END
4121 C-----
4122 C SUBROUTINE ZEROS
4123 C APRIL 1988 K. W. HESS
4124 C PURPOSE - INITIALIZE THE PARAMETERS TO ZERO BEFORE
4125 C
4126 C
4127 C
4128 C
4129 C
4130 C
4131 C
4132 C
4133 C
4134 C
4135 C
4136 C
4137 C
4138 C
4139 C
4140 C
4141 C
4142 C
4143 C
4144 C
4145 C
4146 C
4147 C
4148 C
4149 C
4150 C
4151 C
4152 C
4153 C
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4155 C
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4157 C
4158 C
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4160 C
4161 C
4162 C
4163 C
4164 C
4165 C
4166 C
4167 C
4168 C
4169 C
4170 C
4171 C
4172 C
4173 C
4174 C
4175 C
4176 C
4177 C
4178 C
4179 C
4180 C
4181 C
4182 C
4183 C
4184 C
4185 C
4186 C
4187 C
4188 C
4189 C
4190 C-----
4191 C SUBROUTINE YTIME8 (Y78,UT,YEAR)
4192 C create a date from year and Julian day
4193 C REAL*8 Y78,UT8,DAYS
4194 C look for leap year
4195 C IYEAR=YEAR
4196 C DAYS=365
4197 C IF (MOD (IYEAR,4).EQ.0.AND.(.NOT.(MOD (IYEAR,100).EQ.0.AND.
4198 1 MOD (IYEAR,400).NE.0))) DAYS=366.
4199 C UT8=UT
4200 C Y78=FLOAT (IYEAR-1900)+(UT8-1)/DAYS
4201 C RETURN
4202 C END
4203 C-----
4204 C SUBROUTINE RR (YT,ISCR,LUT,IEND,DD,YD,NSIG,NN,VALS,FINAL)
4205 C generic read for input data records
4206 C DIMENSION DD(2),YD(2),VALS(2,NN),FINAL(NN)
4207 C REAL*8 YT,YT1,YT2
4208 C DO 90 N=1,NN
4209 C FINAL(N)=0.0
4210 C IF (NSIG.EQ.0.OR.IEND.EQ.1) RETURN
4211 C CALL YTIME8 (YT1,DD(1),YD(1))
4212 C CALL YTIME8 (YT2,DD(2),YD(2))
4213 C IF (YT.LT.YT1) THEN
4214 C WRITE (ISCR,95) LUT,YT,YT1
4215 C 95 FORMAT (IX,*** EARLIER THAN FIRST DATA TIME ON UNIT=',I2,/,
4216 1 'YT=',F12.8,' YT1=',F12.8,' **')
4217 C RETURN
4218 C ENDIF
4219 C IF (YT.GT.YT2) THEN
4220 C DO 120 N=1,NSIG
4221 C VALS(1,N)=VALS(2,N)
4222 C DD(1)=DD(2)
4223 C YD(1)=YD(2)
4224 C YT1=YT2
4225 C READ (LUT,*,END=130) YD(2),DD(2),(VALS(2,N),N=1,NSIG)
4226 C CALL YTIME8 (YT2,DD(2),YD(2))
4227 C GOTO 100
4228 C ENDIF
4229 C GOTO 150
4230 C IEND=1
4231 C 150 WRITE (ISCR,140) LUT
4232 C 140 FORMAT (IX,*** NO MORE DATA ON UNIT=',I2,' **')
4233 C RETURN
4234 C interpolate
4235 C F2=(YT-YT1)/(YT2-YT1)
4236 C DO 160 N=1,NSIG
4237 C FINAL(N)=(1-F2)*VALS(1,N)+F2*VALS(2,N)
4238 C RETURN
4239 C END
4240 C-----
4241 C SUBROUTINE IRR (IUNIT,ISCR,LUT,IEND,DD,YD,NSIG,NN,VALS)
4242 C DIMENSION DD(2),YD(2),VALS(2,NN)
4243 C CHARACTER*40 FDATA
4244 C INITIAL READ OF DATA
4245 C IEND=0
4246 C READ (IUNIT,100)
4247 C 100 FORMAT (IX)
4248 C READ (IUNIT,*) NSIG
4249 C IF (NSIG.GT.0) GOTO 110
4250 C WRITE (ISCR,*) ' NO INPUT DATA '
4251 C GOTO 140
4252 C read file
4253 C
4254 C
4255 C
4256 C
4257 C
4258 C
4259 C
4260 C
4261 C
4262 C
4263 C
4264 C
4265 C
4266 C
4267 C
4268 C
4269 C
4270 C
4271 C
4272 C
4273 C
4274 C
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4301 C
4302 C
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4310 C
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4257 110 READ (IUNIT,120) FDATA
4258 120 FORMAT (A40)
4259 WRITE (ISCR,130) FDATA,NSIG,LUT
4260 130 FORMAT (5X,'FILE NAME=',A40,'/',5X,'NSIG=',I2,' LUT=',I2)
4261 CALL FFOPEN (LUT,FDATA)
4262 READ (LUT,*,END=140) YD(1),DD(1),(VALS(1,N),N=1,NSIG)
4263 READ (LUT,*,END=140) YD(2),DD(2),(VALS(2,N),N=1,NSIG)
4264 IEND=0
4265 GOTO 150
4266 140 IEND=1
4267 150 RETURN
4268 END
4269 c
4270 c-----
4271 c
4272 c SUBROUTINE ROWIND (I, IEND)
4273 c PURPOSE - TO READ THE METEOROLOGICAL FILES
4274 c VARIABLES -
4275 c ITYPE1 = INDEX FOR WIND OR STRESS.
4276 c ITYPE2 = INDEX FOR HORIZONTAL ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE GRADIENT
4277 c ITYPE3 = INDEX FOR COORDINATES FOR WIND/STRESS AND PRESSURE
4278 c 0=NONE, 1=VALUES TO BE READ
4279 c 0=IN MODEL COORDS
4280 c 1=IN EAST, NORTH
4281 c
4282 INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4283 COMMON/METOX/TMET8(2),ITYPE1
4284 DIMENSION ATX(NSIZE,MSIZE),ATY(NSIZE,MSIZE)
4285 REAL*8 TMET8,UTM
4286 c set end-of-file index
4287 IEND=0
4288 c read data
4289 READ (LUWIND,END=110) DATE1,DATE2,ITYPE1,ITYPE2,ITYPE3,NIX,MIX
4290 IF (DATE1.GT.370.) THEN
4291 YMET (I)=DATE1
4292 DMET (I)=DATE2
4293 ELSE
4294 YMET (I)=DATE2
4295 DMET (I)=DATE1
4296 ENDIF
4297 c read arrays
4298 DPADY=0.
4299 DPADX=0.
4300 IF (NIX.GT.1.AND.MIX.GT.1) THEN
4301 IF (ITYPE2.EQ.0) READ (LUWIND) ( (ATX (N,M),N=1,NIX),M=1,MIX),
4302 1 ( (ATY (N,M),N=1,NIX),M=1,MIX)
4303 IF (ITYPE2.EQ.1) READ (LUWIND) ( (ATX (N,M),N=1,NIX),M=1,MIX),
4304 1 ( (ATY (N,M),N=1,NIX),M=1,MIX),DPADY,DPADY
4305 ELSE
4306 c read single wind speed/stress
4307 IF (ITYPE2.EQ.0) READ (LUWIND) AT1,AT2
4308 IF (ITYPE2.EQ.1) READ (LUWIND) AT1,AT2,DPADY,DPADY
4309 DO M=1,MSIZE
4310 DO N=1,NSIZE
4311 ATX (N,M)=AT1
4312 ATY (N,M)=AT2
4313 ENDDO
4314 ENDDO
4315 ENDIF
4316 c rotate winds to model basin angle
4317 IF (ITYPE3.EQ.1) THEN
4318 ARG=RAD*BSNANG
4319 DO M=1,MSIZE
4320 DO N=1,NSIZE
4321 ATX1=-COS (ARG)*ATX (N,M)-SIN (ARG)*ATY (N,M)
4322 ATY1=COS (ARG)*ATX (N,M)-SIN (ARG)*ATY (N,M)
4323 ATX (N,M)=ATX1
4324 ATY (N,M)=ATY1
4325 ENDDO
4326 ENDDO
4327 DPADY1=-COS (ARG)*DPADY-SIN (ARG)*DPADY
4328 DPADY=COS (ARG)*DPADY-SIN (ARG)*DPADY
4329 DPADY=DPADY1
4330 DPADY=DPADY1
4331 ENDDO
4332 c create date
4333 CALL YTIMES (UTM,DMET (I),YMET (I))
4334 TMET8 (I)=UTM
4335 WRITE (ISCR,100) I,NSTI,ITYPE1,ITYPE2,ITYPE3,DMET (I),YMET (I),
4336 1 TMET8 (I),NIX,MIX
4337 100 FORMAT (5X,'ROWIND: I,NSTI=',I2,' ITYPE1,2,3=',I2,I2,I2,'/',
4338 1 5X,'DY,YR=',I2,I2.5,' TMET8 (I)=' ,F12.7,'/',5X,'NIX,MIX=',I2,I2)
4339 WRITE (ISCR,105) ATX (1,1),ATY (1,1),DPADY,DPADY
4340 105 FORMAT (5X,'ATX,ATY (1,1)=' ,F21.2,' DPADY,DPADY=' ,F21.2)
4341 c save data
4342 DO N=1,NSIZE
4343 DO M=1,MSIZE
4344 FX (I,N,M)=ATX (N,M)
4345 FY (I,N,M)=ATY (N,M)
4346 ENDDO
4347 ENDDO
4348 IEND=IEND
4349 RETURN
4350 c end of data
4351 110 IEND=1
4352 WRITE (6,*) 'END OF MET DATA REACHED'
4353 IEND=IEND
4354 RETURN
4355 END
4356 c-----
4357 c MECCA: ANALYSIS
4358 c
4359 c-----
4360 c
4361 SUBROUTINE ANALYSIS
4362
4363 c JULY 1988 K. HESS MEAD VAX780
4364 c PURPOSE - TO CALL THE ANALYSIS ROUTINES
4365 c INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4366 c CALL CHECK2
4367 c RETURN
4368 c END
4369 c
4370 c-----
4371 c
4372 c SUBROUTINE CHECK2
4373 c
4374 c JULY 1988 K. HESS MEAD VAX780
4375 c PURPOSE - TO CALL THE ANALYSIS ROUTINES
4376 c INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4377 c CHECK FOR LARGE WATER LEVEL VALUES
4378 c ISTOP=0
4379 c SEMAX=3.
4380 c DO 110 N=1,NMAX
4381 c DO 110 M=1,MMAX
4382 c IF (ABS (SE (N,M)).GT.SEMAX) THEN
4383 c WRITE (6,105) NSTI,N,M,SE (N,M),D (N,M)
4384 c FORMAT (1X,'ANALYSIS: NSTI=',I6,' N,M=',I2,I4,' SE=',F6.2,' D=',F6.2)
4385 c ISTOP=1
4386 c ENDIF
4387 c CONTINUE
4388 c
4389 c CHECK FOR LARGE SALINITY VALUES
4390 c IF (KONCEN.EQ.0) RETURN
4391 c IF (IPRNT1.EQ.0) RETURN
4392 c SALMIN=1.E+10
4393 c SALMAX=-1.E+10
4394 c DO M=1,MMAX
4395 c DO N=1,NMAX
4396 c IF (IFIELD (N,M).GT.0) THEN
4397 c DO L=1,LBOT
4398 c check for max
4399 c IF (S (L,N,M).GT.SALMAX) THEN
4400 c MSMAX=M
4401 c NSMAX=N
4402 c LSMAX=L
4403 c SALMAX=S (L,N,M)
4404 c ENDIF
4405 c IF (S (L,N,M).LT.SALMIN) THEN
4406 c MSMIN=M
4407 c NSMIN=N
4408 c LSMIN=L
4409 c SALMIN=S (L,N,M)
4410 c ENDIF
4411 c ENDDO
4412 c ENDDO
4413 c ENDDO
4414 c WRITE (6,150) UT,NSTI,SALMAX,MSMAX,NSMAX,LSMAX
4415 c FORMAT (1X,'AT UT=' ,F10.4,' NSTI=' ,I6,T30,' SALMAX=' ,F10.2,
4416 c 1 ' AT M,N,L=' ,I3,I4)
4417 c WRITE (6,160) SALMIN,MSMIN,NSMIN,LSMIN
4418 c FORMAT (T30,' SALMIN=' ,F10.2,' AT M,N,L=' ,I3,I4)
4419 c 160
4420 c RETURN
4421 c END
4422 c-----
4423 c MECCA FILE : CONC.FOR - CONCENTRATION SUBROUTINES
4424 c-----
4425 c
4426 c SUBROUTINE CONCZ
4427 c MARCH 1986 K. W. HESS (LAST REVISED 23 JULY 87)
4428 c PURPOSE - SUPER-STREAMLINED, SQUARE-GRID VERSION.
4429 c TO COMPUTE NEW DISTRIBUTION OF CONCENTRATE,
4430 c WHICH INCLUDES VARIABLE WIDTH AND VARIABLE HORIZONTAL
4431 c VISCOSITY. NEW FORMULATION OF UPPER BOUNDARY CONDITION
4432 c INITIALIZE BOUNDARY CONCENTRATIONS
4433 c INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4434 c COMMON/BNBY4/ISALT,ITEMP,NB
4435 c CHECK FOR TIME
4436 c IF (HRL.LT.HRCOIN1) RETURN
4437 c SET INDICES: 1=DO IT, 2=SKIP
4438 c ISALT=2
4439 c IF (KONCEN.EQ.1.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3) ISALT=1
4440 c ITEMP=2
4441 c IF (KONCEN.EQ.2.OR.KONCEN.EQ.3) ITEMP=1
4442 c
4443 c GET OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
4444 c CALL BNDYR3
4445 c GET RIVER BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
4446 c CALL BNDYR4
4447 c SOLVE GENERALIZED TRANSPORT EQUATION
4448 c CALL GFLUX
4449 c END
4450 c
4451 c-----
4452 c SUBROUTINE BNDYR3
4453 c OCTOBER 1984 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX11/750
4454 c PURPOSE - TO SET THE OCEANIC SALINITY AND TEMPERATURE
4455 c BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
4456 c VARIABLES -
4457 c IDIR = INFLOW DIRECTION PARAMETER:1=X DIR, 2=Y DIR
4458 c ISALT,ITEMP = SET INDICES: 1=DO IT, 2=SKIP
4459 c ISENSE = INFLOW PARAMETER:1=INFLOW IS IN POSITIVE DIR.
4460 c 2=INFLOW IS IN NEGATIVE DIRECTION
4461 c ITPO = TYPE OF OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITION
4462 c +/-1 : OUTFLOW IN +/-X DIRECTION
4463 c +/-2 : OUTFLOW IN +/-Y DIRECTION
4464 c JTPO = TYPE OF OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITION
4465 c 1 : WATER LEVEL SPECIFICATION
4466 c 2 : TRANSPORT OUTFLOW
4467 c 3 : ORLANSKI RADIATION OUTFLOW (REQUIRES WL)
4468 c 4 : REIMANN INVARIANT RADIATION OUTFLOW (REQUIRES
4469 c ITPR = DIRECTION OF RIVER BOUNDARY INFLOW TO ESTUARY
4470 c +/-1 : INFLOW IN +/-X DIRECTION
4471 c +/-2 : INFLOW IN +/-Y DIRECTION
4472 c JTPR = TYPE OF RIVER BOUNDARY CONDITION
4473 c 1 : CHANNEL
4474 c 2 : FALLS
4475 c 3 : RIVER FLOWRATE (M**3/S)
4476 c
4477 c INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4478 c COMMON/BNBY4/ISALT,ITEMP,NB
4479 c DIMENSION SN (LSIZE),TN (LSIZE)
4480 c CHARACTER*6 ANAMES(2)
4481 c DATA ANAMES/'OUTFLO','INFLO','/','HRINF/6./,IP/0/
4482 c MAKE SURE THERE ARE BOUNDARIES TO SET
4483 c IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) RETURN
4484 c SET OCEANIC CONDITIONS
4485 c CALL BSTATE
4486 c NHRINF=HRINF*IHR
4487 c CIN1=DTI/DL
4488 c IP1=IPRNT1
4489 c IF (IP.EQ.0) IP1=0
4490 c LOOP THRU OCEANIC BOUNDARIES
4491 c NB=0
4492 c DO 360 IB=1,NUMOBC
4493 c IF (IP1.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,*) 'OCEAN SALINITY BND: IB=',IB,
4494 c 1 ' NSTI=',NSTI
4495 c MF=MB1 (IB)
4496 c ML=MB2 (IB)
4497 c NF=NB1 (IB)
4498 c NL=NB2 (IB)
4499 c SET DIRECTIONAL PARAMETER, IDIR: 1=X, 2=Y
4500 c IDIR=IABS (ITPO (IB))
4501 c ISENSE=(3-ISIGN (1,ITPO (IB)))/2
4502 c OUTFLOW SENSE:FOR +DIRECTION, ISENSE=1; FOR -DIR, ISENSE=2
4503 c ND1=(1-IDIR/2)*(2+ISENSE-3)
4504 c MD1=(1-IDIR/2)*(2+ISENSE-3)
4505 c LOOP THRU EACH GRID
4506 c DO 295 N=NF,NL
4507 c DO 295 M=MF,ML

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4509      N1=N+ND1
4510      M1=M+MD1
4511      NB=NB+1
4512 C      LOOP OVER DEPTHS
4513      DO 220 L=1, LBOT
4514      GOTO (100,110) IDIR
4515 100    UL=UE (N,M-2+ISENSE)+U(L,N,M-2+ISENSE)
4516      GOTO 120
4517 110    UL=VE (N-2+ISENSE,M)+V(L,N-2+ISENSE,M)
4518 120    CONTINUE
4519      IF (-UL*ISIGN (1, ISENSE-2) .LE. 0.0) GOTO 150
4520 C      OUTFLOW CONDITIONS
4521 130    JFLOW=1
4522      NSTINF (L, NB) =NSTIT
4523 C      FIRST-ORDER ADVECTION
4524      F0=ABS (CINI*UL)
4525      F1=F0* (2-ISALT)
4526      F2=F0* (2-ITEMP)
4527      SN (L) = (S (L, N, M) * (1.-F1)+F1*S (L, NL, M1))
4528      TN (L) = (T (L, N, M) * (1.-F2)+F2*T (L, NL, M1))
4529      GOTO 200
4530 C      INFLOW CONDITIONS
4531 150    JFLOW=2
4532      F0=FLOAT (ISPLIT)/FLOAT (MAXO (ISPLIT, NSTINF (L, NB) +NHRINF-NSTIT))
4533      F1=F0* (2-ISALT)
4534      F2=F0* (2-ITEMP)
4535      SN (L) = (S (L, N, M) * (1.-F1)+F1*SBND (L, NB))
4536      TN (L) = (T (L, N, M) * (1.-F2)+F2*TBND (L, NB))
4537 200    CONTINUE
4538 220    CONTINUE
4539 C      CHECK FOR POSITIVE VALUES
4540      IF (ICPOS.EQ.0) GOTO 240
4541      DO L=1, LBOT
4542      SN (L) =AMAXI (SN (L), 0.0)
4543      TN (L) =AMAXI (TN (L), 0.0)
4544      ENDDO
4545 240    CONTINUE
4546      DO L=1, LBOT
4547      T (L, N, M) =TN (L)
4548      S (L, N, M) =SN (L)
4549      ENDDO
4550 295    CONTINUE
4551 360    CONTINUE
4552 370    CONTINUE
4553      RETURN
4554      END
4555 C
4556 C-----
4557 C
4558      SUBROUTINE BNDY4
4559 C      NOVEMBER 1986 HESS & PYTLOWANY MEAD VAX
4560 C      PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE THE RIVERINE SALINITY AND TEMPERATURE
4561 C      BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
4562      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4563      COMMON/BNDY4/ISALT, ITEMP, NB
4564      DIMENSION FSZ (LSIZE)
4565      DO L=1, LBOT
4566      FSZ (L) =2* (1.-FLOAT (L-1)/FLOAT (LBOT-1))
4567      ENDDO
4568      IF=0
4569      IP=IPRNT1
4570 C      RIVER FLOW BOUNDARIES
4571      IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 300
4572      NB=0
4573      DO 250 NR=1, NUMRIV
4574      MF=MR1 (NR)
4575      ML=MR2 (NR)
4576      NF=NR1 (NR)
4577      NL=NR2 (NR)
4578      DO 220 M=MF, ML
4579      DO 220 N=NL, NL
4580      NB=NB+1
4581      IF (JTPR (NR) .EQ. 2) GOTO 130
4582 C      FLUME CONDITION
4583      DO 100 L=1, LBOT
4584      IF (ISALT.EQ.1) S (L, N, M) =SBND (L, NB+NBCELO)
4585      IF (ITEMP.EQ.1) T (L, N, M) =TBND (L, NB+NBCELO)
4586      GOTO 220
4587 C      WATER FALLS CONDITION
4588 130    SAL=SBND (1, NB+NBCELO)
4589      TMP=TBND (1, NB+NBCELO)
4590      KMAX=1+ML-MF-NL-NF
4591      ND=N
4592      MD=M
4593      V910=(D (ND, MD) +SE (ND, MD)) *DQ*AREA (ND, MD) *DL**2
4594      VOL1=DTI*RATE (NR) *DQ*VOLUME (KMAX)
4595      F3=VOL1/(VOL0+VOL1)
4596      IF (IP.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 140) NR, ND, MD
4597 140    FORMAT (3X, 'RIVER: NR=', I2, ' N,M=', 2I4)
4598      IF (IP.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, *) 'SAL,TMP=', SAL, TMP, ' F3=', F3
4599      DO 170 L=1, LBOT
4600      F2=F3*FSZ (L)
4601      F1=1.-F2
4602      IF (ISALT.EQ.1) S (L, ND, MD) = (S (L, ND, MD) *F1+SAL*F2)
4603      IF (ITEMP.EQ.1) T (L, ND, MD) = (T (L, ND, MD) *F1+TMP*F2)
4604      IF (IP.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 160) L, S (L, ND, MD), T (L, ND, MD)
4605 160    FORMAT (3X, 'L=', I3, ' S=', F5.2, ' T=', F5.2)
4606 170    CONTINUE
4607 220    CONTINUE
4608 250    CONTINUE
4609 300    RETURN
4610      END
4611 C
4612 C-----
4613 C
4614      SUBROUTINE BSTATE
4615 C      FEBRUARY 1996 K. W. HESS CEOB SGI/IRIS
4616 C      PURPOSE - TO SET THE RIVERINE AND OCEANIC SALINITY AND
4617 C      TEMPERATURE BOUNDARY STATES BY INTERPOLATION
4618 C      VARIABLES -
4619 C      SBND(L,NB) = INTERPOLATED STATE OF BOUNDARY SALINITY AT
4620 C      LEVEL L AND BOUNDARY GRID NB
4621 C      TBND(L,NB) = INTERPOLATED STATE OF BOUNDARY TEMPERATURE
4622 C      NBC = TOTAL NUMBER OF OCEANIC AND RIVERINE
4623 C      BOUNDARY GRIDS (UP TO 100 ALLOWED)
4624      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4625      COMMON/BNDY4/ISALT, ITEMP, NB
4626      DIMENSION SFINL (LSIZE), TFINL (LSIZE), TRFINL (NDRIV2)
4627 C      SET STANDARD CONDITIONS
4628      IF (IPRNT1.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 100) UT, HR1, NSTI
4629 100    FORMAT (/, IX, 'BSTATE : UT=', F10.4, ' CUM HR=', F10.2, ' NSTI=', I6)
4630 C      set to default values
4631      DO L=1, LBOT
4632      SFINL (L) =SALO
4633      TFINL (L) =TMP0
4634      DO N=1, NM2SIZ
4635      SBND (L, N) =SALO
4636      TBND (L, N) =TMP0
4637      ENDDO
4638      DO N=1, NDRIV2
4639      TRFINL (N) =TMP0
4640      ENDDO
4641      initialize cell counts
4642      NBCELO=0
4643      IF (NUMORC.LE.0) GOTO 300
4644      SET OCEANIC SALINITY CONDITIONS
4645      IF (KONCEN.EQ.2.0R.NSIGGS.EQ.0.0R.IENDSO.EQ.1) GOTO 150
4646      read more salinity data
4647      CALL RR (YT, ISCR, LUSAL, IENDSO, DSAL, YSAL, NSIGS, LSIZE, SALOCN, SFINL)
4648      OCEAN TEMPER
4649      IF (KONCEN.EQ.1.0R.NSIGTO.EQ.0.0R.IENDTO.EQ.1) GOTO 165
4650      read more ocean temperature data
4651      CALL RR (YT, ISCR, LUOCT, IENDTO, DOTP, YOTP, NSIGTO, LSIZE, TPOCN, TFINL)
4652      IF (IPRNT1.EQ.0) GOTO 200
4653      DO L=1, LBOT
4654      WRITE (ISCR, 170) L, SFINL (L), TFINL (L)
4655      FORMAT (3X, 'L=', I2, ' SFINL=', F7.3, ' TFINL=', F7.3)
4656      ENDDO
4657      LOOP THRU OCEANIC BOUNDARIES
4658 200    DO 250 IB=1, NUMORC
4659      LOOP THRU EACH GRID
4660      DO 250 N=NB1 (IB), NB2 (IB)
4661      DO 250 M=NB1 (IB), NB2 (IB)
4662      NBCELO=NBCELO+1
4663      NBCELO=NBCELO+1
4664      SET VALUES OVER DEPTH
4665      DO 240 L=1, LBOT
4666      SBND (L, NBCELO) =SFINL (L)
4667      TBND (L, NBCELO) =TFINL (L)
4668      CONTINUE
4669      RIVER BOUNDARIES
4670 300    IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 400
4671      read more river temperature data
4672      IF (KONCEN.EQ.1.0R.NSIGRT.EQ.0.0R.IENDRT.EQ.1) GOTO 310
4673      CALL RR (YT, ISCR, LURVT, IENDRT, DRVT, YRVTV, NSIGRT, NDRIV2, TRIV, TRFINL)
4674      LOOP THRU THE RIVERS
4675 310    DO 340 NR=1, NUMRIV
4676      LOOP THRU THE GRIDS
4677      DO 340 M=NR1 (NR), NR2 (NR)
4678      DO 340 N=NR1 (NR), NR2 (NR)
4679      NBCELO=NBCELO+1
4680      LOOP OVER DEPTH
4681      DO 320 L=1, LBOT
4682      SBND (L, NBCELO) =0.0
4683      TBND (L, NBCELO) =TRFINL (NR)
4684      IF (IPRNT1.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR, 330) NR, TRFINL (NR)
4685      FORMAT (3X, 'NR=', I2, ' TRFINL=', F7.3)
4686      CONTINUE
4687      RETURN
4688      END
4689 C-----
4690 C
4691      SUBROUTINE GFLUX
4692 C      JUNE 1996 K. W. HESS
4693 C      PURPOSE - TO COMPUTE NEW DISTRIBUTION OF CONCENTRATE,
4694 C      WHICH INCLUDES VARIABLE WIDTH AND VARIABLE HORIZONTAL
4695 C      VISCOSITY. NEW FORMULATION OF UPPER BOUNDARY
4696 C      CONDITION.
4697 C      VARIABLES -
4698 C      SN ( ) = NEW (UPDATED) SALINITY
4699 C      SC ( ) = SALINITY AT ROW AT START OF UPDATE
4700 C      SM ( ) = SALINITY AT PREVIOUS ROW AT START OF UPDATE
4701 C      FA ( ), FB ( ) = RECURSION ARRAYS FOR SALINITY, TEMPERATURE
4702 C      FTOP = FLUX OF C AT THE AIR-WATER INTERFACE
4703      DO 250 L=1, LBOT
4704      DV (L-1) = U (L-1), W, S
4705      DV (L) = L + U (L), W, S
4706      DV (L) = DV (L) ----- ULM, (DM,GM), FZZA (L-1)
4707      DV (L) = DV (L) ----- ULP, DP, GP, FFZA (L), FFZD (L)
4708      L+1 + U (L+1), W, S
4709      INCLUDE 'COMM20.FOR'
4710      COMMON/BNDY4/ISALT, ITEMP, NB
4711      DIMENSION SN (LSIZE), SC (LSIZE, NSIZE), SM (LSIZE, NSIZE),
4712      Z (LSIZE), TC (LSIZE, NSIZE), TM (LSIZE, NSIZE), TRAD (LSIZE),
4713      2 FFCC (LSIZE), FFFM (LSIZE), FFFP (LSIZE), FFFM (LSIZE), FFFP (LSIZE),
4714      3 FFZA (LSIZE), FFZD (LSIZE), DEN (LSIZE), PROD (LSIZE)
4715      DATA IP/0/
4716      C1=DTI/(4.*DQ)
4717      C2=DTI/DQ**2
4718      C3=DHAR*DTI/(2.*DL**2)
4719      C4=DTI/(2.*DL)
4720      C5=DTI/(16.*DL)
4721      INITIALIZE SURFACE HEAT FLUX
4722      IF (KONCEN.GE.2) CALL HEAT1
4723      SOLVE GENERALIZED TRANSPORT EQUATION
4724      LOOP DOWN THE LINES
4725      DO 400 M=1, MMAX
4726      STORE VALUES
4727      DO 130 N=1, NM2SIZ
4728      DO 130 L=1, LBOT
4729      IF (M.GT.1) GOTO 110
4730      SM (L, N) =S (L, N, M)
4731      TM (L, N) =T (L, N, M)
4732      GOTO 120
4733      SM (L, N) =SC (L, N)
4734      TM (L, N) =TC (L, N)
4735      DO 120 SC (L, N) =S (L, N, M)
4736      DO 120 TC (L, N) =T (L, N, M)
4737      CONTINUE
4738      RUN ACROSS ROW
4739      NB=NAB (M)/100
4740      NB=MOD (NAB (M), 1000)
4741      IF (NA.GT.NB) GOTO 400
4742      MM=MAXO (M-1, 1)
4743      MP=MINO (MMAX, M+1)

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4761 C LOOP ACROSS ROWS
4762 DO 390 N=NB,NB
4763 IF FIELD(N,M) .LT. 10.0R .IFIELD(N,M)/10.EQ.KOCNBC) GOTO 390
4764 NM=MAX0(N-1,1)
4765 NP=MIN0(NMAX,N+1)
4766 C COMPUTE REPEATEDLY-USED TERMS
4767 H=D(N,M)+SE(N,M)+E
4768 ANM=AREA(N,M)
4769 F1=C1*ANM
4770 F2=C2*ANM/H
4771 HH=ANM*H
4772 SS=ANM*(SE(N,M)-SOLD(N,M))
4773 C HORIZONTAL X-DIRECTION FLUX TERMS
4774 UH01=BX(N,M-1)*C4*UHOLD(N,M-1)
4775 H1=BX(N,M-1)*C5*(H+D(N,M-1)+SE(N,M-1))
4776 DH1=BX(N,M-1)*C3*FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M))
4777 UH02=BX(N,M)*C4*UHOLD(N,M)
4778 H2=BX(N,M)*C5*(H+D(N,M)+SE(N,M))
4779 DH2=BX(N,M)*C3*FLOAT(MFLUX(N,M))
4780 C HORIZONTAL Y-DIRECTION FLUX TERMS
4781 VH01=BY(N-1,M)*C4*VHOLD(N-1,M)
4782 H3=BY(N-1,M)*C5*(H+D(N-1,M)+SE(N-1,M))
4783 DH3=BY(N-1,M)*C3*FLOAT(NFLUX(N,M))
4784 VH02=BY(N,M)*C4*VHOLD(N,M)
4785 H4=BY(N,M)*C5*(H+D(N+1,M)+SE(N+1,M))
4786 DH4=BY(N,M)*C3*FLOAT(NFLUX(N,M))
4787 C INITIAL VELOCITIES
4788 L=LBOT
4789 ULP1=U(L,N,M-1)+U(L-1,N,M-1)
4790 ULP2=U(L,N,M)+U(L-1,N,M)
4791 VLP1=V(L,N-1,M)+V(L-1,N-1,M)
4792 VLP2=V(L,N,M)+V(L-1,N,M)
4793 C LOOP THRU THE LAYERS, STARTING AT BOTTOM
4794 DO 150 L=LBOT,1,-1
4795 LM=MAX0(L-1,-1)
4796 C VERTICAL ADVECTIVE AND DIFFUSIVE FLUX TERMS: units are m/s
4797 FFZA(L)=F1*(W(L,N,M)+W(L+1,N,M)) ! Gp
4798 FFZD(L)=F2*DV(L,N,M) ! Dp
4799 C GET NEW VELOCITIES
4800 LEM=L-1
4801 IF(L.EQ.1)LEM=L+1
4802 ULM1=U(L,N,M-1)+U(LEM,N,M-1)
4803 ULM2=U(L,N,M)+U(LEM,N,M)
4804 VLM1=V(L,N-1,M)+V(LEM,N-1,M)
4805 VLM2=V(L,N,M)+V(LEM,N,M)
4806 C GET HORIZONTAL GENERALIZED FLUX COEFFICIENTS : units are meters
4807 FFXM(L)=(H1*(ULM1+ULP1)+UH01+DH1*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N,M-1)))
4808 FFCC(L)=(H1*(ULM1+ULP1)+UH01)-DH1*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N,M-1))
4809 1 -DH2*(ULM2+ULP2)+UH02)-DH2*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N,M+1))
4810 2 +DH3*(VLM1+VLP1)+VH01)-DH3*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N-1,M))
4811 3 -DH4*(VLM2+VLP2)+VH02)-DH4*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N+1,M))
4812 4
4813 C
4814 FFYP(L)=(H2*(ULM2+ULP2)+UH02)+DH2*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N,M+1))
4815 FFYM(L)=(H3*(VLM1+VLP1)+VH01)+DH3*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N-1,M))
4816 FFYP(L)=(H4*(VLM2+VLP2)+VH02)+DH4*(AH3(L,N,M)+AH3(L,N+1,M))
4817 C SAVE UPPER (LM) VELOCITIES IN LOWER (LP) VELOCITIES
4818 ULP1=ULM1
4819 ULP2=ULM2
4820 VLP1=VLM1
4821 VLP2=VLM2
4822 150 CONTINUE
4823 FFZA(LBOT)=0.0
4824 FFZD(LBOT)=0.0
4825 C
4826 LOOP UP COLUMN, COMPUTE REPEATED QUANTITIES
4827 DEN(LBOT)=1./(HH+SS+2.*(FFZA(LAYRS)+FFZD(LAYRS)))
4828 FB(LBOT)=2.*(FFZD(LAYRS)-FFZA(LAYRS))*DEN(LBOT)
4829 DO 160 L=LAYRS,2,-1
4830 LM=L-1
4831 DEN(L)=1./(HH+SS+FFZA(LM)-FFZA(L)+FFZD(LM)+FFZD(L)-FB(L+1)*
4832 1 (FFZA(L)+FFZD(L)))
4833 FB(L)=(FFZD(LM)-FFZA(LM))*DEN(L)
4834 160 CONTINUE
4835 DEN(1)=1./(HH+SS+2.*(FFZD(1)-FFZA(1)-FB(2)*(FFZA(1)+FFZD(1))))
4836 C
4837 C SALINITY CALCULATIONS
4838 GOTO(200,250),ISALT
4839 200 CONTINUE
4840 C BOTTOM CONDITIONS
4841 L=LBOT
4842 CFLUX= FFXM(L)*SM(L,N)
4843 1 +FFYM(L)*SC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*SC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*SC(L,NP)
4844 2 +FFXP(L)*S(L,N,MP)
4845 FA(L)=CFLUX*DEN(L)
4846 C CORE SALINITY
4847 DO 230 L=LAYRS,2,-1
4848 CFLUX= FFXM(L)*SM(L,N)
4849 1 +FFYM(L)*SC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*SC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*SC(L,NP)
4850 2 +FFXP(L)*S(L,N,MP)
4851 FA(L)=(CFLUX+FA(L+1))*(FFZA(L)+FFZD(L))*DEN(L)
4852 230 CONTINUE
4853 C TOP CONDITIONS
4854 L=1
4855 CFLUX= FFXM(L)*SM(L,N)
4856 1 +FFYM(L)*SC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*SC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*SC(L,NP)
4857 2 +FFXP(L)*S(L,N,MP)
4858 S(1,N,M)=(CFLUX+2.*FA(2)*(FFZA(1)+FFZD(1)))*DEN(1)
4859 C INVERT HERE
4860 DO L=2, LBOT
4861 S(L,N,M)=FA(L)+FB(L)*S(L-1,N,M)
4862 ENDDO
4863 C
4864 C TEMPERATURE
4865 250 GOTO(260,300),ITEMP
4866 C TOP AND BOTTOM UPWARD HEAT FLUX
4867 260 CALL HEATZ(N,M,TRAD,FTSURF)
4868 C BOTTOM CONDITIONS
4869 FTBOT=0. ! heat lost into bottom sediment
4870 L=1
4871 TFLUX= FFXM(L)*TM(L,N)
4872 1 +FFYM(L)*TC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*TC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*TC(L,NP)
4873 2 +FFXP(L)*T(L,N,MP)
4874 FA(LBOT)=(TFLUX+HH*(TRAD(L)+FTBOT))*DEN(L)
4875 C CORE TEMPERATURE
4876 DO 300 L=LAYRS,2,-1
4877 TFLUX= FFXM(L)*TM(L,N)
4878 1 +FFYM(L)*TC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*TC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*TC(L,NP)
4879 2 +FFXP(L)*T(L,N,MP)
4880 FA(L)=(TFLUX+HH*TRAD(L)+FA(L+1))*(FFZA(L)+FFZD(L))*DEN(L)
4881 300 CONTINUE
4882 C TOP TEMPERATURES
4883 L=1
4884 TFLUX= FFXM(L)*TM(L,N)
4885 1 +FFYM(L)*TC(L,NM)+FFCC(L)*TC(L,N)+FFYP(L)*TC(L,NP)
4886 2 +FFXP(L)*T(L,N,MP)

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5013 IF (NPRMN.EQ.0) GOTO 100
5014 DO J=1,NPRMN
5015 IF (P.EQ.1.AND.IPRNT1.EQ.1.AND.N=1000*M.EQ.IPRMN(J)) IPI=1
5016 ENDDO
5017 100 CONTINUE
5018 C SET CONSTANT
5019 A=MNO(1,IHEAT)
5020 C WATER SURFACE TEMP (C)
5021 TWS=TZKEI(.5*(T(1,N,M)+T(2,N,M)))
5022 C SET AIR TEMP JUST ABOVE SURFACE (K) EQUAL TO WATER TEMP
5023 FBETA=.9
5024 T0=FBETA*TWS+(1.-FBETA)*TAIRK
5025 C BULK TRANSFER COEFFICIENT
5026 W10=SQRT(WX(N,M)**2+WY(N,M)**2)
5027 CDRAGW=0.0025+SIGN(.0015,TWS-TAIRK) ! HIGHER IF UNSTABLE (TW > TA)
5028 CSENS=RHOA*CDRAGW*CPAIR*AMAX1(W10,0.2)
5029 CEVP1=ALV*RHOA*CDRAGW*EPSLON*AMAX1(W10,0.2)
5030 C PRINT
5031 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,105) UT,N,M
5032 105 FORMAT (/,'X','HEATZ: UT=',F10.4,' N,M=',2I4)
5033 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,110) TAIRK,TWS,T0,W10
5034 110 FORMAT (1X,'TAIRK,TWS,T0 (K)=' ,3F8.2,' W10=' ,F6.2)
5035 C SATURATION VAPOR PRESSURE AT AIR-WATER INTERFACE
5036 ES=611.0*W10**(7.5*(T0-273.16)/(T0-35.86))
5037 EA=RELHUM*ES
5038 C SOLAR SHORT-WAVE INWARD (Watt/m**2)
5039 QI=0.0
5040 IF (COSZ.GT.0.0) QI=A*AMAX1(0.0,CSOL1/(CSOL2+CSOL3*EA))
5041 C WATER BLACK BODY INWARD
5042 QB=A*(-.97)*SB*(TWS)**4
5043 C SENSIBLE HEAT GAIN
5044 QS=A*CSENS*(TAIRK-TWS)
5045 C EVAPORATIVE HEAT GAIN
5046 QE=A*CEVP1*(CEVP2-EA)/(PA-(1.-EPSLON)*EA)
5047 QSUM=QB+QS+QE+QI
5048 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,130) QB,QS,QA,QE,QSUM
5049 130 FORMAT (1X,'QB,QS,QA,QE,QSUM=',5E10.3)
5050 C TOTALS: QF, FS HAVE UNITS (DEG C)*M/S CTOT=1./(RHOW*CWATER)
5051 FQ=CTOT*QSUM
5052 C SURFACE LAYER HEATING: UNITS=DEG C
5053 FTSURF=QI/(D(N,M)+SE(N,M))*HALFDQ
5054 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,*)'FTSURF=' ,FTSURF
5055 C INTERNAL SOLAR HEATING: TRAD units= deg C
5056 FS=CTOT*QI ! deg C x m/s
5057 H=D(N,M)+SE(N,M)
5058 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,*)'FS=' ,FS,' H=' ,H
5059 ED=.2.30/D10PCT
5060 DO 220 L=1,LBOT
5061 TRAD(L)=0.
5062 ZTOP=H*AMIN1(0.0,DO*FLOAT(L-1)+HALFDQ)
5063 IF (ZTOP.LT.-2.*D10PCT) GOTO 220
5064 ZBOT=H*AMAX1(-1.,DO*FLOAT(L-1)-HALFDQ)
5065 TRAD(L)=(FS*DTI*(EXP(ED*(ZTOP-ZBOT))-EXP(FD10*ZBOT)))/(ZTOP-ZBOT)
5066 IF (IPI.EQ.1) WRITE (ISCR,150) L,ZTOP,TRAD(L)
5067 150 FORMAT (1X,'L=',I2,' ZTOP=',F6.2,' TRAD=',E10.4)
5068 220 CONTINUE
5069 RETURN
5070 END
5071 C -----
5072 C SUBROUTINE SETSTP
5073 C
5074 JUNE 1985 K. W. HESS MEAD VAX 11/750
5075 C PURPOSE - SET UP THE INITIAL FIELDS OF SALINITY AND
5076 C TEMPERATURE BY INTERPOLATING FROM THE BOUNDARY
5077 C CONDITIONS. SET INITIAL HORIZONTAL PRESSURE GRADIENTS
5078 C VARIABLES -
5079 C ICS = INDEX FOR READING INITIAL CONDITIONS
5080 C (0=NO, 1=YES)
5081 C NBCELL = TOTAL NUMBER OF BOUNDARY GRIDS (RIV + OCEAN)
5082 C INCLUDE 'COMB2' FOR *
5083 C DIMENSION NO (NM2SI2),MO (NM2SI2),R (NM2SI2),SBNDP (LSIZE,NM2SI2)
5084 C SET BOUNDARY STATE
5085 C CALL BSTATE
5086 C IF (ICS.EQ.1) GOTO 310
5087 C SET DEFAULT VALUES
5088 C DO 100 L=1,LBOT
5089 C DO 100 N=1,NM2SI2
5090 C SBNDP(L,N)=SBND(L,N)
5091 C IF (N.GT.NBCELO.AND.KONCEN.EQ.2) SBNDP(L,N)=SALO
5092 C IF (N.GT.NBCELO.AND.MOD(KONCEN+1,2).EQ.0) SBNDP(L,N)=5.
5093 100 continue
5094 C SET OCEANIC BOUNDARY VALUES
5095 C J=0
5096 C IF (NUMOBC.LE.0) GOTO 130
5097 C DO 120 I=1,NUMOBC
5098 C DO 120 N=NB1(I),NB2(I)
5099 C DO 120 M=MB1(I),MB2(I)
5100 C J=J+1
5101 C NO(J)=M
5102 C NO(J)=N
5103 C DO 120 L=1,LBOT
5104 C S(L,N,M)=SBNDP(L,J)
5105 C T(L,N,M)=TBND(L,J)
5106 120 CONTINUE
5107 C SET RIVER BOUNDARY VALUES
5108 C IF (NUMRIV.LE.0) GOTO 200
5109 C DO 140 I=1,NUMRIV
5110 C DO 140 M=MR1(I),MR2(I)
5111 C DO 140 N=NR1(I),NR2(I)
5112 C J=J+1
5113 C NO(J)=M
5114 C NO(J)=N
5115 C DO 140 L=1,LBOT
5116 C S(L,N,M)=SBNDP(L,J)
5117 C T(L,N,M)=TBND(L,J)
5118 140 CONTINUE
5119 C LOOP THRU THE INTERIOR COMPUTATIONAL GRIDS
5120 C DO 300 M=1,NMAX
5121 C DO 300 N=1,NMAX
5122 C IF (IFIELD(N,M).LT.10.OR.IFIELD(N,M).GE.10*(KOCNBC)) GOTO 300
5123 C IF (D(N,M).LE.0.0) WRITE (ISCR,240) N,M
5124 240 FORMAT (1X,'*** SETUP: NO DEPTH AT N=',I3,' , M=',I3)
5125 C FIND RADAI1 TO BOUNDARY DATUM, AND SUM OF RADAI1
5126 C RSUM=0.
5127 C DO 250 I=1,NBCEL
5128 C R(I)=1./(.025+FLOAT((N-NO(I))**2)+FLOAT((M-NO(I))**2))
5129 250 RSUM=RSUM+R(I)
5130 255 RINV=1./RSUM
5131 C DO 270 L=1,LBOT
5132 C S(L,N,M)=0.
5133 C T(L,N,M)=0.
5134 C DO 260 I=1,NBCEL
5135 C S(L,N,M)=S(L,N,M)+(R(I)*RINV)*SBNDP(L,I)
5136 C T(L,N,M)=T(L,N,M)+(R(I)*RINV)*TBND(L,I)
5137 C
5138
5139 260 CONTINUE
5140 270 CONTINUE
5141 300 CONTINUE
5142 310 CONTINUE
5143 RETURN
5144 END
5145 C-----
5146 C COMMS.FOR - COMMON BLOCKS FOR PROGRAM MECCA
5147 C PARAMETER (NSIZE = 34, MSIZE= 55, LSIZE= 10, NMSIZE=NSIZE*MSIZE,
5148 1 LNM2SI2=LSIZE*NSIZE*MSIZE, NPM2SI2=NSIZE*MSIZE*2, NM2SI2=2*(NSIZE+
5149 2 MSIZE), NDTID2=5, NDRIV2=10, NDOC2=LSIZE, NDMET2=4)
5150 C MODEL CONSTANTS
5151 C COMMON/CONS1/AG,OMEGA,PI,RAD,E,VONKAR,CRICH(8),RIMIN,RIMAX,CRO,
5152 1 IEXTRN,COR,NCOR,MCOR,DFDN,DFDM,BSNLAT,BSNANG,NONLIN,DL,CDRGWB,
5153 2 FCORO,VEFS,FEDGE(NSIZE,MSIZE),IHUSE,CDWB1,CDWB2,RAMPS,IGRADP,
5154 3 RAMPT,RAMEW,FBETA,IBETA,IBETA,IBETA,RHOBAR,INER,SALO,TMO,CSO,CSI,
5155 4 CST,CTL,CT2,ISTOP,ICS,KTEST,NDRIMO(12),IHVISC,AHOO,AHO,CAH,RHOA,
5156 5 RHOW,DHAI,DTE,DTI,ISPLIT,NSTI,NSTI,NSTE,NSTET,NSTIMX,DTAUI,DTAUIZ
5157 C OUTPUT FORMAT VARIABLES
5158 C PARAMETER (NDRPN=20, NDSLC1=5, NDSLC2=20, NDGPH=20)
5159 C CHARACTER*10 CTITLE,PTITLE
5160 REAL*8 YT
5161 C COMMON/TIME1/NSTO,UT,UTO,UTI,HR,HRO,HRI,IHR,YT,IYEAR,MONTH,
5162 1 IDAY,HOURL,IMIN,YEAR,YEARO,YEARI,CUMDAY,NMAX,NCELL,DMAX,
5163 2 NEGS,ICHECK,ICOR,IBOTV,ITOPV,IVISC,NVISC,IPRNT1,IPRNT(15),
5164 3 KPRNT1,KPRNT2,HRMAX,HROUT,HROUTO,NPRMN,IPRNM(NDRPN),
5165 4 CTITLE(8),ISLICE,JSLICE(NDSLC1),NSLICE(NDSLC2,NDSLC1),MSLICE(
5166 5 NDSLC2,NDSLC1),ISTART,NGEMAX,IGPH,NSTGEH,IGPHOP,HRSAVE,
5167 6 LGPH(NDGPH),MGPH(NDGPH),NGPH(NDGPH),ITYP(NDGPH),PTITLE(25)
5168 C MODEL GRID AND GEOGRAPHY VARIABLES
5169 C COMMON/GEOL/BSNLON,CONZM,HMSL,NUMRIV,NCOLL,IFIELD(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5170 1 ICOL(5,NM2SI2),IROW(5,NM2SI2),NCOL,NROW,NAB(NM2SI2),IMIN,KOCNBC,
5171 2 KRIVC,IBARR,GRX(LSIZE),GRV(LSIZE),AREA(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5172 3 BX(NSIZE,MSIZE),BY(NSIZE,MSIZE),THETA1(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5173 4 THETA2(NSIZE,MSIZE),THETA3(NSIZE,MSIZE),NUMXY,ZO
5174 C TIDE, WET, AND RIVER VARIABLES
5175 C COMMON/TIDES1/NSIGT,IENDTD,YTID(2),DTID(2),TDLEV(2,NDTID2),
5176 1 IENDWN,WX(NSIZE,MSIZE),WY(NSIZE,MSIZE),DEADQ,DEADY,
5177 2 FX(2,NSIZE,MSIZE),FY(2,NSIZE,MSIZE),DENRAT,CDRI,CDR2,TAIRK,TAIRC,
5178 3 TSM(NSIZE,MSIZE),TSY(NSIZE,MSIZE),IHEAT,NSIGW,DWMD(2),YWMD(2),
5179 4 PA,CLOUD,RELHUM,NSIGM,DMET(2),MET(2),VMET(2,NMET2),IENDMT,
5180 5 NSIGR,YRIV(2),DRIV(2),QRIV(2,NDRIV2),RATE(NDRIV2),ISER(NDRIV2),
5181 6 IENDRV,MR1(NDRIV2),MR2(NDRIV2),NR1(NDRIV2),IENDRT,
5182 7 ITPR(NDRIV2),JTFR(NDRIV2),NSIGRT,YRVT(2),LRVT(2),TRIV(2,NDRIV2)
5183 C OCEAN BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
5184 C COMMON/FLAG1/NUMOBC,MB1(NDOC2),MB2(NDOC2),NB1(NDOC2),NB2(
5185 1 NDOC2),TPO(NDOC2),JTPO(NDOC2),ISETI(NDOC2),ISET2(NDOC2),
5186 2 NSIGS,YSAL(2),DSAL(2),SALOCN(2,NDOC2),IENDSO,NSIGTO,YOTP(2),
5187 3 DOTP(2),TMPOCN(2,NDOC2),IENDTO,NBCEL,NBCELO,SBND(LSIZE,NM2SI2),
5188 4 TBND(LSIZE,NM2SI2),NSTFIN(LSIZE,NM2SI2),TPO2(NDOC2)
5189 C INTERNAL MODE (3-D) VARIABLES
5190 C COMMON/TRID1/LAYRS,LBOT,DQ,HALFDQ,TWODQ,AH3(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),
5191 1 U(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),V(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),UE(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5192 2 VE(NSIZE,MSIZE),AV(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),ISIE,AVO,AVOO,W(LSIZE),
5193 3 W(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),DV(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),DVO,DVVO,CDRGWS,
5194 4 RI(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),AH(NSIZE,MSIZE),AHC(NSIZE,MSIZE),THETSU(
5195 5 NSIZE,MSIZE),THETSV(NSIZE,MSIZE)
5196 C EXTERNAL MODE VARIABLES
5197 C COMMON/VEIS1/UH(NSIZE,MSIZE),UHP(NSIZE,MSIZE),VH(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5198 1 VHP(NSIZE,MSIZE),D(NSIZE,MSIZE),SE(NSIZE,MSIZE),SEP(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5199 2 SEPP(NSIZE,MSIZE),FANPMSI2),FB(NPMSI2),GANPMSI2),GB(NPMSI2),
5200 3 ANB,ANC,SOLD(NSIZE,MSIZE),UHOLD(NSIZE,MSIZE),VHOLD(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5201 4 PHI(NSIZE,MSIZE),TBX(NSIZE,MSIZE),TBY(NSIZE,MSIZE),ANA
5202 C CONCENTRATION (SALINITY AND TEMPERATURE) VARIABLES
5203 C COMMON/CONC1/KONCEN,ICPOS,ICOUPL,CI(LSIZE),HRCVET,HRCOBC,
5204 1 S(LSIZE,NSIZE,MSIZE),MFLUX(NSIZE,MSIZE),MFLUX(NSIZE,MSIZE),
5205 2 GSTARX(NSIZE,MSIZE),GSTARY(NSIZE,MSIZE),HRCMI1,HRCMZ2(LSIZE),
5206 3 NSIZE,MSIZE),COSZ,CSOL1,CSOL2,CSOL3,SB,CSENS,CEVP1,CEVP2,D10PCT,
5207 4 EPSLON,CTOT,QSUM,QA,QI,QB,QS,QE,EA,ES,SOLAR,ALB,CWATER,CPAIR,ALV
5208 C FILE HANDLING
5209 C CHARACTER*40 FCON,FGE0,FINIT,FPRINT,FGRAPH,FMED
5210 C COMMON/FILE1/FCON,FGE0,FINIT,FPRINT,FGRAPH,FMED,ISCR,LUKB,IO,
5211 2 LUGRF,LUCON,LUMED,LUTID,LUWMD,LURIV,LUSAI,LUOCT,LUMET,LURVT

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